# UNIVERSALISATION <br> OF <br> <br> ELEMENTARY EDUCATION <br> <br> ELEMENTARY EDUCATION <br> IN <br> DISTRICT - CHHINDWARA (M.P.) 

## SARVA SHIKSHA ABHIYAN

## Project Proposal

(2001-2006)

NIEPA DC

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## Executive Summary

District Chhindwara has 11 blocks, 220 clusters, 1903 villages \& 2579 habitations.

The education details are as follows :-

| $1917-$ | P.S. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $748-$ | E.G.S. |
| $574-$ | M.S. |

The total target population of children in age group 6-14 is $3.83,376$
(G.A.R. is 93.18 at primary level and at middle level the G.A.R. is 49.13).The G.E.R. for elementary level is 96.18 and for upper primary level it is 63.67. The R.R. rate is 98.03. The percentages of children acquiring A.B.C.D. grades are as follows-

A - $14.43 \%$
B - $20.48 \%$
C $\quad$ - $31.50 \%$
D - $33.59 \%$
To achieve the goals of U.E.E. the major strategies that will taken up are as follows-

- Providing access to middle schooling facility by up-gradation of primary schools \& E.G.S. to middle schools
- Rationalisation of teachers.
- Mobilisation activities \& providing support services to bring the "out of school children" back to school.
- Infrastructure improvement.
- Improving the quality by implementing the strategies-revision of curriculum, text books, teacher training, decentralized academic support \& supervision, head start, distance education.
- Decentralised Management.
- Special focus on education of girls, SC/ST children, disabled children.

The plan is prepared for 5 year and the estimated budget
is Rs. 12032.77 lakhs.

## CHAPTER - 1

## DISTRICT PROFILE

## 1.Chhindwara District :

Chhindwara district is situated region in the lap of Satpura ranges and has several scenic places. It is believed that it acquired its nomenclature after the name of Chhind trees which grow in abundance here. The district was formed in November 1956. It is situated on Satpura plateau and hes $21.28^{\circ}$ to $22.49^{\circ}$ north latitude and $78.10^{\circ}$ to $79.24^{\circ}$ east altitude from south west of the plateau. Its total area is $11,824 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{km}$. The district borders Maharastra state in the south, Narsinghpur district in the north, Seoni district in the east and Betul district in the west.

Kanhan, Pench, Kulbehra, Jaam, etc are its main rivers which are a source of its water requirements. The fertile area of the district is almost 5.24 Lakh hectare on which yields Soyabean, Maize, Barley, Wheat , Gram, Tuar, Groundnut, Cotton, and Orange as chief crops. Pench and Kanhan coal mines make it a mineral rich area. Most of its land is mountainous, having dense forest canopy. The forest are dominated mainly by Teak, Bamboo, Mahua, Dhawada, Saal, Aawla, Palas, Shesham etc., from which the district gets several economically important forest produces viz., Lakh, Gum, Honey, Mahua, and Tendu leaves.

Following table shows Administrative divisions in the district:

| S.No | Name of Block | No of Gram <br> Panchayats | No of <br> Villages | No of <br> Municipalities | No of CRC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Chhindwara | 94 | 254 | 1 | 21 |
| 2 | Parasiya | 92 | 197 | 1 | 20 |
| 3 | Mohkhed | 79 | 179 | - | 20 |
| 4 | Amarwara | 147 | 150 | 1 | 19 |
| 5 | Chourai | 91 | 190 | 1 | 20 |
| 6 | Pandhurna | 72 | 194 | 1 | 20 |
| 7 | Sausar | 60 | 143 | 1 | 19 |
| 8 | Tamiya | 53 | 191 | - | 20 |
| 9 | Junnardev | 96 | 260 | 1 | 21 |
| 10 | Harrai | 208 | 218 | - | 20 |
| 11 | Bichhua | 51 | 138 | - | 20 |

Source L.S.A.

Following table shows block wise population and sex ratio data:

| S.No | Block | Male <br> population | Female <br> population | Total <br> population | Sex ration |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Chhindwara | 126846 | 112385 | 239231 | 885 |
| 2 | Parasiya | 69405 | 66523 | 135928 | 998 |
| 3 | Mohkhed | 81435 | 74300 | 155735 | 912 |
| 4 | Amarwara | 83825 | 67329 | 151154 | 803 |
| 5 | Chourai | 92625 | 87503 | 180128 | 944 |
| 6 | Pandhurna | 59724 | 76200 | 135924 | 1276 |
| 7 | Sausar | 93403 | 86142 | 179545 | 923 |
| 8 | Tamiya | 42589 | 41706 | 84295 | 979 |
| 9 | Junnardev | 114060 | 108954 | 223014 | 955 |
| 10 | Harrai | 49210 | 49715 | 98925 | 1010 |
| 11 | Bichhua | 39179 | 38465 | 77644 | 982 |

Source L.S.A.

## Population Growth rate of the district Chhindwara:

Population as per census 1981- 12,33132
Population as per census 1991-15,68702
Population as per census 2001-19,95591

Dussera, Diwali, Holi, Raksha bandhan and Pola are the main festivals celebrated in the District. Mela and Madai are organized for social get-together on such festivals in rural areas. The internationally reputed Gotmar Mela(Stone throwing mela) is organized on Pola Festival in the Pandhurna block of the district.

There are several tourist sites and attractions, which include, Patalkot, Chhota Mahadev and Fort of Deogarh mainly. Gond, and Bhariya are the main tribes of the district, which mainly dwell in Patalkot area of Tamia block.


Population Chart of 3-14 Age Group


Source: LSA
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## CHAPTER-2

## PLANNING OF UEE

## Objectives of SSA :-

Following four objectives have been established to achieve the aim of universalisation of elementary Education.

1. To provide Primary school facility to each habitation with in a distance of one Kilometre and Middle School facility to each habitation within a distance of three Kilometre.
2. To ensure Hundred percent enrollment of children inn 6-14 years age group.
3. To ensure that all children enrolled complete their education up to class $8^{\text {th }}$.
4. To ensure quality education of all children, ensuring them achieve M.L.Ls.

### 2.1 To provide Primary Education facilities :-

Shiksha guarantee schools have been started in each habitation of the district. But there are a number of habitations which do not have middle schooling facility within a distance of 3 Km . It is proposed under UEE that a middle schools will be started in these habitation by upgrading the present primary schools and E.G.S. list of such primary schools and E.G.S list of such primary schools and E.G.S. is given to be upgraded at Annexure .....
2.2 Enrolment of all unenrolled children of the all 11 block if the district in the age group of $6-14$ years.
2.3 Each enrolled child in the school must complete his/her education up to class $8^{\text {th }}$ does not leave the school in the mid session and attends the school regularly.
2.4 Each enrolled child must get quality education. Programs will be been introduced for the improvement in the grades of the children.

### 2.1.1 Planning Process-

During L.S.A survey of each village and habitation has been done. Through a door to door survey information of each child in the age group of 3-14 years has been collected and village Education Register (V.E.R.) has been maintained: Keeping in mind village resources and facilities, village ducation plan has prepared. By compiling Village Education Plans J.S.K. Plans have been prepared by compiling all " Janshiksha Kendra Plans", "Janpad Shiksha Kendra Plans" have been prepared for all JSKs.

Similarly "District Education Plan" is prepared by consolidating all Janpad Shiksha Kendra plans.

## PLANNING PROCESS

## DISTRICT EDUCATION PLAN

JANPAD SHIKSHA PLAN


Calander of activities undertaken during Lok Sampark Abhiyan

| S.No | Activities | Dates | Out come |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | DRG training | 7 Feb. to 9 Feb.2001 | 16 |
| 2 | MT and JS training | 14 Feb. to 15 Feb. 2001 | 440 |
| 3 | Teachers training | 20-21 Feb. 2001 | 4926 |
| 4 | Village level meeting | 25 Feb. 2001 | 1903 |
| 5 | Door to door survey | 26Feb. to 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ March 2001 | 11 district |
| 6 | Compilation | 4 March to 8 March 2001 | - |
| 7 | Village level plan | 8-14 March 2001 | 2579 |
| 8 | JSK plan | 15-20 March 2001 | 220 |
| 9 | JSKP plan | 21-30 March 2001 | 11 |
| 10 | District level plan | 1-7 April 2001 | 1 |

## DIAGNOSTIC STUDY:

Apart from the LSA 2000 independent Diagnostic Study were also carried out in the District through DIF T It's main objectives were:

- Diagnostic of teaching learning problems of class VI,VII, and VIII in language Mathematics, Science and Social Science.
- Establishment of correlation between different Academic and Non-academic variables.
- Diagnosis of curriculum gaps hetween class V and VI.
- Indentification of academic inputs and interventions to be incorporated in the UEE plan.


## OBJECTIVES:

- To identify the problems and shortcomings of primary and middle education and to find ways to counter it.
- To assess the achievements levels of students.
- To assess the standard of teachers.
- To correlate the effect of teacher's qualification and attendance with the achievement levels of students.
- To assess the quality of teaching -learning material and identify the ureas in which improvement or charge is needed.
- To identify problems and shortcomings in the curriculum and also to find out solutions to it .
- To understand the correlation between teachers qualification, teachers attendance, standard of subject wise teaching learning material and achievement level of students.
- To identify methods of increasing self-confidence among the teachers.
- To identify methods of increasing dedication among the teachers.
- To collects suggestions on how to make or improve the middle level text books. and also to get subject wise feedback on the prevalent text books.
- Field testing.
- Identification of curriculum gaps between primary and middle level.

Blockwise information of Middle levi teachers their qualification and training status.

- $20 \%$ middle school teachers qualifications is just higher secondary pass. These teachers may require additional support so far as their empowerment to developed teaching skills and developing of proper understanding of relevant pedagogy is concerned.
- $70 \%$ Middle school teachers have professional qualification like diploma /certificate in education B.Ed. Rest $10 \%$ teachers do not have any such professional qualification and hance would need academic support in the form of training orientation etc.
- only $70 \%$ middle school teachers have received 'In service teachers training - rest $30 \%$ teachers would need in In service teachers training.


## PROCESS

- Guidelines for the Diagnostic Study were given by the Rajya Shiksha Kendra.
- On the basis of these lines tools for this study were developed by a Core Group at the district level comprising of Shri Y.S.Thakur incharge Shri H.S.Chand EPO-3, Shri P.K.Lamba lecturer,DIET Smt M.David and Smt S. Tabassum,lecturer DIET during From Jan \& Feb. 2001.
- The tools developed by Core group consisted of field of test paper administered to assess the levels of 100 class VI student.The tools also consisted of classroom observation formats to be used by the field investigators. It also consisted of interview formats for the student and the teachers to be used by the field investigators.
- A complete plane and activity calendar was then developed on how to conduct the study it was then shared with the guide faculty which was given the responsibility to administer the field tests and analysis the outcomes.
- The field-testing was carried out in 10 schools during 10.01 .2001 to 25.1.2001.
- Out comes of field testing were analyzed by DIET Chhindwara during march 2001.


## STATUS OF ACHIEVEMENT AND OUTCOMES OF THE STUDY

- A Diagnostic study was conducted with the help of DIET for assessing the status of achievements at middle school levels.
- Following are the outcomes of the diagnostic study of 300 student

| S.no. | Subjects | No of <br> student <br> tested | Grade <br> (A ) | Grade <br> ( B ) | Grad <br> ( C $)$ | Grade <br> $($ D $)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Hindi | 300 | 9 | 71 | 106 | 114 |
|  |  | $3 \%$ | $23.67 \%$ | $35.33 \%$ | $38 \%$ |  |
| 2 | Maths | 300 | 0 | 60 | 83 | 1.7 |
| 3 | Science | 300 | 9 | 55 | 94 | 142 |
|  |  | $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $27.66 \%$ | $52.34 \%$ |  |
| 4 | Social <br> Science. | 300 | 15 | 63 | 97 | 125 |

- In Hindi it was found that the achievements levels of students was normal in block Harrai, Bichuwa,Mokhed,Tamia. It was also found that the low qualification of teachers. Therefore a need for special training was felt on Hindi for the teachers.
- In Mathematics it was found that the achievements level of students was very low in block Parasia ,Bichuwa,Mohked ,Harrai,Tamia and Chourai. Therefore need for training in Mathematics for the teachers in these blocks.
- In Science and Social Science it was found the achievement level of student was normal in all blocks.


## CHAPTER - 3

## EDUCATIONAL PROFILE

## Present Educational Status

- There are 11 blocks in the district.
- Out of which 4 blocks comes under the scheme of Tribal Education Department.
- Remaining 7 blocks comes under the School Education Department.
- The present educational status of these two types of blocks are different from each other.
- The literacy rates of the remaining 7 blocks is better as compared to 4 tribal blocks.
- Government has opened different levels of schools like Pre Primary, Primary and Middle schools to provide educations to all children of the district.
- But these schools are not in such number as required.
- To fuli fill this requirement.
- In Two blocks Jan Shala programme is being implemented in the district named as "Harrai" and "Tamia".
- Some private Pre Primary, Primary and middle schools are opened by local public committee.
- By doing these arrangement, the present educational status of the district becomes satisfactory.
- To provide education to all children of the district in the age group 3-6 and 6-14, a number of pre primary, primary and middle schools is required to be open as shown in the different tables.

|  |  |  |  | Blockwise | Table <br> Position of | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. }-1 \\ & \text { Accessless Habi } \end{aligned}$ | itaiton |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S.No. | Name of Block | Total Number of Habitation | Number of Habitations with Primary Schooling Facility | GAR (primary leve! | Number of Habitations with muddle | Number of <br> Habitation <br> without middle | Actual requirem Schools (with km | ent of Middle n range of 3 | GAR <br> (Middle level). |
|  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  | Number of PS to be Upgraded | Number of. EGS to be Upgraded |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  | 1 | CHHINDWARA | 132 | 132 | 100.00 | 111 | 21 | 8 | 21 | 84.09 |
|  | 2 | PARASIYA | 386 | 350 | 90.67 | 61 | 325 | 8 | 32 | 15.80 |
|  | 3 | MOHKHED | 285 | 230 | 80.70 | 56 | 229 | 8 | 20 | 19.65 |
|  | 4 | AMARWARA | 193 | 185 | 95.85 | 36 | 157 | 8 | 15 | 18.65 |
|  | 5 | CHOURAI | 190 | 190 | 100.00 | 175 | 15 | 8 | 19 | 92.11 |
| N | 6 | PANDHURNA | 172 | 167 | 97.09 | 57 | 115 | 8 | 13 | 33.14 |
|  | 7 | SAUSAR | 146 | 146 | 100.00 | 57 | 89 | 6 | 8 | 39.04 |
|  | 8 | TAMIYA | 169 | 162 | 95.86 | 160 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 94.67 |
|  | 9 | JUNNARDEV | 527 | 498 | 94.50 | 317 | 210 | 8 | 26 | 60.15 |
|  | 10 | Harral | 208 | 197 | 94.71 | 195 | 13 | 8 | 20 | 93.75 |
|  | 11 | BICHHUA | 171 | 146 | 85.38 | 42 | 129 | 8 | 9 | 24.56 |
|  |  | Total | , 2579 | 2403 | 93.18 | 1267 | 1312 | 82 | 190 | 49.13 |
|  | Source | L.S.A. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE NO. 1

## Table number 1 reflects:

1. Block wise, total number of habitations and number of habitations with P.S. facilities within 1 K.M. radius.
2. Number of habitation with Middle School facilities within 3 K.M. range.
3. This table also reflects number of P.S. and E.G.S. to be upgraded.
4. This table reflects that in Chhindwara district there are three blocks viz. Chhindwara, Chaurai and Sausar. All habitations have Primary School facilities,
5. In Chhindwara district 176 habitations are without Primary School facility within 1 k.m. radius.
6. This table reflects that in Tamia block there are only 9 habitations without Middle School facility, where as Parasiya block have 325 habitations without Middle School facility.
7. In Chhindwara district there are 1312 access less habitations ie. Without Middle School facility but upgrading 244 Primary Schools and 28 E.G.S. Providing Middle School facilities to all access less habitations mentioned in column - 7 is proposed.
8. GAR in the district is 93.18 due to the closing of primary NFE centers. Now Primary EGS schools are being opened in the district with this GAR in the district will again go up to $100 \%$.

Table No. - 2
Populationwise Accessless Habitation

| Number of Habitation with Population norm |  | Population of 6-14 age group | Habitation not having Middle Schooling Facility (within range of 3 km ) | Gaps - Number of M.S. required |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population norm | No. of Habitation |  |  | Number of P.S. to be upgraded | Number of EGS to be upgraded |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | 2579 | 383376 | 1312 | 244 | 28 |

Source : L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 2

## Table number 2 reflects:

1. There are total 2579 habitations in Chhindwara district.
2. Total population of $6-14$ age group is 383376 .
3. There are 1312 habitations not having Middle School facility.
4. By upgrading 244 Primary Schools and 28 E.G.S. , this gap can be full filled.

Table No. - 3
Blockwise Target Group and Enroiment at Primary Level

| S.No. | Name of Block | Population 6-11 years age group |  |  |  |  | Enrolment at primary level (110 V) |  |  |  |  | GER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Boys | Boys as "/u of total enrolment at primary level (I-V) | Girls | Girls as \% of total emrolment at primary level (I-V) | Total |  |
|  |  | Boys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Boys as \% of } \\ & \text { total } 6.11 \\ & \text { population } \end{aligned}$ | Girls | Girls as \% of total 6-11 population | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 18564 | 51.92 | 17193 | 48.08 | 35757 | 19150 | 52.43 | 17374 | 47.57 | 36524 | 102.15 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 17571 | 51.67 | 16433 | 48.33 | 34004 | 18207 | 54.49 | 15208 | 45.51 | 33415 | 98.27 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 12415 | 51.60 | 11643 | 48.40 | 24058 | 12733 | 52.62 | 11463 | 47.38 | 24196 | 100.57 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 11670 | 51.98 | 10782 | 48.02 | 22452 | 11503 | 54.07 | 9773 | 45.93 | 21276 | 94.76 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 14554 | 52.70 | 13062 | 47.30 | 27616 | 14387 | 53.32 | 12596 | 46.68 | 26983 | 97.71 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 11102 | 52.03 | 10237 | 47.97 | 21339 | 11313 | 51.54 | 10638 | 48.46 | 21951 | 102.87 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 11988 | 51.82 | 11147 | 48.18 | 23135 | 12149 | 51.62 | 11387 | 48.38 | 23536 | 101.73 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 10039 | 55.34 | 8101 | 44.66 | 18140 | 8759 | 57.18 | 6560 | 42.82 | 15319 | 84.45 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 17343 | 53.61 | 15006 | 46.39 | 32349 | 14559 | 55.90 | 11488 | 44.10 | 26047 | 80.52 |
| $\vdots 0$ | HARRAI | 10711 | 53.88 | 9170 | 46.12 | 19881 | 10121 | 54.24 | 8538 | 45.76 | 18659 | 93.85 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 6363 | 51.79 | 5924 | 48.21 | 12287 | 6875 | 53.90 | 5879 | 46.10 | 12754 | 103.80 |
|  | Total | 142320 | 52.51 | 128698 | 47.49 | 271018 | 139756 | 53.62 | 120904 | 46.38 | 260660 | 96.18 |

Source : L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 3

## Table number 3 reflects:

1. Block wise total number of Boys and Girls in the age group 6-11 years.
2. Enrolment of boys and girls separately at primary level (I-V).
3. This table also shows block wise Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER).
4. In Chhindwara district there are $1,42,320$ boys and $1,28,698$ girls in the age group of $6-11$ and $1,39,756$ boys and 1,20,904 girls are enrolled at primary level.
5. G.E.R. of Chhindwara district is 96.18 .
6. Gender Gap
```
- 6-11 Population 5.02%
- I-V Enrollment 7.24%
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Table No. 4
Blockwise Enrolment Scenario at Primary Level

| S.no. | Name of Block | \% Enrolment |  | \% Enrolment against total population (6-11) years |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\%$ of girls enrolled against population of girls in age group (6-11) years | \% of boys enrolled against population of boys in age group( 6 <br> 11) years | \% of girls enrolled against total population of (6-11) years | \% of boys enrolled against total population of (6-11) years | \% of children enrolled against total population of (6-11) years |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 | 52.00 | 100.00 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 92.55 | 99.62 | 44.72 | 53.54 | 98.27 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 98.45 | 99.50 | 48.00 | 52.00 | 100.00 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 90.64 | 98.57 | 43.53 | 51.23 | 94.76 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 96.43 | 98.85 | 45.61 | 52.10 | 97.71 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 98.00 | 99.00 | 48.00 | 52.00 | 100.00 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 98.00 | 98.00 | 49.00 | 51.00 | 100.00 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 80.98 | 87.25 | 36.16 | 48.29 | 84.45 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 76.56 | 83.95 | 35.51 | 45.01 | 80.52 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 93.11 | 94.49 | 42.95 | 50.91 | 93.85 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 99.24 | 98.00 | 46.00 | 54.00 | 100.00 |
|  | Total | 93.08 | 96.11 | 44.31 | 51.09 | 95.41 |

Source :L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 4

## Table number 4 reflects:

1. Percentage of girls and boys enrolied at primary level in the age group of $6-11$ years separately.
2. This table also reflects percentage enrolment against total population of $6-11$ years.
3. This table reflects that 93.08 percentage of girls and 96.11 percentage of boys are enrolled against population of girls in the age group of $6-11$ years and population of boys in the age group of $6-11$ years respectively.
4. This table also reflects that 44.31 percentage of girls and 51.09 percentage of boys are enrolled against total population ( $6-11$ years). Percentage of total children enrolled against total population of $6-11$ years. This can also be shown in the form of Bar Diagram.

## DISTRICT ENROLEMENT SCENARIO AT PRIMARY LEVEL



Blockwise Target Group and Enrolment at Upper Primary Level

| S.No. | Name of Block | Population 11-14 years age group |  |  |  |  | Enrolment at Upper Primary Level (VI to VIII) |  |  |  |  | GER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boys | Boys as \% of total 11-14 population | Giris | Girls as \% of total 11-14 population | Total | Boys | Boys as "/o of total enrolment of upper primary level (VIVIII) | Girls | Girls as \% of total enrolment of upper primary level (VIVIII) | Total |  |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 9292 | 53.73 | 8002 | 46.27 | 17294 | 6865 | 54.70 | 5685 | 45.30 | 12550 | 72.57 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 9664 | 53.47 | 8408 | 46.53 | 18072 | 4560 | 52.63 | 4112 | 47.37 | 8681 | 48.04 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 5633 | 53.19 | 4958 | 46.81 | 10591 | 38014 | 54.80 | 3138 | 45.20 | 6942 | 65.55 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 4364 | 57.14 | 3273 | 42.86 | 7637 | 2475 | 62.80 | 1466 | 37.20 | 3941 | 51.60 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 5679 | 54.91 | 4664 | 45.09 | 10343 | 4010 | 56.54 | 3082 | 43.46 | 7092 | 68.57 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 5455 | 47.11 | 6124 | 52.89 | 11579 | 3790 | 50.93 | 3651 | 49.07 | 7441 | 64.26 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 5228 | 51.64 | 4895 | 48.36 | 10123 | 4201 | 52.11 | 3861 | 47.89 | 8062 | 79.64 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 2040 | 59.68 | 1378 | 40.32 | 3418 | 1728 | 68.95 | 778 | 31.05 | 2506 | 73.32 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 6651 | 48.80 | 6978 | 51.20 | 13629 | 4090 | 47.92 | 4445 | 52.08 | 8535 | 62.62 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 1867 | 51.70 | 1744 | 48.30 | 3611 | 1273 | 48.42 | 1356 | 51.58 | 2629 | 72.81 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 3336 | 55.04 | 2725 | 44.96 | 6061 | 1764 | 57.80 | 1288 | 42.20 | 3052 | 50.35 |
|  | Total | 59209 | 52.70 | 53149 | 47.30 | 112358 | 38509 | 53.99 | 32862 | 46.01 | 71431 | 63.57 |

Source: L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 5

## Table number 5 reflects:

1. Population of boys and girls in the age group of $11-14$ years, block wise.
2. It reflects percentage of boys and girls in the age group of $11-14$ years against total population.
3. This table also reflects enrolment of boys and girls at upper primary level ( $\mathrm{VI}-\mathrm{VIII}$ ) as well as percentage of boys and girls enrolled at upper primary level.
4. Survey results show that percentage of boys and girls in the age group of $11-14$ years are 52.70 and 47.30 respectively against total population of 11-14 years.
5. This table also reflects enrolment of boys and girls at upper primary level separately.
6. In Chhindwara district 53.99 \% of boys and $46.01 \%$ of girls are enrolled at upper primary level , G.E.R. is 63.57 .
7. In Pandhurna as well as in Junnardeo blocks, number of girls in the age group of $11-14$ years are more , but enrolment of girls in these blocks are less than boys.

| Table No. - 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blockwise Enrolment Scenario at Upper Primary Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| S.no. | Name of Block | \% Enrolment |  | \% Enrolled against total population (11-14) years |  |  |
|  |  | \% of girls enrolled against population of girls in age group (11. <br> 14) years | \% of boys enrolled against population of boys in age group (11-14) years | \% of girls enrolled against total population (11-14) years | \% of boys enrolled against total population (11-14) years | \% of children enrolled against total population (11-14) years |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 71.04 | 73.88 | 32.87 | 39.70 | 72.57 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 48.91 | 47.28 | 22.75 | 25.28 | 48.04 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 63.29 | 67.53 | 29.63 | 35.92 | 65.55 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 44.79 | 56.71 | 19.20 | 32.41 | 51.60 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 66.08 | 70.61 | 29.80 | 38.77 | 68.57 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 59.62 | 69.48 | 31.53 | 32.73 | 64.26 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 78.88 | 80.36 | 38.14 | 41.50 | 79.64 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 56.46 | 84.71 | 22.76 | 50.56 | 73.32 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 63.70 | 61.49 | 32.61 | 30.01 | 62.62 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 77.75 | 68.18 | 37.55 | 35.25 | 72.81 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 47.27 | 52.88 | 21.25 | 29.10 | 50.35 |
|  | Total | 61.83 | 65.14 | 29.25 | 34.33 | 63.57 |
| Source :L.S.A. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE NO. 6

## Table number 6 reflects:

1. Percentage of girls and boys enrolled against population of girls and boys separately in the age group of 11 14 years.
2. This table also reflects percentage of girls and boys enrolled against total population ( 11 - 14 years ).
3. In Chhindwara district percentage of girls enrolled against total population ( $11-14$ years ) is 29.25 and percentage of boys is 34.33 but in Tamia block this difference is remarkable because there are only $22.76 \%$ of girls are enrolled against total population of 11 - 14 years.

Table No. - 7
Blockwise Target Group and Enrolment at Elementary Level

| S.No. | Name of Block | Population 6-14 years age group |  |  |  |  | Enrolment at Elementary Level (I to VIII) |  |  |  |  | GER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boys | $\begin{gathered} \text { Boys as \% of } \\ \text { total } 6-14 \end{gathered}$ |  | Girls as \% of total 6 - 14 | Total | Boys | $\left\|\begin{array}{c}\text { Boys as \% of } \\ \text { total } \\ \text { enrolment of } \\ \text { elementary } \\ \text { level (I-VIII) }\end{array}\right\|$ | Girls | Girls as \% of total enrolment of elementary level (I-VIII) | Total |  |
| 1 | HHINDWAF | 27856 | 52.51 | 25195 | 47.49 | 53051 | 26015 | 53.01 | 23059 | 46.99 | 49074 | 92.50 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 27235 | 52.30 | 24841 | 47.70 | 52076 | 22776 | 54.10 | 19320 | 45.90 | 42096 | 80.84 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 18048 | 52.09 | 16601 | 47.91 | 34649 | 16537 | 53.11 | 14601 | 46.89 | 31138 | 89.87 |
| 4 | MARWAR | 16034 | 53.29 | 14055 | 46.71 | 30089 | 13978 | 55.43 | 11239 | 44.57 | 25217 | 83.81 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 20233 | 53.30 | 17726 | 46.70 | 37959 | 18397 | 53.99 | 15678 | 46.01 | 34075 | 89.77 |
| 6 | ANDHURN | 16557 | 50.30 | 16361 | 49.70 | 32918 | 15103 | 51.38 | 14289 | 48.62 | 29392 | 89.29 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 17216 | 51.76 | 16042 | 48.24 | 33258 | 16350 | 51.74 | 15248 | 48.26 | 31598 | 95.01 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 12079 | 56.03 | 9479 | 43.97 | 21558 | 10487 | 58.83 | 7338 | 41.17 | 17825 | 82.68 |
| 9 | UNNARDE | 23994 | 52.19 | 21984 | 47.81 | 45978 | 18649 | 53.93 | 15933 | 46.07 | 34582 | 75.21 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 12578 | 53.54 | 10914 | 46.46 | 23492 | 11844 | 54.49 | 9894 | 45.51 | 21738 | 92.53 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 9699 | 52.86 | 8649 | 47.14 | 18348 | 8639 | 54.66 | 7167 | 45.34 | 15806 | 86.15 |
|  | Total | 201529 | 52.57 | 181847 | 47.43 | 383376 | 178775 | 53.76 | 153766 | 46.24 | 332541 | 86.74 |

Source :L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 7

## Table number 7 reflects:

1. Total population of $6-14$ years age group.
2. Percentage of boys against total population of 6-14 years.
3. Percentage of girls against total population of 6-14 years.
4. Percentage of boys against percentage of total enrolment of elementary level (I - VIII) .
5. Percentage of girls against percentage of total enroiment of elementary level (I - VIII) .
6. 53.76 \% of boys and $46.24 \%$ of girls are enrolled against total enrolment of elementary level ( $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{VIII}$ ).

Blockwise Enrolment Scenario at Elementary Level

| S.No. | Name of Block | \% Enrolled against gender specific population ( $6-14$ ) years |  | \% Enrolled against total population 6-14 years |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \% of girls enrolled against population of girls in age group 6-14 years | \% of boys enrolled against population of boys in age group $6-14$ years | \% of girls enrolled against total population $6-14$ years | $\%$ of boys enrolled against total population 6 14 years | \% of children enrolled against total population 6-14 years age group |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 91.52 | 93.39 | 43.47 | 49.04 | 92.50 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 77.77 | 83.63 | 37.10 | 43.74 | 80.84 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 87.95 | 91.63 | 42.14 | 47.73 | 89.87 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 79.96 | 87.18 | 37.35 | 46.46 | 83.81 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 88.45 | 90.93 | 41.30 | 48.47 | 89.77 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 87.34 | 91.22 | 43.41 | 45.88 | 89.29 |
|  | SAUSAR | 95.05 | 94.97 | 45.85 | 49.16 | 95.01 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 77.41 | 86.82 | 34.04 | 48.65 | 82.68 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 72.48 | 77.72 | 34.65 | 40.56 | 75.21 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 90.65 | 94.16 | 42.12 | 50.42 | 92.53 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 82.87 | 89.07 | 39.06 | 47.08 | 86.15 |
|  | Total | 84.56 | 88.71 | 40.11 | 46.63 | 86.74 |

Source :L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 8

## Table number 8 reflects:

1. Block wise percentage of girls enrolled against girl's population in the age group of $6-14$ years as well as against total population of 6-14 years.
2. Percentage of boys enrolled against population of boys in the age group of $6-14$ years as well as against total population of 6-14 years.
3. $84.56 \%$ of girls and $88.71 \%$ of boys are enrolled against population of girls and boys in the age group of $6-$ 14 years and $40.11 \%$ of girls and $46.63 \%$ of boys are enrolled against total population of $6-14$ years.
4. In Tamia block enrolment scenario is remarkable, because only $34.04 \%$ of girls are enrolled against total population of 6-14 years.
5. These figures are indicated in the form of Bar Diagram.

## District Enrolment Scenario at Elementary Level



Table No. - 9

| S.No. |  | Block | SC Enrolment ofSC, ST and OBC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | General |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Boys | Boys as \% of total SC enrolment | Girls | Girls as \% of total SC enrolment | Total | Boys | Boys as \% of total ST enrolment | Girls | Girls as \% of total $\mathrm{S}^{\prime} \mathrm{T}$ enrolment | Total | Boys | Boys as \% of total OBC enrolment | Girls | Girls as \% of total OBC enrolment | Total | Boys | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Boys as } \% \\ \text { of total } \\ \text { Gen } \\ \text { enrolment } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Girls | Girls as \% of total Gen enrolment | Total |
| $\begin{aligned} & \omega \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | CHHINDWARA | 3659 | 53.39 | 3194 | 46.61 | 6853 | 5435 | 53.64 | 4698 | 46.36 | 10133 | 13178 | 52.91 | 11729 | 47.09 | 24907 | 3743 | 52.12 | 3438 | 47.88 | 7181 |
|  | 2 | PARASIYA | 3746 | 50.79 | 3630 | 49.21 | 7376 | 7325 | 56.18 | 5714 | 43.82 | 13039 | 9152 | 54.03 | 7786 | 45.97 | 16938 | 2453 | 52.83 | 2190 | 47.17 | 4643 |
|  | 3 | MOHKHED | 1598 | 50.70 | 1554 | 4930 | 3152 | 5075 | 56.36 | 3929 | 43.64 | 9004 | 9388 | 51.99 | 8669 | 48.01 | 18057 | 476 | 51.46 | 449 | 48.54 | 925 |
|  | 4 | AMARWARA | 1868 | 55.74 | 1483 | 44.26 | 3351 | 4983 | 56.36 | 3859 | 43.64 | 8842 | 6699 | 54.83 | 5519 | 45.17 | 12218 | 428 | 53.10 | 378 | 46.90 | 806 |
|  | 5 | CHOURAI | 2011 | 54.53 | 1677 | 45.47 | 3688 | 3226 | 55.54 | 2582 | 44.46 | 5808 | 11015 | 53.91 | 9416 | 46.09 | 20431 | 2145 | 51.71 | 2003 | 48.29 | 4148 |
|  | 6 | PANDHURNA | 1738 | 53.82 | 1491 | 46.18 | 3229 | 5006 | 49.80 | 5047 | 50.20 | 10053 | 7868 | 51.94 | 7280 | 48.06 | 15148 | 491 | 51.04 | 471 | 48.96 | 962 |
|  | 7 | SAUSAR | 2007 | 52.08 | 1847 | 47.92 | 3854 | 2902 | 53.92 | 2480 | 46.08 | 5382 | 10734 | 51.23 | 10219 | 48.77 | 20953 | 707 | 50.18 | 702 | 49.82 | 1409 |
|  | 8 | TAMIYA | 916 | 55.52 | 734 | 44.48 | 1650 | 8173 | 59.83 | 5488 | 40.17 | 13661 | 1283 | 56.77 | 977 | 43.23 | 2260 | 115 | 45.28 | 139 | 54.72 | 254 |
|  | 9 | JUNNARDEV | 3210 | 51.85 | 2981 | 48.15 | 6191 | 8081 | 55.50 | 6480 | 44.50 | 14561 | 5709 | 53.12 | 5039 | 46.88 | 10748 | 1649 | 53.50 | 1433 | 46.50 | 3082 |
|  | 10 | HARRAI | 1592 | 56.41 | 1230 | 43.59 | 2822 | 8477 | 54.29 | 7138 | 45.71 | 15615 | 1486 | 54.27 | 1252 | 45.73 | 2738 | 289 | 51.33 | 274 | 48.67 | 563 |
|  | 11 | BICHHUA | 994 | 51.88 | 922 | 48.12 | 1916 | 4380 | 56.31 | 3399 | 43.69 | 7779 | 3032 | 53.88 | 2595 | 46.12 | 5627 | 233 | 48.14 | 251 | 51.86 | 484 |
|  |  | Total | 23339 | 52.94 | 20743 | 47.06 | 44082 | 57628 | 50.61 | 46116 | 40.50 | 113877 | 79544 | 53.02 | 70481 | 46.98 | 150025 | 12729 | 52.05 | 11728 | 47.95 | 24457 |

Source :L.S.A

## TABLE NO. 9

## Table number 9 reflects:

1. Block wise enrolment percentage of SC, ST, OBC and General, boys and girls separately against total enrolment of the same.
2. In Bichhua block girls enrolment in general category is more than the boys. $51.86 \%$ of girls and $48.14 \%$ of boys are enrolled against the total general category enrolment.
3. This information is also shown in the form of Bar Diagram.

Enrolment of SC, ST and OBC, Genral (Class-I to VIII)


Table No. - 10
Blockwise Details of Out of School Children (6-14 age group)

| S.No. | Block | Number of unenrolled Children |  |  |  |  | Number of Dropout Children |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boys | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Boys as } \% \text { of } \\ \text { total unenrolled } \\ \text { children } \end{array}$ | Girls | Girls as \% of total unenrolled children | Total | Boys | Boys as \% of total dropout children | Girls | Girls as \% of total dropout children | Total |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 952 | 42.20 | 1304 | 57.80 | 2256 | 889 | 51.66 | 832 | 48.34 | 1721 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 2339 | 35.68 | 4216 | 64.32 | 6555 | 1420 | 52.11 | 1305 | 47.89 | 2725 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 875 | 39.15 | 1360 | 60.85 | 2235 | 636 | 49.84 | 640 | 50.16 | 1276 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 801 | 39.32 | 1236 | 60.68 | 2037 | 994 | 40.49 | 1461 | 59.51 | 2455 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 1042 | 43.86 | 1334 | 56.14 | 2376 | 794 | 52.65 | 714 | 47.35 | 1508 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 918 | 46.27 | 1066 | 53.73 | 1984 | 857 | 42.94 | 1139 | 57.06 | 1996 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 480 | 46.15 | 560 | 53.85 | 1040 | 385 | 54.84 | 317 | 45.16 | 702 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 1014 | 41.00 | 1459 | 59.00 | 2473 | 578 | 45.87 | 682 | 54.13 | 1260 |
| 9 | JNNARDEV | 3924 | 45.55 | 4691 | 54.45 | 8615 | 1421 | 51.10 | 1360 | 48.90 | 2781 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 378 | 43.15 | 498 | 56.85 | 876 | 366 | 41.22 | 522 | 58.78 | 888 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 534 | 35.67 | 963 | 64.33 | 1497 | 526 | 49.86 | 529 | 50.14 | 1055 |
|  | Total | 13257 | 41.50 | 18687 | 58.50 | 31944 | 8866 | 48.27 | 9501 | 51.73 | 18367 |

Source :L.S.A.

## Table number 10 reflects:

1. Block wise number and percentage of un-enrolled boys and girls respectively against total un-enrolled children.
2. Number and percentage of dropout boys and girls respectively against total dropout children.
3. Survey results show that 13,257 boys and 18,687 girls are un-enrolled in the age group of $6-14$ years . Similarly 8866 boys and 9501 girls are dropouts.
4. In coalmine areas like block Parasia there is more dropout among boys in comparison to girls because in these areas they work in hotels, taxies and other such jobs. Whereas in blocks Chaurai, Harrai and Chhindwara boys migrate to other districts for harvesting sugarcane and soyabeen. This again results in more dropouts among boys as compared to girls.

District Details of Out of School Children (6-14 age group)


Table No. - 11
Blockwise Details of Dropout Children at Primary and Middle Levels.

| S.No. | Block | Number of Drop-out at Primary Level |  |  |  |  | Number of Drop-out at Middle level |  |  |  |  | Total number of Drop-out |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boys | Boys as \% of total dropouts at primary level | Girls | Girls as \% of total dropouts at primary level | Total | Boys | Boys as \% of total dropouts at middle level | Girls | Girls as \% of total dropouts at middle level | Total | Boys | Girls | Total |
|  | CHHINDWARA | 752 | 51.40 | 711 | 48.60 | 1463 | 137 | 53.10 | 121 | 46.90 | 258 | 889 | 832 | 1721 |
|  | PARASIYA | 1350 | 52.65 | 1214 | 47.35 | 2564 | 170 | 65.13 | 91 | 34.87 | 261 | 1520 | 1305 | 2825 |
|  | MOHKHED | 549 | 49.06 | 570 | 50.94 | 1119 | 87 | 55.41 | 70 | 44.59 | 157 | 636 | 640 | 1276 |
|  | AMARWARA | 1134 | 50.87 | 1095 | 49.13 | 2229 | 60 | 14.08 | 366 | 85.92 | 426 | 1194 | 1461 | 2655 |
|  | CHOURAI | 701 | 53.07 | 620 | 46.93 | 1321 | 93 | 49.73 | 94 | 50.27 | 187 | 794 | 714 | 1508 |
|  | PANDHURNA | 400 | 44.44 | 500 | 55.56 | 900 | 457 | 41.70 | 639 | 58.30 | 1096 | 857 | 1139 | 1996 |
|  | SAUSAR | 323 | 55.21 | 262 | 44.79 | 585 | 62 | 52.99 | 55 | 47.01 | 117 | 385 | 317 | 702 |
|  | TAMIYA | 441 | 44.06 | 560 | 55.94 | 1001 | 137 | 52.90 | 122 | 47.10 | 259 | 578 | 682 | 1260 |
|  | JUNNARDEV | 1248 | 50.49 | 1224 | 49.51 | 2472 | 173 | 57.86 | 126 | 42.14 | 299 | 1421 | 1360 | 2781 |
|  | HARRAI | 125 | 40.58 | 183 | 59.42 | 308 | 231 | 40.53 | 339 | 59.47 | 570 | 356 | 522 | 878 |
|  | BICHHUA | 482 | 50.16 | 479 | 49.84 | 961 | 44 | 52.38 | 40 | 47.62 | 84 | 526 | 519 | 1045 |
|  | Total | 7505 | 50.29 | 7418 | 49.71 | 14923 | 1651 | 44.45 | 2063 | 55.55 | 3714 | 9156 | 9491 | 18647 |
| Sourc | e :L.S.A. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE NO. 11

## Table number 11 reflects:

1. Block wise number and percentage of dropout boys and girls against the total dropout at primary level, similarly as at middle level.
2. Survey results show that at primary level number of dropout boys and girls are approximately similar but at middle level percentage of girls dropout is higher than the boy's dropouts.

Table No. - 12
Blockwise Details of Dropout Children and Reasons for Dropout


## TABLE NO. 12

## Table number 12 reflects:

1. Block wise details of dropout children and reasons of dropouts.
2. In Harrai block dropout percentage is much higher than that of other blocks where as in Sausar block, dropout percentage is lowest in the district.
3. As far as reasons of dropout is concerned, in Chhindwara district main reason of dropout is reason no. 1 i.e. Agriculture work or agriculture labour and second main reason is financial condition of the family.

## District Details of Dropout Children and Reasons for Dropout



Classwise Numbers of Dropout Children

| Class | Number of Dropout |  |  |  |  | \% of Dropouts against total number of dropouts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | B | \% | G | \% | Total | \% Boys | \% Girls | Total |
| 1 | 1360 | 49.94 | 1363 | 50.06 | 2723 | 49.94 | 50.06 | 100.00 |
| 2 | 1487 | 50.41 | 1463 | 49.59 | 2950 | 50.41 | 49.59 | 100.00 |
| 3 | 1947 | 52.27 | 1778 | 47.73 | 3725 | 52.27 | 47.73 | 100.00 |
| 4 | 1343 | 51.01 | 1290 | 48.99 | 2633 | 51.01 | 48.99 | 100.00 |
| 5 | 1368 | 47.30 | 1524 | 52.70 | 2892 | 47.30 | 52.70 | 100.00 |
| Total I-V | 7505 | 50.29 | 7418 | 49.71 | 14923 | 50.29 | 49.71 | 100.00 |
| 6 | 653 | 50.86 | 631 | 49.14 | 1284 | 50.86 | 49.14 | 100.00 |
| 7 | 612 | 41.49 | 863 | 58.51 | 1475 | 41.49 | 58.51 | 100.00 |
| 8 | 386 | 40.42 | 569 | 59.58 | 955 | 40.42 | 59.58 | 100.00 |
| Total VI-VIII | 1651 | 44.45 | 2063 | 55.55 | 3714 | 44.45 | 55.55 | 100.00 |
| Total I-VIII | 9156 | 49.13 | 9481 | 50.87 | 18637 | 49.13 | 50.87 | 100.00 |

Source :L.S.A.

TABLE NO. 13

## Table number 13 reflects:

1. Number and percentage of dropout from class I-VIII.
2. In Chhindwara district at primary level the dropout percentage of boys and girls against total number of dropouts are 50.29 and 49.71 respectively; where as at middle level ( VI - VIII) the dropout percentage of boys and girls against total number of dropouts are 44.45 and 55.55 respectively.

Table No. - 14
Blockwise Details of Transition From Class V to VI

| S.No. | Block | Number of Children enrolled in Class V in 99-2000 |  |  | Number of children who passed class $V$ exams in 99-2000 |  |  | Number of children enrolled in class VI in 2000-2001* |  |  | Transition Rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boys | Girls | Total | Boys | (iirls | Total | Boys | Girls | Total | Boys | Girls | Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 3455 | 3076 | 6531 | 2614 | 2224 | 4838 | 2597 | 2200 | 4797 | 99.35 | 98.92 | 99.15 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 2652 | 2439 | 5091 | 1592 | 1486 | . 3078 | 1500 | 1400 | 2900 | 94.22 | 94.21 | 94.22 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 2031 | 1673 | 3704 | 1689 | 1175 | 2864 | 1600 | 1125 | 2725 | 94.73 | 95.74 | 95.15 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 1819 | 1054 | 2873 | 971 | 510 | 1481 | 960 | 510 | 1470 | 98.87 | 100.00 | 99.26 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 2296 | 1913 | 4209 | 1687 | 1342 | 3029 | 1680 | 1320 | 3000 | 99.59 | 98.36 | 99.04 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 1998 | 1739 | 3737 | 1476 | 1393 | 2869 | 1460 | 1375 | 2835 | 98.92 | 98.71 | 98.81 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 2264 | 2141 | 4405 | 1538 | 1615 | 3153 | 1525 | 1604 | 3129 | 99.15 | 99.32 | 99.24 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 978 | 544 | 1522 | 655 | 363 | 1018 | 650 | 353 | 1003 | 99.24 | 97.25 | 98.53 |
| 9 | JUNARDEV | 2410 | 1804 | 4214 | 1583 | 1114 | 2697 | 1560 | 1110 | 2670 | 98.55 | 99.64 | 99.00 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 1057 | 590 | 1647 | 472 | 289 | 761 | 465 | 277 | 742 | 98.52 | 95.85 | 97.50 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 833 | 633 | 1466 | 605 | 417 | 1022 | 600 | 411 | 1011 | 99.17 | 98.56 | 98.92 |
|  | Total | 21793 | 17606 | 39399 | 14882 | 11928 | 26810 | 14597 | 11685 | 26282 | 98.08 | 97.96 | 98.03 |
| Source :L.S.A. |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE NO. 14

Table number 14 reflects:

- Block wise details of transition from class $\mathrm{V}-\mathrm{VI}$.
- In Chhindwara district T.R. is highest ie. 99.26 in Amanwara block, where as it is lower in Parasiya block ie. 94.22
- In Amarawara block T.R. of girls is $100 \%$
- Why so high TR?


## Blockwise Achiovement of Children At Primary Level



Source :L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 15

## Table number 15 reflects:

1. Block wise achievement of children in subject Language, Maths and EVS at primary level.
2. As far as achievement of children is concerned, number of " $C$ " and " $D$ " grade children is much higher than " $A$ " and " $B$ ". Where as in Amarwara block number of children who got " $A$ " and " $B$ " grade is much higher than that of other blocks.
3. The above situation has been illustrated in the form of following Bar and Pie Chart.

$\stackrel{\Delta}{\mathrm{J}}$


## TABLE NO. 16

## Table number 16 reflects:

1. Details of children in age group of $3-6$ years.
2. There are 51.46 \% of boys and 42.91 \% of girls are in Chhindwara district against total population of 3-6 years.


## TABLE NO. 1718

## Table number 17 reflects:

1. Availability of teachers and need for additional teachers subject wise at Middle school
2. In Parasia block number of Science and Maths subject teachers much less than the actual demand for Language and Social Science teachers. Similarly in Bichhua block only 5 Science and Maths teachers are available in 42 middle schools where as in Chhindwara block there are 100 Maths and Science teachers in 83 middle schools.
3. In Chhindwara district there is a need of 665 additional teachers against gap in existing schools and 448 teachers for upgraded P.S.

Table-18
Blockwise information in availability of teachers and need for Additional Teacheers at Middle Level

| S.No. | Name of Block | Number of Middle School | Number of Teachers |  | Requirement of Additional Teachers |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | For Science \& Maths Subject | For <br> Language \& Social Science | Against gap in existing schools | Against Upgraded PS |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 83 | 1111 | 230 | 55 | 42 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 61 | 1.1 | 208 | 20 | 104 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 55 | 411 | 104 | 150 | 50 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 47 | 25 | 85 | 50 | 30 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 49 | 63 | 97 | 15 | 38 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 57 | 17 | 112 | 152 | 26 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 52 | 80 | 98 | 57 | 16 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 44 | 37 | 91 | 40 | 14 |
| 9 | JUNARDEV | 46 | 53 | 145 | 88 | 80 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 38 | 8 | 40 | 38 | 70 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 42 | 5 | 35 |  | 18 |
|  | TOTAL :- | 574 | 434 | 1245 | 665 | 488 |

Source: L.S.A

## TABLE NO. 187

## Table number 18 reflects:

1. Block wise details of ECCE facilities.
2. There are 1614 Anganwaris in Chhindwara district. number of Anganwaries is highest in Harrai block and it is least in Sausar block.
3. In Chhindwara district 904 habitations are there which do not have ECCE facility.
4. In Amarwara , there is a need of 187 ECCE centers to be started. Whereas in Chhindwara block there is a need of only 18 ECCE centres.


## TABLE NO. 19

## Table number 19 reflects:

1. Block wise requirement of E.G.S. shelter, Primary School Buildings, Additional rooms for Primary Schools, Middle School Buildings and additional rooms for Middle Schools.
2. In Chhindwara district there is a need of 675 shelters for EGS, 156 primary school buildings and 230 middle school buildings for existing middle schools.
3. There is a need of 147 middle school buildings for upgraded P.S. and EGS.
4. So far as additional rooms are concerned, there is a need of 1761 additional rooms in primary schools and 344 additional rooms in middle schools.
5. So far as EGS shelters are concerned only Tamia and Harrai blocks have shelters in some of the EGS schools.

Table No. 20
Blockwise PTR at Primary Level

| S.No. | Name of Block | Enrolment in Primary Level (PS+EGS) | Numbe | of teacher | of PS | Nu | ber of Gut |  | Number Le | Teachers <br> el (PS+ECS | Primary | PTR | Need for ad on criteria | ditional tea f two teach | ers based s per PS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Femalc | Total | Male | Female | Total |  | Male | Female | Total |
|  | CHHINDWARA | 31653 | 373 | 262 | 635 | 73 | 32 | 105 | 446 | 294 | 740 | 43:1 | 27 | 27 | 54 |
|  | PARASIYA | 29237 | 429 | 138 | 567 | 58 | 4 | 62 | 487 | 142 | 629 | 46:1 | 51 | 50 | 101 |
|  | MOHKHED | 23240 | 329 | 95 | 424 | 64 | 9 | 73 | 393 | 104 | 497 | 47:1 | 57 | 27 | 84 |
|  | AMARWARA | 20257 | 315 | 174 | 489 | 36 | 4 | 40 | 351 | 178 | 529 | 38:1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | CHOURAI | 26439 | 338 | 107 | 505 | 22 | 8 | 30 | 360 | 175 | 535 | 49:1 | 65 | 60 | 125 |
|  | PANDHURNA | 22847 | 374 | 115 | 489 | 20 | 6 | 32 | 400 | 121 | 521 | 43:1 | 100 | 71 | 171 |
|  | SAUSAR | 19268 | 332 | 102 | 434 | 14 | 2 | 16 | 346 | 104 | 450 | 42:.1 | 17 | 17 | 34 |
|  | TAMIYA | 15199 | 236 | 49 | 285 | 102 | 6 | 108 | 338 | 55 | 393 | 39:1 | 38 | 22 | 60 |
|  | JUNNARDEV | 26440 | 390 | 149 | 539 | 97 | 24 | 121 | 487 | 173 | 660 | 40:1 | 71 | 36 | 107 |
|  | HARRAI | 19725 | 260 | 37 | 297 | 150 | 10 | 160 | 410 | 47 | 457 | 43:1 | 18 | 18 | 36 |
|  | BICHHUA | 12754 | 225 | 37 | 262 | 35 | 3 | 38 | 260 | 40 | 300 | 43.1 | 10 | 8 | 18 |
|  | Total | 247059 | 3601 | 1325 | 4926 | 677 | 108 | 785 | 4278 | 1433 | 5711 | 43:1 | 454 | 336 | 790 |
| Source :L.S.A. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - |

## TABLE NO. 20

## Table number 20 reflects:

1. Block wise P.T.R. at Primary level.
2. There is a need of 454 Male and 338 Female teachers for primary schools and E.G.S. .

Blockwise PTR at Middle Level

| S.No. | Block | Enrolment at Middle Level | Number of Teachers |  |  | PTR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female | Total |  |
| 1 | CHHINISW $A$ RA | 17769 | 174 | 156 | 330 | 54:1 |
| 2 | PARASIVA | 6881 | 165 | 53 | 218 | 32:1 |
| 3 | MOHKIIED | 6442 | 121 | 29 | 150 | 43:1 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 3772 | 82 | 43 | 125 | 30:1 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 7092 | 128 | 32 | 160 | 44:1 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 5872 | 111 | 18 | 129 | 46:1 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 6263 | 136 | 42 | 178 | 35:1 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 2460 | 103 | 25 | 128 | 19:1 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 6020 | 153 | 61 | 214 | 28:1 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 3069 | 66 | 13 | 79 | 39:1 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 3052 | 136 | 12 | 148 | 21:1 |
|  | Total | 68692 | 1375 | 484 | 1859 | 37:1 |

Source:L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 21

## Table number 21 reflects:

1. Block wise P.T.R. at middle level.
2. The total enrolment at middle level is 68,692 and number of teachers at middle level is 1859 .
3. Pupil and teachers ratio is $37: 1$, which is higher in Chhindwara block i.e. $54: 1$ where as it is least in Tamia block ie 19:1.

Blockwise information of Primary Level Teachers, their qualification and training status


Source :L.S.A.

## TABLE NO. 22

## Table number 22 reflects:

1. Teacher's qualification and their training status.
2. There are 2998 H.S.S., 1028 and 885 Post Graduate Teachers in Chhindwara district. In this way there are 4911 teachers in all.
3. There are 1785 teachers engaged in Primary schools without having professional qualification i.e. D.Ed, B.Ed. or M.Ed. .

Blockwise incedence of Disability

| S.No. | Name of Block | Number of Disable Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dumb |  |  | Deaf |  |  | Elind |  |  | Orthopaedically disabled |  |  | Mentally disabled |  |  | Total |  |  |
|  |  | Boyt | Girls | Total | Boyt | Girls | Total | Boyt | Girls | Total | Boyt | Girls | Total | Boyt | Girls | Total | Boyt | Girls | Total |
| 1 | CHHINDWARA | 50 | 39 | 89 | 17 | 12 | 29 | 39 | 27 | 66 | 202 | 165 | 367 | 49 | 26 | 75 | 357 | 269 | 626 |
| 2 | PARASIYA | 44 | 35 | 79 | 14 | 5 | 19 | 34 | 12 | 46 | 86 | 115 | 201 | 32 | 20 | 52 | 210 | 187 | 397 |
| 3 | MOHKHED | 37 | 29 | 66 | 15 | 5 | 20 | 28 | 19 | 47 | 172 | 102 | 274 | 33 | 12 | 45 | 285 | 167 | 452 |
| 4 | AMARWARA | 24 | 27 | 51 | 10 | 17 | 27 | 16 | 19 | 35 | 189 | 103 | 292 | 25 | 15 | 40 | 264 | 181 | 445 |
| 5 | CHOURAI | 44 | 25 | 69 | 16 | 6 | 22 | 34 | 22 | 56 | 221 | 143 | 364 | 28 | 18 | 46 | 343 | 214 | 557 |
| 6 | PANDHURNA | 26 | 13 | 39 | 9 | 7 | 16 | 32 | 22 | 54 | 104 | 51 | 155 | 24 | 17 | 41 | 195 | 110 | 305 |
| 7 | SAUSAR | 22 | 11 | 33 | 11 | 8 | 19 | 18 | 13 | 31 | 88 | 51 | 139 | 16 | 9 | 25 | 155 | 92 | 247 |
| 8 | TAMIYA | 16 | 11 | 27 | 7 | 4 | 11 | 11 | 6 | 17 | 51 | 39 | 90 | 10 | 5 | 15 | 95 | 65 | 160 |
| 9 | JUNNARDEV | 25 | 24 | 49 | 13 | 8 | 21 | 40 | 19 | 59 | 154 | 82 | 236 | 16 | 25 | 41 | 248 | 158 | 406 |
| 10 | HARRAI | 32 | 10 | 42 | 21 | 4 | 25 | 24 | 11 | 35 | 109 | 93 | 202 | 29 | 7 | 36 | 215 | 125 | 340 |
| 11 | BICHHUA | 25 | 21 | 46 | 12 | 1 | 13 | 18 | 14 | 32 | 98 | 59 | 157 | 20 | 12 | 32 | 173 | 107 | 280 |
|  | Total | 345 | 245 | 590 | 145 | 77 | 222 | 294 | 184 | 478 | 1474 | 1003 | 2477 | 282 | 166 | 448 | 2540 | 1675 | 4215 |

Source:

## TABLE NO. 23

## Table number 23 reflects:

1. Block wise incidence of disability.
2. Total number of disabled children in Chhindwara district in the age group of $6-14$ years is 4215 . This comprises of 2540 boys and 1675 girls.
3. Number of orthopaedically disabled is 2477 which is more then $50 \%$ of the total disabled children.

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4. Number of hearing impaired (deaf) children is in which is least in the disabity
5. This has been shown in the following Pie chart:

District incedence of Disability


## CHAPTER - 4

## FORMULATION OF TARGETS

## 4. Educational facilities in the district:

4.1 Even after 53 years of freedom, $12 \%$ population of the district is deprived of the education today. Free elementary education could not be made available to every child in spite of its provision in the constitution. M.P. is one of the first states to put in honest efforts in this case. It has Implemented the education guarantee scheme in M.P. In this scheme school have been started on Community's demand in 1 km periphery of every habitation where there has been no facility education. For this at least 25 children in the tribal area and 40 in other areas are required to start such as E.G.S. school. Presently 748 EGS and 1917 primary schools are being run in the district, which provide education to $96 \%$ In habitations of the district. There is an aim to provide cent percent primary education to the remaining habitations in the year 2001-2002.
4.1.2 The district has 1917 primary schools. As far as EGS and Primary schools numbers are concerned, it seems that there is a basic need to establish primary education facilities to all populated, but less attention is given to the people living in far distant uribal areas. It is because of the access number of schools in suburbs and urban area. Viewing the fact, primary school facility will be provided through EGS schools in the far distant tribal areas by the year 2001-2002.
4.1.3 548 middle schools are running in the district. It is proposed to start middle schools in the periphery of 3 km . for each habitation, as there is a demand for middle education.

To implement this upgradation of 82 Primary Schools into Middle Schools have been proposed.
4.1.4 At present 1657 Anganwadi are sanctioned in the district. In these centers children with age group of 3 to 5 years can only avail the facilities. This is because of these a child tends to go to school with his/ her own interest. So it's necessity to ensure the presence of atleast one Anganwadi or early childhood education center in each habitation where the population is around 1000. Establishment of 904 ECCE centers is proposed during 2001-2004.

### 4.2 Enrollment:

4.2. 1 Eleven blocks in the district have 748 EGS schools. The total strength of these schools is 32343 out of which 16958 are boys and 15385 are girls. EGS schools have raised the enrollment in the district.
4.2.2 260660 is the strength of 1657 primary schools of the district, it includes both the Govt. and private schools. Out of this 139756 are boys whereas 120904 are girls.
4.2.3 The district has 574 government middle schools. In these schools a total of 71881 students were enrolled in the year 2000-2001 out of which 39019 are boys and 32862 are girls.

### 4.3 Sustaining the students:

Class wise enrolled situation in the district is as follows:

| CLASS | BOYS | GIRLS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First | 30329 | 27426 | 57757 |
| Second | 26616 | 23422 | 50038 |
| Third | 31864 | 27847 | 59711 |
| Fourth | 28235 | 23694 | 51929 |
| Fifth | 27712 | 18515 | 46227 |
| Sixth | 16142 | 13930 | 30072 |
| Seventh | 11408 | 9411 | 20819 |
| Eight | 11469 | 9521 | 20990 |
| GRAND TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 7 8 7 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 3 7 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 2 5 4 1}$ |

Number of admission till class $5^{\text {th }}$ in the primary level and till class $8^{\text {th }}$ in middle level is necessary to maintain. Otherwise the admitted student might drop out and get deprived from education facilities. At present 18647 students have dropped out, out of which 9156 are boys are 94911 are girls. Village Education Societies in the villages and SHIKSHK PALAK SANGH Federation in the schools have been made to stop these dropouts in each village of the district. Through these efforts these dropped out students will be brought back to the schools.

### 4.4 Quality:

4.4.1 The facts show that the number of dropped out students and non-admitted students has fallen whereas enrollments have gone up. And this could be made possible by opening the primary schools at each 1 km distance and middle schools at each 3 km distance. In spite of these achievements quality of education needs to be further improved. For this programmes for qualiry improvement have been proposed.
4.4.2 Improvement in examination pattern: In the session 2001-2002, quarterly, half yearly and annual examinations will be conducted for class 1 , to class $8^{\text {th }}$. The marks obtained in quarterly and half yearly examination will be added to the final result.
4.4.3 Training of the teachers: Lack of teachers training is responsible for the lack of quality in the education. Among the students, maths and science are the subjects where the quality needs to be improved. Therefore teachers training programmes will be organized as per the subject requirements in the year 2001-2002. Based on the assessment o present status of elementary education the targets fixed for the five years are given in table.

Primary Level GAR \& GER

| Block |  | 2000-2001 | 2001-2002 | 2002-2003 | 2003-2004 | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chhindwara | GAR | 100 | 100 | -------- | ------- | ------- | -- |
|  | GER | 102.15 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 | ----- |
| Parasiya | GAR | 90.67 | 100 | .... |  |  |  |
|  | GER | 98.27 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Mohkhed | GAR | 80.70 | 90 | 100 |  | ......... | .. |
|  | GER | 100.57 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |  |
| Amarwara | GAR | 95.85 | 100 | ......... | ........ | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | GER | 94.76 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Chourai | GAR | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | GER | 97.71 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Pandhurna | GAR | 97.09 | 100 | ......... | ........... | .......... | ......... |
|  | GER | 102.87 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 | ........ |
| Sausar | GAR | 100 | 100 | .... | ... | ........ | ......... |
|  | GER | 101.73 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 | ......... |
| Tamiya | GAR | 95.89 | 100 | ......... | ........ |  | ..... |
|  | GER | 84.45 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Junnardev | GAR | 94.50 | 100 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
|  | GER | 80.52 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Harrai | GAR | 94.71 | 100 | ........ | ......... |  |  |
|  | GER | 93.85 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Bichhua | GAR | 95.38 | 100 | .......... |  | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | GER | 103.80 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |  |
| Total | GAR | 93.18 | 100 | ........ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | GER | क. 18 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |

MIDDLE Level GAR \& GER

| Block |  | $2000-2001$ | 2001-2002 | 2002-2003 | 2003-2004 | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chhindwara | GAR | 84.09 | 100. | .. | .......... |  |  |
|  | GER | 72.57 | 95 | 100 | 105 | 115 | 120 |
| Parasiya | GAR | 15.80 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |  |
|  | GER | 1004 | 80 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Mohkhed | GAR | 19.65 | 40 | 50 | 70 | 90 | 100 |
|  | GER | 65.55 | 90 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Amarwara | GAR | 18.65 | 40 | 50 | 70 | 90 | 100 |
|  | GER | 51.60 | 75 | 100 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Chourai | GAR | 92.1 | 100 |  | . |  |  |
|  | GER | 68.57 | 75 | 100 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Pandhuma | GAR | 33.14 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 |  |
|  | GER | 64.26 | 75 | 100 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Sausar | GAR | 39.04 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 |  |
|  | GER | 76.64 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Tamiya | GAR | 93.67 | 100 | ... |  |  |  |
|  | GER | 73.32 | 90 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Junnardev | GAR | 60.15 | 80 | 90 | 100 | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | GER | 62.62 | 90 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Harrai | GAR | 93.75 | 80 | 90 | 100 |  | 120 |
|  | GER | 72.81 | 90 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |
| Bichhua | GAR | 24.56 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 |
|  | GER | 50.35 | 75 | 100 | 105 | 115 | 120 |
| Total | GAR | 49.13 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
|  | GER | 63.57 | 90 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 |

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## CHAPTER 5

## FORMULATION OF STRATEGIES FOR ACHIEVING TARGETS

5.1 ACCESS

## PRE PRIMARY EDUCATION

- There are 1614 Anganbadies in the district.
- 904 villages are not covered by Anganbadi facilities. For detailed information kindly refer to table no 17 .
- 904 SSK are being proposed to provide ECCE facilities in the above-mentioned habitations without Anganbadis.
- Facilities in SSK:
- one SSK worker / teacher
- one helper
- Pre schooling facility
- School preparedness
- Efforts would be made to bring children belonging to age group 3-6 years who are out of Anganbadi centers, to the Anganbadi centers.


## PRIMARY EDLCATION

## CONVERGENCE OF PRIMARY NFE INTO PRIMARY EGS

- As per norms every child is to be provided a primary schooling facility within a distance of 1 km .
- There are 1917 PS and 748 EGS running in the district.
- Earlier a number of habitations were covered by primary NFE centers. Of late they have been closed down by a government order.
- In this way 176 tanitations need primary schooling facilities 35 primary ievel EGS have been proposed and will be started soon. In this way no habitation in the district would be left without a primary schooling facility within a distance of 1 km .
- Facilities in EGS:
- One Guruji on 40 children.
- An additional Guruji as per additional strength of students.
- Free of cost text books to students.
- School Contingency worth Rs 1500 for development of school facilities.
- Teacher Contingency worth Rs 500 for development of teaching learning aid.


## RATIONALISATION OF TEACHER REQUIREMENTS

Kindly refer to table no 19. After rationalization of the existing number of Primary School teachers requirement of 790 additional teachers has been felt. This requirement came up as a result of micro level planning during LSA in the district. This requirement was worked out on the basis of criteria of the additional teacher on every additional 40 students.

## UPPER PRIMARY EDUCATION

## UPGRADATION OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS TO MIDDLE SCHOOLS

Please refer table no 1 . This table reflects that

- There are 574 Middle Schools in the district.
- 1267 habitations have been provided Middle school facility through these 574 Middle Schools.
- Still there are 1312 habitations without middle school facility.
- In order to provide middle school facility to these 1312 habitations 272 middle schools are required.
- For this purpose 82 Primary School would be upgraded similarly 190 EGS would be upgraded
- List of these upgraded Primary Schools is at Annexure .


## RATIONALISATION OF MIDDLE LEVEL TEACHER REQUIREMENT

- Kindly refer to table no 17. There are 434 teacher's in two middle schools for subjects Science and Maths. Whereas there are 1245 teachers for subjects, language and social science.
- After rationalization of the teachers available for middle schools a total requirement of 1153 additional middle school teachers was felt during the micro planning exercise in the district.
- Out of these 1153 required additional teachers 665 additional teachers are required against the gap in existing schools. Whereas 488 additional teachers are required against upgraded primary schools.

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### 5.2 ENROLLMENT AND RETENTION

## PRIMARY EDUCATION

- Please refer to table no 3. There are 271018 children in the 6-11 years age group. Out of these 142320 are boys and 128698 are girls. But only 139756 boys are enrolled at the primary schools this indicates towards the fact that still 2564 boys and 7794 girls in the 6-14 years age group are not enrolled in the primary schools. It is proposed that programmed would be carried out for the enrollment of these 10358 unenrolled children.


## COMMUNITY MOBILISATION

- For this community mobilisation will be carried out in the form of programmes / campaigns which are as follows:
- As is clear from table no 3 there are 7794 girls still un-enrolled in the district. Therefore Mahila Shiksha Abhiyan is being proposed in the district for the enrollment of these girls in the primary schools. This Mahila Shiksha Abhiyan will be a continuous process as it will be carried out in beginning of academic session every year.
- Community will be mobilised towards enroilment of children especially girls in the primary schools. For this a door to door compaign will be organized to motivate the parents of unenrolled girls.
- These parents will also be informed about the incentives given to girl students so that they may get motivated to send their daughters to school.
- Also efforts would be made to provide these girls with incentives like scholarship, free of cost text books, free of cost uniforms. mid day meal, etc.


## RETENTION

- Please refer to table No 10, 12 and 13. These tables reflect that the LSA data brings to light the fact that there are 14923 dropout children at the primary stage. Out of these 7505 are boys and 7418 are girls.
- The major reasons for dropout in the district happens to be children working as labour in agriculture, poverty, cattle grazing and sibling care.

The following measures are proposed to counter causes of un enrollment and dropout of children:

| Reasons | Causes of un-enrollment /Dropout <br> children's | Measures to counter the causes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Grazing / wood picking labour | - Morning /evening school <br> - Balika Shiksha Shivirs |
| 2 | Sibling care / Household chores | - Jhula Ghars <br> - Time adjustment of Anganbadi |
| 3 | Weak Economic positions | - Motivation of Parents/community/ <br> Panchs/ women Panchs incentives to <br> children |
| 4 | Gender biased perception of <br> society/ indifference towards <br> children's education | - Motivation of Parents/ community/ <br> panch/ environment building |
| 5 | Non availability of educational <br> facility within reachable distance | - Uagriti Shivirs <br> - Renening of new schools <br> - Re-planning |
| 6 | Handicapped child / Long illness <br> - IEDC <br> - Special campus for aid distribution |  |
| 7 | Non availability of separate toilet in <br> schools | Building Toilets |

- One of the major reasons of dropouts especially among the girls is sibling care. Dlease refer to table no 12 winch shows that $1+0 \div \%$ children out of the total dropout children dropout because of being engaged in sibling care. In order to being back these children to the school opening of community managed 904 Shishu Shiksha Kendra (SSK) centers is proposed.
- It has been experienced in the district that dropouts also occur due to inadequate learning space and over crowded class rooms. In order to meet this problem construction of 1761 additional rooms is proposed in primary schools. For details please refer to table no 18 .
- Apart from this 147 EGS /PS not having a building will be provided with a school building will be provided with a school building. For details please refer to table no 18 .
- Separate toilets for girls and urinals will be constructed in the school campus.

Drinking water facility will be made available in schools, where it is not available.

### 5.3 ACHIVEMENT: PRIMARY AND MIDDLE

The major strategies that will be implemented to bring improvement in quality are:

- Curriculum Reform.
- Preparation of Teaching Learning Material.
- Teacher Training Academic Support \& Supervision
- Learner Assessment
5.3.1Curriculum Reform(Middle Level)

To diagnose the curriculum gap in the syllabus, the diagnostic study carried out in MS on sample basis, which was communicated to Rajya Siksha Mission. The curriculum is being revised in a participatory mode involving teachers, cluster coordinators, DIET personnel.

### 5.3.2 Teaching Learning Material:

Through participatory method, based on feed back of district integrative material has been developed by Rajya Siksha Mission for primary education. For primary level the ITLM has been prepared which will be introduced from 2001-2002 academic year onward. Its impact assessmemt will be done through desk analysis, class room observation and studies.

### 5.3.3 Text Book Development(MIDDLE LEVEL)

Text book development will be done through trailing process for which following process will be adopted:

- Selection of schools
- Development of trailing tools
- Training of Teacher's on the trailing material, process and tools.
- Field trial
- finalisation if material on the basis of feed back trailing process.

The finalisation of text books will be done for class VI in2001-2002 for class VII in 2002-2003 and for class VIII 2003-2004.

## TEACHERS TRAINING

The availability of teachers according to the criteria, one teacher for 40 students and minimum two teachers in primary school and three teachers in middle schools and their training is a major factor in achieving the most important goal of achievement.

Fulfilling this requirement of Gurujis, SikshaKarmis will be required. Chhindwara has 4815 teachers at primary level out of which total number of teachers having professional qualification is 4926 .Number of teachers trained pre service is 1204 and in service 2921 thus the total number of trained teachers is 4125.801 teachers are still untrained who have to be given professional as well as subject wise training. These teachers will be given in intensive training. At middle school level 1859 teachers are still untrained who will be trained similarly by DIET. EGS Guruji and Siksha Karmi will be given 20 days intensive training by master trainers, trained by DIET. 747 new EGS Gurujis and 164 teachers for upgraded middle school will be given 30 days training by DIET.

Assessment of current teachers competency along with an identification of training needs has been made diagnostic study carried out in 10 middle schools of Chhindwara district.

Teachers feel difficulty in understanding children's pre experience while preparing teaching learning plan. Most of the teachers also can't present a lesson interestingly and they are fully successfui in securing children's participation in teaching learning process. Some hard spots in mathematics and science have been spotted through diagnostic study .
5.3.4 Local teaching learning materials and aids will be developed with the utilization school contingency. Therefore a provision of school contingencies worth Rs. 3000 is being proposed for each school.

### 5.3.5 Learner Assessment

The assessment will be done through

- Quarterly, Half yearly and fmal examination.
- Subject wise and child wise analysis of the result of all students would be done.
- Improvement and decline in learners achievements would be assessed by comparison of quality grading $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$, of all the student and follow up action would be taken.
5.3.6 Academic support and monitoring-

Teachers of Primary, Middle and EGS will get continues academic support from DIET, Janpad Shiksha Kendra and Jan Shiksha Kendra for quality improvement monitoring will be done by all above units.

- Provision of computers, Fax, Telephone etc. to Janpad Shiksha Kendra and Jan Shiksha Kendra.
- Monthly academic meeting will be organized at Jan Shiksha Kendra Janpad Shiksha Kendra and Zilla Shiksha Kendra.
- More stress will be given in the field of research and evaluation.
- Evaluation of the teachers after training.
- The academic support will be given to school teachers by DIET, JPSK and JS.
- Monthly meeting are held at each Jan Shiksha Kendra on the first thursday of every month.
- Use of teachers learning material (TLM) will be used.


### 5.3.7 Distance Education

- The contents which can not be discussed face to face will be given by the help of tele- conferencing.
- For this the T.V. sets will be supplied to DIETs and BRCs.
5.3.8 By the use of computers and head start.
5.3.9 Library will be developed at each Jan Shiksha Kendra.


## Chapter 6

## COVERAGE OF SPECIAL FOCUSED GROUPS

## DISABLED CHILDREN

- There are 4215 disabled children in Chhindwara district. Their disability can be roughly categorised in 5 types. For details please refer to table no 23
- The number of children suffering from orthopaedic disability is 2477 which is about $59 \%$ of total disabled children.
- Children having minor disability, can learn speedly if they are admitted to the regular schools and are allowed to learn with normal children. This will require some special efforts by the teachers. The teachers will be given special training to handle the disable children along with the other children. Children having major disability will be referred to special schools. aheady being run by NGOs and Panchayat and social welfare department.
- Trainings will be given to teachers, Jan Shikshak to deal with children having disability scholarships and other special facilities in form of aids and appliances will be given to such disabled children.
- Construction of ramps will be under taken in all school.
- Equipments and Aids will be provided to disabled children according to their disability. This will be done by organisating camps at block and district level. In these camps students having disability would be examined by Doctor's and they will be provided special aids according to their disability.
- These camps will be held with the help of panchyat and social welfare department and Red cross society.


### 6.2 Children from Schedule Tribes

- There are 143387 children in the district belonging to ST category Out of these only 113887 children are enrolled in schools.
- Rest 29510 unenrolled and dropout children belonging to ST need to be admitted in the schools. For this enrollment drives will be carried out.
- It will be ensured that scholarships will be provided to all the tribal children as per the norms in coordination with tribal welfare department.
- Children belonging to poor ST families will be enrolled in Ashram Schools
- Efforts would be made to provide hostel facilities to those ST children belongs to far off in accessible areas.
- Community will be mobilized towards essential enrollments of ST children. For this parents of ST children will be motivated for the same.
- A specials feature of the above mobilization drive would be providing information to the parent about incentives available for the tribal children who attend schools, e.g. scholarships. free of cost text books, free of cost unionms, exemption from paying all types of fees. mic day meal etc.


### 6.3 Girls

- There are 181847 girls of the age group of 6-14 years in the district. Out of which :
- 153575 girls are enrolled
- 18757 girls are merrrolled
- 9515 girls are dropout
- Out of total number of enrolled girls, 1665 girls are disabled.
- With the help of community mobilization programmes, the parents of the unenrolled and dropout girls to enrolled would be encouraged to send their daughters in the schools and ensuring completion of education upto elementary level.
- Separate Toilets for the girls will be constructed in all the school.
- "Balika Shiksha Shivirs" will be organized at block level.


### 6.4 Urban Deprived Children

- To identify such type of children in the urban areas.
- EGS schools with flexibility in timing will be started. For children earning their daily living by working in Hotels, taxi's and different types of shops etc. These schools will run according to the needs of the working children.
- Free text books will be given to such type of students.
- The students will be exempted from any type of fees. The Social welfare department would be approached to make available scholarship for such children so that their pay more attention towards education.
- Incentives will be given to parents to enroll their working children in these EGS schools.
- Training will be given to teacher to teach such type of urban deprived children.


## Chapter 7

## Research support

Following research works would be taken up:

- Impact analysis of interventions
- Quality issues
- Action research

The Research will be taken up by DIET. The CAC \& teacher will be trained on Action Research. The findings of research will be used to further refine the strategies.

## CHEPTER - 8 MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE AND REQUITEMENTS

## Institutional Reforms

Earlier there were a number of parallel offices and structures functioning for the enhancement of the education in the district. These were as follows:-

- Office of the District Education Officer.
- Office of the Assisstant Commissioner, Tribal Welfare Department
- Office of the District Adult Education Officer.
- Office of the Assistant Director NFE.
- Project Office of Janshala Programme
- DIET.
- These offices had the corresponding offices at blocks, sub-blocks and village level also.
- This resulted into working as water tight compartment because there is hardly any structural institutional inter relation. Although the work done by these offices was of similar and interrelated nature.
- In order to avoid overlapping of efforts and resources these different structures at different level have been merged under institutional reforms. The structure formed at district and sub district level and their responsibilities are described below:

8. 1 Zila Shikstra Kendra is established in the distnct. C.E.O. Zila Panchayat is officiating Director of Zila Shiksha Kendra and District Education Officer is officiating Coordinator and he will be responsible for the improvement in the primary Education and Literacy for his help there will be three Education program.

### 8.1.1 Responsibilities of Zila Shiksha Kendra-

- Implementation, Monitoring, Coordination and academic direction in Primary Education and literacy.
- E.MIS
- Administrative control
- Assessment of Training Needs, management of Training, Evaluation, Research and Study.
- Coordination with Rajya Shiksha Kendra, Janpad Shiksha Kendra and jan shiksha kendra


## -

### 8.2 Janpad Shiksha Kendra :-

Janpad Shiksha Kendra is established in each block and BEO (Block Education Officer)is the in charge. Block Academic Coordinator (BAC) and Supervisor (A.E.) are also deputed in the Janpad Shiksha Kendra. In the addition block level official staff of different Educational projects is also working there. Janpad Shiksha Kendra and Jan Shiksha Kendra is responsible for MIS from district to village level and from village to district level. In addition to this Janpad Shiksha Kendra is responsible for the implementation and monitoring of different educational programs.

### 8.2.1 Responsibilities of Janpad Shiksha Kendra -

- Implementation of pre elementary, elementary and literacy programs to the grass root level.
- Planning of elementary education and Literacy projects.
- Monitoring of Jan Shiksha Kendra, Primary and Middle School activities.
- Pension cases, and assembly work of the Janpad and effective E.MIS system.
- Special attention on teacher's academic, financial \& personal problem's.


### 8.3 Jan Shiksha Kendra-

For implementation of different activities of elementary education and literacy, Jan Shiksha Kendras are established at cluster level. In the decentralized system Jan Shiksha Kendra has important role for effective working of schools academic, mamagerial and admimistrative responsibilities are giver so he Jan Shiksha Kendra anc local committees for the empowerment many effective steps have been taken.

The main steps are- Training of Jan Shiksha. establishment of Library in Janshala provision of computers at Jan Shiksha Kendra under Head start project Computer training to teachers for quality improvement in education. There is need of coordination in different activities at Jan Shiksha Kendra level.

### 8.3.1 Responsibilities of Jan Shiksha Kendra-

- Implementation of pre-elementary, elementary and literacy programs up to the cluster level.
- Academic support to school and literacy classes.
- Monitoring of regularity in schools, quality in education, results of achievement level.
- Developing teaching learning material. Supporting to solve the problems of teachers and Gurujis in teaching.
- Coordination between schools, literacy classes and society.
- Recommendation to Panchayat for disciplinary action.


### 8.4 Village Education Committee (VEC) :-

Participation of village/ward sammittee is essential for enrolment of children up to the age of 14 and literate, illiterate person in the age group of 15-50.

### 8.4.1 Responsibilities of Village Education Committee :-

- Collection of resources for the betterment of the schools.
- Better use of school contingencies.
- Monitoring of Pre elementary, elementary, middle school classes and literacy classes.
- Certify teachers attendance and recommendation for leave.
- Recommendation for disciplinary action against teacher.


### 8.5 Palak Shiksha Sangh :-

The main aim of this committee is to make coordination between parents and head of the institution to motivate parents for taking interest in school work and support to the head of the institution.

This committee will be constituted -

- Nomination of 2 teachers of the school by the head of the institution.
- 4 representatives from the parents.
- In the case of the private institution, chairman of the local bodies and in the case of govt. institution, person nominated by DEO. Head of the institution (Officiating).


## CHAPTER 9

## Budget \& Costing

- The overall Budget estimated for the district is 12032.77 lakh.
- The $\%$ of CW will be $33.33 \%$ \& the management cost is $0.95 \%$.
- The details of the component wise budget in unit is given.

Five years Plan for Universalisation of Elementry Education - Madhya Pradesh

| $\begin{array}{\|c} \mathbf{S} \\ \text { No } \end{array}$ | Components | WADA Physical |  |  |  |  |  | Finangial Budget |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003-04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Target |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | New Primary Schools(DPEP only) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | EGS Schools (Primary level) | 748 | 748 | 748 | 748 | 748 | 748 | 141.43 | 141.43 | 141.43 | 141.43 | 141.43 | 707.16 |
|  | No. of EGS Gurujis (Primary Level) | 764 | 764 | 764 | 764 | - 764 | 764 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Upgradation of Primary School to Middle School | 82 |  | 82 | 2? | - ${ }^{12}$ | 82 | 101.68 | 113.16 | 124.48 | 135.79 | 147.11 | 622.22 |
| 4 | Upgradation of EGS School to Middle School | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | - ------160 | 190 | 5985 | 59.85 | 59.85 | 59.85 | 59.85 | 299.25 |
|  | No. of EGS Gurulis (Middle Level) | 380 | 380 | 380 | $3{ }^{\text {3 }}$ | - 286 | 380 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Upgragation of Ashram School to Middle AS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| School Contingency (Primary Schools) |  | 1917 | 1917 | 1917 | 197 | $-317$ | 1917 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 287.55 |
| 7. Thool Contingency (Middle Schools) |  | 656 | 656 | 656 | 656 | 昭 6 | 656 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 98.40 |
| 8.IEC/Mobilisation |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 152.02 | 152.02 | 152.02 | 152.02 | 152.02 | 760.10 |
| 9 Shlshu Shlis sha Kendra/Jhoolaghar |  | 904 | 904 | 904 | 904 | 001 | 904 | 128.37 | 134.88 | 141.39 | 147.89 | 154.40 | 706.93 |
| 10 BRC Building for Non-DPEP district |  | 11 |  |  |  |  | 11 | 66.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 66.00 |
| 11 Primary School Buildings |  | 200 | 409 | 300 | 109 | --. 0 | . 0000 | 300.00 | 600.00 | 450.00 | 150.00 | 0.00 | 1500.00 |
| 12 | Middle School Buildings | 52 | ju0 | 100 | 0 | - | C52 | 182.00 | 350.00 | 350.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 882.00 |
|  | Addilional Rooms(PS+MS) | 405 | 日po | 800 | 0 |  | 2005 | 30375 | 600.00 | 600.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1503.75 |
|  | Major Repair | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | - ....... 0 | 100 | 25.00 | 25.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 50.00 |
|  | Minor Repair | 25 | 60 | 0 | 0 | - $\quad 0$ | 85 | 2.50 | 6.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.50 |
| -16 | Trachers Training (In service for PS Teachers) | 5992' | 5142 | 5992 | 5002 | - 6062 | 5992 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 637.16 |
|  | Teacheif Training- Induction for Middle Schools | 544 |  |  |  |  | 544 | 0.00 | 13.31 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 13.31 |
|  | Teachers Training (In service for MS Teachers) | 1679 | 2423 | 2223 | 2223 | - . . 2223 | 2223 | 41.47 | 54.57 | 54.57 | 54.57 | 54.57 | 259.74 |
| $\underline{1}$ | Strengthenlng of CRC (Jan Shiksha Kendra) | 220 | 220 | 220 | 221 | ... 220 | 220 | 341.00 | 127.60 | 134.20 | 14080 | 147.40 | 891.00 |
|  | Disiance Education | 231 | 231 | 231 | 211 | 211 | 231 | 278.20 | 47.20 | 4720 | 4720 | 47.20 | 467.00 |
| 2 | Headstart Programme(JPSKs +50 JSKs per disticts) | 61 | 61 | 61 | - 5 | - 61 | 61 | 230.80 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 71480 |
|  | Library Movement | 3541 | 3591 | 3541 | 3541 | -.. 1541 | 3541 | 212.46 | 35.41 | 35.41 | 35.41 | 35.41 | 354.10 |
| 23 <br> 2 | Research and Evaluation | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | $\frac{1}{1}$ |  | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 35.00 |
|  | Strengthening, of BRC (Janpad Shiksha Kendra) | 11 | $\underline{11}$ | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 57.09 | 38.28 | 40.92 | 43.56 | 46.20 | 226.05 |
| 24 <br> 25 <br> 26 | Strengthening of zilla Shiksha Kendra | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 59.51 | 53.14 | 54.27 | 55.39 | 56.52 | 278.83 |
| 2 | Strengthening of MIS (ZSK) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 9.01 | 6.22 | 6.42 | 6.63 | 6.83 | 35.11 |
| -2 | Strengthening of DIET | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 5,30 | 4.08 | 4.11 | 4.14 | 4.17 | 21.80 |
|  | PTAs/VECs Tralning | 3541 | 3641 | 3541 | 3541 | 3141 | 3541 | 106.23 | 106.23 | 106.23 | 106.23 | 106.23 | 531.15 |
| -28 | Integrated Education for Disabled Children | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 14.50 |
| -29 | Tribal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| -31 | Gender | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.30 | 3.39 | 3.48 | 3.57 | 3.66 | 17.40 |
|  | Mahila Samakhya (DPEP only) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 33 <br> 34 <br> 35 | Innovation | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 |
|  | EGS Schools for urban deprived children | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 3.73 | 3.73 | 3.73 | 3.73 | 3.73 | 18.63 |
| 35 | madarsa School | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 3.47 | 3.77 | 4.07 | 4.37 | 4.67 | 20.35 |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3031.29 | 3015.38 | 2849.88 | 1628.70 | 1507.52 | 12032.78 |
| Management Cost(Salary, O\&M, Equipments, Furnitures, Vehicles, Professional Fees, Books of Likk emis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28.63 | 19.47 | 20.80 | 22.13 | 23.46 | 114.49 |
| Manasement costin $\% \rightarrow \cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.94\% | 0.65\% | 0.73\% | 1.36\% | 1.56\% | 0.95\% |
| Clvilwork Cost $\quad$ Civilwork Cost in \% man |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 879.25 | 1.581.00 | 1400.00 | 150.00 | 0.00 | 4010.25 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29.0\% | 52.48 | $49.1 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ | 0.0\% | 33.33\% |



| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non.Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Furniture(Tables,Chairs.Almirah.Shelves, Bulletin Board) | 0.25 | 0 Ashram | 0.00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |
| 2 Library Books | 0.10 | 0 Ashram | 0.00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |
| 3 computer H/W, S/w, UPS, Printer | 1.00 | 0 Ashram. | 0.00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |
| Total Non.Recurring | 35 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Recurring <br> 4 Salary(SK-II.2,SK.I-2,Wardon, Cook.watchman.peon)( $10 \%$ inflation from II years) | 2.50 | 0 Ashraln - | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 0.50 | 0 Ashrain | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total Recurring | 3.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Grand Total (NR+R) | 4,35 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 6 School Contingency (Primary Schools) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 School Improvement Grant <br> 2 Educational Aids (Rs. $500 \%$ per teacher for 2 Teachers) | $\begin{array}{r} 010 \\ -10.0! \end{array}$ | 1917 Promaty Srlmouls <br> 1917 P!mary Sollouls | $\begin{array}{r} 38.34 \\ 19.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38.34 \\ 19.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38.34 \\ 19.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38.34 \\ 19.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38.34 \\ 19.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 191.70 \\ \quad 95.85 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total Recurring | $\underline{0} 03$ |  | 57.51 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 57.51 | 287.55 |
| 7 School Contingency (Middle Schools) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 School Improverment Grant | 0.02 | 656 Middle Schools | 13.12 | 13.12 | 13.12 | 13.12 | 13.12 | 65.60 |
| 2 Educational Aids (Rs. $500 \%$, per teacher for 2 Teachers) | 0.01 | 656 Middle Schools | 6.56 | 6.56 | 6.56 | 6.56 | 6.56 | 32.80 |
| Total Recurring | 0.03 |  | 19.68 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 19.68 | 98.40 |
| 8 IEC/Mobilisation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Updation of VERs, Microplanning | 0.02 0.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Shiksha Panchayat/Grain Sabhas 3 Mobilisation | 0.10 0.25 | $2322 \mathrm{SK}+\mathrm{JPSKs}+J$ SKs $232 \mathrm{SK}+\mathrm{jPSK}+\mathrm{SKKs}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.20 \\ & 58.00 \end{aligned}$ | 23.20 58.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 23.20 \\ & 58.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.20 \\ & 58.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.20 \\ & 58.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.00 \\ & 290.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total Recurring |  |  | 152.02 | 152.02 | 152.02 | 152.02 | 152.02 | 760.10 |
| 9 Shishu Shiksha Kendra/Jhoolaghar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Unit Cosi | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Salary( with $10 \%$ inflation every year from II year onwards) $2 O \& M$ (Contingericy, TA/DA etc.) | 0.0721 0.020 |  | 65.09 18.08 | 71.60 18.08 | 78.11 18.08 | 84.61 18.08 | 91.12 18.08 | 390.53 90.40 |
| 3 Educational Material | 0.030 | 904 SSKs /Jhoolakhars | 27.12 | 27.12 | 27.12 | 27.12 | 27.12 | 135.60 |
| 4 Training | 0.020 | 904 SSKst/ly wopadiars | 18.08 | 18.08 | 18.08 | 18.08 | 18.08 | 90.40 |
| Total Recurring | 0.142 |  | 128.37 | 134.88 | 141.39 | 147.89 | 154.40 | 706.93 |
| Details :- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salary: , Unit cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { Oeedi (Rs.400/- p.m.) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Helper (Rs.200/.p.m.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Caterory |  | Unit Cost | Physilal | 200102 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 200405 | 2005.06 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - 11 Pac Bulding for Non-DPEP dishicl | Physical No. |  | 1000 | 200 | 400 | . 300 | $\frac{0.00}{100}$ | 0.00 | $\frac{66.00}{1000}$ |
| 11 Primary School Buildings |  | 1.50 |  | 300.00 | 600.00 | 450.00 | 150.00 | 0.00 | $\begin{array}{r}1000 \\ 1500.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 12 Middle School Buildings | Physical No. | 350 | 252 | 52 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 252 |
|  |  |  |  | 182.00 | 350.00 | 350.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 882.00 |
|  | Physical No. | 0.75 | 2005 | 405 | 800 | 800 | 0 | 0 | 2005 |
| 23 Additional Rooms(PS+MS) |  |  |  | 303.75 | 600.00 | 600.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1503.75 |
|  | Physical No. | 0.50 | 100 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 14 Major Repair |  |  |  | 25.00 | 25.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 50.00 |
|  | Physical No. | 0.10 | $\overline{85}$ | 25 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 85 |
| 15 Minor Repair |  |  |  | - 2.50 | 6.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.50 |
| Total Non-Recurring |  |  |  | 879.28 | 1581.00 | 1400.00 | 150.00 | 0.00 | 4010.23 |

16 Teachers Trainiug in service for PS Teachers)

| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 District Level Workshop for adoption of the module | 100 | 1 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 |
| 2 Training of Rescurce Persons, MTs (2 pet Batch of 40) | 0.02 | 599 MTs | 11.98 | 11.98 | 11.98 | 11.98 | 11.98 | 59.92 |
| 3 Teachers Training (12 Days) for Primary Schools | 0.01200 | 5992 PS Teachers | 71.90 | 71.90 | 71.90 | 71.90 | 71.90 | 359.52 |
| 4 Special Orientation Training of English Language(5 days) | 0.00500 | 5992 PS Teachers | 29.96 | 29.96 | 29.96 | 29.96 | 29.96 | 149.80 |
| 5 Printing of Training Matcrias(Rs. 100 -- per participant) | 0.00100 | 12583 paricipgans | 12.58 | 12.58 | 12.58 | 12.58 | 12.58 | 62.92 |
| Total Recutring |  |  | 127.43 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 127.43 | 637.16 |
| 17 Teachers Training-Induction for Middle Schools |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002:03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Non-Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 District Level Workshop for adoption of the module | 0.50 | 1 |  | 050 |  |  |  | 0.50 |
| 2 Training of Resource Persons, MTs (2 per Batch of 40) | 0.05 | 27 MTs |  | 136 |  |  |  | 1.36 |
| 3 Teachers Training (21 Days) for Middle Schools | 0.020 | 544 Teachers |  | 10.88 |  |  |  | 10.88 |
| 4 Printing of Training Materials(Rs. $100 /$ - per panticipant) | 0.00100 | 571_numipanle |  | 0.57 |  |  |  | 0.57 |
| Total Non-Recuring |  |  | 0.00 | 13.31 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 12.31 |


| Category |  | Unll Cost | Physkal |  | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 District Level Workshop for adoption of the module |  | 100 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 |
|  | Physical |  |  | No. . $\rightarrow$ | 168 | 222 | 222 | 222 | 222 |  |
| 2 Training of Resource Persons, MTs (2 per Batch of 40) |  | 002 |  |  | 3.36 | 4.44 | 4.44 | 4.44 | 4.44 | 21.12 |
|  | Physical |  |  | No. . $>$ | 1679 | 2223 | 2223 | 2223 | 2223 |  |
| ${ }_{9} 3$ Teachers Training (12 Days) for Middle Schools |  | 091500 |  |  | 25.19 | 33.35 | 33.35 | 33.35 | 33.35 | 158.57 |
|  | Physical |  |  | No. ..> | 679 | 2223 | 2223 | 223 | 2223 |  |
| 4 Special Orientation Training of English Language(5 days) |  | 1005001 |  |  | 8.40 | 11.12 | 11.12 | 11.12 | 11.12 | 52.86 |
|  | Physical |  |  | No. .-> | 3520 | 4668 | 4668 | 4668 | 4668 |  |
| 5 Prinsing of Training MaterialsfRs. 100 - per participani) |  | Queque |  |  | 3.83 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 22.20 |
| Total Recuring. |  |  |  |  | 41.466 | 54.568 | 54.568 | 54.568 | 54.568 | 259.738 |


| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 200506 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Furniture(Tabies,Chairs,Almirah.Shelves, Bulletin Board) | 0.15 | 220 JSks | 33.00 |  |  |  |  | 33.00 |
| 2 Library Books | 0.10 | 220 JSKs | 22.00 |  |  |  |  | 22.00 |
| 3 Computer H/W, Telephone | 0.75 | 220 JSKs | 165.00 |  |  |  |  | 165.00 |
| Total Non-Recurring | 1.00 |  | 220.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 220.00 |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 Training (Capacity Building) | 0.05 | 220 JSK: | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 55.00 |
| 5 Salary (SK's against CAC with $10 \%$ inflation from II year onwards) | 0.30 | 220 JSks | 66.00 | 72.60 | 79.20 | 85.80 | 92.40 | 396.00 |
| 6 O\&M (TA/DA, Mestings, Misc.contingencies etc.) | 0.15 | 220 JSKs | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 165.00 |
| 7 Insurance of Computer H/W | 0.05 | 220 JSKs | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 55.00 |
| Total Recurring | 0.55 |  | 121.000 | 127.600 | 134.200 | 140.800 | 147.400 | 671.000 |
| Grand Total ( $\mathrm{NR}+\mathrm{R}$ ) | 1.55 |  | 341.000 | 127.600 | 134.200 | 140,800 | 147.409 | 891.000 |
| 20 Distence Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Unit Cos! | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Non-Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\ldots$ Disatance Education Equipments(downlinking facilities) | $1 . .1 .00$ | _231JPSKS + JSK! | 231.00 |  |  |  |  | 231.00 |
| Iotal Non-Recurring |  |  | 231.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 231.00 |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Training through Teleconferencing(TA/DA, stay arrange.) | 0.20 | (3) Matas + 15M | 46.20 | 46.20 | 46.20 | 46.20 | 46.20 | 231.00 |
| 3 Educational Mate. Development | 1.00 | . 1 Dethets | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 |
| Total Recurring |  |  | 47.20 | 47.20 | 47.20 | 47.20 | 47.20 | 236.00 |
| Grand Total ( $\mathrm{NR}+\mathrm{R}$ ) |  |  | 278.20 | 47.20 | 47.20 | 47.20 | 47.20 | 467.00 |
| 21. Headstart Programme(JPSKs +50 JSKs per disticts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Non-Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Furniture | 0.200 | 61 Headstart JSKs + JPSKs | 12.20 |  |  |  |  | 12.20 |
| 2 Library Books | 0.100 | 61 Headstart JSKs + JPSKs | 6.10 |  |  |  |  | 6.10 |
| 3 Equipment(Computer 2, UPS, Telephone) | 1.500 | 61 Headstart - SK $_{\text {c }}+J$ JPSKs | 91.50 |  |  |  |  | 91.50 |
| Total Non.Recurring | 1.89 |  | 109.80 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 109.89 |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 Training (Capacity Building in Headstart Programmes) | 0.050 | 61 Headstart JSKs +JPSKs | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 55.00 |
| 5 Honorarium to Computer Teachers(Rs. $100 / \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ T $\times 12$ ) | 0.024 | 61 Headslart JSKs +JPSKs | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 65.00 | 66.00 | 330.00 |
| 6 O\&M (TA/DA, Meetings, contingencies, stationary etc.) | 0.200 | 61 Meadstart ISKs +JPSKs | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 165.00 |
| 7 Insurance of Computer H/W | 0.100 |  | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 55.00 |
| Total Recurring | p. 37 |  | 121.00 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 605.80 |
| Grand Total (NR + R) | 117 |  | 239.80 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 121.00 | 122.00 | 714.0 |
| 22. Library Movement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Caterory | Unit Cond | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Non-Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Library Books | 0.025 | 3541 Schools | 88.55 |  |  |  |  | 88.53 |
| 2 Furniture (Book Shelves) | 0.025 | 3541 Schuols | 88.53 |  |  |  |  | 88.53 |
| Iotal Non-Recurring | 0.050 |  | 177.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 177.05 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Mamzines \& Journals fotal Recurring | 0.010 | 3541 Sctlool: | 35.41 | 35.41 35.41 | 35.41 | 35.41 | 35.41 | $\frac{177.05}{177.05}$ |
| Crind Yotal (NR + R) | d. D 6 C |  | 212.46 | 35.41 | 35.41 | 35.43 | 35.41 | 354.10 |






| Category | Unit Cosi | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Supplementry TLM development(Bridge Materials) | 2.00 | 0 Trital Districts | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 Workshop/Seminar | 0.50 | O Tiltal Dishicts | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3 Research/Study | 1.00 | OItital Pisficcis | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Tolal Recurring | 3.50 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 31 Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Category | Unit Cos | Physical | 2001.02 | 200203 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005.06 | Total |
| Recurring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Salary (Shahyogini 15 per district) (Rs.500\%-p.m. per Shahyogini) $10 \%$ inflation | 0.90 | 1 Districts | 0.90 | 0.99 | 1.08 | 1.17 | 1.26 | 5.40 |
|  | 0.25 | 1 Districts | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 1.25 |
| 3 Training of Shahyoginls | 0.15 | 1 Districts | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.75 |
| 4 Ealika Shiksha Shivir | 1.00 | 1 Disiricts | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 |
| 5 Mahila Shiksha Abhiyan | 1.00 | 1 Distris | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 |
| Total Recurring | 3.30 |  | 3.30 | 3.39 | 3.48 | 3.57 | 3.66 | 17.40 |



| a | Unit Cost | Physical | Total Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Distt. Programme Coordinator | 0.96 | 1 | 0.96 |
| 2 Resource Person | 0.84 | 1 | 0.84 |
| 3 Accountant | 0.60 | 1 | 0.60 |
| 4 Assistant | 0.54 | 1 | 0.54 |
| 5 Steno Typist | 0.54 | 1 | 0.54 |
| 6 Driver | 0.30 | 1 | 0.30 |
| 7 Peon | 0.24 | 2 | 0.48 |
| 8 Sahayogini | 0.18 | 12 | 2.16 |
|  |  | 20 | 6.42 |


| O\&M (Operation \& Maintenance) | Unil Cost | Physical | Total Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Rent | 0.25 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 2 Petrol \& Maint. | 0.90 | 1 | 0.90 |
| 3 Otfice exp. \& Photocopy | 0.10 | 」 | 0.10 |
| 4 Postage, Tele. \& Stationary | 0.25 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 5 Water \& Electricity | 0.10 | I | 0.10 |
| 6 TA/DA | 0.25 | I | 0.25 |
| 7 Contingency | 0.40 |  | 0.40 |



| Category | Unit Cost | Physical | 2001.02 | 2002.03 | 2003.04 | 2004.05 | 2005-06 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Salary( with $10 \%$ inflation every year from il year onwards) | 0.300 | 10 Madarsa | 3.00 | 3.30 | 3.60 | 3.90 | 4.20 | 18.00 |
| 2 Supplementry TLM development | 0.025 | 10 Madarsa | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 1.25 |
| $30 \& M$ | 0.010 | 10 Madarsa | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.50 |
| 4 Training of Teacher (12 Days) | 0.012 | 10 Madersa | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.60 |
| Total Recurring | 0.335 | - | 3.47 | 3.77 | 4.07 | 4.37 | 4.67 | 20.35 |

## CHAPTER - 10

10. ANNUAL WORK PLAN - 2001-2002
10.1 Access
> Upgradation of 272 PS/EGS in to MS
> Convenrsion of EGS into regular ES
> Recruitment of teachers for upgraded MS
$>\quad$ Training of these teachers
> Provision for furniture and TLE for these schools

### 10.2 Universal Enrolment and Retention

خ Bal Melas and School Cholo Abhiyan will be organized in July/August 2001.

- Pravesh Utsava
> Community Mobilisation activities such as VEC and PTE members workshops, Panchayate representatives workshops, training of Nehru Yuvak Kendras, and PBS volunteers and NGOs workshops etc.
> Organising Bridge Course programme on sample basis.
, Making provision of TLM for Bridge Course and training of Volunteers for it.
$>\quad$ Improving class room processes through on the job support.
- Ensuring regular parents and teachers meetings.
> Introduction of Card system to improve the pupils attendance.


### 10.3 Civil Works

> Construction of additional 2005 classrooms.
> Construction of 1000 buildings for PS \& 252 buildings for MS
> Ensuring repair of 100 schools.
$>$ Provision of Toilets, Boundary walls in $50 \%$ of the targeted MS

### 10.4 Universal Achievement

$>$ Training of all untrained PS/EFS teachers on integrated teaching learning material.
> Orientation training programme for all other teachers of PS
$\Rightarrow 30$ days induction training for newly recruited teachers.

- Introduction of ITLM for PS.
- Text book development for ciass - Vil througr taiiing process.
- Training of 164 untrained teachers of miacie scmools.
$\geqslant$ Quarterly evaluation of leamers achievement level and ensuring corrective measures thereafter.
- Development of acantmic support syster Hrough having academic resource groups at Zila, Janpad and Jansiksha Kendra.
> Training of these resource groups through DIET.


### 10.5 Coverage of Special Focus Groups

## Firls Education

$>$ Organisation of Balika Siksha Camps in 11 blocks.

- Female Panchayat representatives workshop.
> Special attention to problems of Timia Trible block
> Organisation of orientation workshop for Aanganwadi workers, ANM workers, Female PBA Guruji.
> Preparation of Gender sensitive teaching module.
> Provisino of ECE facilities in 2529 habitations


## Disable Children

> Organising camps for medical examination of disable children.
> Training of teachers on issues reted to disable children.
> Providing medical rehabilitation and equipments.
> Provision of facilities for disabled children such as books, stationery, Uniform etc.

## Tribal Chilidren's equc-ion

- Launching of community mobilization programmes in tribal areas.
$>$ Organising workshops of NGOs working in these areas.
$>$ Organization of Bridge Course.
> Free Text book and Uniform to the children.
i On the Jab support to teachers.


### 10.6 Research, Evaluation, Supervision and Monitoring

> Conducting diagnostic studies on issues such as making class room process more interesting, improvement of students abilities in languages and arithmetic, teacher training needs etc.

- Evaluation studies on special focus groups.
> Feed back of newly introduced ITLM in PS.
$>$ Evaluation of Progress made in the direction of achieving goals of SSA.
> Learners quarterly evaluation.
> Introduction of participatory evaluation.
> Introduction of community based monitoring system.
> Academic monitoring by district and block resource groups, Jansikshaks and DIET staff.
> Regular meetings and discussions of teachers at Jansiksha Kendras.
> Procurements of MIS equipments. Computer Stationery and peripherals.

2 Operation \#r ic nammance of M: $=$ =shipments.
> Upgradation of VER and feed back.

### 10.7 Management Strategy

> Furniture and equipment for Lila, Janpad and Jansiksha Kendras.
> Hiring of vehicles for Zila Siksha Kendras.
> Provision for Zika Siksha Kenoras -cnoranum based staff.
> Recruiting 220 Jansikshaks at every JSKs.
> Organising training for Lila, Janpad and JSK staff.
> Training of DIET lecturers.
> Construction of 11 BRC and 220 CRCs.



[^0]:    Source:L.S.A.

