



Ministry of
Human Resource Development
Govt. of India
Part 3
Department of Youth Affairs & Sports

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ANNUAL REPORT^T
1991-92

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introductory

1.1.0 The Ministry of Human Resource Development was created in 1985 for integrating all efforts for the development of human potential in the areas of education, youth, women and children, arts, culture and sports. This Report covers activities of the four Departments which constitute the Ministry. The Report is presented in four parts:

- Part-I Education
- Part-II Culture
- Part-III Youth Affairs & Sports
- Part-IV Women and Child Development

Department of Education

1.2.1 National Policy on Education (NPE) was adopted by Parliament in 1986 and its implementation commenced soon thereafter. As contemplated under NPE a CABE (Central Advisory Board of Education) Committee on Policy was set up under the Chairmanship of Shri N. Janardhana Reddy, Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh. This Committee was required to take in account all developments since NPE which have a bearing on policy and the Report of the NPE Review Committee. This Committee submitted its report on 22nd January, 1992. The report is to be considered by the CABE. On receipt of the CABE's recommendations the government will finalize its views on modifications to be made in the Policy.

1.2.2 Universalisation of elementary education, equalisation of educational opportunities, women's education and development, vocationalisation of school education, consolidation of higher education, modernisation of technical education, improvement of quality content and process of education at all levels continued to be the themes of national endeavour in the field of education.

1.2.3 In elementary education, the focus shifted from enrolment, *per se*, to retention and achievement—a shift which reflects the renewed concern for improving efficiency of investment and for monitoring programmes in terms of outcomes rather than in terms of inputs such as coverage and expenditure alone. The focus also shifted from exclusive concern with schooling to a holistic perception which stressed the need of providing alternative system of education of comparable quality to working children and girls whom the schools cannot reach. The concepts of participative micro-planning and local level capacity building were given wide currency and tested and tried through experimental projects. They would be important elements of the strategy to achieve UEE.

1.2.4 In the field of adult literacy, Total Literacy Campaigns (TLCs) demonstrated the feasibility of community mobilisation to further universalisation of elementary education (UEE). Following the State of Kerala, the Union Territory of Pondicherry, Burdwan district in West Bengal, the Sindhudurg district in Maharashtra and Dakshin Kannada district in Karnataka have achieved total literacy through the campaign method. These campaigns are now in progress either fully or partially in more than a hundred districts of the country. The results manifested themselves in the provisional figures of 1991 census which reflects that for the first time the literacy rate climbed over

and above the 50 per cent mark. It is a matter of pride and a measure of the success achieved on the literacy part that for the second consecutive year India has bagged the prestigious Noma Literacy Prize, this time it is going to the Government of West Bengal.

1.2.5 Emphasis continued to be laid, in the content of education, on promotion and development of fundamental values like national integrity, secularism, more opportunities to women, focus on environmental and population education, etc.

1.2.6 At the international level, India was a participant in the 26th General Conference of UNESCO held in Paris during October-November, 1991. This conference approved the programmes and budget for the biennium 1992-93 in UNESCO's areas of competence. A major decision has been to set up an International Commission on Education in the twenty-first century. Further, the International Consultative Forum on Education for All met in December, 1991 to review the progress made by Member States of UNESCO and various developmental agencies towards achieving the goal adopted in the Jomtien Conference to achieve 'Education for All' by 2000 A.D.

1.2.7 The strategies planned to achieve the goal in the education sector recognize the need for:

- i) Involvement and participation of States/UTs in the implementation of programmes/schemes.
- ii) Mobilization of voluntary efforts/agencies.
- iii) Cooperation and participation at the international level.

Department of Culture

1.3.1 The year 1991-92 witnessed a continued thrust in promotion, development and dissemination of art and culture at the National and International levels. The Zonal Cultural Centres cut across territorial boundaries to bring cultural awareness among the people of different regions. The accent in those centres has been towards folk, tribal and rural art with emphasis on documentation and preservation of some dying art forms, besides inter-zonal cultural festivals for national integration and harmony. Besides signing/renewing Cultural Exchange Programmes with nine countries during the year like Hungary, Peru, The Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mangolia, Oman, Columbia, Jordan, Sri Lanka and Zimbabwe, the Festival of India in Germany consisting of exhibitions, seminars, performing arts and film festival opened in September, 1991. The Festival has played a vital role in opening a window to our culture for the people of Germany.

1.3.2 Departmental institutions responsible for the preservation and maintenance of our cltural heritage, e.g., our historical monuments and archives continued their activities during the year. Besides annual maintenance of the Centrally protected monuments, as many as 498 monuments were taken up by the Archaeological Survey of India during the year for major structural conservation. In the field of exploration, during the course of village to village survey in different parts of the country, some new sites were unearthed by the A.S.I. The A.S.I. conducted excavations at a number of sites in Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Orissa and Tamil Nadu. The excavations carried out at Kolhua in District Muzaffarpur (Bihar) brought to light a number of votive stupas, part of a monastic complex and brick temple.

1.3.3 The Sahitya Akademi continued to achieve its objectives of promotion of literature, recognising men of letters and improving the standards of literature and literary criticism, while the Sangeet Natak Akademi persued its activities on the promotion and growth of music, dance and drama and also the revival, preservation, documentation and dissemination of tribal/folk forms of music, dance and drama. The Lalit Kala Akademi also undertook programme and projects for the promotion of the plastic arts.

DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH AFFAIRS & SPORTS

1.4.1 1991-92 can be described as the year of revamping the youth programmes introduced by the Government during 1985-89. Adequate emphasis was given to youth programmes so as to provide new opportunities for the youth to focus their energies on nation building activities. Special emphasis was given to achieve broadbasing of sports and to spot talents for nurturing and encouraging them to attain excellence in performance and achieving better standards to meet international challenges.

1.4.2 The Youth Affairs and Sports Ministers' Conference was organised which was attended by Ministers Incharge of Youth and Sports of all the States and Union Territories. The Conference suggested ways and means to improve the quality and the coverage of programmes. The other major activities during the year are discussed below:

- i) Efforts continued through National Service Scheme, a programme of university students, for community development in the adopted villages. The university students continued their participation in the National Literacy Mission. They also took up a project supported by World Health Organisation for creating awareness on HIV virus and AIDS.
- ii) The Governing Board of Nehru Yuva Kendras was reconstituted and the release of funds for the programmes resumed. The Board decided to expand its activities to cover all districts in the country and to establish additional Kendras for bigger districts and those districts which have predominant tribal population.
- iii) National Integration Camps, festival of University students, Adventure programmes and Exhibition for Youth were organised. Special attention was given to tribal youth providing continued support and funding for taking up programmes exclusively for them.
- iv) Scouts and Guides Movement continued to grow in its activities and programme to develop the personality of children/youth.
- v) The Department continued assisting Commonwealth Youth Programmes and strengthening United Nations Volunteers programmes specially United Nations participatory programmes in Asian region. These efforts brought about international understanding and feeling of togetherness among the youth.
- vi) In the field of sports, a drive was launched to review the schemes to update and harmonise them more closely wherever necessary. Also there was greater interaction amongst voluntary bodies in sports, the public and private enterprises interested in sports and persons knowledgeable in sports. Consequently, many new ideas emerged which have been developed for appropriate incorporation in the existing schemes and conception of new schemes.
- vii) As Sports development cannot be based only on monetary support from Government resources, expertise and support of private and public sector enterprises have been enlisted to start National Academies for different sports disciplines.
- viii) Assistance of about Rs. 238.00 lakhs (i.e. till 31.12.1991) was sanctioned to National Sports Federations for conducting Coaching Camps, organising National/International tournaments in India and for participation abroad.

Some of the highlights of achievements in sports during the year were:—

- In the 5th SAF Games held at Colombo during December, India won 64 Gold, 59 Silver, and 41 Bronze medals.
- In the 4th Commonwealth Wrestling Championship held at New Zealand during October, Indian team won 3 Gold, 1 Silver and 5 Bronze medals and secured 2nd position out of 8 countries.
- Shri Leander Paes of India won the Junior US Open Tennis Championship held in USA during June, 1991.
- In the 4th Women and 5th Men Junior Asian Weightlifting Championship held in

- Indonesia during August 1991, Indian team won 3 Silver and 5 Bronze medals.
- Indian team won the 6th Indira Gandhi International Hockey tournament held at New Delhi during January, 1991.
- Shri Vishwanath Anand achieved a historic success by winning a very strong international Chess tournament held in Italy during January, 1992.
- At the World Women Powerlifting Championship held in New Delhi in June, 1991, India came third as a team.
- At the 5th World Women Weightlifting Championship held in Germany in September, 1991, India won a Silver medal.

Department of Women and Child Development

1.5.1 The Department of Women and Child Development continued its programmes in the areas of women's development as well as of the child development. The strategy adopted involves empowerment of women through education and awareness generation and greater emphasis on vocational training and employment so as to enable women to enter the main-stream of economic development as equal partners. The renewed attack on prevailing forms of gender bias with special focus on the girl child is another priority area. To investigate and examine all matters relating to constitutional and legal safeguards provided for women and to review existing legislations, the Department of Women and Child Development have constituted the National Commission for Women under the National Commission for Women Act, 1990. It has also been decided to set up the office of the Commissioner for Women's Rights. Sensitisation of the enforcement and the administrative machinery to women's issues, is also an important new initiative which has gathered momentum. A comprehensive plan of action for the SAARC Decade of the Girl Child is also under finalisation.

1.5.2 In the area of child welfare and development, the Department expanded the world's largest nutrition programme, called the Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS), to cover 2594 projects (including the state sector projects) in the country catering to 138 lakh children and 27 lakh pregnant and nursing mothers. The effort during the year has been to improve the quality of services under the programme and also to improve the delivery of substantive programme components through the convergence of services meant for women and children in the country. A focus on adolescent girls with a view to catering to their health, nutritional and vocational needs as well as tapping their potential as future social animators is an essential part of this strategy. A comprehensive national programme of action on children, as a follow up of the World Summit on Children and the World Declaration on the Survival, Protection and Development of Children, is under finalisation.

1.5.3 In addition, the details of the Indira Mahila Yojana which aims at radical restructuring of existing programme design, the creation of a system of holistic delivery of services for women and children and the economic empowerment of women are under formulation. The Scheme also visualizes the creation of a recipient group at the village level to oversee the integrated delivery system and to articulate the concerns of women and children.

youth programmes

National Youth Policy

2.1.1 Government of India had formulated a National Youth Policy and tabled it before both the houses of Parliament in November-December, 1988. However, the National Front Government, formed during December, 1989 announced that a new National Youth Policy would be formulated. The matter was discussed in various forums but no final decision was taken.

2.1.2 A comparative analysis of the objectives of the existing National Youth Policy and the proposed revised Policy, on which some work has been done during the preceding years, shows no material differences between the two, either from the point of view of objectives of the policy or coordination and implementation of programmes. Some additions have been made which do not warrant the revision of the Policy itself. Such additions can be embodied in programmes and operational guidelines arising out of the implementation of the Policy. The proposed revised policy, therefore, does not contain any major point for improvement in the approach to youth welfare and development. The Government after due consideration have decided to go ahead with the existing National Youth Policy adopted only 3 years ago and which has not been given sufficient chance of being implemented. The existing policy is comprehensive enough to deal with a wide variety of programmes concerning youth, their welfare, their development and provide them with new opportunities to participate in nation building activities.

Committee on National youth Programmes

2.2.1 Pursuant to the recommendations of the National Youth Leaders Conference, a National Youth Council was set up by the Government through a resolution dated 10.10.90. The National Youth Council, with Prime Minister as its Chairman had been set up to:-

- Suggest policy measures and programmes for Youth;
- advise the Government on measures for implementation of the Plan of Action of the National Youth Policy;
- review the co-ordination between various departments of the Central/State Governments and all Voluntary Organisations/Other agencies involved therein; and
- provide a feed-back on this implementation of the national youth programmes.

2.2.2. The Council had 222 members drawn from the Youth wings of recognised political parties at the national and state level, Voluntary Youth Organisations, Vice-Chancellors of universities, Principals of colleges, student leaders, etc..

2.2.3 Recently, the Government has decided to reconstitute this body as the Committee on National youth Programmes and limit its membership to about 50 with a

view to have better and effective coordination of youth programmes. This will be a coordination committee in tune with the arrangement contemplated in the National Youth Policy itself for coordinating youth programmes. This will be a more functional national level body and reduce the cost of holding the meetings.

Promotion of Adventure

2.3.1 The Scheme of Promotion of Adventure aims at fostering in youth the spirit of risk-taking, endurance, cooperative team work and at encouraging quick, ready and effective reflexes in challenging situations. Financial assistance is provided to institutions, groups, individuals and voluntary organisations for undertaking adventurous activities like mountaineering, trekking, rowing, boating, hiking, exploration for collection of data, study of flora and fauna in mountains, deserts and the seas, coastal sailing, etc. as also for training of young people to undertake such activities.

2.3.2 During the year 1991-92, a total of 104 voluntary agencies, educational institutions and individuals were given financial assistance for undertaking different adventurous activities. Approximately 4000 youth participated in various adventure programmes.

2.3.3 Apart from continuing emphasis on low cost adventure programmes, encouragement was also given, during the year, for some high risk major adventure programmes like Everest expeditions.

2.3.4 The Department continued to contribute its share of expenditure of the Himalayan Mountaineering Institute, Darjeeling (West Bengal) and maintenance expenditure of Jawahar Institute of Mountaineering and Winter Sports (J&K).

2.3.5 The National Adventure Foundation supported by the Department launched a week-long adventure training camp for young school children of Delhi in collaboration with the International Youth Hostel Organisation (IYHO). The National Adventure Foundation is a voluntary organisation which guides and acts as a catalyst in respect of different adventure activities, where such guidance or cooperation is sought.

2.3.6 The *General Thimayya National Academy of Adventure* is another institution engaged in the promotion of adventure activities. It was established by the Government of Karnataka in the year 1989, under the chairmanship of General (Retd.) P.P. Kumarmangalam, with a view to promoting adventure awareness in respect of all the three areas of adventure activities, viz. Aero, Aqua and Terrestrial adventure. The Institute is engaged in conducting programmes of nature awareness, adventure orientation workshop for heads of schools and colleges, nature awareness camps for mentally retarded children, rock climbing camps, para-sailing courses, publication of adventure-related literature, establishment of adventure clubs in schools and colleges, river rafting, etc. During the year 1990-91, an amount of Rs. 11.60 lakhs was approved by the Department as aid to the Institute for terrestrial, aqua and aero adventure training programmes.

2.3.7 The encouragement given by Government has resulted in motivation of various adventure clubs to take up programmes for the recreation and development of our children and youths.

2.3.8 The details of grants released during 1991-92 for Promotion of Adventure are at **Appendix-A**.

Exhibitions for Youth

2.4.1. The scheme of Exhibitions for Youth aims at:-

- (a) Projecting and recognising the activities and contribution made by youth in various fields of national development so that youth, having regard to its preference and needs, may be able to choose from among various options when it wishes to enrich its intellectual resources.
- (b) Enabling youth to know about the ways of life and cultural mores of other parts of the country, knowledge of Indian culture, the freedom struggle, constitution of India and the latest developments taking place in the field of Art, Culture, Education, Agriculture, Industry and Science and Technology.
- (c) Exhibition on the folk dance, folk songs, painting, art and craft, exhibitions of books and on various development and youth related schemes are also covered under this Scheme.

2.4.2 Under the Scheme, assistance is given for meeting boarding expenses of the participants at the rate of Rs. 20/- per day per head, travel expenses of the participants by the cheapest mode and also organisation expenses at the rate of 25% of boarding expenditure.

2.4.3 During the year 1991-92, about 125 exhibitions were organised in different parts of the country with the assistance of the Department. Some of the major grantees are:

- (i) Various NSS units in Punjab University, Punjab, S.S.D. College, Bhatinda; Bharatidasan University, Trichy Nistarini College, Purulia, Lucknow University, Lucknow; SJS Vidyalaya, Puri; Nagpur University, Nagpur and Government Degree College, Sonbhadra.
- (ii) Sevavrata, Murshidabad, West Bengal.
- (iii) Jai Hind Arts & Sports College, Kollam, Kerala;
- (iv) Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Research and Training Institute, Uttar Pradesh;
- (v) R.K. Mission Lokashiksha Parishad, Narendrapur, West Bengal;
- (vi) Jagriti Sewa Sansthan, Raipur, Madhya Pradesh;
- (vii) Gandhigram Rural Institute, Madurai, Tamil Nadu.

Promotion of National Integration

2.5.1 Comprehension of the unity and integrity of the country and secular integration of the youth is pre-requisite for their emergence as responsible citizens. The Scheme of Promotion of National Integration provides a framework to various youth organisations, educational institutions and voluntary agencies, by providing financial assistance, for organising camps of youth in different parts of the country, arranging programmes of inter-state visits, holding of seminars/conferences on different themes of national integration, organising research/publications on such themes, holding regional/zonal festivals of students through universities, organising cultural programmes and other similar activities. Community living in such camps helps the participants to understand each other better and affords them opportunities to learn about our inter-regional traditions and customs and our many splendoured cultural heritage. The coverage of this programme has been extended to far-flung remote villages of India located on the international borders. Youth from these areas visit other parts of the country to understand and know more about India and her people. This brings about appreciation of the vastness of the country and its various systems, and realisation of basic oneness, commonness and sense of pride in being Indian among the participants.

2.5.2 In 1991-92, the Department provided financial assistance for a variety of youth programmes aimed at fostering national integration and communal harmony as well as humanitarian activities. The funds were channelised through a number of voluntary/ youth organisations like Youth Hostels Association of India, Association of Indian

Universities, Bharat Scouts & Guides, National Service Scheme, NYK Sangathan, National Youth Project, Balkan-ji Bari International, Gandhi Smriti & Darshan Samiti and Sports Authority of India besides a host of other organisations as well as various universities/educational institutions.

2.5.3. During the year, about 123 national integration camps for rural & urban youth, 18 inter-state youth exchange programmes, 4 zonal festivals, one national festival for university students and one seminar were organised.

Sadhbhavana Diwas

2.5.4 (a) August 20, 1991 the birthday of Late Shri Rajiv Gandhi was observed as Sadhbhawana Diwas. A function, on this day, was organised at I.G. Stadium, New Delhi when the Prime Minister was the Chief Guest. Minister for Human Resource Development presided over the function and Minister of State for Youth Affairs & Sports was also present on the occasion. 12000 youth from different youth organisations i.e. Bharat Scouts and Guides, Youth Hostels Association of India, Nehru Yuva Kendras, NSS, NCC and students of Delhi Schools/Colleges participated. Community singing, all faith prayers and invocation songs were sung by students of various Delhi Schools. The Human Resource Minister administered the pledge to the youth present. The Prime Minister lit the Sadhbhawana Flame. While addressing the participants, Prime Minister highlighted the need for promoting Sadhbhawana and contribution made by late Rajivji therefor.

(b) The main objective of observance of Sadhbhavana Diwas is to inculcate and spread the feeling of brotherhood in the hearts and minds of the youth of this country to achieve the ultimate goal of patriotism, communal harmony, prosperous and thriving democracy with strong human values, national unity and integration and world peace. One of the most fruitful investment for spread of Sadhbhavana is to inculcate this noble feeling and thought in the minds of our children/students and youth.

Sadhbhavana Essay Competition

(c) In order to achieve the above objective, the Government of India has decided to constitute awards through essay competitions for student youth. Accordingly, the Government of India has instituted Sadhbhavana Essay Competition Awards with the following salient features:-

- (i) The essay competition on the theme "Sadhbhavana for the development of a modern and strong India" with focus on different topics will be held each year in each of the official languages listed in the Constitution of India and English for School/College students. For 1992, the topic is 'National Integration'.
 - (ii) The essay competition will be at three levels, one for school students upto middle level, second for high/higher secondary school students and the third for college and university students.
 - (iii) There will be three cash prizes for the best essays in each group in various languages amounting to Rs. 25,000/- (Rupees twenty five thousand), Rs. 35,000/- (Rupees thirty five thousand) and Rs. 40,000/- (Rupees forty thousand) each. In addition to cash prize, a **national recognition certificate** will also be awarded.
 - (iv) Each of the students winning cash award will be given **scholarships** amounting to Rs. 250/-, Rs. 350/- and Rs. 400/- per month for a maximum period of 5 years to continue his or her education in school/college/ university. This will be subject to the student continuing to pursue studies in an educational institution at a level higher than the level at the time of winning the prize.
- (d) As per the scheme of Sadhbhavana Essay Competition Awards, District Collector

will be the nodal agency to receive essays containing 2000 words and recommend 10 best essays in each category of the language and send to the Department of Youth Affairs & Sports. While the District Collector will be guiding and coordinating the overall activity in each district, the primary responsibility would be that of the District Coordinator, Nehru Yuva Kendra. For this, an appropriate committee, will be constituted at the district level which will comprise representatives from the Departments of Education, Culture, Youth Affairs & Sports and Languages as well as from the Nehru Yuva Kendras. All the entries recommended by the District Committees will be examined by a Committee constituted by the Department of Youth Affairs & Sports, Government of India. The Sadbhavana Essay Competition Awards are to be started from the year 1992.

2.5.5 NSS volunteers took part in earthquake relief camps in the affected areas of Uttar Kashi, Tehri Garhwal, Chamoli, Pauri Garhwal and Dehradun districts of Uttar Pradesh.

Jawahar Cycle Yatra

2.5.6 The Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan organised Jawahar Cycle Yatra for "All faith harmony" on 14th November 1991, the birthday of late Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. About 1000 youth belonging to 100 NYKs participated in this Yatra which ended at Shanti Van.

Yuva Kavi Award

2.5.7 The Balken-ji Bari International has instituted the 'National Yuva Kavi Awards' in the memory of late Shri Rajiv Gandhi. These awards in the age groups of 16-20 and 20-25 years for this year were given by the Hon'ble Minister of Human Resource Development on January 12, 1992.

Yuva Milap

2.5.8 The Youth Hostels Association of India (YHAI) organised a National Integration Camps called 'Yuva Milap' in January, 1992 at the Gandhi Darshan Grounds near Rajghat. About 1000 youth from different states participated in this camp lasting 10 days.

Republic Day Camp

2.5.9 The Youth Hostels Association of India (YHAI) organised a Republic Day Camp at Gandhi Darshan Grounds near Rajghat, Delhi from January 22-29, 1992. About 1000 youth from different border areas of the country participated in the camp.

2.5.10 The details of assistance rendered during 1991-92 for Promotion of National Integration are at **Appendix B**.

National Service Scheme

2.6.1 National Service Scheme, was launched in Gandhiji's Birth Centenary Year (1969) with primary focus on the development of personality of students through community service and also on arousing their social consciousness by offering opportunities to interact with the local community creatively and constructively. The Scheme, as originally visualised, was meant for the first degree students in colleges and universities but, with the change in education system and introduction of +2 stage in Senior Secondary Schools, it has been extended selectively to the students of +2 stage also.

2.6.2 The National Service Scheme has two types of programmes viz. Regular Activities and Special Camping Programme, undertaken by the volunteers of NSS. Under Regular Activities, students are expected to work as volunteers for a continuous period of two years and thereby render community service for a minimum of 120 hours per annum. The activities under Regular Programme include improvement of

campuses, tree plantation, constructive work in adopted villages and slums, work in welfare institutions, blood donation, adult and non-formal education, health, nutrition, family welfare, etc. Under Special Camping Programme, a camp of ten days' duration is conducted every year in the adopted area on a specific theme like 'Youth Against Famine', 'Youth Against Dirt and Disease', 'Youth for Afforestation and Tree Plantation', 'Youth for Eco-Development', 'Youth for Rural Reconstruction', 'Youth for Development', etc. From 1989 onwards, Special Camping Programme is being organised on the theme 'Youth for Mass Literacy'.

2.6.3 The expenditure on programmes of NSS is shared between the Central and State Governments in the ratio of 7:5, except in the case of Jammu & Kashmir and Union Territories without Legislature where the entire expenditure is met by the Central Government. The Central Government also meets the entire expenditure on administration, training, research, monitoring, evaluation and publications pertaining to the Scheme, and the full cost of NSS State Liaison Cells being set up in the concerned Departments of State Governments. The existing patterns of expenditure of Rs. 80/- per student per annum on NSS Regular Activities and Rs. 150/- per camper per annum on Special Camping Programme have been revised to Rs. 120/- and Rs. 200/- respectively from the year 1991-92.

2.6.4 For the implementation of NSS Programme throughout the country, the following organisational structures are in operation.

2.6.4.1 At the national level, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Youth Affairs and Sports, decides the policy and programme guidelines for this Scheme. Under the Department, a subordinate organisation 'National Service Scheme' is operating with 15 Regional Centres and 1 Programme Adviser Cell located at Madras, Guwahati, Lucknow, Hyderabad, Pune, Bangalore, Jaipur, Bhubaneswar, Calcutta, Bhopal, Chandigarh, Patna, Ahmedabad, Trivandrum and New Delhi. In the Department, there is the Programme Adviser to advise the Government of India on matters pertaining to the development programmes. At the State level, the State Advisory Committee under the Chairmanship of Minister of Education/Youth Services and State NSS Liaison Cell are functioning. The State NSS Cell is expected to co-ordinate with the Central Government, NSS Regional Centre, universities, colleges and schools in matters of timely release of grants and proper implementation of the Programme. This Department bears entire expenditure on the maintenance of State NSS Cells. At university level, there are University NSS Advisory Committee under the Chairmanship of the Vice-Chancellor and University NSS Cell headed by the Programme Coordinator. At college level, there is a NSS Advisory Committee with the Principal as Chairman and the Programme Officer as grassroot level functionary for mobilising students and implementation of all NSS programmes. One Programme Officer is in charge of one NSS Unit consisting of 100 students. In order to provide training, research and evaluation of the Scheme and to motivate and equip the Programme Officers with requisite skills, 4 Training, Orientation and Research Centres (TORCs) and 18 Training and Orientation Centres (TOCs) have been set up. The Department meets the entire expenditure on maintenance of these TORCs and TOCs. Recently, the TOCs have been strengthened further by adding one more faculty and by enhancing the pro-rata expenditure on training (fixed in 1986 at the level of Rs. 40/- per trainee) to Rs. 80/- from 1992-93.

2.6.5 Over the years, the students' response to NSS has been very encouraging. Starting with 40,000 volunteers during 1969-70, the coverage of students has now crossed one million spread over in 157 universities. Due to overwhelming popularity and demand, NSS has now been extended to +2 level also.

2.6.6 Recently, when the severe earthquake hit the hilly areas of Uttar Kashi (UP), the NSS volunteers from various parts of the country came forward to send relief to the victims of earthquake. Several camps were organised in the region with medical and other logistic materials to provide immediate relief. About 1500 NSS volunteers of the

region were organised to provide relief and rehabilitation to the affected people.

2.6.7 During the year 1991-92 (till December 1991), 1,76,013 NSS volunteers were involved in the Mass Programme for Functional Literacy (MPFL) of the National Literacy Mission (NLM). This is so far the largest number of student volunteers involved in MPFL from a single organisation. As a result of this involvement, a number of villages have been made fully literate by the NSS volunteers. Some of them include the Budhpur village in Delhi, Sitarampur village of Karimnagar District in A.P., Jagdishpur village in Sonapat, Gwali in Kumaon, 13 villages of Mizoram, the whole of the UT of Pondicherry, Kerala State and many other adopted villages where the NSS Units are functioning under NLM compact area literacy drive. More than 3,552 villages have been identified for total literacy drive in various parts of the country, The NSS volunteers of Bihar University, Muzaffarpur in collaboration with the Swami Vivekananda Foundation for Youth have launched a total literacy drive under the slogan "Literate Muzzafarpur Mission". About 1,000 rickshaw-pullers of the district are being made literate under this programme for which makeshift literacy classes are being run by NSS volunteers.

2.6.8 From 1991-92 academic session, the NSS focus has been on area-based total literacy campaigns with the assigned task for each college/school.NSS unit to make at least one village fully literate in a phased manner.

2.6.9 Recently, the NSS Organisation, Ministry of Health and W.H.O. have entered into a collaborative arrangement for bringing awareness on AIDS among student youth. The programme called 'Universities Talk Aids' (known as UTA) has become very popular. It is for the first time in India that a major programme has been taken up by a students' youth organisation on AIDS. Several T.V. interviews and films on the work of NSS in prevention of AIDS were telecast in various cities. Four Regional Training Workshops and one National Ceremony were organised, in addition to 19 State ceremonies, to felicitate AIDS Awareness Poster Competition Award winners. There were more than two thousand entries for the materials and message development contest on AIDS awareness, out of which 8 students were adjudged as the best. Shri Arjun Singh, Union Minister for Human Resource Development presented the awards and inaugurated a National Exhibition on Youth and AIDS. A long term 'Plan of Action' to involve the student youth of all universities in prevention of AIDS is being prepared.

2.6.10 National Youth Day/Week and NSS Day were celebrated throughout the country by all the NSS units. On January 12, 1992, National Youth Awards were given to 15 youth for the year 1990-91. Among those honoured were three NSS volunteers, namely, S.G. Pramod Kumar (Kerala), R. Mariappan (Tamil Nadu) and Ashok Kumar Dash (Orissa) also. 8,700 NSS volunteers witnessed the National Youth Award Function. As a part of the Youth Week celebration, about 600 NSS volunteers drawn from 11 universities of Gujarat participated in a State level function and took part in a variety of programmes including competitions, games and sports and cultural programmes.

2.6.11 NSS volunteers also actively participated in the organisation of the Rainbow Week from November 14-20, 1991 at the Youth Hostels Association of India, New Delhi in which several young foreign participants stayed together for a week.

2.6.12 156 (76 male+80 female) NSS volunteers (representing 21 States and 4 UTs) from 85 universities and 122 NSS units participated in the Republic Day Parade, 1992 at the national level displaying banners on areas of their involvement in national tasks which have earned wide acclaim for the Organisation. A 21-minute film on the NSS Republic Day Camp entitled "Barte Kadam" was telecast on national programme on February 1, 1992. Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma, Hon'ble Vice-President of India and Shri P.V. Narasimha Rao, Hon'ble Prime Minister of India gave special audience to the NSS Republic Day campers and addressed them.

2.6.13 A special Youth Motivation Camp with special focus on Gandhiji and his

teachings was organised at Ahmedabad (Gujarat). A total of 17 National Integration Camps have been sanctioned to the NSS Units. With a view to providing opportunities to NSS youth to imbibe the spirit of national unity and brotherhood, exhibitions and adventure programmes were organised for NSS volunteers highlighting the role of youth in nation-building. A national level exhibition on the theme 'Rajiv Gandhi and the Youth' was put-up during the celebration of Sadbhavana Diwas on August 20, 1991 in which 6,000 NSS volunteers participated. Programmes like blood donation, eye donation camps, tree plantation, village adoption, slum development, communal harmony, Quami Ekta and health education were also organised by the universities.

2.6.14 The NSS Organisation in collaboration with the Commonwealth Youth Programme (CYP) Asia Centre has taken up 5 developmental projects through the NSS unit of Rajarishi Government College, Alwar for development of village Rawandera by way of desilting and deepening of village tank, construction of check-dams and tree plantation on Raj Rishi Sevapath. The work on these projects has already started.

2.6.15 The State NSS Cell of Madhya Pradesh has undertaken Integrated Wasteland Development Pilot Project at Indore since 1990-91. The project is for integrated development of a composite wasteland area measuring about 135 sq. kms. in Mhow Tehsil of Indore. The NSS volunteer input per year by NSS for this project is about 24,000 mandays.

2.6.16 Gram Vikas Kendra—a Centre for Rural Development Studies has been developed by the unique efforts of NSS volunteers of Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam. The 2.5 acre area of the Kendra has been developed by way of Shramdan organised by NSS volunteers. The Kendra is developed to train youth, in various aspects of socio-economic development.

2.6.17 As a part of upgrading functional efficiency of the NSS officials at various Regional Centres, a condensed in-service training was organised by the Department in collaboration with Indian Institute of Public Administration (IIPA), New Delhi from September 23 to October 4, 1991. 12 officers from 11 Regional Centres participated in the Organisation Training Course.

2.6.18 A Seminar on 'World Peace and Harmony' was organised at the University of Kerala on January 30, 1992, which was inaugurated by the Chief Minister of Kerala. Further, a national workshop on special programmes for the SAARC Decade of the Girl Child' was organised at Avinashilingam Deemed University, Coimbatore from January 30, 1992 to February 2, 1992, which was inaugurated by the Secretary, Department of Youth Affairs and Sports, Govt. of India. In this connection, it is of significance to note that in this University, NSS has been linked up with curriculam. All the students have to take an examination in NSS theory and get their field work evaluated. The results are finally included for grading just as in the case of any other subject.

2.6.19 Considering the size of the country and large number of students in universities, colleges and schools, there is a tremendous scope and potential for further expansion of NSS movement. Besides, there is also a need to further improve the quality and effectiveness of NSS programmes at various levels. However, due to current resource crunch, during the year 1992-93, the emphasis will be on strengthening and consolidating the existing NSS strength in the country. Attention also needs to be paid to streamline the problem-areas in the implementation of NSS programme. One of such areas in the delay in release of grants from State to the Universities and from the latter to Colleges. This point came up for discussion in the last National Conference of Ministers of Youth Affairs and Sports held in November, 1991 and efforts may be made to release NSS grants directly to NSS units at the College/+2 level in consultation with State Governments. There will also be an equal emphasis on improvement in the quality of community service and to focus the attention of student youth on the burning national problems like Nation's Unity and Integrity, Communalism, Illiteracy, Social Evils Untouchability, Dowry, Gender Justice, Ecology, Drug Abuse, AIDS, etc. to create

mass awareness. Setting up of a few more NSS Regional Centres, particularly in North-Eastern Region and North-West Region and TORCs and TOCs in other parts of the country is likely to be considered during the year 1992-93.

National Service Volunteer Scheme

2.7.1 The National Service Volunteer Scheme was started in the year 1977-78 with the aim of providing opportunities to educated youth for taking part voluntarily in the process of national development for a specified period on a whole time basis. Graduate youth below 25 years of age are eligible for deployment as National Service Volunteers (NSV) for a maximum period of 2 years. Relaxation in educational qualifications and upper age limit is given to women and SC/ST candidates.

2.7.2 A volunteer is paid a stipend of Rs. 300 per month and travelling allowance of Rs. 150 per month. Apart from this, a volunteer is also given Rs. 100 per annum as contingencies. The total annual cost for deploying a volunteer is Rs. 5,500/-. Government is considering to increase the stipend and travelling allowance.

2.7.3 The Department has been deploying roughly 3,000 volunteers every year and this year also, more than 3,000 volunteers have been deployed. Out of this, about 2000 volunteers have been deployed by the Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, an autonomous body under this Deptt. working for the welfare of non-student rural youth. These volunteers are deployed in various Kendras of the Sangathan and assist the Youth Coordinators in undertaking the programmes of the Sangathan. The number of NSVs deployed in the Kendras depends on the size of the District. The role of NSVs in the implementation of programmes of the Sangathan is very important keeping in mind that the regular staff of the Sangathan consists of only one Youth Coordinator, one Accounts Clerk-cum-Typist and one Peon.

2.7.4 Apart from the Sangathan, a good number of NSVs are also deployed with various Regional Centres of the National Service Scheme and also with the Bharat Scouts and Guides. During this year, 350 volunteers have been deployed with the National Service Scheme and 480 volunteers with the Bharat Scouts and Guides.

2.7.5 Some volunteers have also been deployed with the State Govts. of Punjab, Haryana, Orissa and Madhya Pradesh in the rural programmes. This Deptt. has also sanctioned about 300 volunteers to work with 40 voluntary agencies.

2.7.6 In a recent study conducted by the Planning Commission on the Schemes of the Sangathan, it was recorded that the National Service Volunteers' work was a critical input to the programmes of the Sangathan. Efforts will be made to make this scheme more useful and participatory.

Training of Youth

2.8.1 This is one of the most important schemes of this Department and was started in 1986-87. The objective of the scheme is to motivate the youth, through spread of knowledge by participating in training courses based on local needs and talents, for promotion of self-employment. The subject of training may relate to agricultural technology, crop management, animal husbandry, dairy, poultry, bee-keeping, pisciculture, puppetry, plumbing, health education, management at local level, scientific methods of using smokeless choolahs, etc. This scheme acts as a supplement to the scheme of assistance to voluntary organisations since both these schemes basically aim at upgradation of skills of trainees so as to make them suitable for seeking self employment. Given the importance of the scheme, this Department has decided to increase the budgetary allocation both in the Annual Plan of 1992-93 and for the VIII Five Year Plan.

2.8.2 Under the scheme, assistance is given at the rate of Rs. 50 per day per head for meeting board and lodging and other training expenses. Assistance is also given for

meeting travel expenditure by the cheapest mode. This Department has been giving assistance to various voluntary organisations, reputed institutions and also to some State Governments under the scheme.

2.8.3 During the year 1991-92, approximately 5000 persons were trained under the scheme. Particulars of some of the major grantees, and the number of persons trained by each of them are furnished below:—

Sl. No.	Name of Organisation	No. of trainees
1.	Banwasi Sewa Ashram, Govindpur, Sonebhadra, Uttar Pradesh.	260
2.	Bangawani Society, Distt. Nadia, West Bengal.	200
3.	India House Development, 134, Palam Colony, New Delhi.	200
4.	Ramakrishna Mission, Narendrapur, West Bengal.	175
5.	A.P. Young Entrepreneurs Promotion Development Association, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh.	150
6.	Sri Aurobindo Education Society, Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi.	120
7.	Director, Youth Services & Sports, Himachal Pradesh, Shimla.	120
8.	Bharat Scouts & Guides, New Delhi.	100
9.	Karayil Yuvajana Kala Samiti, Kerala.	100
10.	Bhartiya Vikas Trust, Vinayak Vihar, Anant Nagar, Karnataka.	60
11.	G.R. Sharma Archaeological Society, Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh.	60
12.	Institute for Youth and Development, Regional Training Centre, Bangalore, Karnataka.	60
13.	Antar Bharti, Mappilia Sahib, Madurai, Tamil Nadu.	50
14.	Centre for Social Service & Research, Dindigul, Tamil Nadu.	30
15.	Andhra Mahila Sabha Trust Board, Mahila Sabha Building, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh.	24

National Youth Awards

2.9.1 With a view to giving recognition to the outstanding work done by young persons and voluntary organisations in the areas of national development and/or social service and encouraging them to develop a sense of responsibility towards society, the Department had instituted the National Youth Awards in 1985. Under this Scheme, upto 50 awards, including two to voluntary youth organisations can be given each year.

2.9.2 Each awardee is given a medal, a scroll and a cash prize of Rs. 5,000/- for outstanding work. In the case of the Voluntary Youth Organisation, the cash award is

Rs. 1,00,000/- alongwith a trophy and a scroll. It has been decided that from 1992-93, the cash prize to the individual youth will be enhanced to Rs. 10,000/-.

2.9.3 The selection of awardees is made by a Central Selection Committee on the basis of recommendations of State Governments, who, in turn, get recommendations from district level selection committees. The Department gives wide publicity to the Scheme among voluntary youth organisations, NSS, State Governments and leading public figures and Members of Parliament so that adequate number of nominations are available and, among them, the most deserving are selected.

2.9.4 The National Youth Awards for the year 1990-91 were given on January 12, 1992 to 15 young persons and 2 Voluntary Organisations at a function held in the Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium, New Delhi which was attended by 12,000 youth from all over the country. A variety of colourful cultural programmes were presented on the occasion, including demonstrations of yoga, lezim and rope and pole malkhamb by children and youth drawn from different parts of the country. The details of awardees upto 1990-91 may be seen in **Appendix-C**.

2.9.5 The institution of this Award has given a fillip to voluntary efforts and the youth of the country have begun to aspire for recognition in the form of Youth Award. Many State Governments have also now started giving State level awards thereby making their own contribution to recognise efforts made by the youth in national development. The National Youth Award has thus acted as a catalyst to encourage youth to contribute their share for social uplift and to do constructive work.

Assistance to Youth Clubs

2.10.1 This scheme was started in 1986-87 with the objective of giving a new thrust to the youth club movement in the country. Youth Clubs are the grass-root level organisations which work towards development of local community. The clubs may be registered. They may also function as unregistered units. The Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, an autonomous body under this Department working towards the welfare of rural youth, promotes the development of such youth clubs.

2.10.2 The Government in its efforts to promote the growth of youth clubs gives assistance at the rate of Rs. 2000/- to each registered youth club which is not more than two years old as on the date of application of assistance. Out of this amount, Rs. 1000/- is meant for recurring expenditure such as rent of space, purchase of newspapers, etc. and the remaining Rs. 1000/- is for the non-recurring expenditure, i.e., purchase of equipment, books, sports articles, furniture, etc. The recurring grant may be given for a period of three years provided the club submits its audited statement of accounts for the earlier grant given under this scheme.

2.10.3 Youth Clubs have been found to be extremely useful instruments in reaching out to masses. The role of youth clubs also received high praise in a recent study conducted by the Planning Commission. The report specifically states that the youth clubs have been instrumental in creation of village infrastructure under the supervision of Panchayats. The youth clubs have also worked as participatory rural voluntary organisations for community development under the Integrated Rural Development Programme.

2.10.4 During the year 1991-92, about 800 youth clubs have been given assistance.

Youth Hostels

2.11.1 Youth Hostels are built to promote youth travel within the country. The construction of such hostels has been conceived as a joint venture between the Central and State Governments. While the Central Government bears the cost of construction, the State Governments provide fully developed land free of cost, with water and electricity connections, approach road and staff quarters. They also bear the initial operational cost of the hostels. A sum of Rs. 1,60,000/- is sanctioned by the Central

Government for furniture/furnishings. The completed youth hostels are handed over to the State Governments for management on a token rent of Re. 1/- per annum. Normal maintenance of these hostels is the responsibility of the State Government but major and special repairs are carried out by the Central Government.

2.11.2 Generally, husband-wife teams of the rank of Major and above in the Army and equivalent ranks in the Navy and Air-force are appointed as Warden/Assistant Warden of the hostels. Retired Group 'A' officers of the Central and State Governments are also eligible. The Warden and Assistant Warden work as an operational team, and also look after the arrangements for youth activities under the aegis of the Department from time to time. An honorarium of Rs. 2,000/- per month is paid by the Department to the Warden/Assistant Warden of the youth hostel (Rs. 2,400/- in the case of youth hostels in North-Eastern region). A lump sum amount of Rs. 500/- per month is paid to the Warden/Assistant Warden as conveyance allowance.

2.11.3 The Local Management Committee for each youth hostel has a very crucial role in the smooth functioning of the youth hostel programme, as per the guidelines issued by the Department. State Governments have, therefore, been requested to form such committees.

2.11.4 30 Youth Hostels have so far been commissioned at Amritsar, Aurangabad, Bhopal, Dalhousie, Panchkula, Darjeeling, Gandhinagar, Hyderabad, Hassan, Mysore, Jaipur, Madras, Madurai, Patnitop, Naharlagun, Shillong, Imphal, Namchi, Ernakulam, Trivandrum, Dimapur, Calicut, Port Blair, Agra, Nainital, Panaji, Puri, Kurukshetra, Pondicherry and Roopnagar.

2.11.5 4 Youth Hostels at Guwahati, Patna, Tura and Jodhpur are likely to be commissioned shortly.

2.11.6 Work on construction of 33 youth hostels at Tirupati, Vijayawada, Visakhapatnam (A.P.); Golaghat, Nagaon, Tezpur (Assam); Podam, Mapusa (Goa); Gurgaon (Haryana), Manali, Bilaspur (H.P.); Karwar (Karnataka); Waynad (Kerala); Ukhrul, Mokochung (Manipur); Aizwal (Mizoram); Bhubaneswar, Gopalpur-on-Sea, Jshipur, Koraput (Orissa); Patiala, Sangrur (Punjab); Trichy (Tamil Nadu); Allahabad, Lucknow, Mussoorie, Ranikhet, Tirth Rameshwar, Uttar Kashi (U.P.); and Baikhali, Kaikhali, Churlia, Burdwan (West Bengal) is in progress.

2.11.7 A meeting of the Central Policy Committee for Youth Hostels was held on 18.12.91 under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports, Kum. Mamata Banerjee. The Committee reviewed the working of youth Hostels and took decisions to improve the management of these Hostels. It was decided to give wide publicity to the availability of Youth Hostels and to provide more facilities to Youth tourists. The tariff structure and the honorarium paid to the Wardens/Asstt. Wardens was also revised. Doordarshan authorities have been requested to prepare appropriate documentaries to give publicity to the facilities available to youth in youth hostels.

Assistance to Voluntary Organisations

2.12.1 The scheme of assistance to voluntary organisations working in the field of youth is designed to promote the following objectives and activities:—

- (i) Involvement of youth on a full time basis for undertaking activities like rural development, adult education and improvement in urban slums.
- (ii) Larger involvement of voluntary agencies in the implementation of youth programmes in the field of vocational training and youth leadership training programmes with the objective of training young persons who can act as catalysts to bring about social change.

Under the scheme, assistance is given to registered bodies, public trusts and non-profit making companies.

2.12.2 The main focus of activity under this has been vocational training programmes wherein significant achievement has been observed in the field of agro based industries, tailoring, embroidery, carpentry etc., to promote self employment for youth. Given the fact that 1/3 of the country's population consists of youth and also keeping in mind that a large section of youth is unemployed, this scheme is of vital importance in order to promote opportunities for young persons to upgrade skills so as to seek self employment at a later date. It is also a very popular programme as is evident from the large number of proposals received in this Department every year. Apart from vocational training programmes, considerable amount of assistance is also given for conduct of various youth leadership training programmes in order to promote a cadre of young dynamic persons who would act as catalysts towards social change in the rural areas.

2.12.3 Under this scheme, assistance is given for board and lodging for the trainees at the rate of Rs. 15 per day per head, for meeting travel expenses by the cheapest mode for the trainees, for meeting honorarium expenses for instructors and also for financing some part of capital expenditure.

2.12.4 During the year 1991-92, roughly 40 organisations have been assisted under this programme and approximately 10,500 persons have been trained. Some of the main organisations to whom grants were released during 1991-92 and the number of persons trained are furnished below:—

S. No.	Name of Organisation	No. of beneficiaries
1.	All India Pariwar Kalyan Parishad, New Delhi	50
2.	Ananda Niketan, Distt. Howrah (W.B.)	584
3.	Institute of Women, Child and Youth Development, Nagpur (Mah)	50
4.	Divine Light Educational & Cultural Society, New Delhi	60
5.	India International Rural Cultural Centre, New Delhi	60
6.	G.R. Sharma Archaeological Society, Allahabad	60
7.	R.K. Mission Ashram	100
8.	Akhil Bharatiya Sewa Mangal, Lucknow	100
9.	Smt. Chander Kumar Shiksha Samity, Allahabad	200
10.	Akhil Bhartiya Grameen Sewa Sangh, Sultanpuri, New Delhi	300
11.	Society for Promotion of Youth & Masses, New Delhi	50
12.	Sharambharti, Khadigram, Munger (Bihar)	1200
13.	Kavuru Charitable Trust, A.P.	4340

Special Scheme for Promotion of Youth Activities among the Youth of Backward Tribes

2.13.1 The scheme was initiated in the year 1990-91 in order to promote youth activities amongst the youth of backward tribes. Development of tribals and tribal areas is a special responsibility of the Government keeping in view that their development, be it economic or otherwise, is below the national average. The need for special attention towards Scheduled Tribes has been recognised in the Constitution and, therefore, the Central Government has initiated the scheme to bring the tribal youth into the main-stream without disturbing their social and cultural heritage.

2.13.2 Under the scheme, assistance is given to voluntary organisations, reputed institutions and also to state Governments for conducting vocational training programmes, exhibitions, national integration camps and programmes on general awareness. Assistance is given for training at the rate of Rs. 50/- per day per head and travel costs by the cheapest mode are also reimbursed. For exhibitions, assistance is given at the rate of Rs. 20/- per day per head for boarding, travel costs, by the cheapest mode and also a small sum for organisational expenses. Under National Integration, assistance is given for board and lodging at the rate of Rs. 20/- per day per head, travel

by the cheapest mode and a portion of organisational expenses. For National Integration Project, in case the programme is conducted in the State capital, the board and lodging expenses are reimbursed at the rate of Rs. 25/- per day per head and for the four metropolitan cities, i.e. Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta and Madras the rate is Rs. 50/- per day per head.

2.13.3 Some of the Major grantees during 1991-92 are:

1. Nehru Education Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes Association, Karnataka.
2. Literacy House, Uttar Pradesh.
3. Action for Community organisation, Rehabilitation and Development, Tamil Nadu.
4. Bharat Scouts and Guides, New Delhi.
5. Sampark Samaj Sevi Sansthan, Madhya Pradesh.
6. Gyan Deep Education Society, Gujarat.
7. Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan.
8. Bangavani Society, Nadia.
9. Gayatri Kelvani Mandal, Gujarat.
10. Shri Saraswati Kelvani Mandal, Gujarat.

Scouting & Guiding

2.14.1 Scouting & Guiding, an international movement, aims at developing the character of boys and girls and making them blossom forth as good citizens of the country by inculcating in them a spirit of loyalty to the nation, patriotism and sympathy for others. It also promotes balanced physical and mental development. Social service and community work constitute an important aspect of the movement.

2.14.2 The main organisation that promotes this activity is the **Bharat Scouts & Guides**, to which the Department extends financial assistance, both towards administrative expenditure and for activities like training camps, rallies and jambories. It also holds National Integration Camps for children/youth in the age group of 14-17.

2.14.3 The units of scouts & guides continued their sustained activities throughout the country in the areas of selfless social service, health awareness programmes, environmental awareness programme, youth adventure programmes, sanitation, literacy, international brotherhood and help to victims of natural calamities.

2.14.4 The National Youth Week, Leprosy Awareness Week, World No Tobacco Day, World Environment Day, Earth Day, World Habitat Day, Independence Day, etc. were celebrated by scouts and guides in a befitting manner. The Organisation also rose to the occasion and held Communal Harmony Marches/All Faith Prayer Meetings all over the country during communal disturbances.

2.14.5 In 1991-92, the Bharat Scouts & Guides, apart from the usual activities, organised 68 national integration events and adventure programmes. During the year, 22 lakh boys and girls were covered under Scouting & Guiding.

2.14.6 The Bharat Scouts & Guides, New Delhi undertook the Uttar Kashi earthquake relief work in a big way. The organisation put to use their Ham Radio for the relief work alongwith Government agencies.

2.14.7 The programmes of the Bharat Scouts & Guides have been activated in the Union Territory of Daman & Diu.

2.14.8 A team consisting of 13 members from Regional offices of World Scout Movement and other countries visited India to acquaint itself about the services rendered by the Bharat Scouts & Guides towards Leprosy Awareness Programme with a view to implement it in their areas.

2.14.9 A Scout/Guide Rally of 3000 Scouts, Guides, Rovers, Rangers was held at Rashtrapati Bhavan in which the President of India awarded National Scouting

awards to the volunteers and professionals for their meritorious and extraordinary services and Rashtrapati Scout/Guide/Rover/Ranger Awards to the participants.

2.14.10 The Prime Minister distributed the shields in New Delhi on April 23, 1991 to the winners who have done the best Community Services in their States.

2.14.11 Northern Railway State Scout/Guide Rally was organised at Jodhpur where all Railway State Associations participated.

2.14.12 Andhra Pradesh State Bharat Scouts & Guides held the State Jamboree at Karimnagar in which more than 3000 Scouts/Guides and guest contingents from other states also participated.

2.14.13 Efforts are continuing to strengthen the Scouts & Guides movement in the country by providing necessary financial assistance for items like conducting training courses, providing camping equipment and by opening regional centres in the country.

2.14.14 The All India Boy Scouts Association is another organisation in this field which works mainly among the non-student youth. During the year, the organisation conducted 4 National Integration Camps and a number of state level and local training camps. It organised National Scouters Conference and State conferences including the National Workshop held at Chhatari Hut, New Delhi from 8-11 November, 1991 inaugurated by the hon'ble Mr. H.R. Bhardwaj, Minister of State for Planning and Programme Implementation in which more than 250 scouts participated. The National Youth Day/Week was celebrated by the organisation throughout the country with wide participation of youth who took oath to promote spiritualism and common brotherhood. The organisation also celebrated various important days like United Nations Day, World Health Organisation Day, Human Rights Day, No-tobacco Campaign and Anti-drug abuse programmes in close cooperation with the United Nations with which the organisation is coordinating for the last 6 years. During the year, the organisation also organised several social service and relief camps on important occasions. The scouters and rover-scouts of the organisation have been making special efforts in tree-plantation and in campaign for preservation of forests and wild life and to improve the environment.

Nehru Yuva Kendras

2.15.1 The Nehru Yuva Kendra (NYK) Sangathan is an autonomous body under the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports. It is registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 and has its own Board of Governors chaired by the Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports.

2.15.2 The objective of the Sangathan has been to generate awareness, organise and mobilise non-student rural youth in national development programmes. The emphasis of the Sangathan's programmes is to mobilise youth and sensitise them to the problems confronting our nation. There are at present 398 kendras in as many districts of the country.

2.15.3 The strategy of the Sangathan has been to mobilise youth at the grass-root level and infuse in them a sense of responsibility and pride of belonging to the nation. The programmes are planned and implemented with the assistance of village level youth clubs. The youth clubs are motivated and mobilised for development work with emphasis on values, vision and voluntary action. These voluntary action groups of youth come together as village youth clubs with the involvement of the rural poor. Apart from the promotion of youth clubs, the Sangathan plays an active role in conduct of vocational training courses, youth leadership training camps, adult education programmes and sports/cultural activities. The Sangathan also plays a major role in times of natural calamities and communal disturbances.

2.15.4 Funds for conduct of these programmes were stopped in May, 1990 pending

evaluation of the programmes by the Planning Commission. The report of the Planning Commission has acknowledged that the schemes of the Sangathan have been beneficial and have generated awareness amongst the village youth about their environment, national values and issues etc. The report has also stated that youth clubs have been instrumental in creation of assets in the villages in a cooperative and voluntary manner, with the help of village panchayats. There are, however, a few administrative shortcomings and lacunae pointed out in the report which are being looked into by this Department in consultation with Planning Commission.

2.15.5 The main programmes undertaken by the Sangathan during 1991-92 were as follows:-

(i) National Literacy Mission

The Sangathan has taken up National Literacy Mission (NLM) projects in 49 CD blocks in 24 Districts of U.P. and 26 CD blocks in 18 districts of Rajasthan. In both the States 8,000 Adult Education Centres are running enrolling about 240,000 illiterates. To implement this project successfully about 8956 personnel were trained. In addition, 8 districts of Orissa, Bihar and West Bengal have been taken up by 540 youth clubs for Adult Education programmes. This is a pilot project which is a combination of centre based and voluntary based approach. A total number of 26,000 adult illiterates are enrolled. The Sangathan is also implementing more than 1,500 Jana Shiksha Nilayams (JSNs) in which adult education centres are run by the rural youth.

(ii) Vocational Training

With a view to update skills and self-reliance at the village level as well as supplement income-generating potential of village youth, vocational training is undertaken. Skills such as TV/Radio repairing, tubewell repairing, tailoring, handicrafts, nutrition/food preservation methods, agricultural inputs for rural youth are organised by NYKs. About 35,000 rural youth have been given Vocational Training during the year.

(iii) Relief Activities

The Sangathan has contributed to alleviating the victims of Uttarakashi earthquake. The NYKs collected relief material and a few others sent their volunteers to the affected areas. The first truck load of relief material was flagged off from NYK, Ghaziabad, (UP) by Ms. Mamata Banerjee, Minister of State for Youth Affairs & Sports. NYKs region of Allahabad presented a cheque of Rs. 111,111.00 for Prime Minister's National Relief Fund to Ms. Mamata Banerjee. The total amount contributed by NYKs to the PM's Relief fund for Uttar Kashi Relief is Rs. 172,793 as on 18.2.92. The Prime Minister has thanked the NYKs for their contribution in a letter to the Minister of State for Youth Affairs & Sports. Amongst other relief material collected, approximately 2,000 quintals of wheat, 8 quintals of rice, 4 quintals of sugar and other food stuff were sent to Uttarkashi. In addition, 250 blankets, warm clothes and medicines were also sent to the earthquake victims.

(iv) Cultural Activities

Promoting and preserving cultural heritage and propagating composite cultural identity is a major task of NYKs. In this effort the NYKs organised cultural programmes in rural areas through village Youth Clubs. A total number of 1300 Cultural Programmes were organised.

(v) Sports

With the objective of inculcating and encouraging a sports culture in rural areas rural sports were organised all over the country. The objective was achieved through the organisation of block level and inter-block sports league on knock-out basis in which incentive/awards are given to the winners. The rural games and sports that are given

importance are like Volleyball, Football, Kabaddi, etc. A total number of 1100 sports programmes were organised.

(vi) National Youth Week

All NYKs in the country celebrated the National Youth Week from January 12 to 19, 1992. Multifarious activities/programmes were undertaken to inspire the youth for national development and instil in them the spirit of youth as embodied in the life of Swami Vivekananda. During these celebrations, youth potential and commitment were brought forth with force. On each day, programmes with various themes on the ideals and teachings of Swami Vivekananda were organised.

(vii) District Youth Award

The District Youth Award was introduced this year with the objective to formally recognise the outstanding work done by the voluntary organisations and individuals in the district. The individual award carries a prize money of Rs. 500 each along with a certificate. Further an award for youth clubs doing outstanding work in the field has also been introduced by the Sangathan from this year. The Kendras select the best Youth Club in their district through a Committee chaired by the District Magistrate.

(viii) Jawahar Cycle Yatra

To mark the birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru a national level Cycle Yatra for All Faith Harmony was organised from November 12 to 17, 1991 in New Delhi. More than 800 youth from every state of India travelled on cycle to reach Delhi to pay rich tributes to this outstanding statesman and visionary. The objective of the Cycle Yatra were:

- (a) To educate young adventure loving people of limited means to acquire greater knowledge of their country and people;
- (b) to foster friendly relations among people of all faiths.
- (c) to imbibe reverence for all life, nature, creation, adventure and hardship; and
- (d) to promote Inter-State contact between youth as well as others, without distinction of caste, creed, religion, region, language, community and culture by providing a meeting ground in the homely and healthy environment on a common platform in the camp and thereby promoting all Faith Harmony.

(ix) Jawaharlal Nehru Memorial Lecture

As a part of Jawaharlal Nehru birthday celebration the first Jawaharlal Nehru Memorial Lecture was organised in Delhi on 16th November, 1991. The lecture which was well attended was delivered by Dr. Karan Singh on the subject of 'Nehru's Vision of Youth and Democracy in India'.

sports and physical education

Introduction

3.1.1 Even though India has a long tradition in Sports and Physical activities, it was only after independence in 1947 that we paid attention to sports with a view to develop excellence. However, a higher priority to sports was accorded only just prior to the 1982 Asian Games. The will to develop modern competitive sports with a view to compete for international recognition was firmed up in the first ever Sports Policy announced in 1984. Our efforts to foster medal winning potential in international sports is less than a decade old. The performance of the country in sports should, therefore, be viewed in this context rather than in terms of total population.

3.1.2 The year under report witnessed consolidation and strengthening of the gains and initiatives of the Department as also of Sports Authority of India. However, a 10% mandatory cut on expenditure imposed by Ministry of Finance, placed a sever strain on various programmes.

3.1.3 It was decided to critically examine the Sports Policy, 1984 and all on-going Schemes with a view to take stock of requisite additions or alterations before start of the VIII Plan. A Committee was constituted under the Chairmanship of DG, SAI, to review the Sports Policy as also the prevailing guidelines for National Sports Federations. Another Committee was constituted under the Chairmanship of the Secretary, Deptt. of Youth and Sports to review all schemes and programmes of Sports. This Committee was assisted by three Sub-Committees— one each for reviewing the Schemes for Development of Excellence in Sports; Broad-basing of Sports; and for the review of the Schemes of Incentives, Awards and Scholarships. Both Committees are expected to finalise their reports shortly. Follow up action will be initiated and all work completed as early as feasible.

Approach to VIII Plan

3.1.4 This was finalised after a great deal of deliberations. A wide spectrum of sports programmes incorporated therein are updated/amended existing programmes and some new Schemes. An allocation of Rs. 727 crores for the VIII Plan has been sought from the Planning Commission on the basis of a detailed draft plan document.

Sports Ministers' Conference

3.1.5 The Fourth National Conference of Ministers of Youth & Sports was organised after a gap of over two years on November 18, 1991. The recommendations of the Conference are given in **Appendix-D**.

Mass Media

3.1.6 The Standing Inter-Departmental Committee for Mass Media to publicise and disseminate the schemes and programmes of sports of the Department and of SAI was activated. In the meeting held on 31.1.92 decisions were taken to bring sports in sharper media focus. Closer cooperation with the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Doordarshan and All India Radio will be maintained. In a far reaching development, Doordarshan has agreed to let DG, SAI coordinate and suggest coverage of sports events on a quarterly basis.

Involvement of Public and Private Sector Enterprises

3.1.7 The initiative of the Minister of State, who held a two days Conference with top executives of important Private/Public Sector Enterprises to enlist the support for development of sports was a success. A Task Force has been constituted under the Chairmanship of Secretary to review the follow-up work. Major industrial enterprises are being persuaded to adopt one or more sports discipline each and share the burden of establishing single discipline dedicated Sports Academies. The first meeting of the Task Force was held on February 4, 1992.

Financial Incentives

3.1.8 Financial incentives are available to sports persons in the form of exemption of Customs Duty on import of sports equipments, exemption of Income Tax on Awards/Prizes. However, the hesitancy of Industry/Business Enterprises to contribute generously for promotion of sports is due to lack of tax incentives for them. Fifty percent income tax exemptions for donation to certain recognised sports bodies is presently insufficient motivation. Moreover, expenditure incurred on sports is not being allowed to be charged as legitimate expenditure. The Department has, therefore, taken the initiative to seek total exemption of Income Tax on expenditure incurred by the Enterprises/Business Houses on promotion of sports by way of Creation of Infrastructure, purchase of equipment, running of Sports Academies, sponsoring teams/individuals for training and participation in the sports events in the country or abroad, for sponsoring the hosting of the National/International Sports Tournaments in the country etc. The Deptt. has also sought full exemption of Customs Duty on Import of Sports Equipment by the Enterprises for training of elite sportspersons in the National Academies and elsewhere.

Incentives for Employment/Admission in Colleges and Universities

3.1.9 A Group was constituted under chairmanship of Secretary, Department of Youth Affairs & Sports to suggest incentives & special consideration to be given to sportspersons in employment as also admission to colleges & universities. A series of meetings of this group have been held during the past few months and the report is being finalised.

IOA Symposium

3.1.10 At the behest of the Department, a Symposium was organised by Indian Olympic Association on February 21, 1992 to focus on responsibilities of IOA, Sports Federations, SAI and the Department towards fulfilment of coordinated roles of each agency to achieve the best possible results in Sports for the country.

IMPORTANT SCHEMES

Grants for creation of Sports Infrastructure

3.2.1 This scheme is of vital importance and, therefore, received the highest allocation of Rs. 60 crores amongst the schemes of sports in the VII Plan. Higher allocations are needed in the VIII Plan to meet the ever increasing demand of Central assistance to promote sports infrastructure as also to cover the higher per unit assistance due to escalation of costs.

3.2.2 To date, 2045 projects have been Centrally assisted. Unfortunately, most of them (around 1752) are yet to be completed by the State Governments and sponsors. Details are given in **Appendix-E**. These are incomplete primarily due to inability of the State Governments to finance the projects as per their commitments given while applying for Central assistance. This problem has been discussed exhaustively with all the State Governments. Due to all out efforts, the States are now more concerned about completing these projects. As a result, over 200 projects have been reported as completed during the last 3 years. The strategy adopted is to enhance Central assistance to those incomplete projects in which only the first instalment of Central assistance has been released. This is subject to the condition that further investment will be limited to facilities most essential for sportspersons. Where full Central assistance has already been availed of, the State Governments/Sponsors will have to complete the projects from their own resources.

3.2.3 The Department is conscious that Central assistance now available for projects is inadequate since the ceilings of Central assistance were last fixed in 1986, this schemes has been revised to rationalise the categories of infrastructure as well as increase financial assistance. This is awaiting clearance of the Ministry of Finance.

3.2.4 There is a Budget Provision of Rs. 9 crores in the year 1991-92. The entire amount has nearly been exhausted by February, 1992. More funds are needed as we have received a large number of project proposals.

3.2.5 The most salient feature of this Schemes has been the promotion of one State Sports Training Complex in each State. In the absence of such a complex the State athletes were looking to the Union Government for their training/coaching requirements. Six such complexes have been approved. It is hoped that the State Government will complete these facilities soon and begin inhouse dedicated training programmes for elite State athletes. Central assistance to upgrade sports facilities in S.P.D.A. Centres is also provided under this scheme. The running and maintenance cost of these centres will be borne fully by Sports Authority of India. The first phase of infrastructural assistance for 20 S.P.D.A. Centres (out of a total 78 such centres) has already been disbursed. This scheme has great potential to promote higher standards of sports at grassroot level.

Grant to Rural Schools

3.3.1 This scheme is meant to promote sports facilities in rural schools. Grants upto Rs. 1 lakh are given to provide basic sports facilities in rural schools. There is no condition of matching contribution except that the State Government/School have to undertake to maintain the facilities created with this grant. Due to the very dismal status of sports in rural schools, not many schools could avail this assistance for failure to meet the eligibility criteria, which has now been relaxed with regard to requirement of land, strength of students enrolled, qualification of the Physical Education Teachers employed, and commitment for annual expenditure on sports. It is hoped that in the VIII Plan this scheme will find more takers.

3.3.2 We received 1278 applications till the end of February, 1992 (301 received in 1991-92). Unfortunately, a large number of applications were received from schools which were found ineligible on the basis of information submitted in their applications. Consequently, 816 applications were returned for rectification of defects/deficiencies; 220 applications were rejected and only 121 applications could be sanctioned. Out of these 68 have been sanctioned in the year 1991-92 involving Central assistance of Rs. 58.32 lakhs. Applications, referred back to the State Governments, are being rescanned with reference to liberalised eligibility criteria and it is hoped that some more would be sanctioned.

3.3.3 This scheme has received wide publicity and has resulted in an enthusiastic

response. The impact of this scheme will definitely lead to enhanced sports activities in rural areas.

Synthetic Athletic Tracks/Artificial Surfaces

3.4.1 The use of synthetic playing surface is now the order of the day. While mandatory in a few disciplines, in many others it has become widely prevalent. Apart from providing safety, speed and consistency, synthetic playing surfaces help the Sportspersons to improve their performances. We can ill afford not to acquire and install such surfaces which are indispensable for acquiring a competitive edge in international tournaments. Presently, the Scheme includes Central financial assistance for installation of synthetic athletic tracks and artificial hockey surfaces only. Central assistance is given for 50% of the cost of installation of the surface subject to a ceiling of Rs. 50 lakhs in each case. The detailed list of such surfaces approved/installed under this Scheme is at Appendix-F. Besides these, there are a few other surfaces, which have been installed by SAI.

3.4.2 The scheme is under revision. Inclusion of synthetic playing surfaces for other disciplines like Badminton, Handball, Basketball, Volleyball, Tennis and Cricket pitch may be considered. Some of these are outdoor playing surfaces and are not manufactured indigenously. Consequent upon the devaluation of the Indian Rupees, the cost of these surfaces has increased and hence there is no alternative but to increase Central assistance. As a result of the sudden jump in prices, the Department sanctioned only two applications in the current financial year. The endeavour will also be to promote installation of a large number of cheaper surfaces which are suitable for training/practice/conduct of local championships. This will facilitate familiarisation of Indian sportspersons with synthetic playing surfaces at an early age. This will remove the impediment, facing budding sportspersons, of lack of experience of playing on synthetic surface

Sports and Games in Universities and Colleges

3.5.1 This scheme (earlier known as NSO) has been revised recently. The strategy is to tackle University Sports in three broad segments—infrastructure, inter-University tournaments and incentives/scholarships to meritorious students. Accordingly, the scheme is implemented through three different organisations, each of them covering one aspect:-

- (i) **University Grants Commission:** A lump sum grant is released to UGC to provide assistance to create sports infrastructure in Universities and Colleges. Educational institutions like Engineering Colleges, Medical Colleges, Professional Institutes, not covered by UGC, are provided grants directly by the Department.
- (ii) **Association of Indian Universities (AIU)** is provided grant to hold inter-University tournaments, provide coaching facilities and prepare Indian Universities' teams to participate in national and international tournaments. However, since AIU does not have standard infrastructure and facilities, this work will be entrusted to Sports Authority of India to the extent feasible.
- (iii) **Sports Authority of India** is given a lump sum grant to award scholarships to talented sportspersons in Universities and Colleges.

3.5.2 Most of the funds under the scheme are utilised by UGC. The ceilings of Central assistance for infrastructure have recently been enhanced and consequently the assistance per project would now go up.

3.5.3 It is strongly felt that young sportspersons in the age group of 17-20 years are not adequately taken care of due to weak sports infrastructure in universities/colleges. The Department is finalising a strategy to specially assist a limited number of universities and colleges on the basis of their past sports performance at national level and in

inter-university tournaments. Such universities/colleges will be helped to nurture two or three disciplines each. The exercise to identify such universities has been entrusted to SAI and UGC.

3.5.4 Association of Indian Universities conduct Inter-University tournaments. A well defined and precise scale of assistance for these tournaments has been prepared. The tournaments are conducted on zonal basis culminating into one zonal winner entering into last and final phase. The numbers of zones depend upon the popularity of various sports disciplines. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad Trophy, is provided to the overall winner University. There are precise rules/criteria laid out for determining the overall 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th place for universities in sports. Apart from Maulana Abul Kalam Azad Trophy to the overall winner University, cash prizes of Rs. 50,000/-, Rs. 20,000/- and Rs. 10,000/- are provided to 1st, 2nd and 3rd overall ranking universities. For winning 1st, 2nd and 3rd position in 13 specified disciplines of sports in inter-University tournaments also, cash prizes amounting to Rs. 50,000/-, Rs. 30,000/- and Rs. 20,000/-, respectively are given.

3.5.5 Since SAI is the best equipped institution to train/coach sportspersons, it has been decided, as mentioned above, to entrust SAI with the responsibility to conduct coaching camps for the benefit of the University/College students as far as possible. SAI will also prepare the combined University teams to participate in various national/international sports tournaments. This will of course be done in close cooperation with AIU.

3.5.6 Every year, fresh sports scholarships of Rs. 3,600/- per annum each are provided to 300 students besides renewal of existing scholarships provided the holders continue to maintain a high level of achievement. The State-wise break-up of scholarships is given in Appendix-G.

3.5.7 The details of grants disbursed under this scheme are given in Appendix-H.

Assistance to National Sports Federations

3.6.1 These are autonomous organisations, which have been recognised in many disciplines of sports. There are 51 recognised (Appendix-I) National Sports Federations. The Indian Olympic Association is also treated as a Sports Federation for the purpose of support and assistance under this scheme.

3.6.2 The Sports Federations are financially assisted for conducting National Championships, organising coaching camps for preparing teams for participation in international tournaments and for participation of their teams in international tournaments. The Department also gives subsidy for the purchase of sports equipment by the National Sports Federations. Limited secretarial support is also given by way of reimbursement of the salary of the paid Joint/Assistant Secretary of the Federation.

3.6.3 The requests for assistance are processed according to the Guidelines laid down by the Department. These were formulated in 1988. The Committee headed by Director-General, SAI has been appointed to examine revision of the Guidelines.

3.6.4 During 1991-92, assistance of about Rs. 378 lakhs has been given to federations till January 31, 1992. This includes expenditure on Cultural Exchange Programmes/ Sports Protocols. 47 of proposals of federations for foreign exposure/visits were cleared at Govt. cost and 111 at 'No Cost to Govt'. The details of these proposals are given in Appendices-J & K respectively.

Promotion of Sports and Games in Schools through Prize Money

3.7.1 This scheme was introduced in 1986 with the objective of promoting sports in Schools. Cash prizes of Rs. 10,000/- each are awarded annually to Secondary/Higher Secondary Schools, which win the District Inter-School Tournaments conducted by School Games Federation of India in the disciplines of Athletics, Hockey, Basketball,

Volleyball (for Boys & Girls) and Football (for Boys only). Thus, in each district a maximum of Rs. 90,000/- is awarded each year to Schools. The cash amounts are required to be invested by the School in direct promotion of sports like improvement/ construction of playgrounds, purchase of sports equipment etc.

3.7.2 The basic weakness is that all the Districts are unable to conduct the tournaments in all the disciplines. A large number of Schools, particularly in rural areas, are unable to participate due to lack of resources. For the same reasons they may not have teams in all the 9 disciplines of Sports. The status of women sports is even worse. Partly due to social reasons many schools do not have women teams.

3.7.3 Despite such obstacles, the scheme is being pursued through persuasion and motivation. It has been well received and has won widespread appreciation since Promotion of Sports at grass-roots is its strong point. A grant of Rs. 214 lakhs has been released to SAI in 1991-92 for disbursement under this scheme.

Cash Awards to Medal Winners in International Sports Events

3.8.1 Awards ranging from Rs. 50,000/- to Rs. 5 lakhs are given for winning medals in specified international sports events in all disciplines, which are included in the Olympics, Asian and Commonwealth Games. These awards are also given in the disciplines of Chess and Billiards/Snooker.

3.8.2 The basic objective of the Awards is to serve as an incentive to the achievers and as inspiration to other sports-minded youth. It is also intended to help sportspersons of outstanding excellence to be able to maintain themselves with dignity and continue to give their best in further pursuit of the sport of their choice.

3.8.3 These awards were introduced in 1986. The awards have been instrumental in injecting a burning desire among the sportspersons to give out their best in international sports events. So far, awards worth Rs. 209.28 lakhs have been distributed. This includes awards worth Rs. 39.62 lakhs disbursed on 12 January, 1992 to 49 persons. A list of these 49 persons alongwith the amount received by each is at **Appendix-L**.

Travel Grant to Sports Scholars/Research Workers

3.9.1 The Scheme of 'Travel Grant to Sports Scholars/Research Workers for undertaking Specialised Training/Research abroad' was introduced during the VII Five Year Plan in pursuance of the Resolution of National Sports Policy, 1984. The objective of this Scheme is to promote and encourage Research and Development in the field of Sports and Physical Education. Under this Scheme, the Department provides passage cost for International travel for attending important academic conferences, etc.

3.9.2 In the beginning the response under the Scheme was very encouraging since a larger number of applications were received especially for trips connected with seminars on sports subjects. This has now reduced, so much so that during 1990-91, only three scholars received this grant and in 1991-92, only one till February, 1992. Expanding the coverage of the Scheme to coaches/referees/umpires for undertaking trips abroad for academics/skill upgradation is under consideration.

National Welfare Fund for Sportspersons

3.10.1 The National Welfare Fund for Sportspersons and their families was created in 1982 primarily to assist outstanding sportspersons of yesteryears, who had won glory for the country in the international sports field but are unfortunately now living in indigent circumstances.

3.10.2 This financial support is generally in the form of monthly pension upto Rs. 1500/-. Lump-sum grants are also given for medical treatment.

3.10.3 The sportspersons suffering grievous or fatal injury in the course of participation in sports events or during training are also helped.

3.10.4 In the year 1991-92, 19 applications were favourably considered till the end of February 1992. Pension has been sanctioned to 9 cases and, in remaining cases, lumpsum grants have been given. The annual expenditure now is around Rs. 3.00 lakhs. Rs. 2,46,500 had been spent till the end of February 1992.

3.10.5 Govt. contributes annually a sum of Rs. 1.00 lakh, which has been enhanced to Rs. 2.00 lakhs in 1991-92. About Rs. 37.00 lakhs have been invested in Postal Term Deposits on which interest at a rate of 11.5% per annum is being received. There is no other income of the Fund.

3.10.6 The Fund has been able to discharge its social responsibility for sportspersons to a great extent. Many a sportsperson and their families have been saved from disaster and humiliation. They have gratefully acknowledged the support of the Fund. A large number of applications are now pouring in, including many which are ineligible. In deserving cases, the rules are relaxed to help them.

Arjuna Award

3.11.1 The Arjuna Award was instituted in 1961 as the highest national recognition of distinguished sportspersons. The awardee is given a bronze statuette of Arjuna, a Scroll and a cash award of Rs. 20,000/- alongwith a monogram, a blazer and a tie.

3.11.2 Nominations for the award are made by National Sports Federations and the awardees are selected by a Selection Committee constituted by the Department. To be eligible for this award, a candidate should have displayed outstanding performances at national and international levels consistently for the three years preceding the year of the award and excellence in the year of the award and should also have a high sense of discipline, sportsmanship and outstanding qualities of leadership.

3.11.3 So far 391 sportspersons have been honoured with the Arjuna awards. 12 sportspersons were given the Award for the year 1989 in the function held in Rashtrapati Bhawan on October 10, 1991. The list of these persons and their disciplines is given in Appendix-M. Since the Department is lagging one year behind in bestowing Arjuna awards, which are given calendar yearwise, it has been decided to hold two Award ceremonies in 1992—one each for giving awards for 1990 and 1991.

Fifth SAF Games

3.12.1 The 5th SAF Games were held in Colombo during December 22-31, 1991. A strongest ever contingent of 223 sportspersons/officials was sent at full cost of Govt. These Games are held once in two years among the SAARC countries.

3.12.2 India won 164 medals (64 Gold, 59 Silver, 41 Bronze) and remained on the top of the medal tally. The discipline-wise details about Indian participation and medals won are at Appendix-N.

3.13 Highlights of Achievements in Sports during the year 1991-92

ATHLETICS

- i) In the 9th Asian Track and Field Meet held at Kuala Lumpur during Oct., 1991, India won two Gold, 4 Silver and 2 Bronze medals.
- ii) In the 5th International Permit Meet held at New Delhi during Sept., 1991 India won 5 Bronze medals.

ARCHERY

In the 2nd Federation Cup International Archery Competition held at Calcutta during Dec., 1991 India won the Championship.

CANOEING & KAYAKING

In the Asian Canoe Championship held at Tokyo during Nov. 1991, Shri Johny Romal, an SAG trainee, won a Silver in 1000 mtr C-1, the first ever medal for the country.

CARROM

In the 1st World Carrom Championship held at Delhi during October, 1991, Indian men and women won the Individual and Team championships.

CHESS

Shri Vishwanathan Anand achieved a historic success by winning a very strong International Chess Tournament held at Italy during January, 1992.

CRICKET (MEN)

During the Indo-Australia test series held at Australia, Shri Kapil Dev became the 2nd player in world and 1st Indian to get 400 test wickets.

EQUESTRIAN

In the 8th Asian Show jumping Competition held at Japan during October 1991, Indian team won a Silver medal.

HANDBALL

Indian boys and girls handball teams got the 2nd position in the Commonwealth Junior Handball Championship held at New Delhi during August, 1991.

HOCKEY (MEN)

- i) Indian team participated in the Sultan Azlam Shah Hockey tournament at Malaysia during July-Aug. 91 and won the tournament.
- ii) Indian team participated in the Pre-Olympic Qualifying Tournament held at Auckland during October, 1991 and got 2nd position by virtue of which the team qualified for the Olympics 1992.
- iii) Indian team won the 6th Indira Gandhi International Hockey Tournament held at New Delhi during Jan. 1992.

JUDO

In the Asian Judo Championship held in Japan during November, 1991, Shri Sandeep Byala won a Bronze medal.

POWERLIFTING

- i) At the World Women Powerlifting Championship held in New Delhi during June, 1991, India came third as a team.
- ii) In the 9th World Jr. Powerlifting Championship held at Abidjan during September, 1991, Indian team won 1 Silver and 2 Bronze medals.

TENNIS

Shri Leander Paes won the Junior US Open Tennis Championship held in USA during September, 1991.

WEIGHTLIFTING

- i) In the Silver Dragon International Weightlifting Tournament held at Cardiff during August, 1991, Indian (Men) team won 3 Gold medals.
- ii) In the 4th (Women) & 5th (Men) Junior Asian Championship held in Indonesia during August, 1991 the Indian team won 3 Silver medals.
- iii) In the 5th World Women Weightlifting Championship held in Germany during Sept-Oct. 1991, Indian team won a Silver medal.

WRESTLING

- i) In the 4th Commonwealth Wrestling Championship held in New Zealand during October, 1991, the Indian team won 3 Gold, 1 Silver and 5 Bronze medals and secured 2nd position out of 8 countries.

- ii) In an international wrestling tournament held during August, 1991 in erstwhile USSR, Indian team won 7 Silver and 3 Bronze medals.
- iii) In the International Greeco style Junior Wrestling Tournament held in erstwhile USSR, Indian team won 1 Silver and 1 Bronze medals.

YACHTING

- i) In the World Enterprise Championship held at Bombay, the Indian team won the Championship.
- ii) In the 6th Asian Regatta Championship held at Hongkong during Oct., 1991, India won 1 Gold and 1 Silver medal.

SPORTS AUTHORITY OF INDIA

3.14.1 The Sports Authority of India (SAI) was set up by Government of India on March 16, 1984 as a Registered Society with the objective of promoting sports and games in the country and to manage, maintain and ensure proper use of various infrastructure and other sports facilities created for the Asiad 1982 at Delhi.

3.14.2 The Sports Authority of India has the following four functional wings with specific areas of action:—

- i) **Academic Wing** for training of coaches and for R & D in Sports, which is located at NSNIS, Patiala;
- ii) **Academic Wing** for physical education and R & D in physical education. This is at LNCPE, Gwalior and Trivandrum;
- iii) **The Operational Wing** for general sports promotion and spotting and nurturing of young talent; and
- iv) **TEAMS Wing** (Training of Elite Athletes and Management Support) for long term training of elite sportspersons and for preparing of national teams in specific disciplines for targetted international competitions.

3.14.3 The Regional Centres of erstwhile NSNIS, Patiala were restructured in 1987 and six Regional Centres of Sports Authority of India were set up—one each at Bangalore, Gandhinagar, Calcutta, Patiala, Delhi (temporary, to be located at Lucknow) and Imphal—to ensure effective implementation and coordination of the sports development programmes in different regions of the country. The Southern Centre at Bangalore is being developed as a Centre of Excellence in collaboration with Russia & other erstwhile republics of USSR and USA. SAI has two sub-Centres also at Guwahati under the North Eastern Centre and at Aurangabad under the Western Centre. A High Altitude Training Centre at Shillaroo (near Shimla) is also coming up.

3.14.4 Each Regional Centre is under the charge of a Regional Director and has an Advisory Committee to oversee and advise on the implementation of various schemes and programmes of SAI and Central Government in their respective regions. To improve the functioning of the Centres and to ensure expeditious disposal of cases, SAI has decentralised operations of its various schemes and programmes and had revised the delegation of powers to the Regional Directors in 1988 making them responsible for effective implementation of various schemes in their regions.

3.14.5 Apart from providing training to sportspersons to become coaches, the Regional Centres at Bangalore, Calcutta and Gandhinagar also train young talented children and have become centres for holding the State, regional and national level sport events and coaching camps. During the year under report, a large number of such meets and camps were held at these Centres. Further, Sports facilities are being created in phases at these Centres. Several facilities, which were started recently, have already been completed and have become functional or are about to become functional.

3.14.6 The Sports Authority of India has a number of Sports schemes/programmes, viz. National Sports Talent Contest (NSTC), the Special Area Games (SAG), Sports

Hostel Scheme, National Coaching scheme, etc., and is also responsible for implementation of various Central schemes, namely, the Sports Project Development Area (SPDA) scheme, Scholarships scheme, Promotion of Sports among Women, All India Rural Sports Tournament, etc.

Schemes like the NSTC, SAG, Sports Hostel have already started showing very encouraging results.

AT A GLANCE

3.14.7 The year 1991-92 witnessed a number of achievements/activities. Briefly, some of them are as under:-

Policy and Planning

- Budget Allocation of SAI for 1991-92 : $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Plan Rs. 26.78 crores} \\ \text{Non Plan Rs. 13.30 crores} \end{array} \right\}$
- Governing Body of SAI met on Jan. 27, 1992
- Finance Committee of SAI met on Aug. 28, 1991
- Conference of Directors of Sports of States/UTs held at regional level in June, 1991,
- SAI have been implementing about 60 Sports Protocol/Cultural Exchange Programmes.

New Initiatives

- 17th SAI Sports Hostel at Calicut was inaugurated on Sep. 7, 1991;
- 23 SPDA Centres became functional till Dec., 1991;
- A Scheme for raising of Boy's Sports Companies in the Army has been launched;
- Rural Sports Tournament has been re-named as **Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Tournament**.

Plan Schemes of SAI and Central Schemes

NSTC	— 66 schools have been adopted so far and as in Dec., 91, 1217 trainees have been admitted in these schools.	
Sports Hostel	— SAI has 17 Sports Hostels with 742 inmate students.	
SPDA	— There are 23 SPDA Centres having 576 trainees.	
Boys' Co. in Army	— There are 8 Centres with 271 boys.	
National Coaching Scheme	— Total strength of coaches as in Dec., 1991 is 1600.	
Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Tournament (1991-92)	Tournaments held in 12 disciplines in 3 Groups as follows:- Group-I — Rourkela (Orissa), 2-5 Jan., 92. Group-II — Sonapat (Haryana), 21-25 Jan., 92. Group-III— Lucknow (U.P.), 16-19 Feb., 92.	
Sports Festival for Women (1991-92)	— Group-I — Erode (TN), 30 Jan.-2 Feb., 92. Group-II — SAI South Centre, Bangalore, 1-4 Feb., 92.	
Sports festival for N-E region	— Imphal, 25-29 Feb., 92.	
Sports Academies	— Diploma Course in Coaching (1991-92)	
	No. of students (as in Dec., 91)	445
	No. of persons passed NIS Diploma (till 1990-91 Session)	9992
	Master's Course (1991-92)	
	No. of students	10

MAJOR SCHEMES OF SAI & CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

National Sports Talent Contest Scheme

3.14.8.1 The Scheme was introduced in 1985 to identify sports talent among school children (between the age group of 9-12 years) and nurture them for achievement in sports. Talent is scouted in 10 sports disciplines, viz. Athletics, Badminton, Basketball, Gymnastics, Hockey, Football, Swimming, Table-Tennis, Volleyball and Wrestling through talent contests comprising Motor Ability Tests. The contests are held every year at taluka & district levels and finally at regional level and children thus selected are admitted in SAI adopted schools where their board/lodging and tuition fees are met by SAI. SAI also provides coaches and financial assistance to school for development for sports infrastructure. The operation of the scheme is monitored by an Empowered Committee.

3.14.8.2 During the year under report, taluka & district level contests were held in Aug./Sep., 1991 and regional level contests were held in Nov., 1991.

3.14.8.3 There were a total of 1217 NSTC trainees (840 boys + 377 girls) as in Dec., 1991, in 66 SAI adopted schools.

3.14.8.4 NSTC trainees in various SAI adopted schools are exposed to various State/National/International championships and they have made their presence felt in these championships. During the year, NSTC trainees participated in a number of championships. Their achievements are given at **Appendix O**.

Special Area Games Scheme

3.14.9.1 The Scheme of promotion of Special Area Games was conceived by SAI at the time of formulation of the VII Five Year Plan (1985-90) with a view to scouting and nurturing natural talent for modern competitive games and sports from tribal, inaccessible, rural and coastal areas of the country. The Scheme also envisages tapping of talent from indigenous games and martial arts and also from regions which are either genetically or geographically advantageous for excellence in a particular sports discipline.

3.14.9.2 Selected children are subjected to an assessment coaching camp under experts and talent thus finally selected is admitted in one of the 11 SAG Centres, meant for the particular sports discipline, for long term training. These Centres are located in Delhi (for Archery, Football, Cycling and Fencing); Aizawl & Imphal (for Boxing, Wrestling & Judo), Ranchi (Hockey), Bangalore, Gandhinagar & Shillaroo (for Athletics), Mount Abu (for children selected under Height Hunt Project), Port Blair & Alleppey (for Rowing, Canoeing & Kayaking) and Tellicherry (for Gymnastics).

3.14.9.3 The trainees under various projects, particularly Archery, Canoeing/ Kayaking, have shown commendable performance in national & international championships. Major achievements of SAG trainees are given in **Appendix-P**.

National Coaching Scheme

3.14.10.1 This Scheme meets the requirement of coaches by various user agencies. Under the Scheme, coaches are made available to States/UTs for the requirements of Regional Coaching Centres (RCCs), District Coaching Centres (DCCs), University Field Stations (UFSs) and also to SAI Regional Centres, Academic Wing and in-house training centres such as Sports Hostels, SAG Centres, SAI adopted schools. Coaches are also made available to National Sports Federations/Associations for conducting coaching camps and tournaments, etc.

3.14.10.2 The total strength of coaches, as in Dec., 91, is 1600.

Sports Hostel Scheme

3.14.11.1 The Sports Hostel Scheme was introduced by SAI as a part of the 7th Five

Year Plan with the objective of enabling talented young State level players to live, study, work and play together for mutual benefit as well as for the development of individual and team excellence. Under the Scheme, concerned State Govt./UT have to make available only residential accommodation to accommodate 50 boys and 25 girls. The rest of the expenditure on furnishing and fittings and the recurring expenditure on board, equipments of standard, positioning of coaches, etc. are met by SAI.

3.14.11.2 During the year, the 17th SAI Sports Hostel was inaugurated on Sep. 7, 1991 at Calicut (Kerala). Thus, as on date, there are 17 Sports Hostels with a total of 742 sportspersons. Details are given in Appendix-Q.

Sports Project Development Area (SPDA) Scheme

3.14.12.1 SPDA Scheme was approved for implementation in 1987-88 with the objective of nurturing of talent within familiar surroundings and, accordingly, the project envisages a geographical area of 80-100 blocks in a State. For opening of SPDA Centres, the whole country has been divided into 78 projects, and sports complexes of Rs. 1 crores each are to be established in each Centre.

3.14.12.2 The break up of the 78 projects, State-wise, may be seen in Appendix-R. Though approved in 1987-88, the SPDA Centres could become functional only from June, 1991. As on date, there are 23 SPDA Centres with 576 trainees. There details are given in Appendix-S.

Scheme for raising of Boys' Sports Companies in the Army

3.14.13.1 The Governing Body of SAI, in its meeting held on Jan. 18, 1991, approved this scheme for implementation from 1991 session. Under the Scheme, which is an extension of the NSTC Scheme, 17 Boys' Companies will be raised in the army, in collaboration with Army HQ, with maximum intake of 2,000 boys by the middle of the VIII Five Year Plan. The identification of talent is mainly from rural, tribal and semi-urban areas and after identification, these boys are admitted in regimental centres having schools affiliated with CBSE. The emphasis on their training is mainly on sports specialisation alongwith basic education and military training so that on completion of 16 years, they can be inducted into the Army.

3.14.13.2 Under the Scheme, expenditure on board, tuition fee, coaching, etc. is borne by SAI. SAI also provides one time grant to army authorities for creation of sports infrastructure and purchase of essential sports equipment (upto Rs. 3 lakhs) and for training kit/aid (upto Rs. 1 lakh). Afterwards, annual maintenance grant of Rs. 50,000/- is given for maintenance of infrastructure and purchase of equipment.

3.14.13.3 As on date, 8 Centres have become functional with a total number of 271 boys as per details given in Appendix-T.

Scholarship Schemes

3.14.14.1 Under the Scheme, scholarships in the following categories are awarded every year:—

Category	No. of Scholarships	Amount per Annum (Rs.)
i) Under NSO programme	300	3600/-
ii) Sports Talent search scheme:		
a) National level	1200	2700/-
b) State level	2095	1800/-
iii) Promotion of Sports among Women:		
a) National Champion (Women)/ Women represented country in international competitions	30	3600/-
b) Women doing NIS diploma	10	1500/-
c) Women doing PH.D./M. Phil	5	1800/-

3.14.14.2 There is also a provision in the schemes for the renewal of scholarships for one year if the sportspersons continue to show progress.

3.14.14.3 About 12,000 applications under various categories have been received for award of scholarships for the year 1991-92. The applications are being scrutinised and categorised for placing before the Scholarship Selection Committee. These will be awarded before the end of the current financial year.

DR. B.R. Ambedkar Tournament

3.14.15.1 The All India Rural Sports Tournament has been renamed as Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Tournament to commemorate the centenary celebrations of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Tournament, for the year 1991-92, has been held as per the following schedule in, 12 sports disciplines, which have been divided into 3 groups.

Group	Venue	Period
I	Rourkela (Orissa)	2-5 Jan., 1992
II	Sonepat (Haryana)	21-25 Jan., 1992
III	Lucknow (U.P.)	16-19 Feb., 1992

Sports Festival for North-East Region

3.14.16.1 The 6th Sports Festival for North East Region was held at Imphal (Manipur) from Feb. 25-29, 1992.

Sports Academics

3.14.17.1 The Sports Authority of India has two Academic Wings:

- i) Academic Wing for training of sportspersons to become coaches and for conducting research & development in sports at NSNIS Patiala, Calcutta, Gandhinagar and Bangalore.
- ii) Academic Wing for Physical Education and R & D in physical education at LNCPE, Gwalior & Trivandrum.

NSNIS, Patiala

3.14.18.1 The Institute offers the following Courses:-

- i) Diploma Course in Coaching — — 10 months duration
- ii) Master's Course — — — 22 months "
- iii) Certificate Course— — — 6 weeks "
- iv) Diploma in Sports Medicine— — — 1 year "
- v) Refresher Course for in service coaches.

3.14.18.2 The Faculty of Sports Sciences at the Institute conducts research on allied sports science and physical fitness and medico-physiological tests on international probables in various games and sports and sets norms for training and selection.

3.14.18.3 SAI Regional Centres at Gandhinagar, Calcutta and Bangalore also conduct Diploma Courses in Coaching. For the academic session 1991-92, a total number of 457 candidates were selected for admission to the Diploma Course at all the 4 Centres. This includes 31 foreign students. The total strength of students at all the Centres by the end of Dec., 91 was 445. As regards Master's Course, there were 10 students as in Dec., 91.

3.14.18.4 Under the Mass Sports Participation Programme, a Certificate Course of 6-week duration for physical education teachers and those having flair for games and sports is conducted every year. During the year 1991-92, the Course was conducted simultaneously at NSNIS, Patiala, Eastern Centre, Calcutta, Western Centre, Gandhinagar and at West Zone Training Centre, Aurangabad from May 17 to June 26, 1991. Alongwith this, a Special Certificate Course for Women physical education teachers in schools/colleges was also conducted. In all, 547 persons attended the Course.

3.14.18.5 NSNIS is the only Institute of its kind in the country for training of sportspersons to become coaches. Till 1990-91 session, it has trained 9992 sportspersons as coaches in various sports disciplines at Patiala and other Centres.

LNCPE, Gwalior and Trivandrum

3.14.19.1 Lakshmbai National College of Physical Education, Gwalior with its Regional College at Trivandrum constitutes the Academic Wing of SAI for Physical Education and R & D in physical education. The following Courses of study are available at LNCPE Gwalior:

- i) Bachelor of Physical Education (BPE)—3 year
- ii) Master of Physical Education (MPE)—2 year
- iff) MPE (Summer Courses)
- iv) M.Phil in Physical Education—1 year
- v) Orientation Courses for Pre-release Army Personnel—(2 courses in a year, each 4 months duration)
- vi) Facilities of Doctoral programme (Ph.D.)

3.14.19.2 For the academic session 1991-92, admissions to BPE-I and MPE-I were finalised in July, 1991 and a total number of 100 students (70 men + 30 women) in BPE-I and 42 students (26 men & 16 women) in MPE-I, were admitted. The total strength of students in all the courses during 1991-92 is 380 (263 men & 117 women).

3.14.19.3 LNCPE, Trivandrum, which was inaugurated in 1985, offers a 3 year course leading to Bachelor of Physical Education degree. During 1991-92, a total number of 107 students were on roll as per details given below:-

- BPE-I —37
- BPE-II —38
- BPE-III—32

3.14.19.4 A total number of 126 students have graduated from the College till 1991 session.

Preparation of National Teams

3.14.20.1 The Teams Wing of SAI is responsible for preparation of national teams for various international competitions. To prepare the teams, a detailed training plan is worked out in consultation with the respective national federations and foreign coaches/experts are invited under sports protocol/CEP, wherever feasible. In order to enable sportsmen/women to improve their standard, complete medical and physical fitness and skill tests are conducted periodically during coaching camps.

GENERAL

Governing Body of SAI

3.14.21.1 16th meeting of the Governing Body of SAI was held on 27 Jan' 92 under the Chairpersonship of Ms. Mamata Banerjee, Union Minister of State for YA & Sports and Vice-Chairperson of the Governing Body of SAI.

Finance Committee of SAI

3.14.21.2 22nd meeting of the Finance Committee of SAI was held on 28 Aug '91 under the Chairmanship of Shri G.N. Tandon then Member-Finance and Dy. Chairman of the Finance Committee of SAI

Empowered Committee on Capital Projects

3.14.21.3 The 4th meeting of the Empowered Committee on Capital Projects of SAI was held on January 3, 1991 under the Chairmanship of the then Union Minister of State for HRD and Vice Chairman of the Governing Body of SAI.

Conference of Directors of Sports in States/UTS

3.14.21.4 To review the implementation of various sports schemes of SAI and that of Central Govt., a Conference of Directors of Sports in States/UTs is organised every year. During the year under report, region-wise meetings were organised as follows:-

Region	Venue	Date
States/UTs of South India	SAI South Centre, Bangalore	5 June '91
States/UTs of North India	Chandigarh	13 June '91
States/UTs of East/NE India	Calcutta	21 June '91
States/UTs of West/Central India	Goa	27 June '91

Deliberations of the Conferences were presided over by Director General, SAI. The next round of review meetings are scheduled for January-February, 1992.

Sports Protocol/Cultural/Exchange Programmes

3.14.22.1 The Department of Youth Affairs & sports have about 60 Sports Protocol and Cultural Exchange Programmes (CEP) under implementation with various countries. Sports Protocols/CEPs list out various items relating to exchange of sportpersons, coaches/experts, equipment, sports literature, etc. in mutually agreed areas. Programmes are by and large being implemented as per agreed schedules.

3.14.22.2 During 1991, experts/coaches from USSR, China, USA, Japan, Germany and Korea visited India under Protocols/CEPs and other programmes. The visits of these experts have been very well received by our trainees. Details of experts who visited India during 1991 are given in **Appendix U**.

3.14.22.3 An SAI team visited Seychelles from May 14-26, 1991 to provide technical assistance in converting an ordinary football field into a synthetic hockey field under Indo-Seychelles CEP.

3.14.22.4 An SAI Hockey Coach, visited Namibia from May 30, 1991 for a period of six months on deputation, to formulate and implement a nation wide school hockey programme in Namibia.

3.14.22.2 The following experts/coaches of SAI were deputed to Bhutan for 3-weeks (5-23 Aug '91) on request of Govt. of Bhutan to train their physical education instructors:

- i) Dr. Rajinder Singh, Expert in Physical Education.
- ii) Shri H. S. Randhwa, Athletic Coach.
- iii) Dr. Montu Debnath, Gymnastic Coach.

Publications

3.14.23 During the year, the following publications were brought out:-

- i) NIS Scientific Journal,
- ii) NIS News Bulletin,
- iii) NIS Statistical Bulletin,
- iv) 'Modern Volleyball', a book by Hubert Dhanaraj,
- v) 10th, 11th, 12th & 13th volumes of SAI's quarterly Newsletter,
- vi) Journal of Physical Education and Sports Sciences, and
- vii) Annual Report of SAI 1989-90.

Exhibitions

3.14.24 Sports Authority of India participated in a science exhibition on the theme 'Value for New India' held at Teen Murti House, New Delhi from November 14-30, 1991 with the objective to exhibit team work, determination and courage through sports. SAI organised there an impressive display of sports goods and equipment. Pictorial, Audio and Video presentation of the activities of SAI like Bharatiyam and excellence of sportpersons in the sports arena, were also depicted in the Exhibition.

international cooperation

Cultural Exchange Programmes/Sports Protocols/Indo-US Sub Commission

4.1 During the past year, there has been a noticeable increase in international exchange with other countries under the Cultural Exchange Programmes (CEPs) and Sports Protocols especially with USSR, China and Cuba, as a result of which coaches/experts in various disciplines were obtained to train our sportspersons.

(a) Cultural Exchange Programmes

In addition to implementation of ongoing exchange programmes with various countries, the Department has initiated implementation of new Cultural Exchange Programmes for 1991-94 with countries like Afghanistan, Belgium, France, Kuwait, Maldives, Syria, Zambia, Tanzania, Hungary, Mongolia, Jordan, etc.

(b) Sports Protocols

Implementation of ongoing Sports Protocols with countries like China, erstwhile USSR, Cuba and Mauritius has progressed satisfactorily. Fresh protocol with the Commonwealth of Independent States is being negotiated. Proposals for fresh Sports Protocols with Japan, Germany and China for 1992-93 are also under finalisation. Under the Indo-USSR Sports Protocol 1991, India had the benefit of services of Soviet coaches/experts in Athletics, Rowing, Weightlifting, Boxing, Wrestling, etc.

(c) Indo-US Sub-Commission Programme

Under this programme, US expert in Sports Psychology, Shri Jaffrey Simons, visited India from Jan. 17-Feb. 1, 1991 and imparted training to our sportspersons. Also, Shri Arvind Verma of India left for USA to join the American University to pursue higher studies.

(d) Continuing Cultural Exchange Programmes/Sports Protocols

- i) **Sports Protocols** with 3 countries, namely, Cuba, Czechoslovakia and Mauritius are being continued.
- ii) **Cultural Exchange Programmes** with 22 countries, namely, Afghanistan, Australia, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Egypt, Germany, Finland, South Korea, Kuwait, Maldives, Mauritius, Netherlands, Pakistan, Poland, Portugal, Seychelles, Spain, Tunisia and Yugoslavia are being continued.
- iii) **New Cultural Exchange Programmes** with 11 countries, namely, Colombia, Ghana, Hungary, Jordan, DPR Korea, Mongolia, Peru, Syria, Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia have been signed.
- iv) **New Sports Protocols** with 3 countries, namely, China, USSR, Yugoslavia have been signed.

Commonwealth Youth Programme

4.2.1 The establishment of a Commonwealth Youth Programme (CYP) was first proposed at the Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting in 1969. The programme came into being in 1974 with the overall purpose of promoting the development of young men and women in the Commonwealth.

4.2.2 The Commonwealth Youth Programme has the following main objectives:

- i) to encourage and support the active participation of youth in the process of national development;
- ii) to give recognition to the contribution made by youth to the economic, social and cultural development in their society;
- iii) to promote productive activity in its widest sense, with a view to eliminating unemployment and alleviating its ill-effects;
- iv) to provide opportunities for increasing international understanding among youth;
- v) to promote and encourage activities in furtherance of the foregoing objectives.

4.2.3 The following activities constitute the core work method of CYP for achieving the above objectives:-

- i) **Training** – including Diploma level courses for youth and development workers; short courses, and distance learning initiatives;
- ii) **Support to youth projects** – through seed funding and technical assistance;
- iii) **Publications** – covering training materials, policy documents, and newsletters and relevant youth and youth work information;
- iv) **Youth exchange** – enabling young people to experience different countries and cultures;
- v) **Study fellowship** – assisting youth work officials to study areas of interest in different countries.

4.2.4 The headquarter of CYP is located at Commonwealth Secretariat, London. Besides, there are four Regional Centres located as under:-

- i) Lusaka (Zambia) for the African Region;
- ii) Chandigarh (India) for the Asian Region;
- iii) Georgetown (Guyana) for the Caribbean Region; and
- iv) Suva (Fiji) for the South Pacific Region.

4.2.5 The overall policy of CYP is established by the Commonwealth Youth Affairs Council which meets biennially. As per the decision of Commonwealth Youth Affairs Council (CYAC) meeting at Harare, (Zimbabwe) in June, 1990, the status of CYAC meeting has been raised to "Minister's level". The next meeting of CYAC, will be held in Maldives in May, 1992. The CYAC originally envisaged as a body of determining the policy of the Programme, has over the years evolved into a forum for exchange of ideas and national experiences between Ministers and senior policy makers. The policies decided by CYAC are implemented through the Committee of Management. At present, the Committee of Management consists of not more than 13 members selected from among participating governments, together with the Commonwealth Secretary General or his representative. The Regional Advisory Boards provide advice to the Regional Centres. As per the decision of CYAC meeting in Harare in 1990, the Youth Caucus came into existence to form a part of CYAC meeting to ensure effective youth representation and involvement in the decision-making structure.

4.2.6 The 10th meeting of the Commonwealth Youth Affairs Council held at Harare in May-June 1990, inter-alia, decided on the following as six common priority areas of work for June, 1990-May, 1996:-

- i) Enterprise and Youth Employment;
- ii) Young Women and Development;
- iii) Youth, Health and Welfare Issues (with particular reference to drugs including

- alcohol, AIDS and adolescent pregnancies);
- iv) Environment;
- v) Literacy; and
- vi) Youth Policy Development.

Besides, each Regional Advisory Board would establish priority areas which are unique and specific to young people and youth work-agencies in its region.

4.2.7 The programmes are mainly financed by member countries. As per decision taken in the Commonwealth Youth Affairs Council held in Apia (Western Samoa) in 1988 all member countries were urged to increase their contribution for giving new dimension to the Youth Programme in the Commonwealth. India agreed to increase her pledge money in CYAC meeting in Harare in 1990 and contributed £ 65,900 during 1991-92 which is more than 10% of the earlier contribution. Besides, as a host country for Regional Centre for Asian Region, India has provided building and basic infrastructural facilities for the Asia Centre at Chandigarh.

4.2.8 During the year 1991-92, the CYP Asia Centre, Chandigarh completed Fourth Distance Training Course in Youth Work in which 31 participants completed their course. Under the course, 2 Personal Contact Programmes (PCP) were organised for the participants at Pachmarhi (M.P.) and Tirupati (A.P.).

4.2.9 The CYP Asia Centre, Chandigarh has agreed to finance a project at Rawander Village, District Alwar (Rajasthan) for desilting and deepening of village tank, construction of check dams and tree plantation and has given Rs. 3.00 lakhs as initial grant for the project.

4.2.10 A 5-member Indian delegation attended the training course for Master Training in Self-employment and Entrepreneurship held at Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia) in April, 1991.

4.2.11 Secretary, Deptt. of Youth Affairs & Sports visited U.K. (London) to attend the meeting of the Committee of Management on May 21-22, 1991.

4.2.12 A 2-member Indian delegation attended CYP, RAB Meeting held at Brunei from December 6-15, 1991.

4.2.13 India, being the founder-member of the Commonwealth and also one of the leading developing countries, is fully committed to the aims and objectives of Commonwealth Youth Programme and actively supports all its programmes.

International Exchange of Youth Delegations

4.3 During 1991-92, the following youth exchanges took place:

- i) A 2-member French delegation visited India under Indo-French CEP regarding construction of Artificial Rock Climbing Wall by IMF in May-June 1991.
- ii) Indian delegation participated in International Youth Philatelic Exhibition held at Dusseldorf (Germany) from July 20-24, 1991.
- iii) A 3-member Indian delegation attended the 14th International Diabetes Federation in Washington (USA) in July-August 1991.
- iv) A 10-member Indian youth delegation visited Japan under South Asian Youth Invitation Programme organised by the Government of Japan from October 6-20, 1991.
- v) A 30-member teachers' delegation from various parts of the country visited Japan under 'Friendship Programme for 21st Century' organised by Government of Japan from 16th October to 12th November, 1991. The objective of the visit was to provide opportunity to the participants to see the development and special features of the education system in Japan and mutual exchange of views and experience and thereby to promote long-lasting relationship of peace and prosperity between Japan and the ASEAN countries.

- vi) The second Asian Rainbow Week function was organised from Nov. 14-20, 1991 by the Department in collaboration with Bal Bhavan Society, Baroda (Gujarat) on the theme of "Youth for Children". In the week-long programme, various sports and games, cultural activities, exhibition and symposium for children were organised. About 150 children from 9 countries visited the country and interacted with our children from different parts of the country.
- vi) A 9-member Indian delegation participated in 'Ship for the World Youth Programme' organised by the Govt. of Japan from 8th January to 11th March 1992. Under the programme, they visited Japan, Singapore, Colombo (Sri Lanka) Alexandria (Egypt), Muscat (Oman) and Barcelona (Spain) by ship. On board the ship, they participated in various activities such as conferences, seminars, debates, cultural programmes, etc.

United Nation Volunteers

4.4.1 As in all other endeavours of cooperation and goodwill, India participates very actively in the United Nations Volunteer (UNV) scheme of United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). India sends her specialists in various fields of activity like medicine, engineering, agriculture, etc. to the developing countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America to accelerate their development process. We also contribute financially to the Special Voluntary Fund of UNDP and our present contribution stands at US \$ 15,000/-. As on February 1, 1992, 92 specialist Indian volunteers are working abroad and 318 candidates are listed on UNV Roster awaiting assignment.

4.4.2 As the latest effort of our contribution to development activities in foreign countries, vigorous steps are underway to send volunteers (for assignment as polling officers, logisticians, procurement officers, storekeepers, transport officers, administrative and finance officers, computer programmers, vehicle mechanics, radio-operators, radio technicians, electricians and cartographers) to help in the reconstruction work in Cambodia commencing with democratic elections there.

4.4.3 Another segment of the UNV scheme envisages exchange of young volunteers between the countries of Asia and the Pacific region to work at grass-root levels with a view to helping and accelerating the local self-help efforts of backward, rural and slum areas in the participating countries. The present position (as on 1.1.1992) about such volunteers from India and in India is as under:-

Sl. No.	Country	Number of volunteers	
		From India	To India
1.	Bangladesh	2	9
2.	Indonesia	6	7
3.	Maldives	1	—
4.	Nepal	3	4
5.	Philippines	2	2
6.	Sri Lanka	6	6
		<u>20</u>	<u>28</u>

4.4.4 The UNV Scheme was established in 1971 and completed 20 years of its operations in 1991. The 20th Anniversary of this Scheme was celebrated throughout the world. India also took special initiatives to celebrate and commemorate the occasion. A Poster Competition was organised among the students of all Kendriya Vidyalayas throughout the country on the subject of 'Volunteerism'.

4.4.5 A total of about 1300 students from 181 schools participated in this competition. Three prizes of Rs. 1,000/-, Rs. 500/- and Rs. 250/- were awarded to the top 3 winners. In addition, 50 consolation prizes of Rs. 100/- each were also prescribed. However, the specially constituted selection committee for this purpose eventually recommended 94 entries for the consolation prize. The Committee consisted of the following:-

- i) **Shri Jatin Das, a well-known Painter,**
- ii) **Shri Keshav Malik, former Secretary of Lalit Kala Academy and currently Art Editor of the Times of India, New Delhi; and**
- iii) **Shri Bhaskar Bhattacharji, Information Officer, UNDP, New Delhi.**

4.4.6 As a token of recognition to all, it was decided that **Participation Certificates** will be awarded to all participants in the Competition irrespective of whether they won any established prize or not.

4.4.7 While the first 3 prizes consisted of especially selected trophies of almost equal prize (since the top 3 posters selected by the Committee were ranked by it as all equally good and entitled to equal prize), the **Consolation Prize** consisted of a **T-shirt** specially designed and prepared for the occasion.

4.4.8 Another special item of celebration was the combined **Poster** which was brought out by the Department in association with UNDP on which the 3 top-prize winning entries were depicted. Yet another item of the celebration was a souvenir book '**UNV and India**' specially produced for the occasion. This book gives complete and upto-date information about the UNV Scheme and India's participation in it.

4.4.9 December 5 is observed as the **International Volunteers Day** every year. This year, it was a special occasion and it was contemplated that our special programmes may conclude on this day. However, considering the ensuing 3rd Inter-Governmental Meeting on UNV Scheme in Kathmandu during December 1 to 6, 1991, the special function was organised in the UNDP premises, Lodi Estate, New Delhi on November 28, 1991. This was the occasion when the 3 top-prize winners were given the Awards and the Souvenir '**UNV and India**' was released. This occasion was duly covered by Doordarshan in a special TV programme. The event and this Department's active association in the UNV efforts were highly appreciated by the senior officials of UNDP present in the function.

organisation

Secretariat

5.1.1 The sanctioned strength of Department is 199. It consists of 17 Group 'A' (including among others, the Secretary, 2 Joint Secretaries, 3 Directors, 1 Programme Adviser, 1 Deputy Secretary, 10 Under Secretaries, 1 Principal Private Secretary to Secretary), 70 Group 'B' (19 Gazetted and 51 Non-gazetted), 81 Group 'C' and 29 Group 'D' posts. There are 34 persons belonging to Scheduled Castes (3 in Group 'A', 8 in Group 'B', 11 in Group 'C' and 11 in Group 'D') and 6 to Scheduled Tribes (1 in Group 'A', 3 in Group 'C' and 2 in Group 'D') and 14 persons belonging to Minority Communities (2 in Group 'A', 4 in Group 'B', 6 in Group 'C' and 2 in Group 'D').

5.1.2 Besides the above, there are 13 sanctioned posts in the Personnel Staff of the Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports.

5.1.3. The Administrative Chart of the Department is at **Appendix-'V'**.

Use of Hindi

5.2.1 The Official Language Implementation Committee was set up in the Department in July, 1983. Its quarterly meetings are held regularly and follow-up action is taken.

5.2.2 Constitution of an independent Hindi Consultative Committee for this Department and the Department of Women and Child Development is under consideration.

5.2.3 The quarterly Progress Reports of the Department are forwarded to the Department of Official Languages regularly and the shortcomings found on review of these reports are communicated to concerned Sections/units for further action. The quarterly Progress Reports received from subordinate offices of the Department are also reviewed and the discrepancies found therein are intimated for remedial action.

5.2.4 At present, there are 18 Devnagri (Manual) typewriters which are made available to all Sections and 11 bilingual electronic typewriters.

5.2.5 Short notes for OTA and supply of refreshment, stationery and various other items are generally put up in Hindi. Letters received in Hindi are replied in Hindi only, as per rule 5 of the Official Language Rules, 1976.

5.2.6 In 1991-92, 9 subordinate/autonomous offices were inspected by the officers of the Department for use of Hindi.

5.2.7 On September 16, 1991, 'Hindi Day' and thereafter the 'Hindi Week' upto September 20, 1991 were celebrated in the Department. The following competitions were held during the Hindi Week:-

- i) Hindi Essay Competition,

- ii) Hindi Typing Competition,
- iii) Hindi Slogan Competition,
- iv) Hindi Noting and Drafting Competition,
- v) Hindi Week Rajbhasa Awards.

The participants were given the cash awards of Rs. 500/-, 300/- and 200/- respectively for attaining 1st, 2nd and 3rd positions in the competitions.

5.2.8 Besides, an appeal was also issued by Ms. Mamata Banerjee, Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports to do maximum work in Hindi.

5.2.9 During 1991-92, 21 Hindi books worth Rs. 950/- were purchased.

5.2.10 In order to encourage the officers and staff to work in Hindi, Hindi periodicals like the Dharmayug, Saptahik Hindustan, India Today (Hindi), Sarita, Mukta, Manorama, Kadambini, Griha Shohha etc. are purchased and circulated.

5.2.11 Out of 17 subordinate offices, 8 offices have already been notified where more than 80% employees know Hindi.

5.2.12 Under Hindi Noting and Drafting Incentive Scheme issued by Department of Official Languages, 2 employees of the Department were given two first awards of Rs. 500/- each.

Publications and Library

5.3.1 New, updated editions of some schemes were produced for free distribution to all those who could make use of them. The Quarterly Newsletter of the Department named 'Youth and Sports' was also published for the first 2 quarters. As an experiment and with a view to enriching it and giving it a new look, it was envisaged that some youth volunteers of National Service Scheme may be associated in the production of this Newsletter. However, the experiment did not succeed. As a result, the last 2 issues of the year 1991 had to be dropped. Publication of the Newsletter will be resumed during the year 1992.

5.3.2 The Department has an informal Library where books and publications relevant to its subjects are stocked. It has a total of about 1500 books and publications out of which 53 were added during 1991-92, including 21 in Hindi.

Budget Allocations

5.4.1 The Revised Estimates for the year 1991-92 and Budget Estimates for 1992-93, Scheme-wise, are given in Appendix 'W'.

5.4.2 During the year 1991-92, the Department had a Plan provision of Rs. 75.56 crores and Non-Plan provision of Rs. 38.84 crores.

5.4.3 For the year 1992-93, the Department has been allocated Rs. 74.00 crores under Plan and Rs. 38.80 crores under Non-Plan. Of this, the Youth Welfare Schemes get Rs. 32.39 crores under Plan and Rs. 21.20 crores under Non-Plan. The Schemes of Sports and Physical Education have a Plan provision of Rs. 41.36 crores and a Non-Plan provision of Rs. 15.65 crores.

Social Mobilisation Campaign

5.5 The Department is chalking out a Social Mobilisation Campaign under which information will be disseminated through various instruments of media about the Schemes of the Department and the manner in which members of the public could take advantage of them. The following Schemes/projects have been identified for projection in the first instance:-

- i) **The Bharatiyam Programme:** It is a programme of mass physical exercises by children through which the virtues of discipline, unified coordinated action and physical fitness are inculcated in children.

- ii) Scouting and nurturing of talent by Sports Authority of India and the achievements of the selected children.
- iii) Availability of sports infrastructure developed with Government funds and the manner in which the public could benefit by them.
- iv) Projection of selected popular mother sports disciplines to inform and educate the people.
- v) Activities of selected successful Voluntary Sports Organisations like the gymnasium of Guru Hanuman.
- vi) Rules of popular games to educate the young minds and the people at large.
- vii) Projection of premier sports institutions established by SAI recently.
- viii) Development and Implementation of the National Youth Policy.
- ix) Regular and special camping programme of National Service Scheme.
- x) Rural Youth Programme of Nehru Yuva Kendras.
- xi) Special programmes organised under NYK system with reference to women.
- xii) Role of Youth Clubs in promoting social welfare.
- xiii) National Youth Awards.
- xiv) Activities of the programmes of international cooperation like Commonwealth Youth Programme, UN Volunteers, SAARC, etc.

Computerisation

5.6.1 National Informatics Centre has established a Computer Cell in the Department which is working in close coordination with the officials of the Department and has succeeded in developing useful databases. Effort is on to develop more analytical systems for quick decision making at higher levels. The following is the status of development of Information Systems and their utilisation.

National Service Scheme

5.6.2 a) *Consolidation of Accounts:* The release of grants to States/UTs from 1981 to 1991 and unspent balance for the conduct of NSS activities have been compiled and reports have been generated for quick follow up.

b) *NSS Information System:* The information system covering Data Entry, Validation and Updation with reports and queries have been developed for computerising half yearly progress reports received from various universities. The reports include details of functionaries, funds allocation and disbursement, details on the conduct of regular activities and special camps. The staff from Programme Adviser Cell have been trained for operation and usage of the software.

5.6.3 *Budget and Progressive Expenditure:* Design and development of software for the review of the budget and expenditure with details of Budget Estimates, Revised Estimates and Actual Expenditure for the current financial year has been attempted. The reports generated were very handy for the review meeting in knowing the status of expenditures under various schemes.

5.6.4 *Youth Schemes:* For assisting the Department in zone-wise analysis, the details on the release of grants and beneficiaries of the following Youth Schemes have been computed:

- i) Exhibitions for Youth,
- ii) Promotion of Adventure,
- iii) Youth Clubs,
- iv) NSVS,
- v) Training of Youth, and
- vi) National Integration.

On line query system has also been developed which will give State-wise and scheme-wise details. For Youth Hostels, details of financial assistance, status of construction and details of functionaries have been fed.

- 5.6.5 Documentation Assistance:** The Department has been assisted in bringing out Agenda Papers and Minutes for State Ministers Conference and for drafting VIII Plan document and its annexures.
- 5.6.6** NICMAIL has been extensively used by the Department as a faster communication facility in information exchange with various State Govt. agencies, in acquiring latest information and status of implementation of various schemes like Sports Infrastructure. National Physical Fitness Corps. Quick responses have been obtained, helping in faster disposal of pending cases in certain areas.
- 5.6.7** Proposals received under the scheme 'Development of Sports Infrastructure' from various States have been computerised covering date of receipt of application, details of sponsor, project for which grant has been sought, action taken by the Department, etc. Information on pending cases have been sent to respective districts through NICNET to expedite the process of completion of construction. Parliament questions are also being answered by using computerised information system. Zone-wise reports have been generated to assist the Department in field inspections.
- 5.6.8** Information on proposals under 'Grants to Rural Schools' have been compiled and updated till date. Reports are generated thereon for approved, pending and rejected cases with reasons for rejections.
- 5.6.9** An on line information system for monitoring of grants to Sports Federations has been developed to have information on category, budget-head-wise grants sanctioned and released for different activities. Profile on each Sports Federation covering functionaries' details has also been computerised.
- 5.6.10** Protocols signed with different countries are being maintained in computer for their effective monitoring. Implementation status and follow up action in respect of each protocol is updated and reports are produced thereon, which are quite useful in discussing with foreign delegations.
- 5.6.11** Staff strength of the Department covering its allocated and filled strength for each section, number of posts vacant, employees posted against each post, their deputation details and group-wise employees' details have been compiled, which are supported with on line Employees Information System.
- 5.6.12** File Status Information System is being implemented in the Department for quick disposal of VIP references received from various quarters. The system supports the date of receipt of letter, date of action taken, references pending with a particular officer, and whether disposed of or not.
- 5.6.13** Analysis on Questionnaire for the NSS campers for Republic Day Parade, 1991 is made to measure the participants' skills and to evaluate their performance in the camp.
- 5.6.14** Data on Parliament Assurances have been compiled. Reports have been produced with their latest status, Payroll is being run every month to produce payslips and other schedules like licence fee, Central Government Employees Insurance Scheme, Postal Life Insurance, etc., as required by the Department.
- 5.6.15** Software packages developed for the Department as well as SAI schemes have been implemented in SAI Southern Regional Centre, Bangalore. Training has also been provided for the officials of the Centre on the operation of these packages. The scope of computerisation in other priority areas of the Centre have also been discussed with its Regional Director. The NIC State Centre, at Bangalore is assisting the SAI Regional Centre in the utilisation of these software packages and in providing software development support.
- 5.6.16** Computer Training programmes at different levels have been organised in the Department and at NIC Headquarters making them aware of the usage of computers in office automation. Training has also been organised on software packages implemented

in the Department for their smooth and effective operation. About 20 officials have received training on the usage of computers.

5.6.17 As per recommendations of NMCC Sports Working Group meetings, the twelve priority areas which have been identified for computerisation are being taken up in a phased manner. Proforma designed for building the Sportspersons Database have been discussed in detail for implementation.

5.6.18 The second NIC-Ministry Coordination Committee meeting was held under chairmanship of the Secretary of the Department to review the progress made in computerisation and to suggest future line of action.

5.6.19 Sports Authority of India was assisted in the usage of NIC software packages for the National Sports Talent Contest Scheme, Special Area Games, SAI Coaches Information System and SPDA Centres.

Impact of computerisation

5.6.20 Management Information Systems developed in crucial areas, like sports infrastructure development, protocol exchanges, Grants to Sports Federations, National Service Scheme, Grants under youth welfare programmes helped in the effective organisation, retrieval and analysis of information, helping in the timely clearance of pending cases, answering Parliament questions and in reducing the considerable delay involved in manual operations. NICNET and NICMAIL are very handy in quick and economic communication, helping in useful information exchange with State Government Departments and other associated organisations. The computer training provided to the officials of the Department has resulted in multifaceted utilisation of software packages developed for the Department. It has been felt through discussions with State Govts of Madhya Pradesh and Karnataka that the Management Information Systems developed at the Central level for the Department could be implemented in all the States and UTs for utilisation by them, which will help in reducing the delay in utilisation of already developed systems and in avoiding duplication of efforts.

appendices

Appendix A

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FUNDS PROVIDED TO VOLUNTARY ORGANISATIONS UNDER THE SCHEME FOR PROMOTION OF ADVENTURE ACTIVITIES

Sl. No.	Name of the Organisation/Person	Amount (Rs.)	Purpose
1.	Rocks and Snow, Calcutta	5,100/-	Trekking expedition to Har-Ki-Doon and Bali Pass.
2.	Smt. Saroj Balan Bansal, Education Officer, Daryaganj, New Delhi.	69,000/-	Visit of 50 students to Andaman & Nicobar islands.
3.	Himalayan Enjoyers' Association, Chittaranjan, (W.B.).	2,541/-	Trekking expedition.
4.	Kinnaur Kanya, Burdwan (W.B.).	7,450/-	—do—
5.	Mira Model Sr. Secondary School, Janakpuri, New Delhi.	2,500/-	Study of flora & fauna in Nainital.
6.	Haryana Mountaineering Youth Club, Bahadurgarh.	19,440/-	Trekking in Chamba, (H.P.).
7.	Director, Sports and Youth Welfare Haryana, Chandigarh.	2,250/-	Purchase of equipment.
8.	The Adventurers Panchwati, Guwahati.	6,300/-	Trekking expedition.
9.	Director, Youth Services, Punjab, Chandigarh.	5,25,000/-	For setting up of Shaheed Bhagat Singh Institute of Adventure.
10.	Victoria Monterson School, Shiksha Samiti, Jaipur.	11,250/-	Swimming, cycling and mountaineering.
11.	Shri D.S. Ventenne, T.R. Nagar, Bangalore.	6,000/-	South India Cycle Expedition.
12.	Malda college, Malda, (W.B.).	3,760/-	Promotion of adventure.
13.	M.S. Ramaiyah Institute of Technology Bangalore.	2,770/-	Trekking expedition in Lahaul Valley (H.P.).
14.	Rocks & Snow, Calcutta.	5,540/-	Trekking expedition.
15.	Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi.	19,800/-	Trekking to Har-ki-Doon by 43 persons.
16.	Shri Sandipane Bhattacharya, 24, Parganas (North), (W.B.).	720/-	Cycle tour to Bihar and Orissa.
17.	University College of Medical Sciences and G.T.B. Hospital, Shahdara, Delhi.	9,000/-	Collection of data under adventure programme at Dalhousie (H.P.).

	Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
18.	General Sea Explorers Institute, Calcutta, (W.B.).	25,000/-	Programme of adventure.
19.	General Sea Explorers' Institute, Calcutta, (W.B.).	35,000/-	Promotion of adventure.
20.	Bharat Scouts and Guides, Calcutta.	3,700/-	Trekking expedition.
21.	Haryana Agriculture University, Hissar.	11,810/-	Trekking, study of flora and fauna, etc.
22.	NSS unit, Berhampore College, Murshidabad (W.B.).	3,090/-	Study of flora and fauna at Jaldapara national forest.
23.	S.M. College, Bhagalpur (Bihar).	3,500/-	To Meet the villagers of riots affected area.
24.	The Peakers, Asansol (W.B.)	1,310/-	Trekking to Gauri Kund.
25.	Arts, Science & Commerce College, Chopda, Distt. Jalgaon.	5,830/-	Trekking.
26.	BhadraKali Padahk, Distt. Hoogly (W.B.).	7,380/-	Trekking expedition in U.P.
27.	Shri Bhupinder Singh, Vikaspuri, New Delhi.	8,000/-	Trekking expedition in U.P.
28.	Bhoruka Mountaineering Trust, Calcutta.	7,50,000/-	Indian Everest Expedition.
29.	The Deputy Commissioner, Ropar (Punjab).	10,500/-	Trekking programme for Hemkunt Sahab.
30.	Yova Trekking Club, Jind, (Haryana).	19,734/-	Trekking expedition from Manali to Mayura (H.P.).
31.	Shri Surinder Kumar Bhandari, Chandigarh.	6,470/-	Trekking in H.P.
32.	Adventure Fellowship, New Delhi.	1,87,500/-	Mountaineering expedition to Mount Sasar Kangri-II.
33.	Kashmir Mountaineering Group, Srinagar (J&K).	2,438/-	Trekking in Jammu & Kashmir.
34.	Kamarhati Trekkers' Association, Calcutta.	2,447/-	Trekking expedition to Garhwal Hills.
35.	Bharat Scouts and Guides, New Delhi.	1,50,000/-	Repair of Tara Devi Camp Site, Shimli Hills.
36.	Don Bosco School, Cachar Hills, (Assam).	82,500/-	Establishment of a site camp.
37.	NSS Unit, SNTD womens University, Bombay.	5,400/-	Trekking programme
38.	Anchor, Calcutta.	3,120/-	Trekking expedition in U.P.

Sl. No.	Name of the organisation/Person	Amount released	Purpose
39.	French Mountaineering & Trekking Club, New Delhi.	6,900/-	Trekking expedition in U.P.
40.	Ms. Paramjeet Kaur, Meenakshi Garden, New Delhi.	2,572/-	Trekking expedition
41.	Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidyanagar (Gujarat).	14,340/-	Trekking programme in Markande Hills in H.P.
42.	Don-Bosco High School, Tura (Meghalaya).	1,61,000/-	Establishment of base camp and adventure camp.
43.	G. T. Base College, Pune.	5,775/-	Assistance for adventure camp.
44.	Rocks and Snow, Calcutta.	4,850/-	Trekking Programme in U.P.
45.	Lonavla Education Trust, Art and Commerce College, Pune (Maharashtra)	6,490/-	Trekking, mountaineering & rock climbing.
46.	The Himalaya Trotters, Bhadrakali, Hooghly (W.B.).	4,233/-	Trekking expedition in Sikkim Himalayas
47.	Churu Adventure & Cultural Society, Churu, (Rajasthan).	4,926/-	Trekking in Garhwal Himalaya
48.	Howrah Distt. Mountaineering and Trekker Association, Howrah.	1,600/-	Trekking in U.P.
49.	Zoomer, Calcutta.	2,700/-	Trekking in Garhwal
50.	NSS Unit, Gujarat Agr. University, Anand (Gujarat).	8,000/-	Trekking Programme to Mount Abu.
51.	Garhwal Badri-Kedar Youth Club. Chamoli, Garhwal.	8,460/-	Trekking to Kullu-Manali
52.	Bhavani College, Andheri, Bombay.	34,000/-	Study of flora and fauna
53.	Shri Prabir Dutta, Abinash Chandra Banerjee Road, Calcutta.	1,600/-	Trekking in Garhwal Hills.
54.	Sh. Vipen Chandra, Sarai Rohilla, New Delhi.	9,000/-	Cycle expedition to U.P and M.P.
55.	Shri Saswti Bhattacharya, Shalimar Bagh, Delhi.	6,225/-	Trekking to Annaporna Base Camp in Nepal Himalayas.
56.	Indian Mountaineering foundation, New Delhi.	95,400/-	Participating in UIAA Climbing World Cup, Tokyo.

	Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
57.	The Tramps, New Delhi.	7,970/-	Promotion of Adventure.
58.	Shri Jagmohan Singh, Vikas Puri, New Delhi.	3,528/-	Trekking to Manimahesh Bhawer (H.P.)
59.	Grameen Vikas Sanstha, Tilikilen, Delhi.	21,871/-	Trekking Garhwal Himalayas.
60.	Gandhigram Rural Institute, Dindigul Distt., (Tamil Nadu).	5,62,125/-	Construction of camping site at Gandhigram.
61.	Karimpur Bazar Morning Club, Distt. Nadia (W.B.).	1,800/-	Cycle expedition.
62.	University of Roorkee, Roorkee.	12,540/-	Himalayan Social Ecology Expedition.
63.	NSS Unit, S.V. University, Tirupati, (A.P.)	4,300/-	Trekking expedition.
64.	Assam Adventure Foundation, Guwahati, (Assam).	25,000/-	Mountaineering expedition to Peaks Mt. Meru North in Garhwal.
65.	NSS Unit, Loyala Academy, Secunderabad, (A.P.)	4,620/-	Cycling.
66.	Hans Raj College, Delhi.	15,750/-	Nature Camp for youth in Himalayas of Pauri (U.P.)
67.	Pioneers Adventure Society, Bikaner, (Rajasthan).	8,115/-	3 Trekking programmes
68.	Himalayas Lovers Association, Calcutta.	3,250/-	Trekking in Badrinarayan (Garhwal).
69.	Indian Mountaineering Foundation, New Delhi.	12,500/-	Promotion of adventure.
70.	M.P. Adventure & Exploration Institute, Bhopal.	33,285/-	2 Adventure programmes.
71.	Assam Adventure Foundation, Guwahati.	47,601/-	Trekking programmes.
72.	Youth hostel Association of India, 24, Pargannas, (W.B.).	8,000/-	Trekking
73.	Uttar Manas, Kutti.	8,778/-	Rock-climbing course.
74.	Jay Hind Arts & Sports Club, Thottuva, Anayadi. P.O. Kerala.	10,500/-	Cycle expedition.
75.	Chetterjeehat Govt. Quarters' Welfare Association, Howrah.	3,510/-	Trekking in U.P.

	Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
76.	NSS Unit-I, Mahatama Gandhi University, Kottayam.	9,900/-	Adventure programme.
77.	NSS Unit-I, Govt. Jr. College for Boys, Nalgonda.	3,360/-	Promotion of adventure.
78.	NSS Unit, Satavahans College, Vijayawada, (A.P).	4,680/-	Promotion of adventure.
79.	Govt. College for Women, Hyderabad (A.P.)	3,900/-	Promotion of adventure.
80.	Sea Explorers Institute, Calcutta.	75,000/-	Purchase of equipment.
81.	Sea Explorers Institute, Calcutta.	2,82,600/-	Rafting expedition from Calcutta to Singapore.
82.	Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, New Delhi.	10,000/-	Nehru Memorial Lecture on, Nehru's Vision of Youth & Democracy in India.
83.	Youth Hostel & Association of India, New Delhi.	7,530/-	Organisation Himalayan Motor Bike Rally.
84.	Mountaineering Association, Krishnanagar (W.B.).	8,646/-	Trekking to Maiktoli
85.	Crescent Club, Chittaranjan.	10,800/-	Rock-climbing.
86.	Himalayan Enjoyers, Association, Chittaranjan.	18,750/-	Rock-climbling.
87.	Sea Explorers Institute, Calcutta.	25,000/- (IInd Instal- ment)	Sailing expedition from Calcutta to Andaman Island.
88.	Youth Hostels Association of India, Calcutta.	11,250/-	Adventure programme.
89.	Navjeevan Society, Amarvati.	24,000/-	Promotion-cum-integration.
90.	Assam Adventure Foundation, Guwahati.	1,74,825/-	Purchase of sports equipment.
91.	NAF 38, AWHO, Dehradun.	10,800/-	Training courses for youth
92.	Director, Youth Welfare, Jadavpur University, Calcutta.	15,300/-	Trekking prog. to Gangtok.
93.	Youth Adventure Centre, Patna University, Patna.	8,186/-	Study of flora of Garhwal
94.	NSS Unit, Tagore Science College, Pondicherry.	7,875/-	Cycling programme.

Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
95. Trained Social Workers Asscn., Kollam.	45,000/-	Cycle expedition.
96. Himalayan Mountaineers Asscn., Calcutta.	3,365/-	Trekking to West Sikkim hills.
97. NSS Unit, Calicut University, Malappuram (Kerala).	11,250/-	Adventure programme.
98. Shri Surjeet Prashar & Party, New Delhi.	5,130/-	Trekking programme.
99. Shri Gulab Singh & Party, Jama Masjid, Bulandshahar	5,970/-	Trekking programme.
100. National Adventure Foundation, J.N. Stadium, New Delhi.	28,350/-	Adventure training camps for school children.
101. SC/ST Research & Training Instt., Lucknow.	21,000/-	Adventure activities.
102. National Adventure Foundation, New Delhi.	99,000/-	Organisation of two integration camps.
	Total	
	<u>36,27,731</u>	

Appendix-B

FUNDS RELEASED TO VARIOUS VOLUNTARY BODIES UNDER THE SCHEME 'PROMOTION OF NATIONAL INTEGRATION'

Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
1. Spic-Macay, New Delhi.	65,000/-	Cultural activities
2. Sarvodaya Sansthan, Agra.	2,52,000/-	National Integration Camp
3. Students Welfare University, Poona.	35,343/-	—do—
4. Jagannath Sanskrit University, Puri.	27,500/-	—do—
5. Sarvodya Shiksha Avam, Samaj Kalyan Sansthan, New Delhi.	1,25,000/-	—do—
6. Krishi Navyuvak Club, Chamba (HP).	52,500/-	—do—
7. All India Women's Conference, New Delhi.	13,600/-	Seminar at Bangalore
8. R.K. Mission, Bhubaneswar.	11,838/-	National Integration Camp

Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
9. Director, Youth Services & Sports, Shimla.	1,81,500/-	3 National Integration Camps
10. Delhi School of Social Work, University of Delhi, Delhi.	2,371/-	Inter-State Visit
11. Krishi Vidyapeeth, Akola.	90,300/-	National Integration Camp
12. Govt. College, Hooghly.	83,700/-	—do—
13. Jai Prakash Gram Kalyan Sanstha, Nanded (Maharashtra).	75,000/-	—do—
14. Oriental Voluntary Forum, Imphal.	27,500/-	Inter-State Visit —do—
15. Tarika Munch, Distt. Giridih, Bihar.	12,750/-	National Integration Camp
16. H.P. Krishi Vishwa Vidyalaya, Palampur (HP).	77,100/-	—do—
17. Malda College, Malda (W.B).	91,500/-	—do—
18. Vivekananda Kendra, Kanyakumari. (T.N.).	68,559/-	—do—
19. National Institute of Culture, N. Delhi.	93,000/-	—do—
20. Saga Yuvak Kendra, Kottayam.	19,000/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange
21. Dy. Commission, Ropar, Punjab.	59,250/-	—do—
22. Tagore Arts College, Pondicherry.	69,000/-	National Integration Camp
23. Ch. S.D. St. Theresa College, Elluru (AP).	76,500/-	—do—
24. Sambalpur University, Orissa.	76,500/-	—do—
25. Antar Bharati, Madurai.	67,000/-	—do—
26. Students Welfare, HAU, Hissar.	77,000/-	National Integration Camp
27. Rotary Club, Madras.	21,000/-	—do—
28. Indian Institute of Rural Research Centre, New Delhi.	2,45,000/-	—do—

Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
29. Vivekananda Kendra, Kanya Kumari.	1,63,050/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
30. International Centre for Study & Dance, Kerala.	590/-	National Integration Camp
31. Gandhi Darshan Kendra, Madras.	40,000/-	—do—
32. Don Bosco School, Halflong, North Cachar Hills, Assam.	73,000/-	—do—
33. Society for Promotion of Youth Masses, New Delhi.	63,000/-	—do—
34. Director Youth Services & Sports, Govt. of Punjab, Chandigarh.	40,264/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
35. SKVP & Dr. K.S. Raju Arts & Science College, Penugonda (AP).	76,500/-	National Integration Camp
36. Kerala Kalamandalam, Trichur.	4,454/-	—do—
37. Mysore University, Mysore.	83,000/-	—do—
38. Sri Aurobindo Society, Pondicherry.	58,800/-	2 National Integration Camps
39. Dayanand Kala Kendra, Goa.	28,000/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
40. Sewa Bharati, New Delhi.	75,000/-	National Integration Camp
41. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee College, New Delhi.	93,555/-	Lakshadweep tour
42. Children Temple, Naihati (W.B)	18,000/-	Foot March from Maharashtra to New Delhi
43. Gandhigram Rural Institute, Dindigul, (T.N.)	2,43,000/-	National Integration Camp
44. National Youth Project, New Delhi.	7,74,000/-	—do—
45. University of Kerala, Trivandrum.	7,500/-	—do—
46. Vishwa Sahitya Sansthan, New Delhi.	45,097/-	—do—
47. Society for Promotion of Youth Masses, New Delhi.	11,159/-	—do—

Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
48. Sri Aurbindo Education Society, New Delhi	37,500/-	—do—
49. Public Instruction Office, Bangalore.	67,500/-	—do—
50. Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi.	74,500/-	—do—
51. Bharat Scouts & Guides, New Delhi.	1,23,750/-	—do—
52. Sri Hanuman Vayayam Prasarak Mandal, Amravati (Maharashtra)	69,500/-	—do—
53. R.K. Mission, Narendrapur (W.B.)	1,12,000/-	—do—
54. Govt. Girls Sr. Sec. School, Rajouri Garden, New Delhi.	1,50,000/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
55. St. Anthony College, Shillong.	1,30,850/-	National Integration Camp
56. Bharat Scouts & Guides, New Delhi.	41,250/-	—do—
57. R.K. Mission, Bhubaneshwar (Orissa).	11,838/-	3 National Integration Camps
58. Govt. College, Howly, Barpeta, Assam.	83,700/-	National Integration Camp
59. Delhi School of Social Work, New Delhi.	2,371/-	—do—
60. Jai Prakash, Gram Kalyan Sanstha, Nanded (Maharashtra)	75,000/-	—do—
61. Oriental Voluntary Association, Imphal	27,500/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
62. National Service Scheme, Punjab University, Punjab.	90,300/-	National Integration Camp
63. Poona University, Poona.	83,800/-	—do—
64. Delhi University, South Campus, New Delhi.	3,520/-	—do—
65. Observance of Sadbhawna Diwas	3,00,000/-	—do—
66. Sri Aurobindo Education Society, Auroville	2,52,000/-	—do—

Sl. No.	Name of the organisation/Person	Amount released	Purpose
67.	NSS Regional Centre, Bhavnagar University, Ahmedabad.	55,342/-	National Integration Camp
68.	St. Anthony College, Shillong.	1,30,850/-	—do—
69.	All India Cultural on Urban & Rural, New Delhi.	2,88,000/-	—do—
70.	Nehru Bal Sangh, New Delhi.	41,014/-	—do—
71.	Yuva Biradari, Bombay.	1,50,000/-	—do—
72.	National Service Scheme, Sri Venkateshawara University, Tirupati.	80,000/-	—do—
73.	Karayil Yuvajana, Kalyan Samiti, Cannanore Distt., (Kerala).	78,000/-	—do—
74.	Vivekananda Kendra, Kanyakumari, (T.N.)	3,57,000/-	—do—
75.	Bangwani Society, Nabadweep, (W.B.)	79,350/-	—do—
76.	Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam (Kerala)	85,750/-	—do—
77.	Gandhigram Rural Institute, Dindigul, (T.N.)	5,62,125/-	—do—
78.	Midnapore College, Midnapore, (W.B.)	90,000/-	—do—
79.	Calicut University, Calicut (Kerala)	66,892/-	—do—
80.	Gandhi Smriti & Darshan Samiti, New Delhi.	5,40,000/-	—do—
81.	Indian Instt. of Rural Research Centre, New Delhi.	41,500/-	—do—
82.	Vishwa Yuvak Kendra, New Delhi.	1,27,000/-	—do—
83.	Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidya Nagar, (Gujarat).	94,000/-	—do—
84.	University of Calcutta, Calcutta.	29,000/-	—do—
85.	All India Boy Scouts Association, New Delhi.	22,500/-	—do—

86. Sports & Youth Services Deptt., Bhubaneshwar, (Orissa).	2,50,000/-	—do—
87. Nehru Yuva Kendra, Mehboob Nagar (A.P.)	1,51,000/-	—do—
88. NSS Regional Centre, Bhavnagar University, Ahmedabad.	87,000/-	—do—
89. Govt. Girls Secondary School, Moti Nagar, New Delhi.	1,77,000/-	—do—
90. National Youth Projects, New Delhi.	1,21,640/-	—do—
91. Indian Classical Memorial & Cultural Organisation, New Delhi.	63,000/-	—do—
92. National Service Scheme, Madurai Kamraj University. Madurai (T.N.)	10,170/-	—do—
93. Youth Hostels Association of India, New Delhi.	1,48,500/-	—do—
94. Gandhi Darshan Kendra, Madras.	1,37,940/-	—do—
95. Jyoti Welfare Association, Hyderabad.	38,430/-	—do—
96. Bharat Scouts & Guides, New Delhi.	24,998/-	—do—
97. Samaj Bharati, Latur (Maharashtra)	31,350/-	—do—
98. Rajendra Institute of Educational Welfare, Halimpur, Sitamarhi (Bihar)	21,000/-	—do—
99. Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, New Delhi.	9,05,000/-	Jawahar Cycle Yatra
100. Balkanji Bari International, Janak Puri, New Delhi.	31,750/-	Yuva Kavi Award
101. Sports Authority of India, New Delhi.	2,13,845/-	National Integration Camp
102. Jai Prakash Gram Kalyan Sanstha, Nanded (Maharashtra)	82,500/-	—do—
103. Bharat Scouts & Guides, New Delhi.	23,86,000/-	National Integration Camp and Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
104. Jyoti Webler Association, Hyderabad.	38,430/-	Youth Festival

Sl. No.	Name of the organisation/Person	Amount released	Purpose
105.	Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi.	9,71,000/-	Four Zonal & One National Youth Festival
106.	Don Bosco College, Tura, (Meghalaya).	1,92,000/-	National Integration Camp
107.	R.K. Mission, Bhubaneswar.	45,000/-	—do—
108.	Youth Hostels Association of India, New Delhi.	5,73,750/-	Republic Day Camp
109.	Miranda House College, New Delhi.	15,510/-	National Integration Camp,
110.	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling	18,774/-	Educational tour to Kerala
111.	Director, Youth Affairs & Sports, Imphal (Manipur).	1,08,000/-	National Integration Camp
112.	Sri Gandhi College, Sitapur.	76,800/-	—do—
113.	Sri Venkteswara College, New Delhi.	14,000/-	Study tour
114.	Rural Voluntary Youth Forum, Silchar, Cachar (Assam)	31,800/-	Youth meet
115.	Nehru Yuva Kendra, Mehbubnagar (A.P.).	34,310/-	—do—
116.	Director, Youth Affair & Sports, Govt. of Manipur, Imphal.	51,560/-	—do—
117.	Head of the Botany Deptt., Delhi University, Delhi.	2,500/-	—do—
118.	Sri Aurobindo Bhawan Trust, Krishnanagar, Nadia (W.B.)	75,000/-	National Integration Camp
119.	Balkanji Bari International, Janakpuri, New Delhi	5,000/-	Printing of Literature
120.	District Youth Coordinator, Nehru Yuva Kendra, Quilon (Kerala)	95,625/-	National Integration Camp
121.	Amravati University, Maharashtra.	86,250/-	—do—
122.	National Instt. of Women, Child & Youth Development, Nagpur.	9,550/-	—do—
123.	National Youth Project, Deen Dayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.	3,00,000/-	—do—

Name of the Organisation	Amount released (Rs.)	Purpose
124. Youth Hostels Association of India, New Delhi.	6,45,000/-	Yuva Milap, National Integration Camp,
125. R.K. Mission, Ranchi, (Bihar).	18,750/-	National Integration Camp & National Youth Day
126. Youth for Disaster Preparedness, Orissa	26,250/-	National Integration Camp
127. R.K. Mission, Bhubaneswar (Orissa).	7,676/-	National Integration Camp
128. Dy. Programme Adviser, NSS Cell, New Delhi.	6,69,375/-	Earthquake relief camp-cum- National Integration Camp.
129. SVKP & Dr. K.S. Raju Art & Science College, Penugunde (AP)	76,500/-	National Integration Camp
130. NSS, L.N. Mithila University, Danapur (Bihar).	76,800/-	—do—
131. Karayil Yuvajana Samiti, Kerala.	18,750/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
132. R.K. Mission, Ranchi (Bihar).	9,687/-	National Integration Camp
133. Gandhi Darshan Kendra, Madras.	58,725/-	Inter-State Youth Exchange Programme
134. Sri Aurobindo International Instt. of Educational Research, Auroville, (T.N.).	7,250/-	National Integration Camp
135. District Collector, Moradabad (U.P.).	1,01,250/-	—do—
Total	1,81,23,457	

Appendix-C

LIST OF NATIONAL YOUTH AWARD WINNERS

1985

1. **Smt. Sarva Sridevi,**
Secunderabad,
(Andhra Pradesh).
2. **Shri Maruthachalam Rengan,**
District Palghat.
(Kerala).
3. **Smt. Sandhya Narinder Ingale,**
Nagpur.
(Maharashtra).
3. **Shri Nabin Kumar Naik,**
District Sundergarh.
(Orissa).
5. **Shri Jaswinder Singh,**
District Ropar.
(Punjab).
6. **Shri Elumalai Mani,**
Madras.
(Tamil Nadu).
7. **Shri Satyanath Pathak,**
District Sultanpur.
(Uttar Pradesh).
8. **Shri Pill Tuki,**
District Lower Subansiri.
(Arunachal Pradesh).
9. **Shri Amar Vivek,**
Chandigarh.
10. **Shri Roque A.R. Dias,**
Tiswadi Taluka.
Goa.

VOLUNTARY YOUTH ORGANISATION

**Nava Pratibha Arts,
Sports & Cultural Association,**
Najakkanal, Krishnapuram,
Quilon-690 533.
(Kerala).

1986-87

1. **Km. Anil Dogra,**
District Hamirpur.
(Himachal Pradesh).
2. **Shri M.C. Hiremath,**
District Dharwad.
(Karnataka).
3. **Shri Ashokrao Kondiram Mane,**
District Kolhapur.
(Maharashtra).
4. **Shri Suresh Shetty,**
Bombay.
(Maharashtra).

5. **Shri Walkhom Ibohal Singh,**
Thoubale.
(Manipur).
6. **Shri S.K. Bhullar,**
Amritsar.
(Punjab).
7. **Shri Bibhuti Ranjan Mishra,**
District 24 Parganas.
(West Bengal).
8. **Shri Bimal Kumar Roy,**
South Andaman.
(A&N Islands).
9. **Shri Muthukrishnan
Bakthavachalam,**
Manavali Ariyankuppam,
Pondicherry.

VOLUNTARY YOUTH ORGANISATION

Youth Volunteer's Union,
Indo-Burma Road,
Thoubal-795 138.
(Manipur).

1987-88

1. **Km. Shahzada Aziz,**
Srinagar,
(Jammu & Kashmir).
2. **Shri Manik Deori,**
District Karbi Anglong.
(Assam).
3. **Km. Mamata Dey,**
Agartala.
(Tripura).
4. **Shri P. Natrajan,**
Tiruchirapalli.
(Tamil Nadu).
5. **Shri K.V. Gopinathan,**
District Cannanore.
(Kerala).
6. **Mohd. Emdadul Haque,**
District Burdwan.
(West Bengal).
7. **Shri L.G. Harsarandas,**
Bombay.
(Maharashtra).
8. **Shri Kishan Lal,**
District Lahaul and Spiti.
(Himachal Pradesh).
9. **Shri Mani Shankar,**
Delhi.
10. **Km. Subha Laxmi Naik,**
District Kalahandi.
(Orissa).

11. **Shri Ram Naresh Rawat**,
District Barabanki.
(Uttar Pradesh).
12. **Shri A.D. Sakharam**,
District Ratanagiri,
(Maharashtra).
13. **Km. Manisha Jayantilal Saha**,
District Panchmahal.
(Gujarat).
14. **Shri Parimal Tarua**,
Havelock Island.
South Andaman.
(Andaman and Nicobar Islands).
15. **Shri Stan Thekaekara**,
Therapally.
District Nilgiris.
(Tamil Nadu).

VOLUNTARY YOUTH ORGANISATION
Dharamanandan Yuhak Sangha (Orissa).
At. Sikipani,
P.O. Dharuadihi,
District Sundergarh,
(Orissa).

1988-89

1. **Shri Nilesh Desai**,
District Shabua
(Madhya Pradesh).
2. **Mhd. Saleem**
Mhd. Usman Ansari,
Dhule.
(Maharashtra).
3. **Shri D. Marie A. Liguori**,
Pondicherry.
4. **Shri M.P. Kamat**,
Goa.
5. **Ms. Kamikaben Navnitlal Dave**,
District Panchmahal.
(Gujarat).
6. **Shri Prakash Vaidya**,
P.O. Kakkalli,
Sirsi.
(Karnataka).
7. **Ms. Indulekha**,
District Kottayam.
(Kerala).
8. **Shri Santosh Kumar Pradhan**,
East Sikkim.
(Sikkim).
9. **Shri R. Valusamy**,
District Coimbatore.
(Tamil Nadu).
10. **Shri Rajesh Kumar**,
New Delhi.

11. **Ms. Leela Devi**,
District Sirmour.
(Himachal Pradesh).
12. **Shri A.K. Singh Atardah**,
District Muzaffarpur.
(Bihar).

VOLUNTARY YOUTH ORGANISATION
Jan Shiksha Evam Vikas Sangathan,
District Dungarpur.
(Rajasthan.).

1989-90

1. **Shri D. Vishwanath**,
District Karnool.
(Andhra Pradesh).
2. **Shri Dasyhant Kumar V. Bhatt**,
Surendranagar,
(Gujarat).
3. **Shri Shankar B. Hireraddy Avaradi**,
Belgaum.
(Karnataka).
4. **Ms. Marykutty Joseph**,
Wynad.
(Kerala).
5. **Shri Bawge Madhav Vishwanath**,
District Latur.
(Maharashtra).
6. **Ms. L. Lakshmi Devi**,
Imphal.
(Manipur).
7. **Shri U. Karunanithi**,
Eda Melaiyur.
8. **Shri Satnam Singh Sekhon**,
Kapurthala.
(Punjab).
9. **Ms. Iti Das**,
P.O. Keonjgargarh.
District Keonijhar.
(Orissa).
10. **Shri Shreedeo Verma**,
District Muzaffarpur.
(Bihar).
11. **Shri Devi Bhaskar Pandey**,
Meerut (UP).
12. **Shri Anil Kumar Gupta**,
District Sawai Madhopur.
(Rajasthan).
13. **Shri Vinod Kumar Panwar**,
Delhi.
14. **Ms. S. Uma**,
Kanyakumari District.
(Tamil Nadu).
15. **Shri Ricky Lamba**,
Bhopal (M.P.).

VOLUNTARY YOUTH ORGANISATION

Shri Alagihari Tarun Sangha,
District Darrang
(Assam).

1990-91

1. **Shri B. Laxman Naik,**
Faluknuma.
Hyderabad. (A.P.).
2. **Dr. Keshav Malhotra,**
Chandigarh.
3. **Shri Yogesh A. Joshi,**
Panchmahal.
(Gujarat).
4. **Shri Mallesh Gopal thougule,**
Belgaum.
(Karnataka).
5. **Shri Gopal Agrawal,**
Gondia.
(Maharashtra).
6. **Shri Lakhichand Jain,**
Aurangabad.
(Maharashtra).
7. **Shri Ashok Kumar Dash,**
Distt. Dhenkanal.
(Orissa).
8. **Shri Gurmail Singh Bajwa,**
District Kapurthala,
(Punjab).

9. **Shri D.P. Choudhary,**
Distt. Bharatpur.
(Rajasthan).
10. **Shri Lakshman Singh,**
Jaipur.
(Rajasthan).
11. **Shri R. Mariappan,**
Rajapalayam.
(Tamil Nadu).
12. **Shri G. Pramod Kumar,**
Thiruvananthapuram.
(Kerala).
13. **Km. V.P. Rohenshilly,**
Tanjore Distt.
(Tamil Nadu).
14. **Shri M.I. Nabibullah,**
Padukkottai.
(Tamil Nadu).
15. **Shri Samir Kumar Nag,**
District Nadia.
(West Bengal).

VOLUNTARY YOUTH ORGANISATIONS

- i) **Indian National Sikh Youth Forum,**
160, Jeewan Nagar,
Near Jeewan Nursing Home,
Ashram, New Delhi.
- ii) **Sevavrata, West Bengal,**
P.O. Saragachi Ashram,
District Murshidabad,
(West Bengal).

RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS OF THE 4TH NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF MINISTERS OF YOUTH AFFAIRS & SPORTS

S P O R T S

1. **Single Agency for promotion of Sports at State level**

Most State Governments have Department of Youth Affairs and Sports to look after various activities of promotion of sports and games. Some State Governments also have Sports Authority at State level. Some more are thinking of having such a body at their State level. It was felt that a single agency for promotion of sports at State level will help in promoting sports in the States/U.Ts. in a more coordinated manner. Such an agency will also help to generate non-government resources.

It was explained that the concept of setting up Regional Offices of SAI is to decentralise the facilities for expert coaching and to conduct the academic courses nearer to the homes of sportspersons as also to facilitate consideration of proposals of State Governments at regional level. This was appreciated by the State Governments.

2. **Scheme of Grants to State Sports Councils, etc.**

The State Governments expressed that Government of India's assistance for creation of sports infrastructure should be more liberal and States should be provided assistance to complete the long pending projects. It was also suggested that the development works should not be hindered because of these pending projects and the new approach of Government of India to release grants after spending State Government's/sponsor's share needs to be reviewed.

The importance of fully utilising the infrastructure created was stressed and the State Governments agreed to take measures to optimally utilize sports infrastructure already created.

Realising that the status of pending projects in the States needs to be tackled in a result-oriented manner, it was decided that requests for enhancement of central assistance for only those projects where the first instalment of assistance has been availed of, will be considered on a case to case basis, provided further investment is proposed on essential playing facilities only. The enhancement of central assistance will not be considered where full central assistance (i.e. both the instalments as approved earlier) has been released.

3. **Grants to Rural Schools**

The Scheme was appreciated and the State Governments requested that the terms and conditions laid down in the scheme should be liberalised and assistance should also be made available to such schools which are not able to spend Rs. 15,000/- per annum on maintenance of sports infrastructure. For this purpose, it was suggested that the amount of Rs. 15,000/- be brought down.

4. **Scheme of Synthetic Tracks and Artificial Surfaces**

The State Governments requested that the quantum of assistance for this purpose should be increased because the cost of laying of synthetic track/artificial surfaces has increased due to recent devaluation of rupee. A suggestion was also given that Central Government's assistance should be 75% of the cost for laying of the first of such surfaces so as to encourage the States to having at least one surface in their States.

5. **Industrial Growth Centres**

The facilities and opportunities available were noted by the States.

6. **Sports Hostels.**

The position was noted by the State Governments.

7. Sports Project Development Area Scheme

The Scheme was appreciated by the State Governments who insisted that more and more such Centres should be made operational in their respective States.

8. Broad-basing of Sports Tournament Calender at State level

The States expressed lack of resources for conducting tournaments at State level and requested for increased Central assistance.

9. Prize Money Scheme

It was suggested to conduct these tournaments by ensuring participation of schools in rural areas. The rural schools have failed to participate in large numbers as they have no funds to finance transportation and stay of their teams. It was also suggested that schools achieving 2nd/3rd position in District level tournaments should also be given incentive on a lesser scale.

10. Rural Sports

Some State Governments expressed that NYKs may not be able to do justice with this additional liability of implementation of the Scheme because of lack of State Governments' control over NYKs. However, the consensus was to let Nehru Yuva Kendra handle this activity.

11. Other Miscellaneous Schemes

The State Governments noted the contents of other various Schemes being, operated by Department of Youth Affairs and Sports and Sports Authority of India.

12. Indigenous Games and Martial Arts

A suggestion was given that Central assistance should be available at 50:50 for construction of a Centre for Martial Arts in Kerala.

13. Special Area Games

The State Governments appreciated the Scheme and gave suggestions for setting up Special Area Games Centres promoting specified sports in their States.

14. Coaching Camps for Juniors and Women at State level

It was suggested that State Governments should launch their own training programmes at State level to take care of all the needs of coaching and training of junior sportspersons. The State Governments requested that SAI's support should continue to be given for such coaching and coaches should be provided by SAI.

15. Proposal to bring Sports on the Concurrent List of Constitution of India.

The Sports Ministers from UP, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu etc. expressed their opposition to such a move although some other States like Mizoram supported such a move.

16. Other Issues

- i) The Sports Policy should be reviewed so as to remove gap between the urban sports and rural sports. Sports in rural areas should be given more attention so as to bring it on par with sports in urban areas.
- ii) Jobs should be guaranteed to all sportspersons. Sportspersons having position of being the first hundred in every sports discipline should have such guarantee.
- iii) Adventure sports like Ice-skating, Ice-hockey, etc. should be encouraged.
- iv) Winter Sports should not only be a tourism subject. The Sports Department should also recognise skiing as a adventure sport and this should also be included among the recognised sports.
- v) Every Primary School Teacher should get sports and physical education reorientation.
- vi) Every State should adopt one or two sports disciplines for giving thrust in that State. Land should be reserved for playgrounds, etc.
- vii) Department of Youth Affairs and Sports/Sports Authority of India should concentrate on promotion of sports by creation of sports infrastructure, etc. Other

ways of promoting sports. preparation of teams and their participation in national and international sports events should be the responsibility of State Sports Associations and National Sports Federations. The National Sports Federations should raise their own resources also.

Y O U T H

1. NYK Sangathan

Many States expressed the view that there is lack of coordination between the Kendras of the Sangathan and the respective State Government which is the main reason for the sangathan. Some States were of the view that one reason for this lack of coordination is that the District Organising Committee, though headed by the District Magistrate, does not have representatives of various Departments of State Government. Some States opined that Nehru Yuva Kendras should be placed under the administrative control of the Director of Youth Services of the respective State Governments.

The consensus that emerged in the Conference was that taking into account the fact that NYKS is an autonomous organisation and hence cannot be placed directly under the State authorities, better coordination/monitoring of the work of the Nehru Yuva Kendra and its linkages with various other programmes of the State Government can be achieved by suitable arrangement with State level coordination Committee headed by the Minister incharge of Youth Services and Sport. It has also been decided that the District level Organising Committee of NYK Programmes be broad based by providing specific representation from sports culture and folk arts. This will give the district level Committee more representation to represent interests of youth. Consensus was also arrived on the necessity to establish at least one Kendra in each District immediately and Nehru Yuva Kendra in some blocks also where the districts are large in size and population.

The Department of Youth Affairs and Sports has projected requirements of funds to cover all the districts. It has also recommended to the Planning Commission for establishment of Youth Development Centres catering for a cluster of 10 to 15 villages and Nehru Yuva Kendras at the District level. The Centre will conduct programmes for personality development of youth, leadership training, skill development, and prepare them for self-employment.

2. National Service Scheme

In order to strengthen the NSS programmes it is most important that funds are directly released to the colleges (units) through a mechanism to be worked out in consultation with the State Governments. State Governments will have to immediately look into the position regarding the unutilised Central funds lying with them because of non-release of funds for NSS programmes. A consensus was arrived at that NSS and NCC should be strengthened and expanded in all the colleges and universities to benefit the youth.

3. Training of Youth

The Youth Development Centres to be established in the rural areas will take up training programmes for awareness generation, upgradation of skills and training for self-employment and finally entrepreneurial development in selected youth. For this, active cooperation of the State Governments, voluntary organisations and Youth Clubs will be necessary. State Governments have been requested to take up with various banks and financial institutions in their respective areas, to ensure prompt release of soft-loans in favour of youth for starting their own small enterprise and self-employment programmes. Ministry of Finance will be requested to relax norms regarding sanction of loans for the youth self-employment projects.

A suggestion was also made that financial assistance should be given to Youth Clubs, as youngsters are attached themselves to youth clubs realisation of advances will be better.

4. Linkages

In order to achieve the objective for developing the personality of youth, bring awareness among them and also to prepare them for self-employment it is important that various agencies working in the field of youth should coordinate and act together. It was recommended that a State level monitoring Committee/Coordination Committees will be established. This may be called as Youth Development Council which would consist of officials/non-officials/youth leaders/representatives of voluntary organisations to establish linkages and monitor various activities for youth. An active partnership between State and Central Government is essential in exploiting the full potential of youth and provide a new thrust to all the programmes meant for the youth.

**POSITION OF SPORTS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS FOR WHICH
CENTRAL ASSISTANCE WAS RENDERED**

(Amount in Rupees)

Sl. No.	Name of the State	Total no. of projects approved	Estimated Cost of the projects	Apprvd. amount of the projects	Cases in which first instalment was released		Cases in which second instalment was released		Total Amt. of central assistance released	No. of projects completed & U.C. submitted	No. of cases in which 2nd instl. pending	Total Amt. of 2nd Instl. yet to be released	No. of proj. pending
					No. of cases	Amount	No. of cases	Amount					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
1.	Andaman & Nicobar	1	21.00000	17.00000	1	8.50000	1	8.50000	17.00000	0	0	0.00000	1
2.	Andhra Pradesh	31	938.77195	192.54500	31	90.32500	10	61.57500	151.90000	0	21	40.64500	31
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	16	62.75868	25.03900	16	11.96150	0	0.00000	11.96150	0	16	13.07750	16
4.	Assam	193	813.87421	273.83699	193	67.08700	10	123.35000	202.53300	0	183	71.30399	193
5.	Bihar	20	682.12062	64.76024	20	38.09000	3	10.50000	48.59000	1	17	16.17024	19
6.	Chandigarh	16	443.77800	120.81600	16	39.90800	1	60.00000	99.90800	0	15	20.90800	16
7.	Diu & Daman	1	61.13000	61.13000	1	30.34000	0	0.00000	30.34000	0	1	30.79000	1
8.	Delhi	2	56.91000	16.00000	2	8.00000	2	8.00000	16.00000	0	0	0.00000	2
9.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	7.77000	2.50000	1	1.09575	0	0.00000	1.09575	0	1	1.40425	1
10.	Gujarat	41	441.08456	139.63600	41	95.86300	19	18.85200	114.71500	5	22	24.92100	36
11.	Goa	10	833.97537	320.15750	19	41.97550	3	273.22825	315.20375	0	7	4.95375	10
12.	Himachal Pradesh	41	295.76413	152.14217	41	62.39000	36	73.15858	135.54858	7	5	16.59359	34
13.	Haryana	102	842.94855	187.25650	102	92.48825	26	24.8500	117.34325	2	76	70.11325	100
14.	Jammu & Kashmir	17	228.84534	84.38000	17	43.55000	2	1.75000	45.30000	0	15	39.08000	17
15.	Kerala	115	2326.92360	330.91048	115	170.31750	38	98.10181	208.41931	5	77	62.49117	110
16.	Karnataka	82	659.28129	181.29280	82	91.37650	59	70.88630	162.26280	17	23	19.00000	65
17.	Meghalaya	12	719.45995	149.71400	12	45.73400	4	61.18000	106.91400	0	8	42.80000	12
18.	Maharashtra	159	2548.47365	465.14238	159	229.53889	111	136.56125	366.10014	41	48	99.04224	118
19.	Manipur	85	1011.05346	97.23303	85	38.12020	24	11.15503	49.27523	1	61	49.95780	84
20.	Madhya Pradesh	67	1598.08864	422.99595	67	213.37085	9	44.14000	257.51085	0	58	165.48510	67
21.	Mizoram	39	1041.13573	342.66510	39	131.66350	32	193.67160	325.33510	3	7	100.53000	96
22.	Nagaland	20	820.25952	58.10000	20	27.47685	1	7.50000	34.97685	0	19	24.12315	20
23.	Orissa	156	3393.39955	428.77350	156	170.25600	29	114.34650	284.60250	0	127	144.17100	156
24.	Punjab	153	753.58906	388.52900	153	280.05450	23	39.50000	319.55450	0	130	63.97450	153
25.	Pondicherry	1	0.82000	0.20000	1	0.10000	1	0.10000	0.20000	1	0	0.00000	0
26.	Rajasthan	101	3045.52804	554.66850	101	276.80935	18	60.93940	337.74875	8	83	216.91975	93
27.	Sikkim	39	159.22624	71.94700	39	36.23800	36	22.84900	59.08700	34	3	12.86000	5
28.	Tamil Nadu	291	1747.07865	372.09250	291	269.74725	191	59.40840	329.15565	117	100	4.93685	174
29.	Tripura	5	114.45600	39.50000	5	5.00000	5	24.50000	29.50000	0	0	10.00000	5
30.	Uttar Pradesh	93	1403.26600	462.21470	93	246.33760	79	155.53210	401.86970	49	14	0.00000	44
31.	West Bengal	135	1846.50636	1256.85556	135	277.62907	83	894.98537	1172.61444	2	52	8.24112	133
		2045	28919.27715	7280.03390	2045	3141.34406	856	2659.12559	5812.56565	293	1189	1465.66825	1752

Appendix-F

PROGRESS OF SYNTHETIC TRACKS AND ARTIFICIAL SURFACES

S. No.	Project	Amount sanctioned-	Present status
		(Rs. in lakhs)	
Synthetic Tracks			
1.	Synthetic Athletic Track at Salt Lake Stadium, Calcutta.	70.00	Completed.
2.	Synthetic Athletic Track at University Stadium, Trivandrum.	50.00	Completed.
3.	Synthetic Athletic Track at Agricultural University, Hissar.	40.00	Under progress.
4.	Synthetic Athletic Track at Ludhiana.	50.00	Under progress.
5.	Synthetic Athletic Track at Priyadarshini Park, Bombay.	50.00	Completed.
6.	Synthetic Athletic Track at Sports College, Lucknow.	50.00	Under progress.
7.	Synthetic Athletic Track at Kalinga Stadium, Bhubaneswar.	50.00	Sanctioned recently.
Total		<u>360.00</u>	

Artificial Hockey Surfaces

1.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Sports College, Lucknow.	44.00	Completed.
2.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Shivaji Stadium, New Delhi.	40.00	Completed
3.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Railway Stadium, Gwalior.	47.49	Completed
4.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar.	35.00	Completed
5.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Bombay Hockey Association Ground, Bombay.	35.00	Completed
6.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Jalandhar.	42.00	Work in progress.
7.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Ranchi (Bihar).	40.00	Under progress.
8.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Pimpri Chinchwad Municipal Corporation, Pune.	45.00	Completed.
9.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Bhopal.	45.00	In progress.
10.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Chandigarh.	45.00	Completed.
11.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Rourkela (Orissa).	50.00	In progress.
12.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Polo Ground, Srinagar (Kashmir).	45.00	In progress.
13.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Rampur (U.P.)	45.00	In progress.
14.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Varanasi (U.P.)	45.00	In progress.
15.	Artificial Hockey Surface at Hyderabad, (A.P.)	50.00	Sanctioned recently.
		<u>669.00</u>	

Appendix-G

NATIONAL SPORTS ORGANISATION (N.S.O.) PROGRAMME Details of Scholarships awarded/renewed during last 3 years

Sl. No.	State/UT	1988-89		1989-90		1990-91		Total
		Fresh	Renewal	Fresh	Renewal	Fresh	Renewal	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
STATES								
1.	Andhra Pradesh	7	7	13	2	13	3	45
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3.	Assam	2	—	—	1	—	—	3
4.	Bihar	3	—	1	1	—	1	6
5.	Goa	2	—	4	—	3	—	9
6.	Gujarat	7	—	5	2	3	—	17
7.	Haryana	13	7	16	1	22	7	66
8.	Himachal Pradesh	2	—	1	—	1	—	4
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	1	1	4	1	2	3	12
10.	Karnataka	16	—	11	1	14	2	44
11.	Kerala	48	18	43	16	66	22	213
12.	Madhya Pradesh	13	3	29	2	10	7	64
13.	Maharashtra	37	17	50	20	45	25	194
14.	Manipur	5	8	22	5	19	11	70
15.	Meghalaya	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16.	Mizoram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17.	Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
18.	Orissa	—	—	3	—	6	—	9
19.	Punjab	56	11	38	15	55	15	190
20.	Rajasthan	2	—	2	—	—	3	7
21.	Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
22.	Tamil Nadu	16	2	17	1	10	12	58
23.	Tripura	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
24.	Uttar Pradesh	12	2	7	3	4	1	29
25.	West Bengal	12	12	11	2	3	3	43
UNION TERRITORIES								
1.	Chandigarh	11	4	—	—	—	—	15
2.	Delhi	35	5	23	7	24	6	100
Total		300	97	300	80	300	121	1198

Appendix-H

DETAILS OF GRANTS GIVEN FOR SPORTS IN UNIVERSITIES/COLLEGES

(Amounts in Rupees)

Year	U.G.C.	A.I.U	N.S.N.I.S.	Others	Total
1989-90	42,00,000	38,00,000	13,84,400	# 2,41,280	96,25,680
1990-91	Nil	30,37,000	4,85,824	* 8,258	35,31,082
1991-92 (Till date)	40,00,000	29,92,452	—	* * 4,60,000	74,52,452
G. Total	82,00,000	98,29,452	18,70,224	7,09,538	2,06,09,214

To J.N.U

* To A.M.U

* * To Anna University (Rs. 3,75,000)
To SAI (Rs. 85,000).

Grant given directly by Department of Youth
Affairs and Sports.

**LIST OF NATIONAL SPORTS FEDERATIONS RECOGNISED BY THE
DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH AFFAIRS & SPORTS**

Sl.No.	Sport	Name of the Federation
1.	Aero Sports	Aero Club of India.
2.	Archery	Archery Association of India.
3.	Athletics	Amateur Athletic Federation of India.
4.	Atya Patya	Atya Patya Federation of India.
5.	Badminton	Badminton Association of India.
6.	Ball Badminton	Ball Badminton Federation of India.
7.	Baseball	Amateur Baseball Federation of India.
8.	Basketball	Basketball Federation of India.
9.	Billiards & Snooker	Billiards & Snooker Federation of India.
10.	Body Building	Indian Body Building Federation.
11.	Boxing	Indian Amateur Boxing Federation.
12.	Bridge	Bridge Federtion of India.
13.	Carrom	All India Carrom Federation.
14.	Chess	All India Chess Federation.
15.	Cycle Polo	Cycle Polo Federation of India.
16.	Cricket	Board of Control for Cricket in India.
17.	Cricket (Women)	Women's Cricket Association of India.
18.	Cycling	Cycling Federation of India.
19.	Equestrian	Equestrian Federation of India.
20.	Football	All India Football Federation.
21.	Golf	Indian Golf Union.
22.	Gymnastics	Gymnastics Federation of India.
23.	Handball	Amateur Handball Federation of India.
24.	Hockey	Indian Hockey Federation.
25.	Hockey (Women)	Indian Women's Hockey Federation.
26.	Judo	Judo Federation of India.
27.	Kabaddi	Amateur Kabaddi Federation of India.
28.	Karate-Do	All India Karate-Do Federation.
29.	Kho-Kho	Kho-Kho Federation of India.
30.	Motor Sports	Federation of Motors Sports Club of India.
31.	Polo	Indian Polo Association.
32.	Powerlifting	Indian Powerlifting Federation.
33.	Rifle	National Rifle Association of India.
34.	Rowing	Rowing Federation of India.
35.	Shooting Ball	Shootingball Federation of India.
36.	Softball	Softball Association of India.
37.	Squash Racket	Squash Racket Federation of India.
38.	Sports Council of Deaf	All India Sports Council of Deaf.
39.	Swimming	Swimming Federation of India.
40.	Table Tennis	Table Tennis Federation of India.
41.	Taekwondo	Taekwondo Federation of India.
42.	Tennis	All India Tennis Association.
43.	Tenni Koit	Tenni-koit Federation of India.
44.	Throwball	Throwball Federation of India.
45.	Volleyball	Volleyball Federation of India.
46.	Weightlifting	Indian Weightlifting Federation.
47.	Wrestling	Wrestling Federation of India.
48.	Wrestling (I.S.)	Indian Style Wrestling Federation of India.
49.	Yatching	Yatching Association of India.
50.	Kayaking & Canoeing	Indian Kayaking & Canoeing Association.
51.	Roller Skating	Roller Skating Federation of India.

Appendix-J

PROPOSALS OF NATIONAL SPORTS FEDERATIONS CLEARED AT GOVT. COST

ARCHERY

1. Participation of 6-member team in 1st Junior World Archery Championship, 1991 held at Norway from July 22-28, 1991.
2. Visit of 5-member team to participate in 36th World Archery Championship held at Krakow, (Poland) from August 17-25, 1991.
3. Participation of 6-member team in the 7th Asian Cup held at Manila, Philippines from October 12-16, 1991.
4. Holding of 2nd Federation Cup International Archery Tournament, 1991 at Calcutta from December 10-15, 91.

ATHLETICS

5. Participation of 12 players and 2 officials in 1st Asian Cross country Championship held at Fukuoka (Japan) on March 10, 1991.
6. Visit of 23-member team to Kuala Lumpur from October, 19-23, 1991 for participation in 9th Asian Track and Field Championship, 1991.

BADMINTON

7. Participation of 9-member Badminton team in the 2nd Sudhramen Cup and 7th World Open Badminton Championship held at Copenhagen (Denmark) from May 1-12, 1991.
8. Participation of 12-member Badminton team to Malaysia, Indonesia and Singapore in Asian circuit tournament from June 30-July 21, 1991.
9. Participation of 15-member team in the Thomas Cup/Uber Cup preliminary round in Hong Kong from February 16-23, 1992.

BASKETBALL

10. Participation of 17-member (men) Basketball team in the 16th Asian Basketball Confederation (ABC) Championship held at Kobe (Japan) from August 22 to September 1, 1991.

BOXING

11. Participation of a 14-member team in Asian Invitation Boxing Championship held in Bangkok from July 15-16, 1991.

CHESS

12. Participation of a 7-member team in the 7th World Chess Championship for Boys and Girls (under 10, 12 & 14) held at Warsaw (Poland) from July 1-14, 1991.
13. Participation of a 5-member team in the World Chess Championship for Boys and Girls (under 16 & 18) held at Guarapuava, Parana, (Brazil) from July 19-30, 1991.
14. Participation of a 14-member team in the 78th British Chess Championship & Llyods Bank Masters Tournament held at Eastbourne, (England) and London from July 29 to August 10, 1991.
15. Participation of a 3-member team in the 14th Asian Junior Chess Championship held at Dubai, (United Arab Emirates) from September 16 to October 3, 1991.

16. Participation of a 6-member team in the 9th Asian Team Chess Championship held at Fenang, (Malaysia) from October 23 to November 4, 1991.
17. Holding of Asian Women's Chess Championship at Bhopal from October 17 to November 1, 1991.

CRICKET (WOMEN)

18. Visit of a 16-member team to Australia from January 20 to February 13, 1991.

CYCLING

19. Visit of a 16-member team to USSR for training-cum-competition from July 22, 1991 for two weeks.
20. Participation of a 13-member team in 15th Asian Cycling Championship and 2nd Asian Junior Cycling Championship held at Beijing from September 16-26, 1991.

EQUESTRIAN

21. Participation of a 7-member team in various one day events held in Australia from July 21 to August 25, 1991.
22. Participation of a 4-member team in Show Jumping Competition held at Huhhot (Peoples Republic of China) from August 14-19, 1991.
23. Participation of a 4-member team in 8th Asian Show Jumping Competition held in Tokyo (Japan) from October 18-21, 1991.

FOOTBALL

24. Visit of a 24-member Junior team to Bangladesh to play friendly matches from September 19, 1991 for 10 days.
25. Visit of a 20-member Senior team to Tanzania to play friendly matches from December 5-15, 1991.

HOCKEY

26. Visit of a 18-member team to Spain, Germany and Holland from May 24 to June 3, 1991 to play matches.
27. Visit of a 20-member Junior team to Bangladesh to play charity matches in 1st week of August, 1991.
28. Visit of a 20-member team to Australia and New Zealand for participation in the pre-Olympic Qualifying Tournament from October 1-28, 1991.
29. Holding of VI Indira Gandhi Memorial International Gold Cup Hockey Tournament at Delhi from January 11-19, 1992.

JUDO

30. Visit of a 11-member Indian Judo (Men & Women) team to Japan from November 6-10, 1991 for participation in Asian Judo Championship.

KAYAKING

31. Participation of Indian team in the 4th Asian Canoeing Championship held in Japan from November 8-10, 1991.

POWERLIFTING

32. Participation of a 4-member team in World Junior Powerlifting Championship, 1991 held at Abidjan (Ivory Coast) from September 4-7, 1991.

ROWING

33. Participation of a 16-member team in IV Asian Rowing Championship held at Toda, (Japan) during October 17-20, 1991.

SHOOTING

34. Participation of a 13-member team in 7th Asian Shooting Championship held at Beijing from September 15-23, 1991.

SPECIAL OLYMPICS

35. Participation of a team of mentally-retarded persons in the International Summer Special Olympic Games held at Minneapolis, (USA) from July 18-27, 1991.

TABLE-TENNIS

36. Participation of a 13-member team in the 10th Commonwealth Table Tennis Championship held at Nairobi, (Kenya) from April 14-21, 1991 and in the 41st World Table Tennis Championship held in Chiba City, (Japan) from April 24 to May 6, 1991.
37. Participation of a 7-member team in the 25th Olympic Summer Games Table Tennis Asian Qualifying Tournament held in Nigata City, (Japan) from February 27 to March 1, 1992.

WEIGHTLIFTING

38. Participation of a 5-member team in the 10th Silver Dragon International Tournament held in Cardiff/Wales from August 23-25, 1991.
39. Visit of 8 women weightlifters to Menads, (Indonesia) from August 24-30, 1991.
40. Visit of a 13-member team to USSR for participation in an international competition held from August 20-27, 1991.
41. Participation of a 5-member team in the 5th World (Women) and 64th World (Men) Weightlifting Championships held in Germany from September 27 to October 6, 1991.

WRESTLING

42. Participation of a 10-member team in Senior Greco-Roman Style Asian Wrestling Championship held at Tehran (Iran) from May 16-18, 1991.
43. Participation of a 16-member Free Style Wrestling team plus 3 International Referee/Judges in the World Cadet Wrestling Championship held at Alma (Canada) from June 13 to July 7, 1991.
44. Participation of a 16-member team in the Commonwealth Wrestling Championship held at Dusidin (New Zealand) from October 18-19, 1991.
45. Participation of a 7-member Indian Greco-Roman Junior team in International Junior Tournament held in Alma-Ata (USSR) from October 19-22, 1991.
46. Participation of a 15-member Free Style and Greco-Roman Style team in the XI International CAT "A" Wrestling Tournament held in Tehran from February 4-7, 1992.

YACHTING

47. Participation of a 6-member team in International Cadet Class 25th World Championship held in Buenos Aires, (Argentina) from December 13-31, 1991.

**PROPOSALS OF NATIONAL SPORTS FEDERATIONS CLEARED ON
"NO COST TO GOVT." BASIS**

AERONCLUS

1. Visit of President, ACI for attending the International Council Meeting of FIA on February 14-15, 1991.
2. Visit of President ACI to Paris for attending the International Council meeting of FAI on June 13-14, 1991.
3. Visit of Ms. Rachel Thomas to USSR for Parachuting practice for a period of 24 days.
4. Participation of Indian team in the World Cup of Parachuting Championships held at Jakarta from August 30 to September 8, 1991.
5. Visit of President ACI and Vice Chairman, ACI to Berlin for attending the 84th General Conference of FAI from September 29 to October 5, 1991.

ATHLETICS

6. Participation of 10-member Indian team in 53rd Singapore Open Track and Field Meet held at Singapore on August 3-4, 1991.
7. Holding of 5th IAAF Permit Meet in New Delhi on September 4, 1991.
8. Participation Visit of 7-member team in the 3rd IAAF World Athletic Meet held at Tokyo from August 24 to September 1, 1991.
9. Visit of 5-member team to Malaysia for participation in the 69th Open National Championship from September 11-13, 1991.
10. Holding of Pune International, 8th National Walk and Marathon Championships at Pune, on December 15, 1991.
11. Visit of 8-member team from Pakistan for participation in the Inter-Railway athletic meet at Madras from February 21-23, 1991.

BALLOONING

12. Participation of Indian team in the 10th World Hot Air Balloon Championship from August 10-18, 1991 in Canada.
13. Holding of 7th India International Ballooning Mela from October 24-31, 1991 at New Delhi, Damdama Lake (Haryana) and Mathura (U.P.).

BASKETBALL

14. Visit of 15-member Indian Railway basketball team to Bucharest, (Romania) for participation in the competition organised by International Railway Sports Unit (USIC) from July 15-21, 1991.

BOXING

15. Visit of 26-member Cuban boxing team to India for training at SAI's Centre, Bangalore from October 18 to November 10, 1991.

BRIDGE

16. Visit of Ladies team to Japan for participation in the World Bridge Championship at Yokahama, (Japan) from September 29 to October 11, 1991.
17. Holding of 6th Asian and Middle East Bridge Championship at New Delhi during July 7-16, 1991.

CARROM

18. Participation of 3-member Junior team in the International Triangular Youth Carrom Tournament held at the Male from February 4-7, 1991.

CHESS

19. Holding of IInd Goodricke International Open Chess Tournament at Calcutta from January 5-15, 1991.
20. Holding of World Chess Championship Candidates Match between V.Anand and Alexi Dreev of USSR from January 23 to February 2, 1991.
21. Holding of Alekhne Super Grandmaster Double Round Chess Tournament from January 21 to February 1, 1991 at Calcutta.
22. Participation of 3-member team in the International Chess Tournament held at Turkmen (USSR) from May 3-13, 1991.
23. Proposal for engaging a Second for Shri V.Anand in connection with his preparation for the World Quarter Final Match against Shri A. Karpov held during August, 1991 at Brussels.

CRICKET

24. Visit of Star Cricket Club, Bombay to U.K. to play friendly matches against Westminster School, London from June 4 to July 14, 1991.
25. Proposal of visit of President and Hony. Secretary, BCCI to London to attend the meeting of ICC held from July 8-11, 1991.
26. Visit of 12 players and one official from Pakistan to play benefit match at Hyderabad (India) on September 30, 1991.
27. Visit of 15-member team from Pakistan to India to play matches at New Delhi during October 1991.
28. Visit of 18-member team to Sharjah for participation in the Sharjah Championship held from October 17-25, 1991.
29. Visit of 19-member team to Australia from November 10, 1991 to February 18, 1992 to play test series.
30. Visit of South Africa Cricket team to India to play 3 one-day Internationals at Calcutta, New Delhi and Gwalior from November 9-15, 1991.
31. Visit of 19-member team to Australia and New Zealand for participation in the World Cup during February-March, 1992.

EQUESTRIAN

32. Visit of President, EFI to Japan to attend Annual General Assembly Meeting of Federation Equestrian International at Tokyo from March 20-23, 1991.
33. Participation of a 5-member team in Tent Pegging Demonstration in Gladstone, New Jersey, (USA) from October 7-14, 1991.
34. Holding of International Samsong Competition at Jaipur from October 12-13, 1991.
35. Holding of International Show Jumping Competition at Jaipur from October 12-13, 1991.
36. Holding of Continental Cup and visit of a team from Australia (one-day-event) at Bhopal from February 27 to March 1, 1992.

FOOTBALL

37. Holding of pre-Olympic (Group B) Qualifying Round Tournament at Hyderabad from August 4-12, 1991.
38. Visit of 25-member Indian Pre-Olympic Football team to Nepal for participation in friendly matches with Nepal from July 18-22, 1991.

39. Visit of 26-member team to Doha, (Qatar) for participation in friendly football matches from November 12-25, 1991.
40. Visit of East Bengal Club team to Bangladesh from November 1-3, 1991 and return visit of Bangladesh to India on November 10, 1991 in Calcutta for participation in friendly football matches.
41. Holding of DCM Football Tournament at Delhi from November 17 to December 2, 1991.
42. Holding of Cannanore Spirited Youths Golden Jubilee All India Football Tournament at Cannanore, (Kerala) from December 15-24, 1991.
43. Visit of USSR Railway football team to India to play with Indian Railways team at Madras from March 28-29, 1991.
44. Participation of Indian team in the World Tourism Day Invitation International Football Tournament held at Nepal from September 17-27, 1991.

GOLF

45. Participation of Indian Railway Golf team in the All Palustan Golf Team Championship and Palustan Railway Challenge Shield, 1991 held at Palustan Railway Golf Club, Lahore during November, 1991.
46. Holding of Indian Open Golf Championship at Delhi from March 21-24, 1991 as part of the Asian Golf Circuit.
47. Visit of a delegate to Kuala Lumpur for attending the meeting of the Asia Pacific Golf Confederation Circuit from February 24-27, 1991.
48. Holding of 13th Asia Pacific Junior Golf Championship from April 25-28, 1991 at Delhi Golf Club, New Delhi.
49. Visit of 2 junior golfers and 1 official to Chinese Taipei for participation in Doug Sandar Jr. International Asian Division Play Off held at Tamsui, (Chinese Taipei) from March 29 to April 2, 1991.
50. Visit of 4-member Indian Ladies Golf team to Seoul for participation in the 13th Amateur Ladies Asian Invitation Golf Team Championship for the Queen Sirikit Cup from May 16-18, 1991.
51. Visit of 3-member school team and 1 official to participate in the Annual Golf Foundation Team Championship for Schools International Finals held at Sunningdale, (England) from May 6-15, 1991.
52. Visit of 2-member team to Panang, (Malaysia) for participation in the Malaysian Amateur Golf Championship and international team match from May 9-12, 1991.
53. Visit of 2-member team to USA for participation in the 24th Annual Optimist Junior World Golf Championship held at San Diego, (California) from July 16-19, 1991.
54. Visit of 4-member team and one official to Singapore for participation in the Singapore Amateur Golf Championship and International match held from August 15-18, 1991.
55. Visit of 2-member IGU team to Kuala Lumpur for participation in the 10th Malaysian Junior Golf Team Championship held from August 20-21, 1991.
56. Participation of junior golf team in the 10th International Tapelina Golf Trophy for Boys (under 14 years) from September 5-6, 1991 in Italy.
57. Visit of 5-member team to Manila for participation in the Asia Pacific Amateur Golf Championship for Nomura Cup and visit of one delegate to attend the Biennial Meeting of APGC from November 15-24, 1991.

HANDBALL

58. Holding of Commonwealth Junior Handball Championship for Boys and Girls in New Delhi from August 6-13, 1991.

HOCKEY

59. Participation of 24-member Namdhari hockey team in the Gold cup Hockey Tournament held at Nairobi from March 23-31, 1991.
60. Visit of Italian hockey team to India from September 3-8, 1991.
61. Participation of a 20-member team in the 5-Nation Sultan Azlam Shah Cup Tournament held at Ipoh (Malaysia) from July 20 to August 3, 1991.
62. Visit of 20-member Kenya hockey team to India from August 12-24, 1991.
63. Visit of an Indian umpire for supervising the Olympic Qualifying Tournament at Auckland from October 13-28, 1991.
64. Holding of 8th All India Surjit Singh Memorial Hockey Tournament at Jalandhar from November 6-15, 1991.
65. Holding of Jawaharlal Nehru Hockey Tournament at New Delhi from November 14-28, 1991.
66. Holding of 4th Indira Gandhi International Gold Cup Women Hockey Tournament 1991 at Chandigarh from November 14-19, 1991.

BODY-BUILDING

67. Visit of Indian body-building (Men) team to South Korea for participating in the 27th Asian Body-Building Championship from September 12-16, 1991.

JUDO

68. Visit of the President and General Secretary of Judo Federation of India to Japan for attending the meeting of Judo Union of Asia.

KORFBALL

69. Holding of 2nd Asian Oceania Korfball Championship in New Delhi from January 23-25, 1992.
70. Visit of 15-member team in the World Korfball Championship held in Belgium from 1-7 April, 1991 and also for training from March 23-31, 1991.
71. Visit of President, Korfball Federation of India to Belgium for attending the Congress and Annual General Meeting of International Korfball Federation from April 2-5, 1991.

POLO

72. Holding of the International Polo Tournament by Government of Manipur as part of Centenary Celebrations of Manipur's War for Independence, from March 26 to April 2, 1991 at Imphal.
73. Participation of Indian Polo team in World Polo Championship (Zone 'E') in Malaysia from June 27 to July 14, 1991.

POWERLIFTING

74. Participation of a 25-member team in Oceania vs. Asia Powerlifting Championship, 1991 held at Auckland, (New Zealand) from March 29-31, 1991.
75. Holding of the World Women Powerlifting Championship at New Delhi from July 23-26, 1991.
76. Participation of a 11-member team in the World Senior Powerlifting Championships, 1990-91 held in Sweden from November 13-17, 1991.

SHOOTING

77. Visit of two officials of National Rifle Association of India to Peoples Republic of China for participation in the 7th Asian Shooting championships held at Beijing from September 15-23, 1991.

SNOOKER

78. Visit of a 3-member team to Pakistan for participation in the 8th Asian Snooker Championship, 1991 held at Karachi from June 26 to July 5, 1991.
79. Holding of 1991 World under-21 Snooker Championship at Bangalore from July 7-20, 1991.
80. Hosting of World Open Billiards Championship, 1991 from July 25-30, 1991 at New Delhi.
81. Holding of Gold Flake International Snooker Master, 1991 Championship at Bangalore from August 14-20, 1991.
82. Visit of a 3-member Snooker team to Bangkok (Thailand) for participation in the World Snooker Championship, 1991 from October 25 to November 10, 1991.
83. Holding of World Professional Snooker Senior Championship at New Delhi from September 4-7, 1991.

SOFTBALL

84. Participation of a 23-member team in the 5th Asian Women Softball Championship held at Jakarta from August 3-9, 1991.

TABLE TENNIS

85. Participation of a 12-member Indian team in the 11th PyongYong International Tournament held in DPR Korea from August 3-11, 1991.
86. Participation of a 7-member team in the 1st International Junior Table Tennis Tournament held in Tehran from August 10-14, 1991.
87. Visit of a 4-member team to Philippines for participation in the 9th Asian Cup Table Tennis Tournament from September 26-28, 1991.

TAEKWONDO

88. Holding of high level Taekwondo (Korean Martial Art) Demonstration by Korean experts, headed by Secretary General of the Asian Taekwondo Union, at FICCI (Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry) Auditorium, New Delhi on August 16, 1991.

TENNIS

89. Proposal to hold Davis Cup (First Round) matches between India and Indonesia at Jaipur from March 29-31, 1991.
90. Holding of Standard Chartered Indian Open Tennis Tournament at Bombay from April 8-14, 91.
91. Holding of Davis Cup Tie by NEC (2nd Round) between India and South Korea at Delhi from May 3-5, 1991.
92. Holding of NEC World Youth Cup Tournament (Qualifying Round) at Bombay from May 6-15, 1991.
93. Visit of 8-member team to Barcelona, (Spain) for participation in the World Youth Cup by NEC (Final) 1991 from September 11-15, 1991.
94. Holding of ITF Coaching Workshop at Bombay from September 3-15, 1991.
95. Holding of tennis coaching camps at Chandigarh, Calcutta, Cochin, Pune and New Delhi from Sept. 30-Oct. 20, 1991.
96. Visit of 7-member team to Brazil from September 20-22, 1991 for participation in Davis Cup tie between India and Brazil at Sao Paulo.

VOLLEYBALL

97. Participation of Secretary General, Volleyball Federation of India (VFI) in the AVC Rules Games Committee meeting in Shanghai on March 14, 1991.
98. Participation of Shri B.S. Adityan, Member of the Board of Administration of Federation Internationale De-Volléyball and Shri K. Murugan, Chairman Rules Games Committee of Asian Volleyball Confederation, in the meeting of Executive Committee and Board of Administration in Lausanna (Switzerland) from April 18-24, 1991.
99. Participation of two Indian delegates in the 11th AVC Board of Administration meeting held at Dubai from April 26-27, 1991.
100. Visit of a 17-member Bangladesh Volleyball (Men) team to India from May 8-15, 1991 for participation in the test matches.
101. Participation of Secretary General, VFI in the 6th Asian (Women) Volleyball Championship held at Bangkok from September 12-22, 1991 to act as a member of the General Committee for the Championship.
102. Invitation to 16-member Bangladesh Volleyball (Men) team to play matches in India during July 25-Aug. 5, 1991.
103. Participation of 17-member Indian Women's Volleyball team in the VI Asian Senior Women Volleyball Championship held at Bangkok (Thailand) during September 14-29, 1991.
104. Visit of Shri B.S. Adityan & Shri K. Murugan to Bangkok for attending 9th AVC General Assembly Meeting held on September 11, 1991.

WRESTLING

105. Hosting of Senior Asian Wrestling (Free Style) Championship at New Delhi from April 17-19, 1991.
106. Participation of 3-International Referee/Judges in a Wrestling clinic held in Canada on July 1, 1991 during World Cadet Wrestling Championship.

YACHTING

107. Holding of Asia-Pacific Laser Regatta Championships at Hussain Sagar Lake, Hyderabad from Aug. 29-Sept. 8, 1991.

Appendix-L

(Para 3.8.3)

**LIST OF SPORTSPERSONS GIVEN SPECIAL AWARDS ON
JANUARY 12, 1992 FOR WINNING MEDALS IN
INTERNATIONAL SPORTS EVENTS**

Sl. No.	Name	Name of Event	Medal	Total Amount of Award (Rs).
1	2	3	4	5
ATHLETICS				
1.	Ms. Ashwani Nachappa	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	Gold Medal (400 M)	50,000
2.	Ms. K. Saramma	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	i) Gold Medal (400 M) ii) Bronze Medal (400 M)	1,00,000
3.	Ms. Shiny Wilson	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	i) Gold Medal (400 M) ii) Gold Medal (400 M) iii) Silver Medal (800 M)	2,25,000
4.	Ms. V. Dhanlakshmi	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	Gold Medal (400 M)	50,000
5.	Ms. L. Leelama	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	Silver Medal (10,000 M)	75,000
6.	Ms. Molly Chacko	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	Silver Medal (3000 M)	75,000
7.	S/Shri Shakti Singh	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	Silver Medal (Discuss Throw)	75,000
8.	Sucha Singh	IX Asian Track & Field Meet, Oct.-91	Bronze Medal (20 km. Walk)	50,000
BILLIARDS & SNOOKER				
9.	Yasin Merchant	8th Asian Snooker Championship-91	Silver Medal	75,000
EQUESTRIAN				
10.	Adhiraj Singh	Asian Show Jumping Championship, Oct.-91	i) (Silver Medal) (Individual event) ii) Silver Medal (Team event)	1,25,000
11.	J.S. Ahluwalia	Asian Show Jumping Championship, Oct.-91	Silver Medal (Team event)	50,000

Sl. No.	Name	Name of Event	Medal	Total Amount of Award (Rs).
1	2	3	4	5
12.	Comdt. Naresh Tahlen	Asian Show Jumping Championship, Oct.-91	Silver Medal (Team event)	50,000
HOCKEY				
13.	S/Shri Pargat Singh (Captain)	3rd Asian Cup, Delhi-Dec 89	Silver Medal (Team Event)	18,750
14.	Ajit Lakra	— Do —	Silver Medal (Team Event)	18,750
15.	Ashish Balal	— Do —	—Do—	18,750
16.	Ashok Kumar	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
17.	Balwinder Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
18.	B.K. Subramani	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
19.	Dhanraj Pillai	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
20.	Edgar Mascarenhas	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
21.	Jagbir Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
22.	Jagdev Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
23.	Judo Felix	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
24.	Mark Patterson	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
25.	R.P. Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
26.	Surjit Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
27.	Thoiba Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
28.	Vivek Singh	— Do —	— Do —	18,750
SHOOTING				
29.	Shri Ashok Pandit	Asian Shooting Championship— 1991	i) Central Fire Pistol Bronze Medal ii) (Standard Pistol) Bronze Medal	1,00,000
TABLE TENNIS				
30.	Ms. B. Bhubaneshwari	X Commonwealth Table Tennis Championship— 91	Silver Medal (Women's Double)	56,250
31.	Shri Kamlesh Mehta	— Do —	i) Silver Medal (Men's Single) ii) Bronze Medal (Mixed Double)	1,12,500
32.	Ms. Mantu Ghosh	—Do—	i) Silver Medal (Women's Double) ii) Bronze Medal (Mixed Double)	93,750
33.	Shri Arun Jyoti Barua	—Do—	Bronze Medal (Men's Double)	37,500
34.	Shri Chetan P. Babber	—Do—	Bronze Medal (Mixed Double)	37,500

Sl. No.	Name	Name of Event	Medal	Total Amount of Award (Rs).
1	2	3	4	5
WEIGHTLIFTING				
35.	Ms. Chaya Adak	Women's Asian Weightlifting Championship-91	Silver Medal (52 kg)	75,000
36.	Ms. M. Kunjarani	—Do—	Silver Medal (44 kg)	75,000
WRESTLING				
37.	Shri Appalal Sheikh	Commonwealth Wrestling Championship-91	Gold Medal	1,00,000
38.	Shri Ombir Singh	i) —Do— ii) 7th Asian Free Style Wrestling Championship-91	Gold Medal Silver Medal	1,75,000
39.	Shri Sanjay Kumar	Commonwealth Wrestling Championship-91	Gold Medal	1,00,000
40.	Shri Ashok Kumar	—Do—	Silver Medal	75,000
41.	Shri Jagdish	7th Asian Free Style Wrestling Championship-91	Silver Medal	75,000
42.	Shri Anil Kumar	Commonwealth Wrestling Championship-91	Bronze Medal	50,000
43.	Shri Dharamvir Singh	—Do—	Bronze Medal	50,000
44.	Shri Satyawan	—Do—	Bronze Medal	50,000
45.	Shri Shamsher Singh	—Do—	Bronze Medal	50,000
46.	Shri Subhash Verma	i) Commonwealth Wrestling Championship-91 ii) 7th Asian Free Style Wrestling Championship-91	Bronze Medal Bronze Medal	1,00,000
YACHTING				
47.	Lt. T. Tarapore	World Enterprise Championship-91	Gold Medal	3,75,000
48.	Lt. K.S. Rao	World Enterprise Championship-91	Gold Medal	3,75,000
CHESS				
49.	Shri D. Barua	International Grand master-91		2,00,000
Total				36,62,500

Appendix-M

(Para 3.11.3)

LIST OF RECIPIENTS OF THE ARJUNA AWARD, 1989 (Given on 10th October, 1991)

Sl. No.	Sports	Name of Awardee
1.	Archery	Shri Shyam Lal
2.	Athletics	Smt. Mercy Kuttan
3.	Billiards & Snooker	Shri Yasin Merchant
4.	Boxing	Shri Gopal Dewang
5.	Cricket	Shri Madan Lal
6.	Football	Shri Subrato Bhattacharjee
7.	Gymnastics	Km. Krupali Patel
8.	Hockey	Shri Pargat Singh
9.	Table Tennis	Smt. Niyati Shah
10.	Volleyball	Shri Abdul Basith
11.	Weightlifting	Km. Jyotsna Dutta
12.	Wrestling	Shri Satyawan

Appendix-N

(Para 3.12.2)

PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE OF INDIA IN 5th SAF GAMES (Colombo, December, 1991)

Sl. No.	Discipline	Strength of the Contingent			Medals won		
		Sports- persons	Officials	Total	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1.	Athletics	49	7	56	10	17	10
2.	Basketball	12	1	13	1	0	0
3.	Boxing	12	4	16	1	5	5
4.	Football	18	2	20	0	0	0
5.	Shooting	20	3	23	8	6	5
6.	Swimming	21	3	24	16	13	9
7.	Table Tennis	9	2	11	6	6	5
8.	Tennis	12	1	13	3	2	4
9.	Volleyball	24	4	28	1	1	0
10.	Weightlifting	10	3	13	18	9	3
11.	IOA	—	6	6	—	—	—
TOTAL		187	36	233	64	59	41

ACHIEVEMENTS OF SAI's NSTC TRAINEES DURING APRIL-DEC., 1991

Discipline	Name of Trainee	School	Championship	Achievement	
ATHLETICS	Ashwani	Sanjeevan Vidyalaya, Panchgani	Jr. State level Athletic Meet, Jalgaon (6-9 Oct. '91)	II-100 m	
	Swati	—do—	—do—	I-100 m	
	Leena Chavan	—do—	—do—	I-600 m	
	Hemlata	Sri Sarda Vidyalaya	Jr. State Meet, Krishnagiri (TN) (Oct. 13, '91)	I-800 m II-400 m	
	Manoj		Jr. State Meet, Jabalpur (10 Oct. 1991)	I-600 m & 600 m	
			West Zone Jr. Meet, Ajmer	I-600 m II-100 m	
	Subhas Patil	Pravara Public School, Parvaranagar	3rd inter zonal Junior Athletic Meet, New Delhi (oct. 31-Nov. 1, 1991)	III-100 m Hurdle	
	Manoj	JLN Schoo, BHEL Bhopal	—do—	II-600 m III-Long jump	
	Leena	Sanjeevan Vidyalaya	—do—	III-600 m	
	Swati	Panchgani	—do—	I-100 m	
	Harbhushan Singh	Taluqdar College, Lucknow	—do—	I-Long jump	
	Bina Mala	GV Raja School	—do—	III-800 m	
	Longa Marandi	BS High School, Sundergarh	—do—	I-High jump	
	BADMINTON	Suvir Sharma	Army Public School, New Delhi	12th Mini School Games Trivandrum (April 17-20 '91)	Gold medal
		Praveen Kumar	—do—	—do—	Gold medal
Vishal Sharma Khanghi Pau		Shivalik Public School, Chandigarh	—do—	Bronze medal —do—	
FOOTBALL	Gurminder Singh	—do—	—do—	—do—	
	Silvani Reverdo	St. Anthony's High School, Goa	Asian School Football Championship, Kaula Lumpur (Malaysia) (June 10-20 '91)	Represented the country	
	Teams	St. Ignatius High School, Gumla Bidhan Nagar High School, Calcutta Tashi Namgyal Academy, Gangtok	Football Tournament, New Delhi (Sept. 25-27 '91)	Won the Tournament	
	Teams	St. Ignatius High School, Gumla Tashi Namgyal Academy, Gangtok	—do—	—do—	
		St. Ignatius High School, Gumla	Subroto Mukherjee Cup, Football Tournament, New Delhi (Oct. 2-15 '91)	—do—	
		St. Anthony's High School, Goa Bidhan Nagar High School, Calcutta	—do—	Runners up	
	Bhaichung Bhutia	Tashi Namgyal Academy	—do—	Best Player of the Tournament. 7 NSTC footballers were also selected for Subroto Mukherjee Scholarship.	

GYMNASTICS	Anil Kumar	MLN School of Sports, Rai	12th Mini School Games, Trivandrum (17-20 April '1991)	Gold-Roman Ring, Vaulting Horse & Horizontal bar
	Sagar Kulkarni	Sanjeevan Vidyalaya, Panchgani	—do—	Bronze-Floor exer. Bronze-Roman Ring & Parellel Bar SILVER-Vaulting Horse
	Nilak Kailas	Pravara Public School, Pravaranagar	—do—	Silver-Rommel Horse
	SB Seeta Laxmi	Sarda Girls Mr. Sec. School, Salem (TN)	—do—	Bronze Parellel Bar Bronze-Vaulting Horse & Balancing beam
	Tapan Das	Umakant Academy School, Agartala	5th Sub-Jr. National Gynmastics championship, Cuttack (Aug. 30-Sept. 2, '91)	Gold-Roman Ring Silver-Vaulting Horse
	N. Kailas	Pravara Public School	—do—	Gold-Vaulting Horse
	Sagar Kulkarni	Sanjeevan Vidyalaya	—do—	Bronze-Vaulting Horse
	Kavari Saha	MLN School of Sports, Rai	Federation Cup, Cuttack (Sept. 5-6 '91)	Silver-Vaulting Horse
	Chander Dev Singh Sumana Das	—do— —do—	—do—	Participation Participation —do—
	HOCKEY	Teams	BS High School Sundergarh	All India Mohan Singh Hockey Tournament, New Delhi (Sept. 21-29, '91)
CRZ Sr. Sec. School, Sonapat			—	
Udai Pratap Inter College, Varanasi			Won the Tournament	
Teams		Govt. HS School, Tanda Urmar (Pb)	Sub-Jr. Jawaharlal Nehru Tournament, New Delhi (22 Oct.-2 Nov. '91)	—
		Bhonsale Military School Nasik		Participation
		Shivalik Public School, Chandigarh		—do—
		Victoria Boys High School, Kurseong		—do—
		St. Ignatius High School, Gumla		—do—
		St. Joseph's India High School, Bangalore		—do—
		MLN School of Sports, Rai		—do—
		CRZ High School, Sonapat		—do—
Teams		St. Anthony's High School, Goa	Junior Nehru Hockey Tournament, New Delhi (Nov. 2-14, '91)	Won the tournament
		Bhonsale Military School, Nasik		Participation
		Shivalik Public School, Chandigarh		—do—
		St. Ignatius High School, Gumla		—do—
	CRZ High School, Sonapat	—do—		
	SGN Khalsa Sr. Sec. School.	—do—		
	3rd Piacce			

	Udai Pratap Inter / College, Varanasi		—do—	Won the tournament
SWIMMING	N. Sushima Singh	Sanjeevan, Vidyalaya, Panchgani	8th Sub-Jr. National Aquatic Championship Panaji-Goa, (10-14 July '91)	Gold-50 m Breast St. & created new national record of the event.
	Bhanu Sachdeva	Army Public School, New Delhi	Asian Pacific Age Group Invitation Swimming Meet, Singapore (Sept' 91) Sr. National Aquatic Championship, Trichur (Nov. 12-17, '91) SAF Games, Colombo (Dec. 23-31, 1991)	Silver medal Gold-200 m Back St. Bronze-100 m Gold-200 m back stroke (New meet record) Silver-100 metre back stroke
SWIMMING	Bhanu Sachdeva	Army Public School, New Delhi	37th National Games Aquatic Championship, Panaji (Goa) (9-14 Nov. '91)	Silver-400 m Ind. Medlay & 100 m Back St.
	Ajit Bedi	—do—	—do—	Gold-200 m Back St. Bronze- 100 m Back St.
	Tapan Das	Taldi Mohan Chand High School	—do—	Gold- 100 m Butter fly.
	Tapan Halder	—do—	—do—	Gold-400 m F-style Bronze-800 m
	Km. Swagata Base	—do—	—do—	Silver-200 m & 100 m Breast St.
	Km. Nanda	—do—	—do—	Bronze-200 m Ind. medlay & 50 m F/style
	Km. VS Saini	Modal Girls School, Trichur	—do—	Bronze-100 m Breast St. Silver-200 m Breast St.
	Km. Usha	—do—	—do—	Bronze-100 m Butter fly
	Km. Geeta Arya	Air Force Bal Bharati School, New Delhi	—do—	Bronze-200 m Butter fly & 400 m Ind. Medlay
	Amit Singh	Colvin Taluqdar College, Lucknow	—do—	Bronze-High Board Diving
TABLE- TENNIS	Ms. Shababi Bano	MKP Inter College, Dehradun	10th Electra Gold Cup Prize Money Table Tennis Tournament Meerut (July, 1991)	I-Sub-Jr. Singles
	Leena Bhola	Mother's International, New Delhi	—do— SN Jauhar Faquir Memorial Table Tennis Tournament, New Delhi (15-20 April, 1991)	II-Jr. Singles Won the Title

	Ritu Bhola Anupam kanesar	—do— Don Bosco School Guwahati	—do— Jr. International Invitation TT Tournament Tehran (Iran) (10-14 Aug. '91) Inter Institutional TT Championship, New Delhi (Sept. 17-22, '91) —do—	Runners up Gold-Team event Gold-Doubles event Bronze-Singles Gold-Men's Doubles Gold-Mixed doubles
	Leena Bhola	Mother's International, New Delhi	—do—	Gold-Mixed doubles
	Ritu Bhola Leena Bhola	—do—	10th Electra Gold Cup Prize Money TT Tournament, Meetur	II-Jr. doubles
	Ritu Bhola	—do—	Jr. National TT Championship, New Delhi (Dec. '91)	Won the Championship
WRESTLING	Jai Bhagwan	Bhupal Noble H. Sec. School, Udaipur	World Cadet Wrestling Championship, Alma (Canada) (30 June-6 July '91) —do—	Silver-40 kg wt. cat.
	Subhash Chander	CRZ Sr. Sec.School, Sonapat	—do—	Participation
	Mukesh	Shivalik Public School, Chandigarh	International Invitation Wrestling Championship, Makhachkat (USSR) (Aug. 20-27 '91)	Bronze- 62 kg. wt. cat.
	Shamsher Singh	—do—	Commonwealth Games, New Zealand (Oct. '91)	Bronze- 82 kg. wt. cat.
	Rajender Singh	—do—	12th Jr. National Wrestling Championship Jind (Haryana) (Dec. 22-26 '91)	Bronze-58 kg. cat. (G/R)
	Mukesh	—do—	—do—	Bronze-68 kg. cat. (F/S)
	Mohd. Subhan	CRZ Sr. Sec. School, Sonapat	—do—	Bronze-50 kg. cat. (G/R)
	Pawan Kumar	—do—	—do—	Silver-81 kg. cat. (G/R)
	Ram Narain	Govt. Multipurpose High School, Indore	—do—	Silver-46 kg. cat. (F/S)
	Subhas Chander	SGN Khalsa School, Sriganga Nagar (Raj)	—do—	Gold-46 kg. cat. (F/S)

APPENDIX-P

ACHIEVEMENTS OF SAI's SAG TRAINED SPORTSPERSONS

DISCIPLINE	CHAMPIONSHIP	GOLD	SILVER	BRONZE	REMARKS
ATHLETICS	Inter State Athletics Meet Gandhinagar from 8.3.91 to 10.3.91	—	1	7	
	Inter Zonal Athletic Championship held on October, 1991	12	1	2	Siddi Athletes of Bangalore Centre created 8 National Records.
	Charminar Challenge Inter- national Marathon at Pune held on 15.12.91	—	—	—	Rigzin Angmo of Shillaroo Centre came IV in Women's Section.
	Cross Country at Lucknow held on Jan. '91	—	1	—	Shillaroo team came second.
	All India Rath Marathon held on 17.2.91	1	1	0	
	All India Jr. Athletic Championship at Jammu held on 18-19 Sept. 1991	3	4	3	
	BOXING	XV YMCA All India Boxing Championship at Delhi held on 1-8 March, 1991	7	5	1
Sub-Junior National Boxing Championship at Ambala held on 21.11.91 to 25.11.91		3	2	3	
CYCLING	Sub-Junior National Cycling Championship at Delhi held on 13-14 Feb, 1991	7	1	3	
	All India Road Cycling Championship at Calcutta held on 3rd March, 1991	—	1	7	
	Senior National Cycling Championship at Bombay	1	4	3	
ARCHERY	1st World Jr. Archery Championship at Norway held on 17-25 Aug. '91	—	—	—	4 SAG Archers represented India.
	Federation Cup at Calcutta held on 18.12.1991- January 1992	2			Team Gold
	National Archery Championship held in January 1991	8	6	8	
	Invitational Prize Money Archery Tournament at Jamshedpur held in March '91				
WATER SPORTS	1st Asian Ground Prix Marathon at Roorkee held on 10-12 Nov. '91	1	2	1	
	Asian Rowing Championship at Japan held on 8-10 Nov. '91	—	1	—	Johny Romal of Port- Blair Centre won the Medal first ever by an Indian.
	Combined National Marathon at Port Blair held on 8-9 Feb. '91	2	2	—	
	National Rowing Championship at Madras held in 14th July, 1991	2	—	—	
	Jr. Rowing National Championship at Calcutta held on 15-18 Aug. '91	—	—	1	Alleppey Centre won the team championship

HOCKEY	Senior National Hockey Championship at Gurgaon (Haryana) held on Feb. '91 All India Sanjay Gandhi Junior Hockey tournament at New Delhi held on 14th October, 1991	Girls team of Ranchi centre reached upto quarterfinals. SAG Ranchi Centre team won the tournament.
FOOTBALL	Asian School Games at Kuala Lumpur held on 10-22 June, 1991	Seven boys of SAG Delhi Centre participated.

Appendix-Q

(Para 3.14.11.2)

NUMBER OF SPORTSPERSONS RECEIVING TRAINING UNDER THE SPORTS HOSTEL SCHEME OF SAI

Sl.	State/U.T.	Name of Sports Hostel	Number of Inmates	
			Boys	Girls
1.	Andhra Pradesh	Secunderabad	57	Nil
2.	Assam	Guwahati	22	7
3.	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	Nil	60
4.	Goa	Panaji	37	7
5.	Gujarat	Gandhinagar	29	4
6.	Haryana	Bhiwani	48	Nil
7.	Himachal Pradesh	Bilaspur	27	Nil
8.	Karnataka	Bangalore	56	7
9.	Kerala	Calicut	16	3
10.	Maharashtra	Kandivali	37	11
11.	Manipur	Imphal	21	21
12.	Nagaland	Dimapur	29	Nil
13.	Orissa	Cuttuck	64	10
14.	Rajasthan	Alwar	32	Nil
15.	Tamil Nadu	Madras	28	Nil
16.	West Bengal	Calcutta	61	14
17.	West Bengal	Siliguri	30	4
Total:			594	148
Grand Total:				742

Appendix-R

(Para 3.14.12.2)

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF SPDAs IN THE ENTIRE COUNTRY

Sl. No.	State/U.T.	Number of Districts	Number of Blocks	Number of SPDAs proposed
STATES				
1.	Andhra Pradesh	22	330	4
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	9	48	1
3.	Assam	17	135	2
4.	Bihar	39	590	7
5.	Goa	1	10	1
6.	Gujarat	19	218	3
7.	Haryana	12	100	1
8.	Himachal Pradesh	12	69	1
9.	Jammu Kashmir	14	119	2
10.	Karnataka	20	174	2
11.	Kerala	14	151	2
12.	Madhya Pradesh	45	459	6
13.	Maharashtra	29	298	4
14.	Manipur	8	30	1
15.	Meghalaya	5	30	1
16.	Mizoram	3	20	1
17.	Nagaland	7	25	1
18.	Orissa	13	314	4
19.	Punjab	12	118	2
20.	Rajasthan	27	237	3
21.	Sikkim	4	4	1
22.	Tamil Nadu	19	384	5
23.	Tripura	3	18	1
24.	Uttar Pradesh	57	895	11
25.	West Bengal	15	341	4
UNION TERRITORIES				
26.	A & N Islands	2	5	1
27.	Chandigarh	1	1	1
28.	D & N Haveli	1	1	1
29.	Daman & Diu	2	2	1
30.	Lakshadweep	1	5	1
31.	Delhi	1	5	1
32.	Pondicherry	4	6	1
ALL INDIA		438	5147	78

Appendix-S

(Para 3.14.12.2)

NUMBER OF SPORTSPERSONS RECEIVING TRAINING UNDER SPDA CENTRES OF SAI

Sl.	State/UT	No. of Inmates		Total Boys & Girls (State-wise)
		Boys	Girls	
Andhra Pradesh				
1.	Eluru	26	—	B - 49
2.	Nizamabad	11	2	G - 2
3.	Kurnol	12	—	51
Bihar				
4.	Gumla	28	—	B - 40
5.	Ranchi	12	—	G - —
40				
Goa				
6.	Fatorda Sports Complex	26	—	B - 26
Gujarat				
7.	Rajkot	18	3	B - 33
8.	Devgarh Baria	15	—	G - 3
36				
Haryana				
9.	Kurukshetra	38	—	B - 38
Karnataka				
10.	Dharwal	14	—	B - 24
11.	Medikeri	10	8	G - 8
32				
Kerala				
12.	Quilon	51	—	B - 51
13.	Trichur	—	36	G - 36
87				
Madhya Pradesh				
14.	Sehore	15	—	B - 90
15.	Dhar	31	—	
16.	Jabalpur	44	—	
Punjab				
17.	Ludhiana	33	—	B - 50
18.	Patiala	17	4	G - 4
54				

Rajasthan				
19.	Jodhpur	22	—	B – 35
20.	Ajmer	13	12	G – 12
				47
Tamil Nadu				
21.	Salem	37	—	B – 37
22.	Nagercoil	—	10	G – 10
				47
Uttar Pradesh				
23.	Kashipur	28	—	B – 28
Total		501	75	
Grand Total		576		

Appendix-T

(Para 3.14.13.3)

NUMBER OF SPORTSMEN RECEIVING TRAINING UNDER THE BOYS SPORTS COMPANIES IN THE ARMY

Sl.No.	State/U.T.	Name of Regimental Centre	Number of Inmates
1.	Andhra Pradesh	ARTY Regimental Centre, Hyderabad	41
2.	Bihar	Sikh Regimental Centre, Ramgarh	33
3.	Delhi	Raj Rifle Regimental Centre, Delhi Cantt.	30
4.	Himachal Pradesh	14, GTC Regimental Centre, Subathu	33
5.	Maharashtra	BEG Centre at Kirkee,	31
6.	Meghalaya	Assam Regimental Centre, Shillong	43
7.	Madhya Pradesh	1 STC, Regimental Centre, Jabalpur	36
8.	Uttar Pradesh	Kumaon Regimental Centre, Ranikhet	24
Total:			271

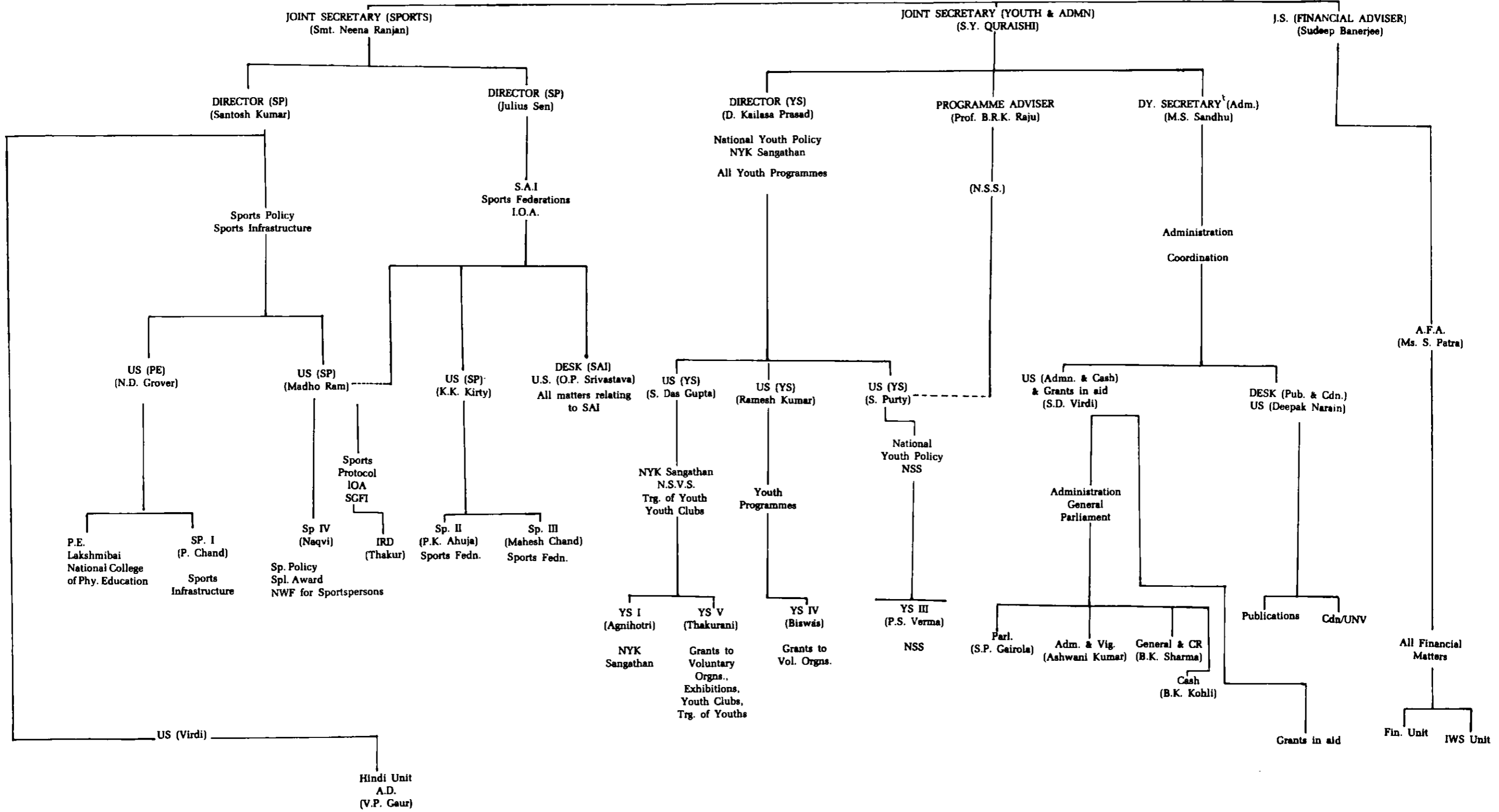
ADMINISTRATIVE CHART

(As on March 21, 1992)

MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT
(Shri Arjun Singh)

MINISTER OF STATE (Youth Affairs & Sports)
(Ms. Mamata Banerjee)
Secretary
(M.M. Rajendran)

Appendix-V
(Para 5.1.3)



Appendix-U

(Para 3.14.22.2)

FOREIGN EXPERTS/COACHES WHO VISITED INDIA (Jan-Dec., 1991)

Name	Arrived on	Period
Dr. Jafferey Simens (Sports Psychologist from USA)	17.1.91	5 week
Shri Li Deyang (Table Tennis coach from China)	13.1.91	one year
Shri Mitsutaka Aba (Judo coach from Japan)	16.4.91	one year
Prof. S. Reshan (Russian expert from Central Scientific Research Institute)	23.5.91	2 weeks
Shri Pierre Sewald (Rowing coach from German)	17.7.91	1 month
Shri Zoubernig (Cycling coach from USSR)	25.9.91	one year
Shri Tregulov (Fencing coach from USSR)	17.10.91	one year
Shri Roundnitsky (Greco-Roman Wrestling coach from USSR)	17.10.91	one year
Shri Volkov (Boxing coach from USSR)	14.11.91	one year
Shri Y.U. Borisov (Expert in Mass Sports Formation from USSR)	30.11.91	2 months
Shri Byunghyun Kim (Director, Sports & Social Sciences, Republic of Korea)	1.12.91	25 days

Appendix-W

(Para 5.4.1)

SCHEMEWISE DETAILS OF FINANCIAL ALLOCATIONS For 1991-92 and 1992-93

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Name of the Scheme	Revised Estimates 1991-92		Budget Estimates 1992-93	
		Plan	Non-Plan	Plan	Non-Plan
I. YOUTH WELFARE SCHEMES					
1.	National Service Scheme	674.00	442.00	987.00	440.00
2.	Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangthan	319.00	603.00	900.00	603.00
3.	Assistance to Voluntary Organisations	28.00	1.50	55.00	1.50
4.	Promotion of Adventure Activities	50.00	21.00	150.00	20.75
5.	Establishment and development of Mountaineering Institutes	11.00	10.00	30.00	10.00
6.	Scouting and Guiding	55.00	12.00	88.00	12.00
7.	National Service Volunteers Scheme	88.00	10.30	180.00	10.50
8.	National Integration Programme	185.00	20.00	270.00	19.75
9.	Exchange of Youth Delegation	15.00	—	25.00	—
10.	Exhibitions for Youth	16.00	—	30.00	—
11.	Youth Hostels	124.00	—	210.00	—
12.	Commonwealth Youth Programme	3.00	30.10	3.00	30.10
13.	National Discipline Scheme	—	965.00	—	965.00
14.	Youth Clubs	15.00	—	50.00	—
15.	Programme of Training of Youth	80.00	—	120.00	—
16.	National Youth Award	10.00	—	10.00	—
17.	Contribution to United Nations Volunteer Programme	—	6.70	—	4.00
18.	UNV-DDS Volunteers deployed in India	—	2.40	—	2.40
19.	National Fitness Corps	—	1.00	—	1.00
20.	Special Scheme for Promotion of Youth Activities among Youth of Backward Tribes	80.00	—	100.00	—
21.	Compulsory National Service	1.00	—	1.00	—
22.	National Institute of Youth Development	1.00	—	20.00	—
23.	Evaluation	—	—	10.00	—
Total Youth Welfare Schemes		1755.00	2125.00	3239.00	2120.00
II. GAMES AND SPORTS					
1.	Sports Authority of India	2678.00	1330.00	2341.00	1330.00
2.	Grants to Universities & Colleges	151.00	—	250.00	—
3.	Grants to National Sports Federations	350.00	48.00	350.00	94.00
4.	Development of Sports through State Sports Councils, etc.	1000.00	—	624.00	—
5.	Incentives for Promotion of Sports activities	260.00	—	300.00	—
6.	Laying of Synthetic Tracks/Surfaces	100.00	—	100.00	—
7.	Exchange of Sports & Phy. Education Team Experts	100.00	—	50.00	—
8.	National Sports Championship for Women	—	55.00	—	60.00
9.	Physical Education	—	19.00	—	19.00
10.	Promotion of Sports among Women	—	—	3.00	—
11.	Sports Talent Search Scholarship Scheme	70.00	—	70.00	—
12.	Rural Sports Tournaments	—	32.50	—	53.00
13.	National Welfare Fund	—	2.00	—	2.00
14.	Arjuna Award	—	6.50	—	3.00
15.	Dronacharya Award	—	—	—	2.00
16.	Travel Grants to Sports Scholars	1.00	—	1.00	—
17.	Afro-Asian Games Transfer of Asiad Property	—	1.00	—	1.00
18.	Scholarships for Training of Specialists & outstanding Sportspersons in Sports Adventure abroad	—	—	1.00	—

20. Special Scheme for Sports Activities among the Backward Tribes	—	—	40.00	—
21. Assistance to Sports Clubs	—	—	1.00	—
22. Evaluation	—	—	5.00	—
Total : Games & Sports	4710.00	1495.00	4136.00	1565.00
Total : Youth Affairs & Games & Sports	6465.00	3620.00	7375.00	3685.00
III. OTHER PROGRAMMES				
1. Expenditure on Seminars, Committees, Meetings etc.	—	25.00	—	25.00
2. Other Items	—	2.00	—	2.00
Total Other Programme	—	27.00	—	27.00
IV. SECRETARIAT—SOCIAL SERVICE	20.00	167.00	25.00	168.00
Grand Total :	6485.00	3814.00	7488.00	3880.00

ABBREVIATIONS

AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AIU	Association of Indian Universities
A.P.	Andhra Pradesh
ASI	Archaeological Survey of India
BPE	Bachelor of Physical Education
CABE	Central Advisory Board of Education
CBSE	Central Board of Secondary Education
CD	Community Development
CEP	Cultural Exchange Programme
CYAC	Commonwealth Youth Affairs Council
CYP	Commonwealth Youth Programme
DG	Director General
DPR	Democratic People's Republic
H.P.	Himachal Pradesh
HRD	Human Resource Development
HRM	Minister of Human Resource Development
ICDS	Integrated Child Development Scheme
IG	Indira Gandhi
IPA	Indian Institute of Public Administration
IOA	Indian Olympic Association
LNCPE	Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education
MOS	Minister of State
MPE	Master of Physical Education
MPFL	Mass Programme for Functional Literacy
NCC	National Cadet Corps
NIC	National Informatics Centre
NLM	National Literacy Mission
NPE	National Policy on Education
NSO	National Sports Organisation
NSNIS/NIS	Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports
NSS	National Service Scheme
NSTC	National Sports Talent Contest
NSV	National Service Volunteer
NSVS	National Service Volunteer Scheme
NYK	Nehru Yuva Kendra
NYKS	Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan
R&D	Research and Development
RD	Republic Day
SAARC	South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
SAF	South Asian Federation
SAG	Special Area Games
SAI	Sports Authority of India
SC/ST	Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe
SPDA	Sports Project Development Area
TLC	Total Literacy Campaign

TOC	Training and Orientation Centre
TORC	Training Orientation and Research Centre
TV	Television
UEE	Universalisation of Elementary Education
UGC	University Grants Commission
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNV	United Nations Volunteer
U.P.	Uttar Pradesh
US/USA	United States of America
USSR	Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics
UT	Union Territory
UTA	Universities Talk Aids
VIP	Very Important Person
W.B.	West Bengal
WHO	World Health Organisation
.YA	Youth Affairs

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