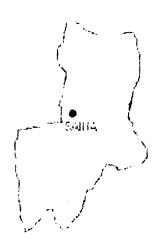
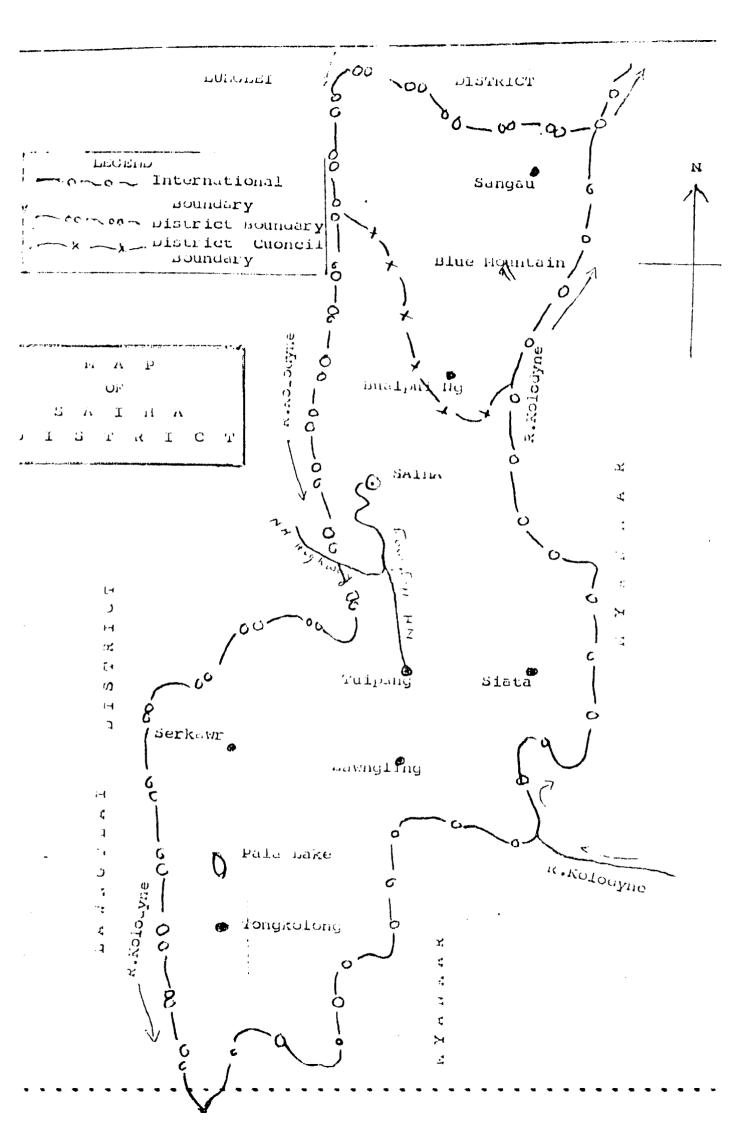
SARVA SHIKSHA ABHIYAN SAIHA DISTRICT



DISTRICT ELEMENTARY EDUCATION PLAN

DIRECTORATE OF SCHOOL EDUCATION
MIZORAM



<u>INDEX</u>

Chapter	Contents		Page Nos.
l.	Demographic profile of the District.	.	
11.	Planning process under SSA		2 - 5
[[].	Educational profile of the District	-	6 - 13
IV.	Objective-wise Intervention	-	14 - 15
V.	Issues in Elementary Education		
VI.	Monitoring and Implementation		
VII.	Budget Summary	-	28 - 39
VIII.	Annual Work Plan & Budget for 2001 - 2002.	-	40 - 46

CHAPTER-I

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT.

Satha District, situated on the southern tip of Mizoram State is bounded by Myanmar in the east and south. The district is bordered by Lunglei District and Lawngtlai District of Mizoram in the north and west respectively. The river Beino (Kolodyne) flows from north to south demarcating the district from Lawngtlai District.

Saiha, the capital of the district which is 350 KM away from the State capital and also the administrative seat of Deputy Commissioner is connected by motorable road. There are as many as 67 village councils under the two Autonomous districts namely Lai Autonomous District Council and Mara Autonomous District Council. The district covers an area of 1965,81 Sq.Km. The density of the population is 31.8 per Sq.Km. The total population being 55406. There are two Community Rural Development blocks namely Tuipang and Sangau C.D.Blocks Language spoken are Mara, Lai and Mizo—dialects. The people are engaged mainly in cultivation. The main crop is rice cereal.

Important landmarks of the district are:

- (1) The highest peak in the State "Phawngpui" also known as Blue Mountain is situated in the district.
- (2) Palak, the biggest lake of the State is also located within the district.

Satha District is considered as one of the backward district among the districts of Mizoram in hiteracy with a literacy rate of 82,43%. The literacy rate of the State is 88,49%. Literacy rate of male and female are 86,28% and 78,39% respectively.

Table 1 : Area, number of C.D.Blocks. Villages and density of population.

Area	No.of C.D.	No. of Villages	Density of population
(Sq.Km)	Blocks		
	2		4
			•
1965	2	67	31.8

Table 2 : Population of SC. ST and others.

	Male	<u>Female</u>	Total
	2`	3	4
SC	30	12	42
ST	27914	27492	55406
Others			
Total	27944	27504	55448

CHAPTER = 0

PLANNING PROCESS UNDER SSA.

About the S.S.A.

Since Independence, several interventions have been made for the universalization of elementary education both in terms of quantity and quality, Inspite of many efforts the objective of U.E.E. is not vet fulfilled.

Therefore, a new intervention for the successful implementation of U.E.E., viz SARVA SILSHA ABHIYAN, a programme with clear time frame for universal elementary education pertaining to the demand for quality basic education and an apportunity for promoting social justice through basic education is launched within the District.

Sarva Siksha Abhiyan is to provide essential and relevant elementary education for all section of children in the age group of 6-14 yrs, irrespective of easte, clan, religion and creed by 2007 A.D.

Another goal is to bridge social and gender gaps with the help of community participation in general administration and management of the elementary schools.

Objectives of Sarva Siksha Abhiyan:

- 1) Universal retention by 2010
- 2) Bridge social and gender gaps at Primary stage by 2007 and at elementary education level by 2010.
- 3) Focus on elementary education emphasising education for life.
- 4) Provide education facilities to all children from 6-14 vrs. by 2007.
- 5) All children in School, Education Guarantee Centre, Alternate School, Back to School Camps by 2003

Planning Process:

It is practically experienced that the successful implementation of U.E.E. depends on the conserted efforts m planning, implementation and monitoring of its various aspects, through community participation. Until and unless community owns the educational aspects of the children, the U.E.E. cannot be realised in its true spirit. As such, involvement of local community in the whole process of providing basic education to all children will, however, remain justified and reasonable.

The District Pre-Project activities had been initiated with the idea that the community can participate in the planning process and its implementation of the programme under S.S.A.

Formation of Core-groups on Planning:

District Core Group:

A district core-group was formed with the concerned Deputy Commissioner as the Chairman and District Education Officer concerned as co-ordinator.

Chairman	-	Dep	uty Commissioner
Secretary	•	D.E.	O. concerned.
Members	•	1)	Faculty member of DIET
		2)	President of Group MTP
		3)	President, MSTA, Sub-Division
		4)	President, PSTA, Sub-Division
		5)	President, MHIP of the District
		6)	National/State Award winning teacher.
		7)	Prominent Member of the locality
		8)	B.D.O. of the concerned Block.

The district core-group had a series of meetings under the Chairmanship of Deputy Commissioner to discuss various problems and issues pertaining to the implementation of U.E.E. at elementary school level.

Village - Level Core-Group:

There are as many as 67 inhabited villages within Saiha District. Village core groups are formed in each village comprising the following memners:

, _	President, Village Council.
-	
•	Headmaster/Head Teacher of Upper Primary/Primary School
	of the village.
•	1) All other heads of the existing schools in the Village.
	2) President, Branch MTP
	3) President, MHIP (Branch)
	4) President, Upa Pawl.
	5) Teacher representative ,
	6) Parent representative
	7) Prominent member of the locality.

Development of data base:

Conduct of Family Survey:

Data base informations of children who are out of school, i.e. the nature of work they are engaged, family background and reasons for they are out of school are the main concentration for planning U.E.E. This can form the basis to workout various strategies to provide education facilities for out of school children in the age group of 6-14 vrs.

Therefore, survey of all the families was conducted within the District. The required informations collected were consolidated and tabulated showing the number of children of the age group 6-14 yrs, who are to be enrolled in the shool, class in which dropped and reasons for drop out, etc.

Training for Capacity Building

Members of district team were trained and oriented at the state-level by the State Level core-team.

Also, the village - level core team were trained by the district core-team in a two day orientation programme at the selected places. From the district level a number of surveyors from both Middle and Primary Schools were appointed. A two - day Training Programmes were organised at different centres where the village-level surveyors were trained jointly by the State Level and District core-team. Four different survey forms were designed by the State Level Core team viz-Village information, Family Information, Household. Survey and Elementary School Survey, Survey was conducted during March and April, 2000. A Elementary School Survey data was done during May and June, 2001.

Mobilisation of Community

Personal timely contact and co-ordination between community and members of Village Core groups is tound necessary for mobilization of community other case the U.F.E. programme may not be successful. As such, Public Meeting or Parents contact programme were organised at all villages by the Village-Level core group where members of District-Level Core groups also participated.

In these meetings various problems and issues pertaining to the implementation of U.E.E. were discussed where the participants shared their views and ideas openly. After a series of such meetings and campaigns, parents were motivated and became aware of the need of sending their children of the age group 6-14 yrs, to the normal schools. Various programmes and proposals so far taken up at the Village-Level are reviewed and examined by the District-level core groups from time to time.

Development of Village Education Plans:

The entire process of generation of data base on children in the age group of 6-14yrs, who are in School and out of School with family background have been developed from each and every household survey report. All the Villages, Households and Middle and Primary Schools were surveyed during March-April, 2001. The filled-in survey forms were submitted to D.E.O.Office for further necessary action.

The data collected through survey were consolidated and tabulated in the office of D.E.O.. Saiha District by survey personnels employed on contract basis. From the Survey results relevant informations like problems, possible intervention strategy for the attainment of U.E.E. are taken into account by the District Level core group.

After having discussion and deliberation of survey results, village-level Education plan was developed and the District Plan was formulated by the District Core Group.

Development of District Elementary Education Plan (DEEP):

The District Planning team has gone through the entire process of planning right from Village Level. The team members have actively participated in the Village level meetings, campaigns as well as District level Meetings and finally developed District Elementary Education plan in conformity with the guidelines of SSA.

The District Elementary Education Plan represents the perspective plan that will give a frame work of activities over a long term frame to achieve U.E.E. Annual Work Plan & Budget for 4 years 2001 - 2005 was also worked out showing the priortised activities to be caried out during 2001 - 2002.

CHAPTER - III

EDUCATIONAL PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

In the district itself, cent per cent (100°) of the population—has access to primary schooling facilities within a walking distance of 1 km. All the 67 Villages have primary schooling facilities, but 15 Villages i.e. 22.38° have no access to upper primary school facilities in their own villages or in a walking distance of less than 3 km.

Institutions and Teachers:

The management-wise institution of the district is mentioned below:

 Table 3
 :
 Management-wise Institutions:

Type of management	Pre-Schooling facilities/anganwadi	Lower Primary School	Upper Primary School	Total
1	2	3	4	5
Government	84	87	25	196
Deficit	•	7	38	48
Aided	-	7	•	7
Private	-	15	5	20
Private(Unrecognise by Board	ed) -	6	1	7
lotal	84	122	69	275

The village-wise no. of institutions and no. of teachers can be seen from the following table.

 Table 4
 :
 Village-wise number of institutions and teachers.

SL	Name of Village	TUIPANG (Primary	Unner	Primary'	N.F.E.	and the second s
No.	Name of Amage	Anganwadi	School	- 1	School		11.1.15.	
140. [Auganwath		No.of		No.of	No.of	Nont
ļ		!		teacher		teacher	i	Instruc
1	•		SCHOOL	leacher	SCHOOL	Cache		tors
1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9
1.	Ahmepi	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1			
2.	Ainak	· 1		5	1	6	1	1
3.	Bymari	i	1	4	1	6	-	-
4.	Chakhang	l	3	14	1	6	i	1
5.	Chapui	1	2	10	1	6	-	-
6.	Chheihlu	-	1	3	1	6	-	•
7.	Chhuarlu n g	1	3	14	1	6	-	-
8.	Kaisih	-	1	4	1	6		
9.	Kawlchaw East	1	1	3	1	7	-	-
10.	Khaikhy	-	1	3	-	•	-	-
11.	Khopai	1	1	4	1	6	-	-
12.	Laki	1	2	4)	1	5	-	-
13.	Latawh	1	1	4	1	6	-	-
14.	Lawngban	j	1	3	1	6	-	
15.	Lope	1	1	2	-	-	-	-
16.	Lomasu	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
17.	1.ohre	~	1	3	-	-	-	-
18.	ा गार्की ता _र	-	1	2	1	6	-	-
19.	nuclgnu. I	1	2	7	1	6	1	I
20,	Lungdar	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
21.	Maila	1	1	3	-	-	-	-
22.	Maubawk	2	2	10	1	8	-	-
23.	Miphu	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
24.	Mohre	i	1	5	1	7	-	-
25.	New Serkawr	-	1	2	l	6	-	-
26.	Niawhtlang	1	2	10	1	7	•	-
27.	Phura	2	2	9	l	6	•	-
28.	Phusa	l ,	1	4	1	6	-	-
29.	Phalhrang	ı	,	5	ı	5	•	•
30.	Riasikah	-	1	2				-
31.	Romibawk	2	1	4	1	5	1	1
32.	Saiha	1	19	150	13	100	l •	l .
33.	Serkawr	2	3	15	1	7	ı	1
34,	Siasi Siasa	•	1.	4	1	5	-	-
35.	Siata Siatai	2	2	10 3	1	7		-
36.	Siatlai Suuto	i	l 1		-	-	-	.=
37.	Supha	-	l •	2	•	- 7	-	-
38.	Theiva	2	!	6	l •	7	-	-
39. 40	Theiri Thinosen	2	i	5	ı	6	-	•
			1	. 1	_	_		_

			X -						
}		3	4	5	6	7	8	- 9	
41.	Tongkolong	1	l	5	1	6	•		~ *
42.	Luish	1	2	10	i	6	•	-	
43,	Turpang (D&V)	1	2	11	2	18	~	•	
44.	Tuipang L	1	. 2	9	1	7	-	-	
45.	Tuipui Ferry	1	1	3	1	6	4.	•	
46.	Tusumpui	ŧ	2	8	1	7		-	
47.	Vahai	1	2	8	ì	6		-	
48.	Zavngling	3	3	14	1	7	ì	1	
49,	Zero point	1	1	5	1	8	-	•	
		82	ANGAUC,D	. вьоск					
50.	Archhuang	2	1	3	1	6	1	1	
51.	Bualpui NG	4	5	29	2	14	-	-	,
52.	Cheural	2	2	7	1	6	2	2	
53 .	Fungkah	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	
54.	Lungzachtum	2	2	9	1	8	-	••	
55 .	Lungpher	2	2	11	2	12	2	2	
56.	Lungtan	.4	3	14	2	1.2	2	2	
57.	Pangkhua	•	.)	8	1	7	-	~	
58.	Rawlbul	l	1	3	1	6	•		
59.	Sangau I	3	3	13	3	16	2	2	
60.	Sangau li	7	À	17	•	-	-	-	
61.	Sentettiang	1	1	2	-	-	-	•	•
62.	Siachangkawn	1	**	9	1	6	-	-	
63.	Ovdtking	?	1	4	1	4	-	-	
64.	lialdawnghung	1	1	2	1	7	-	-	
65.	Vawmbuk	2	3	15	1	7	_	2	
66.	Vartek I	•	1	3	-	-		•	
67.	Vartek II	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	
	Total	84	122	585	69	453	19	19	-

Caste-wise and level-wise number of teachers is as follows.

Table 5 : Caste-wise and Level-wise number of teachers.

Level		SC			ST Total		Trained	Untrained	Total	
	M	\mathbf{F}	TT	M	F	TT				
1	_2	3	_4	_5	. 6_	_7_	8	9	10	
Pre-Primary/ Anganwadi		•		. ,	84	84	84	-		•
I ower Primary	; •	-	•	342	243	585	585	396	189	585
Upper Primary	· ••	•	-	378	75	453	453	349	104	453
Total				720	402	1122	1122	745	293	1038

Enrolment:

The total number of children of the age group 6-14 years in the district is 17714. The total enrolment of the age group 6-14 years in the lower and upper primary schools are 14177 and 3537 respectively.

Village-wise number of children of the age group 6-14 years and enrolment of Primary and Middle Schools and number of out of school children is given in the following table.

Table 6 : <u>Village-wise 6-14 years details</u>

SI. No.	Name of Village	Population of 6-14 yrs.	School enrolment	No.of 6-14 yrs.	Percentage of out of school.
1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	4	5	6
	TUPANG C.D. BLOCK				
1.	Анткрі	61	51	l+	22.95
2.	Amak	136	148	13	9.55
3.	Byman	70	75	7	(4.00
4,	Chakhang	328	306	37	11.28
5.	Chaptu	280	277	22	7.85
6,	Chheibtu	126	103	15	11.90
7.	Chinartung	222	207	21	9.45
X ,	Karan	108	104	24	22.22
9.	Kawlehaw E	125	93	28	22.04
10.	Khokhy	60	48	22	31.88
H .	ł-hepan	186	189	2.3	12.36
12.	Laki	182	223	19	10.43
13.	Latawh	132	140	7	5,30
14.	Lawngban	109	123	12	11.00
15.	Lope	29	25	8	27.58
16.	Lomasu	30	22	17	56.66
17.	Lohie	52	52	6	11.53
18.	1 սութակ	110	113	24	21.08
19.	Limelani	217	201	21	9.67
20.	Lungdur	45	32	9	20.00
21.	Mada	63	18	15	23.80
22.	Maubawk	20 7	208	24	11.59
23.	Мири	32	27	15	46,87
24.	Mohre	159	137	26	16,35
25.	New Serkawr	102	96		7.04
26.	Niawhtlang	329	328	19	5.07
27.	Phura	248	218	32	12,90
28.	Phusa	67	48	17	25,37

ì	2	3	4 _	5	6
29.	Phallmang	111	125	2	1.80
30.	Riasikah	2 2	28	7	31.81
31.	Romibawk	171	138	3.4	19,88
32.	Saiha	3781	4574	216	5.71
33.	Serkawr	242	206	47	19,42
34,	Siasi	52	43	10	19,23
35 .	Siata	296	295	22	7,43
3 6.	Siatlai	46	39	4	19.56
37 .	Supha	20	20	5	25.00
38.	Theiva	152	128	42	27,63
39.	Theni	146	133	13	8.90
40.	Thingsen	54	.49	8	14.81
41.	Tonakolawna	134	1.32	10	7,46
42.	Luish	111	102	19	17.11
43.	Turpang (D&V)	268	240	33	12.31
44.	Tuipang (L.)	245	182	64	26.12
45.	Topulony	60	54	15	25.00
46.	Lusumoui	152	156	11	7.23
47.	Vahau	170	172	12	7.05
48.	Zawnoline	303	380	25	6,36
49.	Zero pomt	11 i	100	16	14.03
SANG	GAUCA, BLOCK				
50.	Archhuing	131	107	24	18.32
51.	Bualpui NG	422	421	16	3.79
52.	Cheural	203	235	21	10.34
53.	Fungkah	63	46	17	26.98
4.	Lungzuhtum	159	147	21	13.20
55.	Lungpher	29 5	274	27	9.15
56.	Lungtian	277	273	22	7.94
5 7 .	Pangkhua	224	225	23	10.26
58.	Rawlbuk	108	119	7	6.48
59.	Sangau I	697	686	u	1.57
60.	Sangau II	3713	3 577	332	8.94
61.	Sentetliang	36	26	19	52.77
62.	Siachangkawn	225	201	25	11.11
63.	Thaltlang	104	115	5 1 2 2 2 2 2 10 2	. 9.61
64.	Tialdavvngilung	162	95	4	3.92
65.	Vawmbuk	300	280	28	9,33
66.	Vartek I	60	31	14	23,33
67 .	Vartek II	31	39	13	41.93
	Total	17714		1759	8,86

Dropouts:

Class-wise no. of dropout from Class I to Class VI that is the lowest class and the next upper most class of lower and Upper Primary School of the district can be seen from the following table.

Table 7 : Class-wise number of dropouts:

No. of dropouts.
76
183
309
253
210
216
1359

Number of dropouts age-wise from 7 yrs, to 13 yrs, is as follows:-

Table 8 : Age-wise number of dropouts.

Years	No. of dropouts.
7	108
8	157
Ò	176
10	211
11	193
12	233
13	259
Total	1337

School Buildings and facilities.

In order to create a good and attractive atmosphere that every child wish to attend school and every parent would like to send their children to school, school buildings and other facilities plays an important role.

The type of school buildings in the district is as follows:

Table 9 : Type of School Buildings:

Level	Pucca	Semi Pucca	Kutcha	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	
Lower Primary School	3	93	26	122	
Upper Primary School	Ś	49	15	69	
iotal	8	142	41	191	

Number of schools having different number of rooms are:

Table 10 : No. of schools with number of rooms:

Level	one room	two rooms	three rooms	tour rooms	more than tour	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Lower Primary School	2	12	21	54	33	122
Upper Primary School	•	٠,	63	1	3	69

Requirement of school furniture can be seen as below:

Table It : Requirement of furniture

Level	Bench	Desk	Table	Chair	Blackboard
1	2	3	.‡	5	6
Lower Primary School	36	610	η_z	248	409
Upper Primary School	80	207	· ·	95	129

Other facilities:

Pacilities like Water. Toilet, School fencing, Totice Board, Maps and other teaching learning materials are madequate in Joch school. The following table shows the requirement of the facilities-

 Table 12
 : Schools requiring (actities.)

I evel	Water tacili- ties	Toilet facili- ties	Fencing	Notice Board	Cup Board	Maps	Education- al chart	Globe	Scien kit	books for tea- cher Hand book.
1	2	3	4	5		7	8	9	10	11
Lower Pri- mary School.	92	108	98	93 89	7:	9 94	94		103	19
Number required.	92	108	98	93 89	47	1 504	188	degraph of the second of the second of	103	1960
Upper Pri- mary School.	40	57	47	43 5	$\tilde{2}$ 1:	5 28	28		41	16
Number required	40	57	47	43 5	2 90	168	56		41	165

2.3. Existing Schemes for the improvement of elementary education in the District.

1) Free distribution of Text Books.

In order to ensure cent per cent enrolment and retention of the children in the elementary school, steps are being taken by the Govt, of Mizoram to provide free text books to children who cannot afford to buy text books.

2) Mid - day Meal Scheme:

The Govt of Mizoram, has been implementing the scheme of national programme for nutritional support to primary education since the year, 1995. The scheme is popularly known as Mid-Day Meal Scheme. This Mid-day meal scheme is an incentive scheme for promoting enrolment and retention of school children in the Elementary Schools. The quantity of nee distributed is 3 Kgs per head per month. Children of recognised Primary School were benefited with this scheme.

3) Pre-School Education:

Social Welfare Department of Mizoram is running 84. Anganwadi Centres at different villages within the District. These centres are catering to the health needs of children in the age group of 3-5 years and also preparing them to have readiness for Primary School.

4) Operation Blackboard Scheme:

Operation Blackboard is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme for the improvement of the Schools. The scheme has the following components:

- a) Provision of teachers to single teacher Primary Schools and later on provision of teacher to two teachers schools where enrolment exceeds 100.
- b) Construction of Classrooms.
- c) Provision of teaching-learning materials to all Primary Schools and to all Upper Primary Schools under expansion scheme.

5) Community Participation:

It is practically experrienced that the schools should not be isolated beyond the reach of the local people. Rather the teachers and the pupils themselves are always to be in close contact with Community. Community participation at all levels in the field of education is a telt need for the improvement and maintenance of the school buildings. With this idea, whether it is Primary, Upper Primary or High School each and every school has its own PARENT'S TEACHER ASSOCIATION (P.T.A) within the district. This P.T.A in its meeting discuss any problems or issues the school is facing. Under this programme community as a whole contributed a great deal of help for the construction, maintenance of the school buildings.

CHAPTER IV

OBJECTIVE - WISE INTERVENTION

The planning team have interaction with the teachers, parents, students and community members. Through survey and personal contact they also observe the working of the community, the school and selected families on various occasions. The team work in collaboration with some NGOs, like student Union. Youth and Women organistions and thereby, identified the needs of the district at various levels for the improvement of elementary education specially for the achievement of UEE.

As a result of various such activities and identified needs, the following strategies have been formulated to achieve the objectives of UEL.

Access:

The household survey shows that 17.3% of the 6-14 age group population have no access to formal education. However, the enrolment of Frimary and Aliddle School, which is 17.834 persons exceeds the total population of children between the age of 6-14 years, the Difference between the school going population from the household survey and the school enrolment from the school survey s = 20 children. Inference may be drawn from this that there are children below 6 years or above 14 years.

It is also found that there are 1427 children of the age group 6-14 years who are not attending formal schooling. In order to accommodate these 1427 children either in the formal or non-formal school, establishment of new schools and upgradation of NEE centres into a formal school or a better alternative scheme is envisaged.

In village where there is no Middle school, and where the population of 11-14 years can of school population is high it is proposed to open new Middle Schools to provide access to Upper Primary Schools facilities.

Envolment and Retention:

Considering students population from the children population between the age group of 6-14 years, participation level seems very high. However, the household survey reveals that 10-12% of the elementary School going age group are still outside the system. This indicates that under-aged children are admitted in the schools and also some children are retained in the same class. It is, therefore, intended to take the following measures:

- Opening of ECE Centres for the children in the age group of 3-5 years to prepare the children to have readiness for school which is lioped to minimise drop out rates and retention rates
- Introduction of continous and comprehensive evaluation system coupled with remedial measures.
- Improving of teacher for school ratio by positioning of regular teachers and volunteers.
- Supply of text books, exercise books, uniforms and other teaching learning materials either free or on susidised rates.
- Improving and enhansing the norms and scheme of NFE as an alternative system.

- Conduct of campaigns and enrolment drives involving the community, mothers, teachers and the sudent themselves.
- Conduct of awareness campaigns and orientation of persons involved in education.
- Training of teachers, mothers and those involved in elementary schools.

Universal Attainment:

Saiha District being one of the most backward district in the state needs special attention to be at par with other district. On an average, the teacher per school and teacher-pupil ratio is not so bad However, there is one (1) single teacher school and 8 two(2) teacher schools. There are only 8 puccibuildings and 41 Kutcha buildings. The rest are semi-pucca building some of which are in a bad shape.

Out of the 122 lower primary schools, 54 schools have four rooms while 33 schools have more than four rooms. The rest have three or less than three rooms. Besides there are four classes in lower primary schools. Teachers room is also required. Middle schools are slidely in a better position but there are 2 schools having two rooms, and 63 schools that are having only 3 rooms.

Under such condition quality aspects needs re-vamping. Orientation, provision of TLM and establishment of Resources centres and Teacher centres with Physical intractructure is essential. It is therefore, planned to have the following programme.

- Orientation of all teachers for the improved glassroom practices and for universal attainment of competencies.
- Training of Headmasters and Luddeachers in management and supervision of teaching learning activities.
- Identification of resource persons who will act as a resource team at the $\sqrt{2}$ eye level, cluster level and at the district level.
- Capacity building for the Resource Persons of village, cluster and district level.
- Introduction of Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation system.

CHAPTER - V

ISSUES IN ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

In order to achieve the programme of universalization of elementary education under SSA, all children must be provided education facilities by giving schooling facilities, education quarantee centre, alternative shooling, back to school camp by 2003 A.D. Access will be ensured for all children by establishing new schools, teachers, by providing alternative school facilities.

Lower Primary:

Teachers: All the 67 villages of the district have access to Lower primary School within a radius of 1 K.M. On an average the teacher pupil ratio is not so bad however there is I (one) single teacher school and 2(two) Lower primary where teacher pupil ratio is 1:40. It is, therefore, proposed to provide lone additional teacher for 3(three) Lower Primary Schools.

Table 13 : Name of school with additional teacher proposed

SL No.	Name of School	Teacher pupil ratio	Additional teacher proposed.	a. velage
1	2	3	4	
1	Fungkah P/S	1:46	1	
2.	Khopai P/S	1:40	1	
3	Lungpuk P/S	1:46	1	

School buildings:

Out of the 122 Primary Schools, 26(twenty six) schools have Kutcha buildings. It is, therefore, proposed to construct 26 buildings. It is also proposed to construct additional room where the schools have less than three rooms.

Table 14 : No. of school building requiring reconstruction.

Sl.No.	Construction proposed	No. of schools.	
	2	3	
1.	New construction	26	
2.	Construction of additional room.	45	

School furniture:

It is proposed to give furniture to Lower Primary Schools where the number of furniture available is inadequate in Lower primary schools.

Table 15 : Requirement of furniture:

No.of Schools	Bench	Desk	Table	Chair	Blackboard.
122	636	610	215	248	409

Other facilities:

It is also proposed to provide facilities like water facilities, Toilet facilities, fencing of school compound, Notice Board and Cup board for school where there are no such facilities.

Table 16 : Requirement of other facilities.

	Water facilities	Toilet facilities	Fencing of school compound.	Notice Board	Cup board	
	2	3	4	5	6	
No.of Schools	92	108	98	93	89	

Teaching learning equipments:

It is proposed to provide Teaching Learning Equipments such as Maps, Educational Chart, Globe, Science kit and complete set of Text books for teachers Handbook where there are no such Teaching Learning Equipment.

Table 17 : Schoolwise requirement of Teaching Learning Equipments

	Maps	Chart	Globe	Science kit	Teacher Handbook	
No.of Schools	79	94	94	103	. 122	

RCCP, Sports Equipments and Musical Instruments.

During the planning exercise, lack of facilities like, Radio cum-Cassette player, game materials and musical instruments stands out as one of the causes for in attractive schools. Hence the following facilities are proposed to be provided to schools,

Table 18 : Requirement of other facilities,

	R.C.C.P.	Guiter	Football	Volleyball	Basketball
No.of Schools	122	122	122	122	122
Number preferred	120	115	75	104	118

Library Facilities:

The school survey revealed that none of the schools have Library facility. It is also learnt that the absence of this hinders the academic growth of the teachers as well as the students which results in low level of achievements. It is proposed to provide a lump-sum money for the purchase of library books to all the schools, it is also proposed to establish a library at the Teachers Centre to cater to the needs of the teachers of the nearby area.

Table 19 : Requirement for Library Facilities.

No.of Primary Schools		Rate	Amounts	
	122	Rs. 3,000/-	Rs. 3,66,000/-	
Centre	3	Rs.80,000/-	Rs. 2,40,000/-	
	'Total		Rs. 6,06,000/-	

Upper Primary School:

There are 15 villages where there are no schooling facilities for Upper Primary Schools. The children in these villages have no access to Upper Primary School facilities. The walking distance from these village to the nearest village where there is Upper Primary School facilities is more than 5 Kms. It is, therefore, proposed to provide either Upper Primary School or special category school with formal system in management, working of the school but flexibility in timing i.e. morning/evening/night school. It is, therefore, proposed to provide new Upper Primary School to villages where the enrolment exceeds 40 in Lower Primary School.

Table 20 : <u>Village where new Upper Primary School is proposed</u>.

SI.No.	Village	Enrolment in Lower Primary School	Population of 6-14 years.	
	2	3	4	
1.	Khaiky	48	69	
2.	Lohre	52	52	
3.	Maila	48	63	
4.	Thingsen	49	54	
5.	Fungkalı	46	63	

Teachers:

The Teacher-Pupil ratio in the Upper Primary Schools of the district is satisfactory and there is no requirement of proposing additional teacher. However, teachers at the rate of 4 teachers per school are proposed for the proposed new Upper Primary School where there is no Upper Primary School in the village.

No. of Upper Primary Schools proposed, i	N∈ of teacher proposed @ 4 per school
	2
5	20

School buildings:

Out of the 29 Middle School buildings, only 5 schools have pueca building and 15 school have kutcha building which are not in good condition. The majority of the school, i.e. 49 schools have serni pueca building. It is, therefore, proposed to construct 15 school buildings. However, there are schools that have only 2 rooms and 3 rooms. As such it is also proposed to enstruct additional rooms where the school have less than 4 rooms.

Table 21 : No.of schools for buildings and classroom construction.

Sl.No.	Construction Proposed	No.of schools/rooms.	Marien value of the control of the c
1.	New construction of school	15	٠.
2.	bulding. Construction of additional rooms	67	

School Furniture

As per s'hool surveys and school visits, supply of minimum essential furnitures to Middle Schools having nadequate furniture is proposed as follows:

Table 22 Requirement of Furnitures for Middle Schools

militaria madas - 22 - madali del Palagoro procurero del Servicio de Contradorio			in the contract of the second second	بالمهاد المسادات المهادات المهادات		_
No.of Schools	Bench	Desk	Table	Chair	Blackboard	
		and the state of t	e gant to again the state of th		rigi internativa Albandago y kilomore e energia (1700 y albanda e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	, 4
69	80	207	64	95	129	
(7)	()()	4- \ ' /	(7.1	A STATE OF THE PERSON OF THE P		_

Other Facilities

It is also necessary to provide other essential facilities like - Drnking water, Toilet for boys and girls, Fencing of school compounds, Notice Boards, Cupboards to schools where such facilities are not available.

Table 23 : No. of facilities proposed.

	Water Facilities	Toilet facilities	Notice Board.	Cuphourd	
No.of schools	40	57	4.3	52	~

Teaching Learning Materials:

Provision of Teaching Learning materials such as Maps, Educational Chart, Maps, Globe, Science kits and complete set of syllabus and Text books for teachers is also proposed for the schools where there are no such facilities.

Table 24 : School-wise requirement of Teaching Learning Materials.

	Maps	Charts	Globe	Science kit	Syllabus and Teachers Handbook.
No.of school proposed.	15	28	28	41	7.4

R.C.C.P. Sports Equipments & Musical Instruments:

It is proposed to provide minimum play facilities, Guiter and Radio-cum-Cassette player to all the Middle Schools.

Table 25 : Requirement of facilities.

	R.C.C.P.	Guiter	Football	Volleyball	Basketball
No.of schools	69	69	69	69	60
No proposed	67	65	32	35	0.5

Library Facilities:

The outcome of the school survey conducted and planning exercise during the pre-project activities is that the inadequacy of educational facilities in the district. It is also felt by every person concerned that to facilitate learning and to ensure universal attainment by way of providing minimum essential facilities to all the schools is necessary. It is therefore proposed to provide a lump-sum money for the purchase of library books to all the Middle Schools.

Table 26 : Requirement of fund.

No.of school	Rate	Amounts
69	@ Rs. 5,000/-	Rs. 3,45,000.00

COVERAGE OF SPECIAL FOCUSED GROUPS.

<u>Early Childhood Education</u>: During planning process it is learnt that most of the parents are keen to send their children to school even before they attain 6 years of age. They, therefore, send their children to school instead of sending them to Anganwadi Centre. The result of Community Contact programme and the outcome of discussions revealed that the following are the various causes of sending under-age I children to school by parents:-

- a) Parents are anxious to give education to their children.
- b) The duration is longer in schol than in the Anganwadi.
- c) Private English Medium schools admitschildren of the age group 4+ or 5 years to their Pre-School sections.
- d) Children bring their sibling to school while their parents are working in the jhum.

It is, therefore proposed to open Pre-Schools which will be attached to the existing Primary Schools where population of children of the age group 3-5 years is high. The need to have school readiness is felt to increase retention rate and higher attainment of competency in the Primary Schools.

It is also proposed to open a special category school called 'Alternative School' which is formal in management sytem, working of the school but having flexibility in timings e.g. Morning/Evening/Night School where number of 6-14 years children who are not enrolled in school is high. This will also include upgradation of existing NFE Centre into Alternative Schools.

Table 27

SI.No.	Name of Village	No. of alterna- tive school proposed,	No.of Instruc- tor proposed,	No.of pre- school proposed.	No.of Teachers proposed.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	A last			•	2
1.	Ainak	1	2	1	2
2. 3.	Chakhang Chassi			1	2
	Chapui Chheihlu	•	•	1	
4. 5.		•	-	1	2 2
5. 6.	Chhuarlung Kaisih	1	2	1	2
	Kawichaw	J 1		1	2
7. 8.		ı	2	í 1	
o. 9.	Khaikhy Latawh	-	-	1	2 ·
9. 10.		-	-	1	2
10.	Lawngban Maubawk	1	2	1	2
12.	Mohre	1	2	1	<u></u>
12. 13.	New Serkawr	1	<u> </u>	- 1	2
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>-</u>
14.	Niawhtlang	-	-	1 / 1	••
15.	Phusa	-	-	1	2
16.	Palbrang	•	-	l	<i>≟.</i>
17.	Romibawk	i	2	-	*
18.	Saiha Carl ann	-	2	3	6
19.	Serkawr	1	2	-	2
2 0.	Siata	-	-	1	2
21.	Theiva		2	-	2
2 2.	Tongkolong	•	~	j 1	2
23.	Tuisih	~	-	1	2
24.	Tuipang D&V	1	2	1	2
25.	Tuipang L	i	2		2
26.	Zawngling	l	2		2
27.	Zero Point	.	-	1	2
28.	Archhuang	l	2	, l	2
29.	Fungkalı	1	2	•	-
30.	Lungpher	1	2	-	
31.	Rawibuk	-	<u>-</u>	l -	2
32.	Sangau II	2	4	2	4
33.	Sentethang		gere bisan nin		2
34.	Siachangkawn	1	2	~	
35.	Tiaudawngilung	-	~ .	1	2
36.	Vawmbuk	1	2	l	. ')
37.	Lungpuk	1	2	1	2
38.	Lungbun	-		1	2
	Total:	19	38	34	68

CHAPTER - VI

Monitoring and Implementation

The following suggestion is made for monitoring and implementation of the S.S.A within Saiha District. It may, however, be noted that these are only suggestive and not prescription.

1. First summit meeting:

The first meeting in connection with the S.S.A was held on May 29,2000 at the Auditorium of SCERT under the Chairmanship of Director, School Education and the first meeting was inaugurated by the Hon'ble Minister, Rural Development and incharge of Education, Govt. of Mizoram. This meeting and training programme on Methodology and Techniques of District Planning in Education under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (S.S.A) was organised by NIEPA, New Delhi, during May 29 to June 3, 2000.

2. Selection of Core Team

In order to plan and formulate the District Primary Education Programme for Saiha District, Mizoram, a Core Group was formed.

IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENT:

The activities under SSA will be implemented by an autonomous organisation MFES (Mizoram Elementary Education Society) in the state. The MEES will be registered under the Public Societies Registration Act for the Planning, implementing and monitoring of the SSA programme, the registration of which is under process. The MEES is designed to have a General Council and Executive Committee with defined powers, functions and responsibilities. There will be a well-structured State Level Office as well as District Level Offices (DPOs) in every District Capital.

Executing Agencies at various levels:

MEES will execute project works through the following agencies in the districts.

Village Level

School Committees/VEC/PTA

Cluster Level

Cluster Level Education committee,

Cluster Resource Centre (CRC)

District Level

District Education Committees,

District Resource Centre (There is no DHET in Saiha District)

State Level:

Directorate of School Education/SCERT.

I. <u>VILLAGE LEVEL</u>:

Village-level management is designed to be shared between the School Committee, Parent Teacher Association and Village Education Committee. Each village have the said Committees and Association and the formation where there is no such Association and Committees is envisaged. Following are the main functions of various Committees and Associations at the village level.

(a) School Committees (SCs):

- * SC participated in the preparation of village education plan.
- * It takes a lead role in Civil Works.
- * Takes responsibility for sensitising and mobilising of the Community
- Ensure enrolment and retention of all children
- Manage school education fund.
- * Ensure effective use of educational equipments
- Monitor ECT: Centres attached to school.

(b) Village I ducation Committees (VECs)

- * The VECs shall see the effective functioning of the schools.
- Coordinate between the SCs and the PTAs
- Monitor the efforts initiated for UEE
- * Maintain a separate education fund through some taxes, donations and public contributions
- Initiates the preparation of village education plan.

(c) Parent Teacher Associations (PTAs)

- * The PTA partic pates in the preparation of Village and School Education Plan.
- * Takes responsibility in cusuring enrolment, retention and attainment of competency.
- * Contribute in school activities and in the working of Pre-schools.
- * I nsure academic growth and maintenance of the schools.
- * Insure community involvements and participations

2. Cluster Level:

In all there are 6 - Villages under the Saiha District. The whole District is divided into 8 clusters and in each cluster there are 9 villages. At this level, the function of Cluster Education Committee would be the following:-

- (i) The Cluster Committee shall maintain a separate fund called 'Cluster Education Fund' through donation and public contribution which will support the infrastructure facilities and supplement resource based for the school under the cluster.
- (ii) The Cluster Committee is entrusted to monitor and support all the Primary and Middle/Upper Primary Schools under its jurisdiction.
- (iii) The Cluster Committee is also expected to develop a good relationship with the V.E.C. and other C.C and the D.F. C as well.

3. District Level:

District Education Committee has been formed for smooth functioning of the S.S.A within the Saiha District, Mizoram. The District Education Officer concerned will act as convener under the Chairmanship of the Dy. Commissioner. The District Education Committee is represented with parents' representative, Headmasters, Academicians, NGOs and also some prominent citizens of the District.

- The main functions of the District Education Committee are as follows -
- (i) Annual Evaluation of the performance of the schools under its jurisdiction and give academic guidance and support.
- (ii) The District Education Committee is empowered to prepare Annual Budget and operate District Education Funds. It also reviews all the initiatives of UEE and monitor the progress in achieving the UEE in schedule time.
- (iii) Monitoring and supervision of Cluster Level functions.

4. Participation Arrangements:

The project has carefully designed arrangements for implementation in order to make sure participation of stake holders including teachers, parents and community at large. A number of training, orientation and contact programmes have been planned to ensure regular participation of the community. As such the head of Institution would be asked to involve in all crucial interventions. Net working with NGOs has been envisaged as a major implementation tool.

(i) Planning;

- (a) School Committee in collaboration with the VEC and PTA prepare local educational plan.
- (b) If necessary, they take help from NGOs etc. while planning, implementing evaluation.
- (e) These committees identify major resources for support of elementary education activities in the locality

(ii) Implementation:

- (a) School committees takes a lead role in executing all types of civil works at the local level.
- (b) As hinted earlier, number of the School Committee may shoulder the responsibility of identifying and collecting dropped out children for schooling with the help of VEC and PTA.
- (c) The Committees shall ensure enrolment, retention and attainment of competency by all children.

(iii) Monitoring:

- (a) School Committees shall monitor the utilization of school and teacher grants and progress of civil works and ensure quality output.
- (b) School Committees monitor the attendance of the pupil and teachers from time to time.
- (c) School Committees monitor the utilization of teaching learning equipments supplied to school under various central and state schemes.
- (d) Further these committees mobilise public support for enhancing school infrastructure facilities like building requirements, drinking water, electricity, toilets, schools gardens, etc.
- (e) The Committees shall ensure that all the education functionaries discharge their duties satisfactorily.

The operation and mangement of the project/scheme will be carried at three levels i.e. State, District and Village level. At the Village Level, the project will be run by the parents and members of the community, through the Committees ensuring commitment to achieve the goal of UEE. At State and District Levels, project management will consist of persons with proven expertise, dedication to the organisation goals and willingness to work hard for the organisation.

Acountability will be the motto of all the functionaries. They will hold themselves accountable to the assigned tasks as per project goals. Accountability includes efficiency in the use of financial resources also. The project will aim for high degree of effectiveness and efficiency in deploying all resources. For

achieving the project goals, the management will cooperate the other convergent goal, departments, NGOs and other resource institutions. It is hoped that this will make sure sustainability of many components the initiatives the project also.

5. District Project Office (DPO)

District Project Office (DPO) will be established for Saiha District with its office at Saiha. This D.P.O. will be manned by the District Education Officer as the Project Coordinator in Saiha District. He will be asisted by Assistant Project Coordinator who will be appointed by the Department-of-School Education, Mizoram. He may be empowered to carry out the various programmes relating to UET in consultation with the District Education Officer or the Project Coordinator.

The District Project Office will be manned by the fol	llowing staff:-
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Sl.No.	Staff	No.	Scale of Pay	
1	Hariant Office	1	8000 - 13500	
1.	Project Officer	1		
2.	Asst.Project Officer	1	6500 -10500	
3.	Asstcum-Accountant	1	5500 - 9000	
4.	U.D.C.	1	5000 - 8000	
5.	L.D.Ccum-Typist	. 1	4000 - 6000	
6.	Computer Operator or L.D.C.	1	4000 - 6000	
7 .	Driver	I	3050 - 4590	
8.	Peon	I	2650 - 4000	
	Total	8		

Functions of D.P.O.

- (a) Development of Annual Work Plan and Budget in de-centralised participatory mode.
- (b) D.P.O. is responsible for the implementation of all the activities and submit progress reports to the Govt, on time.
- (c) Publication of reports, news letter, etc.

Inputs:

As suggested earlier, the D.P.O's Office is the D.E.O's Office but necessary arrangement for proper accomodation be made available in separate rooms. However, if there is no suitable accommodation, the Project Officer's Office will be located in a rented building. The D.P.O's Offic will be equipped with required furnitures, equipments, salaries, vehicles and other IT equipment along with stationery and other contingencies.

Flow of Fund:

The flow of fund will be from State Level Office to District Level Office. All funds will be through Accounts Payee cheque or Accounts Payee DD. Accounts will be maintained as per the statutory requirements for societies. On Audit, Pre-audit by A.A.O. of D.P.O of all expenditure statutory audit every year by the auditor appointed by competent Authority/Committee. Finally, Annual Audit by chartered Accountant.

GENERAL

- Expenditure to be incurred will be sanctioned by: 1.
 - Competent Authority (a)
 - Subject to Budget Provision (b)
 - Within approved work plan (c)
 - In accordance with rules/procedure. (d)
- Bank Transaction will be made by: 2.
 - Authorised signatory/signatories With delegated competence (a)
 - (b)
 - Based on Competent sanction. (c)
- 3. In all Financial Transactions:
 - Prudent (a)
 - (b) Cost effectiveness
 - Transparency will be maintained. (c)

CHAPTER - VII

BUDGET SUMMARY

PROJECT WORK-WISE BUDGET ESTIMATE - SAIHA DISTRICT

	Name of Project Work	2001-02	3002- 03	2003-04	2004-05	Total
1.	Project Management	11.200	12.560	10.060	10 060	43.830
2.	Civil Works	39,660	83.700	-	-	123.300
3.	Planning & Management	1.280	1.440	1.200	1.200	5.1%0
4.	School Management	29.780	37.830	22.000	22.000	111.510
5.	Pedagogy & School Improve- ment Programme.	14.124	15.538	9.924	4.170	7:6
6.	Access through Alternative schooling.	5.413	088.11	11,889	11.889	(0.08.2 ₀
7.	Community Mobilization and Participation.	22.78 %	22,785	22.785	22.785	91 120
8.	Education of Focussed Groups A) Early Childhoon Education		9,922	4.064	4.064	28 0 68
	B) Children with special needs	2.160	0.850	1.300	0.850	5.160
9.	Research, Evaluation, Monito- ring and supervision.	7.400	3,300	5.300	3.300	19.300
10.	Distance Education Programme	4.300	4.550	4.550	4.550	20.950
	Total	150,962	204.364	93.072	84.868	533.206

PROJECT WORK:

Project Management.

										(in la	folis & Runce
Sl. Items	Unit	2001-2002		2002-2003		2003-20 04		2004-2005		Total	
No.	Cost	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	l inan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physical	Financial.
	<u> </u>	enl	l cial	cal	cial	ent_l	cial	cal	cial		
1. Furniture for DPO	1.000	1	0.500	1	0.500	~	-	-	•	•	1.000
2. Equipment for DPO	3.000	1	1.000	2	2.060	-	-	-	•	-	3.000
3. Purchase of Vehicle	6.000	1	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.000
4. Salary for DPO Staff	-	8	2.350	8	7.050	8	7.050	8	7.050	•	23.500
5. Rent	0.0125	4	0.050	12	0.150	12	0.150	12	0.150	-	0.500
6. T.A & DA	0.050	4	0.200	12	0.600	12	0.600	12	0.600	•	2.000
7. Maintenance and Operration of equipment											
of DPO.	-	-	-	1	0.500	1	0.500	1	0.500	•	1.500
8. DPO Consumables	-	-	0.100	-	0.200	-	0.200	-	0.200	•	0.700
7. Water, electricity,											
Telephone etc.	•	•	0.600	-	0.360	-	0.360	-	0.360	-	1.680
10. Consultant	0.100	1	0.400	•	1.200	1	1.200	1	1.200	-	4.000
Total	,		15.900		12.56		10.060)	10.060	•	43.880

PROJECT WORK: Civil Works.

~	-	Γ έ τ •.		2002	6006	A 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2002	2004	200.1	2005		illes & ragrecs)
SI.	Items	Unit	2001-	2002	i		2003-2004		2004-2005			ntal
No.	·	Cost	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finar-	Physi-	Finan-	Physical	Financial.
			cal	cial	cal	cial	cal	_cial	eal	cial		
ti P	Construction of addi- ional rooms to Lower rimary and Upper Primary Schools.	0.42	50	21.000	62	26.040	-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	47.040
S	Construction of New School buildings for ower Primary and Upp rimary Schools.	1.86 er	10	18.600	31	57.660	-	· ·	-	-	•	76.260
•	Total:		·····	39.600		83.700	*	-	•	*	-	123.300

PROJECT WORK: Planning and Management.

							200	202.4	(1.		3 Ryses)
SI. Items	Unit	2001-2002		2002-2003		2003-2004		2004-2005		<u> </u>	Otal
No.	Cost	Physi- cal	Finan-	Physi- cal	Finan-	Physi- cal	Funan- cial	Physi- cal	lanan- cial	Fuysical	l-inancial.
. Orientation of Resource persons on Planning.	; -	24	0.240	24	0.240	24	0.240	24	0.240	96	0.960
2. Planning Exercise.	0.10	8	0.800	8	0,800	8	0.800	8	0.800	32	3.200
. Training of Resource person in school mapping and microplanning.	-	24	0.240	24	0.240	-	-	-	-	48	0.480
Exposure visit.	0.02	-	-	8	0.160	8	0.160	8	0.160	24	0.480
Total			1.280		1.440		1.200	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.200		5.120

PROJECTWORK: SCHOOL MANAGEMENT:

fin laids of Regues) SI. * Unit 2001-2002 2002-2003 2003-2004 2004-2005 Total Items No. Physical Financial. Cost Physi-Finan-Physi-Finan-Physi-1 in an-Physi-Financial cial 221 22 000 22 J W Salary of Teachers 0.96 23 5.500 23 22,600 71.500 15.280 School Furniture 100 8.000 91 7.280 Other facilities 4.550 9.550 100 5.000 91 for schools. Teaching Learning 3,640 7.640 Equipment 91 100 4,000 5. * Sport, Musical Instruments and CCP 191 7.64 7.640 7.100 111.610 Total: 29,780 37 × 50

- 33 -

		PROJECT WORK:			Pedas	gogy and	l Schoo	l Inprov	ement P	rogramn	He. in lakh, w	
Sl.	Items	Unit	2001-2002		2002-	2002-2003		2004	2004-2005		Total	
No.		Cost	Physi-	Finan-	Physi- cal	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physical	Financial.
			lea!	cial		cial	çal	<u>eial</u>	cal	gigl		
1. 7	leacher training in multi											
i	level/Activity based											
1	teaching.	0.004	1061	4.244	1061	4.244	1061	4 244	-	-	-	12.732
2. 7	Fraining of DRG and CR	G										
(1	Capacity building).	•	90	0.450	-	-	Q()	0.450	-	-	-	0.900
3. 7	Training of Academic											
	Supervisors.		10	0.070	10	$O(\sqrt{7}i)$	÷ 1 +	1,670	(1)	0.070	•	0.280
4. 1	Develoment of Modules		-	0.200	-	•	-	•	-	•	•	0.200
5. (Cluster level TLM											
`	vorkshops.	•	-	0.100	-	0.100	-	0.100	-	0.100	-	0.400
6. .:	Academic Review								•			•
1	meetings.	•	•	0.500	-	0.500	-	"- 1. 1	-	0.500	-	2.000
7	\cademic Convention											
(Teachers).	0.500	2	1.000	2	1.690		1 (1994)	2	1.000	-	4.000
ડ ે.	Printing of modules.	-	-	•	-	2.000	-	-	-	-	-	2.000
) [fraining of Teacher											
· i	n CCE.	0.004	265	1.060	531	2 1 24	265	1.060	-	•	-	4.244
[(),	Equipment for DRC											
	and CRC.	-	-	1.500	-	I 5/0	-	•	-	-	-	3.000
	Furnitures for DRC											•
	and CRC	-	-	2.600	-	1 Carata	~	A Comment	-	1 1450	-	5 000
	Equipment maintenance	:										
	ind operation.	•	-	1,000	-	1 (5)110	•	1,000	-	$\Gamma_{\mathcal{A}^{(k)}}(t)$	•	4.0°#
ţ	f is noncontation.	-	~	0.500	-	ty Tem	-	r fur	-	0.500	-	2.0s#
14.	Liorary Books for DRC	&CRC		1.500	-	1.590	-	-	-	-	•	3.000

PROJECT WORK: Access through Alternative schooling.

Sl.	Items	Unit	2001-	2002	2002	-2003	2003-	2004	2004	-2005	Ές	rtal
No.		Cost	Physi-	1	Physi-	1	Physi-		Physi-	}	Physical	Financial.
		!	cal	cial	cal	cial	i cal l	cial	l cal	l cial	<u>{</u>	
	Induction training of AS teachers.	0.007	38	0.266	-	-	-	-	-	-	• •	0.266
	Recurrent training of AS teachers on Activity based teaching.	0.007	-	-	38	0,26 6	3%	0.266	38	0.266	-	0.798
3. 7	Training of MRPs and Headteachers/Head-masters where AS is	- .	59	0.413	59	0.413	59	0.413	59	0.413	-	1.652
4.	attached. Salary/Honorarium for AS Teachers.	0.020	38	2.280	38	9.120	38	9,120	38	9.120	-	29.64 0
5. '	FLM grants for AS Schools.	0.060	19	1.140	19	1.140	19	1.140	19	1.140	, "	4.560
6.	Shed Rent for Alternative School.	- .	19	0.95	19	0.95	10	0.95	19	0.95	-	3.800
7. Y	Induction training of [M.A.M.H.L.P.] Volunteers.	0,007	38	0.266	-	•	-	-	-	-	~	0.266
	Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5.315		11.889		H.839	İ	. 339		40.982

PROJECT WORK: Community mobilization and participation.

Sl. Items	Unit	2001-	2002	2002-	2003	2003-1	2004	2004-	2005	To	tal
No.	Cost	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Thysi-	Finan-	Physi-	Fina n-	Physical	Financial.
	<u> </u>	cal	cial	cal	cial	<u>eal</u> i	cial	cal	cial		
1. Orientation to VEC	0.000	603	3.710	603	3.710	603	3.710	603	3.710	-	14.840
2. Community Meeting at Village Level.	0.015	67	1.005	67	1.005	67	1.005	67	1.005	-	4.020
3. Community Mobilization	-	67	13.400	67	13,400	67	13,400	67	13,400	-	53.600
4. Melas at Village: cluster level.	0.500	8	4.000	8	4.000	8	4,000	8	4.000	-	16.0 00
5. Campaign material and travel charges.	0.010	67	0.670	67	0.670	67	0.670	67	0.670	-	2.680
Total			22.785		22.785		22.785		22.785	-	91.140

CI I I			ECT WO			ation of I			200.1	2005	17.	- A - 7
Sl. Items		Unit	2001-			-2003	2003-		2004-			otal
No.		Cost	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	*	Physi-	1	Physi-	Finan-	Physical	Financial.
1 Taulau - 1-31			cal	cial	cal	oial	<u>eal</u>	cial	cal [cial !		1
A. Early chil			<u>in (15C.15)</u>								_	
 Induction trainir School Teachers 	-	0.003	68	0.204							•	0.204
School reachers	•	0.005	0.6	17 3(74	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	0.20+
2. Training of DRG	- and											
CRG on ECE.	i' cerror	-	_	-	90	0.450	-	-	-	_	_	0.450
CICO OICIDOLIA					231	.,						V4 1 W V
3. Training of P/S	Ìoach er s	\$										
where Pre-Scho												
attached.		-	-	-	102	0,408	-	-	-	-	-	0.408
•	×							,				
4. Training of Mot	hers											
and NGOs.		0.001	4814	4.814	5000	5.000	-	•	-	-	, <u>-</u>	9.814
	•										e v	
5. Convergence we	nk-							:				
shop for ECE.	•	•	-	-	-	0.300	-	9.300	-	0.300	٠ •	0.900
	•										*	
6. Printing of Mod	lules.	-	-	-	-	() **C()	•	0.500	~	0,500		1.500
											*	
7. TLM for ECE (I	re-											.
School).	•	-	-	5,000	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	5,600
											•	
8. Mid-day meals:					d e.							0.703
School children		-	· •		680	3.264	680	3,264	680	3,264	-	9 792
Tota				10.018		9.922		4 064		4 0.04	-	28,968

•

. Items	Unit	2001-	2002	2002-	2003	2003-2	2004	2004-	-2005	To	etal
0.	Cost	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Fin in-	Physi-	l man-	Physical	Financial.
		cal	cial	cal	cial	cal	cial	cal	cial		
. Children with special no	reds:										
. IED training to DRG											
& CRG.	-	90	0.450	-	-	520	0.450	~	-	-	0.900
								-			
! Training of Teachers	-	265	1.060	-	-		•	-	-	-	1.060
HED assessment camp.	_		0.150		0.156				0.150		0.600
10217 assessment camp.	-	-	0.130	~	0.150	-	9.150	-	0.150	-	0.600
TLM for special											
cducation	_	_	0.200	-	0.200	-	9,200	_	6,200	-	0.800
Constant			17,201717		0.200		7.20.7		V-1,22,17-1		0.000
Honorarium to	•										
Resource Teachers.	-	•	0,300	- .	0.500	-	0.500	-	n 500	-	1.800
4			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						- in	1916th - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914	
· Total:			2.160		0.857		1 300		4850		5.160
*	·····	***************************************			antinistauroja - Aurityra - Alaka a			tra alfiliata i regularita reserva i di care	in Albertonitis e regerio estilui mano		
•											
. •							•				

PROJECT WORK : RESEARCH, EVALUATION, MONITORING AND SEPERVISION.

l ltems	Unit	2001-	2002	2002	-2003	2003-	2004	2004	1-2005		Cotal
0.	Cost	Physi- cal	Finan- cial	P h ysi- cal	Finan-	Playsi- cal	l'an- cial	Tilysi- cal	Figure eigh	Physica	Financial.
Action Research	0.05	-	-	8	0.400	3	• 6.400	8	0.400	24	1.200
Orientation on Resea	rch -	-	0.500	-	0.500	-	0.500	-	0.500		2.000
Conduct of Pupil ach vement Survey.	ie- -	-	-	-	0.500	-	0,500	-	0.500	•	1.500
. Buseline & Mid-term assessment.		-	2.000	-	•	-	2.600	-	-	•	4.000
. MIS Equipment.	. •	.	3,000	-	-	-	* •	•	-		3.000
NIS Equipment Operation & maintenance.	- 	-	0.500	-	0.500		·(i,50)0	-	0,500	-	2,000
. Computer Stationery Peripherals.		-	0.200	-	0,200		0.200		0,200	•	0.800
3. Supervision and mon ring by MRPS.	ito- -	20	1.200	20	1.200	20	; ; † 900 -	20	1.200	; 80	4.800
Total			7.400		3.300		5.300		3,300		19.300

PROJECT WORK:

Distance Education Programme.

k Items	Unit	2001-	2002	2002-	-2003	2003-1	2()()-4	2004-	2005	То	rtal
	Cost	Physi-	l-inan-	Physi-	Fman-	Physi-	Finan-	Physi-	Finan-	Physical	Financial.
	<u> </u>	eal	cial	cal	cial	cal	cial	cal	cial		
• Distance Education • (Workshops and • seminars).	-	-	-	I	0.750	1	0.750	I	0.750	-	2.250
Procurement & Mainte- nance of T.V. VCP and CCP.	•	250	15.000	250	5,000	250	1.500	250	1.500	-	у.5 0 0
Procurement of Video and Audio Cassettes.	0.006	250	1.500	250	1.500	250	1.500	250	1.500	-	000.0
Video and Cassites li- braries at cluster level.	-	8	0.800	Š	0,800	8	u,300	8	0,300	-	3.200
Total:			4.300		4.550		1,550		4.550	-	20,950

CHAPTER VIII

ANNUAL WORK PLAN & BUDGET FOR 2001 - 2002

Project-wise activities:

Following activities are proposed based on the requirements reflected through village level plan and cluster Excl requirements. The budget pages are annexed separately.

Project Management:

Furniture for DFO

Equipment for DPO

Appointment of DPO stall & Consultant

Purchase of vehicle

salar of stall

Pent

1A3 DA to the DPO Staff in Hor office meetings

DIM consumables

Water, Electricity Telephone etc.

Consultant to DPO

Planning and Management:

Concribation to the DRL & CRF on Learning

I maning process, campaigne, convenients in Jex reises,

Training of OPCs and CPCFin school mapons condimicro-planning.

i Massare visits.

Civil Works:

- Construction of additional clasrooms
- * Contruction of new school buildings

School Management:

- Selection of new sites for school buildings.
- 8 Salary of teachers.
- * School furnitures (Procurement of)
- Brocurement and distribution of TLMI
- Sport, Musical Instruments and CCP

Pedagogy and School Improvement Programme:

- * Training of DRG & CRG (Capacity building)
- * Iraining in Multi-level activity-based teaching
- * Training of academic supervisors
- * Academic Convention (teachers)
- * Training of teachers in CCE

Access through Alternative Schooling:

- Appointment of AS teachers.
- * Induction training for teachers of Alternative Schools
- * Training of CRPs and Headmasters Headteachers where AS is attached.
- * Salary/Honoranum for AS teachers
- 8 If Al grants to AS schools.
- * Shed Rent for Alternative 8-hool.
- * Induction training of YMA All IIP volunteers.

Community Mobilisation and Participations:

- Orientation to Village Education Committee & PTA
- * Community meetings at village levels
- * Melas at village cluster levels
- Campaion material and other charges.

Education of Focussed Caroups:

- A. Farly Childhood Education (ECE)
 - 2 Appointment of teachers (Recruitment of)
 - Induction training of pre-school teachers
 - ** I training of Mothers and MGOs
 - Production, procurement of Play and learning materials for ECE.
- B. Children with special needs.
 - * IED training to DRG and DRG
 - Selection of Resource teachers.
 - * Training of teachers on IED

Research, Education, Monitoring and Supervision.

- * Installation of MIS
- * Orientation of DRG and CRG on Research and Evaluation
- * Baseline and mid-term assesment
- * MIS Operation and maintenance
- * Computer stationery peripherals
- * Supervisions and monitoring by CRPs

Distance Education:

- * Procurement of T.V. V.C.P. and C.C.Ps
- * Prognament of Video and Audio Cassettes
- Video and cassette libraries at cluster level
- * Maintenance of TV, VCP, CCP etc.

-.42 -INTOLUMENTUM DE CONTRACTO DE 2661 - 2662

		IMPLEM	DMIXIGNE	CHIERARI	OR 2001	- 2002			
SI.	Items	Unit	Physical	Innancial		2(1(1	1 - 2002		
No.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cost			Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	ivlar.	Ramarks.
	Project management	-			A regionary		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1.	Appointment of DPO								
	Staff and consultant	-	-	-			i i		
2.	Furniture for DPO	1.000	1	0.500	1	1			
3.	Equipment for DPO	3.000	1.	1.000			V ·		
4.	Purchase of Vehicle	6,000	1	6.000		•	*	1	
5.	Salary of Staff		. 8	2.350 .		V	~ ~ ·	.	for 4 months
							*		8 staff.
6.	Rent	0.0125	- }	0.056				1.	
-	TA & DA	0.050	- ;	0.260		J.		•//	
8.	DPO Consumable	-		0.100				4.1	
<i>:</i>	Water. Electricity.								
	Telephone etc.	-	~	0.600		N /		1	
10.	Consultant	0.100	l	0.400	1.00	Queen Contraction		1	for 4 months
									one consultant.
	Total			15,900			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	•			•					
	Planning management								
11.	Orientation of RP on								
	Planning.	-	24	0.240					
12.	Planning process.cam-			The second secon					
	paigns, conventions			-					
	& exercises.	0.10	8	0,800					

			-43 -	
3. Training of DRG &	CRG			
in school mapping &	<u>.</u>			
micro-planning.	-	24	0.240	
i4. Exposure visits	-	-	-	No.
Total			1.280	
Civil Works				
Construction of add		_		
tional class room	0.420	50	21.000	
16. Construction of new				
school building.	1.860	10	18.600 ·	
<u>Total</u>			83.700	
School Management				
17. Selection of new site				
for school building		•	-	
18. Salary of teachers.	0.960	2.3	5.500	
19. School furnitures.	-	100	8.(70)(1	
20. Procurement & dis-				
tribution of TLM.	-	91	3.640	
21. Sports, Musical Instr	ti-			
ments & CCP.	-	191	7.64	120 120
Total			29.780	
Pedagogy and School Imp		ranime		Section 1980 Company of the Company
22. Training of DRG &C	CRG			
(capacity building)	-	90	0.450	
23. Framus in multi leve				
activity based teaching	ng. 0.004	1061	4.244	

24.	Training of academic			en e		•			
	supervisor.	•	10	0.070		1			
25.	Academic Convention								
	(Teachers)	0.500	2	1.000		4	1		•
2 6.	Training of teachers								
	in CCE:	0.004	2 65	1.060			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	Total			14,124					
	ss through Alternative Sc	chooling.							
27.	Appointment of AS							•	
	teachers.	-	-	-	4				
23.	Induction training for		•				•		
	AS teachers	-	-	-		~/			
29.	Training of CRPs and						, #		
	Headmaster: Headtea-								
	cher where AS is			-			å		
	uttached.	-	59	0.413 .					
30.	Salary Honorarium for						•		
	AS teachers.	0.028	38	2.280	1			✓ ·	
31.	TLM grants to AS			4					
	schools.	0.060	19	1.140 .	1.00		•		
32.	Shed Rent for AS						•		
	schools.	-	19	0.950	•	\ /	V *		
33.	Induction training of Y!	MA		, ·					
	MHIP Volunteers.	0.007	38	0.266	√Je				
	Total			5 3 1 5					

_	.1	5	_
•	-	,	•

				-45 -					
Com	ununity mobilization and	participation	n	- 					
34.	Orientation to VEC &				e de La companya				
	PTA	•	603	3.710					
35.	Community meeting at		eF .						
	village level.	0.015	67	1.005		_/		en e	
36.	Melas at village cluster								
	level	0.500	8	4.000		V.		\sim	
37.	Campaign material and								
	other charges.	0.010	67	0.670	_ </td <td>/</td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td>	/		<u> </u>	
	Total			22.785					
Educ	cation of focussed group								
A.	Early Childhood Educa								
38.	Appointment of teacher	rs	-	-					
39.	Induction training of pr	e-							
	school teachers.	0.003	68	0.204		1			
40.	Training of Mothers								
	and NGOs	0.001	4814	4.814			1	4,000	
41.	Production, procuremen	nt							
	of play & learning								
	materials for ECE.	-	-	5,600		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1			
	Total			10.018					
B.	Children with special ne								
42.	IED training to DRG &	•							
	CRG.	-	90	0.450					
43	Selection of resource								
	reachers	-	-	•					

				10					
14 .	Training of teachers								
	on IED	•	265	1.060			V		
	Total			2.160			······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Rese	arch, Evaluation, Monitori	ng and Sur	ervision					4	
4 5.	Installation of MIS	-	-	2.00	•	1		• ′	
46,	Orientation of DRG				•			•	
	& CRG on research				,			·	
	and evaluation.	-	•	0.500	•		100 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	• 52	
1 7.	Baseline and mid-term							•	
	assessment.	-	-	2.00	•		Q.	• 1/	
48.	MIS operation and				,			•	
	maintenance.	-	-	0.500		100 m	Queen la company	• 1	
1 9.	Computers stationeries								
	peripherals.	-	•	0.500	*	J. 18		ė	
50.	Supervision and Moni-				*			*	
	toring by MRPs	-	20	1.200	62	100 M			
	Total			7.400				1	
	ance Education:				ч			•	
51.	Procurement & mainte-							*	
	nance of TV, VCP							*	
	and CCP.	-	250	5.000			· '	• 1 / / · ·	
52.	Procurement of Video							•	
	& Audio cassettes.	0.006	250	1.500		2		ě	
53.	Video & cassette libra-				•			•	
	ries at cluster level.	*	8	0,800					
	Total			3,800	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	GRAND TOTAL	·		151.962					