

# AREA DEVELOPMENT PLAN

PROPOSAL

(1988 - 1995)



Department of Continuing Education & Extension Work SOUTH CUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT

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XI

### PREFACE

Education is a human right. In a democratic society literacy is a means of enlisting people's participation in the functioning of the democratic system. It constitutes the first step towards acquisition of knowledge and development of productive skills. It also fosters awareness of the right and responsibilities of the individual and the community at large. The acceptance of Extension as the Third dimension equal in importance to teaching and research was in the context of a growing realisation that Universities and Colleges having institutional resources knowledge, manpower and physical have an obligation to develop sensitivities to involve the development of the community with particular reference to overall and diverse learning needs of all segments of the people of the community.

The present plan includes introduction, review of the work done by the department since 1987 to 1988. Analytical view of DHARAMPLE Taluka and the DANG district, Resource Management the at the University - voluntary Agencies and Govt. Department, Organisational set up and plan of action and Financial Implications ADP. Area Development Approach includes, 100 NFE Centres, for (Adult literacy centres), 1500 MPFL, volunteers, 100 NLP J.SN, continuing education, 3 Planning Forums at the P.G. 25 Departments and 25 Community Forums at JSN, 3 Population Education Clubs at University level and 100 community clubs at A.E.C.

A.E.C. The 13 affiliated colleges are submitting their proposals at present. More colleges will be motivated. The planning of adult and continuing Education programmes posses a very big challenge. I feel that the plan prepared by the Department of Continuing Education and Extension Work, South Gujarat University, Surat has properly taken case of rural and tribal people.

The limitations are also very large and unlimited but we have our own determined faith and commitment to go ahead with this great and noble cause to the beep of our efforts.

I, am extremely thankful to Assistant Director Dr. Ansuyaben Sheth for helping me in preparing dr-ft. She has worked day and night and proved her sincerity and devotion towards the achievement of goals. I am very much thanful to my Project Officer, Supervisors and Administrative Staff, who directly or indirectly helped me to undertake challenging task. I am very grateful to the University Registrar Shri Gunvantrai Desai for giving us valuable guidance, heartily comparation and inspiration.

In the last, I do not have words to express by sense of profound gratitude towards the Head of r family, Prof. Mukund ai Trivedi, Vice-Chancellor for his continued

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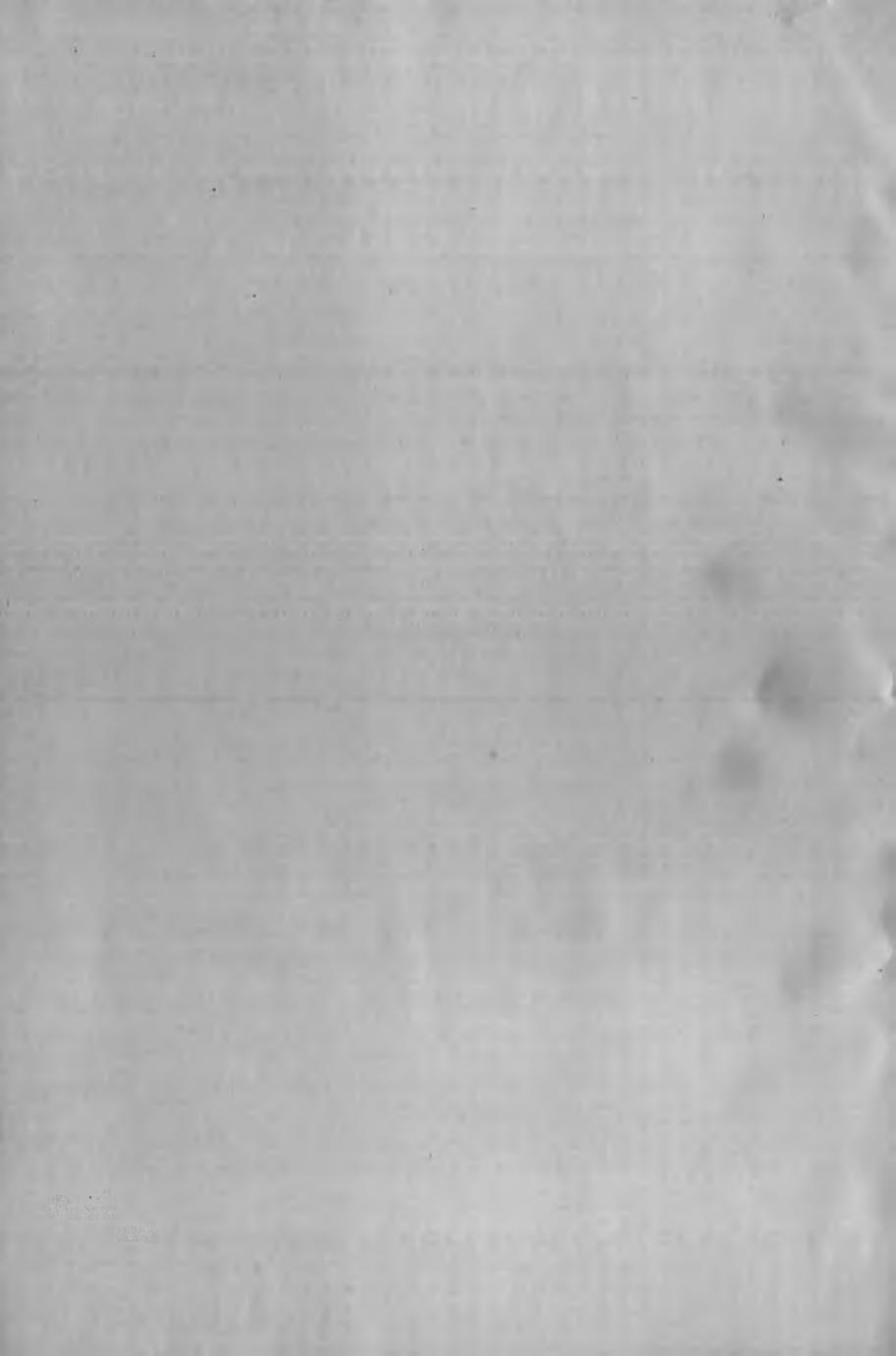
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support and kind blessings which helped to a larger extent in strengthening the academic activities and programmes of this sector of nonformal education.

(Prof. Nanubhai Joshi )
 Director and Hoad
Department of Continuing Education
 and Extension Work
South Gujarat University, SUGAT.

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INTRODUCTION-I

### U G. C.'S POLICY OF EXTENSION WORK :

Since last one decade university Grants Commission has recognised and promoted Extension as the Third Dimension of the Institutions of Higher Education. It has stated in its policy frame on Higher education '' If the university system has to discharge adequately its responsibilities to the entire Education System and to the Society as a whole it must \_\_\_\_\_\_; Extension as the third important responsibility and give it the same status as Research and Teaching.''

The Third Dimension aims to promote a meaningful and sustained rapport between the universities and the community. It aims firstly, to extend knowledge and other institutional resources to the community and vice- a-verse and Secondly, to gain insights from a contact between knowledge resources and socio-cultural realities.

Thus traditional oxbridge culture of the Indian Universities has to be changed drastically. The courses are to be restructured. The provision for exposure of teachers and students to the community has to be made in the syllable. The evaluation system has to take into consideration the extension work project or Community education work of the students at graduate and undergraduate level. The performance of the university teachers and college teachers should be evaluated on the bases of their contributions towards extension work, community based problem solving researches and, guiding the research scholars and post- graduate students for extension work. There have been many innovations in the University education since the independence. But all these innovations put together have given us merdly changes in curriculum, not a curriculum for change. A curriculum for change is, indeed, a pre- requisite for changes in curriculum. To fashion a curriculum for change, we have simply to adopt the constitution of India, a document which most '' educationists'' do not bother to read. The Constitution is a charter of social action address to all citizens of India. A curriculum for change will seek to realize the values to which the constitution commits us \* justice, liberty, equality, fraternity, secularism and Socialism. We now must measure our curricula pedagogy and educational administration by asking how & they advance these values.

Teachers are constitutionally obliged to struggle to realize the noble ideals which inspried our struggle for freedom, to develop scientific temper, to develop excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activities and to promote tolerance and to combat irredentism and all forms of discrimination. Our curricula pedagogy and administration should be designed in such a fashion so that it can fulfill the fundamental duties.

Education for change will equip students and teachers to fulfil key directive principles of state policy-Article 45 mendates that the State shall endeavour to provide within ten years from the commencement of the constitution free and compulsory education for all children untill they complete

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the age of fourteen years. Article 46 directs the State to promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people and to protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation. Article 41 directs the State to make effective provision for securing the right to work, to education and to public assistance in cases of undeserved ward. For the purposses of the constitution, it has now been recognized by the Supreme Court of India that the Universities constitute a part of the State, Surely, the Constitution lays paramount obligation on the universities that they follow and promote the objectives enshrined in the directive principles in their policies and legislations. The same applies to the university Grants Commission too.

### STRATAGIES FOR CHANGE :

At present the administrative structure of universities consitute, Board of University Teaching, Academic Council, Syndicate, Faculty Committee, Senate and various committees. The decision making process is too lengthy and time consuming. The administrative set up too regid. The university is close system while community is on open system. Extension education deals with the open system of community which is nonformal in approach, dealing with the immediate situation, flexible in nature and subjected to change and modification as per the needs of the community. Department of Continuing Education and Extension work directly deal

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with the open system of community placed in highly structured system of university administration, In oreder 'to facilitate the functioning of the department of continuing education and extension work university administrative set up requires to be modified like otherfaulties. There should be the faculty of NonFormal Education through which the university certificates are to be a warded to the learnes statutorily. The Department /Centre of Adult, Continuing Education and Extension in the university shall function like other teaching department s of the university. The planning and execution of programmes under the third Dimension in the Department of Adult Continuing education and Extension work of the university shall be looked after by a committee of courses or Board of studies instead of Bcard of university Teaching. University aught to constitute statutory committee for programme planning Execution, Monitoring, Evaluation and follow up of activities under the Third Dimension giving due representation to other university departments. development departments, voluntary agencies operating in the area chosen, affiliated colleges and local leadership including a representative of the U.G.C. Frequent meetings if possible should be called for through out the Year. At least two meetings should be called for viz one in the begining of the year and the other is at the end of the year.

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THE DEPARTMENT OF CONTINUING EDUCATION AND EXTENSION WORK SOUTH GUIARAT UNIVELSITY, SURAT :

The South Gujarat University, Surpt has established the Department of Continuing Education and Extension Work since August 1983 statutorily. The department has three tier system (viz. Teaching, Research, Extension) of functioning. Under this department Shree Pravinkant Resamwala Institute of Journalism has started functioning since 1986-87 to impart education to the students of Past Graduate Diploma Course in journalism.

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The department aspires to conduct Post-Graduate Degree Course in Adult-Non Formal Continuing Education as a part of Teaching Work; Enroll students for M. Phil and Ph.D. in Non-Formal Education as a part of Research Work. In "xtension Work, the department has undertaken programmes of Adult literacy, continuing education, community education, population education clubs, planning forum, Extension Education, Integrated Child Development Sarvices, Youth Work and comunity work, mass literacy programme, coaching classes for minorities and weaker section, literature production and Documentation, Research, Non Formal Education, project work for tribals, Guidance and councelling services, Jansikshan Nilayam, NLM. It has also organised training courses for Govt. officers of the; Department of Social Defence, Integrated Child Development Services (Health Department), voluntary agencies etc. Department has organized; First Inaugural Workship of CAETA for Common Wealth Countries;

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National Seminar on "Role of Universities and Collects in Traibal Continuing Education". National Seminar on "Appropriate Technology, People's Science and Man Power; National Conference on "Alternate, Educational Programme for Tribal and Rural People", National Conference on "National Youth Policy and International Youth Year", National Seminar on Environment Consciousness, "Third" Joint Conference of Indian Society for Population, Education and Community Education, "39th National Conference of Indian Adult Education Association etc. (For details kindly refer to Annexure - I).

The details of the work done by the Department of Continuing Education and Extension Work has been cescribed in the next chapter.

# REVIEW OF THE WORK - I

### HISTORICAL BACK GROOND OF THE DEPARTMENT :-

South Gujarat University, Surat had established centere for Adult education, extension and continuing education in October, 1978 to undertake Adult literacy Programme 3 its Third Dimensionfunction. The U.G.C.approved <u>80</u> Adult literacy centres from 1978 to 1981. 7 affiliated colleges were involwed there by <u>76, 67, 20</u> centres were organised consequently. In all <u>5551</u> Adults were made Literate during the spon of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  year period.

The centere for Adult education, extension and continuing education was then awarded the status of the Post Graduate Department of the University in the year <u>1983</u> and renamed as the Department of Continuing education and extension Work. Thus the scope of the department was widened from Adult literacy programme to continuing education and extension work under which <u>552</u> Adult literacy centeres were organised with <u>21936</u> Adult learners since 1983-84 to 1987 - 88. The Department Aself organized <u>240</u> Adult literacy centres while <u>550</u> Adult literacy centeres were organized by <u>12</u> affiliated colleges. (For leteails kindly refere to Annexure : II, III, IV)

### TRAINING FOR ADULT EDUCATION FUNCTIONARIES :-

Along with the Adult literacy programme the department since 1978 to 1988 trained <u>921</u> Adult education Instructors, <u>60</u> supervisors, <u>53</u> college Adult education programme officers and <u>53</u> college principals to plan, implement, monitor and evaluate adult education Programme.

### CONTINUING EDUCATION :-

In order to fullfil the aims of the department to provide

learning opportunities to the population from the different segments of the community to fill - up the gaps in their intellectual growth, to improve their professional and technical competence and create understanding of contemporary issues and disseminate knowledge in all walks of life the varieties of shorterm - part-time Fertificate courses of continuing education ware planned. Thus continuing education became means; to bridge the gap between education and the world of work; to up date knowledge and skills; to improve professional and technical competence; to develop personality; to promote awareness on socio culturall development problems faced by the Indian society.

Artisans, Workers, women, pre-primary and primary School teachers, office staff, handicapped persons, police offficers, Social workers, Youth, Principals of school, Prisoners, Journali librarians in rural areas, panchayat members making the total of <u>5416</u> persons were overed und r the programme of continuing education. (For deteils please refere to Annexure) MOTHER AND CHILD CARE PROGRAMME :-

The Department was invited by the department of health and medical education, Govt.of Gujarat to impar training to the functionaries of Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) specially the supervisors (Mukhya sevikas). In all <u>125</u> Mukhya sevikas were trained for Job Training programme, <u>85</u> Mukhyasevika wore oriented for modern trends in ICDS through Refresher training <u>35</u> Supervisors from Children's Institution in Gujarat, <u>28</u> Organ ers Chairmans of AWWTCS from west Zone of India and <u>42</u> CDPOsupervisors - Lady Health visitors participated in the workshop of details kindly refere to Annexure VI ()

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### TRAINING PROGRAMMES IN THE SOCIAL DEFENCE AREA: -

In order to create proper understanding about social defence problems among the Govt. Officers, Social Workers, <u>lawyers</u>, medical practitioners and police officers various proposals pertaining to supperssion of Immoral Traffic Act in women, voluntary participation in Social defence, prevention of drug abuse and alcoholism etc. Were submitted to National Institute of Social Defence for securing financial assistance for the training programmes.

Uutill now <u>3 Regional Training courses covering 78 participants</u> for supperssion of Immoral Traffic Act in woman were organized.

The training course in prevention of Drug Abuse and al oblism covered the subjects such as; meaning and concept of drug abuse and alcoholism, alcoholism - family and society, causative factors of drug abuse and alcoholism, social implication of drug abuse and al oholism, psychological aspect of drug abuse and alcoholism, psychological problems in drug defendence drug abuse and alcoholism amoang youths, role of police department in the prevention of drug abuse and alcoholism, educational programme for the prevention of, drug abuse and alcoholism, biological effect of drug abuse and alcoholism in urbantribal-rural area, prohibition 'Mahatmaji's constructive programme, economics of prohibition, legislatuse regarding prohibition, prohibition, policy and suggestions, recommentdations of different commissions regarding prohibition, role of volantary and welfare agencies,

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role of education lyouth work in prevention of drug abuse and alcoholism, use of media and mass communication metheds, prohibition and religion, after care and llow up services, programme of treatment, problem of rehabilitation, Training and development of staff in the field of drug abuse and alcoholism, ect. Up till now 4 Regional Training courses covering 106 participants for pervention of drug abuse and alcoholism were organized. The training course in voluntary participation in social defence covered the subjects such as; Society-crime and law, social change and social deviance, "concept of social defence and social defence programmes in India, responsibility of society for social defence, Development of voluntary welfare Movement in India, Etiology of crime and delinquency, legal frame work for delinquency contol, use of social work metheds and Techniques in covrection S.I.T Act. 1956 and its amend ments, beggary prevention, Institutional and non institutional services for crime and 'elinquency control, follow up and rehabilitation of discharged prisoners, linkage of social welfar programmes to social defence programmes, coordination among government and non governmental agencies, public participation in crime coultol, poloce-public relationship for coime control, legalaid to indigent, problems of resource mobilisation.

Uptill now <u>3 Regional Training courses covering 73</u> participants were organized.

### PROMOTION OF KHADI AND VILLAGE INDUSTRIES :-

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Khadi and village Industries commission has started continuing education programmes in the form of study centeres, dabates and essay competition aw well as open seminar at Universities and college to spread the philosophy of khadi and village Industries among youth. The property of for study centeres debates - essay competition - seminar were submitted to khadi and village Industries commission. In all 49 participants participated in the seminar on 'Role of khadi and village Industries in the Development of Rural and Tribal people', 10 students participated in debate competition on, 'In the opinion of house khadi and village industries are the only alternative in India to erradicate proverty: and 10 students participated in essay competition 'Role of khadi and village industries to create selfem ployment among youth'.

# POPULATION EDUCATION CLUB :--

In order to create an awareness amore student youth about the growing population of India and related problems 10 population education clubs were established at post Graduate departments and affiliated collages so that students and teachers should undertake extension activities for quality population and make the community conseious about, the problems explosion in India. Activities of population education includes. expert's Lectures on population education, cultural programmes of population education through audio-visual aids, family visits by the students to educate families for family welfare small family norms and preventable discises, essay competitionposter competition - debate regarding population education, promotion of woment education cultura activities bearing the messages of population education, introducing population in the syllabus of undergraduate course, create an understanding about nutrition among mothers, create am understanding in youth for late marriages, popularise population education, organise seminars - workshops - conferences or various spects of population, conducting action research, crganise continuing education programmes for planned payrnthcod, -sex education. PLANNING FORUM :-

In In order to promote a meaningful understanding concerning the role of planning in National Development and plan consciousness <u>9</u> planning forurs attact Graduate departments and affiliated colleges were established so that the students and teachers can create an awareness albort various developmental schemes among the commentary. The pplanning forum in cluded the activities such as documentation off plan literature Islides, charts, filmstips etc. brought out from time to time by the various departments of central as well as state Govt; plan information centere to create plann corscious ness among students and teachers and community in the filmediate neighbour hold through talks - debates, - seminars etc. Univertake survey, provide feed

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In India Gandhi's Sarvodaya concept, is a social ethics for the welfare of all. It promises true self realization of the individuali through dedicated services to the community especially its weaker section only, when an equal share has been given 'Un to this last' as a non-violent social order (Ahimsa possible; only in such a society can Truth (Satya) and self realization (Swaraj) grow.

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In Sri Lankan Sarvodaya, the Gandhian concept of the 'Welfare of All' is meant as a cell for the "Awakening of all "Gandhi tried to realize his true self through dedication to the service of all Sarvodaya workers in Sri Lanka expressess their non-self by sharing with all. Gandhi's solution to the conflict between man and the institution that he creates as a social being was the abolition of the state. Sarvadaya in Sri Lanka hopes that the rules of the Dhamma will regain control over the minds of men so that the rulers will be righteous and provide the irrigational and other kinds f infrastructure necessary for the well being of their citizens. Sarvodaya strategy in Sri Lanka is nct a 'Total Revolution but co-operation in areas that confirm with the righteous principles of the involvement so as to gain Lucroasing influence on the minds of the rulers themselves. For Sarvodaya this is a necessary step between village awakening (Gramodaya) and the awakening of the Nation (Deshodaya).

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Sarvedaya, the welfare of all, was Gandhi's apoption of a populist world view " Unto this Last" to suite the Hindu Social System. Sarvedaya, the Awakening of All, is then, Mr. A. T. Ariyaratne's interpretation of the Gandhian message so as to link it with Buddlist modernisum in Sri Lanka. In both cases we see the merger of populist elements who unique nationalist ones and also to a better future.

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<u>Dr. Ansuya T. Sheth</u> (Assistant Director, Department of Continuing Education & Extension Work, South Gujarat University, Surat) proposed following project to <u>I.C.S.S.R.</u> New Delhi. 'Case study of Integrated child Development services project in valsad district of South Gujarat.'

The project aims to achieve the following objectives :

- 1. The health status of the mether and child in ICDS projects of Valsad district will be assessed.
- 2. An enquiry will be made about the prevalent health hazards and treatment practices for mother and child in ICDS project, Val ad district.
- 3. The substantial data will be collected about how for the objectives of ICDS are achieved by ICDS project of Valsad district.
- 4. The efficacy of service delivery system will be measured and strong points as well as weak points of the project under study will be high lighted.

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- 5. People's participation made available.
- 6. Training programme to be developed for various

functionaries.

The other research project proposal on 'Evolving and Trying out a systems Approach model for universalization of elementary Education among tribal children' has been submitted to N.C.E.R.T. New Delhi.

The project aims to achieve the following objectives :

- 1. To motivate the children of age 6 to 13 years for schooling.
- 2. To create an awareness among parents about the utility of educating their children.
- 3. To involve the whole community in planning educational activities for their children.
- 4. To train the teachers for participatory approach.
- 5. To universalise the elementary education.

# AND TRAINING OF ADULTS :

The Deptt. of Continuing Education & Extension Work of South Gujarat University in collaboration with commonwealth Association for the Education and Training of Adults and in association with the Indian Adult Education Association, New Delf organised First Commonwealth Inaugural Workshop on the Education and Training of Adults to discuss educating adults, resources and needs during the last week of March, 1987 at Ukai. The workshop had made review of the programme of education for adult with special reference to vocational training, women's development

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income generating programmes, agricultural extension, co-operative and inland fishing scheme The delegates visited various projects concerning the above mentioned subjects at Mota Tarpada, Borpada, Selud, Nishana, Valod, Buhari, Vedchhi etc. The conclusion of the field visit was drawn as through co-operatives large amount of people has raised their individual income, which is a genuine and self giverning process. A fish training co- perative in which gov officials, employment on daily wages, a large voluntary organisat under the contract of trustees has sponsored a vide variety of rural industrial activities in another poor area comprising 40 villages in Valod county. More activities include fairy, pcultry, farming rabbit breeding, bambee werk and basket making, carpentry, mud bricks manufacturing, fish farming, cotton spinning and viving, diamond policy etc. All these projects have created an impression upon practically all the delegates that the fruits of the development has been reached to the porrest among the p (r and has developed for his betterment in life. The present workshop was insugurated by mayo Surat corporation Dr. George Solanki. Dr. Solanki in his inaugural address emphasi: that adult education is a national programme and it should be taken to the poorest among the p or in the city dwellers and tribals in the remoted interior area. Vice-Chancellor, South Gujarat University, Surat, Prof. Mukundrai Grived chile preciding over the programme, appealed the delegates to meet on one common platform to attack the world wide concentrated

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illiteracy. He also talk about the statistics of illiteracy and sold there are 80 orore illiterates in the world out of which 40 ercres are from India. Dr. Aryaratanam " A LITTLE GANDHI " of Sri Lanka in his keynote address refering to Gandhi sold that Gandhi was the best adult educator who was from Gujarat and work throughout his life to awaken the people. He added that no country can afford to deviate from the education policy of Gandhi in present circumstances and if anyone does it has to pay irrecoverable dâmage to his country. One has to remember Gandhi's ideas of non-violence, non-co-operation, production by measses, equality, neighbout and br thorhood etc. He ended with the remark that every country has the great cultural resources which is the joy enjoying the poor even in his poverty.

Shri Narayan Desai, Chief Co-Ordinator of Sampurn Kranti Vidyalay, Vedohhi as well as the son of Shri Mahadev Desai, the personal secretary of Mahatma Gandhi, inaugurated the communwealth association. During his inaugural, address he spoke of commenness in diversity, emphasised values or ined with adult educa to change the quality of society to provoke thinking of relationship of millions of people at the bottom of pyramid, self reliant neighbourhood etc. According to him political, social and economical institutions has to be changed which results into the t tal change which ultimately results into the attitudinal change for which one has to start from his ownself. He ended with the hope that university will not work as a flag station only but be a

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multi-way traffic alround the way. Prof. Ramlal Parikh the Chief guest of the veledictory function in his concluding speech referred to the ideas of deschooling deeducating unlearning society for the betterment of the future suciety. He emphasized to develop the relationship of neighbouthood and brotherhood through adult education. He ended with the s lgan "Think globally, act locally". Prof. Nanubhai Jushi, Organising Secretary & Director, spoke about the delegates which reflected that 100 delegates from 31 Commonwealth countries participated. Dr. B. Shah, Workshop Chairman, throughout the workshop period always tried to draw the attention of the delegates towards the worldwide illiteracy, training programme, accountability of the existance of universities and developing next door neighbourh od. Dr. Alan Rogers, General Secretary of CAETA, always tried to keep the workshop on the right path. Prcf. Kazim talked about challages and problems in adult education. Mr. Charls Duke, Co-Chairman of the workshop, talked of CAETA as the association where grassroot workers in adult education are the most pracious members of the association. Dr. Pet Kerid talked of 50% population of the association and office bearers will be of women as there is always a women behind the curtain who ever leads to the success. Mr. Paul explained the metto of commonwealth f undation and its rele for future planning. The children from Jeevan Bharti provided entertainment programme under the guidence of Dr. Ansuya Sheth. The commonwealth cultural night was organised by Edwacrd and Shashikala Debey from Lioness 1141

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club of Ukai.

### PUBLICATIONS :

The department published the following monographs :

- 1. Youth & community Educati n.
- 2. Prevention of Drug Abuse & Alcoholism.
- 3. Suppression of Immoral Traffic.
- 4. University for the pe ple.
- 5. University from Classes to Masses.
- 6. Voluntary Participation in Social Defence.
- 7. Alternate Educational programmes for Rural & Tribal people.
- 8. Wouth & Rural Development.
- 9. Appropriate Technology & Rural Development.
- 10. Youth & Development.
- 11. Women & cottage Industries.
- 12. Environment consciousness.
- 13. Protection of Civil Rights.
- 14. Glimpses of Continuing Education.
- 15. Continuing Education for Tribals.
- 16. Alternate Educational programme for Rural & Tribal people.
- 17. Educating Adults Resource & Needs.
- 18. Community participation in Education.

Dr. Ansuya T. Sheth de eleped teaching learning material for adult learners for literacy programme in book form called 'CHALO BHANIE' in Gujarati which has been published in the year 1986-87.

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### OTHER ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT :

The department conducted coaching centre of competitive examination for minorities and weaker sections of the sloiety.Since 1985. It has also organized post-graduate diploma course in Journalism through Shri.Pravinkant Reshmwala Institute of Journalism since 1986-87. In all <u>49</u> students have been awarded post-graduate diploma degree in Journalism.

Prof. N. N. Joshi (Director) has been selected <u>Secretary General</u> for <u>common wealch forum for community Education</u> at Nairobi, <u>VICE-PRESIDENT</u> for Indian Adult Education Association, New Delhi and <u>executive member</u> for Indian university Association of Continuing education, New Delhi. <u>Dr. Ar.suya</u> T. Sheth (Assistant Director) has been elected <u>Council member</u> from <u>Asia</u> region on council of commonwealth Association for Education and Training of Adults, U.K. London. <u>COLLABORATION</u> :

The department collaborated with <u>CAETA</u>, U.K. London; U.G.C. New Delhi; and IAEA, New Delhi; to organise Inangural workshop of CAETA. It also seeked colloboration from IAEA, IUACE.ISFE and ISCE, U.G.C., State Govt. of Gujarat along with the local durations from industrialists co-operatives and social clubs to organise National conferences.NISD sponsored the training programmes of social defence. NIPCCD and health Deptt. Govt. of Gujarat sponsored programmes of mother and child development.State youth poerd Nehru Yuvak Kenora Yuvak Vikas Sansthan sponsored the programmes of youth development. Gujart Mitra' daily mews paper donated endowment for fix deposit to conduct post Graduate diploma course in Journalism Department of prohibition sponsored the Seminars on drug abuse and alcoholism. /16/ Hari Om Ashram and U.G.C. new Delhi sponsored the programmes of continuing education for crural and Tribal People. The students of continuing education in urban area paid fees to meet. the expenditure of the continuing education programme in urbanarea. Khadi and village Indusries commission and Tribal Sub-planadministrators are also equally valuable financer for the programmes at the grussroot.

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### CONCLUTION

In nutshell the review of the worth done by the department reflects that the department has made servious servious efforts to mobilise the resources from various sources to organise varieties of educational programmes to cater the needs of the local people.

The U.G.C. has assigned rural and Tribal thrust in which the department has decided to select. DHARAMPUR taluka the total tribal taluka and DANG district which is also attribal district having below national literacy rate. The next chapter discribes the analytical view of DHARAMPUR taluka APPROACH PROJECT.

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ANALYI ICAL VIEW OF THE AHEA CHOSEN

district are selected for Area Levelopment Approach :

# BACK GROUND OF DHARAMPUR TALUKA :

DHARANPOR Taluka of Valsad district is the biggest taluka of India as per the area is concerned i.e. <u>238 Villages</u> spreaded over 1650 sq. km. This taluka has been declared as poverty concentration taluka by the Government of Gujarat. According to 1981 census report the <u>population</u> of taluka is <u>237073</u> persons about 97,0 population is that of tribal communities. Nonkanas, Dhobias, Haikas, Kathodias, Kolgha are the main tribes. <u>129 Village Panchayats</u> Cover all the 236 villages. There is a Nagar Panchayats at DranamPUK (i.e. block mead quarter, DhaRamPUR is Located in estern part of Valsad district at the distance of 20 K.M. This taluka has notbeen Connected by railway. The hill have proved a bottle neck to develop good road facilities, out of 238 villages 147 v<u>illages</u> are yet to be connected by pacca tar road.

Geographically the taluka is divided into two natural regions 'talat' or low land and 'dungar' or undulating upland. The talat region comprising <u>41</u> of the 238 villages in the taluka covers an area of <u>70833</u> acres. This is the home land of <u>Dhodias</u>, one of the major local tribal groups constituting 20.3% of taluka population. The 'dungar' region, the homeland of <u>Koknas</u> and <u>Varties</u> the two other Scheduled Tribe representing 70% of taluka population. <u>Qultivable lano per capita</u> in both 'talat' and 'oungar' region is <u>0.77</u> acres. The area being of basaltic formation falls under the

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troad spil group of redloan and block spil. The climate of the areais humid to <u>dubhumid</u>. There are quite a few rivers and rivulets in the taluka. The important among them are Auranga, Man, Tan, Par, Kolak, Damanganga. About one half of the 'dungar' region, as against tenth of the 'talat' region is covered with forest. The taluka pelongs physically to the Sanyadrian hills.

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Industrial activity in LTANAMPUR town is limited to one isother factory with about 300 employees and a few small processing units for soigle oil. There are a number of hops and trading establishments dealing in a wide variety of consumer goods, in luding agricultural produce. Number of shopkeepers with regular cetablishments in the town also trade in the weekly 'hats' which are held in different parts of the taluka.

Malaria, tuberculosis, night blindness, respiratory infections, dysentry, diarrhoea, worm, fever, liver infections, scabies, rickets, ringworm, skin diseases of all sorts are widely prevalent in the taluka, laprosy is another scourge. The 'Euva' or the 'Ehagat' still continues to be the most popular village doctor. health education remains one of the most neglected aspects of the public health programme in the taluka.

Trical families seem to be extremely individualistic Boy marries at the age of 16-18 years to a girl usually three to four years than mimself. Tribal children of 12 to 14 years are trained in dancing and music, in hunting techniques and in agricultural operations. Besides Holi and Diwali, marriage is probably the most important ceremony both socially and economically. The selection

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Rangpanchami, and in weekky 'hats' boyes and girls have sufficient opportunity to mix socially and get to know each other. The elders lightimise the courtship then it is made known to them or when it becomes apparent.

The tribals of DHARAMPUR consider themselves Hindus. The tribal groups speak two languages, one with large Gujarati vocabulary and influence and the other with a Marathi vocabulary and influence.

There are <u>303 Primary Schools</u> with <u>35420 students'</u> enrollment, <u>22 Ashramshalas</u>, <u>22 High Schools 4 higher secondary</u> schools, <u>1 College</u>, <u>2 technical education colleges</u>. Literacy rate among male is <u>55.0</u> and among Female <u>37.7</u> making the total literacy rate of <u>15.4</u> in urban area. Literacy rate among Male is <u>15.4</u> while in Female <u>4.7</u> making the total literacy rate in rural area <u>10.1</u>. The total literacy rate is <u>12.3</u>. Bavcha, Kathodi, Kolidhor and varli are below national literacy level.

Increase in all <u>107</u> co-operative institutions in addition to 11 forest co-operatives. <u>5'</u>health centres with <u>one</u> state hospital at DEARAMPUR. There are in all <u>41496</u> families residing in <u>41288</u> houses. Rice, Nagali, Varai are the stapple food of the tribals. <u>51084</u> Male and <u>21055</u> Female are engagged in agricultural labourers. <u>581</u> Male and <u>90</u> Female are engaged in other occupations. <u>31357</u> Male and <u>15355</u> Female are literate

226 villages are not electrified. 194 villages are having drinking water from well. <u>8 villages</u> from tank and 145 villages: from river. <u>13 villages are having pucca road</u>, <u>147 villages</u> with

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Katcha road. <u>45 villages are having Post-Office, 1 Villages having</u> Post and Telegraphs Office. There is <u>1 Veterinary Lispensary</u> and <u>6 First aid Veterinary Centres</u>.

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### BACK GROUND OF DANG DISTRICT :

DANG district of Gujarat State is the only district with one taluka having <u>93046</u> percent of the tribal population. Law distrist has 811 villages covering 1683 square km. + 31.60 is the decennial population growth rate. Lesity of population per square Km. is 50. Literacy rate among males is 20.80 and among female 7.13. The total literacy rate is 14:16. The total population of Lenu district is 113664. Occupation wise there are 20612 males and 7918 females are farmers, 4823 males and 3273 females are agricultural labourers, 629 males and 290 females are labourers and 6405 males and 1271 females are engagged in other activities. 41,82 percent population is that of workers, 67.46 percente is of cultivators, 20.15 percent is of agricultural labourers and 12.39 percent are engagged in other works. 0.36 percent of total population belongs to Scheoule Caste, and 93.46 percent of total population is that of Scheduled Tribe population Kunkana and varli are the main tribes Kathodi, Paradhi and Vitolia are below national literacy rate.

278 villages have <u>363</u> primary schools with <u>38902</u> students enrolled. <u>10</u> high schools enrolled <u>1316</u> students, <u>3</u> higher secondary schools enrolled <u>1045</u> students, <u>3</u> schools for the and welding with <u>89</u> trainees, <u>1</u> College in AHVA and <u>10</u> Ashramshalas are the educational institutions available in

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the district.

Unly 5 villages have dispensaries . Unly one village has the facilities of a Hospital with 157 beds. 3 villages have maternity homes. 9 villages have Primary Health Centres (including sub-centres) and 8 villages have family planning centres. Thus only a limited number of villages in the district have medical facilities. The Dave Listrict is entirely rural and underdeveloped. There is a complete al .... ce of institutions of Local self Government Constituted under the Panchayat but and Panchayati has not yet been introduced in the district owing to certain Socio-economic reasons. There are 70 village Panchayats and 137 Co-operative institutions. weltare activities are however looked after by the Listrict Levelopment board, the Lange Listrict Development Council is also in existance to lend greater impetus to development activities in the district. Unly 4.18 percent of villages are electrified. Ordinary surface wells are the main source of drinking water facility. There are 186 villages which can obtain drinking water from rivers. Only 27.01 percent of the total villages are connected with P = a road 11.35 percent villages have Post-Office and only 2 villages have nost and telegraph Offices. 3 villages in the district have telephones. In all there are 311 villages in the Langs of which 13.82 percent villages are connected by bus services through out the year. There me 22.19 percent villages which enjoys this amenily only during fair season. The district being underveloped only hilly, there are 199 villages 63.99 percent which are yet to be connected

by bus services even during fair season. There is no village having an area of less than <u>51</u> acres. Average area of cultivated land per village is <u>457.9</u> acres. The average cultivable waste per village is <u>31.9</u> acres for the district. Nagali, Rice, Fajri, Jowar, Vari, Maize, Ragi are the stapple food of the people. <u>1 311</u> villages are inhabited. There are <u>10,729</u> occupied redimential houses in the district.

The origin of the name LANG is obscure. The LANG means a hilly village. There is another connotation of the word LANG meaning a place of Bamboo. It has mythological story of the Dandakaryna of RAMAYAWA. The DANG district has the richest forest rich growth of Teak and Bamboo and many other Timber species, important medicinal plants and beauty spots like SAPUTARA. Wild animal like Tiger, Panther, deer, bear, Sambhar, wild pig are very will preserved in DANG. Domestic animals since cows, builocks, butfaces, sheep, goats, horses, donkies are also seen. Jamong the birds green pigeon and Jungal fowl are very popular.

Inhabitants of Laws are irrespective of their caste are called dangis. The dangis are world famous for their Piramidal dance. The dangi is their language which is very primitive withou script. The dangis belong to Hinduism, Muslim, Christian, withism baudhism. Christanity has not made any lasting impact on the beliefs and practices of the people. Langis are not criminal trim They are hard working by nature, simple - honest - ignorant and careless. Liquor drinking has dragged many of them in to dett.

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Lrinking liquor has become a part of their life and social custom. Every dangi house has distillary - musical instrumentsnunting instrument - and grinder mode of store.

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## MALATYCAL CUNCLUSIUN :

It is stvibus from the back graveno note of Line Plan taluka and the LANGS district that the trical people of these two talukas are very poor, illiterate, addicted to liquor, having practically no means of earning gainful employment due to thick forest and hills. These areas are poorly connected with roads and thus by the bus services making the people legs mobile. Yet the experience supports that the tribals are moving from one place to the other on foot miles together. The development department of Government has started taking actions to improve economical status of the people by implementing various developmental schemes. In rainy season due to heavy rainfall the villages of LLARMPUR taluka and The LANG district are cut off from the main stream of life. Goiter is prominantly found among the tribals as the spil is lacking of Ibdin. Lue to pour hyginic condition (i.e. lack of availability of water and humioness of weather and safe drinking water ) people are suffering of respiratory diseases as well as viral infections and gastro such as diarehea and dysentry. The forest is rich in medicinal herbs and timber - bamboo etc. - Lack of electricity - water - nave cecome bottleneck for the Industrialists to establish big industries in these area has not been able to have alternative employment except farming and forestry. Los, and telegraph -

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telephone services are very poorly developed. Few village panchaya are existing but not actively functioning. People are forest guards and police. There are very rare cases of atrocity among women, crimes except illicit cutting of forest and illicit linguor distillaries Co-operative movement needs to be strongthen. There is no problem of maintaining Law and Order. Eventhough the primary scholls are available in the villages due to its regidity of rules and regulation, inadequate courses f curriculum, lack of minimum facilities and uniformity of the state policies and non availability of teachers, majority of the school going age children are deprived of formal education by non entraints to the school or neavy drop out rate. Inspite of good net work of primary schools the illiteracy is spreading quickly because of non usealily of schools by the people. The firewood is the main source of fuel and energy. Culturally tribals are richin music - dancing and marriage customs.

The reflections from the 1981 cencus report, district taluka survey profile (Kindly refer to annexure : VII for Profile, needlessly compele to avoid family surveys at this juncture as bench mark survey to begin with locause the individual family picture will be very similar to that of taluka and district Thus instead of conducting bench mark survey the Department of Continuing Education and Extension work, South Gujarat University, Surat has taken the decision of developing village Profile as well as family appraisal (For sample form kindly refer to annexule VII at present which will be used to collect base line data and impact

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data before launching the programmes; of Adult literacy programme, Mars literacy programme, National Literacy Mission, JSN, Population education clubs, NFE, Planning Forum and few innovative programmes of awareners raising and training for various age groups from different sectors of the population.

## RESOURCE MUBILIZATION FROM VULUNTARY AGENCT'S

Sixteen voluntary agencies working in South Gujarat region will be approached for the partnership in the community Development process. The farmers' programme, irrigation, forestry, milch animal, building construction for school, preventive health, skill fraining for rural artison, market management, food for work, mobile dispensary, employment generation, tube wells for supply of drinking water, gobor gas plane, adult literacy, drainage, maintainance of road and check dames, land development, housing, co-operatives, gopalvan, vaternary services, food grain storage through bank, agricultural extension services, training for amber Charkha (Spinning and weaving), sewing clas s, cottage industries for women, school library, Balwadi activities, nutritions food distribution, ashramshala, technical education, eye camps, prevention of preventable blindness are the lain activities of the voluntary agencies ( For details please refer to annexure : x )

According to the needs of DHAMAMPUR taluka and DANG distirct and proposals will be planned and submitted to the respective voluntary agencies.

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## RESOURCE MOBILIZATION FROM GOVERNMENT LEPARTMENT :

The proposals for training programmes in the area of prevention of drug abuse and alcoholism, voluntary participation in social defence and subpression of Immorel Traffic action women etc. will be submitted to NISE, New Leihi for the people of EmaRamPUK taluka and LANG district. Ministry of Education and Culture, State Youth Board, Gandhinayar will be approached for the programmes of youth. The programmes may include leadership development vocational guidance, developing creative arts among youth.

Iribal-sub- plan at VansaJa and Ahva will be submitted proposals for various short term seminars, orientation programmes, workshops etc. for school teachers - social workers - women member of panchayat - cultural troops' - yuvak mandals - Farmers and rural artisans - Ministry of Women and Social Welfare will be approached to organise socio-economic programme for needy women and handicapped as well as condensed courses for adult women child welfare programmes will be given due importance.

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare will be approached for Nutrition and health education and developing teaching learnin material for mass education and media for family welfare Departmen of Science and Technology will be submitted the proposals for the promotion and development of Technology for S.C., S.T. and other weaker section. Science and technology to minimise the dradgyary among women, promotion of peoples' science movement- Innovative projects of Non-Formal Education for Elementary age group ,

promotion of national integration among youth and youth development programmes' proposals will be submitted to ministry of Human Resource Development. Legal aid and Legal education will be planned with the Committee for implementing Legal de Scheme (UILS).

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Proposals for Integrated Tribal Development, coaching centre of competitive examinations for S.C., S.T. will be submitted to the Ministry of Home Affairs. Khadi and village industry Commission will be submitted the proposals to organise seminars -Study circles - debate - essay competition at University and College level to promote the idea of Khadi and Village industries among teachers and students. (For details kindly refer to Annexure : XI )

#### CUNCLUSIUN :

It is concluded that there is an urgent need for the institution of higher education i.e. University and specifically the South Gujara: University, Surat to take the moral responsibility to help the tribal people of LHARMPUR taluka and The LANG district to assert their rights as the citizen of democratic India and have an assess to the fruits of development and live better life. The effort should be made to make there tribals more productive - more efficient - and responsible critical citizen of India living graceful human life. The effort should also be made to use its all influence to mobilize the available resources-(man power-physical- Financial, within the University system as well as Govt. and Non.Govt. at state and National level and prive its worth of existance.

The next chapter discribes the educational need plan and resource management.



#### RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN IV

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#### SO UTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT

There are <u>14</u> post Graduat e Departments and <u>46</u> affiliated colleges of the university. There are <u>90</u> post Graduate teachers at university post Graduate level and <u>1348</u> teachers at under graduate level at the affiliated colleges. There are <u>845</u> post Graduate and research students at the university and <u>32928</u> undergraduate students at affiliated colleges. The university has well equipped library & laboratory. Practically all the post Graduate departments are having modern etectronics audiovisual aids su ch as T.V., V.C.R., Trasistor, Taprecorder, Slide projector, Film projector etc.

University has one ho stel for ladies and <u>3</u> hostels for boysswith the faculiti es of kitchen. University is housed in its own building having buildings for administrative wing; post Graduate department of hum anity and social sciences; department of education; department of Eussiness and Industrial Management ; department of bioscience and the department of basic sciences. There is a building for workshop and library too

The university offeres courses in education, English , linguistic, Journalism, Economics, Sociology, Labour welfare, Library Science , Commerce, physics, Chena try, bioscience, statistics, mathematics, psychology, hindi, history, Gujarati, Sanskrit, medicine and engineering and rural development, business and Industrial management and public administration, homescience law.

N.S.S., youth welfare, physical education, N.C.C. and examination reformunit are there. The Jurisdiction of university includes 34 Surat, Branch, Valsad and Dang district and union territory of Daman.

### DEPARTMENT OF CONTINUING EDUCATION AND EXTENSION WORK :

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U.G.C. has sanctioned the following posts for the Department of Continuing Education and Extension work for continuing education activities.

Core staff : DesignationTotal No. Of.<br/>post sanctioned.1.Director(Professor)12.Assistant Director(Reader)23.Project officer (Lecturer)1

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#### Support Staff

1. Ju. Stenographer

2. Ju. Clerk/Typist

3. Account Clerk

4. Technical Assistant

Post sanctioned for NAEP scheme + Kemoval of Ault illiteracy programme under point No. 16 of the new 20 point programme of Adult Education.

#### Core Staff :

sr.No.	Designation	No	of	post	approved
1.	Assistant Director			1	
2	Project Officer			2	
Support	Staff				

1. Ju.Clerk, Typist 2

Post sanctioned for population Education club :

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sr.No.	Designation	No of posts approved
1.	Project Officer	1 .

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At present the department is housed in the smallest part of the building of the Department of Bussiness and Industrial Management. The hostel facilities are shared with P.G. students by the trainees of the training programmes organised by the department. At present the department is facing an acute problem of office building and hostel accomodation for the trainees as well as conference hall furniture, typing machines, xerox machine, duplicating machine, almarih, mo bile audio visual van/Jeep, etc.

At present the department has V.C.R., T.V. Radio cum Tape recorder, Film projector, Slide projector. It needs air conditioned close circuit T.V. studio with T.V. cameras to develop audio visual cassettes to motivate the community.

As U.G.C. has approved Rs.35000/- for continuing education programme only once on 75.25 sharing condition, it becomes difficult for the department to organise varieties of continuing education programmes to cater the felt needs of the community. Thus it always has to search the Govt. as well as non Govt. sources to support programmes of continuing education continuously.

#### FELT NEEDS OF THE AREA CHOOSEN :

The analytical review of DHARAMPUR taluka and THE DANG district has reflected the felt needs of the people for continuing education programmes, Nonformal education, National

> Sub. National Systems Unit, National Institute of Educational Plannung and Aministration Streamburdo Mars. New Delbi-11001

literacy programme, health education, Awareness raising, people's participation, Skilldevelopment training, employment generation training, legal literacy and legal aids, prevention of alcoholism etc.

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MATCHING THE FELT NEEDS WITH RESOURCES :

(i) Educational programmes :

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- (a) Adult literacy programme to increase the .literacy level among the tribals :
  - : The department proposes the project for 100 Adult literacy centres every year to U.G.C. there by hoping to make about 2000 to 25000 illiterate Adult literate from 15-35 age group during three years.
    - : Mass\_ programme of Functional-Literacy (MFFL) will\_ be organised twice a year during vacation with the help of 1500 undergraduate students from affiliated colleges every year by organising special literacy camp in the villages of DHARAMEUR taluka and DANG district as there is only one colle in DHARAMPUR taluka and one college in DANG distric It is hoped that at least 1500 illiterate. Adults of 15-35 age groups will be made literate every year and then motivated to attend JSN or Adult literacy centre A special proposal will be sent to U.G.C. for MPFL.

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(b) Continuing education for neo literates to consolidate the literacy skills in the Adults.

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- Proposal for 25 JSN will be submitted to U.G.C. so that 1,25000/- population will be provided jost literacy services of library with reading facilities, assess to information and knowledge.
- (c) Non Formal Education for universalisation of Elementary education.
- : Project proposal for 100 NFE Centre for UEE for each year will be submitted to U.G.C. there by catering the educational needs of 2000 to 25000 ch ildren every year for three years.

#### (ii) Development programmes :

Road construction, building construction for school and checkdams, electrification .

- : The staff members and students of Engineering college at surat will be motivated to study the problems of housing, road construction, checklams and electrification in DHARAMPUR taluka and DANG district and will prepare the projects on low cost durable building constructions, storage of water, electrification.
  - : The tribal -sub -plan vansada and Ahva will be approached for errecting building for ICDS balwadi.
- : : Hard OM Ashram Jahangirpura will be approached to support financial help to errect or repair the

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school b uildings of primary school as well as Ashram shala in addition to the fund allocated by education department

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- : The attention of the DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT OFFICE of valsad district and Dang district will be attracted towards the needs of the needy villages.
  - : PWD department will be provided the information of people's participation in the form of Shramdan to construct roads.
    - : The Industrialists/Voluntary agencies will be motivated to adopt villages.

#### (iii) Health education programme :

: Intensive campaign to vaccinate the children against T.B., D.F.T., Tripple Vaccine, Polio etc. will be organised in the villages with the help of women folk of the village so that maximum number of children are vaccinated.
: ropulation clubs will be establised at the community level to create an awareness among local people about small family norms, planned parent hood, late marriages, vineral diseases, explosion of peopletion an its illeffect on development-economy-education-employment-landutilization and family assetts.

A proposal of establishing 100 community population education clubs will be sent to U.G.C.

: Govt.medical college surat vill be requested to undertake the survey of health status of the local people of DH.RAMPUR and DANG and suggest preventive measures for preventive health and prevention f nutritional blindness.

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: Gujarat Blind relict and health association, Anand will be requested to organise eye camps to retain the eyesight of the people.

#### (iV) Employment generation programmes :

The programmes will be devided into two groups viz (a) Vocational guidance and councelling to the educated unemployed youth (b) Skill development training programme for illiterate or semiliterate adults.

- : (a) Department of youth and culture, Ministry of education, Govt. of Gujarat will be requested to collaborate with the department of continuing education and Extension work, S.G.U., Surat and organise interview clinics, youth leadership training, formation of professional cultural troops, market management training, Co-operative movement training.
  - : (b) Khadi and village industries commission will be requested to establish Ambarcharkha training Centre and parishramalaya f. illiterate or semiliterate adults. It has been calculted that daily earning from spinning with Amber charkha

will be in between Rs.15 to 20 per eight hours.spinning does not require highly articulated skill. It is easy to handle. It does not cost very high price. It fives immediate eco nomical returns. It can be carried easily from one place to the other. In absence of electricity it proves a cottage industry. Training can be imparted for basket making,meking fancy articles from bamboo i.e. bamboo cont etc.,Training for carpentory and furniture making can be thought of.

: : (c) Cultivoble lands can be made more fertile and productive with the help of better seeds and introdu cting modern science in farming. The voluntary agencies desribed in Annexure will be approached.

The extension unit atwaghai of Agriculture college Navsari will be requested to orgenise short term training programmes for the young farmers and women.

#### (--- hegal aid and legal literacy programme :

Faculty of law and law colleges will be motivated to impart legal literacy pertaining to the laws regarding forest law and order situation and police-public relations, civic education to the inhabitants of DHARAMPUR taluka and DANG distric (VI) Feople's perticipation and awareness raising programme : The department of continuing education and Extension,

education, S.G.U., Surat will organise various continuing education programmes such as probition of alcoholism, anti child marriage, national Integration, planning forum, training

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for panchayat members, co-operative members, aforestration, kitchengarden etc.

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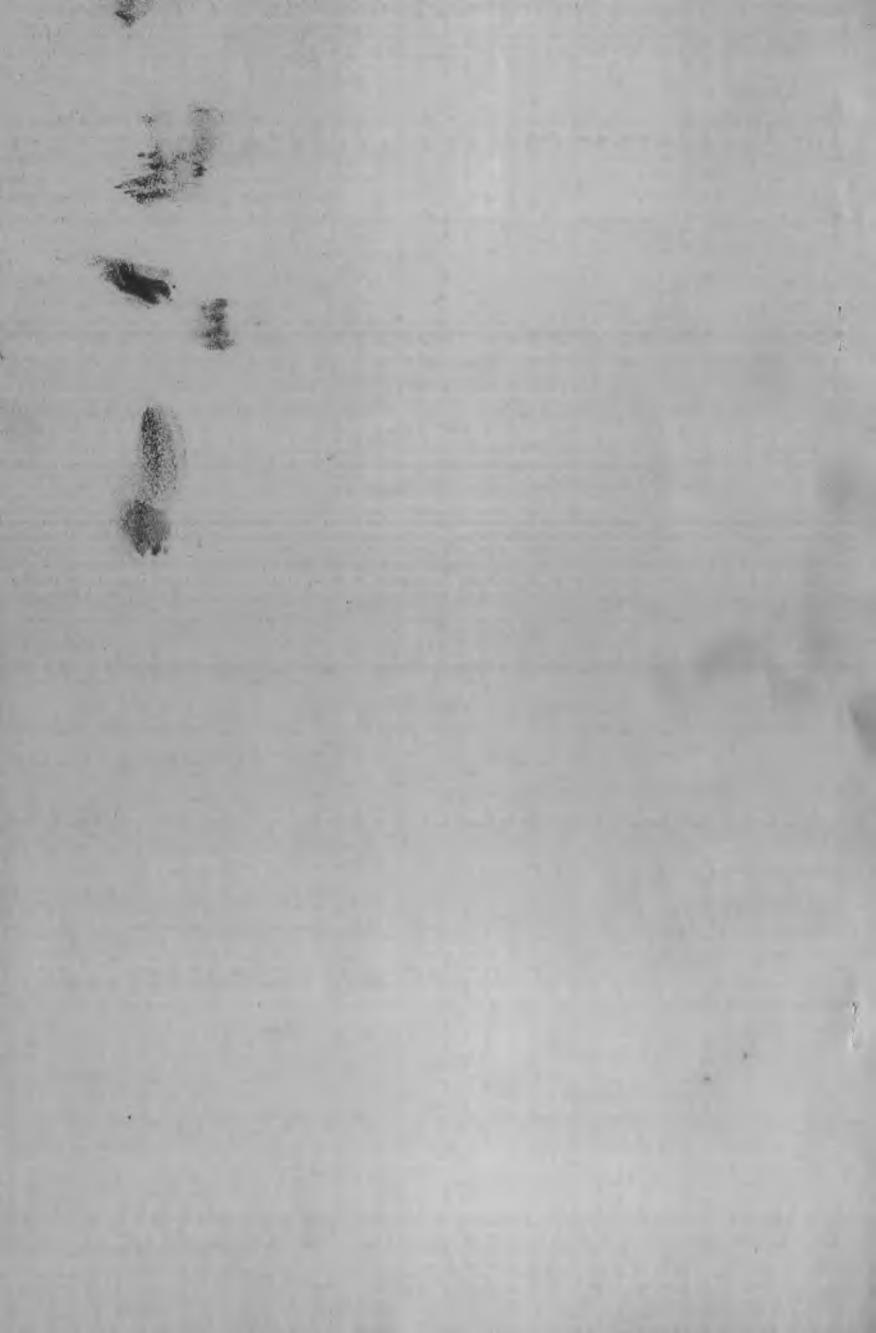
#### (VII) Environment Education :

The department of Bioscience will be motivated to undertake ecological survey of DH.R.M.O.R taluka and DANE district and suggest various projects for conservation of forest wild life and protecting environment from pollution, conservation of energy, community gas plants and biogas. It will organise people's science movement to create sciencetific temper among the people.

The trible-sub-plan vansada has sanctioned Rs.250: to organise various seminars and workshops during 1988-89 for the tribals of DHALAMFUR taluka.

#### CONCLUSION :

It is observed that the community education, community development, extension work requires constant efforts on the part of the time department of continuing education and Extension work. It has to search out agencies institutions- Voluntary agensies-Guvt, agencies- individuals and organization in addition to the filanancial help sanctioned by U.G.C. process of community education is very slow and sometimes invisinal structure with compare to rest of the traditional teaching department of the university. Next chapter describes the organisational set up and details of the action plan.



#### ORGANISATIONAL SET UP AND

#### PLAN OF ACTION

AND EXTENSION WORK, SOUTH GUIARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT

The department has three fold functions viz. Teaching, Research, Extension Work.

(1) Teaching :

Teaching includes conducting post grauate diploma/degree courses in Adult-continuing education and Extension Work under the faculty of NFE to fill up the gap of properly trained personnel of Adult education in broader sense. The submission has been made to Academic Council for the P.G. Diploma Course in Adult-continuing education and Extension Work. The present Vice-Chancellor Prof. M.S. Trivedi is also in favour of the course.

## (2) Research :

The faculty members of the department i.e. Director and Assistant Director should be recognised to guide Ph.D. (NFE) and M.Phil Students.

The action research projects should be planned and implemented in the area of operation.

Special research projects pertaining to Adult education, , Non Formal Education, Community Education, Continuing Education are to be submitted to U.G.C., N.C.E.R.T., I.C.S.S.R. and International agencies such as CAETA and

Research based Teaching-learning material and A.V. aids for Adult Literacy Programme, National Literacy Programme, neo literates and NFE have to be developed according to the educational needs of the local people.

## (3) Extension Work :

Community based field work oriented programmes such as NLM, Adult literacy centres, NFE centres, MPFL, Planning Forum, Women cevelopment Programmes, continuing Education, Population education, legal aid and legal literacy, various training programmes, felt need oriented certificate courses, rural development, universalization of Elementary Education, Seminars, Orientation Workshops, Conferences, Extramural lectures all can be listed as a part of extension work.

The experience gained in extension work will be scientifically evaluated by research and accordingly the teaching courses will be modified.

The University Post Graduate Department Teachers will contribute their share in terms of creating - chink tank of the department of continuing education and Extension Work. Interdisciplinary approach will be adopted in planning courses of continuing education at the community. The following will be committees for programme planning Execution, monitoring, evaluation and follow up activities under the third dimension.

- 2 -

(1) Programme Management Committee : This Committee will have the representatives from Department of Rural Studies, Department of Sociology, Department of Bio-Soi noes, Government Medical College, 'arvoday' Parivar Trust at Fundval, Sumunglam Trust at Ahva, Tribal Subplan Administrator-Vansade Project and Dang Project, Principals of Vanraj Arts and Commerce College, DHARAMPUR, Govt. College of Arts and Commerce College, Ahva, Vanvidyapeeth, Bilpudi, U.G.C. representative, The Vice-Chancellor will be the Chairman and Director of C.E.E.W. Deptt. will be the membersecretary.

 (2) Executive Committee : For planning the courses :
 (a) Course Committee for Science Programse; Department of Physics, Chemistry and Bio-science will be involved
 (b) Course Committee for Humanities : Department of Sociology, Department of Economics, Department of Linguistic, Department of Education, Department of

> Lural Studies, Department of Business and Industrial Management, Department of Public Administration

The department will organise :

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(2) Two Regional Workshops for course development for C.E.

- (3) Two Regional Workshops for literature production for literacy programme and r. oliterates
- (4) One State level Workshop to develope teaching-learning literature for NFE
- (5) The Department will undertake ten action researches in th A.E., N.F.E., P.F. Each nroject will cost about Rs.5,00 thus making the total expenditure of Rs. 50,000/-.

MAN POWER NEEDS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CONTINUING EDUC. TION

At present the department has following man power sanction by U.G.C.

Core Staff Support Staff

- (i) Director : Professor : 1 (i) Jr. Stenographer 1
- (ii) Assistant Director (ii) Jr. Cler't/Typist 3
  Reader : 3 (iii) Account Clerk 1
- (iii) Project Officer: (iv) Tcohnical Assistant-1 Lecturor 4

Additional following posts are requested to be sanctioned by U.G.C. in order to discharge the reponsibilities of Area development Approach :

Core StaffSupport Staff(i) Professor (NFE): 1(i) Office Superintendent(Jt. Director): 1(ii) Head Clerk

- (ii) Assistant Director 2 (ii) Head Clerk (One for NFE and One for Population (iii) Statistitian Education)
- (iii) Project Officer 2 (iv) Assistant Account (For MFE, JSN and Officer

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14 . March 19	13. M. V			
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(i.v)	Jr., search Assistant (formeontinuous on	2	(v)	Duplicating Machineman	1
	going Action Research		(iv)	Peon	2
	Project)		(vii)	Driver	1

All the above mentioned staff will be paid the new approved pay scales as per the university norms suggested by Malhotra Commission. PHMSIGAL INFIA SHUCTURE FACILITIES :

With the growing activities of the department, the number of staff member increases which makes difficult to share a small corner of the B.M. building continuous ongoing training programmes throughout the year can not be matched with the hostel availability during vacation, continuous field programme supervision requires intensive visits often and often in order to maintain the quality of the programme. Depending on public transport consumes lots of time. This situation cruates a pressure for independent Jeep for the department which university with its limited vehicles can not afford to provide. Thus one Jeep, One minibus and one audio-visual van is to be sanctioned by U.G.C. to the Department of Continuing Education with and Extension Work. Thus the following infra structure facilities are requested to be sanctioned by U.G.C.

33	, No.	Nature of Indra Structure facilities	Appr	roximate amount
	1	Building (Office accomodation and one Seminar Guest House for trainees)	lis.	20,00,000
	2	Vehicle (One Jeep, One Minibus, One A.V. Van)	hs.	5,15,000
	3	Electronic Typewriter	Iss.	0,15,000
	4	Duplicating Machine (electrical)	is.	1,50,000
	5	Air Conditioned C.C.T.V. Studio	lie.	2,50,000
		Grand Total	.Rs.	29,30,000

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ropose	ed numbe	er of	Pro	gramme	5					
-90	Year 1990-9		1991	<u>92</u>	19	992-93	199	3_04	L004 <b>_</b> 05	
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	±50		150		150		150		150	

- \* Unit of
  - 1. Department of continuing education and Extension work
  - 2. Department of Economics
  - 3. Department of Sociology

In addition to the plan of action of the Department of continuing education and extension work. South Gujarat University, Surat 13 affiliated colleges are preparing their proposals for Area Development Approach and submitting to U. G. C. very soon. Guring the year 1988-89 ( kindly refer to Anomure )

More No. of Colleges will be motovated to participate in extension activities in consequent years and we hope that at the end of seventh plan about all the 46 colleges will be involved in extension activities

The next chapter describes the Annual Budgetory outlay of the Department of continuing education and extension work of Scoth Gujarat University, Surat.



VI FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS FOR ARE DEVELOPMENT APPROACH (Schematic Proposals)

The present chapter summarises the pregrammes which are going to be undertaken by the department of continuing education and Extension work, South Gujarat University, Surat during seventh five year plan i.e. from 1988 to 1995.

The Financial Implications of the Programmes are summarised as follows for the year 1988-89 and consequent years to be calculated.

#### STAFF :

Sr. No.	Designation	Nc. of Post	Estimated Expenditure (Recurring gran )
1.	Director (Professor)	1	As per Malhotra commission pay scale an
*2.	Joint Director (Professor)	1	t tal salary has to be calculated.
*3.	Assistant Director(Reader)	3+2*(5)	Calcula Leu .
*4.	Project Officer (Lecturer)	4+2*(6)	

## RESEARCH STAFF :

*5.	Jr. Research Assistant (Rs.1200 p.m.)	2	Rs .	28800
Suppo.	rt Staff :			193
*6,	Office Suprintendent	1	Rs 🖕	35460
*7.	Head Clerk	1	Rs .	24384
*8.	Statistitian (tc be calculated)	1		
*9_	Assistant Account Officer	1	Rs 🖕	30360
*10.	Duplicating Machineman	1	Rs .	14568
*11.	Pecn	2	Rs .	27720
*12.	Driver	1	Rs .	60024
	(As per the University			

rules and revised scales)

Total.. Rs.221316

N ...\* Indicates new posts to be santicned by U.G.C.

## ERQGRAMME GRAVI

Total amount Sr. Programme No. for recurring Grant Rs. (1)(2) $(\Xi)$ 1. Universalisation of Elementary Education 5,50,200/-popularly known as UEE : A Special project of 100 NFE Centres have been submitted (programme for 9-14 years children who are either non entraints or school drop outs) 2,52,120/~ National Literacy Mission popularly 2. known as NLM. A project of 100 A.E. Centres have been submitted (programme for 15 to 35 Years illiterate Adults) 3. 3,50,000/--Jan Sikshan Nilayam popularly known as JSN : A Special Project of 25 JSN have been submitted. (programme for Neo literate, post literacy work and continuing education for all the age group people of the community selected) 4. Mass programme for Functional Literacy 10,000/15 popularly known as MPFL (programme for 15-35 years illiterate Adults in the form of each one teach one 1500 illiterate Adults will be covered annually). 5. Continuing Education programme:-(a)University Deptt. level 30,00)/-(b)Community level at (JSN) 15,00)/-6. Population Education Club at (a)Deptt. of Continuing Education and Extension Work. 5,000/-Deptt. of Bio-Science (b) 5,000/-(c) Deptt. of Rural Studies 5,000/-(d)100 A.E. Centeres as Community Club 25,000/-

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	Planning Forum at :	9999 9099 9099 9099 9099 9793 9999
	(a) Deptt. of (Continuing Education and Extension Work	5,000/-
	(b) Deptt. of Economics	5,000/-
	(c) Deptt. of Sociology	5,000/-
	(d) 25 JSN as Community Planning Forum	6,250/
8.	National and International Conference/ Workshop / Seminar (One in a Year)	30,000/-
9,	Regional Workshop for Developing Literature for Neo Literat and teaching learning material for illiterate Adult (Total 2 Workshops)	20,000/-
10.	Regional Workshop for Course bank for Continuing Education	20,000/-
11.	One <b>S</b> tate level workshop to develop teaching learning material for NFE	10,000/-
12.	Action Research projects (10) to study on going programmes of A.E. MPFL, JSN NFE, Continuing Education, Population Education, Planning Forum etc.	50,000/-
13.	publication Grant to publish teaching learning material developed in the workshops.	50,000/-
14.	Books, Monitoring participation in Seminar, A.V. aids and other expenditures	32,5000/-
	GRAND TOTAL	15,18,070/

Sr.No.	Budget Head URRING GRANT:-	Estimated Expenditure Rs.
1.	Building (Office accomodation, one Seminar-cum Guest house for trainees)	20,00,000/-
2.	Vehicle (One Jeep, One Audiovisual mobile van, one mini bus for trainees)	5,15,000/-
3.	Electronic Type Writer	15,000/-
4.	Duplicating Machine	1,50,000/-
5.	Air condition C.C. T.V. Studio (for live recording of the programmes	2,50,000/-
		29,30,000/-

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# SUMMARY :-

# RECURRING :-

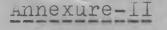
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	GRAND TOTAL	46,69,386/-
		ance deam such and and and and the set and and any state
	NON RECURRING	29,30,000/-
2.	Grant for programme	15,18,070/-
1.	Grant for Staff Salary	2,21,316 + Teaching Staff



- 110 -		No.of	delegates	-
1.	National Seminar on 'Role of universities and colleges in Tribal continuting education		40	
2.	National Seminar on 'Appropriate Technology, people's science and Man-Power		4"	
3.	National Conference on 'Altenate Educational programme for .ribal and Rural people'		100	
4.	Seminar on 'the Role of Universit and colleges in mult Education'	ies	033	
5.	National Seminar on 'Role of Universities and college in planni g continuing education for tribals		050	
6.	National Conterence on 'National Youth policy and International youth year		110	
7.	National Seminar on Environment Consciousness		50	
8.	Third Joint conference of ISPE and ISCE on population education and Community education		153	
9.	39th National conference of All India Adult Education Association		362	
10.	Western Zonal conference on Adult Education		037	
11.	Regional Seminar on 'Kole of Youth in Community Education		070	
12 .	Regi9nal Course in Yoga		037	
	Total		1087	

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# Total work done for Adult literacy

	0.1 0 <sup>1.01</sup> 0 <sup>1.00</sup> 2 <sup>1.00</sup> 1 <sup>1</sup> 0 <sup>1.00</sup> 0 <sup>1.000</sup> 0 <sup>1.000</sup> 0 <sup>1.000</sup> 0 <sup>1.000</sup>				···· • ··· • ··· • ···	6 0 0 0 0 0 0		<u> </u>	• • • • • •			
Year	Total No of centres approved	Total No.of centres organised	Total No.cf centres organised					".tal No.of Adult learners covered .				
Torne I			Rural	arban	Total	Men	Women	Total	Sc	ST (	other	lotal
ana 6 man 0				• - • - • - •	····· » ···· » ···· » ···					* • • • • • •	• • • • •	
1978-79	80	76	56	18	76	1862	645	2507	-	- 3	2507	2507
1979-80	80	67	64	3	67	1663	647	2310	370	1158	782	2310
1980-81	20	20	18	2	20	443	291	734	110	582	42	582
1983-84	21.0	72	72	-	72	1194	1051	2245	-	2033	212	2245
1984-85	210	206	196	10	206	3856	2264	6120	-	6120	-	6120
1985-86	210	194	173	21	194	3586	1850	5436	308	4886	242	.5436
1986-87	210	194	173	21	194	3651	2142	5793	464	5061	268	5793
1987-88	216	80	60	20	03	1085	1257	2342	348	1714	280	2342

## Annexure-III

# Deprtaental work carried out for adult literacy

Year	Cetal No.of ntres approved	Total No.of Centres	Total No. of centres organised				Total No. of Adult learners				
		or_anised	Rural	Orban	Total	Men	Women		SC St	the same same name over \$100	
1980-84	60	32	32	-	32	211	802	1013	- 801	212	1013
1984-85	60	60	60	-	60	.760	968	17 28	- 1728	-	1728
198586	60	59	59	-	59	-772	729	1507	- 1501	-	1501
1986-87	90	29	89	-	89	1586 -	941	25 27.	- 2527.	-	25 27

# literacy Programme.

Sr. No.	Name of the College	Participated from	to
1.	tyara and fommerce College,	1978	1987
2.	Arts and Commerce College Jambusar, Dist.Bharuch.	1 378	1988
3.	P.T. Science Colleg, Surat.	1978	1980
4.	M.I.B. Arts College, Surat.	1978	1980
5.	B.K.M. Science College, Valsad. Dist. Valsad.	1978	1980
6.	Arts and Commerce College, Chikhli, Dist. Valsad.	1978	1988
7.	Arts and Commerce College, Bharuch.	1978	1981
8.	A.V.Patel Commerce College , . 111 Bilimora, Dist. Valead	1983	1985
9.	Shah N.H. Comm rce College, Valsad	1984	1985
10.	J.P.Pardiwala Arts College, Pardi, Dist. Valsad.	1984	1985
11.	Vanraj Arts & Commerce College, Dharampur, Dist. Valsad.	1984	1985
12.	Mahila Arts & Commerce College, Navsari, Dist. Valsad.	1984	1988
13.	Navyug Science College, Rander. Road, Surat.	1984	1988
14.	J.P. Shroff Arts College, Valsad.	1984	1985
15.	Arts, Science and Commerce College, Kholwad, Dist.Surat.	1984	1988
16.	K.P. Commerce College, Surat.	1985	1988
4.07	Ande College Newspri		

17. Garda College, Navsari

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# ANNEXURE:V

# LIST OF THE CONFINUING EDUCATION PROGRAMME

Sr.	• Programme	No.of benefici-
No. (1)	(2)	aries (3)
1.	Training course for youth from slum areas	40
2.	Training course for slum youth workers and community workers	30
3.	Youth leadership Training for Tribal and Rural youth	61
4.	Training course for Motor Mechanics	25
5.	Training course for women in village Industries and food preservation	70
6.	State level seminar for Hendicapped youth	33
7.	Course in proff Reading	23
8.	Course in office Management	143
9.	Course in Handicraft, Food preservation small scale industries, cooking etc. for working women	156
10.	Sagitya Goshthi for young writers	34
11.	Workshop cum Demonstration of people's science for city slum women	35
12.	Workshoo for social workers	60
13.	Sahitya Goshthi with the Group of people from various w <b>a</b> lks of life	35
14-	Course for leadership Develop <b>ment</b> among tribal women	80
15.	Awareness raising programme among the class IV employees of South Gujarat University, Surat	. 27
16.	Course in Rural Journalism and Public Relations	79

	• • 4 • •		
(1)	(2)	(3)	
17.	State level seminar on 'Role and Co-ordination of Educational Agencies, Development Agencies and voluntary Agencies in programme for Rural and Tribal people	73	*
18.	Celebration of world literacy Day	75	
19.	Celebtration of 2nd Oct. by Announcing the University programme of the 16 point programme of 20 point programme of Govt. of India	500	
20.	Seminar on Role of village panchayat in Development and Adult Education	<u>51</u>	
21.	Sensitivity and Motication Development Programme for class III and class IV employees of South Gujarat University, Surat	27	
22.	Sahitya <sup>G</sup> oshthi witn the group of people from various walks of life	39	
23.	Thought provoking shibir for youth	83	
24.	Course for para-Legal workers	70	
2 <b>5</b>	Course for Tribal village Libratian	108	
26.	State level workshop on point No.16 of college principals and college Teachers	80	+
27.	Course for Labour union Leaders	30	
28.	Training course for Labour Union Leaders	45	
29.	Course in people's science for women	70	
30.	Course for village level workers	45	-
31.	Workship for young panchayat Members	50	
32.	Course for women in Home Management	70	
33.	-Course in Rural Journalism	75	
34.	Seminar on 'Women Development and planning'	110	

..2.

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	(2) •	(3)	-
35.	Adult Education Conference on International Literacy Day	250	
36.	Leadership Development programme for the Tribal Youth from valsad and Dang districts	92	
37.	Leadership Development Programme for the youth from surat city and surat district	70	
38.	Leadership Development Programme for the youth from Bharuch district	38	
39.	Open seminar on Atomic Thermal Power station at kekarapad and its hazards	70	
40.	Health consciousness programme for Diamand cutter	33	
41.	Seminar on controll of Jaundice	40	
42.	Crientation for para-Legal workers	25	
43.	Seminar on Environment	74	
44:	Youth loadership Training course	76	
45.	Youth leadership Training course	62	
46.	Youth leadership Training clubbe	33	
47.	Civilian Education and legal literacy course for prisoners	26	
48.	Legal literacy course for Mill workers	70	
49.	Free legal Aid sibir	51	
50.	Workshop for Teachers teaching English in Std.V	49	
51.	Youth leadership Training course	17	
52.	Course for women on Repair of electrical applicances	135	
53.	Orientation course for school principals for better administration	140	
54.	Interview clinic for educated unemployed	41	
55.	Training course for dural Librarian	135	

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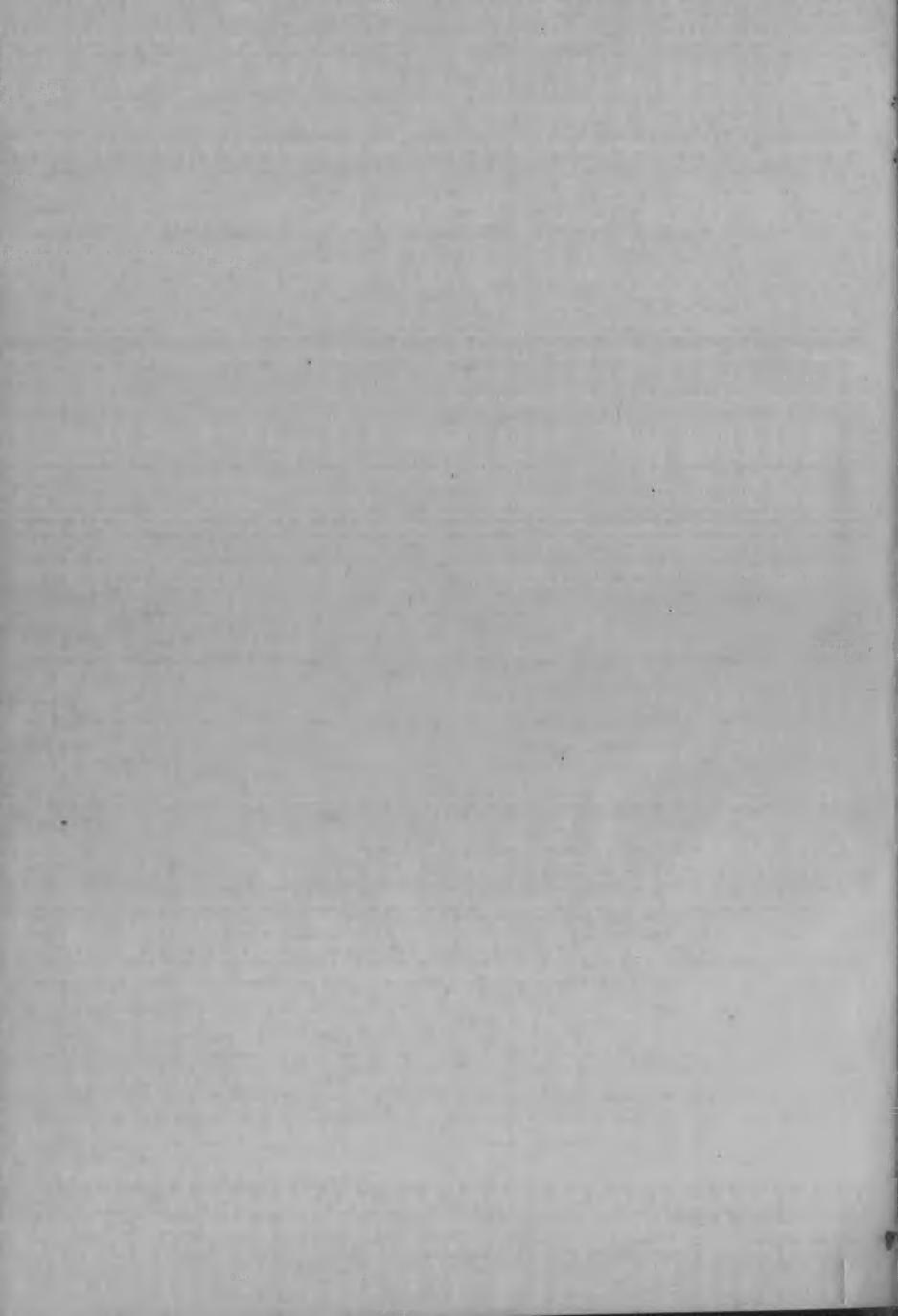
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56.	Public seminar on legal literacy	300	a cubica en tues co
57.	Youth leadership training cour e	27	
58.	Awareness raising among Tribal youth	46	
59.	Course on people's science	32	
60.	Interview clinic for educated unemployed youth	68	
61.	Course in modern office management	56	
62.	Course in public relation and communication	51	
63.	Course in salesmanship	46	
64.	Advance course in office Management	40	
65.	Regional Seminar on contraol Drug addiction and prohibition	92	
66.	Women's conference on drug abuse and alcoholism	150	
67.	Regional Seminar on population Education and Khadi and village Industrie	es 23	
68.	Seminar on role of police in controll of crime and peoples co-operation	110	
69.	Seminar on Journalism Today and Tomorrow	39	
70	New herizons of Journalism	62	
71.	Interviw clinic for unemployed educated youth	25	
72.	Higher level professional course in Lady house keeper	45	
73.	Workshop on New educationp policy with reference to JSN	35	
74.	Higher level professional course in pre-primary education	83	
75.	Regional seminar on pandit Neheru and Journalism	57	
	Total	5416	

# ANNEXURE: VI

1

# MOTHER AND CHILD CARE PROGRAMME

Sr.No	0. Programme	No.of participant:
1.	Mukhya sevika Training course for Three Months.	29
2.	Mukhya Sevika Refresher Course	30
3.	Workshop for ICDS functionaries	42
4.	Mukhya Sevika Refresher course	23
5.	Mukhya Sevika Training course for Three months	18
6.	Mukhya sevika Training course for Three months.	30
7.	Training course for the Instructors of Anganwadi workers Training Institutes	19
8.	lukhya Sevika Refresher course	( j
9.	Mukhya Sevika Training course for Three months	16
10.	Mukhya Sevika Training course for Three months	12
11.	Mukhya Sevika Training course for Three months	20
12.	Training course for Anganwadi workers	28
13.	Training course for the supervisors of children Institutions in Gujarat.	1.6
14.	Training course for the supervisors of children Institutions in Gujarat.	19
15.	Refresher course for Mukhya Sevikas	25
1.17	Total	334



निरंतर शिहाश अने विस्तरण डार्थ विभाग हहिाश गुજरात युनिवर्सिटी, सुरत

ધરમપુર તાલુકા: ૧૯૮૧ કોલમ-૧, ૨, ૨, ૪ ૧. કુલવસ્તી : <u>૨, ૩७, ૦७૩</u> ૫. સ્ત્રી ગ્રામ્ય શહેરી ૫. સ્ત્રી ગ્રામ્ય શહેરી ૫. સ્ત્રી કુલ ૫. સ્ત્રી. કુલ

૪. વ્યવસાય ખેતીકરનાર ખેતમજૂર મજૂર કારીગર ચન્ચ કુલજંગલ કામદાર મંડળીઓ ગ્રામ્ચ ચૌધી ગિક સંસ્થા :

 ક. શિક્ષિત : ૧-૧૫ વર્ષ કેટલા , ગપથી ૩૫ વર્ષના કેટલા - ૧૫ વર્ષ ગુથી કેટલા ૧૫-૩૫ વર્ષ શુથીના કેટલા

16:0- 3164:- 0

હ રેટાણિક સંસ્થાયો/વિધાયોપાની સંખ્યા: સંસ્થાઓ પ્રાયમ્મકશાળા માધ્યમિક શાળા હાયરસેક-ડરી કોલેજ ટેકનીકલ કોલેજ સ્વૈજિક સંસ્થા નોસંખ્યા

विधार्थी भोनी संप्या

શાળા છોડો જતા વિધાર્થીઓની સંખ્યા: પ્રાથમિક શાળા માધ્યમિક શાળા હાયરસે	ાક–ડરી કોલેજ	<u>ટેકનો કલ કોલેજ</u> ૨	વે છુંક સંસ્થા	
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૧૫. સ-ય મા/ હતી : -----

१७. डुसधरो रહेलाड: -----

૧૬, કુલકુટુંબ:

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(১) স		प्तः दिर्म रोते वग्	િંકરણ :	સ્ત્રી	પુરુષ કુલ
	निरक्षार				<b>33 3</b>
२.	સાઢાર (૧૯	ી ૪ ઘોરદા)			
З,	પ્રાથમિક સિક્ષ	શ			
	माध्यमिष				
	<b>डो</b> लेल				
۶.	ઉચ્ચ શिष्टाषु		~ ~ ~	2	
	स्यानिङ विस्त	ારમાં ઉપલબ્ધ સ	शवउ/सेवा भो	त्रायवडाः -	
				-	-3

(અ) વિસ્તારમાં ઉપલબ્ધ શૈષ્ટા શિક સંસ્થામો :

કલચોરડા ૧. પ્રવાધાય મક શાળા ર.પ્રાથમક શાળા 3.માધ્યમિક શાળા 8.5168 (બ) સ્થાનિક સ્વરાખ્યની સંસ્થા:--१ गाम पयायत घर ः? ર.તાલકા પંચાયત પર છે? 3. नगर पर्यायत धर हे? ૪. જિલ્લા પૈયાચત પર ૯ ? (५) प्राधमिङ आरोज्य सेवा :-( ૧. પ્રાથમિક ચારોગ્ય કેન્દ્ર છે? ના હાય તો વિસ્તારથી કેટલે દૂર છે. ર. સહકારી પ્રવૃતિ 3 स्वेशिङ संगठन ૪ પોવાના પાણોનો તથા ગડા પાણીનં વ્યવસ્થા ય. લિલ્લાનો વ્યવસ્થા ક. ટપાલ વ્યવસ્થા ૭.પાલીર ગોકી ૮. -ચાચાતચ ल्पस्य रोगायोः पूर्वप्राथमिङ साला स्त्री/पुरुषा माध्यमिङशाला स्त्री/पुरु [215-18] UZ01/201 51522 नसे तसादा ગામસેવક સરદાણદળ સરપંચ 501 સ્વૈછિક સસ્થાઓ. (ધ) વિસ્તારનો ભૌગાલિક સુવિધાવાળી નક્સો તૈયાર કરી સાથે મોકલવો. (ચ) દરેક વર્ગસંચાલકે દિવસ-૧૦ માં ભરીને નીચેના સરનામે મોકલવા વિનંતી.

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સર્વેકાશ કરનારની સહી/-

કેકેચેન / 4 / / / /

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offer i io
       : કુટુબ સંક્રિયા પ્રસ્તાવલિ :
૧ કુટ્પ ગગેની સામાન્ય માહિતી :-
  ૧, કુટુંબના વડાનું નામ :
  2. 81 (d :.
  3. स्ती / पुरुष।
  ४. अमर
   પ. સભ્યાસ
  इ. मण्य धंधो
  છ. ગૌણ ઘંધો
   ८. वाणिडि आवड (मुख्य अने गौष
       धधामांधी)
   ૯. જોવનઘોરા - ગરીબી રેખાની લપર ⁄ગરીબી નીચે.
ર તમારા ધરમાંથી તમો અમારા કાર્યક્રમને સી રીતે મદદરૂપ થઈ શકો ? (આ ર્થિક,
   માનવબળનો સહકાર, વ્યવસ્થા, પ્રચાર).
  આર્થિક :
   માનવબળ :
  ० थव २६ ।
  પ્રચાર :
3. ગનીપચારિક સિદ્ધાણનો પ્રબંધ :
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૧. અનુકૂળ સમય	:	કેટલો સમય :	અઠવાડિયામાં કેટલા દિવસ :	સ્થળ:
પુરુ⊳ાો સ્ત્રીઓ બાળકો	-1			
7 I ULS I				

૪.કુટુંબના ચન્ય પ્લયોનો વિગત :

અનુ.નં.	ent (F	સ્ત્રી /પુરુ૦ા	ઉંમર	~~~	ડા ગ્રેકાણિક વ્યવ
1	÷.	З	×	સાધુના સંબ	ધ ચોટુયતા
વ		ייריקס (גריג קרעם ביועם פירים איזיט פאייט (איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיקס איזיק גריגער גריגער	איז עבעינע בערגע עריין אין עריין אין איזיעע אוויאע איזאע איזיאע איזיאע איזיאע איזיאע איזיאע איזיאע איזיאע איזי	na dana arto ayan gira shab kast dala dha dh	
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માસિક આવક	રા ક કાર	ા છો ડવાનું શ	વાલીને બાળ આગળ ભણા છે ?	૧૬ને ગહીથો ાવામ <b>ા</b> રસ	त्रो २२ ७ थितो भाटे ?
	वासी	લાળક	વાલી ૧૦	ધાળક	વાલી બાળ

प. गायिंडरीते प्रवृत व्यक्त जोनी विगत :

		ઉમ	ર – વગમાં			
સ્વ્રી	0-18	૧૫–૫૯	5	્ સને	તેધી વધુ	<u>54</u>
1301	a 11 -2 Auto, Mana Maré dina semp dana surg ma	9 646 MIL 979 546 977 986 976 7-9 546 8 9 906 8	lan guar and dhup dhat mar ana man awa a			
sel			89 we art to an an er or 900 das s		Rai Rice Base and done done your sola su	n, anna a 11 anna anna anna anna anna anna
इ. इट्रमान	उमाता व्या	उत्याना दियत	:			
ક. કુટુંબમાં ન	કમાતા વ્યા	a second and the second second second second	: २ - वर्षभा			
. <u>डुटु</u> षमा न स्त्री	אנו איז	a second and the second second second second		તેથો	્યધ્	.રૂલ

છ. કુટુંબના સભ્યોની હાલની પ્રવૃતિમો જણાવો :

अनु.नं. नाम शिक्षायडात स्त्री पुरुषा હालनी प्रवृति

૮. <u>કુટુંબના કારોગર સભ્યની વિગતો જણાવો :</u> કૌશલયો કુટુંબના સભ્યનું નામ: સ્ત્રી પુરુષા મત્સ્યો દરજી સુથારી કડિયા બ્રિસ્તી મૌચી ભૈસ ગર્ભઘ

૯. તમારા ગામમાં ઉપલબ્ધ કુદરતો સપત્તિનું વર્ણન કરો,દા ત તળાવ, નદી, કૂવો-ઇત્યાદી

१० तमारा गाममां लिपसज्ध भोति अपत्तिनुं वर्शन अरो. हा.त. सउउ ७, रेस्ते, असर्धत्याही:

૧૧. તમો નીચેના જેવી સહકારી મંડળીનું સભ્યપદ ધરાવો છો ? કયર રથી? ૧.દૂધ સહકારી મંડળી ૨.મત્સ્ય સહકારી મંડળી ૩.જંગલ કામદાર સહકારી મંડળી: ૪. ખરોદ વેચાણ સંધ ૫. ઔધોગિક મંડળી ૧૨. રહેઠાણ : ૧. કુલ ચોરડાની સંખ્યા : ૨. કુલ ટોન્ટ્ર શ :

**૩. હ્વા** ઉજાસની સગવડ :

. સૌણો સારી : સારી

સાધારણ : પિલકુલ નહીં:

ध्मा डिथ. બાથરુમ : 8. 8183: શીચ ખાડા ૫. તબેલી અલાચદો / ધર સાથે ૬, મકાનનો પ્રકાર મોટું ત્વાનો છે. પાક/ઇટેરી /ગુપડ/ મનટીનું /ટેન્ટ ૮. પોતાની માલિકો /સરકારી /ભાડૂતી ૯. વીજળી १०. पाशी १३. भेती : (ચ) જમીન તેમજ માનવબળ ચંગે : ર.ચ-ચની જમીન: ૧. તમારી પોતાની જમીન: ૪. બીણખેડાણ જમીન 3. ચ-રો ખોડાણ માટે આપેલો જમીન: ૬.છેલ્લા પાંચ વર્ષ દરમ્યાનનો ચેકર દીઠ સરકારી ખર્ચ: ૫. છેલ્લા પાંચ વર્ષા દરમ્યાનનો એકર દીઠ સરાસરી અાવક: ૮. ખેતી માટે મજૂરો ગોની સગવડતા: ७. पेती माटे सरकारी महह : ૯. ખેતો માટે મજરો અંગેનો અગવડતા: ૧૦. તમને ખેતીને બદલે બીજો વ્યવસાય यापवामां आवे तो स्वी धारो ? કર્યા ? (५) साधनो, मुलिधाओं:-<u>uu</u> ગાડુ હળ કુવી ટેકટર YUE. 102 १४. तम. रो मा दिडोना ढोर धरावो छो ? સખ્યા ભેસ: ગાય: બકરી: - 4015 : 221: ચ-ચ : १५. तमारी मास्टिंशोना मरधा धरावे छो ? સંખ્યા મુરધી : 4,241 : १इ. व्यासाय माटेना गायना : धोट: •ાછલા પકડવાનો જાળી : भरगाः िंग्रेवा माटे मरधाा धर : 2-2 

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१७. जरूरियातो : विगत:
ે૧. આ થિકિ :
२
૩. સાંસ્કૃતિક :
૪. રો& ા શિક
૫. સ્વાસ્થ્ય :
૬. વ્યવસાચિક
૭ મનો રજન
૮. ખેત્રો -
૯. રહેઠાણ, :
20. 2,-21 :
૧૮. <u>નાલોમ</u> :
તમારા ધરના ડયા સભ્યને કથા ક્ષેત્રમાં તાલોમ / શિદાણ /મઠદની જરૂર છે?
૧૯. સ્વાસ્થય :
1. HERON SOLUCION A COMPANY OF THE
૧. મહગી કવા પ્રકારની છે ? લાબા ગાળાની / ટૂંકા ગાળાની
(२) धरनी व्यक्ति सांही पडे छे त्यारे परपष्यु िपाय करो छो ? ७१४ ना
ે (-તર 'હા' હોય તો કેવા ?
(५) सरकार. हवाणाव्यानी महह सो छो ? जो न बते। छो तो शा माटे ?
(ક) તમારા ગામમાં વૈદ્ધીય સારવારની વ્યવસ્થા છે ? તેને વધુ સારી બનાવવા શું સચવા છે??
(८) तमारे परे ऐबेरियानो अभिगारी याते છे ? डोઈडवार દवा सीधी छे ? डेटसीवार ? नधी बेता ७ तो शा माटे ?
(8) इट्रंस नियोजन बेटले शुंते तमे जाहा हो ? (इट्रंस नियोजन माटे वपराती केंद्री जाही रोतो विशे तेव शुंकाही हो ते यहा सर्वु.
(0) ન ાતવાજન ન કટલના પ્રશાલ માટે જરૂરી છે ને ગામજાતતામાં માટે
ચને તમે ગમજો તો તે સ્વીકારશો ? આ માટે અમારે શુ કરવું જોઈએ ? ૨૦. સ્થાનિક સ્વરાજ્યની સંસ્થા
૧ નાગરિક તરોકે તમારો હિસ્સો
ર. વધુકાર્ચકામ થાય તે માટેના સૂચનો :
૩. મુખ્ય બામો. / દોબા જણાવો :
૪. ખારી દૂર કરવા માટે સૂચનો આપો :
પ. જયારે જયારે શેટણી શાસ છે ન્યાંને પન ગામની નારે !
પ. જયાં જ્યારે ચૂંટણી થાય છે ત્યારે મત ગામની વખતે સુધ્યાનમાં રાખો છો? (રાજકોય પક્ષના ઢંઢેરો, જ્ઞાતિવાદ, ધર્મ, વડીલ અગર નેળાના કહેવાથી / લાવ

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२२.	તમારા બાળકો જેમને તાળામાં દાખલ કયાજ નથી તેમના નામ આપો.	*
23.	૧. ૨. કારણો :- (ચ) વાલીની દ્વિટ્ચે : (બ) બાળકની દ્વિટ્ચે : છેલ્લા પાંચ વર્ષા દરમ્યા માં કુટબના સભ્યો પૈકો ગામ છોડીને જનાર વ્યક્તિચોનાં નામ:-	
	નામ સ્થળાતરનું સ્યાન નવો વ્યવસાય માલક ૧. ૨.	
28.	<ul> <li>ખેતી વિચાયક જ્ઞાન :-</li> <li>ગ્રામ સેવક પાસેવો નોયનો બાબતમાં માહિતો મેળવો છો ખરાં? વર્ણવો.</li> <li>(સ) સારું બિયારણ (સંભાળ)</li> <li>(લ) ખાતર (ઉપયોગ)</li> <li>(s) જેતુનાલક દવાગોના ઉપયોગ ગંગે (રોગ પથ્લતિ)</li> <li>(s) ખેતો વિકાયક ચન્ચ માહિતો (સરકારો મદદ, સાધનોના સમારકામ ઇત્યાદી)</li> <li>(છ) રેડિયો, ટેલો પિઝન ઉત્યાદિના ખેતો વિહાયક કાર્યક્રમો વિશે ચભિપ્રાચ</li> <li>(૩) ખેતો, પશુપાલન પ્રદર્શનનો મુલાકાતો તેમજ કિસાન સાકારતાના વર્ગો ગંગે.</li> </ul>	

# ANNEXURE-X

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# SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT.

Information regarding voluntary egencies to be made Partners in

the Programme.

• • • • • • • •		ena 0 1.48 8 2.8 0 e.p. 0 e.p. 8 ers 8 0 0 e.p. 5	······································	*** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$ *** \$
Sr. No.	Name and Address of the Voluntary agencies		Area of Cperation	Taluka for the operation
1.	2.	3.	<u>1</u> e	5.
• • • • • • • • •	مريع وجو و مريع و محمد و محمد و محمد و محمد و محمد و محمد	• ** • ·* • ** • ** • ** • ** • · ·* • ** • ** • ** •	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Navsarjan Rural lopment Foundation	Farmer's Programme Irrigation,forre- stry Milch Animal., Building constru- ction for School, preventive health Develop skills Rural artisans.		Dharampur Talukā belongs to Valsad District. , Pardi Taluka.
0 <sup>105</sup> 0 <sup>100</sup> 0 <sup>000</sup> 0				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Daxin	1 Path, Vyara.	(	District.	JSN in Surat District for the neo literate will be established.

		2 ;;	22 22 23 23 26 ···· 20 27 3 28 27 3	
1.	2. 2. <sup>6</sup> <sup>6</sup> <sup>6</sup> <sup>6</sup> <sup>6</sup>	3.	4.	5.
· - ·	Mafatlal fine spinning Mills,Co.Ltd. Mafatlal Contre, Nariman Point Bombay.	Agriculture , Inrigation, Market management , food for work mobile dispensary employment oriented work.	Valsad (Dist.)	Vansada Teluka
4.	Shree L.M.P. and Reva charitable tngt. Mahadevnagar, At.Bilimora, Ta.Gandevi, Dist. Valsad.	Providing tube wells for drinking water.	Valsad (Dist.)	Valsad Vansada,Chikhli, Dharampur
5.	Atul Rural Development Fund.At.Post.Atul Indus- tries ,Dist.Valsad.	Agriculture, Employment generation, mobile dispensary Building construction for school	Valsad (dist.)	Valsad Dharampur, Pardi, Valsad.
6.	Morarji Desai Gram.monnati Trust At. Vaktana,Via-sachin Dist. Surat.	Gas Plant, Training for Gobar Gas Plant, Adult Literacy Programme, drainase scheme, health occupational skill development training	Val sado Surat	Valsad , Surat Choryasi
7.	Atik Rural Development fund At.Atul Industries Tal. Chikhli, Dist. Valsad.	Education, Agriculture, Animal Husbandry Forestry Health services facilities for supply of drinking water, maintainance of Road and Checkdams Employment oriented activities.	Val sad.	Valsad Chikhli.

		3		
1.	2.		<b>T</b> •	5.
8.	Rohit Paper Mills, Gram Nirman Trust,	Land Development, Houging Agricultural instruments Irrigration health services Insdustries, Cooperation	Valsad	Valsad. Pardi, Navsari
9.	Trust, Nava am, Tal. Navsari,	Gopalvan, Grass, Vaternary, Cooperative stores Bank for Shring food grains, mobile , dispensary, Argiculture extension Services.	Val sad	Whole District
10.	Sardar Smark Trust At: Kachholi, Tal: Gandevi, Dist: Valsad.	Training for Amber Charkha, Industries for woman ,sewing Classes.		Val sad Gandevi
	The Gujarat Vanvasi Kalyan Parisad 10,Sumatinagar Societ Usman Pura, Ahmedabad-13.		Valsad	Val sad Dharampur
12,		Buiding Construction for School repairing of the school building Ashram School construction, equip- ment for agriculture school Library Balwadi, supplementant Nutrition food distribution Help to Basic and Post Basic Schools.	Gujarat State as a whole	Dharampur, Dang, Surat, Bharuch.

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2.					
	•	• 4 • •			
-					
	2.	3.	- 4.	5.	
	M & T'A & MM & COA & LOA & MM & MM & CLA & MM & MOA & MM & CTA & T'A	a 5 ar 6 and 6 and 6 and 8 and 8 and 8 an 9 and 8 and	a 8 aun 8 u∽ 6 aus 8 aus 9 aus 9 aus 0 aur 8	cus a nor a rue a rue a non a rue a rue a rue	
5.	S.P. Charitable Trust	Construction of building	Surat	Surat	
	Bombay, Halad Post- Bex-7602	for School and Nursary School, Import Techni- cal Education		Songadh Vyara	
4-	Sir Syaji Rao Diamand Jubilee and Memorial Trust Near ,Fatahganj Post office , Vadodara.	To Provide Scin. ul employment to 1200 to 1500 poor families Agriculture, Animal husbandry Rural Employmen Irrigation, Training Sc		Songadh Taluka	
5.	Sarvodaya Parivar Trust At: Pindval Tal: Dharampur Dist: Surat.	Food grain Bank, Amber charkha parishrama laya, Health education, narsery school	/ Valsad	Dharampur Taluka	1.
6.	Gujarat Blind Relief and Health Association, C/o, Pusya Ravishankar Maha- raj eue Hospital Chilkedera, Dist: Kheda.	r sanising eue camp, prevention of malnu- tritional blindnents among children, Clinical Services.	Whole of Statat	Eue camps can be organized at Dharampur , Dang etc.	

KK/2888.

Annexure:XI

6-

Information regarding Govt. departments and National level agencies to be involved in the Programme

No.	Name of the deportment 2.	Programmes to be planned at Dharampur and Dong ' 3.
	National Institute of Secial Defence, New Delbi	Training Programmes for: (1) Prevention of drug Abuse and Alcoholism-(2) Voluntary participation in Social Lefence (3) Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act for women.
ini	Finistr of Education and culture state youth Board; Gandbinagar	Youth leadersh up Training Vocational Guidance to Educated unemployed youth, yoga shibir,
100 (200) (200) (200)	Tribal Sub-plan et vansada, Dharampur, Abva, Mandavi, Songadh, Rajpipla etc.	Various short term seminars, orientation Programmes, workshops etc. will be planed for School teachers, Social workers, women, members of the panchayat, cultural troop, ruvak mandals, farmers, meral artisans etc.
	Khadi and Village Industries Conmission, Bombay	to organise study circle, Seminars and competitions for the spread of the idea of Khadi and Village industries among College and university teachers and students
an ann han ann ann	Department of Rural Development, New Delbi.	Village development programme, Rural employment programme, women and child development, occupational skill development training,

1.	2.	
	Ministry of women and social welfare New Delhi.	Sccio-economic programme for needy women and handicapped, candensed course for Adult women, child welfare programme.
	Ministry of health an Family welfare	Nutrition and health education mass education and media for family welfare
	Department of science and Technology Govt. of India.	Promotion and development of Technology for S.C. and S.T. and other weaker section, science and Technology for women, people's science movement.
. 1007 ans dev eve e	Ministry of Human Resource Development	Innovative projects for NFE for Elementary age group, promotion of National integration among youth, youth Development programmes,
	Committee for Implementing legal Aid Scheme (CTLAS)	Legal and legal education
	Ministry of bome affairs	Integrated fribal Development projects, S.C. S.T. Coaching programme for competitive : examination.

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# DEPT.OF CONTINUING EDUCATION AND EXTENSION WORK

Scheme- 1

## SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT

PROPOSAL FOR AREA DEVELOPMENT APPROACH :

### I Indenfification date :

1.	Name of the university :	South Gujarat University,S
2.	Name of the Department :	Department of continuing Education & Extension Work
з.	Name of Director :	Prof.Nanubhai N. J <sub>o</sub> shi
4.	Number of facilities in the University :	University has audiovisual aids well equipped library laboratory
5.	Number of Départments in the University :	14
6.	Number of affiliated Colleges	: 46
7.	Number of teachers in the University and affiliated colleges	a. University = 90 b. Colleges = 1348
8.	Number of students in the University and affiliated colleges.	a. University = 845 b. Colleges = 32926
Area	a Data :	
1.	Name of the area chosen by :	DHARAMPUR, Taluka.
2	Name of the area chosen	Valsad & Dang district.

. .

3. Other datails of the area chosen (please attach a detailedmicrolevel survey including following parametera).

II

(i) Occupational profile of the area

(ii) Development programmes in the area including education, health, Science and technology, rural development, skillstraining) women and child Development. (iii) any other detail consi-dered relevant.

#### III University/Colleges Extension Resource Date Sta

Director Ass.Director	50 80	One
		One field in and Two more posts are Sanctioned (it is in process
Project Officer	0 9	One fiels in and three more post are sanctioned (it is in process).
Technical Assistant Account Assistant	80 80	One post Sanctioned Yet it is process in ) One
ACCOUNT ASSISTENT	•	DITE
Steno/Typist	5 #	Sanctioned one post yet to be filled (it is in process)
Clerk/Typist		.ne
Peon	e	1.1
Any Other	0 17	N.A. ( please specify)
		Indian number against each)

#### IV Area Development approach project proposal Area based programme

.2.1	Cent <b>re</b> Number of	Adult educations students proportions involved MPFL	:	Univresity 100 1500	Colleges 100 Yet to be finalised.
V E	wherethe	Communities population activities wil aken	-]	3 clubsat 3p 100 clubsat community	• <b>G</b> • 13
r e	where the	community continuing Activities idertaken	20	100	100

- 2--

- 5. Number of JSNS proposed to be set up
- 6. Number of NFE Centres : proposed to be set up.
- 7. Other Development activi-: ties planned and other University departments/ outside or ganizati ons/ agencies to be involved.
- 10+15=25 10

100 13

Voluntary agencies, Govt. and semi.Govt. agencies agricultu University will be involved

(II) Institution - based programme: Training: - Training of the

ning:- Training of the function ries of Adult education,J of the University as well as colleg will be organized Flease see Append:

Signature of Registar / Committee officer University of South Gujarat

Signature of the head t Department/Centre of Adult,Continuing Educat. University of South Guja



#### Appendix - A

Name of Taluka	: DHARAMPUR and DANG District
No. of villages	: 238 311
Number of forest cooperatives	: 80 132
Total member of	: 25317 N.A.
Population	:237073 113664

Various tribes include knokanas, Dhodias, Naikas, Kathodias and holgha. About 45% of the population of taluka is included in working group manpower which is either engaged in farming as a farmer, farm labourers, in mines animal husbandary, forestry, fishery, hunting nursery, cottage industries, building and road construction, business and service.

#### Development Programmes :

There is a dense forest which has a tremendous potentiality for developing a forest economy. Govt. shoemes of providing loans and subsidies are there but it has proved burden to poor because poor farmers of wage earners are compelled to pay beyond their capacity.

The general prejudice against aborginility in the thinking of many government officials. Social workers merchants living in this region and the view that they are mentally primitive has led to break down of the socian and psychological life of the tribals which has in turn led to success from much of general life of the wider community. The educated tribals are the worst victim and those who remain unemployed after getting education show clear hostility. These people once enjoyed a more haromonious and

satisfying life but to day they are living a life of degradation and misery. No study has been made yet about the status of women. ICDS scheme has been introduced for m ther and child's health. It has been observed that young leadership has increased an awareness of rights among the tribal people as a citizens of independent democratic country.

There is one colloges in Dharampur. On an average practically each village has a primary school. There are enough number of primary health centres and sub Centres. There is a District Science Centre through which Scientific cut look among the tribals is hoped to be inculate. At Dharampur there is a big library and a museum on tribal life of India.

Institution based programme : the University Department of Continuing Education and Extension Work will understake following programmes:

Adult education centros

University : 100

College based : 100

Training: (1) 8 beaches each of 30 train les of Adust out on and supervisors - 11 be organise

> %raining programme for College Principells and programme officers. (jointly with the neighbouring universities) will be organised).

> > thing - They are

- (3) Montors trainings each with 30 three batches for M P F L.
- (4) Ten batches each of 150 to linee volunteers for M P F L.

#### Continuing Education Centres:

(1) University based:

100 communator destress.

(2) College based:

100 community centres. (I of the tembetive corses has been at thed separately).

- Population education:

University: 100 club, at each A.E. Commune C llege: 13 clubs one each at college.

- anning forur:

Universit, : 100 p. - ming forum cent one at each A.E. Centres.

(List of the Colleges have attached in Appendix-C).

Colleges : 13

Other Development Proclamates

y to

The University will associate its the the various developmental and neelth schemes of the the government as well as central government tentative list the continuin, education programmes

Target population (i) Women.

(ii) Illiterate and the een 15 to
(iii) Yourb of 21 years are in year of ...
(iv) School age channels.

(A) Women: (1) Training in village not the and cottage industries (2) Health education for and child health care (3) Training in handing food preserves nutrition, cooling, home management, and pneous . practices etc. (4) Use of science in the life of a man wife. (5) Leadership training among + mahila cooperatives, members of village daluka panchaya . (6) Para legal relang for women. (7) Para medical among women. (8) Women Adult education rkers. (9) Interview clinic for educated un sed tribal (10) Course in population education. . . . Course in buffaloe raring, a raring, griculture (12) Course in bamboo craft, make make , basket make and broom making, chair canning, etc. (13) ourse in kitchan gardening. (14) Course in sanitation. ( )) Course in social forestry. (16) Course for lady - other of primary and secondary schools. (17) Course in ost aid and preliminary treatment. (18) Course in mitation and building health habits.

This list can be revised, modified und extended in the light of banch mark survey.

#### (B) Programmes pertaining to legal literacy:

(1) Organising people's court (i.e. Lethdalat).
(2) Providing legal consultancy. (3) Legal literacy course for creating awareness regarding consultancy rights and duties for Indian citizens. (4) Orientation

production in adivasi dialects trgarding fundamental knowledge of law (primers for legal aids, literacy, wall papers, posters etc.). (6) Course for special acts e.g. special rights to tribals, handuse,muslims etc. (7) Legal aspects of prohibition act for preventing drug, abuse and alcoholism.

#### (C) Van mahotsav:

(1) Course in social forestry. (2) Course in social
forestry., (3) Course in planning forum. (4) Role of youth
in social reconstruction. (5) Role of sprench, president
and members in development programmes, social welfare
activities and availing a social justice to the poor.
(6) Techniques of mass communications, public contact.
(7) Vocational guidance for educated unemployed tribal
youth. (8) Leadership development training. (9) Developing
cultural troops. (10) Non formal education centres for
drop outs and non entraints to the school. (11) Adult
Education (literacy) classes for age group 15 to 35 year
population.

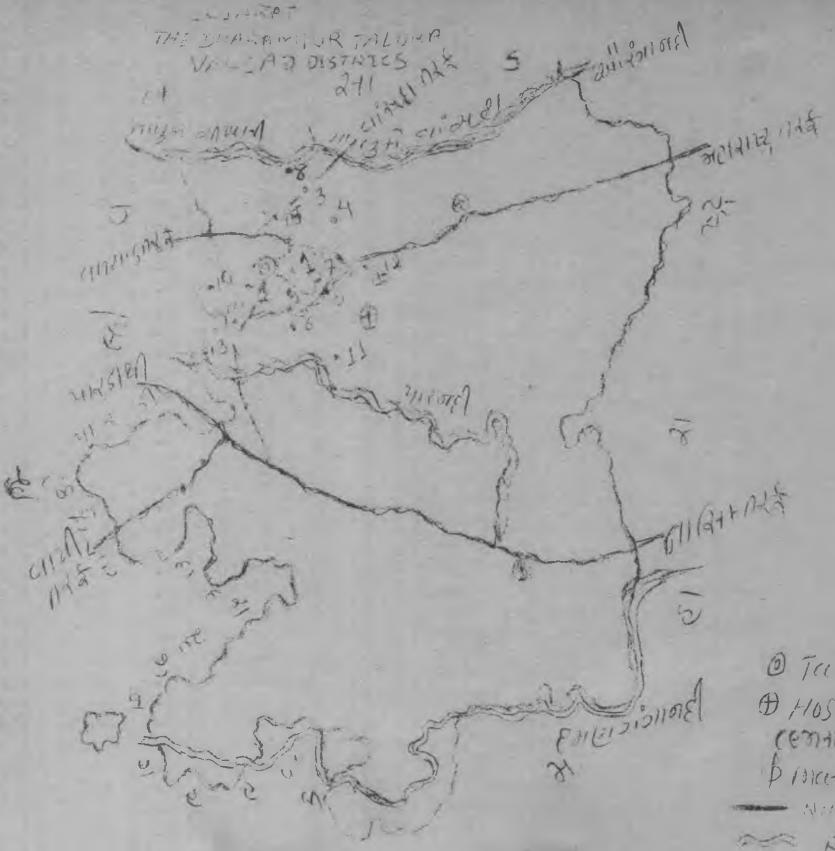
#### Appendix : C

List of the colleges participating in Adult Education, Continuing Education, Population Education and Planning forum. Name of the Colleges :

1. M.T.B. Arts College, Surat.

the de anne anne

- 2. Navyug Science College, Surat.
- 3. Patel Raman Brothers Arts & Patel Gopalbhai Ranchhodji Commerce College. Bardoli.
- 4. Shri K, P. College of Commerce, Surat.
- 5. Shri M. R. Desai Arts & Shri E. E. Laher Commerce College, Chikhli, Dist.Valsad.
- 6. A. V. Patel Commerce College, Bilimora.
- 7. Mahila Arts & Commerce College, Navsari.
- 8. Shri J. S. Bhakta & Shri K. M. Bhakta Arts & Shri A. N. Shah Science & Shri N. F. Shah Commerce College, Kholvad.
- 10. J. M. Shah Arts & Commerce College, Jambusar.
- 11. Smt. R. P. Chauhan Arts & Smt. J. K. h K. D. Shah Commerce College, Vyara, Dist.Surat.
- 12. Shri M. R. Arts & Science College, Rajpipla.
- 13. Mrs. J. P. Shroff Arts College, Valsad.
- N.B.1 The detail area plan project proposals of above mentioned Colleges will be sent sonn.
- N.B.2 More Colleges will be motivated in due course and additional list will be sent to U.G.C.





### Scheme - 2-

### INVOLVENTINT OF UNIVERSITIES/COLLEGIES IN THE NATIONAL LITERACY MISSION PROGRAMME

Project Propose]

(From: 1988 to 1995)

The Department of Continuing Education and Extension work, South Gujarat University, Surat will organise 100 Adult Literacy Centres every year from <u>1988 to 1999</u>. I will also organise training of functionaries of Adult Education Programme, provide guidance, make policy, recommend for release of grant, undertake monitoring, supervision and evaluation of on going programmes of <u>HIM 13</u> colleges have sent their concent to participate in the programme of NLM. The detail proposals of the colleges will be sent in due course of time.

1. Name of the University : South Gujarat University, Surat.

- 2. Total number of colleges: 46 in the university
  - (a) Boys colleges : Nil
  - (b) Girls colleges : 2
  - (c) Co-education : 44 colleges
- 3. Number of college to be involved in the programme

	6.9								1
Boys Colleges	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
G <b>irls</b> Colleges	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	
Co-edu- cation colleges	12	12	20	25	25	30	44	44	
Notal	13	13	21	27	27	32	46	46	

1988- 89-90 90-91 91-92 92-93 93-94 94-95 Total

Estimated number of centres to be organised

		1985- 39	89-90	90-91	91-92	52-93	93-94	9495	Total
<b>(</b> a)	by th uni- ver- sity	100	) 100	100	1.00	100	100	100	700
(b)	by th Colle ge		100	100	100	100		100	700
	Total	. 20(	) 200	200	200	200	200	200 1	400

Financial Implications to organise programme

(a)	For	University	2,52,120	2,52,120	through out 1995
(b)	For	colleges	2,52,120	2,52,120	through out 1995
		Total	5.04,240	5,04,240	Upto the year 1995

The Universities/colleges have noted the following

6.

- a) Programme will be implemented as per new guide lines on Adult and Continuing Education and Extension Programmes in Universities and colleges (1988).
- b) Special care will be taken to organise programmes for women, S. and S.T. from DHARAMPUR taluka and DANG Distric.
- c) compact area of the community will be adopted in the formulation of project on the basis of a detailed bench mark survey.
- d) Linkages with development department will be established.
- e) All the project functionaries will be the trained before the commencement of the programme.

- f) Co-ordination, monitoring and evaluation of the programme will be undertaken at the regular interval of the time.
- g) The N.S.S. andAdult Education functionaries at all stages will work together to promote co-ordination
- h) The New guide lines on Adult and Continuing Education and Extension Programmes in universities and colleges (1988) have been thoroughly understood.

Mr.G.A. Iesai Registrar University of South Gujarat Surat Mr.N.N.Joshi Pirector Department of Continuing Education and Existsion Work South Gujarat University, Surat,

Scheme for assistance to Voluntary Agencies for Setting-up Jana kshan Milayamas (JSN) for Neo-literates.

### APPLICATION FORM : PARIEI

### (to be filled by Applicant)

- 1.
- Its objectives and activities 2. (give brief nistory)
- "hether registered under 3. Indian Societies' Registration Act, 1860(Act XXI of 1860) Public trust of non-profitmaking of company ? Ĝive number and attach copy of the relevant document.
- 4. Whether the organisation has . had any experience in organising Adult Education Programmes ? If so, a brief mention may be made indicating the years, type, size and location of the programmes organized.
- 5. Whether the office of the organisation is located in its own or rented building?
- 6. a) Indicate the operational area of JSNs, giving geographical location of the vill ge and the cluster of villages around (Total population 3000 to 5000).
  - b) Number of JSNs to be run
  - c) Proposed arrangement of Instructor and Prerak for each JSN

- Name of the Voluntary Agency : Department of Continuing Education and Extension Work, South Gujarat University, Surat.
  - Kindly refer to Annexure 1

South Gujarat University is a statutory autonomus instittion of higher education.

- Since 1978 to 1988 921 centres of Adult Literacy programmes have been organised. 5302 persons are benefited by continuing education programmes. 334 have been trained for ICDS programme. Organised International and national conferences of A.E.
- Own building.
- 18 villages from DHARAMPUR 1 taluka and 7 villages from DANG district will be selected (List of the villages are attached)
- 25
  - 7 Prerak from DHARAMPUR taluka and 18 Prerak from DANG district will be selected and trained by the department of C.E.E.W. South Guj. University Surat

- Duration of the project d)
- Other relevant informae) tion is nv,
- Whether any ourt of the experimentation the project is 7) being or is likely to be provided by some other official, non-official or foreign source ? In so, indicate the extent and the name of agency.
- Total estimated expenditure 8) on the project
  - i) Non-recurring
  - ii) Recurring
- 9) Amount of grant requested: i-) Non-recurring
  - ii) Recurring
- List of papers/statements to be attached : 10)
  - a) Constitution of the Agency
  - b) Constitution of the Board of management with particulars of each member
  - c) Latest available annual : Copy attached report.
  - d) Details regarding the selection of Instructors and Preraks

e) Arrangements regarding training state whether on prerak has received training or not.

From 1988 September to 2 1991 September (Three years approximately)

No

- From 1988 to 1995 March . (Rs. 24,50,000/-)
- Rs. 3,50,000/- per annum
- Rs. 1.75.000/- per annum ŧ
- R. 1,75.000/- per annum 0
- 3.50.000 per annum :
- Rs. 1.75.000 per annum
- Rs. 1.75.000 per annum .
- Not applicable 0
  - Not applicable

.

- Suggestions from Serpanch, 0 Taluka Panchayat Chairman will be taken into consideration and applications will be invited from M.Sc. passed candidates and then they will be interviewed by selection committee of Department.
  - After the sanction of the project selection of the prerak will be made and trained by the Department

- 11) List of additional papers, : if any
- 12) additional information : if any.

Signature of the authorised person

Designation and stamp

### Part - II

### RECOMPENDATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT

The application has been examined and it is certified that the organisation is eligible for assistance and has the capability to take up the project applied for.

Signature \_\_\_\_

Designation

Office stamp

(The officer signing this should not be below the rank of Under Secretary).



### ANNEXURE

# DHARAMPUR TALUKA:

The list of the village where literacy Programmes were conducted by the department :

Sr.No	Name of the Village	Population of the village	f Literate Adults Remarks of 15 to 35 age group M F Total
1.	Bilpudi	4965	347 +230 = 577
2.	Barclia	2223	37 + 69 = 106
З.	Karar javeri	1795	119 + 74 = 193
4.	Kange <b>vi</b>	1751	61 + 17 = 78
5.	Chichozar	646	95 + 42 = 137
5.	Bhensdara	2041	32 + 30 = 62
7.	Barunad	1600	45 + 66 = 111
8.	Khatana	1587	32 + 30 = 62
9.	Zaria	837	72 + 55 = 127
10.	Tiskari	.3288	23 + 10 = 33
11.	Makadan	1814	24 + 07 = 31
12.	Sidhumbar	1294	71 + 42 = 113
13.	Kurgam	1361 .	69 + 61 = 130
14.	Tanki	355	16 + 18 = 34
15.	AAsuma	1912	81 + 32 = 113

## Annexure: DANG

### The list of the village where literacy

Programmes were conducted by the department :

Sr.Nc	Name of the Village	Population of the village	Alliterate aducts of 15 to 35 age group			Remark
and and and and and a so	gga MMA aan ana gan MMA MMA suit ar 1 270 ggu MMA gan aan aga ta'r unar aan tarr an	n ng gggg ggan dang muni, alini. Nini kan, mini dinin gan dilini kang angin mini u	M		Total	
1.	Hanvart Chand	521	99			
2.	Sarwa:	449	.6	7	63	
3.	Kotba	882	S.F.	00	45	
4.	Bhisya	417	ЗO	00	30	
5.	Gavaria	38'/	27	45	92	
6.	Kalaakhet	204	31	2	30	
7.	Kcilipada	386	30	30	60	
8.	Chikar	523	29	31	60	
9.	Borknet	234	17	13	30	
10.	Chankhal	4.18	30	Auto Com	30	
11.	Barkha: dhia	429	6'7	56	123	
12.	Dhavaldo 9	891	1	11	32	
13.	Nadokiliadi	467	35	25	60	
1 /	Chikatua	295	16	14	30	
15.	Kudkas	462	41		41	
16.	Kosimpetal	103	15	15	30	
17.	Jamalpaca	437	24	6	30	
18,	Waghmar	223	Wellin- Lamps	30	30	
19.	Wachai	3:27	34		34	
20.	Chinchni	622	33	But - the Bill	33	
21.	Bard: pada	335	29	nin ale ale	29	
22.	Pipaldahad	429	19	11	30	
23.	Samgahan	629	22	10	32	
24.	Ghadvi	1029	22	10	32	
25.	Jhavda	369	30	area 2000	30	
26,	Rambhas	361				
KKS/98	338/					

KKS/9888/

ocheme 4

Annexure - 3

(To be submitted in duplicate)

Scheme for assistance to Voluntary Agencies for Non-formal

Education for Elementary Age-group children under the programme of Universalization of Elementary Education.

AFFITCATION FORM

### EANT - 1

### ('to be filled by Applicant)

- 1. Name of the gency : Department of Continuing Education and Stension work, S.G.U., Surat.
- 2. Its objects and activities Kindly refer to Annexure 1 (give brief history)
- 3. Whether registered under Indian Societies' Registration Act, 1860 (Act XXI of 1960) public trust of non-profitmaking of company Give number and attach copy the relevant document.

4. Whether the organisation has any extrience in non-formal education for children ? If so, a brief mention may be made indicating the years, type, size and location of the programmes organized.

5. Whether the office of the organisation is ocated in its own of rented building?

6. Is the assistance applied for intended for running non-formal education Centres; If so

- (a) Brief description of the operation Kindly refer to Annexure-2. model, including some features;
- (b) The area where the project will be taken up (give a map of the area indicating the manner in which it would be covered by NFE centres;
- (c) Number of centres to be run,
- (d) Expervisorymair and generits; envisaged; 56 a a,

South Jujarat University is a statutory autonomous institution of higher education

Since 1978 to 1988, <u>921</u> centres of Adult Literacy programmes have been organized. <u>5302</u> persons are benefitted by continuing education programmes. <u>334</u> staff members of ICDS have been trained. Organised National and and International Conferences of A.E.

Own building.

100

NO.

Kindly refer to Anmexure: 3.

The Director, Assistant Director, Project Officer of the Deptt.of C.E.E.W.S.G.U.Surat in addition to the staff sanctioned for the NFE will supervise the project at regular intervals and prepare a progress report for the same.

(e) Type of learning teaching

The material will be procured from

	:2:	
7.	If the project does not relate to running MFE centres, give brief details of the project including of the proposed duration.	
8.	on the project is being or is likely to be provided by some other official or foreign source ? If so, indicate the extent and the name of the agency.	
9-	Total estimated expenditure on the 1988-89 1989-90 1990-9 project Dpto19	
	(i) Non-recurring Rs.69,600	
	(ii) Recurring Rs. 48,0600 4,80600 4,8060	0
	(UP TO 1995 : B.34,33,800)	
10.	. Amount of grant requested: Rs.550200'+,4980600	
	(i) Non-recurringRs.069,600(ii) RecurringRs.480600480,600	0
11.	. Whether the institution has adequate personnel to look staff after the project? If so indicate brief information for NF about them. Project Officer : 4	
12	2.List of Papers/Statements to be attached : (a) Constitution of the Agency Not Applicable	
	(b) Constitution of the Board Not Applicable of management with particulars of each member	
	(c) Latest available annual Attached herewith.	
	(d) Details regarding the selection of instructions and supervisors. Suggestions from serpanch, Talu Panchayat Chairman will be to into consideration. Applicat will be invited through News Papers. Selection committee of university will select th Instructors and supervisors after interviewing them.	aken ion
	(e) Arrangements regarding training ive details regarding the number of days of training to be provided to instructors supervisors and other stafi	eks eek
	(f) Audited accounts for the Last three years along Attached. With a copy of the cirtified Delance sheet for the previous year.	

### 2 : PART - 2

RECOMMENDATION \_F THE STATE GOVERNMENT

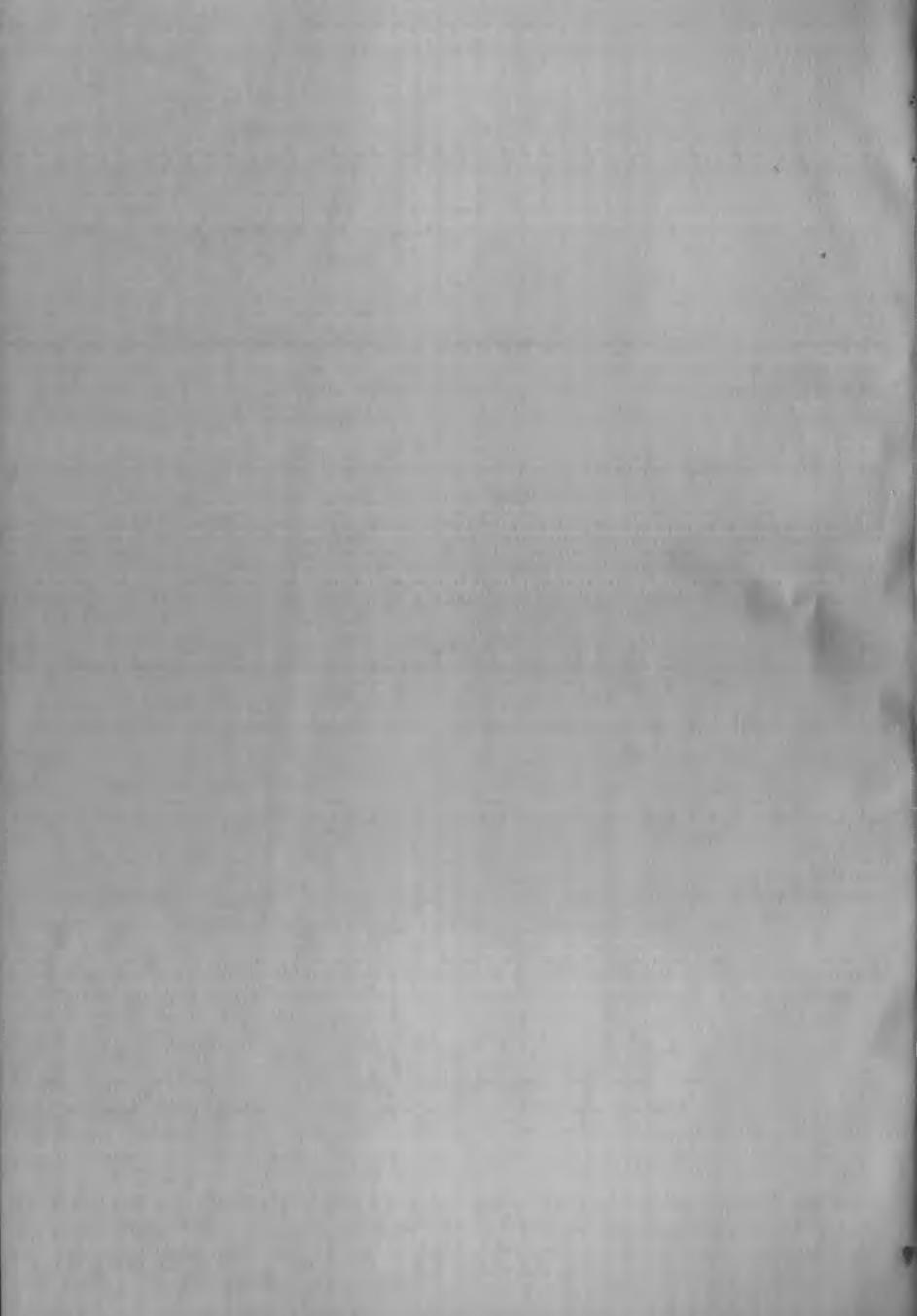
The application has been examined and it is certified that the organisation is eligible for assistance and has the capability to take up the project applied for.

Signature

Designation

Office Stamp

(the officer signing this should not be below the rank of Onder Secretary).



Schemes 5

91-92

27

### SCHEME OF PLANNING FORUMS THROUGH

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

### PROJECT PROPOSAL

Year From 1988-39 to 1995 March

92-93

32

93-94

46

1. Name of the University South Gujarat University Surat

46

89-90

13

90-91

21

- 2. Total number of Colleges In the university
- 3, Number of colleges to

be involved in the scheme of planning forums.

4 Name of colluges to be (List has ben enclosed) involved in the scheme (kindly enclosed the list of colleges)

1988-89

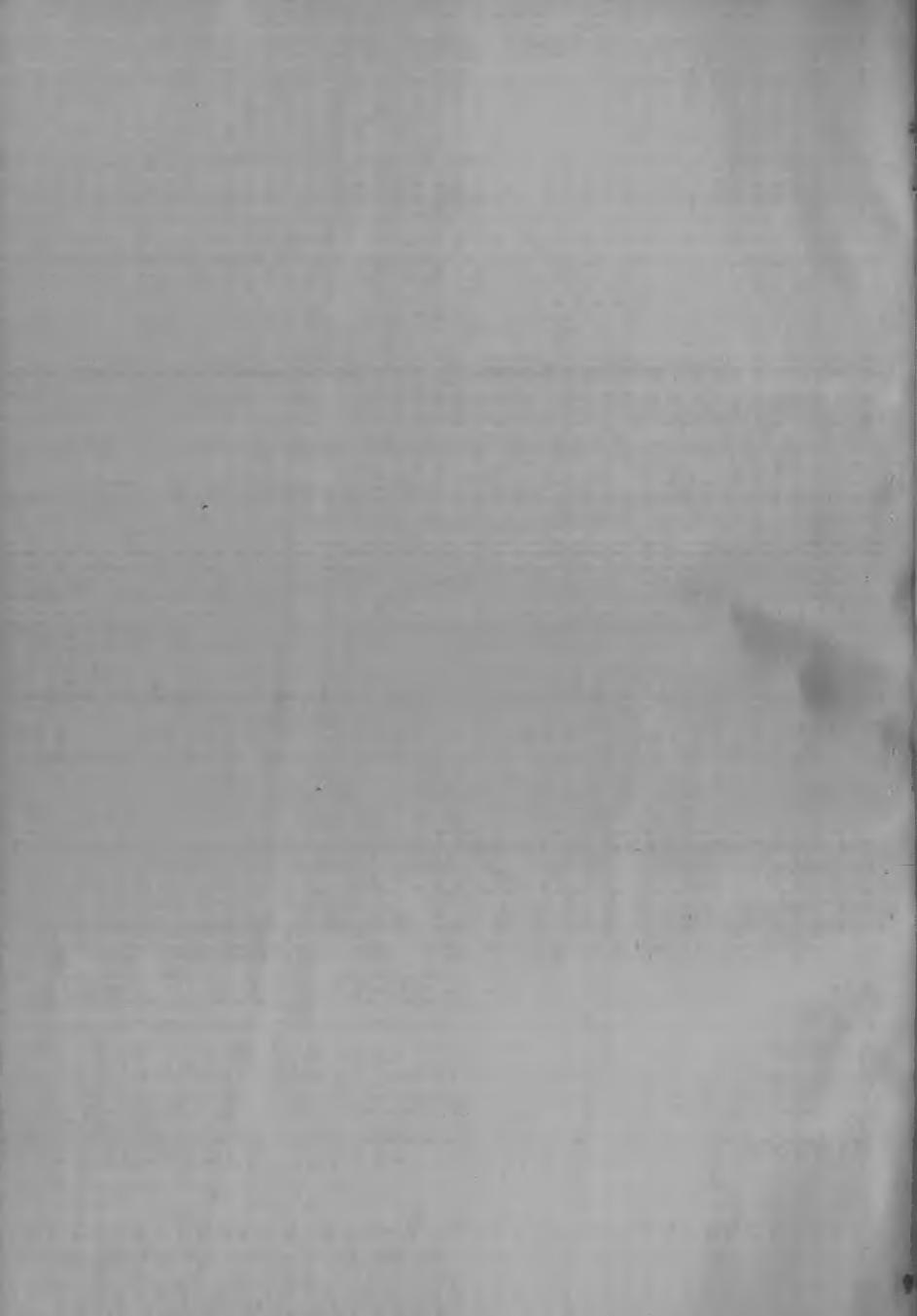
13

- 5 Whether the university will also participate in the scheme of planning forum if yes, proposal as per annexure-II be enclosed.
  - · ORGANTSATION AT THE UNIVERSITY LEVER
- 1. How the scheme of planning forums will be implemented-please indicate:-
  - (a) Through Depty/ of AE-CE Extension.
     (b) through any other Department
     (ii) Deptt.of Economics
     (iii) Deptt.of Sociology
- 2. What are the familities already available in the university for the scheme:-
  - (a) Staff

C/o. P.G. Teachers

Good Library

- (b) Material on planning forum
- (c) Equipment Electronic equipments of A.V. C.C.T.V.
- (d) Any other
- 3. How to strengthen the university forums for the implementation of the planning forums keeping in view the guidelines:-



- SCHEME 6 : SCHEME OF POPULATION EDUCATION CLUBS THROUGH
  - UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES .

PRCJECT PROPOSAL

- 1. Name of the University South Gujarat University, Surat
- 2. Total number of colleges : 46 in the university
- 3. Number of colles to be : 1988-39 to 1995 March. involved in the scheme of 88-89 90-91 91-92 92-93 93-94 94-95 population Education Clubs 13 113. 21 32 46
- 4. Names of colleges to be : involved in the scheme : (Kindly erclose the list in list has been enclosed of colleges )
- 5. Whether the university will : Three departments also participate in the scheme of population Education Clubs: Yes/Will participate if yes; proposal as per Annexure- II be enclosed.
- II Organisation at the University Level :
  - 1. How the scheme of population Education Clubs will be implemented Please indicate :
    - a) through Deptt,/Centre of AE-CE Extension (i) Yes
    - b) through Deptt./Centre of population Education ----
      - C) through any other deptt. (ii) Deptt.of Bicscience
- (iii) Deptt.cf Ruralstudies
   2. What are the facilities already available in the University for this scheme :-
  - a) Staff 90 P.G. Meachers b) Material on population
    - Edn. Good Library.

------

c) Equipment : Electronic equipments of A.V. C.C.T.V.

- 3. How to stronghten the university for the implementation of the Scheme of Population Education clubs keeping in view the guidelines :
  - a) Staff : Assistant Director 1 to Le
    - sanculoned (p.B.)
  - b) books, audi-visual aids, other material.



- c) other mise.items including -- contingencies.
- III Organisation of population Education activities at the Adult Education Centre being organised by Colleges/ university.
  - 1) Number of Adult Education Centre where population Education activities will be that :

at the University at the colleges

100 centres 100 centres

2) Lite of colleges, where such population education activities will be organised at the Adult Education Centre:

Sr.No Name of college :

No.of AF Centres where population Education uctivities will be organised college -wise.

details will be sent

IV The university College have noted the following :-

- Scheme of population education clubs through universities/colleges will be mplemented as per Vel guidelies.
- 2) Special gare will be taken to organise activities on population education for students and adult learners.
- 3) Functionaries of population Education will be trained
- 4) Material propulation Education will be provided.

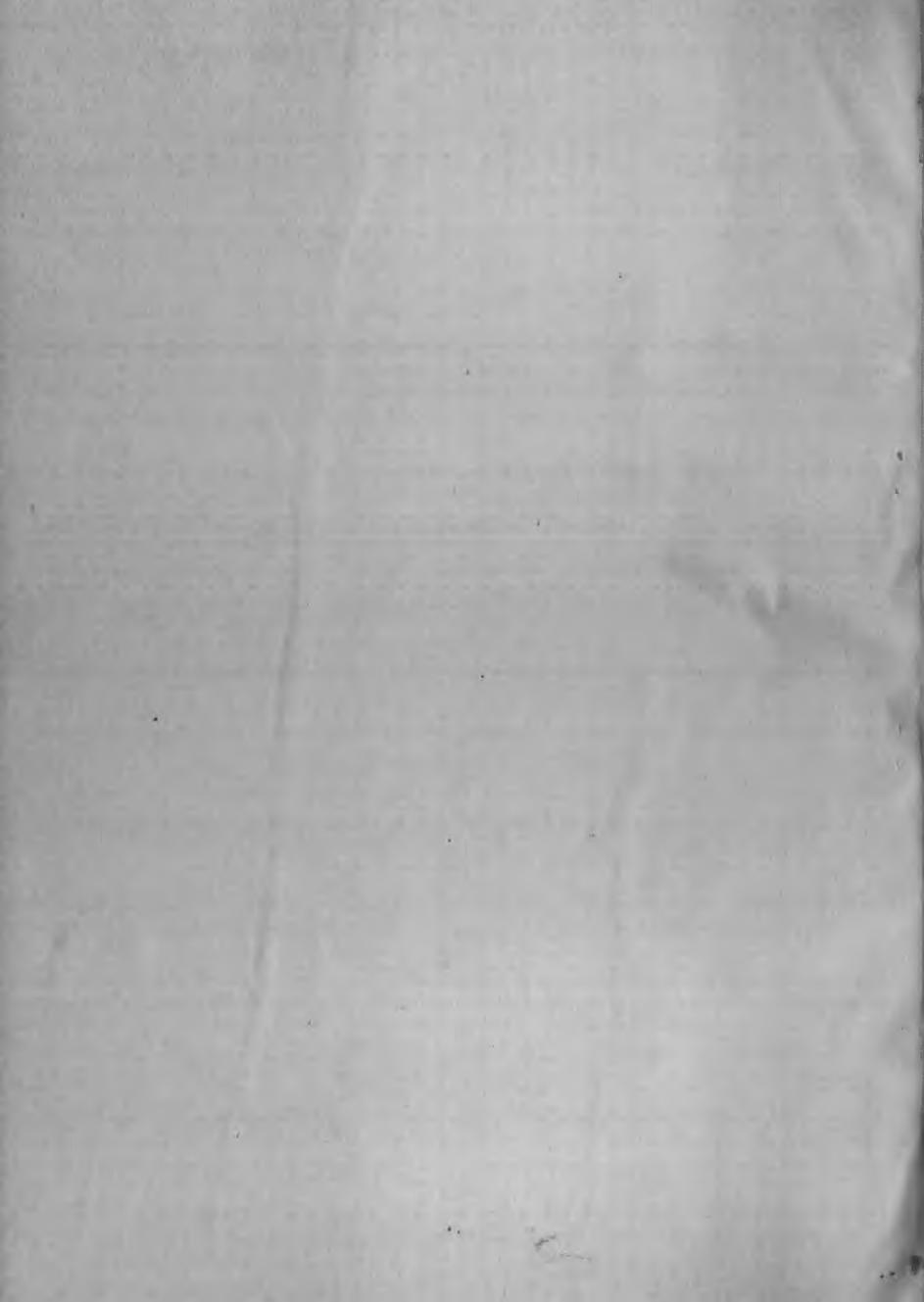
R sistra: Jniversity of

Staffing attern i clicsig ations and scales of pay will be the same in the scheme of Adult and Continuing Education and Atomsion.

# TAMALLIN

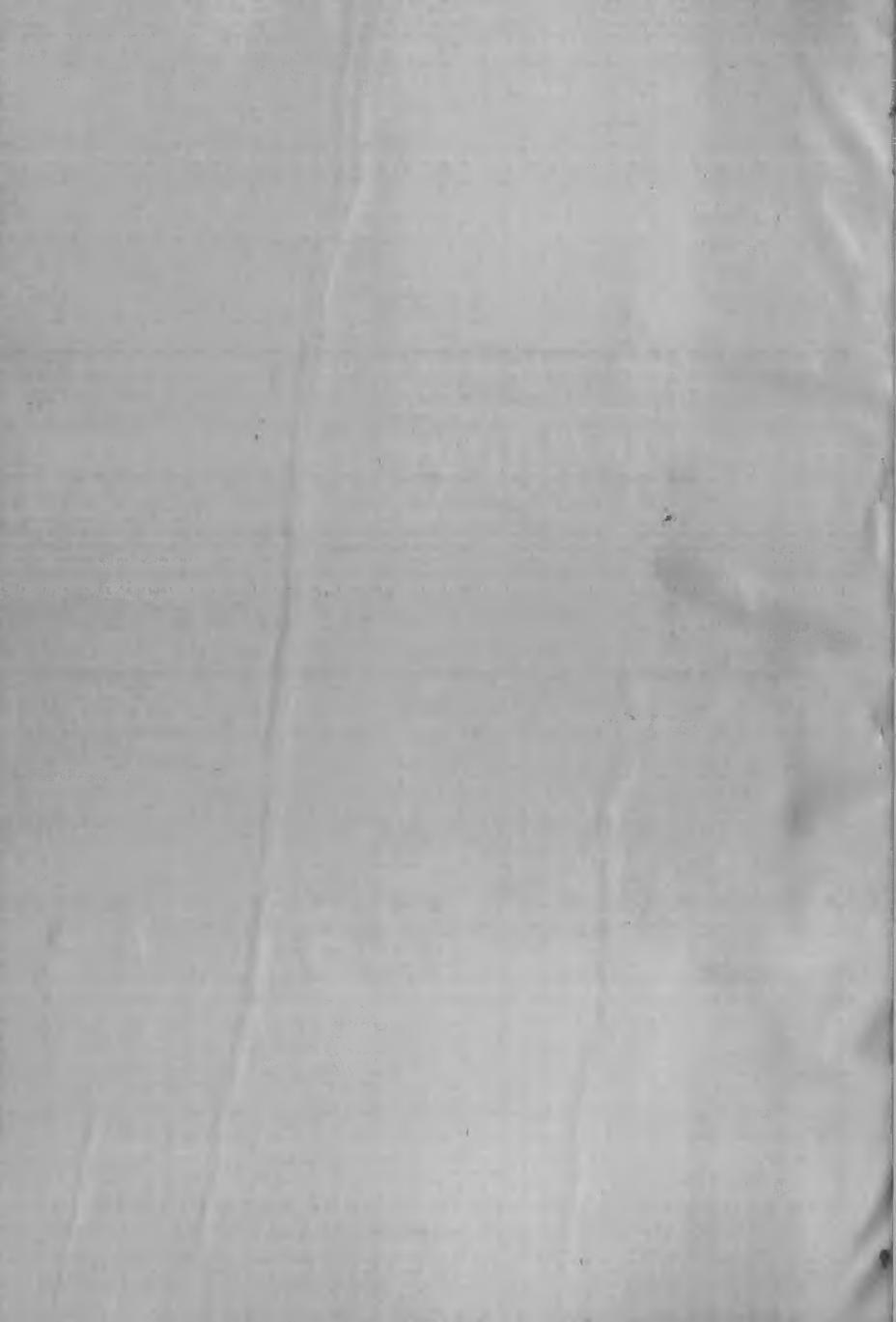


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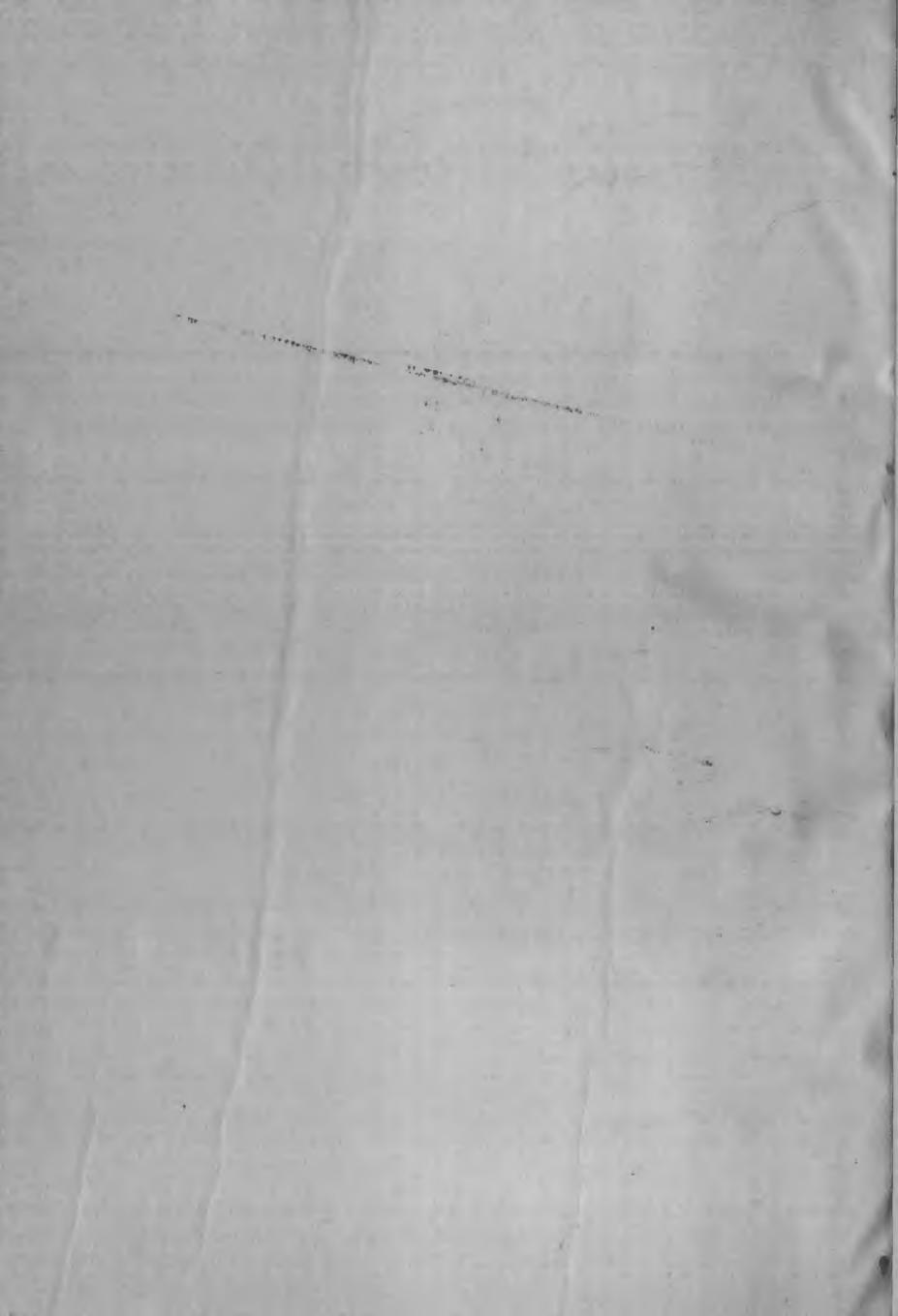
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Sub. National Systems Unit,
National Instature of Educational
Plan d Aministration
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