# BULLETIN ON JOB OPPORTUNITIES IN INDIA 

 (FOR THE YEAR 2003)GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF LABOUR \& EMPLOYMENT DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF EMPLOYMENT \& TRAINING SURVEY \& STUDY DIVISION
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# BULLETIN ON JOB OPPORTUNITIES IN INDIA 

## PREFACE

The Directorate General of Employment \& Training has been conducting, from time to time, Studies/Surveys on job profiles in India. The present issue of "Bulletin on Job Opportunities in India" is another step towards a better and reliable database on the job-opportunities available in India during 2003.

In this publication, an attempt has been made to compile and analyse the data relating to job opportunities that were available to the job seekers holding post-graduate, graduate degrees or diplomas in the disciplines of engineering, technology, agriculture, medicine, natural sciences, social sciences, teaching and other miscellaneous subjects according to the pay ranges with or without experience etc. As the job-opportunities in the private sector are partially covered, the compilation does not reflect the total picture of available employment. Further, a pioneer attempt has been made in this issue on deputation opportunities to the service personnel by adding an exclusive Chapter-XI and analyzing the data multifacetly. However, the collected information gives useful insights on employment opportunities in various sectors and sub-sectors of the economy.

I hope, this publication would be of great help not only to job-seekers, Vocational Guidance Officers, Employment Officers, Counsellors and others who are engaged in this field but also to the service personnel. Suggestions for improving the data base are always welcome as the same may help in bringing out improvement in the quality of the publication in future.

I place on record my appreciation of the work done by Shri A.S. Khan, Dy. Director of Employment Exchanges and the staff members of Survey \& Study Division for preparing and presenting this publication under the guidance and supervision of Sh. K.S. Meena, Joint Director of Employment Exchanges. The programme team is headed by Dr. V.K. Malhotra, Director of Employment Exchanges.

I also express thanks for the co-operation rendered in supply of information by Recruiting Agencies, Employment Exchanges, Universities and other related agencies all over the country.

Dated: JUNE 2006
DY. DIRECTOR GENERAL (EMPLOYMENT)
MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

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# BULLETIN ON JOB-OPPORTUNITIES IN INDIA 

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## INTRODUCTION <br> (Scope, Coverage, Limitations)

1. The present issue is the thirty fifth (XXXV) in the series of "Bulletin on JobOpportunities in India" brought out by the Directorate General of Employment \& Training (DGE\&T) in the Ministry of Labour \& Employment. The study contains information about Jobopportunities that were available during 2003 for the job-seekers holding post-graduate, graduate degrees or diplomas in the disciplines of engineering, technology, agriculture, medicine, natural sciences, social sciences, teaching and other miscellaneous subjects. An attempt has also been made in this issue to study and analyze deputation opportunities multifacetly.
2. All possible efforts were made to collect the information about Job-opportunities during 2003, advertised by the employers both in the Public and Private Sectors through the main recruiting agencies, such as Union Public Service Commission, State Public Service Commissions, Railway Recruitment Boards and Staff Selection Commission as well as those notified to Employment Exchanges, including Central Employment Exchange, New Delhi. However, the vacancies, which might have occurred but were not notified to either of the above agencies, could not be taken into account in this study. It is, also, a fact that coverage of vacancies in the Private Sector in most of the States is less.
3. The information presented in this study has been analysed according to various disciplines of studies and sectors of employment, namely Central Government, State Governments, Quasi-Government, Local Bodies and Private Sector. Vacancies have also been analysed according to three pay ranges viz., per-mensem pay upto Rs. 5000, Rs. 5001-8000, Rs. 8001 \& above. The vacancies, which could not be filled by UPSC \& State Public Service Commissions for want of suitable candidates, have also been presented in Chapter-IX \& X.
4. The information pertaining to deputation opportunities has been presented and analysed in the last chapter XI of this publication. It includes the deputation opportunities analysed according to various pay ranges, Sectors of economy, branches of study etc., and thus, illustrates a bird's eye view of deputation opportunities available all over the country.
5. State/Union Territory-wise vacancies have been identified based on the State/Union Territory of the concerned Department/agency by which vacancies have been notified, if vacancies appeared in the advertisement have not been specifically categorized the place of posting.
6. There were 322 Universities/Institutions of the national importance. Out of these, responses were received only from 220 Universities/Institutions during 2003, whereas in 1999, information was received from 204 Universities/Institutions out of the total of 247.
7. The information received from Employment Exchanges through Career Planning Information (CP-I) returns has also been incorporated alongwith vacancies compiled through Employment News for the year, 2003. The responses from Employment Exchanges all over the country remained $48 \%$.
8. The information received on shortage category of occupations which could not be filled up by the UPSC, SPSCs and RRBs during the year 2003 relates to UPSC, 18 State Public Service Commissions, Staff Selection Commission and 4 Railway Recruitment Boards. Thus, response position had been of the order of $52 \%$.
9. Most of the information/data presented in this Bulletin has been based on the actual responses.
10. Total shown in the write up as well as in different tables may not tally due to rounding.
11. It is hoped that the information contained in this Bulletin will prove useful not only for students, Vocational Guidance Officers, Counsellors, Career Masters, Universities/Research Institutions, work-seekers and others interested in the various aspects of careers but also to the various categories of service personnel interested to join other Departments/Ministries on transfer on deputation.

## HIGHLIGHTS

## Trend in Job opportunities

1. In all 34,177 vacancies notified in 2003 to the Union Public Service Commission, State Public Service Commissions, Railway Recruitment Boards and Employment Exchanges including Central Employment Exchange were covered for the purpose of this report.

## Job-opportunities by Sectors:

2. The analysis of vacancies notified during 2003 according to various sectors of employment shows that $33 \%$ of the vacancies were notified each by the Central Government and Quasi-Government. Break-up of vacancies in other sectors was State Governments 24\%, Private Establishments 6\%, and Local Bodies 4\%.

## Job-opportunities by Faculties:

3. The distribution of vacancies notified during 2003 by faculties shows that the maximum 34\% of the total vacancies were notified for Engineers, followed by $23 \%$ for Miscellaneous Graduates, $16 \%$ each for Medical Personnel and Social Sciences \& Teaching, 6\% for Natural Scientists, about 4\% for Agricultural \& Allied Scientists and 1\% for Technologists.

## Job-opportunities by Pay-Ranges:

4. About $39 \%$ of the vacancies during 2003 were notified in the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month, followed by $34 \%$ in the middle pay-range of Rs. 5001-8000 per month and $27 \%$ of the job offered in the pay-range of Rs. 8001 and above.

## Job-opportunities by Experience:

5. Nearly $58 \%$ of the vacancies were open to freshers having no previous work experience during 2003.

## Job-opportunities by States/U.Ts:

6. Among States/UTs, maximum share of the vacancies notified during 2003 was, $24 \%$ of Uttar Pradesh, followed by Delhi $16 \%$, Maharashtra $15 \%$, Kerala 6\%, Jammu \& Kashmir 5\%, Andhra Pradesh 4\%, Madhya Pradesh and Tamil Nadu 3\% each, Gujarat, Karnataka and West Bengal 2\% each, other States/U.Ts shared rest of the vacancies.

## Out-turn from Universities:

7. Out-turn of Graduates and Post-Graduates from universities during the year 2002 was $12,85,856$ as against $13,05,507$ in the year 2003. The data has been received from 220 out of 322 Universities (68\%).
8. For the second time discipline-wise out turn of Doctorate Degree Awardees (Ph.D) during the year 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 was taken up for analysis in relation to super-speciality jobs. The number of persons awarded Doctorate Degree in the various disciplines during 2002-2003 was 13,733 as against 11,974 during 2001-2002.
9. Out-turn of Doctorate Degree Awardees was sufficient enough to cater the need for super speciality jobs.
10. The out-turn from Universities was in bulk as compared to the negligible vacancies advertised during 2003.

## Trends in Deputation Opportunities

11. In all 2175 deputation opportunities were notified through advertisements in Employment News published during the year 2003. Major portion of deputation opportunities were for experienced Graduates (55\%) emerging from total Central Sector comprising $67 \%$ proportion and having shared under middle pay range of Rs. 5001-8000 to the tune of equal ratio. For detailed appreciation, refer chapter XI vis-a-vis Table 11A to 11 E .

## CHAPTER-I <br> JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR ENGINEERS

1.1 Nearly $34 \%$ of the total Job-opportunities offered during 2003 were meant for engineering personnel. In all, 11536 vacancies for engineers were notified in 2003 as against 9756 during 2000, reflecting an increase of $18 \%$. Out of these 11536 vacancies, 7081 were meant for persons holding diploma-level qualifications and 4455 for degree holders in either of the engineering disciplines.

## Classification of Vacancies:

1.2 Engineering vacancies notified during 2003 have been classified under 34 heads (Table 1A-1B). It may, however, be pointed out that such of the vacancy notifications, where the employing establishments failed to mention specific qualification required, and left them in non-classifiable category, have been shown and classified under the head "Engineers- Unspecified". Vacancies meant for combination of two or more allied subjects have been suitably grouped as 'Architecture-Civil, Electrical-Mechanical' \& Mechan-ical-Metallurgical' etc.

## Job-opportunities by Branches of Engineering:

1.3 The study of the vacancies notified during 2003 according to various branches of engineering indicates that out of 11536 vacancies, $19 \%$ were meant for those who had specialised in Mechanical Engineering branch, 17\% for Civil Engineering, 15\% for unspecified branches of Engineering and Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/Communication (including Radio), 12\% for Electrical Engineering, 9\% for Electrical/Mechanical Engineering and 2\% for Agricultural Engineering.

## Engineering Vacancies by Sectors:

1.4 An analysis of Engineering vacancies notified during 2003 according to the sector of employing establishments has revealed that $43 \%$ of the total vacancies belong each to the Central Govt. and to the Quasi-Govt., $9 \%$ to the State Govt., $3 \%$ to the Private establishments and the remaining 2\% to Local Bodies.

## SECTOR-WISE JOB OPPORTUNITIES FOR ENGINEERS DURING 2003



■ CENTRAL GOVT. ■ STATE GOVT. ■QUASI GOVT. ■LOCALBODIES -PRIVATE

## Engineering Job-offers by Pay-Ranges:

1.5 Analysis of the Job-offers made to engineers during 2003 according to pay-ranges reveals that majority of the vacancies (46\%) were carrying Job-offers in the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month, $29 \%$ of the jobs offered in the middle pay-range of Rs. 5001-8000 per month and the rest $25 \%$ in the highest pay-range of Rs. 8001 and above per month.

## Job-opportunities for Fresh-Engineers:

1.6 It is interesting to note that out of all the vacancies meant for engineers during $2003,66 \%$ vacancies were offered to freshers having no work-experience. Most of these fresher's job-openings belonged to Aeronautical, Agricultural, Automobile, Civil, Electrical, Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/Communication (including Radio), Electrical/Mechanical, Instrument, Mechanical, Metallurgical, Public Health, Tool, Town \& Country Planning disciplines. The table-1 indicates the distribution of percentage of vacancies for engineering degree and diploma holders with or without work-experience.

TABLE - 1

Distribution of vacancies for Engineers

| Qualification levels | Work experience required | Number of vacancies notified during the year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2000 | 2003 |
| (A) Degree | With experience | $\begin{gathered} 1763 \\ (18.1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2406 \\ & (20.8) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Without experience | $\begin{aligned} & 2717 \\ & (27.8) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2049 \\ & (17.8) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | All | $\begin{gathered} 4480 \\ (45.9) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4455 \\ & (38.6) \end{aligned}$ |
| (B) Diploma | With experience | $\begin{gathered} 796 \\ (8.2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1511 \\ (13.1) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Without experience | $\begin{aligned} & 4480 \\ & (45.9) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5570 \\ (48.3) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | All | $\begin{gathered} 5276 \\ (54.1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7081 \\ & (61.4) \end{aligned}$ |
| Total no of vacancies |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 9756 \\ (100.0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11536 \\ (100.0) \end{gathered}$ |

Note : Figures in brackets represent percentages.

## State-wise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

1.7 The study of the Job-opportunities made out of the vacancy notifications of 2003 meant for engineering personnel according to the location of the employing establishments, showed that 20\% came from Delhi followed by Uttar Pradesh 18\%, 15\% from Maharashtra, 6\% from Madhya Pradesh, 5\% each from Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh, 4\% from Gujarat, 3\% each from Bihar, Jammu \& Kashmir, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Uttranchal and West Bengal.
Note : Statistical details relating to the year 2003 have been given in the Table No. 1A, 1B \& 1 C .

## CHAPTER- II JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR TECHNOLOGISTS

2.1 During 2003, 213 vacancies for technologists were notified as against 216 in 2000, reflecting almost a negligible change.

## Classification of Vacancies:

2.2 The vacancies notified for various technological areas have been classified under 26-heads (Table 2A-2B). The last head of vacancies includes such of the vacancies, where the employing establishments either prescribed certain combination of qualifications or no specific qualification.

## Job-opportunities by Branches of Technology:

2.3 The study of the vacancies notified in 2003 according to various technological areas shows that $30 \%$ of the Job-opportunities offered to Food Technology, followed by $18 \%$ for the other Technology subjects and for Textile Technology each, $17 \%$ for Printing Technology, 4\% for Leather Technology and 3\% for Biotechnology.

## Technology-Vacancies by Sectors:

2.4 Analysis of the vacancies offered to the technologists during 2003 according to the sector of employing establishments has revealed that $46 \%$ of these Job-opportunities belonged to the Central Government followed by $30 \%$ to Quasi Government, $15 \%$ to State Government, $8 \%$ to Private establishments and $1 \%$ to Local Bodies.

## Job-offers according to Pay-Ranges:

2.5 Analysis of the Job-offers made to technologists in 2003 according to pay-ranges shows that $44 \%$ vacancies belonged to the highest pay-range of Rs. 8001 \& above, $35 \%$ job-offered in the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month and $21 \%$ job offered between 5001-8000 per month.

## Job-opportunities for Fresh Technologists:

2.6 An analysis of the Job-offers made to technologists during 2003 according to the work-experience shows that $64 \%$ vacancies were offered to the persons having some previous work-experience whereas $36 \%$ vacancies were offered to the persons having no
pervious experience. Such fresher's job-openings were available to the Textile, Dyeing and Printing technology and other Technological Subjects. The following table gives the distribution of vacancies for degree holder technologists with or without work experience.

TABLE - 2

Distribution of vacancies for Technologists

| Qualification levels | Work experience <br> required | Number of vacancies notified <br> during the year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
| Degree | With experience | 129 | 136 |
|  |  | $(59.7)$ | $(64.8)$ |
|  | Without experience | 87 | 77 |
|  |  | $(40.3)$ | $(36.2)$ |
| Total no. of vacancies |  | $(100.0)$ | $(100.0)$ |

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentages.

## Statewise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

2.7 The study of the Job-opportunities offered during 2003 through vacancy notifications meant for technologists by location of the employing establishments reveals that $29 \%$ of the Jobs came from Utter Pradesh followed by $28 \%$ from Delhi, $20 \%$ from Maharashtra, 8\% from Madhya Pradesh, 4\% each from Tamil Nadu and Punjab, 2\% from Arunachal Pradesh. Remaining States shared the residual portion of Job-opportunities for the technologists.

Note : Statistical details relating to the year 2003 have been given in the Table No. 2A, 2B \& 2C.

## CHAPTER- III <br> JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS

3.1 During 2003, out of the total 34177 Job-opportunities, 1500 (4.4\%) were notified for agricultural \& allied scientists, as against 1101 in 2000.

## Classification of vacancies:

3.2 The vacancies notified for agricultural scientists have been classified into 30 broad categories (Table 3A-3B). The thirtieth category, namely "other agricultural subjects" takes care of all such vacancy notifications where the employing establishments did not mention their specific qualification requirements.

## Job-opportunities by Branches of Agricultural Sciences:

3.3 The study of the vacancies notified in 2003 according to branches of agricultural \& allied sciences reveals that out of a total of $1500,39 \%$ job-opportunities were shared by Veterinary \& Animal Husbandry followed by $17 \%$ in other Agricultural Subjects, 6\% in Horticulture, 5\% in Agronomy and Agricultural Extension each, 4\% in Plant Breeding \& Genetics, $3 \%$ in Soil Science and Plant Physiology each and $2 \%$ in Plant Pathology.

## Job-opportunities by Sectors of Employers:

3.4 Analysis of the vacancies notified during 2003 according to the sector of employing establishments indicates that a significant proportion (48\%) of the total Jobopportunities were offered by the Quasi Government, $34 \%$ by the State Governments, $15 \%$ by the Local Bodies, $2 \%$ by Central Government and remaining $1 \%$ by Private Sector.

## Job-offers according to Pay-Ranges:

3.5 The study of the Job-opportunities notified for agricultural \& allied scientists according to pay-ranges reveals that $44 \%$ of the total vacancies notified during 2003 belonged to the middle pay-range of Rs. 5001-8000, $36 \%$ belonged to the highest pay-range of Rs. $8001 \&$ above per month. Remaining $20 \%$ of the jobs fell in the lowest pay range of upto Rs. 5000 per month.
Job-openings for Freshers:
3.6 It is interesting to find that out of all the vacancies, those were meant for the scientists in the field of agriculture \& allied disciplines in 2003, bulk ( $61 \%$ ) job-openings were meant for those having previous work-experience. Such Job-opportunities belonged to the branches of Agronomy, Agricultural Botany, Agricultural Economics, Agricultural Extension, Fishery, Dairying, Forestry, Horticulture and Veterinary Science \& Animal Husbandry. The distribution of the vacancies in the aforementioned disciplines work-experience wise is indicated in the following table:

TABLE- 3

Distribution of Vacancies for Agricultural Scientists

| Qualification level | Work experience | No. of vacancies offered during the year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | required | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
| Degree | With experience | 594 | 911 |
|  |  | $(54.0)$ | $(60.7)$ |
|  | Without experience | 507 | 589 |
|  |  | $(46.0)$ | $(39.3)$ |
| Total No. of Vacancies |  | 1101 | 1500 |
|  | $(100.0)$ | $(100.0)$ |  |

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentages.

## Statewise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

3.7 Analysis of the Job-opportunities offered during 2003 through vacancy notifications meant for agricultural \& allied scientists according to location of the employing establishments shows that $43 \%$ of the Jobs belong to the State of Uttar Pradesh, followed by $18 \%$ to Maharashtra, $12 \%$ to Madhya Pradesh, $6 \%$ to Delhi, $5 \%$ to Jammu \& Kashmir, 4\% to Uttranchal, 3\% to Kerala and 2\% to Mizoram.

NOTE: Statistical details relating to the year 2003 have been given in the Table No. 3A, 3B \& 3C.

# CHAPTER - IV <br> JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR MEDICAL PERSONNEL 

## Medical Personnel:

4.1 Out of 34177 vacancies notified during 2003, 5463 Job-opportunities pertained to the medical personnel as against 3431 during 2000, registering an increase of $59 \%$.

## Classification of Vacancies:

4.2 The vacancies notified for medical personnel have been classified into 38 categories (Table 4A-4B). The last category namely; "Medical specialists \& unspecified personnel" represents all such vacancies for which the employing establishments did not mention specific specialization \& qualification requirements.

## Job-opportunities by Branches of Medicine:

4.3 The study of the vacancies notified in 2003 according to branches of medical sciences reveals that out of total 5463 Job-opportunities meant for medical personnel, 39\% belonged to the branch of Ayurvedic Medicine followed by $14 \%$ in Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) $11 \%$ in Nursing, 5\% in Pharmacy, 4\% in Public Health, 3\% in MD/Ph.D/MS, Medical Specialists, 2\% each in Medical Pharmacology, Homeopathy and Medical Radiology \& Electrology.

## Job-opportunities by Sectors of Employment:

4.4 Analysis of the vacancies notified in 2003 according to the sector of employing establishments shows that 53\% Job-opportunities for medical personnel came from State Governments and $27 \%$ from Central Government. Out of the remaining Job-opportunities, establishments of Quasi-Government offered 13\%, Private Sector 4\% and Local Bodies shared only $3 \%$ of the residual Job-opportunities.

## Job-offers According to Pay-Ranges:

4.5 The study of the Job-offers made to the medical personnel according to pay-ranges reveals that $55 \%$ of the total vacancies notified during 2003 belonged to middle pay-range of Rs. 5001-8000 per month, $33 \%$ in the highest pay range of Rs. $8001 \&$ above per month and remaining $12 \%$ belonged to the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month.

## Job-Openings for Freshers:

4.6 Analysis of the Job-offers made to medical personnel according to workexperience shows that $50 \%$ vacancies were offered to freshers during 2003. Such job opportunities related to the areas of Allopathic Medicine (MBBS), Ayurveda, Nursing, Occupational Therapy, Pharmacy, Medical Pharmacology and Medical Psychology.

The distribution of vacancies with or without experience are indicated in the following Table:

TABLE - 4

Distribution of vacancies for Medical Personnel

| Qualification level | Required Work | No. of vacancies offered during the year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | experience | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
| Degree | With experience | 1069 | 2721 |
|  |  | $(31.2)$ | $(49.8)$ |
|  | Without experience | 2362 | 2742 |
|  |  | $(68.8)$ | $(50.2)$ |
| Total No. of vacancies |  | 3431 | 5463 |
|  | $(100.0)$ | $(100.0)$ |  |

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentages.

## State-wise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

4.7 Analysis of the Job-opportunities offered during 2003 through vacancy notifications of medical personnel according to the location of the employing establishments reveals that $48 \%$ of the Job-opportunities originated from Uttar Pradesh followed by $21 \%$ from Delhi, $8 \%$ from Maharashtra, 3\% each from Assam, Chandigarh and Andhra Pradesh, 2\% from Chattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh each. Remaining States shared the residual portion of Job-opportunities.

NOTE: Statistical details relating to the year 2003 has been given in the Table No. 4A, 4B $\& 4 C$.

## JOB OPPORTUNITIES FOR MEDICAL PERSONNEL



## CHAPTER- V <br> JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR NATURAL SCIENTISTS

5.1 A total of 1954 Job-opportunities for Natural Scientists were notified during 2003, as compared to 3195 during 2000, registering a decrease of $39 \%$.

## Classification of Vacancies:

5.2 The vacancies notified for Natural Scientists have been presented under 24 heads (Table 5A-5B). The last head "Combination of Natural Scientists" includes such vacancies in whose cases the employing establishments have not precisely mentioned the required qualifications.

## Job-opportunities by Branches of Natural Sciences:

5.3 The study of the vacancies notified according to branches of natural sciences in 2003 reveals that out of a total of 1954 Job-opportunities, 455 (23\%) occurred in Physics, followed by $19 \%$ in Chemistry, $11 \%$ in Combination of Natural Science Subjects, $8 \%$ in Physics, Chemistry \& Mathematics, 6\% each in Botany and Zoology, 4\% each in Biology and Bio Chemistry, 3\% each in Geology and Microbiology respectively. It is observed that persons possessing qualifications in Physics, Chemistry, Physical Chemistry \& Mathematics and combination of Natural Science subjects enjoyed more Job-Opportunities.

## Job-opportunities by Sectors of Employers:

5.4 Analysis of the vacancies according to the sector of employing establishments shows that $49 \%$ of the jobs were contributed by the Quasi-Government, $27 \%$ Central Government, $23 \%$ State Governments followed by 1\% in Private Sector during 2003.

## Job-offers According to Pay-Ranges:

5.5 The study of the Job-offers made to natural scientists according to pay-ranges in 2003 reveals that bulk ( $36 \%$ ) of the total vacancies carried monthly highest salaries of Rs. 8001 and above per month, the remaining $35 \%$ offered salaries in the middle pay-range between Rs. 5001-8000 per month and the rest $29 \%$ in the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month.

## Job-opportunities for Freshers:

5.6 It is encouraging for the fresh job seekers, to observe that $44 \%$ of the total Jobopportunities during 2003 meant for natural scientists were found as open to the fresh entrants into the world of work having no previous work experience. Such fresh job-openings were arose in the field of Chemistry, Physics, combination of Physics Chemistry, Mathematics and combination of Natural Sciences.

TABLE -5

## Distribution of vacancies for Natural Scientists

| Qualification level | Work experience | No. of vacancies offered during the year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | required | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
| Degree | With experience | 1435 | 1102 |
|  |  | $(44.9)$ | $(56.4)$ |
|  | Without experience | 1760 | 852 |
|  |  | $(55.1)$ | $(43.6)$ |
| Total no. of vacancies |  | 3195 | 1954 |
|  | $(100.0)$ | $(100.0)$ |  |

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentages.

## State-wise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

5.7 The Job-opportunities notified for the natural scientists during 2003 according to the location of the employing establishments, analysed State-wise, shows that Uttar Pradesh had a maximum share of 34\%, Delhi 15\%, Maharashtra 8\%, State-wise break up not available 6\%, Uttranchal 5\%, Andhra Pradesh and Gujarat 4\% each, Madhya Pradesh 3\%, Tamil Nadu 2\%, and other States \& Union Territories shared residual JobOpportunities.

NOTE: Statistical details relating to the year 2003 have been given in the Table No. 5A, 5B \& 5C.

## CHAPTER- VI <br> JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR SOCIAL SCIENTISTS \& TEACHERS

6.1 Out of the total 34177 Job-opportunities identified during 2003, Social Scientists \& Teachers enjoyed a share of $16 \%$. In all 5455 Job-opportunities were meant for such categories of personnel during 2003 as against 11476 in 2000. Thus, registering decrease of $52 \%$.

## Classification of Vacancies:

6.2 The vacancies notified for social scientists \& teachers have been classified into 30 heads (Table 6A-6B). The last category which includes all such vacancies, which were not classifiable under a specific category, as the vacancy notifications did not mention a single \& precise qualification requirements for the post. Hence, the last head shows such combination of social sciences.

## Job-opportunities by Branches of Social Sciences:

6.3 The study of Job-opportunities for the year 2003 according to the branches of social sciences shows that $28 \%$ of the vacancies were meant for branch of Education/Teaching, 14\% Sociology/Social Work/Social Science, 8\% Accountancy Chartered, 7\% Hindi, 6\% English, 5\% Languages, 3\% each for Accountancy, Law, Mathematics and Statistics/Mathematics/Economics, 2\% each for Economics, History and combination of Social Science, in the stock of vacancies during 2003.

## Job-opportunities by Sectors of Employers:

6.4 Analysis of the vacancies according to the sector of employing establishments shows that $34 \%$ of the total Job-opportunities in 2003 meant for social scientists and teachers came from State Governments, $27 \%$ of these Job-opportunities were contributed by Quasi Government, 18\% by Private Sector, 14\% by Central Government and 7\% by Local Bodies.

## Job-offers According to Pay-Ranges:

6.5. The study of the Job-offers made to social scientists \& teachers during 2003 according to pay-ranges reveals that $40 \%$ of the total vacancies were notified in the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month, $37 \%$ in the highest pay range of Rs. 8001 and above per month, and the remaining $23 \%$ belonged to the middle pay range of Rs. 5001-8000 per month.

## JOB OPPORTUNITIES BY BRANCHES OF SOCIAL SCIENCES DURING 2003



```
\squareEDUCATION/TEACHING
\squareHINDI
\squareSOCIOLOGY/SOCIAL WORK/SOCIAL SCIENCE
\squareACCOUNTANCY CHARTERED
\squareOTHER SUBJECTS
```


## Job-opportunities for Freshers:

6.6. The job-seekers desirous of entering into the world of work may be encouraged to find that the bulk of the Job-opportunities i.e. $46 \%$ were offered in 2003 to the freshers having no previous work experience requirement. Such job openings for freshers in 2003 arose in teaching areas as also in the disciplines like Education/Teaching, Hindi, Home/Domestic Science, Economics and Sociology/Social Work/Social Science. The distribution of the vacancies with or without experience are shown in the following Table:

TABLE - 6
Distribution of vacancies for Social Scientists and Teachers

| Qualification level | Work experience | No. of vacancies offered during the year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | required | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
| Degree | With experience | 2592 | 2928 |
|  |  | $(22.6)$ | $(53.7)$ |
|  | Without experience | 8884 | 2527 |
|  |  | $(77.4)$ | $(46.3)$ |
| Total no. of vacancies |  | 11476 | 5455 |
|  | $(100.0)$ | $(100.0)$ |  |

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentages

## State-wise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

6.7 The job-opportunities notified in 2003 for the social scientists and teachers according to the location of the employing establishments shows that $28 \%$ of the Jobopportunities were shared alone by Uttar Pradesh followed by $20 \%$ Maharashtra, $11 \%$ Delhi, 6\% Gujarat, 3\% each by Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Mizoram and West Bengal, 2\% each by Tamil Nadu and Jammu \& Kashmir and the remaining percentage of jobs were shared by other States \& Union Territories.

NOTE: Statistical details relating to the year 2003 have been given in the Table No. 6A, 6B \& 6C.

## CHAPTER - VII JOB-OPPORTUNITIES FOR GRADUATES

7.1 This chapter provides a review of the Job-opportunities that emerged out of the vacancy notifications meant for the Honours \& Pass course Graduates in the residual disciplines (Arts, Science \& Commerce) including Diploma holders not elsewhere covered in the preceding chapters. An attempt has, therefore, been made to give a complete account of all Job-opportunities through the coverage of even miscellaneous vacancies as identified from various sources mentioned in the Introductory part of this Bulletin. These miscellaneous areas, inter-alia, include the Job-opportunities in the disciplines such as commercial art, Journalism, library science, company secretaryship, banking, hotel management, catering \& nutrition, physical education \& music etc. It is pertinent to mention here that the Graduates can improve their job-prospects after acquiring diplomas in either of the fields enumerated above.

## Classification of Graduates:

7.2 The vacancies notified for Graduates have been classified under 25 heads (Table 7A-7B). The last head presents the vacancies which were not classifiable under a specific category as the vacancy notifications did not mention clearly the precise qualification required for the posts. Hence, the last head includes all such combined nature of unspecified vacancies.

## Job-opportunities by Branches:

7.3 The study of the Job-opportunities during 2003 according to the branches/disciplines reveals that many of the vacancies (17\%) pertained to other vacancies (unspecified). During 2000, the share of Job-Opportunities under the (unspecified) other vacancies was $54 \%$ and thus, the change in trend is positive and precise.

## Job-opportunities by Sectors of Employers:

7.4 Analysis of the vacancies according to sectors of employing establishments indicates that nearly $42 \%$ of the total Job-opportunities for Graduates in 2003 were offered by the Central Government followed by $32 \%$ Quasi-Government. The State Governments contributed $17 \%$ towards the Job-opportunities for graduates. Private establishments $5 \%$ \& Local Bodies (4\%) shared the rest of the vacancies.

## Job-opportunities According to Pay-Ranges:

7.5 The study of the Job-offers made to Graduates during 2003 under the three pay-ranges reveals that $52 \%$ of the total vacancies carried a monthly salary upto Rs. 5000 and $33 \%$ Job-offers offered a monthly pay between Rs. 5001-8000. Only $15 \%$ of the Joboffers carried an attractive salary of Rs. 8001 \& above per month.

## Job-opportunities for Freshers:

7.6 It is heartening for the Graduates to note that $69 \%$ of the total Job-opportunities in 2003, meant for them did not require any previous work-experience as out of a total of 8056 Job-opportunities as many as 5600 were offered to fresh entrants. These opportunities belonged to the areas such as office work (suitable for pass graduates in Science, Arts \& Commerce), Catering, Cinematography, Company Secretaryship, Industrial Management/Business Management, Physical Education and other vacancies (unspecified qualifications).

TABLE - 7

Distribution of vacancies for Miscellaneous Graduates

| Qualification <br> level | Work experience <br> required | No. of vacancies offered <br> during the year |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
| Graduate | With experience | 5289 | 2456 |
|  |  | $(54.1)$ | $(30.5)$ |
|  | Without experience | 4492 | 5600 |
|  | $(45.9)$ | $(69.5)$ |  |
|  | Total no. of vacancies |  |  | 9781 |
| 8056 |  |  |  |
|  | $(100.0)$ | $(100.0)$ |  |

Note : Figures in brackets represent percentages.

## JOB OPPORTUNITIES FOR GRADUATES



FACULTY
$\square$ UPTO Rs. 5000 ■BETWEEN Rs.5001-8000 ■Rs. 8000 \& ABOVE

## State-wise Dispersion of Job-opportunities:

7.7 The Job-opportunities notified in 2003 by the employing establishments for Graduates and Diploma holders in miscellaneous categories according to the location indicate that job seekers in Maharashtra enjoyed maximum $19 \%$ of the total Jobopportunities. Other employers who contributed belonged to the States of Kerala 18\%, Jammu \& Kashmir 17\%, Delhi $12 \%$, Uttar Pradesh 9\%, Andhra Pradesh 7\%, Tamil Nadu $6 \%$, Bihar 3\%, Karnataka $2 \%$ and the remaining States/U.Ts shared the rest of the JobOpportunities.

NOTE: Statistical details relating to the year 2003 have been given in the Table No. 7A, 7B \& 7C.

## CHAPTER - VIII SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

8.1 One of the major concerns of the job-seekers; Vocational Guidance Officers; Employment Officers and Man-power Planners in the present economic scenario is to find out areas/disciplines which have significant employment potential as also those areas/occupations in which shortages of manpower are being experienced by the employers so as to guide the youth coming out of the schools/Universities into productive channels of employment. In this direction, the chapters IX \& X of this study present shortage areas/occupations as reported to by various recruiting agencies such as Union Public Service Commission, State Public Service Commissions, etc. It is felt that information contained in these chapters would be of immense use to the job seekers, planners, trainers, educational institutions, employers, counsellors and V.G/E.Os, etc.

## Analysis of Demand:

8.2 The present chapter presents a study of demand and supply of University Graduates/Post-Graduates/Doctorates in the context of job opportunities notified in the country, besides, presenting principal findings of all faculties discussed in the previous chapters. The demand in terms of vacancies in the fields of engineering \& technology, agricultural sciences, medical sciences, natural sciences, social sciences and miscellaneous groups alongwith total out-turn from the Universities \& Institutions has also been analyzed in this chapter.
8.3 The study of demand side has been made on the basis of the number of vacancies notified by the employers for graduates, post-graduates, Doctorate awardees, etc., to various recruiting agencies. This study has taken into account all such vacancies, which were notified in 2003 to Union Public Service Commission, State Public Service Commissions, Railway Recruitment Boards, Institute of Banking Personnel Services, Agricultural Scientists Recruitment Boards and Employment Exchanges including Central Employment Exchange under the provisions of Employment Exchanges (Compulsory Notifications of vacancies) Act, 1959. The coverage, though very narrow, certainly gives a broad picture on demand in the labour market
8.4 The information contained in this study relates to 34177 vacancies notified in
2003. A rising trend in vacancy notifications has been observed in the fields of Engineering, Agriculture and Medicine as compared to study in 2000.
8.5 In 2003, maximum 11749 vacancies were referred for Engineering \& Technology having $34 \%$ share in the total vacancies. In other faculties significant number of vacancies notified were under miscellaneous categories ( $23 \%$ ), Medicine and Social Sciences \& Teaching 16\% each and Natural Sciences 6\%.
8.6 Sector-wise break up of all the vacancies notified in 2003 shows that 11221 vacancies were from the Central Government and (11410) from Quasi-Government having $33 \%$ share each followed by State Governments 8210 (24\%), Private establishments 2079 (6\%) and Local Bodies 1257 (4\%).
8.7 Of the pay-ranges under which all the vacancies were made available in 2003 reveals that there were 13277 ( $39 \%$ ) vacancies in the lowest pay-range upto Rs. 5000 per month, 11616 (34\%) vacancies in the group of pay between Rs. 5001-8000 per month and $9284(27 \%)$ in the top pay-range of "8001 \& above per month".
8.8 Analysis of the data shows that overwhelming majority of the jobs during 2003 were open to freshers. Out of the total jobs, 20,006 (59\%) jobs did not require any previous work experience during the year 2003.
8.9 Analysis of the total vacancies according to States/UTs shows that 8387 (24\%) vacancies occurred in Uttar Pradesh during 2003 followed by Delhi (16\%), Maharashtra (15\%), Kerala (6\%), Jammu \& Kashmir (5\%), Andhra Pradesh (4\%), Madhya Pradesh and Tamil Nadu (3\% each), Bihar (2\%), Gujarat, Karnataka, Uttranchal and West Bengal (2\% each).

## Analysis of Supply:

8.10 In order to obtain the information on the out-turn of Graduates and Post-Graduates during the year 2003, 322 Universities/Institutions (deemed Universities) were addressed. Information was received only from 220 (68\%) Universities/Institutions. The number of persons passed out in Degree/ Post-Graduate degree courses from these

Universities were 13,05,507 in 2003 as against 12,85,856 in 2002. This shows an increase in the out-turn over the previous year.
8.11 Further analysis shows that there was increase in Out-turn registered in Miscellaneous faculties for Graduates. Substantial increase in the disciplines of Engineering \& Technology, Agriculture and Medical Sciences may be attributed to the Governments liberal policy towards establishing private Engineering and Medical Colleges throughout the Country.
8.12 To analyse the supply side for super speciality jobs, out-turn of persons awarded doctorate degrees during the year 2001-02 and 2002-2003, was studied and the information was collected from the UGC, New Delhi. The number of persons awarded Doctorate Degrees in the various disciplines during 2002-2003 was 13,733 as against 11,974 during 2001-2002. This shows an increase in the out turn of about $15 \%$ over the previous year.
8.13 Analysis of the information so received also shows that there was $39 \%$ increase in the out-turn registered in Veterinary Science followed by $32 \%$ in Education, $29 \%$ in others, $25 \%$ in Law, $24 \%$ in Agriculture, $18 \%$ in Commerce/Management, $14 \%$ in Science, $11 \%$ each in Arts \& Medicine, 6\% in Engineering/Technology disciplines.

An increasing trend is registered (15\%) in all the faculties including others (Music, Fine Arts, Library Science, Physical Education, Journalism, Social Work etc).
8.14 Study of Table IX \& X reveals that the out turn of Doctorate Awardees is sufficient enough to cater the need for super speciality jobs but vacancies also probably remained unfilled due to non availability of the experienced candidates in the relevant field. Other reasons/matrices have been spelled out in para 10-1 and 10-3 of chapter X of this Report.
8.15 Lastly, during the period under reference, the demand in vacancies registered a mixed trend. Job Opportunities in the Labour Market during the said period were insignificant as compared to bulk discipline wise out-turn from Universities/Institutions. However, this imbalance between the passed out candidates and job opportunities available

FACULTY-WISE NO. OF PERSONS OBTAINED DEGREE \& POST GRADUATE DEGREE


FACULTY

$$
-2002--2003
$$

in the economy might have perhaps been diverted the passed out candidates towards persueing higher education and training for enhancement of educational/professional qualifications, taking up self-employment ventures, getting attracted for Private/Corporate Sector etc. A good chunk of them might have preferred to prepare themselves for the various competitive examinations.

## CHAPTER - IX <br> UNION PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION VACANCIES

9.1 The Union Public Service Commission, located in New Delhi, looks after the task of recruitment for the Government of India. Employing departments of the Central Government refer their requirements of personnel to the U.P.S.C. The posts are advertised in "Employment News" and other leading newspapers as deemed fit by Commission. The advertisements appear on every second/fourth Saturdays of the months. Selections against the posts are based on tests and/ or interviews.
9.2 The Central Government have entrusted the recruitment of Assistant Commandants in the Central Police Forces viz, Border Security Forces (BSF), Central Reserve Police Forces (CRPF), Indo Tibetan Border Police (ITBP), Special Services Bureau (SSB) and Central Industrial Security Forces (CISF) to the Commission with effect from the year 2003.
9.3 During 2003, the Commission decided to open a new regular examination centre at Dehradun and make Ranchi, an existing Centre for the Civil Services (Preliminary) Examination, a regular centre for all examinations. It was also decided to open a centre at Pondicherry for Civil Services (Preliminary) examination.
9.4 During the year 2002-2003, the Commission held 13 examinations, 9 for recruitment to various Civil Services/posts besides conducting 4 examinations for the Defence Services. The number of applications for admission to various examinations held during the year under report were $9,21,160$ as against $7,46,953$ for the previous year. The number of candidates who appeared in various examinations were 4,96,307. 2610 Candidates were interviewed for various Civil Services/posts during 2002-2003 as compared to 3351 candidates during the previous year. During the same period 3528, candidates were recommended for appointment to Civil and Defence Services/posts by the Commission.
9.5 As regards posts for which recruitment were made through interviews, the Commission received 240 requisitions for 692 posts during the year under report. Besides, 1582 posts were carried over from previous year making a total of 2274 posts for which requisitions were processed. The number of applications received during the year were
46698. 4336 candidates were interviewed and 843 were recommended for appointments to various posts.
9.6 The main groups in which the posts/vacancies were classified for recruitments by the Commission were Medical, Engineering, Scientific \& Technical, Non-Technical and Teaching. Amongst Non-Technical groups, majority of the posts were meant for Law. Within the Engineering category, Works Managers (Engineering Safety) had a major share. Within the Medical group, vacancies for Medical specialized group took lead and no specific discipline took lead in Scientific \& Technical group. Teaching had major share in Medical and Engineering branches in specialized fields. Details of the examinations and nature of vacancies can be had from the " $53^{\text {rd }}$ Annual Report" published and brought out by the Union Public Service Commission.

## CHAPTER - X

## VACANCIES, WHICH COULD NOT BE FILLED BY UPSC, STATE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONS AND RAILWAY RECRUITMENT BOARDS.

10.1 During 2002-2003 the Union Public Service Commission, could not find suitable candidates for 163 posts as a result of interviews. Of these 163 posts, 20 posts were reserved for candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, 24 for candidates belonging to the Scheduled Tribes and 58 for Other Backward Classes. The remaining 61 posts were unreserved. These posts could not be filled up because these posts required specialized medical or engineering qualifications. Further enquiries lead to general shortage of medical specialists (particularly super specialists) with suitable qualifications and experience conforming to the standards prescribed for various medical posts. A list of posts for which suitable candidates could not be found by the UPSC during the year 2002-2003 is given in Table No-9.
10.2 To get the information about vacancies advertised and could not be filled during the year 2003, the State Public Service Commissions, Staff Selection Commission, New Delhi and Railway Recruitment Boards were addressed. The information was received from 22 Commissions/Recruitment Boards namely the State Public Service Commissions, Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Kerala, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Meghalaya, Orissa, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal and Railway Recruitment Boards; Gwahati, Bangalore, Bhubaneshwar, Jammu and Staff Selection Commission, out of the 42 Commissions/Railway Recruitment Boards.
10.3 The State Public Service Commissions, Staff Selection Commission and Railway Recruitment Boards were asked to give reasons for non filling up of posts. Various reasons spelt out by the different State Public Service Commissions and RRBs. The main reasons attributed relate to non availability of the local candidates, non was found suitable/eligible, post kept pending as per Government's directions, decision regarding qualifications was not taken, applications not received or received less applications as compared to no. of posts, failure of the candidates in examination, lone SC/ST candidate called for interview did not turn up.
10.4 Details of vacancies, designation of posts, qualifications prescribed for the vacancies which could not be filled by the State Public Service Commissions and Railway Recruitment Boards during the year 2003 have been given in Table 10.

## CHAPTER - XI JOB OPPORTUNITIES FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL

11.1 In this chapter, vacancies meant for civil servants/working service personnel/persons with regular employment have been covered. These vacancies have been termed as Deputation Vacancies. Deputation means the services of a Government servant, with the sanction of the competent authority, borrowed by another Department/Ministry/Undertaking etc., for a period of minimum one year extendable to a maximum period of three years. Under certain circumstances extended beyond 3 years too. While in service, the Government servant is allowed the pension and leave benefits, if he continued in Government Service.
11.2 Here in the present Chapter, Deputation covers only those appointments/Circulations that are made by transfer on deputation on a temporary/absorption basis provided the transfer is outside the normal field of deployment and is in the public interest. The total deputation vacancies (2175) covered in this Chapter pertained to those vacancies which have either been circulated or published in the Employment News during the year 2003.

## Deputation Opportunities by Branches

11.3 Analysis of deputation vacancies by branches of study suggests that out of total (2175) vacancies, a chunk of vacancies $1124(52 \%)$ were covered under Miscellaneous Vacancies for Graduates, $30 \%$ (643) vacancies were covered by Social Scientists \& Teachers and $11 \%$ (248) vacancies by Engineers \& Technologist. Rest of the deputation vacancies shared by Natural Scientists 3\% (73) followed by Medicine \& Agriculture 2\% each.
11.4 Further, insight of subject-wise distribution of deputation opportunities suggests that maximum share ( $32 \%$ ) has been attributed to office work followed by ( $10 \%$ ) unspecified subjects, (7\%) Accountancy/Chartered Accountancy, (6\%) English Language, (5\%) Civil branch of Engineering and Public Administration each, (4\%) Statistics/Economics, (3\%) Hindi Literature, (2\%) Sociology/Social Work/Social Science, Law, Industrial Management/Business Management \& Administration, Economics each. Remaining portion is shared by other subjects in different branches of study amongst 207 subjects identified for the study.

## Deputation Opportunities by Sectors of Employers

11.5 Major portion of deputation vacancies was from the Central Government 1469 (67\%) followed by Quasi Government 659 (30\%). The remaining two Sectors (State Governments, Local Bodies) shared negligible proportion. Private Sector has no role to play in such Vacancies.

## Deputation Opportunities According to Pay Ranges

11.6 The study of Job offers made to transfer on deputation during 2003 under the three pay ranges reveals that 1058 (49\%) of the total deputation vacancies carried a monthly middle pay range of Rs. 5001-8000 and the remaining other two pay ranges shared $24 \%$ and $27 \%$ ratio respectively.

## State-wise Dispersion of Deputation Vacancies

11.7 The deputation opportunities notified in 2003 by employing establishments according to the locations indicate that a bulk of deputation vacancies $49 \%$ originated in Delhi followed by $11 \%$ in Tamil Nadu, $10 \%$ in U.P., $5 \%$ in Maharashtra, $3 \%$ in West Bengal and Chandigarh UT each, $2 \%$ in Andhra Pradesh and the residual deputation opportunities shared by other States/U.Ts.

TABLE-1A
Vacancies for Engineers under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Branches of Engineering | Basic Pay upto Rs. 5000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| 1. | Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration |  | - | 3 | - |  |
| 2. | Aeronautical | 3 | 40 | 5 | - |  |
| 3. | Agricultural | 1 | - | 6 | - |  |
| 4. | Aircraft Maintenance | - |  | 11 | - |  |
| 5. | Architecture | 2 | - | - | - |  |
| 6. | Architecture/Civil |  | - | - | - | - |
| 7. | Automobile |  | 1 | 11 | 1 | 2 |
| 8. | Broadcasting \& Television | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Civil (including Municipal) | 439 | 368 | 32 | 44 | 9 |
| 10. | Chemical | 29 | 3 | 3 | - | 1 |
| 11 | Electrical | 217 | 34 | 47 | - | 14 |
| 12. | Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/ Communication (including Radio) | 634 | 11 | 183 | - | 2 |
| 13. | Electrical/Mechanical | 905 | - | - | - | 4 |
| 14. | Forging \& Heat Treatment | - | - | - | - |  |
| 15. | Highways \& Roads |  | - | - | - |  |
| 16. | Hydraulics \& Dam | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. | Instrument | 2 | - | 10 | - | - |
| 18. | Internal combustion | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19. | Marine | 6 | - | 1 | - | - |
| 20. | Machine Tools \& Die Sinking | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 21. | Mechanical | 1039 | 48 | 270 | 1 | 27 |
| 22. | Mechanical/Metallurgical | 1 |  | - | - | - |
| 23. | Metallurgical | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| 24. | Mining | 10 | - | 1 | - | - |
| 25. | Naval Architecture | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26. | Production (Methods, Safety, Planning, Manufacturing \& Industrial etc.) | 2 | - | 1 | - | - |
| 27. | Public Health | 77 | - | - | - | - |
| 28. | Structural | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29. | Soil Mechanics \& Foundation | - | - | - | - | - |
| 30. | Sound |  | - | - | - | - |
| 31. | Telecommunication/Line Communication (Telephone \& Telegraph) | 1 | 1 | 33 | - | - |
| 32. | Tools | - | - | - | - | - |
| 33. | Town \& Country Planning | - | - | - | - | - |
| 34. | Engineers Unspecified (Branches not specified) | 117 | 10 | 562 | 7 | 7 |
|  | TOTAL | 3490 | 516 | 1179 | 53 | 66 |

$\qquad$

TABLE-1A
Vacancies for Engineers under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sl. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Engineering | Basic Pay between Rs. 5001-8000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 1. | Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration | 1 | - |  |  | - |
| 2. | Aeronautical | - | - | 44 | - | - |
| 3. | Agricultural | 5 | - | 24 | - | - |
| 4. | Aircraft Maintenance |  |  | - |  |  |
| 5. | Architecture | 33 | 6 | 6 | - | - |
| 6. | Architecture/Civil |  | - | - | - |  |
| 7. | Automobile | 34 | 5 | 3 | - |  |
| 8. | Broadcasting \& Television | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 9. | Civil (including Municipal) | 271 | 44 | 322 | 28 | 1 |
| 10. | Chemical | 13 | 1 | 27 | - | 1 |
| 11 | Electrical | 170 | 26 | 621 | 3 | 12 |
| 12. | Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/ Communication (including Radio) | 90 | 24 | 260 | 5 | 2 |
| 13. | Electrical/Mechanical | 95 | - | 39 | - | - |
| 14. | Forging \& Heat Treatment | - | - | - | - |  |
| 15. | Highways \& Roads | - |  | 70 |  |  |
| 16. | Hydraulics \& Dam | - | - | 1 | - |  |
| 17. | Instrument | 3 | - | 31 | - | - |
| 18. | Internal combustion | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19. | Marine | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| 20. | Machine Tools \& Die Sinking | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 21. | Mechanical | 157 | 98 | 282 | - | 22 |
| 22. | Mechanical/Metallurgical | - |  | 1 | - | - |
| 23. | Metallurgical | 14 | - | 20 | - | 2 |
| 24. | Mining | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| 25. | Naval Architecture | - | - | 1 |  | - |
| 26. | Production (Methods, Safety, Planning, Manufacturing \& Industrial etc.) | 2 | - | 13 | - | - |
| 27. | Public Health | - | - | - | - | - |
| 28. | Structural | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 29. | Soil Mechanics \& Foundation | - | - | - |  | - |
| 30. | Sound | - | - | - |  | - |
| 31. | Telecommunication/Line Communication (Telephone \& Telegraph) | 3 | 13 | 23 | - | - |
| 32. | Tools | - | 6 | - | - | - |
| 33. | Town \& Country Planning | - | 8 | - | - | - |
| 34. | Engineers Unspecified (Branches not specified) | 23 | 13 | 300 | - | 2 |
|  | TOTAL | 915 | 244 | 2096 | 36 | 44 |

$\qquad$

TABLE-1A
Vacancies for Engineers under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Branches of Engineering | Basic Pay Rs. 8001and above p.m. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total of Cols.(3-17) |
| 1 | 2 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 1. | Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration |  | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| 2. | Aeronautical | 75 | - | 18 | - | - | 185 |
| 3. | Agricultural | 6 | 56 | 45 | 1 | 48 | 192 |
| 4. | Aircraft Maintenance | - |  | - |  | - | 11 |
| 5. | Architecture | 6 | 7 | 6 | - | - | 66 |
| 6. | Architecture/Civil | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| 7. | Automobile | - | 2 | 14 |  | 16 | 89 |
| 8. | Broadcasting \& Television | 8 | - | 3 | - | - | 13 |
| 9. | Civil (including Municipal) | 81 | 86 | 119 | 102 | 44 | 1990 |
| 10. | Chemical | - | 3 | 63 | - | - | 144 |
| 11 | Electrical | 42 | 32 | 154 | 5 | 21 | 1398 |
| 12. | Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/ Communication (including Radio) | 153 | 38 | 246 | 5 | 65 | 1718 |
| 13. | Electrical/Mechanical | 30 | - | 1 | - | - | 1074 |
| 14. | Forging \& Heat Treatment | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 15. | Highways \& Roads | 22 | - | 82 | - | - | 174 |
| 16. | Hydraulics \& Dam | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 |
| 17. | Instrument | 1 | 4 | 18 | - | 8 | 77 |
| 18. | Internal combustion | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19. | Marine | - | - | 7 | - | - | 17 |
| 20. | Machine Tools \& Die Sinking | - | - | - | - | 1 | 4 |
| 21. | Mechanical | 38 | 54 | 160 | 5 | 43 | 2244 |
| 22. | Mechanical/Metallurgical |  | - | - |  | - | 2 |
| 23. | Metallurgical |  | - | 24 | - | 2 | 66 |
| 24. | Mining | - | - | 8 | - | - | 22 |
| 25. | Naval Architecture | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 26. | Production (Methods, Safety, Planning, Manufacturing \& Industrial etc.) | 10 | 4 | 81 |  | - | 113 |
| 27. | Public Health | 2 | - | - | - | - | 79 |
| 28. | Structural | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 |
| 29. | Soil Mechanics \& Foundation |  |  | - |  | - | - |
| 30. | Sound | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| 31. | Telecommunication/Line Communication (Telephone \& Telegraph) | 1 | - | 8 | - | 2 | 85 |
| 32. | Tools | 1 | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| 33. | Town \& Country Planning | - | 3 | 1 | - | - | 12 |
| 34. | Engineers Unspecified (Branches not specified) | 27 | 42 | 570 | 4 | 58 | 1742 |
|  | TOTAL | 503 | 331 | 1633 | 122 | 308 | 11536 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-1B
Vacancies for Engineers (Degree/Diploma Holders) according to work-experience during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Engineering | Vacancies |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Diploma Holders |  | Degree Holdres |  | Grand Total |  |  |
|  |  | With Exp. | Without Exp. | With Exp. | Without Wxp. | With Exp. | Without Exp. | Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration | 2 |  | 2 | - | 4 | - | 4 |
| 2. | Aeronautical | 3 | 121 | 20 | 41 | 23 | 162 | 185 |
| 3. | Agricultural | 45 | 109 | 33 | 5 | 78 | 114 | 192 |
| 4. | Aircraft Maintenance | 3 | 8 | - | - | 3 | 8 | 11 |
| 5. | Architecture | 2 | 28 | 34 | 2 | 36 | 30 | 66 |
| 6. | Architecture/Civil | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| 7. | Automobile | 5 | 71 | 11 | 2 | 16 | 73 | 89 |
| 8. | Broadcasting \& Television | 9 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 2 | 13 |
| 9. | Civil (including Municipal) | 454 | 838 | 355 | 343 | 809 | 1181 | 1990 |
| 10. | Chemical | 10 | 35 | 68 | 31 | 78 | 66 | 144 |
| 11 | Electrical | 142 | 792 | 177 | 287 | 319 | 1079 | 1398 |
| 12. | Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/ Communication (including Radio) | 117 | 851 | 325 | 425 | 442 | 1276 | 1718 |
| 13. | Electrical/Mechanical | 142 | 736 | 38 | 158 | 180 | 894 | 1074 |
| 14. | Forging \& Heat Treatment | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 15. | Highways \& Roads | 22 | - | 152 | - | 174 | - | 174 |
| 16. | Hydraulics \& Dam | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 17. | Instrument | 3 | 14 | 15 | 45 | 18 | 59 | 77 |
| 18. | Internal combustion |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19. | Marine | - | - | 17 | - | 17 | - | 17 |
| 20. | Machine Tools \& Die Sinking | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 21. | Mechanical | 294 | 1292 | 315 | 343 | 609 | 1635 | 2244 |
| 22. | Mechanical/Metallurgical | 1 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 23. | Metallurgical | 5 | 15 | 15 | 31 | 20 | 46 | 66 |
| 24. | Mining | 12 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 19 | 3 | 22 |
| 25. | Naval Architecture | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 26. | Production (Methods, Safety, Planning, Manufacturing \& Industrial etc.) | 3 | 10 | 75 | 25 | 78 | 35 | 113 |
| 27. | Public Health | - | 77 | 2 | - | 2 | 77 | 79 |
| 28. | Structural | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 29. | Soil Mechanics \& Foundation | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. | Sound | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 31. | Telecommunication/Line Communication (Telephone \& Telegraph) | 42 | 13 | 8 | 22 | 50 | 35 | 85 |
| 32. | Tools | 2 | 5 | - | - | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| 33. | Town \& Country Planning | - | 8 | 4 | - | 4 | 8 | 12 |
| 34. | Engineers Unspecified (Branches not specified) | 192 | 542 | 723 | 285 | 915 | 827 | 1742 |
|  | TOTAL | 1511 | 5570 | 2406 | 2049 | 3917 | 7619 | 11536 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-IC
State-wise and Sector-wise Vacancies for Engineers during 2003.

| SI. <br> No. | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% age to } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 278 | 5 | 275 | 1 | 5 | 564 | 4.88 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | 54 | - | 17 | - | 1 | 72 | 0.62 |
| 4. | Assam | - | - | 14 | - | - | 14 | 0.12 |
| 5. | Bihar | 337 | - | 38 | - | 4 | 379 | 3.28 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | 3 | 8 | 8 | - | - | 19 | 0.16 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | 7 | 4 | - | - | - | 11 | 0.09 |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Delhi | 612 | 7 | 1727 | 2 | 2 | 2350 | 20.37 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | 3 | 1 | 9 | - | - | 13 | 0.11 |
| 11 | Gujarat | 294 | 28 | 68 | - | 15 | 405 | 3.51 |
| 12. | Haryana | 2 | 5 | 181 | - | 8 | 196 | 1.69 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 0.02 |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | - | 2 | 322 | - | - | 324 | 2.81 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | - | - | 35 | - | - | 35 | 0.3 |
| 16 | Karnataka | 493 | - | 124 | - | - | 617 | 5.35 |
| 17 | Kerala | 7 | 78 | 80 | 1 | 157 | 323 | 2.80 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | 701 | - | 17 | - | - | 718 | 6.29 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | 574 | 206 | 640 | 202 | 140 | 1762 | 15.27 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | 25 | - | - | 25 | 0.22 |
| 22 | Meghalaya | 71 | - | 73 | - | 1 | 145 | 1.26 |
| 23 | Mizoram | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.01 |
| 24 | Nagaland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25 | Orissa | 4 | - | 18 | - | - | 22 | 0.19 |
| 26 | Pondicherry | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 27 | Punjab | 109 | - | 62 | - | - | 171 | 1.48 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | 4 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 8 | 0.07 |
| 29 | Sikkim | - | 19 | - | - | - | 19 | 0.16 |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | 105 | 7 | 127 | 5 | 53 | 297 | 2.57 |
| 31 | Tripura | 7 | 4 | 3 | - | 7 | 21 | 0.18 |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 891 | 703 | 542 | - | 2 | 2138 | 18.53 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | 5 | - | 385 | - | - | 390 | 3.38 |
| 34 | West Bengal | 242 | 13 | 114 | - | 23 | 392 | 3.39 |
| 35 | * State-wise breakup not available | 103 | - | - | - | - | 103 | 0.89 |
|  | TOTAL | 4908 | 1091 | 4908 | 211 | 418 | 11536 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-2A
Vacancies for Technologists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. | Branches of Technology |  | asic Pay | pto Rs. 5 | 00 p.m. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Local } \\ & \text { Bodies } \end{aligned}$ | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| 1. | Alcohal | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2. | Ceramic | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3. | Chemical | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 4. | Fiber | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5. | Food | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 6. | Glass | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7. | Fuel | - | - | - | - |  |
| 8. | Hosiery | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Intermediate \& Dyes | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10. | Jute | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11 | Leather | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12. | Oil, Fats \& Waxes |  | 1 | - | - | - |
| 13. | Paper | - | - | - | - | - |
| 14. | Paints, Pigments \& Varnishes | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15. | Petroleum | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16. | Pharmaceutical \& Fine Chemicals | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. | Plastics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 18. | Printing | 25 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| 19. | Rubber |  |  | - | - | - |
| 20. | Silicate | - | - | - | - | - |
| 21. | Suger | - | - | - | - | - |
| 22. | Textile | 25 | - | - | - | - |
| 23. | Textile, Chemistry | - | - | - | - | - |
| 24. | Textile, Dyeing \& Printing | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 25. | Wood and Timber | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26. | Other Technological Subjects | - | 3 | - | 3 | 12 |
| 26 (I) | Biotechnology | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | TOTAL | 53 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 12 |

Contd $\qquad$

TABLE-2A
Vacancies for Technologists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. No. | Branches of Technology | Basic pay between Rs. 5001-8000 p.m |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 1. <br> 2. <br> 3. <br> 4. <br> 5. <br> 6. <br> 7. <br> 8. <br> 9. <br> 10. <br> 11 <br> 12. <br> 13. <br> 14. <br> 15. <br> 16. <br> 17. <br> 18. <br> 19. <br> 20. <br> 21. <br> 22. <br> 23. <br> 24. <br> 25. <br> 26. <br> 26 (I) | Alcohal <br> Ceramic <br> Chemical <br> Fiber <br> Food <br> Glass <br> Fuel <br> Hosiery <br> Intermediate \& Dyes <br> Jute <br> Leather <br> Oil, Fats \& Waxes <br> Paper <br> Paints, Pigments \& Varnishes <br> Petroleum <br> Pharmaceutical \& Fine Chemicals <br> Plastics <br> Printing <br> Rubber <br> Silicate <br> Suger <br> Textile <br> Textile, Chemistry <br> Textile, Dyeing \& Printing <br> Wood and Timber <br> Other Technological Subjects <br> Biotechnology | 1 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 1 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - | 1 - - <br> 3 <br> 6 1 <br> 1 <br> 2 | - <br> 12 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br>  <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 2 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 2 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 6 <br> 3 | - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  | 1 |
|  | TOTAL | 3 | 15 | 27 | 0 | 1 |

Contd. $\qquad$

TABLE-2A
Vacancies for Technologists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. | Branches of Technology |  | Basic p | Rs. 800 | and abo |  | Total of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Cols (3-17) |
| 1. | 2. | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 1. | Alcohal |  |  |  | - | - |  |
| 2. | Ceramic | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 3. | Chemical | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 4. | Fiber | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5. | Food | 40 | - | 12 | - | - | 65 |
| 6. | Glass | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 7. | Fuel | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Hosiery | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 9. | Intermediate \& Dyes | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| 10. | Jute |  | - | - | - | - |  |
| 11 | Leather | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | 9 |
| 12. | Oil, Fats \& Waxes | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 13. | Paper | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 14. | Paints, Pigments \& Varnishes |  | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 15. | Petroleum | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 16. | Pharmaceutical \& Fine Chemicals | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| 17. | Plastics | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 18. | Printing | - | - |  | - | - | 36 |
| 19. | Rubber | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 20. | Silicate | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 21. | Suger | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 22. | Textile | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | 38 |
| 23. | Textile, Chemistry | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| 24. | Textile, Dyeing \& Printing | - | - | - | - | 2 | 3 |
| 25. | Wood and Timber | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 26. | Other Technological Subjects | 2 | 1 | 8 | - | 2 | 39 |
| 26 (I) | Biotechnology |  |  | 4 |  | - | 7 |
|  | TOTAL | 42 | 11 | 36 | 0 | 4 | 213 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-2B
Vacancies for Technologists according to work-experience during 2003.

| SI. | Branches of Technology | Vacancies fo | or Technologists durin | 003. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | With Experience | Without Experience | Total |
| 1. | 2. | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1. | Alcohal | - | - |  |
| 2. | Ceramic | 1 | - | 1 |
| 3. | Chemical | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| 4. | Fiber | - | - | - |
| 5. | Food | 46 | 19 | 65 |
| 6. | Glass |  | 1 | 1 |
| 7. | Fuel | - |  | - |
| 8. | Hosiery |  | 1 | 1 |
| 9. | Intermediate \& Dyes |  | - |  |
| 10. | Jute | - | - | - |
| 11 | Leather | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| 12. | Oil, Fats \& Waxes |  | 1 | 1 |
| 13. | Paper | - | - | - |
| 14. | Paints, Pigments \& Varnishes | - | 1 | 1 |
| 15. | Petroleum | , |  | - |
| 16. | Pharmaceutical \& Fine Chemicals | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 17. | Plastics | - | 1 | 1 |
| 18. | Printing | 35 | 1 | 36 |
| 19. | Rubber | 1 | - | 1 |
| 20. | Silicate | 1 | - | 1 |
| 21. | Suger | - | - | - |
| 22. | Textile | 14 | 24 | 38 |
| 23. | Textile, Chemistry | 2 |  | 2 |
| 24. | Textile, Dyeing \& Printing | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 25. | Wood and Timber | - | 1 | 1 |
| 26. | Other Technological Subjects | 18 | 21 | 39 |
| 26 (1). | Biotechnology | 7 | - | 7 |
|  | TOTAL | 136 | 77 | 213 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-2C
State-wise and Sector-wise vacancies for Technologist during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | \% age to Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar | - | - |  | - |  | - | - |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | - | - |  | - | 2 | 2 | 0.94 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | - | - | 4 | - | - | 4 | 1.88 |
| 4. | Assam | - | - |  | - | 1 | 1 | 0.47 |
| 5. | Bihar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6. | Chandigarh | - | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Delhi | 58 | - | 2 | - | - | 60 | 28.17 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11 | Gujarat | - | - |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0.94 |
| 12. | Haryana | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | 0.94 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16 | Karnataka | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0.47 |
| 17 | Kerala | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 0.47 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | - | - | 17 | - | - | 17 | 7.98 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | 14 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 42 | 19.71 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 22 | Meghalaya | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 23 | Mizoram |  | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| 24 | Nagaland | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| 25 | Orissa | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26 | Pondicherry | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 27 | Punjab | - | - | 8 |  | - | 8 | 3.76 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| 29 | Sikkim | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | 9 | - | - | - | - | 9 | 4.22 |
| 31 | Tripura | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 16 | 20 | 26 | - | - | 62 | 29.11 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.47 |
| 34 | West Bengal | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.47 |
| 35 | * State-wise breakup not available | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |
|  | TOTAL | 98 | 31 | 64 | 3 | 17 | 213 | 100.00 |

[^0]Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-3A
Vacancies for Agricultural Scientists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Agriculture | Basic Pay upto Rs. 5000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| 1. | Agronomy |  |  | 1 | - | - |
| 2. | Agricultural Bacteriology | - |  | - | - | - |
| 3. | Agricultrual Botany |  |  | 6 | - | - |
| 4. | Agricultural Chemistry | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5. | Agricultural Economics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6. | Entomology | - | 1 | 6 | - | - |
| 7. | Agricultural Extension | 1 | - | 2 | 4 | - |
| 8. | Agricultural Marketing | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Agricultrual Meteorology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10. | Agricultural Microbiology |  |  | - | - | - |
| 11 | Agricultural Sociology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12. | Agricultural Statistics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 13. | Animal Nutrition | - | - | - | - | - |
| 14. | Animal Pathology | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 15. | Co-operation | - | - |  | - | - |
| 16. | Dairying | - | 8 | - | - | - |
| 17. | Fishery | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 18. | Forestry | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 19. | Horticulture | 3 | 7 | 9 | - | - |
| 20. | Land Development | - | - | - | - | - |
| 21. | Mycology \& Plant Pathology | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 22. | Plant Pathology | 1 | - | 3 | - | - |
| 23. | Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 3 | - | 6 | - | - |
| 24. | Plant Physiology | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 25. | Poultry Farming | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26. | Soil Science | - | - | 10 | - | - |
| 27. | Veterinary Science \& Animal Husbandry | 3 |  | 11 | 5 | - |
| 28. | Warehousing | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29. | Water Conservation |  | - | - | - | - |
| 30. | Other Agricultural Subjects |  | 4 | 1 | 204 | - |
|  | TOTAL | 12 | 20 | 62 | 213 | 0 |

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TABLE-3A
Vacancies for Agricultural Scientists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Agriculture | Basic Pay between Rs. 5001-8000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 1. | Agronomy | 2 | 5 | 22 | - | - |
| 2. | Agricultural Bacteriology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3. | Agricultrual Botany | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 4. | Agricultural Chemistry | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| 5. | Agricultural Economics | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| 6. | Entomology | 1 | - | 9 | - | - |
| 7. | Agricultural Extension | 4 | 4 | 7 | 5 | - |
| 8. | Agricultural Marketing | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Agricultrual Meteorology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10. | Agricultural Microbiology | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| 11 | Agricultural Sociology | - | - |  | - | - |
| 12. | Agricultural Statistics | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 13. | Animal Nutrition | - | - | 12 | - | - |
| 14. | Animal Pathology | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| 15. | Co-operation | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16. | Dairying | - | - |  | - | - |
| 17. | Fishery | - | - | 8 | - | - |
| 18. | Forestry | - | - | 6 | - | - |
| 19. | Horticulture | 2 | - | 12 | - | - |
| 20. | Land Development | - | - | - | - | - |
| 21. | Mycology \& Plant Pathology | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| 22. | Plant Pathology | - | - | 12 | - | - |
| 23. | Plant Breeding \& Genetics | - | - | 18 | - | - |
| 24. | Plant Physiology | - | - | 19 | - | - |
| 25. | Poultry Farming | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26. | Soil Science | - | - | - | - | - |
| 27. | Veterinary Science \& Animal Husbandry | 3 | 428 | 46 | - | - |
| 28. | Warehousing | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29. | Water Conservation | - | - | - | - | - |
| 30. | Other Agricultural Subjects | - | - | 6 | - | - |
|  | TOTAL | 12 | 437 | 203 | 5 | 0 |

Contd. $\qquad$

TABLE-3A
Vacancies for Agricultural Scientists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. <br> No. | Branches of Agriculture | Basic Pay Rs. 8001and above p.m. |  |  |  |  | Total of Col (3-17) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt | Local Bodies | Pvt. |  |
| 1. | 2. | 13 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 18 |
| 1. | Agronomy | 1 | 6 | 36 | - | - | 73 |
| 2. | Agricultural Bacteriology | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 3. | Agricultrual Botany |  | 3 | 10 |  | - | 21 |
| 4. | Agricultural Chemistry | - | 8 | 6 | 2 | - | 20 |
| 5. | Agricultural Economics | - | 3 | 8 | - | - | 15 |
| 6. | Entomology |  |  | 16 | - | - | 33 |
| 7. | Agricultural Extension |  | 7 | 36 | - | 2 | 72 |
| 8. | Agricultural Marketing | - | - | 6 | - | - | 6 |
| 9. | Agricultrual Meteorology | - | - | 5 | - | - | 5 |
| 10. | Agricultural Micrboiology |  | - | 12 | - | - | 16 |
| 11 | Agricultural Sociology | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12. | Agricultural Statistics | - | 1 | 3 | - | - | 6 |
| 13. | Animal Nutrition | - | - | 15 | - | - | 27 |
| 14. | Animal Pathology | - | - | 1 | - | - | 8 |
| 15. | Co-operation |  | - | 9 |  | 19 | 28 |
| 16. | Dairying | - | 8 | 2 | - | - | 18 |
| 17. | Fishery | - | 1 | 12 | - | - | 23 |
| 18. | Forestry | 1 | - | 14 | - | - | 22 |
| 19. | Horticulture | - | 4 | 49 | - | - | 86 |
| 20. | Land Development | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 21. | Mycology \& Plant Pathology | - | - | 1 | - | - | 7 |
| 22. | Plant Pathology | 1 | 3 | 15 | - | - | 35 |
| 23. | Plant Breeding \& Genetics | - | - | 31 | - | - | 58 |
| 24. | Plant Physiology | - | - | 16 | - | - | 37 |
| 25. | Poultry Farming | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 26. | Soil Science | 1 | 1 | 29 | - | - | 41 |
| 27. | Veterinary Science \& Animal Husbandry | 2 | 12 | 81 | - | - | 591 |
| 28. | Warehousing | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 29. | Water Conservation |  | - | 1 |  | - | 1 |
| 30. | Other Agricultural Subjects | - | - | 35 | - | - | 250 |
|  | TOTAL | 6 | 57 | 450 | 2 | 21 | 1500 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-3B
Vacancies for Agricultural Scientists according to work-experience during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Agriculture | Vacancies for Agricultural Scientists |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | With Experience | Without Experience | Total |
| 1 | 2. | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1. | Agronomy | 37 | 36 | 73 |
| 2. | Agricultural Bacteriology | - | - | - |
| 3. | Agricultural Botany | 15 | 6 | 21 |
| 4. | Agricultural Chemistry | 11 | 9 | 20 |
| 5. | Agricultural Economics | 13 | 2 | 15 |
| 6. | Entomology | 15 | 18 | 33 |
| 7. | Agricultural Extension | 41 | 31 | 72 |
| 8. | Agricultural Marketing | 6 | - | 6 |
| 9. | Agricultural Meteorology | 5 | - | 5 |
| 10. | Agricultural Microbiology | 10 | 6 | 16 |
| 11 | Agricultural Sociology |  |  |  |
| 12. | Agricultural Statistics | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| 13. | Animal Nutrition | 13 | 14 | 27 |
| 14. | Animal Pathology | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| 15. | Co-operation | - | 28 | 28 |
| 16. | Dairying | 10 | 8 | 18 |
| 17. | Fishery | 21 | 2 | 23 |
| 18. | Forestry | 13 | 9 | 22 |
| 19. | Horticulture | 55 | 31 | 86 |
| 20. | Land Development | - | - |  |
| 21. | Mycology \& Plant Pathology | 7 | - | 7 |
| 22. | Plant Pathology | 17 | 18 | 35 |
| 23. | Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 20 | 38 | 58 |
| 24. | Plant Physiology | 11 | 26 | 37 |
| 25. | Poultry Farming | 1 | - |  |
| 26. | Soil Science | 15 | 26 | 41 |
| 27. | Veterinary Science \& Animal Husbandary | 532 | 59 | 591 |
| 28. | Warehousing | - | - | - |
| 29. | Water Conservation | 1 | - | 1 |
| 30. | Other Agricultural Subjects | 32 | 218 | 250 |
|  | TOTAL | 911 | 589 | 1500 |

## Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-3C
State-wise and Sector-wise vacancies for Agricultural Scientists during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% age to } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar |  | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.07 |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | - | 5 | 15 | - | - | 20 | 1.33 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 4. | Assam | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| 5. | Bihar | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.07 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.07 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 9. | Delhi | 10 | - | 74 | - | - | 84 | 5.60 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 11 | Gujarat | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 0.20 |
| 12. | Haryana |  |  | 4 |  | - | 4 | 0.27 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 0.20 |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | - | - | 69 | - | - | 69 | 4.60 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.07 |
| 16 | Karnataka | 2 | - | 4 | - | - | 6 | 0.40 |
| 17 | Kerala | 2 | 4 | 19 | - | 19 | 44 | 2.93 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | - | - | 174 | - | - | 174 | 11.60 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | - | 6 | 47 | 220 | 2 | 275 | 18.33 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | 17 | - | - | 17 | 1.13 |
| 22 | Meghalaya | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0.07 |
| 23 | Mizoram | 2 | - | 32 | - | - | 34 | 2.27 |
| 24 | Nagaland |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 25 | Orissa | - | - | 2 |  | - | 2 | 0.13 |
| 26 | Pondicherry | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 27 | Punjab | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 0.20 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | - | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | 0.33 |
| 29 | Sikkim |  |  | 2 |  | - | 2 | 0.13 |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | - | - | 14 | - | - | 14 | 0.93 |
| 31 | Tripura | 4 | - | 13 | - | - | 17 | 1.13 |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 3 | 499 | 148 | - | - | 650 | 43.33 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | 5 | - | 58 | - | - | 63 | 4.20 |
| 34 | West Bengal | - | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | 0.33 |
| 35 | * State-wise break-up not available | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0.07 |
|  | TOTAL | 30 | 514 | 715 | 220 | 21 | 1500 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-4A
Vacancies for Medical Personnel under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Branches of Medicine | Basic Pay upto Rs. 5000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| 1. | Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2. | Anaesthesia | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 3. | Anatomy | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4. | Ayurvedic | - |  | - | - | - |
| 5. | Cardiology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6. | Clinical Pathology \& Bacteriology | 2 | 5 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 7. | Dietetics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Dental Surgery | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Dermatology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10. | Forensic Medicine | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11 | General Surgery | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| 12. | Gynaecology, Obstetrics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 13. | Homeopathic | - | - | - | - | - |
| 14. | Laryngology \& Otolaryngology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15. | Malariology \& Communicable Diseases | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16. | Maternity, Child Welfare and Health | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. | Medical, Bio-Chemistry | - | - | - | - | - |
| 18. | Medical Radiology and Electrology | 41 | - | - | - | 5 |
| 19. | Microbiology | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 20. | Nursing | 234 | 3 | 36 | 56 | 35 |
| 21. | Occupational Therapy | - | 1 | - | 23 | 1 |
| 22. | Opthalmic Medicine \& Surgery | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 23. | Orthopaedic Surgery | - | - | - | - | - |
| 24. | Paediatrics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25. | Pharmacy | 60 | 55 | 10 | 41 | 13 |
| 26. | Pharmacology, Medical | - | 5 | 5 | 10 | - |
| 27. | Physiology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 28. | Physiotherapy | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29. | Preventive \& Social Medicine (Industrial Health) | - | - | - | - | - |
| 30. | Psychiatry | - | - | - | - | - |
| 31. | Psychology, Medical | - | 2 | - | - | - |
| 32. | Public Health | - | - | - | - | - |
| 33. | Sanitary Science | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| 34. | Tubercular Diseases | - | - | - | 5 | - |
| 35. | Tropical Medicine | - | - | - | - | - |
| 36. | Unani | - | - | - | - | - |
| 37. | Venereology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 38. | MD/Ph.D/MS, Medical Specialists (Unspecified Others) | 7 | - | 3 | - | - |
|  | TOTAL | 346 | 72 | 57 | 136 | 55 |

Contd......

TABLE-4A
Vacancies for Medical Personnel under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Medicine | Basic Pay between Rs. 5001-8000 per month |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 1. | Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) | 151 | 300 | 19 | - | 11 |
| 2. | Anaesthesia | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3. | Anatomy | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4. | Ayurvedic | - | 1983 | 17 | - | - |
| 5. | Cardiology | - | - | - | - |  |
| 6. | Clinical Pathology \& Bacteriology | - | - | 7 | - | 4 |
| 7. | Dietetics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Dental Surgery | 2 | 4 | - | - | - |
| 9. | Dermatology | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| 10. | Forensic Medicine | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11 | General Surgery | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12. | Gynaecology, Obstetrics | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 13. | Homeopathic | - | 94 | - | - | - |
| 14. | Laryngology \& Otolaryngology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15. | Malariology \& Communicable Diseases | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 16. | Maternity, Child Welfare and Health | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. | Medical, Bio-Chemistry | 12 | - | 5 | - | - |
| 18. | Medical Radiology and Electrology | 8 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 19. | Microbiology | - | - | 12 | - | - |
| 20. | Nursing | 168 | - | 10 | - | 32 |
| 21. | Occupational Therapy | 2 | - | 2 | - | - |
| 22. | Opthalmic Medicine \& Surgery | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 23. | Orthopaedic Surgery | 1 | - | 1 | - | - |
| 24. | Paediatrics | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 25. | Pharmacy | 30 | 1 | 6 | - | 1 |
| 26. | Pharmacology, Medical | 6 | - | 9 | - | - |
| 27. | Physiology | - | - |  | - | - |
| 28. | Physiotherapy | 4 | 1 | 3 | - | - |
| 29. | Preventive \& Social Medicine (Industrial Health) | 2 | - | 1 | - | - |
| 30. | Psychiatry | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 31. | Psychology, Medical | - | - | 12 | - | - |
| 32. | Public Health | 1 | - | 1 | - | - |
| 33. | Sanitary Science | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 34. | Tubercular Diseases | - | - | - | - | - |
| 35. | Tropical Medicine | - | 25 | - | - | - |
| 36. | Unani | - | - | - | - | - |
| 37. | Venereology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 38. | MD/Ph.D/MS, Medical Specialists (Unspecified Others) | - | 12 | 8 | - | - |
|  | TOTAL | 389 | 2420 | 120 | 0 | 49 |

Contd. $\qquad$

TABLE-4A
Vacancies for Medical Personnel under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. | Branches of Medicine | Basic Pay Rs. 8001and above per month |  |  |  |  | Total of Col (3-17) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |  |
| 1. | 2. | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 1. | Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) | 91 | 116 | 85 | 1 | 10 | 784 |
| 2. | Anaesthesia | 41 | 26 | 24 | 1 | 1 | 94 |
| 3. | Anatomy | 9 | 12 | 7 | - | - | 28 |
| 4. | Ayurvedic | - | 42 | 44 | - | 27 | 2113 |
| 5. | Cardiology | 20 | 5 | 18 | - | - | 43 |
| 6. | Clinical Pathology \& Bacteriology | 21 | 13 | 19 | 2 | 26 | 101 |
| 7. | Dietetics | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Dental Surgery | 3 | 30 | 4 | - | - | 43 |
| 9. | Dermatology | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 |  | 18 |
| 10. | Forensic Medicine | 8 | 7 | 3 | - | - | 18 |
| 11 | General Surgery | 36 | 16 | 26 | 2 | 1 | 83 |
| 12. | Gynaecology, Obstetrics | 25 | 8 | 30 | - | 1 | 65 |
| 13. | Homeopathic | 13 | 10 |  | 1 |  | 118 |
| 14. | Laryngology \& Otolaryngology |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| 15. | Malariology \& Communicable Diseases | - | - | 3 | - | - | 4 |
| 16. | Maternity, Child Welfare and Health | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | 3 |
| 17. | Medical, Bio-Chemistry | 3 | 7 | 12 | - | - | 39 |
| 18. | Medical Radiology and Electrology | 16 | 9 | 23 | 1 | 6 | 110 |
| 19. | Microbiology | 6 | 2 | 6 | - | - | 27 |
| 20. | Nursing | - | 13 | 11 | - | 2 | 600 |
| 21. | Occupational Therapy | 1 | 3 | 7 | - |  | 40 |
| 22. | Opthalmic Medicine \& Surgery | 10 | 7 | 11 | - | - | 30 |
| 23. | Orthopaedic Surgery | 11 | 7 | 10 | 1 | - | 31 |
| 24. | Paediatrics | 48 | 6 | 37 | 2 | - | 94 |
| 25. | Pharmacy | 6 | 14 | 8 | 10 | 2 | 257 |
| 26. | Pharmacology, Medical | 26 | 21 | 16 | 7 | 15 | 120 |
| 27. | Physiology | 13 | 12 | 6 | - | - | 31 |
| 28. | Physiotherapy | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | 12 |
| 29. | Preventive \& Social Medicine (Industrial Health) | 9 | 6 | 8 | - | 6 | 32 |
| 30. | Psychiatry | 10 | - | 8 | - | - | 19 |
| 31. | Psychology, Medical | 2 | - | 1 | - | 8 | 25 |
| 32. | Public Health | 230 | - | 4 |  |  | 236 |
| 33. | Sanitary Science | 5 | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| 34. | Tubercular Diseases | 13 | 5 | 2 | - | - | 25 |
| 35. | Tropical Medicine | - | - | 1 | - | - | 26 |
| 36. | Unani | 8 | 1 | - | - | - | 9 |
| 37. | Venereology | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 38. | MD/Ph.D/MS, Medical Specialists (Unspecified Others) | 38 | 15 | 83 | 11 | 1 | 178 |
|  | TOTAL | 731 | 418 | 524 | 40 | 106 | 5463 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-4B
Vacancies for Medical Personnel according to work-experience during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Medicine | Vacancies for Medical Personnel |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | With Experience | Without Experience | Total |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 |
| 1. | Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) | 281 | 503 | 784 |
| 2. | Anaesthesia | 90 | 4 | 94 |
| 3. | Anatomy | 23 | 5 | 28 |
| 4. | Ayurvedic | 817 | 1296 | 2113 |
| 5. | Cardiology | 30 | 13 | 43 |
| 6. | Clinical Pathology \& Bacteriology | 52 | 49 | 101 |
| 7. | Dietetics | - | - | - |
| 8. | Dental Surgery | 38 | 5 | 43 |
| 9. | Dermatology | 18 | - | 18 |
| 10. | Forensic Medicine | 18 | - | 18 |
| 11 | GeneralSurgery | 73 | 10 | 83 |
| 12. | Gynaecology, Obstetrics | 54 | 11 | 65 |
| 13. | Homeopathic | 118 | - | 118 |
| 14. | Laryngology \& Otolaryngology | - | - | - |
| 15. | Malariology \& Communicable Diseases | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 16. | Maternity, Child Welfare and Health | 3 | - | 3 |
| 17. | Medical, Bio-Chemistry | 27 | 12 | 39 |
| 18. | Medical Radiology and Electrology | 89 | 21 | 110 |
| 19. | Microbiology | 26 | 1 | 27 |
| 20. | Nursing | 179 | 421 | 600 |
| 21. | Occupational Therapy | 13 | 27 | 40 |
| 22. | Opthalmic Medicine \& Surgery | 25 | 5 | 30 |
| 23. | Orthopaedic Surgery | 27 | 4 | 31 |
| 24. | Paediatrics | 92 | 2 | 94 |
| 25. | Pharmacy | 54 | 203 | 257 |
| 26. | Pharmacology, Medical | 48 | 72 | 120 |
| 27. | Physiology | 26 | 5 | 31 |
| 28. | Physiotherapy | 9 | 3 | 12 |
| 29. | Preventive \& Social Medicine (Industrial Health) | 22 | 10 | 32 |
| 30. | Psychiatry | 17 | 2 | 19 |
| 31. | Psychology, Medical | 6 | 19 | 25 |
| 32. | Public Health | 234 | 2 | 236 |
| 33. | Sanitary Science |  | 7 | 7 |
| 34. | Tubercular Diseases | 20 | 5 | 25 |
| 35. | Tropical Medicine | 26 | - | 26 |
| 36. | Unani | 9 | - | 9 |
| 37. | Venereology | - | - | - |
| 38. | MD/Ph.D/MS, Medical Specialists (Unspecified Others) | 156 | 22 | 178 |
|  | TOTAL | 2721 | 2742 | 5463 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-4C
State-wise and Sector-wise vacancies for Medical Personnel during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{SI.} \\ & \mathrm{No.} \end{aligned}$ | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% age to } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar | 1 |  | - |  |  | 1 | 0.02 |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 116 | 18 | 26 |  | 1 | 161 | 2.95 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh |  |  | 3 |  | - | 3 | 0.05 |
| 4. | Assam | 150 | - | 3 | - | 14 | 167 | 3.06 |
| 5. | Bihar | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | 0.05 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | - | 1 | 173 | - | - | 174 | 3.19 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | 104 |  | 2 | - | 6 | 112 | 2.05 |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 9. | Delhi | 730 | 330 | 66 | 22 | - | 1148 | 21.01 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | 1 |  | - | - | - | 1 | 0.02 |
| 11 | Gujarat | 12 |  | 12 | - | 14 | 38 | 0.70 |
| 12. | Haryana | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.02 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | 8 |  | 7 | - |  | 15 | 0.27 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | 7 | - | 1 | - | - | 8 | 0.15 |
| 16 | Karnataka | 3 | - | 26 | - | - | 29 | 0.53 |
| 17 | Kerala | 4 | 14 | 15 | - | 52 | 85 | 1.56 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | 24 | - | 54 | - | 27 | 105 | 1.92 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | 91 | 99 | 41 | 154 | 64 | 449 | 8.22 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | 4 | - | - | 4 | 0.07 |
| 22 | Meghalaya | 10 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 0.18 |
| 23 | Mizoram | - | - | 6 | - |  | 6 | 0.11 |
| 24 | Nagaland | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 0.04 |
| 25 | Orissa | - | - | 3 | - |  | 3 | 0.05 |
| 26 | Pondicherry | - | - | 52 | - |  | 52 | 0.95 |
| 27 | Punjab | 58 | - | 21 | - | - | 79 | 1.45 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 0.02 |
| 29 | Sikkim | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | 34 | - | 12 | - | 1 | 47 | 0.86 |
| 31 | Tripura | 8 | - | 5 | - | - | 13 | 0.24 |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 45 | 2447 | 108 | - | - | 2600 | 47.59 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | - | - | 21 | - | 30 | 51 | 0.93 |
| 34 | West Bengal | 55 | - | 37 | - | 1 | 93 | 1.70 |
| 35 | * State-wise break-up not available | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 0.04 |
|  | TOTAL | 1466 | 2910 | 701 | 176 | 210 | 5463 | 100.00 |

[^1]Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-5A
Vacancies for Natural Scientists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Branches of Natural Sciences | Basic Pay upto Rs. 5000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 . \\ & 2 . \\ & 3 . \\ & 4 . \\ & 5 . \\ & 6 . \\ & 6 . \\ & 7 . \\ & 8 . \\ & 9 . \\ & 10 . \\ & 11 \\ & 12 . \\ & 13 . \\ & 14 . \\ & 15 . \\ & 16 . \\ & 17 . \\ & 18 . \\ & 19 . \\ & 20 . \\ & 21 . \end{aligned}$ $22 .$ $23 .$ $24 .$ | Astronomy <br> Biology <br> Botany <br> Chemistry <br> Chemistry Analytical <br> Chemistry Bio- <br> Chemistry Industrial <br> Chemistry Inorganic <br> Geology <br> Geology Applied <br> Geophysics <br> Meteorology <br> Microbiology <br> Oceanography <br> Physics <br> Physics, Applied <br> Physics, Bio- <br> Physics, Mathematical <br> Physics, Chemistry \& Mathematics <br> Physics, Nuclear <br> Physiology <br> Spectroscopy <br> Zoology <br> Combination of Natural <br> Science Subjects | - 27 38 - 3 - - 1 - 2 - - - 113 - - 10 36 - 1 - 27 49 | $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 53 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 12 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 1 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 13 38 - 3 - 2 1 - - - 9 - 60 - 1 1 5 - - - 8 10 | - <br> - <br> 6 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - | 1 <br> - <br>  <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 1 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 2 <br> - <br> - <br> -2 <br> 2 |
|  | TOTAL | 307 | 72 | 158 | 6 | 14 |

Contd......

TABLE-5A
Vacancies for Natural Scientists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Branches of Natural Sciences | Basic Pay between 5001-8000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 1. <br> 2. <br> 3. <br> 4. <br> 5. <br> 6. <br> 7. <br> 8. <br> 9. <br> 10. <br> 11 <br> 12. <br> 13. <br> 14. <br> 15. <br> 16. <br> 17. <br> 18. <br> 19. <br> 20. <br> 21. <br> 22. <br> 23. <br> 24. | Astronomy <br> Biology <br> Botany <br> Chemistry <br> Chemistry Analytical <br> Chemistry Bio- <br> Chemistry Industrial <br> Chemistry Inorganic <br> Geology <br> Geology Applied <br> Geophysics <br> Meteorology <br> Microbiology <br> Oceanography <br> Physics <br> Physics, Applied <br> Physics, Bio- <br> Physics, Mathematical <br> Physics, Chemistry \& Mathematics <br> Physics, Nuclear <br> Physiology <br> Spectroscopy <br> Zoology <br> Combination of Natural <br> Science Subjects | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ <br> $-$ <br> - <br> - <br> 1 <br> 28 <br> 6 89 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { P } \\ \hline \\ 28 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 5 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 3 \\ 46 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ \hline 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}25 \\ 27 \\ 56 \\ 4 \\ 18 \\ - \\ 28 \\ 4 \\ -1 \\ - \\ 2 \\ 18 \\ - \\ 87 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 14 \\ - \\ - \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - | 3 1 - 2 |
|  | TOTAL | 166 | 114 | 405 | 0 | 6 |

$\qquad$

TABLE-5A
Vacancies for Natural Scientists under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.


Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-5B
Vacancies for Natural Scientists according to work experience during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Natural Sciences | Vacancies for Natural Scientists |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | With Experience | Without Experience | Total |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 |
| 1. | Astronomy | 1 | - | 1 |
| 2. | Biology | 65 | 21 | 86 |
| 3. | Botany | 85 | 44 | 129 |
| 4. | Chemistry | 253 | 121 | 374 |
| 5. | Chemistry Analytical | 8 | - | 8 |
| 6. | Chemistry Bio | 52 | 30 | 82 |
| 7. | Chemistry Industrial | - | - | - |
| 8. | Chemistry Inorganic | 40 | 6 | 46 |
| 9. | Geology | 53 | 19 | 72 |
| 10. | Geology Applied | 3 | - | 3 |
| 11 | Geophysics | 29 | 27 | 56 |
| 12. | Meteorology | 4 | - | 4 |
| 13. | Microbiology | 46 | 14 | 60 |
| 14. | Oceanography | - | 3 | 3 |
| 15. | Physics | 217 | 238 | 455 |
| 16. | Physics, Applied | 4 | - | 4 |
| 17. | Physics, Bio | 9 | 2 | 11 |
| 18. | Physics, Mathematical | 22 | 11 | 33 |
| 19. | Physics, Chemistry \& Mathematics | 44 | 124 | 168 |
| 20. | Physics, Nuclear | - | 2 | 2 |
| 21. | Physiology | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 22. | Spectroscopy | - | - | - |
| 23. | Zoology | 89 | 39 | 128 |
| 24. | Combination of Natural Science Subjects | 76 | 149 | 225 |
|  | TOTAL | 1102 | 852 | 1954 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-5C
State-wise and Sector-wise vacancies for Natural Scientists during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | \% age to Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 25 | - | 58 | - | 9 | 92 | 4.71 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 0.10 |
| 4. | Assam | - | - | 11 | - | 2 | 13 | 0.67 |
| 5. | Bihar | 1 | - | 24 | - | - | 25 | 1.28 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | - | - | 29 | - | - | 29 | 1.49 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 9. | Delhi | 107 | - | 189 | - | - | 296 | 15.15 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu |  | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 0.05 |
| 11 | Gujarat | 12 | 3 | 63 | - | - | 78 | 3.99 |
| 12. | Haryana | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | 0.10 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | - | - | 8 | - | 1 | 9 | 0.46 |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | - | - | 26 | - | - | 26 | 1.33 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | - | - | 36 | - | - | 36 | 1.84 |
| 16 | Karnataka | 5 | - | 12 | - | - | 17 | 0.87 |
| 17 | Kerala | - | 6 | 7 | - | - | 13 | 0.67 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | 17 | - | 38 | - | 1 | 56 | 2.87 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | 95 | 3 | 49 | 6 | 8 | 161 | 8.24 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | 15 | - | - | 15 | 0.77 |
| 22 | Meghalaya | 3 | - | 17 | - | 1 | 21 | 1.07 |
| 23 | Mizoram | - | 3 | 19 | - | - | 22 | 1.13 |
| 24 | Nagaland | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 25 | Orissa | 1 | - | 14 | - | - | 15 | 0.77 |
| 26 | Pondicherry | - | - | 6 | - | - | 6 | 0.31 |
| 27 | Punjab | 10 | - | 29 | - | - | 39 | 1.96 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | 6 | 0.31 |
| 29 | Sikkim |  | 4 | 1 | - | - | 5 | 0.26 |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | 2 | - | 38 | - | - | 40 | 2.05 |
| 31 | Tripura | 1 | - | 2 | - | 2 | 5 | 0.26 |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 96 | 413 | 155 | - | - | 664 | 33.98 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | 11 | - | 94 | - | - | 105 | 5.37 |
| 34 | West Bengal | 8 | - | 14 | - | - | 22 | 1.13 |
| 35 | * State-wise break-up not available | 133 | - | - | - | - | 133 | 6.81 |
|  | TOTAL | 529 | 436 | 959 | 6 | 24 | 1954 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-6A
Vacancies for Social Scientists including Education/Teaching under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Social Sciences | Basic Pay upto Rs. 5000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| 1. | Accountancy | 5 | 18 | 51 | - | 1 |
| 2. | Accountancy, Chartered | - | - | 27 | - | - |
| 3. | Accountancy, Cost \& Works | - | - | 7 | - | - |
| 4. | Accountancy, Management | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 5. | Actuary |  | - | - | - |  |
| 6. | Anthropology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7. | Archaeology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Archives | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Economics | 8 | - | - | - | - |
| 10. | Education/Teaching | - | 575 | 16 | 38 | 287 |
| 11 | English | 52 | 3 | 14 | 1 | 4 |
| 12. | Geography | 4 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 13. | Hindi | 48 | 1 | 220 | 1 | 9 |
| 14. | History | 5 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 15. | Labour/Social Welfare | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 16. | Home, Domestic Science/ Economics | - | 3 | - | 25 | - |
| 17. | Language | 32 | 4 | 2 | - | 18 |
| 18. | Law | - | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| 19. | Literature | - | - | - | - | - |
| 20. | Mathematics | 35 | - | 5 | 1 | 10 |
| 21. | Mathematics, Applied | - | - |  | - | - |
| 22. | Philosophy | - | - | - | - | - |
| 23. | Political Science | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| 24. | Psychology | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 25. | Rural Science | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26. | Sociology/Social Work/Social Science | 4 | 95 | 6 | 292 | 98 |
| 27. | Statistics | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| 28. | Statistics, Mathematical | - | 41 | 2 | - | - |
| 29. | Statistics/Mathematics/Economics | - | 124 |  | - | - |
| 30. | Combination of Social Sciences | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | TOTAL | 193 | 867 | 362 | 358 | 429 |

Contd $\qquad$

TABLE-6A
Vacancies for Social Scientists including Education/Teaching under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. No. | Branches of Social Sciences | Basic Pay between Rs. 5001-8000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 . \\ & 2 . \\ & 3 . \\ & 3 . \\ & 4 . \\ & 5 . \\ & 6 . \\ & 6 . \\ & 7 . \\ & 8 . \\ & 9 . \\ & 9 . \\ & 10 . \\ & 11 \\ & 12 . \\ & 13 . \\ & 13 . \\ & 14 . \\ & 15 . \\ & 16 . \\ & 17 . \\ & 18 . \\ & 19 . \\ & 20 . \\ & 21 . \\ & 22 . \\ & 23 . \\ & 24 . \\ & 24 . \\ & 25 . \\ & 26 . \\ & 27 . \\ & 28 . \\ & 22 . \\ & 30 . \end{aligned}$ | Accountancy <br> Accountancy, Chartered <br> Accountancy, Cost \& Works <br> Accountancy, Management <br> Actuary <br> Anthropology <br> Archaeology <br> Archives <br> Economics <br> Education/Teaching <br> English <br> Geography <br> Hindi <br> History <br> Labour/Social Welfare <br> Home, Domestic Science/ Economics <br> Language <br> Law <br> Literature <br> Mathematics <br> Mathematics, Applied <br> Philosophy <br> Political Science <br> Psychology <br> Rural Science <br> Sociology/Social Work/Social Science <br> Statistics <br> Statistics, Mathematical <br> Statistics/Mathematics/Economics <br> Combination of Social Sciences | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 201 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 17 \\ 3 \\ 43 \\ - \\ 6 \\ - \\ - \\ 1 \\ 24 \\ 56 \\ - \\ 6 \\ - \\ - \\ 40 \\ 3 \\ - \\ 11 \\ - \\ 7 \\ 32 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 2 <br> 2 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br>  <br> - <br>  <br> 1 <br> 102 <br> 50 <br> 25 <br> 32 <br> 23 <br> - <br> 11 <br> 27 <br> 8 <br> - <br> 36 <br> - <br> 1 <br> - <br> 7 <br> - <br> 12 <br> - <br> 3 <br> - | $\begin{array}{r}58 \\ 25 \\ 29 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 20 \\ 26 \\ 30 \\ 9 \\ 20 \\ 15 \\ - \\ 10 \\ 26 \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 22 \\ 3 \\ - \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 1 <br> 2 <br> - <br> 1 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 1 <br> 46 <br> 6 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 5 |
|  | TOTAL | 452 | 354 | 362 | 1 | 62 |

Contd.......

TABLE-6A
Vacancies for Social Scientists including Education/Teaching under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI.No. | Branches of Social Sciences | Basic Pay Rs. 8001 and above p.m. |  |  |  |  | Total of Column (3-17) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |  |
| 1. | 2. | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 1. | Accountancy | 20 | 19 | 13 | - | 1 | 190 |
| 2. | Accountancy, Chartered | 22 | 7 | 175 | - | 1 | 466 |
| 3. | Accountancy, Cost \& Works | 1 | - | 23 | - | 1 | 61 |
| 4. | Accountancy, Management | - | 2 | 9 | - | - | 14 |
| 5. | Actuary | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6. | Anthropology | - | 1 | - | - | - | 4 |
| 7. | Archaeology | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| 8. | Archives | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Economics | 2 | 36 | 45 | - | - | 137 |
| 10. | Education/Teaching | 6 | 84 | 162 | - | 211 | 1557 |
| 11 | English | 16 | 87 | 28 | - | - | 334 |
| 12. | Geography | 1 | 38 | 7 | - | - | 85 |
| 13. | Hindi | 3 | 62 | 15 | - | 10 | 427 |
| 14. | History | 2 | 23 | 30 | - | - | 99 |
| 15. | Labour/Social Welfare | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| 16. | Home, Domestic Science/ Economics | - | 6 | 1 | - | - | 57 |
| 17. | Language | 23 | 41 | 43 | - | 71 | 311 |
| 18. | Law | 26 | 27 | 61 | - | - | 193 |
| 19. | Literature | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 20. | Mathematics | 1 | 48 | 24 | - | 1 | 194 |
| 21. | Mathematics, Applied | - | - | 1 | - | - | 4 |
| 22. | Philosophy | - | 7 | 10 | - | - | 18 |
| 23. | Political Science | - | 31 | 10 | - | - | 90 |
| 24. | Psychology | 8 | 22 | 10 | - | - | 52 |
| 25. | Rural Science | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 26. | Sociology/Social Work/Social Science | 5 | 49 | 35 | 2 | 143 | 781 |
| 27. | Statistics | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | 19 |
| 28. | Statistics, Mathematical | - | 5 | 4 | - | - | 65 |
| 29. | Statistics/Mathematics/Economics | - | 6 | 29 | - | - | 193 |
| 30. | Combination of Social Sciences | 1 | 14 | 14 | - | 68 | 98 |
|  | TOTAL | 138 | 615 | 753 | 2 | 507 | 5455 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

## TABLE-6B

Vacancies for Social Scientists including Education/Teaching according to work experience during 2003.

| SI. <br> No. | Branches of Social Sciences | Vacancies for Social Scientists |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | With Experience | Without Experience | Total |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 |
| 1. | Accountancy | 151 | 39 | 190 |
| 2. | Accountancy, Chartered | 448 | 18 | 466 |
| 3. | Accountancy, Cost \& Works | 33 | 28 | 61 |
| 4. | Accountancy, Management | 6 | 8 | 14 |
| 5. | Actuary |  |  |  |
| 6. | Anthropology | 4 | - | 4 |
| 7. | Archaeology | 2 | - | 2 |
| 8. | Archives | - | - | - |
| 9. | Economics | 105 | 32 | 137 |
| 10. | Education/Teaching | 572 | 985 | 1557 |
| 11 | English | 237 | 97 | 334 |
| 12. | Geography | 54 | 31 | 85 |
| 13. | Hindi | 120 | 307 | 427 |
| 14. | History | 84 | 15 | 99 |
| 15. | Labour/Social Welfare | - | 2 | 2 |
| 16. | Home, Domestic Science/ Economics | 23 | 34 | 57 |
| 17. | Language | 162 | 149 | 311 |
| 18. | Law | 169 | 24 | 193 |
| 19. | Literature | 1 | - | 1 |
| 20. | Mathematics | 124 | 70 | 194 |
| 21. | Mathematics, Applied | 4 | - | 4 |
| 22. | Philosophy | 17 | 1 | 18 |
| 23. | Political Science | 76 | 14 | 90 |
| 24. | Psychology | 39 | 13 | 52 |
| 25. | Rural Science | - | 1 | 1 |
| 26. | Sociology/Social Work/Social Science | 215 | 566 | 781 |
| 27. | Statistics | 11 | 8 | 19 |
| 28. | Statistics, Mathematical | 59 | 6 | 65 |
| 29. | Statistics/Mathematics/Economics | 190 | 3 | 193 |
| 30. | Combination of Social Sciences | 22 | 76 | 98 |
|  | TOTAL | 2928 | 2527 | 5455 |

## Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

## TABLE-6C

State-wise and Sector-wise vacancies for Social Scientists including Education/Teaching during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { age to } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 50 | 6 | 54 | - | 66 | 176 | 3.23 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.02 |
| 4. | Assam | - | - | 45 | - | 3 | 48 | 0.88 |
| 5. | Bihar | 2 | - | 16 | - | 1 | 19 | 0.35 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | 1 | 1 | 4 | - | - | 6 | 0.11 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 0.05 |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9. | Delhi | 167 | 15 | 442 |  | 1 | 625 | 11.45 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | - | 49 | 3 | - | - | 52 | 0.95 |
| 11 | Gujarat | 4 | 26 | 33 | 7 | 283 | 353 | 6.47 |
| 12. | Haryana | - | - | 6 | - | - | 6 | 0.11 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | 1 | 164 | 12 | - | 5 | 182 | 3.34 |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | 2 | 1 | 81 | - | - | 84 | 1.54 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | - | - | 10 | - | - | 10 | 0.18 |
| 16 | Karnataka | 16 | 1 | 15 | - | - | 32 | 0.59 |
| 17 | Kerala | - | 74 | 15 | - | 104 | 193 | 3.54 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | 0.92 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | 57 | 19 | 193 | 352 | 471 | 1092 | 20.02 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | 0.04 |
| 22 | Meghalaya | 2 | - | 46 | 2 | 1 | 51 | 0.93 |
| 23 | Mizoram | - | 113 | 96 | - | - | 209 | 3.83 |
| 24 | Nagaland | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 0.04 |
| 25 | Orissa | 1 | - | 13 | - | - | 14 | 0.26 |
| 26 | Pondicherry | 58 | 3 | - | - | - | 61 | 1.12 |
| 27 | Punjab | 2 | - | 11 | - | - | 13 | 0.24 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | 1 | - | 14 | - | - | 15 | 0.27 |
| 29 | Sikkim | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | 3 | 1 | 50 | - | 36 | 90 | 1.65 |
| 31 | Tripura | 1 | 1 | - | - | 23 | 25 | 0.46 |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 113 | 1339 | 87 | - | 1 | 1540 | 28.23 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | - | - | 34 | - | - | 34 | 0.62 |
| 34 | West Bengal | 22 | 20 | 141 | - | 3 | 186 | 3.41 |
| 35 | * State-wise break-up not available | 278 | - | 3 | - | - | 281 | 5.15 |
|  | TOTAL | 783 | 1836 | 1477 | 361 | 998 | 5455 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

## TABLE-7A

Vacancies for Miscellaneous Graduates under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Types of Vacancies | Basic Pay upto Rs. 5000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. |
| 1. | Art, Fine |  |  | - |  | - |
| 2. | Art, Commercial | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| 3. | Banking | - | - | - | 8 | 25 |
| 4. | Catering |  |  | 8 | - |  |
| 5. | Cinematography |  |  | - | - | - |
| 6. | Company Secretaryship | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7. | Film Direction | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Hotel Management | 5 | 9 | 8 | - | 120 |
| 9. | Industrial Management/Business | 6 | - | 3 | - | 1 |
|  | Management \& Administration |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | Interior Decoration, Display \& Designing |  | - | - | - |  |
| 11. | Insurance | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12. | Journalism | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 13. | Library Science | 5 | 9 | 8 | - | 1 |
| 14. | Music, Instrumental | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15. | Music Vocal |  |  | 1 | - |  |
| 16. | Museology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. | Nutrition/Applied Nutrition | - | - | - | - | - |
| 18. | Pass-Graduates in Science, Arts \& | 666 | 714 | 1413 | 141 | 151 |
|  | Commerce suitable for Office work |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Physical Education | 24 | 33 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| 20. | Public Administration | - | - | - | - | - |
| 21. | Research Methodology |  | - | - | - | - |
| 22. | Sculpture |  |  | - | - |  |
| 23. | Secretarial and Commercial Work \& |  | - | - | - | - |
|  | Practices |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. | Stage Craft \& Dramatics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25. | Other Vacancies (Unspecified) | 271 | 396 | 33 | 36 | 53 |
|  | TOTAL | 980 | 1161 | 1475 | 186 | 358 |

Contd. $\qquad$

TABLE-7A
Vacancies for Miscellaneous Graduates under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. | Types of Vacancies | Basic Pay between Rs. 5001-8000 p.m. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |
| 1. | 2. | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 1. | Art, Fine | 3 |  | 11 | - | - |
| 2. | Art, Commercial |  | 1 | 4 | - |  |
| 3. | Banking | - | - | - | - |  |
| 4. | Catering | - | - | - | - |  |
| 5. | Cinematography | - | - | 6 | - |  |
| 6. | Company Secretaryship | - | - | 5 | - |  |
| 7. | Film Direction | - | - | - | - |  |
| 8. | Hotel Management | - | - | 19 | - |  |
| 9. | Industrial Management/Business Management \& Administration | 8 | 3 | 217 | - | - |
| 10. | Interior Decoration, Display \& Designing | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11. | Insurance | - | - | - | - |  |
| 12. | Journalism | 5 | - | 3 | - | - |
| 13. | Library Science | 8 | 2 | 20 | - | 1 |
| 14. | Music, Instrumental | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| 15. | Music Vocal | - | 12 | 7 | - |  |
| 16. | Museology | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. | Nutrition/Applied Nutrition | - | - | - | - | - |
| 18. | Pass-Graduates in Science, Arts \& | 1796 | 9 | 347 | - | 1 |
|  | Commerce suitable for Office work |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Physical Education | 15 | 12 | 5 | - |  |
| 20. | Public Administration | - | 7 | 1 | - | - |
| 21. | Research Methodology | 3 | - | - | - | - |
| 22. | Sculpture | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 23. | Secretarial and Commercial Work \& | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 24. | Stage Craft \& Dramatics | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25. | Other Vacancies (Unspecified) | 88 | 9 | 40 | - | 4 |
|  | TOTAL | 1929 | 55 | 685 | 0 | 9 |

Contd. $\qquad$

TABLE-7A
Vacancies for Miscellaneous Graduates under various sectors by Pay-ranges during 2003.

| SI. | Types of Vacancies | Basic Pay Rs. 8001 and above p.m. |  |  |  |  | Total of Column (3-17) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. |  |
| 1. | 2. | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 1. | Art, Fine | 2 | 7 | 4 |  |  | 27 |
| 2. | Art, Commercial | - | - | 2 | - | - | 9 |
| 3. | Banking |  | - | 38 |  |  | 71 |
| 4. | Catering | - |  | - |  | - | 8 |
| 5. | Cinematography | 2 | - | - |  | - | 8 |
| 6. | Company Secretaryship | - | - | 3 | - | - | 8 |
| 7. | Film Direction | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Hotel Management |  | 6 | 6 | - | - | 173 |
| 9. | Industrial Management/Business | 94 | - | 186 | 1 | 5 | 524 |
|  | Management \& Administration |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | Interior Decoration, Display \& Designing | 2 | 1 |  |  | - | 3 |
| 11. | Insurance |  | - | - |  | - | - |
| 12. | Journalism | 1 | 3 | 12 | - | - | 26 |
| 13. | Library Science | 2 | - | 39 | 2 | 2 | 99 |
| 14. | Music, Instrumental | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | 5 |
| 15. | Music Vocal | - | 8 | 2 |  |  | 30 |
| 16. | Museology | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 17. | Nutrition/Applied Nutrition | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 18. | Pass-Graduates in Science, Arts \& | 26 | 117 | 65 | 91 | 4 | 5541 |
|  | Commerce suitable for Office work |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Physical Education | 2 | 14 | 13 | - | 5 | 131 |
| 20. | Public Administration | - | 3 | 14 | - | - | 25 |
| 21. | Research Methodology |  |  | - | - |  | 3 |
| 22. | Sculpature |  | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 23. | Secretarial and Commercial Work \& | - | - | 1 | - | - | 4 |
|  | Practices |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. | Stage Craft \& Dramatics | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25. | Other Vacancies (Unspecified) | 366 | 15 | 39 | - | 8 | 1358 |
|  | TOTAL | 498 | 176 | 426 | 94 | 24 | 8056 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-7B
Vacancies for MiscellaneousGraduates according to work experience during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Type of Vacancies | Vacancies for Gradutes (Pass) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | With Experience | Without Experience | Total |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 |
| 1. | Art, Fine | 24 | 3 | 27 |
| 2. | Art, Commercial | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| 3. | Banking | 42 | 29 | 71 |
| 4. | Catering | 8 | - | 8 |
| 5. | Cinematography | 8 | - | 8 |
| 6. | Company Secretaryship | 8 |  | 8 |
| 7. | Film Direction | - | - | - |
| 8. | Hotel Management | 167 | 6 | 173 |
| 9. | Industrial Management/Business | 353 | 171 | 524 |
|  | Management \& Administration |  |  |  |
| 10. | Interior Decoration, Display \& Designing | 3 | - | 3 |
| 11. | Insurance | - | - | - |
| 12. | Journalism | 17 | 9 | 26 |
| 13. | Library Science | 77 | 22 | 99 |
| 14. | Music, Instrumental | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| 15. | Music Vocal | 18 | 12 | 30 |
| 16. | Museology | 1 | - | 1 |
| 17. | Nutrition/Applied Nutrition | 1 | - | 1 |
| 18. | Office work (Suitable for Pass-Graduates in Science, Arts \& Commerce) | 844 | 4697 | 5541 |
| 19. | Physical Education | 97 | 34 | 131 |
| 20. | Public Administration | 23 | 2 | 25 |
| 21. | Research Methodology | - | 3 | 3 |
| 22. | Sculpture | 1 | - | 1 |
| 23. | Secretarial and Commercial Work \& | 4 | - | 4 |
|  | Practices |  |  |  |
| 24. | Stage Craft \& Dramatics | - | - | - |
| 25. | Other Vacancies (Unspecified) | 749 | 609 | 1358 |
|  | TOTAL | 2456 | 5600 | 8056 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-7C
State-wise and Sector-wise vacancies for Miscellaneous Graduates during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | States/UTs | Central Govt. | State Govt. | Quasi Govt. | Local Bodies | Pvt. | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { \% age to } \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar |  |  | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 300 | 87 | 57 | 93 | 16 | 553 | 6.86 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh |  | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 0.01 |
| 4. | Assam | 7 | - | 11 | - | 4 | 22 | 0.27 |
| 5. | Bihar | 212 | - | 9 | - | - | 221 | 2.74 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0.01 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | 6 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 0.07 |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 9. | Delhi | 534 | 11 | 333 | 1 | 124 | 1003 | 12.45 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 0.02 |
| 11 | Gujarat | 12 | - | 31 | - | 36 | 79 | 0.98 |
| 12. | Haryana | 1 | 9 | 10 | - | - | 20 | 0.25 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | 2 | 24 | - | - | 2 | 28 | 0.35 |
| 14 | Jammu \& Kashmir | 1396 | 2 | 39 | - | - | 1437 | 17.84 |
| 15 | Jharkhand | - | - | 8 | - | - | 8 | 0.10 |
| 16 | Karnataka | 30 | - | 101 | - | - | 131 | 1.63 |
| 17 | Kerala | 56 | 640 | 690 | 20 | 59 | 1465 | 18.19 |
| 18 | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19 | Madhya Pradesh | 1 | - | 20 | - | - | 21 | 0.26 |
| 20 | Maharashtra | 33 | 483 | 668 | 166 | 145 | 1495 | 18.56 |
| 21 | Manipur | - | - | 15 | - | - | 15 | 0.19 |
| 22 | Meghalaya | 9 | - | 5 | - | - | 14 | 0.17 |
| 23 | Mizoram | - | 3 | 17 | - | - | 20 | 0.25 |
| 24 | Nagaland |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 25 | Orissa | - | - | 13 | - | - | 13 | 0.16 |
| 26 | Pondicherry | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 0.04 |
| 27 | Punjab | 18 | - | 27 | - | - | 45 | 0.56 |
| 28 | Rajasthan | - | 1 | 2 | - | 4 | 7 | 0.09 |
| 29 | Sikkim | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 30 | Tamil Nadu | 264 | 7 | 243 | - | - | 514 | 6.38 |
| 31 | Tripura | 10 | 1 | - | - | - | 11 | 0.14 |
| 32 | Uttar Pradesh | 385 | 112 | 236 | - | - | 733 | 9.10 |
| 33 | Uttranchal | 1 | - | 16 | - | - | 17 | 0.21 |
| 34 | West Bengal | 59 | 7 | 30 | - | 1 | 97 | 1.20 |
| 35 | * State-wise break-up not available | 70 | - | 4 | - | - | 74 | 0.92 |
|  | TOTAL | 3407 | 1392 | 2586 | 280 | 391 | 8056 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

## TABLE-8A

Distribution of vacancies by various Disciplines \& Sectors of establishments who notified the vacancies during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Branches of Study | Central Govt. | Percentage | State Govt. | Percentage | *Quasi Govt. | Percentage | Local Bodies | Percentage | Private Estt. | Percentage | Total | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 1. | Engineering | 4908 | 43.74 | 1091 | 13.29 | 4908 | 43.02 | 211 | 16.79 | 418 | 20.11 | 11536 | 33.75 |
| 2. | Technology | 98 | 0.87 | 31 | 0.38 | 64 | 0.56 | 3 | 0.24 | 17 | 0.82 | 213 | 0.62 |
| 3. | Agriculture | 30 | 0.27 | 514 | 6.26 | 715 | 6.27 | 220 | 17.50 | 21 | 1.01 | 1500 | 4.39 |
| 4. | Medicine | 1466 | 13.07 | 2910 | 35.44 | 701 | 6.14 | 176 | 14.00 | 210 | 10.10 | 5463 | 15.99 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | 529 | 4.71 | 436 | 5.31 | 959 | 8.41 | 6 | 0.48 | 24 | 1.15 | 1954 | 5.72 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education/ Teaching | 783 | 6.98 | 1836 | 22.36 | 1477 | 12.94 | 361 | 28.72 | 998 | 48.00 | 5455 | 15.96 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | 3407 | 30.36 | 1392 | 16.96 | 2586 | 22.66 | 280 | 22.27 | 391 | 18.81 | 8056 | 23.57 |
|  | TOTAL | 11221 | 100.00 | 8210 | 100.00 | 11410 | 100.00 | 1257 | 100.00 | 2079 | 100.00 | 34177 | 100.00 |

* Vacancies in Quasi-Government bodies under Central Government and State Government have baeen included under the heading Quasi Government' in Column No.7.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

## Table-8B

Distribution of vacancies for Graduates according to Pay ranges during the year 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Faculty | Basic <br> Pay upto <br> Rs. 5000/- <br> P.M. | Percentage to Total | Basic Pay between Rs. 5001 to 8000/P.M. | Percentage to Total | Basic Pay <br> Rs. 8001 <br> \& above <br> P.M. | Percentage to Total | Total of Cols. 3, 5 \& 7 | Percentage of respective branch of study to the Total No. of Vacancies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 1. | Engineering | $\begin{array}{r} 5304 \\ (45.98) \end{array}$ | 39.95 | $\begin{array}{r} 3335 \\ (\mathbf{2 8 . 9 1 )} \end{array}$ | 28.71 | $\begin{array}{r} 2897 \\ (25.11) \end{array}$ | 31.20 | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 11536 \\ (\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 )} \end{array}$ | 33.75 |
| 2. | Technology | $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ (34.74) \end{array}$ | 0.56 | $\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ (21.60) \end{array}$ | 0.40 | $\begin{array}{r} 93 \\ (43.66) \end{array}$ | 1.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 213 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 0.62 |
| 3. | Agriculture | $\begin{array}{r} 307 \\ (20.47) \end{array}$ | 2.31 | $\begin{array}{r} 657 \\ (43.80) \end{array}$ | 5.65 | $\begin{array}{r} 536 \\ (35.73) \end{array}$ | 5.77 | $\begin{array}{r} 1500 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 4.39 |
| 4. | Medicine | $\begin{array}{r} 666 \\ (12.19) \end{array}$ | 5.02 | $\begin{array}{r} 2978 \\ (54.51) \end{array}$ | 25.64 | $\begin{array}{r} 1819 \\ (33.30) \end{array}$ | 19.59 | $\begin{array}{r} 5463 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 15.99 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | $\begin{array}{r} 557 \\ (28.51) \end{array}$ | 4.19 | $\begin{array}{r} 691 \\ (35.36) \end{array}$ | 5.95 | $\begin{array}{r} 706 \\ (36.13) \end{array}$ | 7.61 | $\begin{array}{r} 1954 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 5.72 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education/ Teaching | $\begin{array}{r} 2209 \\ (40.49) \end{array}$ | 16.64 | $\begin{array}{r} 1231 \\ (22.57) \end{array}$ | 10.60 | $\begin{array}{r} 2015 \\ (36.94) \end{array}$ | 21.71 | $\begin{array}{r} 5455 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 15.96 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | $\begin{array}{r} 4160 \\ (51.64) \end{array}$ | 31.33 | $\begin{array}{r} 2678 \\ (33.24) \end{array}$ | 23.05 | $\begin{array}{r} 1218 \\ (15.12) \end{array}$ | 13.12 | $\begin{array}{r} 8056 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 23.57 |
|  | TOTAL | $\begin{array}{r} 13277 \\ (38.85) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 11616 \\ (33.99) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 9284 \\ (27.16) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 34177 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 100.00 |

Note:- Bracketed figures in column 3, 5, $7 \& 9$ shows the percentages to the total in column 9.

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-8C
Distribution of vacancies for Graduates according to experience during the year 2003.

| SI. No. | Faculty | With Experience | Percentage | Without Experience | Percentage | Total of Cols. 3\& 5 | Percentage to Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7 | 8 |
| 1. | Engineering | 3917 | 27.64 | 7619 | 38.08 | 11536 | 33.75 |
| 2. | Technology | 136 | 0.96 | 77 | 0.39 | 213 | 0.62 |
| 3. | Agriculture | 911 | 6.43 | 589 | 2.94 | 1500 | 4.39 |
| 4. | Medicine | 2721 | 19.20 | 2742 | 13.71 | 5463 | 15.99 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | 1102 | 7.78 | 852 | 4.26 | 1954 | 5.72 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education/ Teaching | 2928 | 20.66 | 2527 | 12.63 | 5455 | 15.96 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | 2456 | 17.33 | 5600 | 27.99 | 8056 | 23.57 |
|  | TOTAL | 14171 | 100.00 | 20006 | 100.00 | 34177 | 100.00 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-8D
Distribution of vacancies State-wise and Faculty-wise during 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Sl.} \\ & \mathrm{So} . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Name of the State | Engineering | Technology | Agricul- ture | Medicine | Natural Science | Social <br> Science <br> including <br> Education/ <br> Teaching | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | Total Cols. 3 to 9 | Percentage to the Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |  | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar |  |  | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 564 | 2 | 20 | 161 | 92 | 176 | 553 | 1568 | 4.59 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | 72 | 4 |  | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 83 | 0.24 |
| 4. | Assam | 14 | 1 |  | 167 | 13 | 48 | 22 | 265 | 0.77 |
| 5. | Bihar | 379 |  | 1 | 3 | 25 | 19 | 221 | 648 | 1.90 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | 19 |  | 1 | 174 | 29 | 6 | 1 | 230 | 0.67 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | 11 |  |  | 112 |  | 3 | 6 | 132 | 0.39 |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 9. | Delhi | 2350 | 60 | 84 | 1148 | 296 | 625 | 1003 | 5566 | 16.29 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | 13 |  |  |  | 1 | 52 | 2 | 69 | 0.20 |
| 11. | Gujarat | 405 | 2 | 3 | 38 | 78 | 353 | 79 | 958 | 2.80 |
| 12. | Haryana | 196 | - | 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 20 | 229 | 0.67 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | 2 | - | 3 | - | 9 | 182 | 28 | 224 | 0.65 |
| 14. | Jammu \& Kashmir | 324 | 2 | 69 | 15 | 26 | 84 | 1437 | 1957 | 5.73 |
| 15. | Jharkhand | 35 | - | 1 | 8 | 36 | 10 | 8 | 98 | 0.29 |
| 16. | Karnataka | 617 | 1 | 6 | 29 | 17 | 32 | 131 | 833 | 2.44 |
| 17. | Kerala | 323 | 1 | 44 | 85 | 13 | 193 | 1465 | 2124 | 6.21 |
| 18. | Lakshadweep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 19. | Madhya Pradesh | 718 | 17 | 174 | 105 | 56 | 50 | 21 | 1141 | 3.34 |
| 20. | Maharashtra | 1762 | 42 | 275 | 449 | 161 | 1092 | 1495 | 5276 | 15.44 |
| 21. | Manipur | 25 | - | 17 | 4 | 15 | 2 | 15 | 78 | 0.23 |
| 22. | Meghalaya | 145 | - | 1 | 10 | 21 | 51 | 14 | 242 | 0.71 |
| 23. | Mizoram | 1 |  | 34 | 6 | 22 | 209 | 20 | 292 | 0.85 |
| 24. | Nagaland | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 4 | 0.01 |
| 25. | Orissa | 22 | - | 2 | 3 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 69 | 0.20 |
| 26. | Pondicherry | - | - | - | 52 | 6 | 61 | 3 | 122 | 0.36 |
| 27. | Punjab | 171 | 8 | 3 | 79 | 39 | 13 | 45 | 358 | 1.05 |
| 28. | Rajasthan | 8 | - | 5 | 1 | 6 | 15 | 7 | 42 | 0.12 |
| 29. | Sikkim | 19 | - | 2 | - | 5 | - | - | 26 | 0.08 |
| 30. | Tamil Nadu | 297 | 9 | 14 | 47 | 40 | 90 | 514 | 1011 | 2.96 |
| 31. | Tripura | 21 | - | 17 | 13 | 5 | 25 | 11 | 92 | 0.27 |
| 32. | Uttar Pradesh | 2138 | 62 | 650 | 2600 | 664 | 1540 | 733 | 8387 | 24.54 |
| 33. | Utranchal | 390 | 1 | 63 | 51 | 105 | 34 | 17 | 661 | 1.93 |
| 34. | West Bengal | 392 | 1 | 5 | 93 | 22 | 186 | 97 | 796 | 2.33 |
| 35. | * State-wise break-up not available | 103 | - | 1 | 2 | 133 | 281 | 74 | 594 | 1.74 |
|  | TOTAL | 11536 | 213 | 1500 | 5463 | 1954 | 5455 | 8056 | 34177 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by the Railway Recruitment Boards and some

Vacancies notified to UPSC for which places of duty not specified.
Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-8E
Discipline-wise vacancies notified during 1999,2000 \& 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Field of Study | Total No. of Vavancies Notified during |  | $\%$ age <br> increase/ <br> decrease <br> in 2000 <br> over 1999$\|$ | Total No. of <br> vacancies <br> notified <br> during <br> 2003 | \% age <br> increase/ <br> decrease <br> in 2003 <br> over 1999$\|$ | $\%$ age <br> increase/ <br> decrease in <br> 2003 over <br> 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1999 | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7 | 8 |
| 1. | Engineering | 9974 | 9756 | (-) 2.19 | 11536 | (+) 15.66 | (+)18.24 |
| 2. | Technology | 238 | 216 | (-) 9.24 | 213 | (-) 10.50 | (-) 1.39 |
| 3. | Agriculture | 1827 | 1101 | (-) 39.74 | 1500 | (-) 17.90 | (+) 36.23 |
| 4. | Medicine | 5124 | 3431 | (-) 33.04 | 5463 | (+) 6.61 | (+) 59.22 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | 3136 | 3195 | (+) 1.88 | 1954 | (-) 37.69 | (-) 38.84 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education / Teaching | 8918 | 11476 | (+) 28.68 | 5455 | (-) 38.83 | (-) 52.47 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | 11297 | 9781 | (-) 13.42 | 8056 | (-) 28.69 | (-) 17.64 |
|  | TOTAL | 40514 | 38956 | (-) 3.85 | 34177 | (-) 15.64 | (-)12.27 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News

TABLE-8F (i)
Discipline-wise out-turn of Graduates/Post-Graduates during the year 2002 \& 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Discipline/Faculty | Persons who obtained Degrees/Post-Graduate Degrees \# |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Percentage } \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { in } 2003 \text { over } \\ 2002 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2002 * |  | 2003 ** |  |  |
|  |  | Number | Percentage | Number | Precentage |  |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| 1. | Engineering | 40808 | 3.17 | 41617 | 3.19 | (+) 1.98 |
| 2. | Technology | 8470 | 0.66 | 9030 | 0.69 | (+) 6.61 |
| 3. | Agriculture | 15106 | 1.18 | 16502 | 1.26 | (+) 9.24 |
| 4. | Medicine | 37172 | 2.89 | 43079 | 3.3 | (+) 15.89 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | 252443 | 19.63 | 254092 | 19.46 | (+) 0.65 |
| 6. | Social Sciences \& Teaching | 434648 | 33.8 | 446433 | 34.2 | (+) 2.71 |
| 7. | Misc. vacancies for Graduates | 497209 | 38.67 | 494754 | 37.9 | (-) 0.49 |
|  | TOTAL | 1285856 | 100.00 | 1305507 | 100.00 | (+) 1.53 |

* Adjusted to 220 Universities/Institutions to make the data comparable with 2003.
** Based on information received from 220 universities/Institutions out of a total of 322.

TABLE-8F (ii)

Discipline-wise out-turn of Doctorate Degree awardees during the year 2001-2002 \& 2002-2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sl. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Disciplines/Faculty | Persons who had been awarded doctorate degrees |  |  |  | Percentage Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2001-2002 |  | 2002-2003 |  |  |
|  |  | Number | Percentage | Number | Precentage |  |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| 1. | Veterinary Science | 110 | 0.92 | 153 | 1.11 | (+) 39.09 |
| 2. | Education | 420 | 3.51 | 554 | 4.03 | (+) 31.90 |
| 3. | Others | 336 | 2.8 | 436 | 3.18 | (+) 29.76 |
| 4. | Law | 110 | 0.92 | 138 | 1 | (+) 25.45 |
| 5. | Agriculture | 838 | 7 | 1042 | 7.59 | (+) 24.34 |
| 6. | Commerce/ Management | 728 | 6.08 | 857 | 6.24 | (+) 17.72 |
| 7. | Science | 3955 | 33.03 | 4497 | 32.75 | (+) 13.70 |
| 8. | Arts | 4524 | 37.78 | 5034 | 36.66 | (+) 11.27 |
| 9. | Medicine | 219 | 1.83 | 243 | 1.77 | (+) 10.96 |
| 10. | Engineering/Technology | 734 | 6.13 | 779 | 5.67 | (+) 6.13 |
|  | TOTAL | 11974 | 100.00 | 13733 | 100.00 | (+) 14.69 |

* Other include Music/ Fine Arts, Library Science, Physical Education, Journalism and Social work etc.

Source:- UGC, New Delhi

TABLE-8G
Distribution of vacancies notified according to various subjects during 2000 and 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage <br> to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1. | Accountancy | 190 | 0.56 | 282 | 0.72 |
| 2. | Accountancy, Chartered | 466 | 1.36 | 266 | 0.68 |
| 3. | Accountancy, Cost \& Works | 61 | 0.18 | 36 | 0.09 |
| 4. | Accountancy, Management | 14 | 0.04 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 5. | Actuary |  | - | - | - |
| 6. | Aeronautical Engg. | 185 | 0.54 | 36 | 0.09 |
| 7. | Agricultural Bacteriology | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Agricultural, Botany | 21 | 0.06 | 41 | 0.11 |
| 9. | Agricultural, Chemistry | 20 | 0.06 | 24 | 0.06 |
| 10. | Agricultural Engg. | 192 | 0.56 | 48 | 0.12 |
| 11. | Agricultural Economics | 15 | 0.04 | 26 | 0.07 |
| 12. | Entomology | 33 | 1.10 | 36 | 0.09 |
| 13. | Agricultural Extension | 72 | 0.21 | 65 | 0.17 |
| 14. | Agricultural Marketing | 6 | 0.02 |  | - |
| 15. | Agricultural Microbiology | 16 | 0.05 | 11 | 0.03 |
| 16. | Agricultural Meteorology | 5 | 0.02 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 17. | Agricultural Sociology |  | - | - | - |
| 18. | Agricultural Statistics | 6 | 0.02 | 12 | 0.03 |
| 19. | Agricultural (Unspecified) | 250 | 0.73 | 52 | 0.13 |
| 20. | Agronomy | 73 | 0.21 | 125 | 0.32 |
| 21. | Airconditioning \& Refrigeration | 4 | 0.01 | 10 | 0.03 |
| 22. | Aircraft Maintenance | 11 | 0.03 |  | - |
| 23. | Alcohol Technology | - | - | - | - |
| 24. | Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) | 784 | 2.30 | 1178 | 3.02 |
| 25. | Anaesthesia | 94 | 0.28 | 44 | 0.11 |
| 26. | Anatomy | 28 | 0.08 | 1 | 0.00 |
| 27. | Animal Nutrition | 27 | 0.08 | 16 | 0.04 |
| 28. | Animal Pathology | 8 | 0.02 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 29. | Anthropology | 4 | 0.01 | 36 | 0.09 |
| 30. | Archaeology | 2 | 0.01 | 6 | 0.02 |
| 31. | Architecture | 66 | 0.19 | 14 | 0.04 |
| 32. | Arch/Civil | 2 | 0.01 | - | - |
| 33. | Archives | - | - | - | - |
| 34. | Art, Commerical | 9 | 0.03 | 26 | 0.07 |
| 35. | Art, Fine | 27 | 0.08 | 91 | 0.23 |
| 36. | Astronomy | 1 | 0.00 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 37. | Automobile Engg. | 89 | 0.26 | 41 | 0.11 |
| 38. | Ayurveda | 2113 | 6.18 | 109 | 0.28 |
| 39. | Banking | 71 | 0.21 | 22 | 0.06 |
| 40. | Biology | 86 | 0.25 | 258 | 0.66 |
| 41. | Botany | 129 | 0.38 | 85 | 0.22 |
| 42. | Broadcasting \& Television | 13 | 0.04 | - | - |
| 43. | Cardiology | 43 | 0.13 | 48 | 0.12 |
| 44. | Catering | 8 | 0.02 | 29 | 0.07 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Contd...... |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 45. | Ceramics | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 46. | Chemical Engg. | 144 | 0.42 | 430 | 1.10 |
| 47. | Chemical Technology | 3 | 0.01 | 21 | 0.05 |
| 48. | Chemistry | 374 | 1.10 | 494 | 1.27 |
| 49. | Chemistry, Analytical | 8 | 0.02 | 8 | 0.02 |
| 50. | Chemistry, Bio | 82 | 0.24 | 78 | 0.20 |
| 51. | Chemistry, Industrial |  | - | - | - |
| 52. | Chemistry, In-organic | 46 | 0.14 | 32 | 0.08 |
| 53. | Cinematography | 8 | 0.02 | 9 | 0.02 |
| 54. | Civil (including Municipal) | 1990 | 5.82 | 1555 | 3.99 |
| 55. | Clinical Pathology \& Bacteriology) | 101 | 0.30 | 99 | 0.25 |
| 56. | Combination of Natural Sciences | 225 | 0.66 | 944 | 2.42 |
| 57. | Combination of Social Sciences | 98 | 0.29 | 37 | 0.09 |
| 58. | Company Secretary-ship | 8 | 0.02 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 59. | Co-operation | 28 | 0.08 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 60. | Dairy Science | 18 | 0.05 | 32 | 0.08 |
| 61. | Dental Surgery | 43 | 0.13 | 13 | 0.03 |
| 62. | Dermatology | 18 | 0.05 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 63. | Dietetics | - | - | 4 | 0.01 |
| 64. | Economics | 137 | 0.40 | 289 | 0.74 |
| 65. | Education/Teaching | 1557 | 4.56 | 5951 | 15.28 |
| 66. | Electrical Engg. | 1398 | 4.09 | 1064 | 2.73 |
| 67. | Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/ Communication (including Radio) | 1718 | 5.03 | 1874 | 4.81 |
| 68. | Elect/Mech.Engg. | 1074 | 3.14 | 243 | 0.62 |
| 69. | English | 334 | 0.98 | 615 | 1.58 |
| 70. | Engineers Unspecified | 1742 | 5.10 | 298 | 0.76 |
| 71. | Fibre Technology | - | - | - | - |
| 72. | Film Direction | - | - | 3 | 0.01 |
| 73. | Fishery | 23 | 0.07 | 57 | 0.15 |
| 74. | Food Technology | 65 | 0.19 | 29 | 0.07 |
| 75. | Forensic Medicine | 18 | 0.05 | 20 | 0.05 |
| 76. | Forestry | 22 | 0.06 | 54 | 0.14 |
| 77. | Forging \& Heat Treatment | 1 | 0.00 | 16 | 0.04 |
| 78. | Fuel Technology | - | - | - | - |
| 79. | General Surgery | 83 | 0.24 | 65 | 0.17 |
| 80. | Geography | 85 | 0.25 | 129 | 0.33 |
| 81. | Geology | 72 | 0.21 | 141 | 0.36 |
| 82. | Geology-Applied | 3 | 0.01 | 2 | 0.01 |
| 83. | Geophysics | 56 | 0.16 | 18 | 0.05 |
| 84. | Glass Technology | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 85. | Gynaecology \& Obstetrics | 65 | 0.19 | 22 | 0.06 |
| 86. | Highways \& Roads | 174 | 0.51 | - | - |
| 87. | Hindi | 427 | 1.25 | 701 | 1.80 |
| 88. | History | 99 | 0.29 | 201 | 0.52 |
| 89. | Homeopathy | 118 | 0.35 | 42 | 0.11 |
| 90. | Home/Domestic Science/Eco. | 57 | 0.17 | 33 | 0.08 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Contd. |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 91. | Horticulture | 86 | 0.25 | 88 | 0.23 |
| 92. | Hosiery Technology | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 93. | Hotel Management | 173 | 0.51 | 414 | 1.06 |
| 94. | Hydraulics \& Dam | 2 | 0.01 |  | - |
| 95. | Industrial Management/ Business | 524 | 1.53 | 374 | 0.96 |
|  | Manag. \& Adm. |  |  |  |  |
| 96. | Instrument Engg. | 77 | 0.23 | 58 | 0.15 |
| 97. | Insurance |  | - |  | - |
| 98. | Interior Decoration Display \& Designing | 3 | 0.01 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 99. | Intermediate \& Dyes | - | - | - | - |
| 100. | Internal Combustion | - | - | 10 | 0.03 |
| 101. | Journalism | 26 | 0.08 | 38 | 0.01 |
| 102. | Jute Technology | - | - | - | - |
| 103. | Labour/Social Welfare | 2 | 0.01 | 28 | 0.07 |
| 104. | Land Development |  | - | 6 | 0.02 |
| 105. | Languages | 311 | 0.91 | 1006 | 2.58 |
| 106. | Laryngology \& Otolaryngology | - | - | 3 | 0.01 |
| 107. | Law | 193 | 0.57 | 365 | 0.94 |
| 108. | Leather Technology | 9 | 0.03 | - | - |
| 109. | Library Science | 99 | 0.29 | 164 | 0.42 |
| 110. | Literature | 1 | 0.00 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 111. | Machine Tools and Die Sinking | 4 | 0.01 | 17 | 0.04 |
| 112. | Malariology \& Communicable Diseases | 4 | 0.01 |  | - |
| 113. | Marine Engg. | 17 | 0.05 | 26 | 0.07 |
| 114. | Mathematics | 194 | 0.57 | 514 | 1.32 |
| 115. | Mathematics Applied | 4 | 0.01 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 116. | Mechanical Engg. | 2244 | 6.57 | 1392 | 3.57 |
| 117. | Mech/Meatallurgical Engg. | 2 | 0.01 | 45 | 0.12 |
| 118. | Medical Bio-Chemistry | 39 | 0.11 | 6 | 0.02 |
| 119. | Medical Radiology \& Electrology | 110 | 0.32 | 72 | 0.19 |
| 120. | Medical Specialist (MD/Ph.D) Unspecified | 178 | 0.52 | 110 | 0.28 |
| 121. | Metallurgical Engg. | 66 | 0.19 | 48 | 0.12 |
| 122. | Maternity Child Welfare \& Health | 3 | 0.01 |  | - |
| 123. | Meteorology | 4 | 0.01 | 6 | 0.02 |
| 124. | Microbiology (Medical) | 27 | 0.08 | 17 | 0.04 |
| 125. | Microbiology (Science) | 60 | 0.18 | 38 | 0.10 |
| 126. | Mining | 22 | 0.06 | 145 | 0.37 |
| 127. | Music Instrumental | 5 | 0.02 | 58 | 0.15 |
| 128. | Music , Vocal | 30 | 0.09 | 55 | 0.14 |
| 129. | Museology | 1 | 0.00 | 4 | 0.01 |
| 130. | Mycology \& Plant Pathology | 7 | 0.02 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 131. | Naval Architecture | 1 | 0.00 | 4 | 0.01 |
| 132. | Nursing | 600 | 1.76 | 891 | 2.29 |
| 133. | Nutrition/Applied Nutrition | 1 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.00 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total | No. of Vacancies Notified | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percentage } \\ \text { to Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 134. | Occupational therapy | 40 | 0.12 | 38 | 1.10 |
| 135. | Oceanography | 3 | 0.01 | - | - |
| 136. | Office Work | 5541 | 16.21 | 2966 | 7.61 |
| 137. | Oil, Fats \& Waxes | 1 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.00 |
| 138. | Opthalmic Medicine \& Surgery | 30 | 0.09 | 7 | 0.02 |
| 139. | Orthopaedic Surgery | 31 | 0.09 | 24 | 0.06 |
| 140. | Paediatrics | 94 | 0.28 | 41 | 0.11 |
| 141. | Paints, Pigmants \& Varnishes | 1 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.00 |
| 142. | Paper Technology |  | - | 1 | 0.00 |
| 143. | Petroleum technology | - | - | 1 | 0.00 |
| 144. | Pharmacuetical \& Fine Chemicals | 2 | 0.01 | 9 | 0.02 |
| 145. | Pharmacology, Medical | 120 | 0.35 | 42 | 0.11 |
| 146. | Pharmacy | 257 | 0.75 | 372 | 0.96 |
| 147. | Philosophy | 18 | 0.05 | 23 | 0.06 |
| 148. | Physical Education | 131 | 0.38 | 192 | 0.49 |
| 149. | Physiology (Medicine) | 31 | 0.09 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 150. | Physiotherapy | 12 | 0.04 | 9 | 0.02 |
| 151. | Physiology (Science) | 4 | 0.01 | 16 | 0.04 |
| 152. | Physics | 455 | 1.33 | 523 | 1.34 |
| 153. | Physics Applied | 4 | 0.01 | 14 | 0.04 |
| 154. | Physics, Bio | 11 | 0.03 | 12 | 0.03 |
| 155. | Physics, Chemistry \& Math | 168 | 0.49 | 249 | 0.64 |
| 156. | Physics, Mathematics | 33 | 0.10 | 62 | 0.16 |
| 157. | Physics, Nuclear | 2 | 0.00 | 9 | 0.02 |
| 158. | Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 58 | 0.17 | 81 | 0.21 |
| 159. | Plant Pathology | 35 | 0.10 | 46 | 0.12 |
| 160. | Plant Physiology | 37 | 0.11 | 15 | 0.04 |
| 161. | Plastic Technology | 1 | 0.00 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 162. | Political Science | 90 | 0.26 | 127 | 0.33 |
| 163. | Poultry Farming | 1 | 0.00 | 9 | 0.02 |
| 164. | Printing Technology | 36 | 0.11 | 57 | 0.15 |
| 165. | Preventive and Social Medicine | 32 | 0.09 | 11 | 0.03 |
| 166. | Production Engg. | 113 | 0.33 | 59 | 0.15 |
| 167. | Psychiatry | 19 | 0.06 | 16 | 0.04 |
| 168. | Psychology | 52 | 0.15 | 104 | 0.27 |
| 169. | Psychology Medical | 25 | 0.07 | 8 | 0.02 |
| 170. | Public Administration | 25 | 0.07 | 28 | 0.07 |
| 171. | Public Health Engg. | 79 | 0.23 | 59 | 0.15 |
| 172. | Public Health (Medicine) | 236 | 0.69 | 5 | 0.01 |
| 173. | Research Methodology | 3 | 0.01 | - | - |
| 174. | Rubber Technology | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 175. | Rural Science | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 176. | Sanitary Science | 7 | 0.02 | 7 | 0.02 |
| 177. | Sculpture | 1 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.00 |
| 178. | Secretarial and Commercial Work and Practice | 4 | 0.01 | 10 | 0.03 |
| 179. | Silicate Technology | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | Contd...... |


| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 180. | Sociology/Social Work/ Social Science | 781 | 2.29 | 462 | 1.19 |
| 181. | Stage Crafts and Dramatics |  | - | - | - |
| 182. | Soil Mechanic and Foundation | - | - | 1 | 0.00 |
| 183. | Soil Science | 41 | 0.12 | 62 | 0.16 |
| 184. | Sound Engineering |  | - | 2 | 0.01 |
| 185. | Spectroscopy | - | - | - | - |
| 186. | Statistics | 19 | 0.06 | 38 | 0.10 |
| 187. | Statistics Mathematical | 65 | 0.19 | 39 | 0.10 |
| 188. | Stats. Maths/Economics | 193 | 0.57 | 175 | 0.45 |
| 189. | Structural Engineering | 2 | 0.00 | 7 | 0.02 |
| 190. | Sugar Technology | - | - | 5 | 0.01 |
| 191. | Tele-Communication/Line | 85 | 0.25 | 2251 | 5.78 |
|  | Communication/Engineering |  |  |  |  |
| 192. | Textile Chemistry | 2 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 193. | Textile Dyeing and Printing | 3 | 0.01 | 31 | 0.08 |
| 194. | Textile Technology | 38 | 0.11 | 36 | 0.09 |
| 195. | Technological other (Unspecified) | 46 | 0.13 | 18 | 0.05 |
| 196. | Tools Engineering | 7 | 0.02 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 197. | Town and Country Planning | 12 | 0.04 |  | - |
| 198. | Tropical Medicine | 26 | 0.08 | 4 | 0.01 |
| 199. | Tubercular Diseases | 25 | 0.07 | 90 | 0.23 |
| 200. | Unani Medicine | 9 | 0.03 | 2 | 0.01 |
| 201. | Vacancies Unspecified | 1358 | 3.97 | 5288 | 13.57 |
| 202. | Venereology | - | - | 3 | 0.01 |
| 203. | Veterinary Science and Animal | 591 | 1.73 | 225 | 0.58 |
|  | Husbandry |  |  |  |  |
| 204. | Warehousing | - | - | - | - |
| 205. | Water Conservation | 1 | 0.00 | - | - |
| 206. | Wood Technology | 1 | 0.00 | 3 | 0.01 |
| 207. | Zoology | 128 | 0.37 | 203 | 0.52 |
|  | TOTAL | 34177 | 100.00 | 38956 | 100.00 |

Source: Employment Exchnages in the country \& Employment News
type of vacancies for which suitable candidates could not be found by upsc DURING THE YEAR 2002-2003

| SI. | Name, category and nature <br> of posts (with pay scale <br> in Rs.) | Classification <br> Group <br> A | Group <br> B | Total <br> No <br> of <br> Posts | Reser- <br> ved | Unres- <br> erved |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

## ACTUARIES

1. Assistant Actuary,

Employees State Insurance
Corporation.
(Rs. 10000-15200)

1
1

## ADMINISTRATION/PUBLIC

## ADMINISTRATION

2. Assistant Provident Fund Commissioner in Employees Provident Fund Organisation (Rs. 8000-13500)

4
4
1
3

## ENGINEERING

3. Superintendent of Central Excise in the Customs and Central Excise Department
Department of Revenue (Rs.6500-10500)
4. Assistant Engineer/

40
40
20
20
Assistant Executive Engineer
(Mechanical/Electrical)
(Rs. 8000-13775)
5. Chief Engineer Grade I
$1 \quad 1$
1
1
Fishery Survey of India
Department of Animal Husbandary and Dairing, M/o. Agriculture
(Rs. 10000-15200)

Contd. . .

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

LEGAL
6.
8. Mate Grade I

Fishery Survey of India
Dept. of Animal Husbandry and Dairying
Ministry of Agriculture
(Rs. 7450-11500)
$1 \quad 1$
1
Assistant Director of Music
AEC Training College and Centre
Ministry of Defence
(Rs. 7450-11500)

## NAVIGATION

## SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL

9. Assistant Central

Intelligence Officer Grade-I ,
Office of Intelligence Bureau
Ministry of Home Affairs
(Rs. 6500-10500)
10. Research Officer,

1
1
1
1
1

All India Institute of Physical
Medicine and Rehabilitation
M/o. Health and Family Welfare
(Rs. 7450-11500)

## SOCIAL SCIENCES

Training Officer
$1 \quad 1$
1
1
(Sanitation) in the Family
Welfare Training and Research Centre
M/o. Health and Family Welfare
(Rs. 6500-10500)
12. Training Officer

Secretarial Practice (DGE\&T)
Under Women's Training Programme
(Rs. 6500-10500)

1
1
1

MEDICAL (ALIOPATHIC)
and Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
14. General Duty Medical

Officer,
M/o. Health and welfare
(Rs. 8000-13500)
15. Specialist Grade-II

J unior Scale (Paediatrics),
Department of Health
(Rs. 10000-15200)
16. Divisional Medical Officer

2
2
2
(Anaesthesiology)
Ministry of Railways
(Rs. 10000-15200)
17. Specialist Grade II

4
4
4
(Radio Diagnosis)
Department of Health
M/o. Health and Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
18. Specialist Grade II

1
1
1
(Anaesthesiology)
M/o. Health and Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
(Rs. 10000-15200)

| 24. | Assistant Director of Mines Safety (Occupational Health) Grade-I in the Directorate General of Mines Safety. (Rs. 10000-15200) | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25. | Divisional Medical Officer (Radio Diagnosis) Ministry of Railways (Rs. 10000-15200) | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 26. | Specialist Medical Officer (Anaesthesiology) (Grade-II) Ordnance Factory Organisation Ministry of Defence (Rs. 10000-15200) | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - |
| 27. | Specialist Grade-II <br> (Microbiology) <br> M/o. Health \& Family Welfare <br> (Rs. 10000-15200) | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Contd. . |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| 28. | E.N.T. <br> Specialist Grade-II of Central Health Service M/o. Health \& Family Welfare (Rs. 10000-15200) | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| 29. | Senior Divisional Medical Officer (Cancer Surgery) Ministry of Railways (Rs. 12000-16500) | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 30. | Specialist Medical Officer <br> Grade-II, (Radiology) <br> Ordnance Factory Organisation <br> Ministry of Defence <br> (Rs. 10000-15200) | 5 | - | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 31. | Cardiologist, Specialist <br> Grade-II, Central Health Service M/o. Health \& Family Welfare (Rs. 10000-15200) | 5 | - | 5 | 5 | - |
| 32. | Medical Officer (Pathology) <br> Specialist Grade-II <br> Ordnance Factory Organisation <br> Ministry of Defence <br> (Rs. 10000-15200) | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - |
| 33. | Cardio Thoracic Vascular Surgeon, Specialist Grade-II Central Health Service M/o. Health \& Family Welfare (Rs. 10000-15200) | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - |

Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
35. Pathologist/Assistant

3 - 3

3
3

Director (Pathology)
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)

Contd. .
1.

78
7.

Urologist, Specialist
1
1
1
Grade-II, Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
37.

Neuro Surgeon,
1
1
1
Specialist Grade-II
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
38. Specialist Grade-II

1
1
1
(Medicine)
M/o. Health and Family Welfare (Rs. 10000-15200)
39. Specialist Grade-II

1
1
1
(Thoracic Surgeon)
Municipal Corporation of Delhi
(Rs. 10000-15200)

## MEDICAL (INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE \& HOMOEOPATHY)

40. Assistant Professor(Allied)
(Forensic Medicine)
Directorate of Indian System of
Medicine and Homoeopathy.
(Rs. 10000-15200)

1
1
1
,

## TEACHING-ENGINEERING

41. Assistant Professor

1
1
1
(Telecommunication Satellite and
Laser Communication Engineering)
M.C.T.E, Ministry of Defence
(Rs. 12000-18300)
42. Assistant Professor in

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43. | Assistant Professor in Aeronautical Engineering Punjab Engineering College (Rs. 12000-18300) | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| 44. | Professor in Electronics <br> \& Electrical Communication Engg. Punjab Engineering College (Rs. 16400-22400) | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| 45. | Assistant Professor <br> (Telecommunication-Electromagnetic <br> Propagation and Antennae Engg.) <br> M.C.T.E, Ministry of Defence <br> (Rs. 12000-18300) | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - |

## TEACHING-MEDICAI

46. Associate Professor of

Endocrinology, Specialist Grade-II
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 12000-16500)
47. Assistant Professor of

1
Psychiatry, Specialist Grade-II
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
48. Assistant Professor of

Microbiology, Specialist Grade-II
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)

49 Assistant Professor of
Medicine, Specialist Grade II
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
50. Senior Lecturer (Immuno

Haematology and Blood Transfusion)
Government Medical College
Department of Medical Education
and Research,
(Rs. 14300-18150)

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

52. Senior Lecturer
(General Medicine)
Government Medical College
Department of Medical Education
and Research
(Rs. 14300-18150)
53. Senior Lecturer
(Anaesthesiology)
Government Medical College
Department of Medical Education
and Research,
(Rs. 14300-18150)
54. Assistant Professor of

Orthopaedic Surgery,
Specialist Grade-II
Central Health Service
M/o. Health \& Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
55. Senior Lecturer
(Forensic Medicine)
Government Medical College
Department of Medical Education and Research,
(Rs. 14300-18150)
56. Assistant Professor of

Dentistry, Department of Health and Family Welfare
(Rs. 10000-15200)
57. Senior Lecturer
(Radio-Diagnosis)
Government Medical College
Department of Medical Education and Research,
(Rs. 14300-18150)

1
59. Lecturer in Computer

Science, Government College
of Education,
(Rs. 8000-13500)
60. Assistant Professor in 2
Applied Sciences (Mathematics)
Punjab Engineering College
(Rs. 12000-18300)
61. Lecturer in Mathematics

1
1
1
Government College of Education
(Rs. 8000-13500)
62. Lecturer in Interior Design
and Decoration
Government Polytechnic for Women
(NA)

## TEACHING-SOCIAL SCIENCE

63. Lecturer in History
State Institute of Education/

Government College of Education
(Rs. 8000-13500)
64. Lecturer in Graphics
$1 \quad 1$
1
(Print Making)
Government College of Art
(Rs. 8000-13500)
65. Lecturer in Hindi
$\begin{array}{llll}1 & - & 1 & 1\end{array}$
State Institute of Education/
Government College of Education
(Rs. 8000-13500)

|  |  | 82 |  |  |  | Contd. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| 66. | Lecturer in Political <br> Science <br> Government College of Education (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 67. | Master Gazetted in History <br> Military Schools, <br> Ministry of Defence <br> (Rs. 6500-10500) | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| 68. | Lecturer in English State Institute of Education/ Government College of Education (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| 69. | Lecturer in Dance Government College (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 70. | Lecturer in English Government College | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |

(Rs. 8000-13500)

| 71. | Lecturer in Commerce Government College (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 4 | 4 | - | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 72. | Lecturer in History Government College (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 73. | Lecturer in English Regional Institute of English (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 74. | Lecturer in Music (Instrument), Government College (Rs. 8000-13500) | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 75. | Lecturer (Fashion Design) Directorate of Training \& Technical Education (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |


| 135 | 28 | 163 | 102 | 61 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Vacancies which could not be filled by State Public Service Commissions and Railway Recruitment Boards for want of suitable applicants during the year 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Designation of the posts and Scale of Pay | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. of } \\ & \text { Posts } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Reservation, if any | Qualification and Experience required |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |

## I. ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

1. Lecturer in Mining,

Govt. Polytechnic
(Rs. 8000-13500)
2. Assistant Engineer (Civil)

Gujarat Services of Engineers,
Class-II
(Rs. 6500-10500)
3. Lecturer in Applied Mechanics
(Rs. 8000-13500)
4. Lecturer in Instrumentation \& Control

Engineering
(Rs. 8000-13500)
5. Lecturer in Electrical Engineering
(Rs. 8000-13500)
6. Lecturer in Mechanical Engineering
(Rs. 8000-13500)
7. Assistant Engineer (Civil)
(Rs. 7880-13500)
8. Assistant Engineer (Civil)
(Rs. 7550-14500)
9. Lecturer in Electronics
(Rs. 8000-13500)
10. Junior Training Officer
(in various Trades)
(Rs. 4575-8400)
11. Deputy Director of Town Planning, Group-A
(Rs. 12000-16500)

1 OBC: 1 1st Class B.E. (Mining)

226 ST: 226 B.E (Civil) or equivalent.

16 ST: 2 1st Class B.E. (Civil/Structural Engineering/
SC: 1 Technology)
9 ST: 3 1st Class B.E. (Instrumentation \& Control)

9 ST: $9 \quad$ 1st Class B.E. (Electrical)

15 ST: 15 1st Class B.E. (Mechanical/Production) or equivalent.

6 SC: 1 B.E. (Civil) or its equivalent.

1 B.E. (Civil) or its equivalent.

2 SC: 1 A Master's degree in the concerned subject with
ST: 1 minimum of $50 \%$ marks.
79 SC: 3 1). Must have passed SSLC or equivalent
ST: 3 examination.
EX-MP: 2 2). NTC and NAC in the concerned Trade or
Women:71 Diploma in the appropriate branch awarded by the Board of Technical Education.
3). Must have put in two years experience.
$\begin{array}{ccl}4 \text { SC: } & 1 & \text { 1). A degree in town planning of a recognised } \\ \text { ST: } & 1 & \text { University or equivalent or } \\ \text { DT(A): } & 1 & \text { 2). A diploma in town \& country planning from the } \\ & & \text { school of Planning \& Architecture, New Delhi. }\end{array}$

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12. | Assistant Engineer (Civil) <br> Class-II of Orissa Engineering Service (Rs. 6500-10500) | 383 SC: <br> ST: <br> W: | $\begin{aligned} & 136 \\ & 247 \\ & 115 \end{aligned}$ | B.E. (Civil) |
| 13. | Lecturer, Electronics \& Telecommunication Engineering (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 ST: | 1 | 1st Class B.E. (Electronics \& Telecommunication Engineering/Technology) or its equivalent. |
| 14. | Junior Engineer (Civil) <br> Group-B and Group-C For Diploma Holders <br> (Rs. 5000-10300) and for Degree Holders (Rs. 7450-13000) | $271 \text { ST: }$ SC: | $\begin{array}{r} 170 \\ 57 \end{array}$ | Degree/Diploma in Civil Engineering of a recognised University/Institution. |
| 15. | Junior Engineer (Mechanical) <br> Group-B \& C For Diploma Holders (Rs. 5000-10300) and for Degree Holders (Rs. 7450-13000) | $20 \text { ST: }$ <br> SC: | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Degree/Diploma in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University/Institution. |
| 16. | Junior Engineer (Electrical) <br> Group-V(A) \& V (B) <br> For Degree Holder <br> Grade-V(A) (Rs. 7450-13000) and for Diploma Holder Grade-V(B) (Rs. 5000-10300) | 55 ST: <br> SC: |  | Degree/Diploma in Electrical Engineering of a recognised University/Institution. |
| 17. | Sub-Assistant Engineer (Civil) (Rs. 4500-9700) | $\begin{array}{r} 368 \text { ST: } \\ \text { PH: } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | Diploma in Civil Engineering from the State Council for Engineering and Technical Education. Ability to read, write and speak in Bengali. |
| 18. | Instructor Fruit Processing Centre \& Community Canning Centre in W.B. (Rs. 5500-11325) | 1 ST : | 1 | A degree in Food Technology/Food Technology and Bio-Chemical Engineering or equivalent. 5 years experience in Fruit Preservation/Food Preservation/Production Factory/Training Centre. |
| 19. | Technician-III (Elect.) (Rs. 3050-4590) | 37 Ex.S | M: 4 | Matric Plus ITI / Apprenticeship under the Apprentices Act 1961 in Electrician Trade. |
| 20. | Head of Section (Instrument Technology) (Rs. N.A) | 1 |  | 1). Degree in Instrumentation Technology and Engineering or any other recognised qualification. <br> 2). Eight years experience in engineering profession of which at least three years should be teaching experience as Lecturer not below the Diploma level in a recognised Institution. |
| 21. | Inspector of Police (Telecommunication) | $1 \mathrm{SC} / \mathrm{S}$ | T : 1 | Diploma in Telecommunication/Radio Engineering. <br> Two years experience in Major Radio Organisation |


| 1. | 2. | 3.4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22. | Roller Driver (Rs. 3050-5230) | 3 SC/ST: 3 | National Trade Certificate in the trade of Mechanical (Diesel) or Mechanical (Motor Vehicle). Three years experience in driving road rollers and diesel engines. |
| 23. | Assistant Engineer (Agriculture) (Rs. 8000-13500) | 2 ST: 2 | B.Tech. (Agriculture) or 2nd Class B.Sc (Agriculture) |
| 24. | Mining Officer (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { ST: } \quad 1 \\ & \text { ST(W): } 1 \end{aligned}$ | Post Graduate in Geology or M.Tech (Applied Geology). |
| II. AGRICULTURAL / VETERINARY SCIENCE (INCLUDING TEACHING) |  |  |  |

1. Veterinary Assistant Surgeon, Group-B
(Rs. 7450-13000)
2. Forest Ranger
(Rs. N.A)
3. Assistant Conservator of Forest (Rs. N.A)
4. Forest Ranger
(Rs. 4500-9700)
5. Fishery Extension Officer
(Rs. 4500-9700)
6. Assistant Surgeon (Veterinary)
(Rs. 8000-13500)
7. Assistant Director (Horticulture)
(Rs. 8000-13500)
8. Assistant Director (Agriculture)
(Rs. 8000-13500)

14 ST: 8
SC: 5

2 EX.SM: 2

2 Ex.SM: 2

54 SC: 4


264 SC: 83
SC(W): 35
ST: 102
ST(W): 44
4 SC: 2
ST: 2

78 SC: 16
SC(W): 7
ST: 39
ST(W): 16

A Bachelors degree with at least one of the subjects viz., Botany, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics, Physics and Zoology.

OR
Degree in Agriculture / Engineering of a recognised University/Institution.

2 SC: 1 A Bachelors degree in Fishery Science from a recognised University. Knowledge of Bengali/ Nepali-spoken and written.
B.Sc. (Agriculture) with second class Post

Degree in Veterinary Science from a recognised University.

$$
1+2+2
$$

Degree in Veterinary Science.

Post Graduate in Horticulture. Graduate Degree or 2nd class B.Sc (Engineering) or B.Tech. (Agriculture)

| 1. | 2. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9. | Assistant Director (Fishery) <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) |

(Rs. 8000-13500)
10 SC: 3 M.Sc. Zoology with Intheology as one of the SC(W): 2 papers/second class B.Sc. with two years ST: 3 training in ICAR Fisheries or its equivalent. ST(W): 2

## III. MEDICAL (INCLUDING TEACHING)

1. Assistant Professor in Surgery
G.S.S., Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
2. Assistant Professor in Medicine, G.S.S. Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
3. Paediatrician, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
4. Full Time Surgeon/

Superintendent of C.H.C, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
5. Orthopaedic Surgeon, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
6. Insurance Medical Officer (Allopathy), Class-II
(Rs. 8000-13500)
7. Physician, Class-I,
(Rs. 10000-15200)
8. Surgeon, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
9. Pathologist, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
10. Additional District Health Officer/

Distt. R.C.H. Officer, G.H.S, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
11. Anaesthetist, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
12. Gynaecologist/Superintendent of C.H.C, G.H.S, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)

35 SC: 2 M.S. (Surgery)/M.S. (Gen. Surgery)
ST: 7

32 ST: 6 M.D. (Medicine)/M.D. (Gen. Medicine)
$\begin{array}{lll}3 \text { ST: } \quad 1 & \text { (1). M.B.B.S. } \\ \text { SEBC(M): } 1 & \text { (2). M.D (Paediatrics) } \\ \text { SEBC(FM):1 }\end{array}$
2 SEBC: 1 (1). M.B.B.S
ST: 1 (2). P.G in M.S (Gen. Surgery).

8 SEBC: 3 (1). M.B.B.S
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { ST: } & 1 & \text { (2). M.S (Orthopaedics) }\end{array}$
99 ST: 33 M.B.B.S.
SEBC: 66

2 ST: 1 (1). M.B.B.S
SEBC: 1 (2). M.D (Medicine).
3 ST: 1 (1).M.B.B.S
(2). M.S (Surgery).

2 SEBC: 1 (1). M.B.B.S
(2). M.D (Pathology).

1 SEBC: 1 (1). M.B.B.S
(2). P.G. Degree/Diploma in Public Health/Hygiene.
(3). 5 year's experience in Health Administration/ Class-II Post.

4 ST: 1 (1). M.B.B.S
SEBC: 3 (2). M.D. (Anaesthesia).
124 SC: 3 (1). M.B.B.S
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { ST: } & 19 \\ \text { (2). P.G. Degree in Obstetrics \& Gynaecology. }\end{array}$
SEBC: 38

| 1. | 2. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 13. Full time Surgeon/Superintendent of |  | C.H.C, Class-I

(Rs. 10000-15200)
14. District/Zonal Leprosy Officer, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
15. Vaidya, Panchkarma Gujarat Ayurveda Service, Class-I,
(Rs. 10000-15200)
16. Physician/Superintendent of C.H.C,
G.H.S, Class-I,
(Rs. 10000-15200)
17. Tutor in Radiology, Class-II
(Rs. 8000-13500)
18. Tutor in Preventive \& Social Medicine,

Class-II
(Rs. 8000-13500)
19. Obstetrics \& Gynaecologist, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
20. Additional District Health Officer/ District R.C.H. Officer, Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
21. Medical Officer (Ayurveda), Class-II
(Rs. 8000-13500)
22. District/Zonal Leprosy Officer
G.P.H.S., Class-I
(Rs. 10000-15200)
23. Drugs Inspector
(Rs. N.A)
24. Police Surgeon, Group-A
(Rs. 10650-15850)

57 ST: 10 (1). M.B.B.S
SEBC: 18 (2). P.G. Diploma/M.S. (Gen. Surgery).

1 ST: 1 (1). M.B.B.S
(2). 3 years experience of working in Leprosy Hospital.
(3). Diploma in Dermatology/M.D. (Dermatology)/ Diploma in V.D./M.D (V.D).

3 SEBC: 1 (1). A Degree in Ayurveda.
(2). 5 years experience of conducting Panchkarma in Ayurvedic Hospital.

92 ST: 15 1. M.B.B.S.
SEBC: 27 2. P.G Degree/M.D (Medicine).

12 SC: 1 M.B.B.S or any other equivalent qualification ST: 2 specified by I.M.C Act 1956.

23 ST: 5 M.B.B.S or any other equivalent qualification specified by I.M.C Act 1956.

3 ST: 1 1. M.B.B.S.
SEBC: 2 2. M.D. (Obstetrics \& Gynaecology).
18 SC: 1 1. M.B.B.S.
ST: 3 2. P.G. Degree/Diploma in Public Health/
SEBC: 5 Hygiene/Sanitary Science.
3. Five years experience in Health \& Administration.

50 SC: 3 1.B.S.A.M
ST: 9 2. D.S.A.C/Diploma in Ayurveda with 3 years
SEBC: 38 experience.

1 ST: 1 1.M.B.B.S
2. Three years experience in Leprosy Hospital.
3. Diploma in Dermatology/M.D (Dermatology)/ Diploma (V.D)/M.D. (V.D).

1 ExS.MAN: 1 Bachelors Degree in Pharmacy.

1

1. M.D (Forensic Medicine)/equivalent.
2. Four years experience in the field of Forensic Medicine gained after acquiring the qualification.

| 1. | 2. | 3.4. |  | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25. | District Civil Surgeon, Group-A (Rs. 10000-15200) | 23 SC: ST: NT(C): SBC: OBC: | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ | 1. M.B.B.S degree from a statutory University. <br> 2. Post Graduate Degree in any Clinical subject. <br> 3. Five years experience in a hospital. |
| 26. | Scientific Officer, Drugs Control Laboratory, Food and Drugs Administration. (Rs. 6500-10500) | 1 SC : | 1 | A degree in Medicine/Science/Pharmacy/ Pharmaceutical Chemistry and thereafter five years experience in testing of drugs in a laboratory. |
| 27. | Associate Professor of Nephrology, Group-A <br> (Rs. 12000-18300) | 1 SC : | 1 | D.M (Nephrology)/M.D (Medicine) with two years special training in Nephrology. |
| 28. | Professor of Radiotherapy, Group-A (Rs. 16400-22400) | 2 ST : | 1 | M.D (Radiology) / M.S (Radiology)/ <br> M.D (Radiotherapy) and thereafter experience of teaching the relevant subject for not less than 4 years as Associate Professor or Reader in a Medical College. |
| 29. | District Civil Surgeon, Group-A (Rs. 10000-15200) | 24 SC: ST: NT(B): NT(C): NT(D): SBC: OBC: | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | M.B.B.S degree of a statutory University. Post Graduate Degree in any Clinical subject with five years experience in a hospital after MBBS Degree. |
| 30. | Dental Surgeon, Group-B (Rs. 8000-13500) | 9 ST: NT(D): SBC: OBC: | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ : \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | 1. Bachelors degree in Dental Surgery. <br> 2. One year experience as Clinical Assistant. |
| 31. | District Malaria Officer, Group-B (Rs. 6500-10500) | 6 ST: <br> NT(C): <br> NT(D): <br> SBC: <br> OBC: | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ : 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ | Master's degree in Microbiology or Zoology with Entomology as one of the subject. |
| 32. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Anatomy, (Rs. 8000-13500) | 14 SEBC <br> SC: <br> ST: | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 2 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | Post-Graduate Degree in the concerned speciality/higher speciality or other equivalent degree recognised by the IMC. |
| 33. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Anaesthesiology (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { ST: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 34. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Microbiology | 1 SC : | 1 | -do- |


| 1. | 2. | 3.4 |  | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Physiology <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | $10 \mathrm{SC}:$ ST: SEBC: | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 36. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) <br> in Pathology <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { ST: } \\ & \text { SEBC: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 37. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Anatomy <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { ST: } \\ & \text { SEBC: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 38. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Anaesthesiology (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \text { SC: } \\ \text { ST: } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 39. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Cardiology <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 SC : | 1 | -do- |
| 40. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Dentistry <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 ST : | 1 | -do- |
| 41. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Neuro-Surgery (Rs. 8000-13500) | 3 ST: SEBC: | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 42. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Opthalmology <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 ST : | 1 | Post-Graduate Degree in the concerned Speciality/ Higher Speciality or other equivalent degree recognised by the IMC. |
| 43. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Pathology <br> (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { ST: } \\ & \text { SEBC: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | -do- |
| 44. | Junior Teacher (Lecturer) in Radio-Therapy (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 SC : | 1 | -do- |
| 45. | Assistant Surgeon in Class-II (Group-B) of Medical \& Health Services Cadre (Rs. 6500-10500) | 600 SEBC: <br> ST: <br> SC: | $\begin{aligned} & 166 \\ & 178 \\ & 122 \end{aligned}$ | M.B.B.S Degree with completion of Housemenship for at least one year. |
| 46. | Assistant Medical Officer (Unani) in the Tamil Nadu Medical Service (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { MBC: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | B.U.M.S. |
| 47. | Assistant Child Development Project Officer <br> (Rs. 4500-9700) | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \text { SC: } \\ \text { PH: } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Degree of a recognised University or its equivalent. |
| 90 |  |  |  | Contd..... |


| 1. | 2. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 48. Health \& Malaria Inspector (Grade-III) |  | (Rs. 5500-9000)

49. Assistant Professor Nephrology
(Rs.10000-15200)
50. Assistant Medical Analyst
(Rs. 8000-13500)
51. Medical Officer (Unani)
(Rs. 8000-13500)

52 Medical Officer Homeopathic
(Rs. 8000-13500)
53. Public Health Officer
(Rs. 8000-13500)
54. Medical Officer
(Rs. 8000-13500)
55. Medical Officer (Dental Surgery)
(Rs. 8000-13500)
56. Medical Officer (Dental Surgery)
(Rs. 8000-13500)
57. Technician (Pharmacy)

Govt. Ayurveda College
(Rs. 5000-8150)
58. Clinical Audiometrician, Grade-II
(Rs. 3350-5275)
59. Panchakarma Assistant
(Rs. 3350-5275)

1 ST: $1 \quad$ B.Sc with Chemistry and one year Diploma in Health/Sanitary Inspector from a recognised Institute.

5 BC : 1
D.M. (Nephrology)

Women: 1

2

7 SC: 3
SC(W): 1
ST: 2
ST(W): 1
7 SC: 3
SC(W): 1
ST: 2
ST(W): 1
6 SC: 3
ST: 3
891 SC: 92
SC(W): 39
ST: 532
ST(W): 228
29 SC: 13
SC(W): 5
ST: 8
ST(W): 3
1 ST: 1
B. Pharma with 3 years experience as Analyst in Government Laboratory.
B.U.M.S or Degree in Unani Medicines or equivalent examination.
B.H.M.S from Rajasthan Homeopathic Board or equivalent examination.
B.Sc (Clinical) or equivalent.

10 year's experience in Public Health.
M.B.B.S or equivalent examination.
B.D.S. or Equivalent.
B.D.S. or equivalent.
B.Sc. Chemistry, 5 years experience in analyzing Ayurvedic raw materials and finished products in any Chemical or Analytical Lab run by a State or Central Government or Quasi Government.

SSLC or equivalent qualification with a minimum period of 3 years as Audiometrician. Sound knowledge in handling Audiometrics and using them to test hearing.
Knowledge of handling Audiometrics will be tested in a practical test conducted at the time of selection.
(1). SSLC or its equivalent qualification.
(2). Diploma in Ayurveda. (3). Experience in Panchakarma Treatment for 3 years.

| 1. | 2. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 60. | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Pharmacist (Homeopathy), Grade-II }\end{array}$ | (Rs. N.A)

61. Laboratory Superintendent, Grade-III (Rs. 5000-8000)

1 ST: 1 (1). SSLC or equivalent qualification.
(2). A Certificate obtained after successful training in Nurse cum Pharmacist Training course (Homeopathy) conducted by the Govt. of Kerala or its equivalent.

Bachelors Degree in Science with Bio-Chemistry/ Micro-Biology/ Life-Science or equivalent and Diploma in Medical Laboratory Techniques.

## IV. TEACHING (ARTS, SCIENCE \& COMMERCE)

1. Deputy Director, Gujarat Statistical Service, Class-I
(Rs. 8000-14500)
2. Lecturer in Tamil
(Rs. 6000-11200)
3. Lecturer in Computer Science
(Rs. 8000-13500)
4. Lecturer in Maths
(Rs. 8000-13500)
5. Translator (Marathi), Group-C
(Rs. 5000-8000)
6. Director of Languages, Group-A
(Rs. 12000-16500)
7. Deputy Director of Languages (Legal)

Group-A
(Rs. 8000-13500)

3 ST: 3 A Post-graduate degree in Arts/Science/Commerce with Statistics as principal subject or a Post-Graduate Degree with minimum 55\% marks in Arts with Mathematics/Economics as principal subject and Statistics as optional subject at the Post-Graduate/Graduate level.

3 SC: 2 Must have passed MasterDegree in IInd Class ST: 1 with minimum $55 \%$ marks in Tamil.

2 SC: 1 Must be a holder of Master's degree in the ST: 1 concerned subject with $55 \%$ marks. Must have passed National Eligibility Test in concerned subject conducted by the U.G.C or C.S.I.R.

1 ST:
-do-

8 SC: $1 \quad$ A degree of a Statutory University with Marathi as $\mathrm{DT}(\mathrm{A})$ : 1 one of the subjects.
NT(C): 1 Adequate knowledge of English.
OBC: 2
(1). 2nd Class Master's Degree in Marathi/ Sanskrit and a Bachelors Degree in Law.
(2). Sound knowledge of English.
(3). Possess experience in legal translation work or in coining of legal terminology into Marathi for a period of not less than three years.

| 1. | 2. | 3.4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | Inspector of Certified Schools and Institutes. (Group-B) <br> (Rs. 6500-10500) | $1 \mathrm{NT}(\mathrm{D}): 1$ | (1). A degree in Arts, Science, Commerce or Law of a recognised University. <br> (2). A degree or Post-graduate diploma in Social Work or Social Administration of a recognised University/Institution. <br> (3). Three years experience in a Supervisory Capacity. |
| 9. | Research Officer/Statistical Officer Group-B <br> (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{array}{ll} 27 \text { SC: } & 6 \\ \text { ST: } & 1 \\ \text { DT(A): } & 1 \\ \text { NT(B): } & 1 \\ \text { NT(C): } & 1 \\ \text { NT(D): } & 1 \\ \text { SBC: } & 1 \\ \text { OBC: } & 6 \end{array}$ | Master's degree in Statistics, Biometry, Econometrics or Mathematical Economics. <br> OR <br> Bachelor's degree at least in Second Class in Mathematics, Economics or Commerce with a Post-Graduate Diploma in Statistics from Indian Statistical Institute. |
| 10. | Headmaster/Headmistress Group-B, Gazetted (Rs. 7450-13000) | $\begin{array}{rll} 126 \text { ST: } & 37 \\ \text { SC: } & 19 \end{array}$ | (1). Master's degree/Honours degree in any subject securing at least $45 \%$ marks from any recognised University. <br> (2). B.T/B.Ed from recognised University. <br> (3). 5 years regular teaching experience in any Government/Government aided High/ Higher Secondary School. |
| 11. | Lecturer, Arts and Crafts, Group-B (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{array}{rr} 7 \mathrm{ST}: & 2 \\ \text { SC: } & 1 \end{array}$ | (1). Master's Degree with $55 \%$ marks in appropriate branch of specialisation in Arts \& Crafts from a recognised University. <br> (2). 5 year's teaching/professional experience in respective branch of specialisation. |
| 12. | Assistant Professor, Group-B (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{array}{rr} 120 \text { ST: } & 63 \\ \text { SC: } & 12 \end{array}$ | (1). Good academic record with at least $55 \%$ of Marks or an equivalent grade of $B$ in the 7 point grade with letter grades D.A, B.C, D.E and F at the Master's degree level in the relevant subject. (2). Should have cleared the eligibility test. |
| 13. | Assistant Technician (Statistics) (Rs. 5500-11325) | $\begin{array}{rr} 3 \text { SC: } & 1 \\ \text { ST: } & 1 \end{array}$ | (a). B.Sc (Hons) in Statistics from recognised University. <br> (b). At least 2 years experience in preparation of statistical data from any reputed Organisation. <br> (c). Knowledge of Bengali-Spoken \& Written. |
| 14. | Senior Technical Assistant (Statistics) (Rs. 5500-11325) | 1 SC : 1 | 2nd Class Hons. Degree in Statistics/Economics or Maths with Statistics, as one of the subjects from a recognised University/Institution. 2 years experience in operating Mechanical Tabulation Equipments. |


| 1. | 2. | 3.4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15. | Assistant Master in Maths, <br> (Bengali Medium) <br> (Rs. 6000-12000) <br> For Master's Degree holders and (Rs. 5500-11325) for Honours Degree holders | 1 ST : 1 | 2nd Class Honours or Master's Degree in Mathematics. |
| 16. | Senior Lecturer (Rs. 6000-12000) | 1 ST : 1 | (1). Post-Graduate Diploma in Basic Education (PGBT) from recognised Institution by the Govt. of West Bengal or B.T/B.Ed degree of a recognised University. <br> (2). At least 5 years teaching experience in any recognised Secondary School. |
| 17. | PTI (English Medium) <br> (Rs. 5500-9000) | 1 Women: 1 | Graduate with Diploma in Physical Training from a recognised Institute or B.P. Ed from a recognised University and Higher Secondary. Competence to teach through English Medium. |
| 18. | Assistant Professor Urdu (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{array}{ll} 8 \text { SC: } \quad 3 \\ \text { SC(W): } & 1 \\ \text { ST: } & 3 \\ \text { ST(W): } & 1 \end{array}$ | Post-Graduate with $55 \%$ marks, $50 \%$ marks for SC/ST, NET/SLET/Ph.D passed. Those who do not possess this qualification, they have to qualify it within a period of two years and candidates will be given one chance only. |
| 19. | Assistant Professor Farsi (Persian) (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 ST : 1 | -DO- |
| 20. | Assistant Professor (Dance) (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 ST : 1 | -DO- |
| 21. | Assistant Professor (Marathi) (Rs. 8000-13500) | 1 ST : 1 | -DO- |
| 22. | Assistant Professor (Defence) (Rs. 8000-13500) | $\begin{aligned} 2 \text { SC: } & 1 \\ \text { ST: } & 1 \end{aligned}$ | -DO- |
| 23. | Lecturer (English) <br> (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{array}{cc} 242 \text { SC: } & 91 \\ \text { SC(W): } & 39 \\ \text { ST: } & 74 \\ \text { ST(W): } & 31 \\ \text { PH: } & 7 \end{array}$ | Second Class Post-Graduate in the subject with 5 years teaching experience of the level of Senior Secondary Classes. |
| 24. | Lecturer (Maths) (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{array}{lr} 53 \text { SC: } & 18 \\ \text { SC(W): } & 8 \\ \text { ST: } & 18 \\ \text { ST(W): } & 7 \\ \text { PH: } & 2 \end{array}$ | -DO- |


| 1. | 2. | 3.4. |  | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25. | Lecturer (Home Science) (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \mathrm{SC}(\mathrm{~W}): \\ & \text { ST(W): } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | -DO- |
| 26. | Lecturer (Rajasthani) (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { SC(W): } \\ & \text { ST: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | -DO- |
| 27. | Lecturer (Urdu) <br> (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{array}{rr} 2 \mathrm{SC}: & 1 \\ \mathrm{ST}: & 1 \end{array}$ |  | Second Class M.A. with 5 years teaching experience of the level of Senior Secondary Classes. |
| 28. | Head Masters <br> (Rs. 7500-12000) | 529 SC: <br> SC(w): <br> ST: <br> ST(w): <br> OBC: <br> OBC(w): <br> Women: <br> P.H. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \\ 20 \\ 42 \\ 19 \\ 75 \\ : 33 \\ 86 \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | (1). Graduate with Degree in Education or equivalent. <br> (2). 5 years experience of teaching at Higher Secondary level Classes. |
| 29. | Lecturer (Music) (Rs. $6500-10500$ ) <br> (Rs. 6500-10500) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{SC}(\mathrm{w}): \\ & \mathrm{ST}(\mathrm{w}): \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Second Class M.A. (Music) or equivalent examination passed. |
| 30. | Lecturer (Hindi/Commerce/Tamil) (Rs. 8000-13500) | 5 |  | Masters Degree in the concerned subject or discipline with at least $55 \%$ marks. <br> M.Ed Degree with three years teaching experience in Schools or Colleges. Must have passed comprehensive test conducted by UGC. |

## V. SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL (INCLUDING TEACHING)

1. Lecturer in Physics
(Rs. 8000-13500)
2. Assistant Technician (Computer)
(Rs. 5500-11325)
3. Assistant Controller of Legal Meteorology (Rs. 5500-11325)

6 SC: 4 (1). Must be a holder of Master's degree in the ST: 2 concerned subject with minimum of $55 \%$ marks. (2). Must have passed National Eligibility Test in the concerned subject conducted by the U.G.C or C.S.I.R.

1 ST: 1 (1). Honours degree in Science or Pure Science from a recognised University with a Diploma in Computer Application of atleast 1 year duration from a recognised Institution.
(2). 2 years experience in handling Computer.

1 BC : 1 Graduate of a recognised University in Science with Physics as one of the subject.
3 years experience in a Government Office/ Statutory Body/ Commercial Organisation of repute.

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

4. Assistant Geologist
(Rs. 8000-13500)
5. Scientific Officer (Physics)
(Rs. 8000-13500)
6. Scientific Officer (Biology)
(Rs. 8000-13500)
7. Computer Operator in Engineering Colleges
(Rs. NA)

10 SC: 1 Post Graduate in Geology or M.Tech
SC(W): 1 (Applied Geology).
ST: 6
ST(W): 2
2 ST: 1 Second Class M.Sc (Physics) and B.Sc with
ST(W): $1 \quad$ Physics \& Chemistry alongwith specialisation in Criminology or Forensic Science.
Two years research experience is essential.
4 ST: 3 Second Class M.Sc (Chemistry) with specialistion ST(W): 1 in Forensic Chemistry.

Two years experience of Research in a Laboratory.

1 ST: 1 (1). First or Second Class Masters Degree in Mathematics/Physics of a recognised University -OR-
(2). First or Second Class Degree in any branch of Engineering of a recognised University (3). A Certificate in Programming issued by the Computer Society of India or equivalent.

## VI. LAW (INCLUDING TEACHING)

1. Assistant Public Prosecutor
(Rs. 8000-13500)
2. Assistant Charity Commissioner, Class-I
(Rs. 8000-14050)
3. Sub-Judge cum Judicial Magistrate
(Rs. 7880-13500
with initial start of Rs. 8000)
4. Civil Judge (Junior Division/ Judicial Magistrate 1st Class)
(Rs. 9000-14550)


#### Abstract

6 ST: 2 A Degree in Law. Three years continuous \& regular practice \& experience on the Criminal Law side.


7 SC: 1 The candidates must be holding a Judicial Office ST: 1 not lower in rank than that of a Civil Judge (J.D) or any office which in the opinion of the State Govt. is an equivalent office for not less than four years. Have been for not less than seven years in aggregate an Advocate or Pleader enrolled and entitled to practise as such under the Advocates Act, 1961 or Attorney of the High Court.

4 SC: 2 Professional Degree in Law or equivalent of a OBC: 2 recognised University.

2 ST: $2 \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Degree in Law and practicing as an Advocate } \\ & \text { or Pleader and must have practiced for a period } \\ & \text { of not less than } 4 \text { years. }\end{aligned}$

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. | Civil Judge, Class-II (Rs. 8000-13500) |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { SC: } & 20 \\ \text { ST: } & 34 \end{array}$ | Degree in Law and 3 years experience as an advocate. |
| 6. | Assistant District Public Prosecutor (Rs. 5500-9000) |  | $\begin{array}{lr} \text { SC: } & 8 \\ \text { SC(W): } & 4 \\ \text { ST: } & 13 \\ \text { ST(W): } & 6 \end{array}$ | Degree in Law or equivalent. Preference will be given to persons having higher qualifications and two years experience at Bar. |

## VII. MISCELLANEOUS (OFFICE WORK ETC)

1. Assistant Director of Libraries/Librarian (Rs. 6500-10500)
2. Dean, Maharashtra Art Education

Service, Group-A
(Rs. 12000-18000)
3. Superintendent, General State Service, Group-B
(Rs. 5500-9000)
4. Accounts Officer, Group-B
(rs. 7450-13000)
5. Senior Coach, Group-B
(Rs. 6500-10500)

4 SC: 1 A degree in Arts, Science, Commerce or Law of ST: 1 any statutory University.
OBC: 1 A degree/diploma in Library Science. 3 years working experience in Library and sound knowledge of Marathi.
(1). Master's/Bachelor's degree in Drawing and Painting or Sculpture and Modelling or Applied Arts. OR
(2). Diploma in Drawing and Painting or Sculpture and Modelling or Applied Arts recognised by Government.
(3). Have practical experience of teaching Arts in any Institute of Arts recognised by Government or combined professional and teaching experience for a period of not less than eight years out of which 2 years experience must be as Professor.

| 118 SC: | 17 | (1). At least 2nd Class degree/Master's degree of |
| :---: | ---: | :--- |
| ST: | 7 | a recognised University. |
| DT(A): | 2 | (2). Having 3 year's experience on the post of |
| NT(B): | 3 | supervisor in Government Office or large |
| NT(C): | 4 | administration. |
| NT(D): | 2 |  |
| SBC: | 1 |  |
| OBC: | 22 |  |
| 3 ST: | 1 | Degree of a recognised University with atleast 7 |
| SC: | 1 | years experience in the Government Accounts/ |

2 ST: 1 Graduate or B.P.Ed. with NIS Diploma having 5 years experience in Coaching or Higher Secondary passed or its equivalent with NIS Diploma. Having 8 years experience in coaching.

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. | Inspector (Progress \& Evaluation) (Rs. 4000-8850) | $\begin{array}{r} 83 \text { SC: } \\ \text { ST: } \\ \text { BC: } \\ \text { PH: } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 19 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | A Bachelor's degree of a recognised University or its equivalent provided that a candidate who appeared at the final examination for the requisite degree and is awaiting result thereof may be admitted to the Preliminary Examination. |
| 7. | English Typist <br> (Rs. 3350-6325) | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { ST: } \\ & \text { BC: } \\ & \text { PH: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 4 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | A pass in Madhyamik Examination of the W.B. Board of Secondary Education or its equivalent. Candidates will be required to type from English manuscript of 450 words in 15 minutes at the rate of 30 words per minute. |
| 8. | English Stenographer <br> (Rs. 4000-8650) | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { ST: } \\ & \text { BC: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 5 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | A pass in School Final/Madhyamik of the W.B Board of Secondary Education or its equivalent. Candidates are required to type not less than 30 words per minute. The test will be for 10 minutes. The dictation will be given throughout at a uniform speed of 80 words per minute. |
| 9. | Lower Division Assistants/Lower Division Clerks <br> (Rs. 3350-6325) | $\begin{gathered} 437 \text { SC: } \\ \text { ST: } \\ \text { BC: } \\ \text { PH: } \\ \text { EX.S: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107 \\ 28 \\ 30 \\ 12 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | A pass in School Final/Madhyamik Examination of the W.B. Board of Secondary Education or its eqivalent. |
| 10. | Lower Division Clerk (Rs. 3050-4590) | 1 |  | Matriculation or equivalent or higher examination. |
| 11. | Junior Hindi Translator (Rs. 5000-8000) | 1 |  | Master's degree in English/Hindi with Hindi/English as a compulsory and elective subject at degree level. OR <br> Bachelor's degree with Hindi \& English as main subjects. |
| 12. | Junior Hindi Translator (Rs. 5000-8000) | $\begin{gathered} 14 \text { SC: } \\ \text { ST: } \\ \text { OBC: } \\ \text { OH: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | -DO- |
| 13. | Court Master/Steno, Grade-C (Rs. 5500-9000) | 1 OBC: | 1 | Matric or equivalent from recognised Board. Speed of 100 words per minute in English Shorthand. Speed of 120 words per minute in English Shorthand is desirable. |
| 14. | Steno Grade-D, III (Rs. 4000-6000) | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text { SC: } \\ & \text { ST: } \\ & \text { OBC: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Matric or equivalent with a speed of 80 words per minute in Shorthand (Hindi/English) |
| 15. | Auditor <br> (Rs. 4500-7000) | 1 OBC: | 1 | Degree of a recognised University or equivalent. |
| 16. | Junior Accountant <br> (Rs. 4500-7000) | 1 OBC: | 1 | Degree of a recognised University or equivalent. |


| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17. | Court Master/Steno, Grade-C (Rs. 5500-9000) | 1 |  | Matriculation or equivalent with 100 words per minute in English Shorthand. 120 words per minute is desirable. |
| 18. | Public Relation Officer (Rs. 2615-5775) | 2 |  | (1). A Bachelor's/Masters degree in Public Relations/Journalism from a recognised University with not less than $50 \%$ marks. <br> OR <br> (2). A Master's degree in English/Malayalam Literature from a recognised University with not less than $50 \%$ marks and Post-Graduate Diploma in Public Relations/Journalism from a recognised University/Institution. |
| 19. | Data Entry Operator (Rs. 1665-3955) | 1 |  | (1). B.A/B.Sc/B.Com degree of a recognised University. <br> (2). Certificate in Data Entry Operations from an Institution recognised by Central/State Government. <br> (3). One year experience in Data Entry Operations. |

Note: The above table is based on the information received from various State Public Service Commissions and Railway Recruitment Boards as per Appendix.

## Abbreviations used:-

SC :- Scheduled Caste
ST :- Scheduled Tribe
BC:- Backward Class
PH :- Physically Handicapped
OB:- Other Backward
DT :- Denotified Tribes
NT :- Nomadic Tribes

| OBC :- | Other Backward Class |
| :--- | :--- |
| MBC :- | Male Backward Class |
| SBC :- | Special Backward Class |
| EXM :- | Ex-Serviceman |
| XSM :- | Ex-Serviceman |
| EXSM :- | Ex-Serviceman |
| SEBC :- | Socially Economically Backward Class |

$\qquad$

## TABLE-11A

Distribution of deputation vacancies by various branches of study \& Sectors of establishments who notified the vacancies during 2003.

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI. } \\ \text { No. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Branches of Study | Central Govt. | Percentage | State Govt. | Percentage | *Quasi Govt. | Percentage | Local Bodies | Percentage | Private Estt. | Percentage | Total | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 1. | Engineering | 155 | 10.55 | 18 | 42.86 | 61 | 9.26 | 2 | 40.00 | - | - | 236 | 10.85 |
| 2. | Technology | 9 | 0.61 | - |  | 3 | 0.45 | - |  | - | - | 12 | 0.55 |
| 3. | Agriculture | 33 | 2.25 | 2 | 4.76 | 6 | 0.91 | - | - | - | - | 41 | 1.89 |
| 4. | Medicine | 17 | 1.16 | - |  | 29 | 4.40 | - | - | - | - | 46 | 2.11 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | 63 | 4.29 | 4 | 9.52 | 6 | 0.91 | - | - | - | - | 73 | 3.36 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education/ Teaching | 392 | 26.68 | 5 | 11.91 | 243 | 36.87 | 3 | 60.00 | - | - | 643 | 29.56 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | 800 | 54.46 | 13 | 30.95 | 311 | 47.20 | - | - | - | - | 1124 | 51.68 |
|  | TOTAL | 1469 | 100.00 | 42 | 100.00 | 659 | 100.00 | 5 | 100.00 | 0 | - | 2175 | 100.00 |

* Vacancies in Quasi-Government bodies under Central Government and State Governments have been included under the heading Quasi Government' in Column No.7.


## Source: Employment News

Table-11B
Distribution of Deputation vacancies for Graduates according to Pay ranges during the year 2003.

| SI. <br> No. | Faculty | Basic <br> Pay upto <br> Rs. 5000/- <br> P.M. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percen- } \\ & \text { tage } \\ & \text { to Total } \end{aligned}$ | Basic <br> Pay <br> between <br> Rs. 5001 <br> to 8000/- <br> P.M. | Percentage to Total | Basic <br> Pay <br> Rs. 8001 <br> \& above <br> P.M. | Percentage to Total | Total of Cols. 3, 5 \& 7 | Percentage of respective branch of study to the Total No. of Vacancies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 1. | Engineering | $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ (11.44) \end{array}$ | 5.13 | $\begin{array}{r} 52 \\ (22.03) \end{array}$ | 4.91 | $\begin{array}{r} 157 \\ (66.53) \end{array}$ | 26.56 | $\begin{array}{r} 236 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 10.85 |
| 2. | Technology | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ (50.00) \end{array}$ | 1.14 | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ (33.33) \end{array}$ | 0.38 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ (16.67) \end{array}$ | 0.34 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 0.55 |
| 3. | Agriculture | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ (7.32) \end{array}$ | 0.57 | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ (21.95) \end{array}$ | 0.85 | $\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ (70.73) \end{array}$ | 4.91 | $\begin{array}{r} 41 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 1.89 |
| 4. | Medicine | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \mathbf{( 3 2 . 6 1 )} \end{array}$ | 2.85 | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ (10.87) \end{array}$ | 0.47 | $\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ (56.52) \end{array}$ | 4.40 | $\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 2.11 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | $(-)$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ (49.32) \end{array}$ | 3.40 | $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ (50.68) \end{array}$ | 6.26 | $\begin{array}{r} 73 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 3.36 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education/ Teaching | $\begin{array}{r} 139 \\ (21.62) \end{array}$ | 26.43 | $\begin{array}{r} 342 \\ (53.19) \end{array}$ | 32.33 | $\begin{array}{r} 162 \\ (\mathbf{2 5 . 1 9}) \end{array}$ | 27.41 | $\begin{array}{r} 643 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 29.56 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | $\begin{array}{r} 336 \\ (29.89) \end{array}$ | 63.88 | $\begin{array}{r} 610 \\ (54.27) \end{array}$ | 57.66 | $\begin{array}{r} 178 \\ (15.84) \end{array}$ | 30.12 | $\begin{array}{r} 1124 \\ (100.00) \end{array}$ | 51.68 |
|  | TOTAL | $\begin{array}{r} 526 \\ (24.18) \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 1058 \\ (48.65) \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 591 \\ (27.17) \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 2175 \\ (100.00) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 100.00 |

Note:- Bracketed figures in column 3, 5, $7 \& 9$ shows the percentages to the total in column 9.

Source: Employment News 2003.

TABLE-11C
Distribution of vacancies for Graduates according to experience during the year 2003.

| SI. No. | Faculty | With Experience | Percentage to Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| 1. | Engineering | 236 | 10.85 |
| 2. | Technology | 12 | 0.55 |
| 3. | Agriculture | 41 | 1.89 |
| 4. | Medicine | 46 | 2.11 |
| 5. | Natural Sciences | 73 | 3.36 |
| 6. | Social Sciences including Education/ Teaching | 643 | 29.56 |
| 7. | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | 1124 | 51.68 |
|  | TOTAL | 2175 | 100.00 |

## Source: Employment News 2003.

TABLE-11D
Distribution of Deputation vacancies State-wise and Faculty-wise for the year 2003.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Name of the State | Engineering | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Techno- } \\ & \text { logy } \end{aligned}$ | Agricul- ture | Medicine | Natural Science | Social Science including Education/ Teaching | Misc. Vacancies for Graduates | Total Cols. 3 to 9 | Percentage to the Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 1. | Andaman \& Nicobar | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 0.18 |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | 4 | - | 2 | 1 | 6 | 14 | 18 | 45 | 2.07 |
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | - | - |  | - | - | 2 | 7 | 9 | 0.41 |
| 4. | Assam | 7 | - |  | 13 |  | 9 | 5 | 34 | 1.56 |
| 5. | Bihar |  | - |  |  | - | 1 | 16 | 17 | 0.78 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 16 | 25 | 55 | 2.53 |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0.05 |
| 8. | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0.05 |
| 9. | Delhi | 164 | 9 | 23 | 18 | 48 | 340 | 458 | 1060 | 48.73 |
| 10. | Goa, Daman \& Diu | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 0.32 |
| 11. | Gujarat | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 13 | 14 | 0.64 |
| 12. | Haryana | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | 5 | 7 | 15 | 0.69 |
| 13. | Himachal Pradesh | - |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| 14. | Jammu \& Kashmir |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 15. | Jharkhand | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 0.05 |
| 16. | Karnataka | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | 9 | 18 | 31 | 1.42 |
| 17. | Kerala | - | - | 1 | - | - | 4 | 13 | 18 | 0.83 |
| 18. | Lakshadweep | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 5 | 0.23 |
| 19. | Madhya Pradesh | 11 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 7 | 18 | 38 | 1.75 |
| 20. | Maharashtra | 4 | - | - | 1 | 5 | 12 | 77 | 99 | 4.55 |
| 21. | Manipur | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | 0.14 |
| 22. | Meghalaya | 2 | - | 1 | - | 2 | 9 | 2 | 16 | 0.74 |
| 23. | Mizoram | - | - | - | - |  | 1 |  | 1 | 0.05 |
| 24. | Nagaland | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 6 | 0.28 |
| 25. | Orissa | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 8 | 9 | 0.41 |
| 26. | Pondicherry | - | - | - |  | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0.09 |
| 27. | Punjab | 1 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 3 | 8 | 0.37 |
| 28. | Rajasthan | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 28 | 30 | 1.38 |
| 29. | Sikkim | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 1 | 11 | 0.51 |
| 30. | Tamil Nadu | 2 | - | - | - | - | 5 | 229 | 236 | 10.85 |
| 31. | Tripura | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 5 | 0.23 |
| 32. | Uttar Pradesh | 13 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 159 | 44 | 226 | 10.39 |
| 33. | Utranchal | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 6 | 12 | 0.55 |
| 34. | West Bengal | 5 | - | 2 | - | 2 | 18 | 43 | 70 | 3.22 |
| 35. | * State-wise break-up not available | 7 | - | 4 | - |  |  | 75 | 86 | 3.95 |
|  | TOTAL | 236 | 12 | 41 | 46 | 73 | 643 | 1124 | 2175 | 100.00 |

* Relates mostly to vacancies notified by the Railway Recruitment Boards and some

Vacancies notified to UPSC for which places of duty not specified.
Source: Employment News 2003.

TABLE-11E
Distribution of vacancies notified according to subjects during 2003.

| SI. | Subjects | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1. | Accountancy | 90 | 4.14 |
| 2. | Accountancy, Chartered | 60 | 2.76 |
| 3. | Accountancy, Cost \& Works | 1 | 0.05 |
| 4. | Accountancy, Management |  | - |
| 5. | Actuary |  |  |
| 6. | Aeronautical Engg. | 10 | 0.46 |
| 7. | Agricultural Bacteriology |  | - |
| 8. | Agricultural, Botany | 2 | 0.10 |
| 9. | Agricultural, Chemistry | - | - |
| 10. | Agricultural Engg. |  |  |
| 11. | Agricultural Economics | 3 | 0.14 |
| 12. | Entomology |  | - |
| 13. | Agricultural Extension | 1 | 0.05 |
| 14. | Agricultural Marketing | - | - |
| 15. | Agricultural Microbiology | - | - |
| 16. | Agricultural Meteorology | - | - |
| 17. | Agricultural Sociology | - |  |
| 18. | Agricultural Statistics | 1 | 0.05 |
| 19. | Agricultural (Unspecified) |  | - |
| 20. | Agronomy | 3 | 0.14 |
| 21. | Airconditioning \& Refrigeration |  | - |
| 22. | Aircraft Maintenance |  | - |
| 23. | Alcohol Technology |  | - |
| 24. | Allopathic Medicine (MBBS) | 5 | 0.23 |
| 25. | Anaesthesia | 1 | 0.05 |
| 26. | Anatomy | - | - |
| 27. | Animal Nutrition | - | - |
| 28. | Animal Pathology | - | - |
| 29. | Anthropology | 4 | 0.18 |
| 30. | Archaeology |  | - |
| 31. | Architecture | 8 | 0.37 |
| 32. | Arch/Civil | 1 | 0.05 |
| 33. | Archives | - | - |
| 34. | Art, Commerical | 3 | 0.14 |
| 35. | Art, Fine | 5 | 0.23 |
| 36. | Astronomy | 1 | 0.05 |
| 37. | Automobile Engg. |  | - |
| 38. | Ayurveda | 2 | 0.10 |
| 39. | Banking |  | . |
| 40. | Biology | 3 | 0.14 |
| 41. | Botany | 2 | 0.10 |
| 42. | Broadcasting \& Television | - | - |
| 43. | Cardiology | - | - |
| 44. | Catering | - | - |

Contd......

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 45. | Ceramics |  |  |
| 46. | Chemical Engg. | 3 | 0.14 |
| 47. | Chemical Technology | 1 | 0.05 |
| 48. | Chemistry | 16 | 0.74 |
| 49. | Chemistry, Analytical |  | - |
| 50. | Chemistry, Bio | 3 | 0.14 |
| 51. | Chemistry, Industrial | 7 | 0.32 |
| 52. | Chemistry, In-organic | 1 | 0.05 |
| 53. | Cinematography | 1 | 0.05 |
| 54. | Civil (including Municipal) | 105 | 4.83 |
| 55. | Clinical Pathology \& Bacteriology |  | - |
| 56. | Combination of Natural Sciences | 13 | 0.60 |
| 57. | Combination of Social Sciences | 1 | 0.05 |
| 58. | Company Secretary-ship | 4 | 0.18 |
| 59. | Co-operation | - | - |
| 60. | Dairy Science |  | - |
| 61. | Dental Surgery | - | - |
| 62. | Dermatology | 1 | 0.05 |
| 63. | Dietetics |  | - |
| 64. | Economics | 53 | 2.44 |
| 65. | Education/Teaching | 12 | 0.55 |
| 66. | Electrical Engg. | 19 | 0.87 |
| 67. | Electronics \& Electrical Microwave/ Communication (including Radio) | 19 | 0.87 |
| 68. | Elect/Mech.Engg. | 5 | 0.23 |
| 69. | English | 135 | 6.21 |
| 70. | Engineers Unspecified | 38 | 1.75 |
| 71. | Fibre Technology |  | - |
| 72. | Film Direction | 2 | 0.10 |
| 73. | Fishery | 2 | 0.10 |
| 74. | Food Technology |  | - |
| 75. | Forensic Medicine | 1 | 0.05 |
| 76. | Forestry | 6 | 0.28 |
| 77. | Forging \& Heat Treatment | - |  |
| 78. | Fuel Technology | - | - |
| 79. | General Surgery | - | - |
| 80. | Geography | 4 | 0.18 |
| 81. | Geology | 2 | 0.10 |
| 82. | Geology-Applied | - | - |
| 83. | Geophysics | - | - |
| 84. | Glass Technology | - | - |
| 85. | Gynaecology \& Obstetrics | - | - |
| 86. | Highways \& Roads | - | - |
| 87. | Hindi | 63 | 2.90 |
| 88. | History | 6 | 0.28 |
| 89. | Homeopathy | 1 | 0.05 |
| 90. | Home/Domestic Science/Eco. | - | - |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 91. | Horticulture | 5 | 0.23 |
| 92. | Hosiery Technology |  | - |
| 93. | Hotel Management | 1 | 0.05 |
| 94. | Hydraulics \& Dam |  | 0.05 |
| 95. | Industrial Management/ Business | 50 | 2.30 |
|  | Manag. \& Adm. |  |  |
| 96. | Instrument Engg. | - | - |
| 97. | Insurance | - |  |
| 98. | Interior Decoration Display \& |  | - |
|  | Designing |  |  |
| 99. | Intermediate \& Dyes |  | - |
| 100. | Internal Combustion | - | - |
| 101. | Journalism | 5 | 0.23 |
| 102. | Jute Technology |  | - |
| 103. | Labour/Social Welfare | 1 | 0.05 |
| 104. | Land Development |  |  |
| 105. | Languages | 5 | 0.23 |
| 106. | Laryngology \& Otolaryngology |  | - |
| 107. | Law | 50 | 2.30 |
| 108. | Leather Technology |  |  |
| 109. | Library Science | 16 | 0.74 |
| 110. | Literature | - | - |
| 111. | Machine Tools and Die Sinking | - | - |
| 112. | Malariology \& Communicable Diseases | - | - |
| 113. | Marine Engg. | 1 | 0.05 |
| 114. | Mathematics | 16 | 0.74 |
| 115. | Mathematics Applied |  | - |
| 116. | Mechanical Engg. | 9 | 0.41 |
| 117. | Mech/Meatallurgical Engg. | 2 | 0.10 |
| 118. | Medical Bio-Chemistry | 4 | 0.18 |
| 119. | Medical Radiology \& Electrology | 1 | 0.05 |
| 120. | Medical Specialist (MD/Ph.D) Unspecified | 8 | 0.37 |
| 121. | Metallurgical Engg. | 1 | 0.05 |
| 122. | Maternity Child Welfare \& Health |  |  |
| 123. | Meteorology | 1 | 0.05 |
| 124. | Microbiology (Medical) | 3 | 0.14 |
| 125. | Microbiology (Science) | 1 | 0.05 |
| 126. | Mining | - | - |
| 127. | Music Instrumental | - | - |
| 128. | Music , Vocal | - | - |
| 129. | Museology | - | - |
| 130. | Mycology \& Plant Pathology | - | - |
| 131. | Naval Architecture | - | - |
| 132. | Nursing | 11 | 0.51 |
| 133. | Nutrition/Applied Nutrition | - | - |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Subjects | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 134. | Occupational therapy | - | - |
| 135. | Oceanography | - | - |
| 136. | Office Work | 702 | 32.28 |
| 137. | Oil, Fats \& Waxes |  | - |
| 138. | Opthalmic Medicine \& Surgery | 1 | 0.05 |
| 139. | Orthopaedic Surgery | 1 | 0.05 |
| 140. | Paediatrics | 1 | 0.05 |
| 141. | Paints, Pigmants \& Varnishes | - | - |
| 142. | Paper Technology | - | - |
| 143. | Petroleum technology | - | - |
| 144. | Pharmacuetical \& Fine Chemicals | - | - |
| 145. | Pharmacology, Medical | 1 | 0.05 |
| 146. | Pharmacy | 1 | 0.05 |
| 147. | Philosophy | - | - |
| 148. | Physical Education | - | - |
| 149. | Physiology (Medicine) | - | - |
| 150. | Physiotherapy | - | - |
| 151. | Physiology (Science) | 2 | 0.10 |
| 152. | Physics | 6 | 0.28 |
| 153. | Physics Applied | - | - |
| 154. | Physics, Bio | - | - |
| 155. | Physics, Chemistry \& Math | 8 | 0.37 |
| 156. | Physics, Mathematics | 7 | 0.32 |
| 157. | Physics, Nuclear | - | - |
| 158. | Plant Breeding \& Genetics | 4 | 0.18 |
| 159. | Plant Pathology | 5 | 0.23 |
| 160. | Plant Physiology | - | - |
| 161. | Plastic Technology | - | - |
| 162. | Political Science | - | - |
| 163. | Poultry Farming | - | - |
| 164. | Printing Technology | 10 | 0.46 |
| 165. | Preventive and Social Medicine |  | - |
| 166. | Production Engg. | 5 | 0.23 |
| 167. | Psychiatry | 1 | 0.05 |
| 168. | Psychology | 6 | 0.28 |
| 169. | Psychology Medical |  | - |
| 170. | Public Administration | 106 | 4.87 |
| 171. | Public Health Engg. | 1 | 0.05 |
| 172. | Public Health (Medicine) | 1 | 0.05 |
| 173. | Research Methodology | - | - |
| 174. | Rubber Technology | - | - |
| 175. | Rural Science | - | - |
| 176. | Sanitary Science | - | - |
| 177. | Sculpture | - | - |
| 178. | Secretarial and Commercial Work and Practice | 3 | 0.14 |
| 179. | Silicate Technology | - | - |

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| SI. | Subjects | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | No. of Vacancies Notified | Percentage to Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 180. | Sociology/Social Work/ | 42 | 1.93 |
| 181. | Stage Crafts and Dramatics |  | - |
| 182. | Soil Mechanic and Foundation |  |  |
| 183. | Soil Science | 1 | 0.05 |
| 184. | Sound Engineering |  | - |
| 185. | Spectroscopy |  | - |
| 186. | Statistics | 6 | 0.28 |
| 187. | Statistics Mathematical | 7 | 0.32 |
| 188. | Stats. Maths/Economics | 81 | 3.72 |
| 189. | Structural Engineering | 1 | 0.05 |
| 190. | Sugar Technology |  | - |
| 191. | Tele-Communication/Line | 5 | 0.23 |
|  | Communication/Engineering |  |  |
| 192. | Textile Chemistry |  | - |
| 193. | Textile Dyeing and Printing | - | - |
| 194. | Textile Technology | 1 | 0.05 |
| 195. | Technological other (Unspecified) |  | - |
| 196. | Tools Engineering |  | - |
| 197. | Town and Country Planning | 2 | 0.10 |
| 198. | Tropical Medicine |  | - |
| 199. | Tubercular Diseases | 1 | 0.05 |
| 200. | Unani Medicine |  | - |
| 201. | Vacancies Unspecified | 226 | 10.39 |
| 202. | Venereology |  | - |
| 203. | Veterinary Science and Animal Husbandry | 8 | 0.37 |
| 204. | Warehousing | - | - |
| 205. | Water Conservation | - | - |
| 206. | Wood Technology | - | - |
| 207. | Zoology | - | - |
|  | TOTAL | 2175 | 99.74 |

Source: Employment News 2003.

# List of State Public Service Commissions/Railway Recruitment Boards. ${ }_{\text {as }}$ 

1. The Secretary,

Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission, Hyderbad-500001
2. The Secretary,

Assam Public Service Commission, Jawaharnagar, Khanapara,
Gwahati-781022
3. The Secretary,

Gujarat Public Service Commission, Ist Floor, B-Block, Multi Storeyed Building, Lal Darwaja,
Ahmedabad-380001
4. The Secretary,

Himachal Pradesh Public Service Commission
Shimla-171002
5. The Secretary,

Kerala Public Service Commission, Pattom,
Thiruvananthapuram-695004
6. The Secretary,

Karnataka Public Service Commission,
Park House,
Bangalore-560001
7. The Secretary,

Madhya Pradesh Public Service Commission,
Residency Area, Daily College Road,
Indore-452001
8. The Secretary,

Maharashtra Public Service Commission,
Bank of India Building,
Mahatma Gandhi Road,
Mumbai-400001
9. The Secretary,

Manipur Public Service Commission,
Imphal-795001
10. The Secretary,

Meghalaya Public Service Commission,
Khasi Hills,
Shillong-793001
11. The Secretary,

Orissa Public Service Commission, 19, DR. P.K. Parija Road
Cuttack-753001
12. The Secretary,

Rajasthan Public Service Commission,
Ajmer-305001
13. The Secretary,

Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission, Chennai-600002
14. The Secretary,

Tripura Public Service Commission, Agartala-799001
15. The Secretary,

Uttar Pradesh Public Service Commission,
Allahabad-211001
16. The Secretary,

West Bengal Public Service Commission, 161A, S.P. Mukherjee Road,

## Kolkata-700026

17. The Secretary,

Punjab Public Service Commission
Patiala-1470001
18. The Secretary,

Railway Recruitment Board Guwahati,
Station Road, Pan Bazar,
Gwahati-781001
19. The Secretary, Railway Recruitment Board, 18, Miller Road,
Bangalore-560046
20. The Secretary,

Railway Recruitment Board,
D-79/80, Rail Vihar, B.D.A, Rental Colony,
SE Railway Project Complex,
Chandrasekharpur,
Bhubaneshwar-751023
21. The Secretary,

Railway Recruitment Board, Jammu-Srinagar, Railway Colony (West), Jammu Tawi
22. The Secretary (p\&p-I)

Staff Selection Commission,
Department of Personnel \& Training
Blok No-12, Lodhi Road
New Delhi

Ts State PSCs/RRBs/SSC from where information received for this publication.


[^0]:    * Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

[^1]:    * Relates mostly to vacancies notified by Railway Recruitment Boards and some vacancies notified to UPSC for which place of duty was not specified.

