## 这urukshetra Ganibersity



# THE ACT \& STATUTES <br> (As Amended up to 25.11.78) 

```
* .. .i` l'wem Unit,
i}\cdots,\quad\therefore\quad:\quad\mp@code{f Educational'
Yi ; ..ami Aministration
17-E,S:2:%binco Marg,NewDelhi-1100x
DOC. N..........................
```



stitute $\& F$


PART I

## THE ACT

# The Kurukshetra University Áct XII of 1956 

[As amended by the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1965]
(Punjab Act No. 24 of 1965)
[The Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1975]
(Haryana Act No. 1 of 1975)
[The Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976]
(Haryana Act No. 19 of 1976)
[The Birendra Narayan Chakravarty University Kurukshetra (Amendment)
Act, 1977]
(Haryana Act No. 16 of 1977)
(Act XII of 1956, rectived the assent of the Governor of Punjab on the 4th May, 1956)
(.Act No. 24 of 1965, received the assent of the Governor of Punjab on the 2nd November, 1965)
(Act No. 1 of 1975, received the assent of the Governor of Haryana on the 15th January, 1975)
(Act No. 19 of 1976, received the assent of the Governor of Haryana on the 16th July, 1976)
(Acit No. 16 of 1977, received the assent of the Governor of Haryana on the 22nd July, 1977)

An Act to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and ressidential University at Kurukshetra for the encouragement of higher ealucation and research, especially in Sanskrit, Prakrits and Modern Imdian Languages as also in Indian Philosophy, Ancient Indian History amd other aspects of Indology.'


Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Punjab in the Seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

## Short title and $\dagger$ 1. ( $i$ ) This Act may be called the Kurukshetra commencement

 University Act, 1956.(ii) It shall come into force in the State of Punjab on such date as the State Government may, by notification, in the Gazette, appoint.

## Defnitions

2. In this Act, and in all Statutes, made hereunder, unless the context otherwise requires :-
$\dagger$ (a) 'University' means the 'KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY' as incorporated under this Act.
(b) 'College' means an institution maintained or recognised by the University under the provisions of this Act.
(c) 'Samsad' means the Court of the University.
(d) 'Karya-Samiti' means the Executive Council of the University.
(e) 'Shiksha-Samiti' means the Academic Council of the University.
( $f$ ) *'Kuladhipati' means the Chancellor of the University.
(g) *•Kulapati’ means the Vice-Chancellor of the University.
$\dagger \dagger(g g)$ *'Prati-Kulapati' means the Pro-ViceChancellor of the University.
(h) 'Vidhi', 'Shasana' and 'Niyama' mean respectively the Statutes, Ordinances and
$\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976 and vide the Birendra Narayan Chakravarty University Kurukshetra (Amèndment) Act, 1977.
*Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
$\dagger \dagger$ Addition made vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1975.

Regulations of the University framed hereunder.
3. (a) The first*'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) and th ththe *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) of the University, wl whwho shall be persons appointed in this behalf by the St: StState Government, by notification, in the official G: GGazette, and the first members of the 'Samsad' ( $C$ (ClCourt), the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) and th ththe 'Shiksha-Samiti'. (Academic Council) and all pe pepersons, who may hereafter become or be appointed, as asas such, officers or members, so long as they continue to toto hold such office or membership, are hereby co coconstituted a body corporate by the name of $\dagger$ †‘‘‘KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY’ and shall he hđave perpetual succession and a common seal, and sh shbhall sue and be sued by that name.
(b) The University will have power to acquire ar arand hold property, movable and immovable, to tr trtransfer the same, to enter into contract and to do al alall other things necessary for the purpose of its cr cconstitution and maintenance.
**3-A (1) The limits of the area within which tl the University shall exercise its powers shall be a rc raadius of ten miles of the office of the University.
$\dagger \dagger$ Provided that the State Government may by n nootification extend the limits of the area within w which the University shall exercise its powers.

[^0](2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force,
(a) no college beyond the limits of the area referred to in sub-section (1) shall be associated with, or admitted to, any privileges of the University; and
(b) any college situated within the limits of the area extended under the proviso to sub-section (1) shall, with effect from such date as may be notified in this behalf by the State Government, be deemed to be associated with, and admitted to the privileges of the University and shall cease to be associated in any way with, or be admitted to any privileges of any other University and different dates may be appointed for different institutions.

## Provided that :

(i) any student of any college referred to in clause (b) affiliated to any other University before the said date, who was studying for any degree or diploma examination of the other University, shall be permitted to complete his course in preparation
the existing limits of the area within which the Kurukshetra University was exercising its powers to the limits of the area comprising the whole of the State of Haryana, with effect from the 30th day of June, 1974

Vide Notification No S.O.77/H. A 25/75/S.4/76 dated the 29 April, 1976, 12 colleges at Rohtak were associated with the Rohtak University (later renamed as Maharshi Dayanand University) with effect from 1st May, 1976.

Further, vide Notification No. S.O. 147/H.A. 25/S.4/78 dated the 8 November, 1978, the jurisdiction of the Maharshi Dayanand University was extended so as to include the districts of Bhiwani, Gurgaon, Mohindergarh, Rohtak and Sonepat and all Colleges, situated within the extended area were associated with that University with effect from 8 November, 1978.
therefor and the University shall hold for such students examinations in accordance with curricula of study in force in the other University for such period as may be prescribed by the Statutes or Ordinances or Regulations, and
(ii) any such student may, until any such examination is held by the University, be admitted to the examination of the other University and be conferred the degree, diploma or any other privilege of that other University for which he qualifies on the result of such examination.
4. The University shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties namely :-
(a) to provide for research and instruction in such branches of learning as the University may think fit and to take such steps as it considers necessary for the advancement of learning and dissemination of knowledge;
(b) to hold examinations and grant such degrees, diplomas and other academic distinctions or titles to persons as may be laid down in the Statutes, Ordinances or Regulations;
(c) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions on approved persons in the manner laid down in the Statutes;
(d) to institute prizes, medals, research studentships, exhibitions and fellowships;
ie) to receive gifts, donations, benefactions from Government and to receive gifts,

Powers of the University
donations and transfers of movable or immovable property from transferers, donors, testators, as the case may be;
$(f)$ to institute and appoint persons to professorships, readerships, lecturerships, fellowships, and chairs or posts of any description;
(g) to co-operate with educational and other institutions in India and abroad, having objects similar to those of the University, by exchange of teachers, scholars and professors in such manner as may be conducive to their common objects;
(h) to do all such things as may be necessary, incidental or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the objects of the University;
(i) to supervise and control the residence and discipline of the students of the University and to make arrangements for their health and welfare;
(j) to deal with any property, belonging to or vested in the University, in such manner as the University may deem fit for advancing the objects of the University;
*(k) to maintain colleges located within the limits of the area referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 3-A or, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of that Section, recognize colleges not maintained by the University but located within the said area and to withdraw such recognition; and

[^1](l) to frame Statutes, Ordinances or Regulations and alter, modify or rescind the same for all or any of the aforesaid purposes.
5. The University shall be open to all persons irrespective of sex, nationality, race, creed, caste or class; and no test or condition shall be imposed as to religious belief or profession in admitting or appointing members, students, teachers, workers or in any other connection, whatsoever, and no benefaction shall be accepted which, in the opinion of the authorities of the University, involves conditions or obligations opposed to the spirit and object of this provision.
6. All teaching in the University shall be conducted by and in the name of the University in accordance with the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations made in this behalf.
*7. The following shall be the Officers and Authorities of the University :-

University open
to all races, classes, castes and creeds

## Teaching of the University

## Officers of the University

(a) The $\dagger ‘ K u l a d h i p a t i ’ \quad$ (Chancellor),
(b) The †'Kulapati’ (Vice-Chancellor),
(c) The †'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar); and
(d) such other persons in the service of the University as may be declared by the Statutes to be Officers of the University.

## Authorities of the University

(1) The 'Samsad' (Court),
(2) The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council),
(3) The 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council); and
(4) such other authorities as may be declared by the Statutes to be the Authorities of the University.

[^2]Appointment of *'Prati-Kulapati'

Powers, duties of officers, terms of office and filling of casual vacancies

Appointment of Officers

The 'Samsad' (Court)

The 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council)

KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY
$\dagger 7-\mathrm{A}$ The *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) may, as and when deemed necessary, appoint a person as *'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-Vice-Chancellor) in addition to the Officers mentioned in Section 7.
8. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the powers and duties of the Officers of the University, the terms for which they shall hold office and the filling up of casual vacancies in such offices shall be as prescribed by the Statutes.
9. The mode of a ppointment and the functions of the Officers of the University, other than the *‘Kuladhipati' (Chancellor), sball be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances, in so far as they are not prescribed herein.
10. (a) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall consist of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor), the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor), the *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) and such other persons as may be prescribed in the Statutes.
(b) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall be the supreme governing body of the University and shall exercise all the powers of the University, not otherwise provided for, by this Act or the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations, and shall have power to review or annul the acts of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) and the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council).
11. The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) shall be the executive body of the University, and its constitution and powers, as also the terms of office of its members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.
$\dagger$ Addition made vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1975.
*Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
12. The 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) shall be the academic body of the University and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances, have the control and general regulation of and be responsible for the maintenance of standards of instruction, education, examination, discipline and health of students and for the conferment of degrees other than honorary diplomas and certificates.
13. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the 'Vidhi' (Statutes) may provide for all or any of the

The 'Shiksha-
Samiti' (Academic Council)

The 'Vidhi' (Statutes) and their scope following matters, namely :-
(a) the constitution, powers and duties of the 'Samsad' (Court), the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) and such other bodies as may be deemed necessary to constitute from time to time;
(b) the classification, mode of appointment, powers and duties of the teachers and the officers of the University;
(c) the conditions of service, constitution of pension or provident fund and insurance schemes for the benefit of the officers, the teachers, and other employees of the University;
(d) the conferment of honorary degrees;
(e) the withdrawal of degrees, diplomas, certificates and other academic distinctions;
$(f)$ the establishment and abolition of faculties and departments;
(g) the institution of fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes; and
(h) all other matters which by the Act are to be or may be provided for by the Statutes.

The 'Vidhi' (Statutes) how made
14. (1) On the commencement of this Act, the Statutes (Vidhi) of the University shall be those as set out in the *Schedule.
(2) The 'Samsad' (Court) may, from time to time, make new or additional statutes or may amend or repeal the statutes in the manner hereafter provided in this section.
(3) The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) may propose to the 'Samsad' (Court) the draft of any statute to be passed by the 'Samsad' (Court) and such draft shall be considered by the 'Samsad' (Court) at its next succeeding meeting.
(4) The 'Samsad' (Court) may approve such draft as is referred to in sub-section (3) and pass the statute or may reject it or return it to the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) for re-consideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendment which the 'Samsad'(Court) may suggest. After any draft, so returned, has been further considered by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), it shall again be presented to the 'Samsad' (Court) with the report of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) thereon, and the 'Samsad' (Court) may then deal with the draft in any way it thinks fit.
(5) Every new statute or addition to the statute or any amendment or repeal of a statute shall require the previous approval of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) who may sanction, disallow or remit it for further consideration. A statute, passed by the 'Samsad' (Court), shall have no validity until it has been assented to by the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).

[^3]15. Subject to the provisions of this Act and the Statutes, the 'Shasana' (Ordinances) may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :-
(a) the admission of students to the University and their enrolment as such;
(b) the courses of study to be laid down for degrees, diplomas and certificates of the University;
(c) the conditions under which students shall be admitted to the degree or diploma courses and to the examinations of the University and shall be eligible for degrees and diplomas;
(d) the fees to be charged for courses of study in the University and for admission to the examinations, degrees and diplomas of the University;
(e) the conditions of the award of fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes;
$(f)$ the conduct of examinations, including the terms of office and manner of appointment and the duties of examining bodies, examiners and moderators;
(g) the conditions of residence of students of the University;
$(h)$ all other matters which by this Act or the Statutes are to be made or may be provided for by the ordinances.
16. (1) On the commencement of this Act, the 'Shasana' (Ordinances) of the University shall be those as set out in the *Schedule.
(2) The Ordinances may be amended, repealed or added to, any time by the 'Karya-Samiti'

[^4](Executive Council) :
Provided that -
(a) no Ordinance shall be made--
(i) affecting the admission or enrolment of students or prescribing of examinations to be recognised as equivalent to the University Examinations; or
(ii) affecting the conditions, mode of appointment or duties of Examiners or the conduct or standard of examinations or any courses of study; unless the draft of such an Ordinance has been proposed by the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council).
(b) The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) shall not have power to amend any draft, proposed by the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) under sub-section (2), but may return it to the Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) for re-consideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments, which the 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council) may suggest or reject it, after it has been submitted for the second time. Where the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) has rejected an Ordinance proposed by the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), it may appeal to the 'Samsad' (Court) which, after obtaining the views of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), may, if it approves of the Ordinance, make the Ordinance and submit it to the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) for approval.
(c) All 'Shasana' (Ordinances), made by the
*Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), shall have effect from such date as it may direct, but every Ordinance, so made, shall be submitted, as soon as may be, to the 'Samsad' (Court) and shall be considered by the 'Samsad' (Court) at its next succeeding meeting. The 'Samsad' (Court) shall have power, by a resolution, passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members present at such meeting, to modify or cancel any such Ordinance and such Ordinance shall, from the date of such resolution, stand modified or cancelled, as the case may be.
17. (1) The authorities of the University may make 'Niyama' (Regulations), consistent with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances -
(a) laying down the procedure to be observed at their meetings and the number of the members required to form a quorum; and
(b) providing for all matters which by this Act, the Statutes or the Ordinances are to be prescribed by Regulations.
(2) Every Authority of the University shall make Regulations, providing for giving of notice to the members of such Authority of the dates of meetings and of the business to be considered at meetings and for the keeping of a record of the proceedings of meetings.
18. (1) The *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) may, at any time, require or direçt any Officer or Authority of the University to act in conformity with the provisions of this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations made thereunder.
(2) The powers exercised by the *'Kuladhipati'

[^5]'Niyama' (Regulations)

Powers of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor)
(Chancellor) under sub-section (1) shall not be called in question in any Civil Court.

## Annual Report

## Accounts

## Conditions of

 service of officers \& teachers19. The annual report of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council) and shall be submitted to the 'Samsad' (Court) for consideration at its annual meeting when resolutions may be passed regarding its acceptance or otherwise. The 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council) shall take such action as it thinks fit on the resolution of the 'Samsad' (Court) and shall inform the 'Samsad' (Court) of the action taken by it and, when no action is taken, of its reasons therefor.
20. The accounts of the income and expenditure of the University shall be submitted, once in every year, to the Government for examination and audit. The accounts, when audited, shall be published in the *Haryana Government Gazette.
21. (a) Every salaried officer and teacher of the University shall be appointed, under a written contract, which shall be lodged with the University and a copy of which shall be furnished to the officer or teacher concerned.
(b) Any dispute, arising out of a contract between the University and any of its officers or teachers, shall, at the request of the teacher or officer concerned, be referred to a Tribunal of Arbitration, consisting of one member, appointed by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), one member, nominated by the officer or teacher concerned and one referee, a nominee of the $\dagger^{\prime}$ Kuladhipati' (Chancellor). The decision of the Tribunal shall
*Substituted for the word 'Punjab' vide the Haryana Adaptation of Laws (State subjects) Order, 1967, which came into force on 1st November, 1966.
$\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
be final, and no suit shall lie in any Civil Court in respect of the matter decided by the Tribunal.
22. (1) The University shall institute, for the benefit of its officers, teachers and other employees, such pension, provident and insurance funds as it may deem fit.
(2) Where any provident and insurance funds have been so constituted, the provisions of the Provident Fund Act, to date, shall be applicable to it as if it were a Government Provident Fund.

## $\dagger$ THE SCHEDULE

## $\dagger \dagger$ The First Statutes $\dagger$ and Ordinances of the Kurukshetra University <br> (As amended up to 21-10-1978)

## Definitions

The †'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor)

1. $\dagger \dagger$ (a) The 'Act' means the Kurukshetra University Act, 1956, as amended.
(b) The 'Artha-Samiti' means the Finance Committee of the University.

Powers of the $\dagger ‘$ Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor)

The $\dagger$ ‘Kulapati’ (Vice-Chancellor)
2. The $\dagger$ 'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) shall be the 'Rajyapal' (Governor) of the *Haryana, exofficio.
3. (a) The †'Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor), by virtue of his office, will be the head of the University.
(b) The †‘Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor) shall, if present preside at the Convocation of the University for conferring degrees and at all meetings of the 'Samsad' (Court).
4. (i) The $\dagger ‘ K u l a p a t i ’$ (Vice-Chancellor) shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the University and shall take rank next to the $\dagger$ 'Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor). He shall be the exofficio Chairman of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Exccutive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee) and shall, in the absence of the †‘Kuladhipati' (Chancellor), preside over the Convocation and the meetings of

[^6]the 'Samsad' (Court). He shall be entitled to be present at and to address any meeting of any authority or other body of the University.
(ii) It shall be the duty of the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) to see that this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations are faithfully observed. He shall have all powers necessary for the purpose.
(iii) The *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) shall have power to convene meetings of the 'Samsad' (Court), the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee) and may do all such acts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act, the Statutes, and the Ordinances.
(iv) If, in the opinion of the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor), an emergency has arisen, which requires that immediate action should be taken, the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) shall take such action as he deems necessary and shall report the same for confirmation at the next succeeding meeting of the authority which, in the ordinary course, would have dealt with the matter :

Provided that if the action taken by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) is not approved by the authority concerned, he may refer the matter to the *'Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor) whose decision shall be final.

Provided further that where any such action taken by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) affects any person or persons in the service of the University, such person or persons shall be entitled to prefer, within thirty days from the date on which

[^7]notice of such action is received, an appeal to the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council).
(v) The *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) shall exercise general control over the affairs of the University and shall give effect to the decisions of the authorities of the University.
(vi) The *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) shall be appointed by the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) on terms and conditions to be laid by the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).
(vii) The *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) shall hold office ordinarily for a period of three years which term may be renewed.
(viii) In the case of a casual vacancy in the office of the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor), the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor), until the appointment of a new *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor), may make a temporary appointment.

The *'PratiKulapati' (Pro-Vice-Chancellor)
$\dagger 4$-A. The *'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-Vice-Chancellor) shall assist the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) in respect of such matters as may be specified by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) in this behalf from time to time, and shall also exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned or delegated to him by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).
$\ddagger 4$-B. (i) The *'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-ViceChancellor) is declared to be an Officer

[^8]of the University and shall take rank next to the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor). He shall be member of the 'Samsad' (Court), the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee) and shall, in the absence of the "Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor), preside over the meetings of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council) and the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee) and in the absence of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) and the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) he shall preside over a meeting of the 'Samsad' (Court).
(ii) The *'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-ViceChancellor) shall be a whole-time Officer of the University and shall hold office ordinarily for a term of three years which term may be renewed. In the case of casual vacancy the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) may make a temporary appointment.
(iii) The terms and conditions of service of the*'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-Vice-Chancellor) shall be laid down by the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).
5. (i) The *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) shall be a whole-time administrative officer of the University. The terms and conditions of service of the *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) shall be such as may be prescribed by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council).
(ii) The "'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) shall be ex-officio Secretary of the 'Samsad' (Court), the ${ }^{\text {'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the }}$

[^9]
## The *'Kula

 Sachiva'(Registrar)'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), and the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee).
(iii) It shall be the duty of the Registrar-
(a) to be the custodian of the records, common seal and such other property of the University as the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) shall commit to his charge;
**(b) to issue all notices, convening meetings of the 'Samsad' (Court), the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee), the Faculties, the Boards of Studies, and of any committees, appointed by any authority of the University;
(c) to keep the minutes of all meetings of the 'Samsad' (Court), the 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee), the Faculties and any Committee appointed by the authorities of the University;
(d) to conduct the official correspondence of the 'Samsad' (Court), the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), and the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee);

[^10]PROCTOR, LIBRARIAN, CHIEF WARDEN, CONTROLLER OF EXAMS. 21

* $(e)$ Deleted.
( $f$ ) to supply to the $\dagger$ 'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) copies of the agenda of the meetings of the authorities of the University as soon as they are issued and the minutes of the meetings of the authorities ordinarily within a month of the holding of the meetings; and
(g) to perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the †'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).

5-A. The following persons in the service of the University are declared to be the officers of the University : -

Proctor, Librarian, Chief Warden and Controller of Examinations
(i) Proctor;
(ii) Librarian;
(iii) Chief Warden; and
(iv) Controller of Examinations.

5-B. (1) The Proctor shall be appointed by the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), on the recommendation of the $\dagger$ 'Kulapati’ (ViceChancellor) and shall exercise such powers and perform such duties in respect of the maintenance of discipline among students as may be assigned to

[^11]him by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor). The Proctor shall hold office for a term of two years.
(2) The Librarian shall be appointed by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) and shall be a whole-time officer of the University. He shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned to him by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council).
$\dagger$ (3) The Chief Warden shall be appointed by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) on the recommendations of the *'Kulapati' (ViceChancellor) and the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) and exercise such powers and shall perform such duties in respect of the administration of hostels as may be prescribed by the Ordinances. The Chief Warden shall hold office for a term of two years.
$\ddagger$ (4) The Controller of Examinations shall be appointed by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) and shall be a whole-time Officer of the University. It shall be his duty to arrange for and superintend the Examinations of the University. He shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).

[^12]*6. The 'Samsad' (Court) shall consist of the following members, namely :-
(a) Ex-officio Members
(1) The †'Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor).
(2) The $\dagger ‘$ Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).
**(3) The $\dagger$ 'Prati-Kulapati’ (Pro-Vice-Chancellor).
(4) Education Minister, Haryana.
(5) Director of Public Instruction, Haryana.
(6) Deans of the Faculties.
**(7) Education Commissioner, Haryana.
**(8) Finance Commissioner, Haryada.
(b) Other Members
(1) Every person who donates Rs. 1,00,000 (Rupees one lac) or more or transfers property of like value to the University.
The membership of any such person or persons shall be subject to the approval of the $\dagger$ 'Kuladhipati’ (Chancellor).
(2) One nominee of each trust, institution or corporation which donates rupees one lac or more to the University.
*Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).
$\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
**Additions made vide Ccurt resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).

The 'Samsad' (Court)-its Constitution

The membership of any such nominee or nominees shall be subject to the approval of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).
(3) One representative to be elected from amongst ten donors of rupees ten thousand or more but less than one lac to the University.

The membership of any such representative or representatives shall be subject to the approval of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).
$\dagger$ (4) Five persons to be elected from amongst themselves by the Registered Graduates who have been admitted to a Degree by the *University not less than one year before registration if the Degree obtained by them is a Post-graduate one and not less than five years before registration, in case of other Degrees.

The election of any Registered Graduate shall be subject to the approval of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).
(5) One person to be nominated by the Ministry of Education, Government of India, New Delhi.
(6) One person to be elected by the Haryana Vidhan Sabha from amongst its members.

[^13](7) Twelve persons to be nominated by the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) out of whom six shall be distinguished teachers.
$\dagger$ (8) Twelve persons to be elected by the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) from amongst its own members (three from each of the categories mentioned below) :-
(a) Heads of the University Teaching Departments;
(b) Teachers, other than Heads of the University Teaching Departments;
(c) Principals of Colleges;
(d) Teachers, other than Principals of Colleges.
$\dagger$ (9) One Principal and two teachers other than Principals to be elected from amongst themselves by the Principals and teachers respectively holding their posts in a substantive capacity in the colleges included in each of the four Zones to be demarcated by the Vice-Chancellor.

Provided that not more than one teacher, elected under this Clause, shall belong to anv one College.
$\dagger(10)$ One Principal of a College maintained by the University to be elected by the 'Samsad' (Court).
$\dagger$ (11) Two persons elected from amongst themselves by the representatives of

[^14]the Managements of Non-Govt.
Colleges. The representatives of the Managements shall be from amongst the members of the concerned Managements.
*(12) Secretary, Kurukshetra University Students' Union and two Secretaries to be elected from amongst themselves by the Secretaries of the Students' Unions in Colleges recognised by the University (for the period from the date of election to the end of the Academic Session).
*(13) The $\dagger$ 'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) will be ex-officio Secretary of the 'Samsad' (Court).
*Provided that no salaried servant of the University, including its allied institutions, shall be eligible for election or nomination under any of the preceding clauses except Clauses (8), (9) and (10) and that if any person elected or nominated under any of the preceding clauses except Clausfs (8), (9) and (10), is subsequently appointed to any salaried post in the University or its allied institutions, he shall cease to be a member of the 'Samsad' (Court).
*Provided further that no person shall be eligible for nomination/election to the 'Samsad' (Court), except under Clause 12, unless he has attained the age of 25 years.

[^15]Save as otherwise expressly provided, a member of the 'Samsad' (Court), other than ex-officio, shall hold 'office for a period of two years. The term of members elected under Clauses (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall start on the lst January and end on the 31st December of the following year. If, however, a vacancy arises in the mid-term, re-election shall be held for the remainder of the term, only if the vacancy is for six months or more.

The method of election shall be by simple majority voting by ballot and the elections shall be conducted in accordance with the rules framed by the Vice-Chancellor.
7. (1) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall be the supreme body of the University and shall have power to review the acts of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) and the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council).
(2) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall perform the following duties :-
(a) of making Statutes and of amending or repealing the same;
(b) of considering Ordinances;
(c) of considering and passing resolutions on the annual report, the annual accounts and the financial estimates;
(d) of electing such persons to serve on authorities of the University and of appointing such officers as may be prescribed by this Act or the Statutes; and

Powers and Duties of the 'Samsad' (Court)
(e) of exercising such other powers and performing such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by the Statutes.
(3) (a) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall exercise all the powers of the University not otherwise provided for by this Act or the Statutes.
(b) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall have the power to request a distinguished person, subject to the approval of the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor), to become Visitor or Patron of the *University.

Meetings of the 'Samsad' (Court)
8. (a) The 'Samsad' (Court) shall meet once a year at a meeting to be called the annual meeting on a date to be fixed by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).
(b) The 'Samsad' (Court) may also meet at: such other time as it or the 'Karya-Samiti" (Executive Council) or the ${ }^{*}$ 'Kulapati' (ViceChancellor) may from time to time determine.
(c) An extraordinary meeting may bes requisitioned at the written request of four-fifthss of the total members.
(d) Two-fifths of the members shall furm a quorum.

$\dagger 9$. The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council') shall consist of the following persons, namely :-
(a) Ex-officio Members
(1) The *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).
*Amended vide the Kurukshetra Universitty
(Amendment) Act, 1976 .
†Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of
10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).
*(2) The †'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-ViceChancellor).
(3) Director of Public Instruction, Haryana.
(b) Other Members
(1) Six Deans of Faculties to be nominated by the $\dagger$ 'Kulapati' (ViceChancellor) by rotation, beginning from the juniormost. The juniority will be calculated on the basis of the dates on which the present incumbents assumed office as Deans.
*(2) Five persons including a Principal of a College maintained by the University to be elected by the 'Samsad' (Court) from amongst its own members.
*(3) Five persons including two representatives of the recognised colleges, of whom one shall be a Principal and the other a teacher other than a Principal to be elected by the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council) from amongst its own members.
(c) The †'Kula Sachiva’ (Registrar) will be the ex-officio Secretary of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council).

Two-fifths of the members will form a quorum.

[^16]
## *Members of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive

 Council), other than ex-officio, shall hold office for a term of two years. The term of members elected under Clauses (b) (2) \& (3) shall start on the 1st January and end on the 31st December of the following year. If, however, a vacancy arises in the mid-term, re-election shall be held for the remainder of the term, only if the vacancy is for six months or more.The method of election shall be by simple majority voting by ballot and the elections sball be conducted in accordance with the rules framed by the Vice-Chancellor.
10. The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) -
(a) shall, subject to the control of the 'Samsad' (Court), hold, control and administer the revenue, property and funds of the University;
(b) shall direct the form, custody, and use of the common seal of the University;
(c) shall frame budget of the University;
(d) shall administer funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purpose;
(e) shall appoint officers and teachers of the University and shall define their duties and the conditions of their service and shall provide for the filling of temporary vacancies in these posts;
( $f$ ) shall have power to accept transfer of any movable or immovable property on behalf of the University;

[^17](g) shall provide buildings, premises, furniture, apparatus and other means needed for carrying on the work of the University; and
(h) shall enter into, vary, carry out and cancel contracts on behalf of the University.

Provided that the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) shall exercise no power in respect of courses of study and examinations which will be the sole concern of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council).
*11. The 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) shall consist of the following persons, namely :-
(a) Ex-officio Members
(1) The $\dagger^{\prime}$ Kulapati’ (Vice-Chancellor).
(2) The $\dagger$ 'Prati-Kulapati’ (Pro-ViceChancellor).
(3) Heads of the Departments.
(4) Professors appointed by the University.
(5) Chief Warden of the University Hostels.
(6) Proctor of the University.
(7) Controller of Examinations of the University.
(8) Librarian of the University Library.
(9) Curator of the University Museum.
(10) Principals of the Colleges maintained by the University.
(11) Principal, Regional Engineering College, Kurukshetra.

[^18]The 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council)-its Constitution
(12) Principal, Technological Institute of Textiles, Bhiwani.
(13) Director, National Dairy Research Institute, Karnal.
(b) Other Members
(1) Three persons elected by the 'Samsad' (Court), from amongst its own members.
(2) One Reader recognised/appointed by the University to be elected by each Faculty.
(3) One Lecturer reçognised/appointed by the University to be elected by each Faculty.
(4) One Principal and two teachers to be elected from amongst themselves by the Principals and Teachers respectively, holding their posts in a substantive capacity in the Colleges included in each of the Constituencies mentioned below :-
(i) Government Colleges, other than the Colleges of Education, recognised by the University;
(ii) Colleges of Education, recognised/maintained by the University;
(iii) Non-Government Colleges,
other than the Colleges of
Education, recognised/main-
tained by the University, in
each of the four Zones to be
demarcated by the Vice-
Chancellor.

Provided that not more than one teacher elected under this Clause shall belong to any one college.
(c) President, Kurukshetra University Students' Union and two Presidents to be elected from amongst themselves by the Presidents of the Students' Unions in the Colleges recognised by the Kurukshetra University for the period from the date of election to the end of the Academic Session.

Provided that the members under sub-clause ( $c$ ) shall not participate in the meeting at the time the Academic Council considers the appointment of examiners.
(d) The *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) will act as Secretary of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council).

Two-fifths of the members will form a quorum.

The method of election shall be by simple majority voting by ballot and the elections shall be conducted in accordance with the rules framed by the Vice-Chancellor.

Save otherwise expressly provided, a member of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), other than ex-officio members, shall hold office for a term of two years, which term shall start on the 1st January and end on the 31st December of the

[^19]following year. If, however, a vacancy arises in the mid-term, re-election will be held for the remainder of the term, only if it is for six months or more.

Powers of the 'Shiksha-Samiti (Academic Council)

Faculties of the University
*12. (1) The 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) shall-
(i) arrange and supervise the work of education in the University;
(ii) recommend to the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) the creation and abolition of posts in the educational staff;
(iii) subject to conditions, imposed by any trust, fix the time, mode and terms of competition for fellowships, scholarships, studentships, medals and prizes and award the same;
(iv) have the entire charge of the discipline of the students in the University; and
(v) prescribe syllabuses and courses of study for various examinations on the recommendations of the Faculties.
(2) All decisions of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) as regards syllabuses and courses of studies and the conducting of examinations and as regards the discipline of students shall be final.
$\dagger$ 13. There shall be the following Faculties :-
(1) Faculty of Arts and Languages.

[^20](2) Faculty of Social Sciences.
(3) Faculty of Science.
(4) Faculty of Education.
(5) Faculty of Indic Studies.
(6) Faculty of Engineering and Technology.
(7) Faculty of Law.
(8) Faculty of Commerce and Management.
(9) Faculty of Medical Sciences.
(10) Faculty of Ayurvedic Medicine.
(11) Faculty of Dairying, Animal Husbandry and Agriculture.
(12) Such other Faculties as the 'Samsad' (Court), on the recommendation of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), made through the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), may institute.
*14. Each $\dagger$ Faculty shall consist of :--
Constitution of the Faculties
(1) Dean of the Faculty.
(2) Heads of the Departments included in that Faculty.
(3) All the Professors appointed/recognised by the University in the subjects included in the Faculty.
(4) Two Readers and one Lecturer appointed/ recognised by the University in the subjects included in the Faculty, nominated by the Vice-Chancellor by rotation according to seniority.
(5) Two persons from amongst the Heads of the Post-Graduate Departments, in the

[^21]subjects concerned in the Recognised Colleges to be nominated by the ViceChancellor.
(6) Four persons from amongst the teachers of Under-Graduate Classes in the subjects concerned in the Recognised Colleges to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor.
(7) Such other persons, not exceeding five in number, as may be elected to the Faculty by the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), on account of their expert knowledge of the subject(s) comprising the Faculty.

Members elected or nominated shall hold office for two years. Election shall be by simple majority voting by ballot and shall be conducted in accordance with the rules framed by the ViceChancellor.

Provided further that 'Samsad' (Court), at the request of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), may increase the number of members of a Faculty, under Clause (7) above.

The *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) will be the Secretary of every Faculty.

Two-fifths of the members in each Faculty shall form a quorum.

Assignment of Departments to Faculties

14-A. Each Faculty shall have in it such Departments of Studies as may be assigned to it by the Ordinances.

## Deans of Faculties

$\dagger$ 15. (1) There shall be Dean of each Faculty who shall be appointed by the *'Kulapati' (ViceChancellor). The Deans shall be appointed in rotation from amongst the Heads of the different

[^22]Departments comprising the Faculty. A Reader will be eligible for appointment as Dean only if there is no Professor in the Departments comprising the Faculty.

Provided that the Principal, Regional Engineering College, Kurukshetra and the Principal, Technological Institute of Textiles, Bhiwani, shall be ex-officio Dean of the Faculty of Engineering and Technology, by rotation.

Provided further that the Principal, Medical College, Rohtak shall de ex-officio Dean of the Faculty of Medical Sciences and the Director, National Dairy Research Institute, Karnal shall be ex-officio Dean of the Faculty of Dairying, Animal Husbandry and Agriculture.
(2) No remuneration shall be attached to the office of the Dean who shall hold office for three years only.
(3) The Dean shall convene the meetings of his Faculty and will preside over them.
(4) The Dean shall prepare the time-table of studies in consultation with the Heads of Departments comprising the Faculty. He shall be responsible for the co-ordination of teaching therein and the execution of the decisions of the Faculty.
(5) He shall have the right to be present and to take part in discussion at any meeting of any committee of the Faculty.
16. Subject to the control of the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council) the powers of the Faculties shall be :-
(a) to co-ordinate the teaching and research work of the University in the subjects assigned to the Faculty;
(b) to approve the time-table of studies;
(c) to recommend to the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) courses of studies and syllabuses for the different examinations after necessary reports from the Boards of Studies;
(d) to receive the reports from the Departments for the creation and abolition of posts and to forward them to the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) with such recommendations as it thinks fit;
(e) to discuss and suggest to the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council) schemes for the advancement in the standards of teaching and examinations; and
$(f)$ to deal with any other matter that may be referred to it by 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council).

Departments *17. There shall be the following Depart-ments:-
(1) Department of Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archaeology.
(2) Department of Anthropology.
(3) Department of Applied Sciences and Humanities.
(4) Department of Ayurveda.
(5) Department of Basic Medical Sciences.
(6) Department of Bio-physics.
(7) Department of Botany.
(8) Department of Chemistry.
(9) Department of Civil Engineering.

[^23]*(10) Department of Commerce.
*(10-A) Department of Management.
(11) Department of Dairying, Animal Husbandry \& Agriculture.
(12) Department of English.
(13) Department of Economics.
(14) Department of Education.
(15) Department of Electrical Engineering.
(16) Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering.
(17) Department of Fine Arts.
(18) Department of Geography.
(19) Department of Geology.
(20) Department of Hindi.
(21) Department of History.
(22) Department of Home Science.
(23) Department of Human Anatomy.
$\dagger$ (24) Department of Library and Information Science.
(25) Department of Linguistics.
(26) Department of Law.
(27) Department of Mathematics.
(28) Department of Medicine \& Allied Sciences.
(29) Department of Military Science.
(30) Department of Mechanical Engineering.
(31) Department of Music and Dance.

[^24](32) Department of Modern European Languages.
(33) Department of Panjabi.
(34) Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences.
(35) Department of Pharmacy.
*(36) Department of Philosophy.
*(36-A) Department of Psychology.
(37) Department of Physical Education.
(38) Department of Physics.
(39) Department of Physiology.
(40) Department of Political Science.
(41) Department of Sanskrit, Pali \& Prakrit.
(42) Department of Surgery \& Allied Sciences..
(43) Department of Textiles Technology.
(44) Department of Urdu \& Persian.
(45) Department of Zoology.

Boards of Studies $\quad * *$ 17-A. Every Department, included in a Faculty', other than the Department of Law, shall have two $\dagger$ Boards of Studies, one for Under-graduate Studiess and the other for Post-graduate Studies.

The Department of Law shall have only one Board of Studies to be called the Board of Studie:s in Law which shall be governed by Clause II below.

I-(a) The Board of Under-graduate Studies shall consist of :-
(1) The Head of the Department.

[^25](2) All the Professors appointed/recognised by the University in the subject.
(3) One Reader and one Lecturer appointed/ recognised by the University in the subject, to be nomioated by the ViceChancellor by rotation according to seniority.
(4) The senior-most teacher in the subject concerned from each of the Undergraduate Colleges maintained by the University.
*(5) Four Teachers of Under-graduate Classes from the recognised colleges in the subject concerned, to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor in consultation with the Head of the Department-one each from the Four Zones to be demarcated by the Vice-Chancellor.
(6) Two outside experts to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor in consultation with the Head of the Department.

Provided that the 'Samsad' (Court), at the request of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), may increase the number of members of a Board of Undergraduate Studies, under Clause (6) above.
(b) The Board of Post-graduate Studies shall consist of :-
(1) The Head of the Department (Dean, in the case of the Dairying, Animal Husbandry \& Agriculture).
(2) All the Professors appointed/recognised by the University in the subject.

[^26](3) Two Readers and one Lecturer appointed/ recognised by the University in the subject, to be nominated by the ViceChancellor by rotation according to seniority.
*(4) Two persons from amongst the Heads of the Post-graduate Departments in the Recognised Colleges, in the subject concerned, to be nominated by the ViceChancellor in consultation with the Head of the Department.
(5) Two outside experts to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor, in consultation with the Head of the Department.

Provided that the 'Samsad' (Court) at the request of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), may increase the number of members of a Board of Post-graduate Studies under Clause (5) above.
(c) (i) The Board of Under-graduate Studies shall reccmmend to the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), through the Faculty concerned, courses and syllabuses of studies and text-books for the various subjects for Under-graduate Classes and the Board of Post-graduate Studies shall make such recommendations in respect of subjects for Post-graduate Classes and Research Degrees.
(ii) The Boards of Studies shall also make recommendations to the 'Sbiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) regarding the appointment of Paper-setters/Examiners for the

[^27]Under-graduate or the Post-graduate Courses, as the case may be.
(iii) The Boards of Studies shall deal with any other matter that may be referred to them by the Faculty.

The Head of the Department shall be the Chairman of the Board, except for the Board of Post-graduate Studies in Dairying, Animal Husbandry and Agriculture of which the Dean shall be the Chairman. Members, other than ex-officio members, shall hold office for two years.

II-(a) The Board of Studies in Law shall consist of :-
(1) The Head of the Department.
(2) All the Professors in the Department of Law.
(3) Two Readers and two Lecturers from the Department of Law, to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor by rotation according to seniority.
(4) Two outside experts to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor in consultation with the Head of the Department.

Provided that the 'Samsad' (Court), on the recommendation of the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council), may increase the number of members of the Board of Studies in Law under Clause (4) above.
(b) The Board of Studies in Law shall :-
(i) recommend to the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), through the Faculty of Law, courses and syllabuses of studies
and text-books for the various courses and Research Degrees in Law;
(ii) make recommendations to the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council) regarding the appointment of Paper-setters/Examiners; and
(iii) deal with any other matter that may be referred to it by the Faculty.

The Head of the Department shall be the Chairman of the Board. Members, other than ex-officio members shall hold office for two years.

## The 'ArtbaSamiti' (Finance Committee)

*18. There sball be an 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee) consisting of the following :-

## Ex-officio Members

(a) The $\dagger ‘ K u l a p a t i ’$ (Vice-Chancellor) Chairman.
**(b) The $\dagger$ 'Prati-Kulapati’ (Pro-ViceChancellor).
(c) The Secretary to Govt., Haryana, Finance Department.

Others
(d) One member nominated by the $\dagger$ 'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).
(e) Two members elected by the 'Samsad' (Court).
(f) Two members elected by the 'ShikshaSamiti' (Academic Council).

[^28]The *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) will be the Secretary of the Committee.

Members of the 'Artha-Samiti' (Finance Committee), other than ex-officio, shall hold office for a term of three years. Method of election will be by simple majority voting by ballot. Three members will form a quorum.
19. (i) Subject to the general control of the 'Samsad' (Court), all appointments to teaching posts shall be made by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), on the recommendation of a Selection Committee, constituted by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) in accordance with the procedure, to be prescribed by an Ordinance. The personnel of such Selection Committees will be approved by the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).

The *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) will be the Chairman of all the Selection Committees and the *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) their Secretary.
(ii) Appointments to non-teaching posts, carrying an initial pay of Rs. 300 p.m. or more, shall be made by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), on the recommendation of the Establishment Committee, to be constituted under an Ordinance.

For posts carrying an initial salary of Rs. 120 p.m. up to Rs. 299 p.m., appointments shall be made by the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor) and for those carrying a salary of less than Rs. 120 p.m. by the respective Heads of Departments/ *'Kula Sachiva' (Registrar) [and Librarian] with the approval of the *'Kulapati' (Vice-Chancellor).

[^29]Proceedings of University Authorities not invalidated by vacancies

Convocation
20. No act or proceedings of any authority of the University shall be invalidated merely by reason of the existence of a vacancy or vacancies among its members.
21. Convocations of the University for the conferring of Degrees and for other purposes shall be held in such manner as may be prescribed by 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) from time to time :

Provided that every proposal to confer an honorary degree shall be subject to the confirmation of the "'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor).

[^30]
## PART II

## Statutes and Ordinances

22. (1) Teachers of the University shall be Teachers of two classes, namely :-
(i) Appointed teachers of the University.
(ii) Recognised teachers of the University.
(2) 'Appointed teachers of the University' shall be either:-
(a) servants of the University paid by the University and appointed by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) as Professors, Readers or Lecturers or otherwise as teachers of the University; or
(b) persons appointed by the 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council) as Honorary Professors, Readers or Lecturers or otherwise as teachers of the University.
(3) 'Recognised teachers of the University' shall be :-
(a) members of the staff of a recognised College of the University; or
(b) members of the staff of a recognised Institution which provides Graduate and Post-graduate Courses of study approved by the University :

Provided that no such member of the staff of a recognised College or Institution shall be deemed to be a recognised teacher unless-
(a) he is recognised by the 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council) as a

Professor, Reader or in any other capacity as a teacher of the University; and
*(b) his teaching, in his own college or institution, relating to Graduate and Post-graduate Courses, is approved by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) on the recommendation of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council).

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of a Statute or an Ordinance, a recognised Professor or Reader shall not be a member of the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), unless he is the Head of one of the University Teaching Departments mentioned in Statute 17. A teacher recognised as Professor or Reader shall, however, have the same privileges as those enjoyed by a Professor or Reader appointed by the University in so far as membership of the Board of Studies and the Faculty and appointment as Head of the Depariment are concerned.
23. (1) The qualifications of recognised teachers of the University shall be such as may be determined by the Ordinances.
(2) All applications for the recognition of teachers of the University shall be made in such manner as may be laid down by the Regulations made by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) in that behalf.

[^31](3) The period of recognition of a teacher of the University as Professor or Reader shall be determined by Ordinances made in that behalf. A person in the service of a College, recognised as a teacher of the University, otherwise than as a Professor or Reader, shall continue to be recognised so long as he is in the service of the College.
(4) The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) may, on a reference from the *'Kulapati' (ViceChancellor), withdraw recognition of a teacher :

Provided that the teacher or the College concerned may, within a period of thirty days from the date of the order of withdrawal, appeal against the order to the *'Kuladhipati' (Chancellor) whose decision shall be final.

23-A. No person shall be appointed or recognised as a teacher of the University, except on the recommendation of a Selection Committee, constituted for the purpose, under the Statutes and the Ordinances.

23-B. A teacher, appointed by the University or by a College, (excepting a College maintained by the Government), shall be entitled to leave, leave-salary, allowances, etc., as prescribed, in this behalf, by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), and Provident Fund and other benefits as laid down in Statute 24, ibid.
24. (1) There shall be a Provident Fund for the benefit of the officers, teachers, clerical staff
$\dagger$ Provident Fund and Gratuity and other servants of the University.
(2) (i) Every person in permanent wholetime service or a person appointed

[^32]as whole-time servant for a period of not less than four years, shall, as a condition of his service, be required to subscribe to the Provident Fund. The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) may allow, as a special case, any part-time employee or a temporary or officiating incumbent of the post to become a subscriber to the Fund.
(ii) No employee of the University shall be entitled to the benefit of the Provident Fund whose services in the University entitle him to a pension or on whose account the University contributes towards his pension or who has been appointed by the University on a consolidated salary or on special terms :
*Provided that persons appointed in the University on probation or in any temporary capacity, in the regular time scale of the post concerned, if at a later stage confirmed, after the expiry of at least one year of their continuous service, will be entitled to Contributory Provident Fund of the University from the date of appointment and that on confirmation the University shall add its contribution with retrospective effect.

Note :-This amendment was given retrospective effect.

[^33]*Provided further that no person will be entitled to the University Contribution for any period beyond one year before the date of his confirmation and that no other person had been earning the University Contribution against that very post, during the same very period of one year.
(iii) The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) may, in case of a person appointed to a substantive post, permit the transfer to the Provident Fund of any moneys standing to his credit in any recognised Provident Fund to which he was a subscriber immediately before his appointment in the University, and may, with his consent, make such arrangement with the authority of that other Provident Fund for the purpose of its transfer, whether in the form of cash or of securities, or of both, as may be convenient.
(3) The rate of subscription to the Fund shall be ten per cent of the monthly salary calculated to the nearest whole rupee and the amount, thus calculated, shall be deducted from the monthly salary of the employee :

Provided that no subscription or contribution shall be made to the Provident Fund by an employee who is on leave without pay.
$\dagger$ Provided that persons in University service, who were not eligible to contribute towards

[^34]University Provident Fund under Clauses (2) (i) and (2) (ii) above, shall be eligible to do so, to any extent, towards Provident Fund, but without the benefit of University's matching contribution :
*Provided further that persons, already contributing under the relevant provisions, shall also be eligible to contribute additional amounts towards Provident Fund, but without the benefit of the University's matching contribution.

Note :-The word "salary" shall include the basic pay and the dearness pay, if any, for purposes of deductions to be made towards the Provident Fund.
(4) At the end of each half year, the University shall, in the case of each employee, contribute a sum equal to the aggregate amount subscribed to the Fund during such half year, and place it to the credit of the subscriber.
(5) Interest at the rate fixed for the purpose by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), from time to time, shall be credited to each subscriber's account half yearly. The amount of interest will be calculated to the nearest whole paisa.
(6) The 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council)) may, from time to time, make rules, consistent with these regulations and with the provisions of the Provident Fund Act, for-
(a) the conduct of the business of the Fund; and
(b) any matter relating to the Fund ore its management, or the investmentt of sums at credit of the Fund, orr the privileges of subscribers, nott

[^35]herein expressly provided for, and may add to, vary or cancel any rule, so made.
(7) Every subscriber shall be required to sign a written declaration, in the prescribed form, stating the name or names of the persons to whom he wishes the balance at his credit to be paid in the event of bis death. This declaration shall be handed in for registration in the University office. Such nomination may, at any time, be revoked by the subscriber or be replaced by a fresh nomination.
(8) A subscriber, at the termination of his service, shall be entitled to receive the amount which accumulates to his credit, provided that if the subscriber leaves the service within one year of the commencement of the Fund, he shall not be entitled to receive any part or share in any sums contributed by the University to the Fund and any interest and increment which has accrued thereon, unless he has established to the satisfaction of the University, that his retirement is necessitated by incapacity for further service.
(9) On the subscriber's death, the amount, at the credit of the subscriber, shall be paid to the person or persons, duly nominated by him or, when no such nomination is made, to his legal heir or heirs.
(10) The amount at the credit of the subscriber shall not be subject to any deduction even to cover loss or damage sustained by the University through the subscriber's misconduct or negligence:

Provided that when a sum becomes payable under Clauses (8) and (9) above, the University will be entitled to deduct therefrom any amount due under any liability incurred by the subscriber
to the University, but not exceeding, in any case, the total amount of any contributions credited to the account of the subscriber by the University and of any interest which has accrued on such contributions.
(11) (i) Except as provided for in (iii) below, no final withdrawal shall be allowed until the termination of the subscriber's service or death. But in case of necessity, the Vice-Chancellor may allow a subscriber an advance of a sum not exceeding the total amount subscribed by him at the rate of interest at which interest is credited to the subscribers and report the matter to the 'KaryaSamiti' (Executive Council) at its next meeting.
(ii) Recoveries towards the amount advanced shall be made with interest in such monthly instalments, not exceeding thirty, as may be decided by the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), commencing from the first payment of a full month's salary after the advance is granted, but no recovery shall be made from a subscriber when he is on leave otherwise than on full pay.
(iii) The Vice-Chancellor may, for the purpose(s) mentioned below, sanction non-refundable advances out of his Provident Fund subscription, to an employee who has completed 20 years of service (including broken period of service, if any), or within 10 years before the date of his
retirement on superannuation, whichever is earlier and report the matter to the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), at its next meeting :-
(a) Meeting the cost of higher education of himself or of children actually dependent on him in the following types of cases :-
(1) for education outside India beyond the High School stage, whether for an academic, technical, professional or vocational course; and
(2) for medical, engineering and other technical or specialised courses in India beyond the High School stage, provided that the course of study is not less than three years' duration.
(b) Meeting the expenditure in connection with the marriage of the subscriber's daughters and, if he has no daughter, of any other female relation dependent on him.
(c) Meeting the expenditure in connection with the marriage of the subscriber's sons.
(d) Purchase/construction of a house and/or a site therefor.
(iv) The amount of withdrawal for the purposes mentioned in Clause (iii)(a) above shall be limited to 6 months' pay of the subscriber or the amount actually subscribed by him alongwith interest thereon standing to his
credit in his Provident Fund, whichever is less.
(v) The withdrawal for the purpose mentioned in Clause (iii) (a) above will be permissible once every six months i.e., twice in any financial year and a withdrawal will not ordinarily be allowed before the expiry of six months from the date of the previous withdrawal. A second withdrawal for any other purpose shall not be allowed until after the expiry of one year from the date of the previous withdrawal

Provided that a subscriber who has been given an advance under this Clause shall have to satisfy the Vice-Chancellor, within a period of six months from the date of drawing the money, that it has been utilized for the purpose for which it was intended, failing which the whole amount of withdrawal together with interest thereon will be liable to recovery in one lump-sum.

Provided further that while sanctioning nonrefundable advances, the temporary advances outstanding against him, if any, will not be taken into account. A subscriber may also be permitted by the Vice-Chancellor to convert the balance of any refundable advance outstanding against him into a non-refundable advance on his satisfying the conditions laid down for such advances.
(12) On a written application from a subscriber to the Provident Fund and with the approval of the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council), the University may allow premia on the life insurance policy of the subscriber to be paid out of the subscriber's share in his Provident Fund, In all
such cases, the life insurance policy, for which the premia are so paid, shall be assigned in favour of the University. On the retirement of the subscriber from the service of the University, the policy shall be re-assigned to him by the University.

In case of maturity of the policy during the service of the subscriber in the University, the full amount of the policy shall be credited to the Provident Fund of the subscriber. In the case of the death of the subscriber, during the service of the University, the full amount of the policy shall be paid to the person or persons entitled to the Provident Fund.
*(13) An employee who has rendered satisfactory service shall, at the time of his retirement, be granted gratuity equal to a half month's actual pay which he was drawing at the time of retirement for each year's service. In case the employee dies before retirement the gratuity shall be payable to the person whose name has been registered under these rules.

Provided that no gratuity shall be given to an employee of under 15 years' service, and that no gratuity shall accure for any year over 30 years' service.

Provided further that where an officer joins the University service at an age when at the time of retirement he cannot complete full fifteen years' service, he shall be granted gratuity proportionately. Gratuity shall be calculated on the basis of every completed year of service.
(14) If an employee of the University who has served efficiently and faithfully dies before the

[^36]age of retirement, the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) may, in cases of real hardship, grant stipends or annuities, or both, as the case may be, to the children, widows and other dependents of the deceased for such period as it may consider necessary.
(15) The Registrar sball cause to be maintained proper accounts relating to the Fuind, showing the accounts, for the time being, at the credit of each depositor and the general state of the Fund, in such form as the 'Karya-Samiti" (Executive Council) may, from time to time, prescribe. Each depositor shall be supplied with a Pass Book which shall show the amounts for the time being at the credit of the depositor and which shall be in such form as the 'Karya-Samiti' (Executive Council) may, from time to time, prescribe.

The word 'Subscription' wherever it occurs, in this Statute, means the amount paid by the stubscriber and similarly the word 'Contribution' means the amount contributed by the University.

Withdrawal of Degree, Diploma, etc.
*25. A degree, diploma, certificate or other Academic distinction may be withdrawn by the University if-
(a) the candidature of the person concerned has been cancelled or result quashed in accordance with the manner laid down by the Ordinances;

Or
(b) the candidate has misbehaved at a convocation of this University (the question whether a person has misbehaved in terms of this Statute shall be decided by the Vice-Chancellor).
*Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
*26.. $N$ Nooturithsitainding anything contained in these SStaattutes, at iperson, who is a member of cany Atuthoorrity or Body of the University in his capaceityy :as; a member of a particular Authority or Bcodjy oir ais a hollder of particular appointment, shall 1 holld cofficee so long only as he continues to be a mnermberr wo that particular Authority or Bodyy or thbe hollde:r of that particular appointmentt, as thige casse miay be
$\dagger$ Prolvicdeed that at teacher-member of any Authorityy cor BBoldy of the University who resigns his servicee oor proceeeds on leave for six months or more shalll ceearse: to be a member of the respective body andl ia isulbstitute shall be appointed. If the period of thiss leaive is less than six months; his membershiip will be held in abeyance till his return or the expsiryy of the period of six months whichever is later. No) slubstittute rnember will be appointed/ celected, where the membership is held in abeyance.

If a teac:herr is on leave for a period of six months or nnore, he shall not be eligible for mominatiom/re-election for that particular vacancy. He will, however, be eligible for nomination/ election in a vacaricy which may arise after his return from leave.
**27. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Statutes or the Ordinances of the University, no person, who has been convicted of any offence involving moral turpitude or has been dismissed for misconduct from a Govt./Semi-Govt. Institution or from a University or an Educational

## Limitation

 of term of MembershipTermination of Membership etc.

[^37]
## Faculty of

 Medica! Sciences and the Board of Studies included in the FacultyInstitution of any kind, shall be eligible to become, or to continue as a member of any Authority of this University or of any Committee appointed by the University. A person under suspension shall not be allowed to sit in any meeting of the above Authorities or Committees during the period of his suspension.
*28. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Statute or Ordinance of the University, the Faculty of Medical Sciences and the Boards of Studies under the said Faculty shall be constituted as follows:-
A. Faculty of Medical Sciences :
(1) Dean of the Faculty.
(2) Heads of the Departments included in the Faculty.
(3) All the Professors recognised by the University in the Subjects included in the Faculty.
(4) One Assistant Professor elected from among themselves by the Assistant Professors in each of the Departments included in the Faculty.
(5) Three Heads of Departments out of the Heads of the Departments of Anthropology, Bio-Physics, Chemistry, Human Anatomy, Physics, Physiology and Zoology to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor.
(6) Such other persons, not exceeding five in number, as may be elected to the Faculty by the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), on account of
*Addition made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).
their expert knowledge of the subjects comprising the Faculty.

Members otber than ex-officio members shall hold office for two years. Elections shall be by simple majority voting by ballot.

Provided further that the 'Samsad' (Court), at the request of the 'Sbiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), may increase the number of members of the Faculty.

Two-fifths of the members shall form a quorum.
B. The Boards of Studies in the Faculty of Medical Sciences :
(a) (i) Every Department included in the Faculty of Medical Sciences shall have an Under-graduate Board of Studies which shall consist of Professors; two Assistant Professors elected by the Assistant Professors in the Department from among themselves; two External Experts to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor on the recommendation of the Head of the Department, and two Teachers other than Professors and Assistant Professors of the Medical College, Rohtak to be nominated by the ViceChancellor on the recommendation of the Head of the Department.
(ii) There shall also be a Board of Studies in Post-graduate Medical Education and Research which shall consist of all the Heads of the Departments included in the Faculty of

Medical Sciences, two Externall Experts to be nominated by the Vice-. Chancellor on the recommendation of the Dean of the Faculty of Medi-. cal Sciences and two Teachers of the: Medical College, Rohtak to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor on therecommendation of the Dean of the Faculty of Medical Sciences.
(b) The Board of Studies in Post-graduate: Medical Education and Research shall recommend to the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) through the Faculty, Courses and Syllabuses of Studies and Text-books for the various subjects for Post-graduate Classes and Research degrees, and the Under-graduate Boards of Studies shall make such recommendations in respect of the subjects for Under-graduate Classes.
(c) The Boards of Studies shall also make recommendations to the 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council) regarding the appointment of Paper-setters/Examiners for the Under-graduate or Post-graduate Courses, as the case may be.
(d) The Boards of Studies shall deal with any other matter that may be referred to them by the Faculty.
(e) The Dean of the Faculty shall be the Chairman of the Board of Studies in Post-graduate Medical Education and Research and the Head of the Department concerned, who will be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor from amongst the Professors in the Department by
rotation, according to seniority, for a term of two years, shall be the Chair5. Nrion-1" stem Unit man of the Undergraduate Board of Studies. Pinning and Administration
(f) The 'Samsad' (Court), at the request of $\mathrm{DC}, \mathrm{Si}$ inuticio Marg New Delhithe 'Shiksha-Samiti' (Academic Council), $n$. . may increase the number of members of a Board of Studies. Members, other than ex-officio members, shall hold office for two years.
*29. Deleted.
$\dagger$ 30. If a person is debarred by the Academic Council from any work of the University on account of any kind of malpractice on his part in connection with a University examination, such a person will be disqualified to become, or to contrmus as a member of any Body/Authority of the University so long as the bar lasts.

Disqualification for Membership


[^38]
[^0]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) A. Acct, 1976.
    $\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) A. Acct, 1976 and vide the Birendra Narayan Chakravarty U Urniversity Kurukshetra (Amendment) Act, 1977.
    ***Addition made vide the Kurukshetra University (A (Atmendment) Act, 1965.
    $\dagger \dagger$ Vide Haryana Government (Education Department) G Gaazette (Extraordinary) Notification No. S.O. 214/H.A. 121 $5 f 56 \hbar / \mathrm{S}, 3 \mathrm{~A} / 73$, dated the 1 st November, 1973, the Governor of H Haaryana in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section(1) of of section 3-A of the Kurukshetra University Act, extended

[^1]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1965.

[^2]:    *The 'Prati-Kulapati' (Pro-Vice-Chancellor) shall also be an Officer of the University, as per Section 7-A.

    PAmended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^3]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976

[^4]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^5]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^6]:    $\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    $\dagger \dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976 and the Birendra Narayan Chakravirty University Kurukshetra (Amendment) Act, 1977.
    *Substituted for the word 'Punjab' vide Haryana Adaptation of Laws (State subjects) Order, 1967.

[^7]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^8]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment Act, 1976.
    $\dagger$ Addition made vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1975.
    $\ddagger$ Addition made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 29-3-1975 (received assent of the Chancellor on 21-4-1975).

[^9]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^10]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    **Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 5 of 29-3-1975 (received assent of the Chancellor on 21-4-1975).

[^11]:    *Deletion and amendment made vide Court resolution No. 5 of 29-3-1975 (received assent of the Chancellor on 21-4-1975).
    †Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    $\ddagger$ Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 12 of 21-10-1967 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-12-1967).

[^12]:    * Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    $\dagger$ Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 12 of 21-10-1967 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-12-1967).
    $\ddagger$ Addition made vide Court resolution No. 5 of 29-3-1975 (received assent of the Chancellor on 21-4-1975).

[^13]:    $\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29.5-1979).

[^14]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Alct, 1976.
    $\dagger$ Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 311-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).

[^15]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
    $\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^16]:    *Addition and Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
    $\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^17]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).

[^18]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
    $\dagger$ Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) , 1976.

[^19]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^20]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
    $\dagger$ Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).

[^21]:    *Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).
    $\dagger$ The composition of the Faculty of Medical Sciences is laid down by Statute 28.
    

[^22]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    $\dagger$ Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).

[^23]:    *Ameudment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chanceller on 26-9-1974).

[^24]:    * Amendment and addition made vide Court resolution NNo. 3 of 10-4-1976 (received assent of the Chancellor on 33-5-1976).

    FAmendment made vide Court resolution No. 5 of 259-3-1978 (received assent of the Chancellor on 28-4-1978).

[^25]:    * Amendment and addition made vide Court resolution No. 5 of 29-3-1978 (received assent of the Chanceller con 28-4-1978).
    **Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974)..
    †The Composition of the Boards of Studies in the Faculty of Medical Sciences is laid down by Statute 28.

[^26]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).

[^27]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).

[^28]:    *Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 5 of 28-3-1965 (received assent of the Chancellor on 28-5-1965).
    †Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    **Added as per Statute 4-B.

[^29]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^30]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.

[^31]:    *Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 3 of 25-3-1972 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-5-1972).

[^32]:    *Amended vide the Kurukshetra University (Amendment) Act, 1976.
    $\dagger$ Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29 5-1979).

[^33]:    *Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 9 of 29-3-1969 (received assent of the Chancellor on 14-7-1970).

[^34]:    *Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 20 (i) of 30-3-1971 (received assent of the Chancellor on 20-5-1971).
    $\dagger$ Addition made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 23-1-1965 (received assent of the Chancellor on 8-4-1965).

[^35]:    *Amendment made vide Court resolution No. 6 oof 28-3-1973 (received assent of the Charcellor on 7-5-1973).

[^36]:    *Amendments made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).

[^37]:    *Amendment rade vide Court resolution No. 4 of 10-9-1974 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-9-1974).
    $\dagger$ Amendments matie vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
    **Addition made vide Court resolution No. 4 of 25-3-1972 (received assent of the Chancellor on 26-5-1972),

[^38]:    *Deletion made vide Court resolution No. 6 of 31-3-1979 (received assent of the Chancellor on 29-5-1979).
    $\dagger$ Addition made vide Court resolution No. 2 of 6-12-1975 iz(recived assent of the Chancellor on 23-12-1975).

