

Evaluation Study of Integrated Child Development Services Scheme in Haryana

Issued by:

Economic & Statistical Adviser Planning Department, Haryana 2007

CONTENTS

<u>Sr. No.</u>	<u>Chapter</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
1.	Name of study	1
2.	Contents	2
3.	Preface	3
4.	Introduction	4—6
2.	Programme Implementation	7—18
3.	Sample survey of the ICDS Projects	19—33
4.	Findings, Shortcomings and Recommendations	34—37
5.	Annexure	38—76

PREFACE

Integrated Child Development Services scheme, launched by the Govt. of India on 2nd

October, 1975, was also adopted simultaneously in the State of Haryana with specific objective of

improving the nutritional and health status of children in the age group of 0-6 years and

enhancing the capabilities of mother to look after the normal health and nutritional needs of the

child. This scheme is being implemented in all the community blocks of the State. Under this

scheme, a package of services, consisting of supplementary nutrition, immunization, health

check-up, referral services, health education and non-formal pre-school education is provided to

children below 6 years of age and pregnant women and nursing mothers in the age group of 15-45

years in an integrated manner.

An evaluation study of the programme was undertaken to assess the working,

performance and impact of the various services provided under the programme. This department

has already done an evaluation study in 1991. This study also shows follow up action taken by

ICDS department on suggestions/recommendations of the study conducted in 1991. The study

has brought into focus certain bottlenecks/shortcomings in the implementation of the

programme, corrective measures have been suggested to cover/minimize these short-comings. It

is hoped that the findings/recommendations contained in the study report would prove useful to

the policy makers and implementing departments.

I wish to extend my special thanks to Director, Women & Child Development, Haryana

and his officers/official staff for their co-operation and assistance in supplying the required data.

This report has been prepared by Sh. Karan Chanda, Research Officer with the assistance

of Sh. K. S. Tanwar, ARO, Sh. M.S. Panchal, ARO, Sh. N.S. Rathee, ARO, Sh. Mohinder

Singh, Jr. Scale Stenographer and Smt. Rajwanti, JFI under the kind supervision of Sh. S.S.

Bhoria, Dy. ESA and overall guidance of worthy Sh. R.K.Bishnoi, Addl. ESA to Govt.

Haryana.

Dated: Chandigarh

The dated 15th Feb., 2007

R.C. SHARMA Economic & Statistical Advisor

to Government, Haryana.

CHAPTER-I

INTRODUCTION

Integrated Child Development Services scheme was launched by the Govt. of India on 2nd October, 1975, was also adopted simultaneously in the State of Haryana with specific objective of improving the nutritional and health status of children in the age group of 0-6 years and enhancing the capabilities of mother to look after the normal health and nutritional needs of the child. This scheme is being implemented in all the community blocks of the State. Under this scheme, a package of services, consisting of supplementary nutrition, immunization, health check-up, referral services, health education and non–formal pre–school education is provided to children below 6 years of age and pregnant women and nursing mothers in the age group of 15-45 years in an integrated manner.

Under this scheme, supplementary nutrition items @ 95 paise and 115 paise per day per child between 6 months to 6 years of age and pregnant & nursing mothers respectively are being provided in the State. The state government is also giving honorarium @ Rs. 200/- per month to anganwadi workers and Rs. 100/- per month to helpers out of the state budget in addition to honorarium being paid by Govt. of India. Economic & Statistical Organisation, Planning Department conducted a study on ICDS in 1991. After this study, Women & Child Development Department has adopted various innovative measures like 'Ready to Eat' supplementary nutrition, introduction of "Ankur Manual" in order to make the non-formal pre-school education more interesting and attractive, with supply of aids and equipments in anganwadis of Mahendragarh district in particular by IWEDP and training of ICDS functionaries in DPEP districts by Prathmik Shiksha Priyojana Parishad. On the approval of Financial Commissioner & Principal Secretary, Planning the study on ICDS was again conducted by the Evaluation Wing of Economic & Statistical Organisation during October, 2002 to April, 2003.

1.1 Objectives of the Study:-

- (i) To assess the impact of supplementary nutrition in improving the health of child and level/quality of knowledge among 15-45 years women about health & nutrition of child and self.
- (ii) Role of ICDS on enrolment of children in Primary School with special reference to girl child.
- (iii) To assess the retention of children of 3-6 years age group in anganwadi centres i.e. at what age they leave anganwadis (AWC) to join Primary Schools.
- (iv) To assess the availability and use of service delivery equipment in anganwadis with special reference to "Ankur Manual".
- (v) Effect and role played by co-ordination committees at various levels.
- (vi) To assess the community involvement and its participation in ICDS Programme.

1.2 Methodology of the Study:-

This study is based on primary and secondary data, collected from the Women & Child Development (W&CD) department at state level, Programme Officers (POs) at district level, Child Development & Project Officer (CDPO) at block level and anganwadis as well as village elders at village level, through various schedules designed for this purpose. In order to collect primary data the following multi stage sampling design was adopted for the selection of districts, blocks and villages for the field survey. Two blocks from each selected district taking one block at district Headquarter and another at random out of the blocks arranged in alphabetic order. Thus, adopting this procedure, the following districts and blocks were selected.

Sampling Design

<u>Division</u>	Districts selected	Blocks selected at Random
1. Ambala	1. Kaithal	1. Kaithal 2. Pundri
	2. Kurukshetra	1. Thaneshar 2. Pehowa
2. Gurgaon	 Mahendragarh 	1. Mahendragarh 2. Ateli
_	2. Rewari	1. Rewari (U) 2. Jatusana
3. Hisar	1. Bhiwani	1. Bhiwani 2. Tosham
	2. Hisar	I Hisar 2. Narnaund
4. Rohtak	1. Karnal	1. Karnal 2. Nissing
	2. Panipat	1. Panipat (U) 2. Panipat (R)

Out of sixteen selected blocks, One village having single AWC and another village having more than one anganwadi was selected at random from each block. In this way a total of 32 villages were selected for the purpose of study. Further, one AWC from each selected village having single AWC while two anganwadis, where more than one AWC in a village, were selected at random, in all 48 anganwadis were selected. At anganwadi level, 12 beneficiaries were selected i.e. three out of each type of beneficiaries. The survey work was done as per selection given below:-

Division	Sampled Districts	Sampled Blocks	Sampled Villages	Sampled AWCs	Total No. of Sampled Beneficiaries
I	Districts	Diocks	Villages	11110	Beneficiaries
4	8	16	32	48	576 (@ 3 beneficiaries
					each from 4 categories of
					beneficiaries in sampled
					AWCs)

1.3 Tools of the study:-

For collecting relevant data, the following five types of schedules were used:-

- Schedule A- The schedule was canvassed from CDPOs for collecting wide range of information regarding implementation/ execution of the scheme.
- Schedule B- Canvassed from anganwadi workers.
- Schedule C- (Beneficiary Schedule)-"Canvassed from mothers of the child" of 6month-3 & 3-6 years.
- Schedule D- (Beneficiary Schedule)-"Canvassed from pregnant women and nursing mothers".
- Schedule E- "Canvassed from Village Sarpanch/Lady Panch/Mahila Panch/ Mahila Mandal Pradhan"

Total No. of schedules canvassed are given below:-

Particulars of schedules No. of schedules filled in

(1) Project schedules –A 16

(2) Anganwadi Workers –B 48

(3) Beneficiaries schedules 48X12= 576 (one of each type of beneficiary C+D)

(4) Village Elders schedule -E $\frac{32}{\text{Total}}$

Names of the selected villages, blocks and districts covered under the study are given at Annexure-A.

1.3 Reference Period:-

Secondary data was collected for the study from the Director Women and Child Development Department, Haryana, Programme officers (P.O) of selected districts and CDPO's of the concerned block for the year 1999-2000 to 2001-2002.

CHAPTER-II

Programme Implementation

The Integrated Child Development Services scheme is being implemented in the State to promote nutritional and health status of children below 6 years of age, pregnant women, nursing mothers and other women in the age group of 15-45 years. Under this scheme, a package of services consisting of supplementary nutrition, immunization, health check-up, referral services, health education, nutrition and non-formal pre-school education is provided to children from +6month-3 years and 3 years-6 years of age, pregnant women, nursing mothers and other women in the age group of 15-45 years in an integrated manner.

This chapter highlights the implementation and progress of the ICDS Scheme being implemented in the State and in the sixteen sampled projects. The analysis given is based on information collected from Director, Women and Child Development Department, Haryana, Programme Officer at District level and CDPOs functioning at Block Level of the sixteen sampled projects. The chapter consists of two parts, Part-I deals with the progress of ICDS scheme in Haryana and Part-II gives the performance of the sixteen ICDS projects working in sampled districts.

Part-I

2.1 A Brief Note on I.C.D.S. in Haryana:-

At present 116 ICDS blocks are sanctioned with 13546 anganwadis. The scheme is fully operational in all the sanctioned blocks. All post of PO's were filled, while 7(6%) posts of CDPO's, 5 (1%) of supervisors, 155(1%) of anganwadi workers & 110(1%) of helpers were vacant (please see Annexure, table No.-S-I). The Govt. of India is providing funds for implementation of ICDS scheme while expenditure on supplementary nutrition is being borne by the State Govt. There was an increasing trend in expenditure incurred both on ICDS and SNP. During the years 1999-2000, 2000-01 & 2002-02 expenditure was Rs. 5873.60, 6230.74 and 6630.70 lakhs, respectively as shown in the table No. 2.1. It is also observed that expenditure on I.C.D.S. was more than SNP. Expenditure on ICDS was 57% where as on SNP 43% for 1999-2000, 58% and 42% for 2000-01 and 57% and 43% for 2001-02 respectively.

Table- 2.1

Outlay & Expenditure on ICDS Projects in Haryana during 1999-2000 to 2001-02

(Rs. in lakh)

									(140. 111	uixii)	
		Bud	get receive	ed	Ехр	endit	ture & %	age	<u> </u>		
Sr.No.	Year	ICDS	SNP	Total	ICDS	%	SNP	%	Total	%age	<u>.</u>
1.	1999-2000	3345.51	2528.09	5873.60	3345.51	57	2528.09	43	5873.60	100	
2.	2000-01	3592.06	2638.68	6230.74	3592.06	58	2638.68	42	6230.74	100	
3.	2001-02	3767.14	2863.56	6630.70	3767.14	57	2863.56	43	6630.70	100	<u>.</u>

Note: - % age on total.

It depicts from the above table that State Government share was 42-43% of the total expenditure while central govt. share was 57 to 58%.

2.2 Supplementary Nutrition:-

Under this scheme, nutrition items worth 95 paise and 115 paise per day per child in the age group of +6 months to 6 years and pregnant women & nursing mothers are being provided respectively. It depicts from table-2.2 given below that under supplementary nutrition programme 1005667, 1005171 and 992443 children were benefitted against the target of 919224, 919224 and 919224 during the year 1999-2000, 2000-2001 and 2001-02 which is 109, 109 and 108 percent of the target in respective years. However there was decreasing trend in number of children getting SNP during the period i.e. 0.69% & 1.31%. It is also observed that there is down ward trend in availing the SNP by expected women & nursing mother though achievement was more then the target fixed.

Table-2.2

Total No. of Beneficiaries Covered under SNP Programme in Haryana during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002

	1999-200	0_%	2000-2001	%	2001-2002	%
Supplementary Nutrition Progra	amme.					
Children (6 Months-6 Years.)						
Target	919224		919224		919224	
Achievement	1005667	109	1005171	109	992443	108
Pregnant women and Nursing n	nothers					
Target	216288		216288		216288	
Achievement	236765	109	234913	109	233367	108

Note: Percentage on Target.

2.3 <u>Immunization Programme:</u>-

Table No. 2.3 given on page 6 shows that the achievements under immunization (children) programme, was 100% or above. The achievement under BCG, DPT and Polio was 413724, 410515 and 411472 against the target of 403519 which is 103, 102 and 102 % respectively, while under measles achievement was 384124 against target of 403519 which is 95% of the target for the year 1999-2000. Achievement under TT (mothers) against the target of 479549, 449383 & 440557 were 369560, 368394 and 369235 which is 77%, 82% and 84% during the reference years 1999-2000, 2000-2001 and 2001-02. As the amount of targets is on increasing trend but the number of beneficiaries are decreasing while the population is also on increasing trend.

Table 2.3

Total No. of Beneficiaries covered under Immunization Programme in Haryana during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002

Immunization(Children)	1999-200	00	2000-200)1	2001-20	002 .
Target	403519	%	379907	%	373122	%
Achievement BCG	413724	103	392547	103	392326	105
			2,22.,		37 - 5 - 0	
DPT	410515	102	383238	101	379933	102
Polio	411472	102	386384	102	379933	102
Measles	384124	95	371360	98	364917	98
Target (TT)	479549		449383		440557	
Achievement						
TT(Mothers)	369560	77	368394	82	369235	84

Note: Percentage on Target.

2.4 Non-Formal Education:-

Under Non-formal pre-school education programme, 567494, 537008 and 530736 children, under age group (3-6) year, had been benefited against the target of 540720 children during the year 1999-2000, 2000-01 and 2001-02 respectively which is 105, 99 and 98%. However in this programme achievement had been observed satisfactory but percentage coverage of targets were on decreasing trend as shown in table-No.-2.4 given below:-

Table 2.4

Total No. of Beneficiaries Covered under Non-formal Pre-school education Programme in Haryana during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002

Non-formal Pre-school education	on 1999-20	00_	2000-2001		2001-200)2
Target (3-6 years Children)	540720	%	540720	0/0	540720	%
Achievement	567494	105	537008	99	530736	98

Note: Percentage on target.

PART-II

Working of sampled projects

Total population covered by 16 sampled ICDS Projects was 22,39,047 out of which 1,36,236 (6%) was in urban areas and 21,02,811 (94%) in rural areas. There were 2040 sanctioned anganwadis in 16 sampled ICDS projects. As many as 2038(99.90%) anganwadis were functioning during study period. The posts of 100 supervisors, 2040 AWWs and helpers were sanctioned but 75(75%) supervisors, 2029 (99%) anganwadi workers and 2039 (99%) helpers were actually working in the sampled anganwadis. The number of supervisors in position differs from the data supplied by the department for the whole state as in 2040 sampled anganwadis 25 posts of supervisors were vacant as given in table No. A-1 (Annexure) but data supplied by the department shows only 5 posts of supervisors as vacant in the state as shown in table No. S-1 (Annexure).

2.5 Building status of sampled Anganwadi centres:-

Out of 2040 anganwadis in 16 sample ICDS blocks, 158 (8%) anganwadis were in government buildings, 941(46%) in community buildings, 329 (16%) in rented buildings and 612 (30%) in privately owned buildings. Thus buildings of 46% anganwadis were either rented or privately owned. So the Govt. should provide Govt./Community buildings for all the anganwadis as some workers as well as beneficiaries do not like to go in private buildings due to their strained relations with the owner of the buildings.

2.6 Financial Position:-

Table-2.5
Funds received and expenditure incurred on ICDS /SNP during 1999-2000to 2001-02 in sampled blocks.

									(Rs. in la	ıkh)
	<u>Fun</u>	<u>d receive</u>	<u>d</u>				Expendit	ure		<u>.</u>
Sr.No.	Year	ICDS	SNP	Total	ICDS	%	SNP	%	Total	<u>%</u> .
1.	1999-2000	428.82	430.23	859.05	470.59	110	338.41	79	809.00	94
2.	2000-01	472.3	328	8.44 80	00.77 480	6.32	103 35	9.84	110 84	6.16 106
3.	2001-02	473.87	252.47	726.34	490.29	103	393.30	156	883.59	122

Note: Percentage on Total.

It is observed from the table No. 2.5 that expenditure incurred by the State Govt. and the Central Govt. was increasing i.e. Rs. 809.00, 846.16 and 883.59 lakh during 1999-2000, 2000-2001 and 2001-2002 respectively, while total funds received during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002 decreased from Rs.859.05 to 800.77 lakh during 1999-2000 to 2000-2001 and again to Rs.726.34 lakh during 2001-2002. The expenditure incurred on ICDS scheme during the last 3 years' proceeding the date of survey was Rs 470.59, 486.32 & 490.29 lakh against the release of Rs. 428.82, 472.33 & 473.87 lakh which is 110%, 103% and 103% respectively during 1999-2000, 2000-2001 and 2001-2002. Thus, an accelerated trend is revealed on ICDS side during the reference period while on SNP it was on decreasing trend. Expenditure on SNP was 338.41, 359.84 and 393.30 against the budget of Rs. 430.23, 328.44 and 252.47 which is 79

%, 110% and 156% during reference period. In case of SNP, funds received from the Govt. are on decreasing trend while expenditure is more than the funds received during 2000-2001 & 2001-2002.

2.7 Supplementary Nutrition Programme:-

Supplementary nutrition, the main objective of the scheme, is an important component of the package of services under the ICDS Scheme. The scheme envisaged provision of supplementary nutrition to the children below 6 years of age as well as to the expectant women and nursing mothers. The Programme of supplementary nutrition for children as well as for women is analysed as under:-

2.7.1 Child Beneficiaries:-

+6 Months-3 Years & 3 Years to 6 years Children.

The information regarding numbers of children enrolled and provided SNP benefit to two different age groups i.e. between +6months-3 years and 3 years-6 years in sixteen sampled projects during the last three years was collected from sampled CDPO's offices, as are given in table No. 2.6 below:-

Table-2.6
Children benefitted under Supplementary Nutrition Programme in Sampled I.C.D.S
Projects during 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Year				Child	ren betwe	een	<u>.</u>		
	6 Mont	hs-3 year	<u>'S</u>	3Ye	ars -6 year	rs		Total	•
	Enroll.	Ach.	%	Enroll.	Ach.	%	Enroll	Ach.	%
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1999-2000	117398	71301	61	126921	79162	62	244319	150463	62
2000-01	114796	71617	62	126535	79665	63	241331	151282	63
2001-02	115491	70860	61	124490	78614	63	239981	149474	63

It will be seen from above table that enrolment of both groups of beneficiaries were decreasing in successive years where-as achievements during the year was almost stagnant at 63%. Under age group of +6 months-3 years in 1999-2000 to 2000-2001 beneficiaries increased from 71301 to 71617 while there was a slight decrease from 71617 to 70860 in 2001-2002. During this period in age group of 3 years-6 years also these beneficiaries increased from 79162 to 79665 in 2000-01 where as in 2001-02 decreased to 78614. The percentage of child beneficiaries in 3 years-6 years age group was more as compared to children in the +6months-3 years age group during the sample period. The low percentage of beneficiaries benefitted under the programme shows reluctance in the implementation and it would be desired that attendance of the beneficiaries should be ensured.

2.7.2 Women Beneficiaries - Pregnant and Nursing women:-

The enrolment and achievement in respect of pregnant women and lactating mothers who were benefitted under the supplementary nutrition programme during three years i.e. 1999-2000 to 2001-02 is in table No. 2.7 given below:-

Table-2.7

Number of Pregnant & Nursing Mothers benefitted in sampled Anganwadis during 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Year	Pregnant V Enrolled b		%	Lactating Enrolled	Mothers benefitted	%	<u>Tota</u> Enrolled	d <u>.</u> benefitted	%
1	2	3		4	5		6	7	
1999-2000	23724	16074	(68)	27350	19437	(71)	51074	35521	(70)
2000-01	23759	16679	(70)	25918	18715	(72)	49677	35394	(71)
2001-02	24005	16646	(69)	26607	18887	(71)	50612	35353	(70)

Table No.-2.7 depicts that pregnant women beneficiaries were 16074, 16679 and 16646 during the year 1999-2000, 2000-2001 & 2001-2002 which is 68%, 70 % and 69% respectively of women enrolled in sampled districts. While lactating mother beneficiaries were 19437, 18715 and 18887 against the enrolment of 27350, 25918 and 26607 which were 71%, 72% and 71% during 1999-2000, 2000-2001 & 2001-2002 respectively. Overall pregnant and nursing mother beneficiaries were 70%, 71% and 70% of the enrolment in sampled blocks while state achievement is 109%. So department should examine the gap. For district-wise more detail please see table A-3-I, A-3-II & A-3-III (Annexure). It is suggested that the implementation of the programme needs more efforts for the 100 percent coverage of lactating mothers & pregnant ladies enrolled in the anganwadis as coverage is found only 68% to 72% of the sampled blocks.

2.8 Immunization Programme:-

In this programme, children of +6 Months - 6 yrs of age as well as expectant women and nursing mothers of 15 years to 45 years of age group were to be covered. The progress under this programme is given in table- 2.8 for children and pregnant/lactating women.

(a) Immunization of Children:-

The scheme provides for immunization against small Pox, polio, tuberculosis, diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus and typhoid for all children under six years of age. The progress of immunization of children in the sampled projects from 1999-2000 to 2001-02 is given below:-

Table-2.8 Children covered under Immunization Programme in sampled Projects during 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Year		0-1 years. overed				1Year-3 Covere		s.		3 years	-6 yea	rs.	
-	E/Target		Ach.	SC	%	Total	Ach.	SC	%	Total		SC	%
BCG 1999-2000	61200	52726	86	5245	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000-01	-do-	50856	83	4944	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001-02	-do-	53885	88	5294	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DPT/Polio/ B 1999-2000	oosters -do-	53131	87	4987	9	18799	31	2746	15	4865	8	698	14
2000-01	-do-	51952	85	4763	9	19909	33	2834	14	4003	7	1325	33
2001-02 Measals	-do-	54243	89	5252	10	21300	35	2863	13	4851	8	735	16
1999-2000	-do-	49389	81	5201	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000-2001	-do-	49281	81	5247	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001-02	-do-	50587	83	5302	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T.T.Mothers		•		2010	0								
1999-2000	71400	53395	75	3819	8								
2000-01	-do-	52092	2 73	4632	9								
.2001-02	-do-	51171	. 72	4673	9							<u>.</u>	

It is observed from the table 2.8 that under BCG, against the target of 61200 children of 0-1 year, 52726, 50856 and 53885 had been covered during the year 1999-2000, 2000-2001 & 2001-02 respectively which is 86%, 83% & 88%. Coverage during 2000-2001 decreased from 86% to 83% while during 2001-02 it increased to 88%.

In the case of DPT/Polio Booster dose for children of 0-1 year, 53131, 51952 and 54243 children had been immunized during 1999-2000, 2000-2001& 2001-2002 against the target of 61200 which is 87%, 85% and 89% of the target respectively. But DPT/Polio/ Boosters doses given to 18799, 19909 and 21300 children which is 31%, 33% & 35% in age group of 1-3 years during 1999-2000, 2000-01 and 2001-02 respectively while 4865, 4003 and 4851 children were covered in age group of 3 years-6 years during 1999-2000, 2000-2001 and 2001-2002 respectively which is low and need special attention.

In measals immunization 49389, 49281 and 50587 children were covered in the reference period against the target of 61200 which is 81, 81 & 83 percent respectively during the study period. For district-wise detail please see table A-4.I & A 4.II (Annexure). As per data supplied by the department coverage was 100% or above while in sampled projects the coverage is 81% to 83% as per information supplied by CDPOs. It shows that proper monitoring of the scheme was not done and for the success of any plan scheme monitoring of the scheme is also more important. So it needs more attention and care in

implementation to get 100% achievement in real sense. In all the anganwadis complete record of SC children was not maintained so the results could not be drawn for SC beneficiaries. It is also observed that during 2000-2001 over all progress decreased.

(b) <u>T.T.Mothers:</u>-

Table No.2.8 depicts that against the target of 71400 mothers under T.T. immunization programme 53395, 52092 & 51171 expectant mother beneficiaries had been covered during1999-2000, 2000-2001 & 2001-2002 which is 75%, 73% & 72% respectively while secondary data supplied by Director, Women and Child department, Haryana shows 83% highest coverage. For district wise detail please see table No.4-III (Annexure).

2.9 Quantity of S.N.P. distributed in sampled I.C.D.S. Projects: Table-2.9 Quantity of Supplementary Nutrition Items distributed during 1999-2000 in the sampled projects

										In Qtls)	
Sr. No.	Name of district	Panjiri	Alpahar Poshtik/ Sweets Namkee	Chana Kheel/ Bhuna	Biscuits	Ready	high protein Snacks/ Mixture	Giri Tosha		Others Murmara Laddu Balbhog HPS Soyanut/ Sweets/bin	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
1.	Bhiwani	267.30	912.71		430.20	330.52	700.80	292.0	00 206.7	0	
2.	Hisar	330.30	636.90		338.08	251.36	5 534.15	234.7	75		
3.	Karnal	1216.65	1198.52	184.80	475.25	365.72	2 626.67	219.6	50 48.45	5 127.80	
4.	Kuruksheti	ra 507.45	854.57		446.02	261.32	303.80	294.7	70 145.9	5 100.93	
5.	Kaithal	526.08	481.70		498.2	5 5	49.71 82	7.99	317.10	185.65 143.35	
6.	M/garh	425.60	799.85		155.80	2140.60	304.90	143.2	20	242.40	
7.	Panipat	399.15	300.25		273.35	220.20	351.10	160.5	55		
8.	Rewari	275.51	495.65	55.25	179.75	158.95	406.32	121.2	25		
	Total	3948.04	5 680.15	240.05	2796.70	4278.38	4055.73	1783.1	5 586.75	614.48	

Contd.

Table-2.9 (Contd.)

Quantity of Supplementary Nutrition Items distributed during 2000-01 in the sampled projects.

										(In Qtls)
Sr. No.	Name of district	Panjiri	Alpahar Poshtik/ Sweets Namkeen	Chana Kheel/ Bhuna	Biscuits	Sweets Ready Mix	high protein Snacks/ Mixture	Giri Tosha	Mungphali Bhuni	Others Murmara Laddu Balbhog HPS Soyanut/ Sweets/bin
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	Bhiwani	614.85	525.40	320.10)	46.4	0		114.15	295.70
2.	Hisar	361.15	758.35	266.40)	31.1	0 77.60		255.30	214.20
3.	Karnal	957.40	819.50	237.60	0	48.0	0 62.50	53.50	240.55	214.95
4.	Kurukshetra	a 880.40	544.10	385.95	5	18.2	5 71.30		165.60	256.05
5.	Kaithal	518.04	750.55	535.50	0	51.5	0 26.55		178.10	166.30
6.	M/garh	667.80	788.00	310.05	5 202.13	5 39.2	20 46.45	99.90	0 245.25	231.95
7.	Panipat	348.50	215.50	89.90)	13.00	0 165.00		9720	0 1032.85
8.	Rewari	525.80	472.10	259.85	5	18.0	0		142.30	179.55
	Total	4873.94	4873.50	2405.35	5 202.1	5 265.4	5 449.40	153.4	0 1438.45	5 2591.55
	ah Mahandaa									Contd

 $M/garh{=}Mahendragarh$

Table -2.9 (concld.)
Quantity of Supplementary Nutrition Items distributed during 2001-02 in the sampled projects

(In Qtls.)

Sr. No.	Name of district	Panjiri	Poshtik/ k	hana Biscuit Kheel/ Bhuna	S Sweets Ready Mix	high protein Snacks/ Mixture		Mungphali Bhuni	Others Murmara Laddu Balbhog HPS Soyanut/ Sweets/bin
1	2	3	4	5 6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	Bhiwani	835.40	1247.20	667.70 -			-		
2.	Hisar	534.60	1415.75	522.95 -			-		
3.	Karnal	891.80	1116.15	415.80			-		
4.	Kurukshe	etra 652.05	1714.95	536.30 -			-		
5.	Kaithal	362.55	2012.70	719.60 -			-		
6.	M/garh	668.50	1043.70	495.30					
7.	Panipat	310.05	514.95	196.65				29.40) 15.35
8.	Rewari	615.13	888.95	326.90					
	Total	4870.08	9954.35	3881.20				29.40	15.35

M/garh=Mahendragarh

Data of SNP items as shown in the forgoing table No. 2.9 reveal that protenious items were made available to the target group for up gradation of their health status which is the sole objective of the programme. During 1999-2000, Panjiri, Alpahar Postik/Sweets/ Namkeen, Biscuits, Sweets Ready Mix, High Protein Snacks /Mixture, Giri-Tosha, were distributed in all study districts. Channa Kheel/Bhuna were supplied in Karnal and Rewari districts, Mungfali Bhuni was supplied in Bhiwani, Karnal, Kurukshetra and Kaithal and other items namely Murmara Laddu, Balbhog, HPS, Soyanuts/Sweets/bin were supplied in Karnal, Kurukshetra, Kaithal and Mahendragarh districts. In Karnal district all the items were supplied and also in more quantity comparative to all the districts during 1999-2000.

During 2000-2001 also the position of supply of items was almost same. In Mahendragarh district all the items were supplied, while in Karnal except biscuits all items were supplied.

But during 2001-02 only Panjiri, Alpahar postic/sweets Namkeen and Channa Kheel/Bhuna were supplied in all selected districts. In Panipat district Mungfli Bhuni and Murmara Laddu were also supplied while other items were not supplied in any district.

It is concluded from the above facts that supply of all items were not given to all districts in all the three years and during last year of the study only three items were supplied.

2.10 Information regarding Supervision and Control:-

Norms of supervisions defined by ICDS and Health department as per Annexure-B (Norms), 2040 visits of 2040 anganwadi centres must have been done each by PO's, CDPO's and Supervisors of ICDS Deptt. and Medical Officer (M.O.), Lady Health Visitors (LHV) and Multi Purpose Health Workers (MPHW) of Health Department. Visits done by these departments are given in table given below:-

Table -2.10

Total No. of visits prescribed/actually done by CDPO during three months of the study.

Sr. Name of	No. of				Actually			ı O uu			Actually d				·
No. District		visits dur			coverage				PO.		ictuarry d	one are	M.O		
		month	1 st M	%	IInd M		IIIrd M	%	Yr.	Qtr.	Month	Yr.		Month	
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
1. Bhiwani	292	97	111	(114)	100	(103)	97	(100)	-	-	-	50	13	37	
2. Hisar	245	82	60	(73)	58	(71)	68	(83)	2	1	-	57	12	-	
3. Kaithal	351	117	93	(79)	95	(81)	94	(80)	5	3	1	8	5	3	
4. Karnal	271	90	91	(101)	92	(102)	90	(100)	66	13	-	60	13	4	
5. KKR	291	97	43	(44)	57	(59)	78	(80)	16	4	-	34	6	1	
6. M/garh	253	84	110	(130)	82	(98)	55	(65)	4	4	4	20	5	1	
7. Panipat	161	54	54	(100)	72	(133)	72	(133)	27	15	5	37	10	4	
8. Rewari	176	57	90	(152)	108	(183)	100	(169)	50	10	6	72	18	6	
Total	2040	678	652	(96)	664	(98)	654	(96)	170	50	16	338	82	56	

Note: Percentage on col. No.4

Table No. 2.10 depicts that number of visits made during last 3 months are as in 1st month 652, in 2nd 664 and in 3rd Month 654 by CDPOs which were 96%, 98% & 96% of the requirement, so it may be concluded that visits done by CDPO of the ICDS were found satisfactory. But visits in Kurukshetra and Hisar districts were too less 44%, 59% and 80% in Kurukshetra and 73%, 71% and 83% in Hisar district in the last three months. In Kaithal district also in the first month visits were 79% of the requirement. So prescribed schedule of field visits by supervisory staff should be adhered to. Both CDPO and PO should ensure that supervisors visit each anganwadi during each month and also increase their visits in anganwadis so that intended benefits of the scheme may be ensured. Visits done by PO were nil in Bhiwani district and PO's of Hisar, Karnal and Kurukshetra had not visited in the last month of the study. During their visits they found 22 Anganwadis closed in 1st month, 19 in IInd month and 16 in IIIrd month which is 1.0%, 0.9% & .0.8% of the total sampled anganwadis. During these three months of sample period 38, 35 and 23 AWWs were found absent in 1st, IInd and IIIrd months respectively which is 1.8, 1.7 and 1.1 percent of the sampled anganwadis. So it seems that AWWs take keen interest in implementation of the scheme.

2.11 Training courses/ Community Participation:-

Out of 8 selected districts, AWWs and their helpers are fully trained in 6 (75%) districts as they attended all refresher courses. But in 2 districts namely Panipat and Mahendragarh such training courses were not attended by the anganwadi workers and helpers. Community participation in the programme was revealed as participatory because in 12 blocks Coordination committee meeting were held as per requirement and in remaining 4 ICDS Projects these meetings were not organised. These four projects were spread in district Kurukshetra (2), Rewari (1) and Mahendragarh (1). In one of the blocks of the project one half yearly meeting, 6 monthly meetings were held under the Chairmanship of Additional Deputy Commissioner. As many as 7 quarterly meetings were also organised during the study period by the PO/CDPO's in sampled ICDS blocks. So it would be desirable that these meeting should be streamlined by ICDS department.

Chapter-III

Sample Survey of the ICDS Programme

This chapter reviews the working of the anganwadis, which is the focal point for delivery of services under the ICDS scheme. This analysis is based on survey of beneficiaries selected for the sample i.e. canvassing of 3 beneficiaries each from 4 categories of schedules in a sampled AWC. A total number of 9302 households were covered in all selected 8 districts, out of these 2873 belongs to scheduled castes which is 31% of the total households. The population of these households was 56442 persons out of which 29625(52%) were male and 26817(48%) female. As many as 17112 persons (30%) belonged to Scheduled Castes having 9116(53%) male and 7996(47%) female.

3.1 Basic Strata of Anganwari workers & Helpers:-

The anganwadi worker is grass root level functionary in an ICDS Project at village level. The success of the programme in terms of delivery of the package of services wholly depends upon the efficiency and competency of the AWWs. Therefore, it was considered essential to obtain information regarding their age, educational qualifications, marital status and work experience.

Out of 48 sampled AWWs and Helpers, 11(23%) anganwadi workers and 15(31%) helpers belonged to scheduled castes, 45 anganwadi workers belong to the same village and only 3 anganwadi workers and 2 anganwadi helpers belong to other near by villages located at distance of less than 2 kms. away from anganwadi centres.

3.1(a) Training/Refresher courses of AWWs & Helper:-

All anganwadi workers were fully trained while 33(69%) helpers were not trained. Only 15(31%) helpers received training from Haryana Government. All anganwadi workers were fully experienced. Refresher course were attended by 42(88%) anganwadi workers, while only 6(12%) anganwadi workers did not get such refresher courses. Only 14(29%) helpers were not sent for refresher courses. So it would be liked to recommend ICDS department that such refresher courses should be given to all helpers so that intended benefits of the scheme may be taken.

3.1(b) Academic Qualification of Aww/Helpers:-

All the AWWs were in age group of 18 to 40 years. As many as 20 AWWs (42%) were in the age group of 28-30 years while other 28 (58%) workers were in the age group of 31-40 years which reflects the maturity and experience in the line. Regarding the educational qualifications of anganwadi workers, only 1(2%) anganwadi worker was primary pass, 4(8%) were middle, 31(65%) were matric and 12(25%) were 10+2 and above. It shows that most of the workers 90% were well educated and (above matric).

3.2 Status of Anganwadis building:-

The findings of the study reveal that 12 (25%) anganwadis existed in rented buildings, 5(10%) in Govt. buildings 24(50%) in community buildings, 6(13%) in individual buildings i.e. anganwadi worker's building and rest only 1(2%) in private buildings. It can be derived that despite implementation of the scheme for the last 30 years, only 60% anganwadis existed in Govt./community buildings where as the remaining 40% anganwadis have to seek private roof for the existence which many a time involve

litigations with the owner and communal disputes due to strained relations particularly in case of lower caste strata.

3.3 Supplementary nutrition:-

The supplementary nutrition items were required to be provided for 25 days in a month and 300 days in a year to children, nursing mothers and expectant women in order to combat with adverse effects of mal-nutrition. In order to assess the coverage of supplementary nutritional services, the number of beneficiaries provided supplementary nutrition during a period of three months prior to the date of survey was collected and indicated in the following Table 3.1

Table-3.1 Category wise number of beneficiaries under SNP during last three months.

Category of	Dec	ember, 20	01	J	anuary, 200	02	Febi	ruary, 200	2 .	
Beneficiaries	Eligible	Enrolled	Received	Eligible	Enrolled	Received	Eligible	Enrolled	Received	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Children										
(i) 6 M to 3 years	2721	2062	1622	2702	2159	1634	2550	2068	1555	
%	(-)	(76)	(79)	(-)	(80)	(76)	(-)	(81)	(75)	
SC	912	758	599	895	757	594	805	743	597	
%age	(34)	(83)	(79)	(33)	(85)	(78)	(32)	(92)	(80)	
(ii) 3-6 years	2851	1875	1546	2857	1895	1623	2907	1945	1587	
%	(-)	(66)	(82)	(-)	(66)	(86)	(-)	(67)	(82)	
SC	997	691	597	984	727	642	1002	699	597	
%age	(35)	(69)	(86)	(34)	(74)	(88)	(34)	(70)	(85)	
(iii) Pregnant Wome	n 590	549	413	624	570	410	598	547	408	
%	(-)	(93)	(75)	(-)	(91)	(72)	(-)	(91)	(75)	
SC	195	179	139	220	195	156	213	186	150	
%age	(33)	(92)	(78)	(35)	(89)	(80)	(36)	(87)	(81)	
(iv) Nursing Mother	s 667	619	450	658	596	430	634	567	438	
%	-	93	73	-	91	72	(-)	89	72	
SC	220	202	160	235	203	156	215	186	152	
%age	(36)	(92)	(79)	(36)	(86)	(77)	(34)	(87)	(82)	

(a) Children beneficiaries(6 months-6 years):-

It will be seen from the above table that out of 2721 eligible children in the age group of 6 months to 3 years 2062 children were enrolled during Dec.2001 and 1622 children received SNP which is 60% of the eligible and 79% of the enrolled. During January, 2002 and February,2002, 2159 and 2068 children were enrolled out of 2702 and 2550 eligible children while 1634 and 1555 children received SNP items which is 60% and 61% of eligible and 76% and 75% of enrolled children respectively. Out of 912, 895 and 805 eligible SC children as many as 758, 757 and 743 children were enrolled and 599, 594 and 597 children got SNP items which was 79% in Dec.2001, 78% in January, 2002 and 80% in February, 2002 of the enrolled.

Above table shows that 1546, 1623 and 1587 children in the age group of 3-6 years actually received SNP which was 54%, 57% and 55% of eligible children and 82%, 86% and 82% of the total enrolled children during Dec.2001, Jan.2002 and Feb. 2002 respectively. The coverage of SC beneficiaries was 86, 88 and 85 percent of the enrolled children while 60, 65 and 60 percent of the eligible children during Dec.2001, January, 2002 and February, 2002 respectively.

So far as benefit to the enrolled pregnant women is concerned, 413 in Dec. 2001, 410 in Jan. 2002 and 408 in Feb.2002 were covered out of 549, 570 and 547 which is 75%, 72% and 75 % respectively, if we see the actual benefits to the eligible pregnant women it is 70%, 66% & 68%

respectively. The coverage of SC beneficiaries were 78%, 80% and 81% respectively in reference period of the enrolment while 71%, 71% & 70% of the total eligible.

Nursing mothers who had taken SNP from anganwadis were 450 in Dec. 2001, 430 in Jan.2002 and 438 in Feb. 2002 against 619, 596 and 567 enrolled which is 73%, 72% and 72% while 67%, 65% and 69% of the eligible respectively. Out of 202, 203 and 186 Scheduled Castes enrolled nursing mothers the beneficiaries were 160, 156 and 152 which is 79%, 77% and 82% respectively during the study period, but if we examine the benefits to the eligible nursing mothers it comes to 67%, 65% and 69% in the reference period. It is concluded here that however state Govt. showed 100% and above achievement in all categories of beneficiaries, according to our sample study the achievements were, 76% in 6months-3yrs. age group of enrolled children, 83% for 3yrs-6yrs. and 74% for pregnant and nursing mothers enrolled while benefits to the eligible was less as explained above. For district-wise result please see table No.B-1.1, B-1.2, B-1.3 and B-1.4.(Annexures). So we find a gap in achievements of targets. The intended benefits reach to 55% to 69% of target group in real sense to the eligible, so need some more efforts.

3.4 Single Ration and Double Ration:-

The selection of various items for distribution in anganwadis was made by the Programme Officers of concerned districts in consultation with the concerned CDPOs. Every child in normal, Ist grade and IInd grade was covered under single ration programme while IIIrd & IVth grade children were covered under double ration programme. The mal-nourished children of grade-III and IV were given double quantity or as advised by the Medical Officer. Table No.B-2 (Annexure) shows that 3168, 3257 and 3142 children were given SNP in single ration programme while 13, 12 and 12 children in double ration programme, during the month of December,2001, January,2002 and February,2002 respectively among total children found out in the sample blocks. On an average, 3189 children received single ration out of 3189 and 12 children double ration. Maximum numbers of mal-nourished children 10(77%) were found in Bhiwani District, while 2(15%) in Karnal District (in Ist, IInd & IIIrd month) and 1(8%) in Kurukshetra district (during Ist month). In Hisar district grading data was not available.

3.5 Nutrition Status by weight:-

By analysing table given below it is observed that during December 2001, January 2002 and February, 2002 total 16324 children were weighted and found that 6583 children were normal, 6105 in 1st grade, 3502 in 2nd grade and 127 in 3rd grade besides 7 in 4th grade which is 40%, 37%, 21%, 1% and 0.42% respectively, all children in IVth grade were found in Rewari district. According to survey report total of 134 children were found mal–nourished which included 48 during Dec.2001, 43 during Jan.2002 and 43 during Feb.2002 which is only 2% of total children weighted. However no proper record of SC children was maintained by anganwadi workers for I to IV grade. Out of 134 mal-nourished children only 37 children had received double ration which is only 28%, where as 100% mal-nourished children must have been provided with double dose of SNP items.

Table 3.2

Nutrition Status by weight of sampled Anganwadis during the three months

Sr. Name	_					Tot					<u> </u>				Month						<u>.</u>
No Distri					2nd		3rd (G		mal G			2nd		3rd			1 <u>G</u>	
	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
4 701	. =00	2-1	0.60								2.52	100	202								
1. Bhiwa	11 709	261	862	-	535	-	44	-	-	-	252	100	293	-	162	-	16	-	-	-	
0 11:		210	0.40	ste.	410	de		*	de	de	220		227	de .	149	ate.	ste	*	*	*	
2. Hisar	666	218	840	*	418	*	*	•	*	*	238	62	227	*	149	*	*	*	*	*	
3. Kaitha	615	0.1	530		256	; -	_	_	_		215	29	183		92						
5. Kalula	043	91	330	-	330	-	-	-	-	-	213	29	163	-	92	-	-	-	-	-	
4. Karnal	906	92	723	_	429	_	6	_	_	_	308	33	239	_	126	_	2	_	_	_	
T. IXainai	700)2	123		72)		U				300	33	237		120		_				
5. KKR	618	181	686	-	194	_	1	_	_	-	213	62	230	-	52	_	1	_	_	_	
6. M/garh	915	443	835	-	489	-	30	-	-	-	269	149	258	-	135	-	6	-	-	-	
Ü																					
7. Panipat	1224	245	1026	-	807	-	15	-	-	-	444	90	372	-	276	-	-	-	-	-	
Rewari	900	287	603	-	274	-	31	-	7	-	309	99	230	-	79	-	16	-	7	-	
Total	6583)5 -	3502	-	127	-	7	-	2248		2032	-	1071	-	41	-	7	-	
SC%		28	i									28									_

*NA= Not available G= Grade KKR=Kurukshetra M/garh=Mahendragarh. Contd...

Table -3.2 (concld.)

Nutrition Status by weight of sampled Anganwadis during the three months

Sr. Name of	IInd Month	IIIrd Month
No. District		th G Normal G Ist G 2nd G 3rd G 4th G
		SC T SC T SC T SC T SC
1 2		1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
1. Bhiwani	230 89 310 - 203 - 14	- 227 72 259 - 170 - 14
2. Hisar	222 67 302 - 130	- 206 89 311 - 139
3. Kaithal	231 28 177 - 97	- 199 34 170 - 167
4. Karnal	297 30 238 - 154 - 2	- 301 29 246 - 149 - 2
5. KKR	209 59 219 - 77	- 196 60 237 - 65
6. M/garh	278 145 284 - 172 - 12	- 368 149 293 - 182 - 12
7. Panipat	401 80 363 - 248 - 15	- 379 75 291 - 283
8. Rewari	274 97 155 - 116	- 317 91 218 - 79 - 15
Total SC%	2142 595 2048 - 1197 - 43 28	- 2193 599 2025 - 1234 - 43 27

KKR =Kurukshetra M/garh=Mahendragarh

3.6 Referral services:-

It is revealed that in 1st month out of 13 children referred for better treatment to medical institutions, 10 children belonged to district Bhiwani alone, 2 from Karnal district and 1 from Kurukshetra district. In IInd month 12 such children were referred out of which 10 in Bhiwani district and 2 in Karnal district. Finally in IIIrd month of sample study 12 such children had been referred out of which 9 belonged to Bhiwani district, 2 to Karnal and 1 to Mahendragarh district. Thus during all the 3 months maximum referral cases were observed in Bhiwani district alone for detail see table No. B.3 (Annexure). So it may be concluded that Bhiwani and Karnal district need more attention in health check up and nutrition diet as maximum mal-nourished children were found in Bhiwani district.

In case of women referral services, 36 pregnant women were referred in Dec.2001, 46 in Jan.2002 and 23 in Feb.2002 to the PHCs for better medical advice and treatment. The table shows that highest no. of women referred to PHC/CHC were in Panipat and Karnal districts in the IInd and IIIrd month, so these two districts need more attention for health and nutrition of women.

3.7 Health Check-up:-

These services include:

- a) Care of children under six years of age.
- b) Post-natal-care of nursing mothers and new born.
 The progress in the delivery of these services is summarized in the following table No. 3.3

Table-3.3

Total No. of children +6 months to 3 yrs. covered under Health check-up in sampled Anganwadis during last three months

			No	. of +6	Mon	ths -3	Yrs. (Childr	en ch	ecked	l by			
Year	Enrolled	\mathbf{A}	N.M.		L.	H.V.			M.O.		<u>Gr</u>	and T	Cotal	<u> </u>
		M	F	T	M	F	<u>T</u>	M	F	T	M	F	T	<u>%.</u>
Dec. 2001	2062	233	217	450	94	95	189	15	11	26	342	323	665	32
Jan. 2002	2159	214	187	401	93	76	169	21	18	39	328	281	609	28
Feb.2002	2068	235	199	434	46	48	94	31	26	57	312	273	585	28
Total	6289	682	603	1285	233	219	452	67	55	122	982	877	1859	30

(A) Children (+6 Months-3 Yrs.)

It depicts from table No. 3.3 that during three sample months i.e. December,2001, January, 2002 & February,2002, total 1859 children had been covered under health check-up programme. Out of total 6289 enrolled in +6 months to 3 years age group of children which is 30%. This table shows that coverage under this age group had decreased from 665 in December, 2001 to 609 in January, 2002 and 585 in February,2002 which is 32%, 28% and 28% of the enrolled children in respective months which shows that health check-up facilities were not provided to all enrolled children whose numbers was 2062, 2159 & 2068 during these months respectively indicating below mark achievement.

(B) Children (3 Yrs – 6 Yrs.)

Table No. 3.4 shows that during last three months, health check-up under age group of 3 years to 6 years children was on decreasing trend i.e. 607, 575 and 506 in December, 2001, January 2002 and February, 2002 respectively while percentage to the enrolled children was 32, 30 & 26 during these respective months and during this period 29% children were covered.

Table-3.4

Total No. of children (3yrs. to 6 yrs.) covered under Health check-up in sampled Anganwadis during last three months

Year				l	No. o	f (3Y	rs. to	6 Yrs	.) Cl	nildre	n check	ed by		
	A	.N.M.			L	H.V.			M.O		Gra	nd Tota	ıl .	
	Enrolled	M	F	<u>T</u>	M	F	<u>T</u>	\mathbf{M}	F	<u>T</u>	<u>M</u>	F	T	<u>%</u>
Dec.2001	1875	195	175	370	116	103	219	10	8	18	320	287	607	32
Jan. 2002	1895	180	166	346	114	86	200	16	13	29	310	265	575	30
Feb. 2002	1945	196	173	369	47	37	84	30	23	53	273	230	506	26
Total	5715	571	514	1085	277	226	503	56	44	100	903	782	1688	29

If total number of children's enrolment average is seen it comes out 2096 for +6month to 3 yrs. and taking total of health checked up during these months comes out 1859 which is 89% and the same position comes out for children in age group of 3 years to 6 years of during each month unchecked children were covered. For district-wise detail please see table B-4.1 & B 4.2 (Annexure). On the basis of average health check-up during the period of three months only 89

% children were checked-up out of total enrolled children during last three months whereas it is required under the scheme to check-up all the children once in a quarter at least. Hence it is observed as lack of co-ordination between Health and ICDS staff. So co-ordination between Health and ICDS staff should be strengthened.

Pregnant Women:-

Table 3.5 depicts that during sample period total 641 pregnant women were checked-up which included check-up of 233, 225 and 183 women in December 2001, January 2002 and February 2002 respectively covering is 42%, 39% & 33% of the enrolment during the reference period. But if we calculate the health check-up on average enrolment it comes out 100% coverage during these three months if health check-up was done during these three month of the uncheck-up women.

Table-3.5

No. of Pregnant Women covered under health check-up in sampled anganwadis during last three months checked by

Year	Enr	olled	AN	M		LHV	N	МО	Gra	nd Total		<u>%</u> .
	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
Dec.2001	549	179	150	62	73	42	10	9	233	113	42	63
Jan.2002	570	195	139	53	75	45	11	7	225	105	39	53
Feb.2002	547	185	129	47	34	19	20	11	183	77	33	41
Total	1666	550	418	162	182	106	41	27	641	295	38	47

Note: % on total pregnant women enrolled in reference period

(D) Nursing Mothers:-

Table 3.6 shows that total 704 nursing mothers were covered during last three months under this programme which included health check-up of 259, 237 and 208 in December, 2001, January, 2002 and February,2002 respectively which is 42%, 40% & 37% of the enrolled during the above period, while during the same period health check-up of 120, 105 and 74 SC women was conducted which is 59%, 52% and 40% respectively. The analysis of above data shows that health check-up of 40% women as a whole was conducted while that of 51% nursing mothers of scheduled castes communities was conducted which requires improvement in this aspect and constant co-ordination between ICDS and Health staff should be maintained for the coverage of all enrolled beneficiaries to this end by both the departments.

Table-3.6

No. of Nursing mothers covered under health check-up in sampled anganwadi during last three months

	Enro	lled	AN	M]	LHV	N	10	Gran	d Total	9	<u>6</u> .
	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
Dec.2001	619	202	181	79	72	38	6	3	259	120	42	59
Jan.2002	596	203	152	59	75	40	10	6	237	105	40	52
Feb.2002	567	186	158	47	30	19	20	8	208	74	37	40
Total	1782	591	491	185	177	97	36	17	704	299	40	51

Note: % on total nursing mothers enrolled in reference period.

During home visits by anganwadi workers in the areas they provide general health check-up and also awareness about other facilities to be provided under the scheme. From table No.3.5 & 3.6 it depicts that total 1345 pregnant & nursing mother's health was checked-up, out of which 909 were checked by ANM, 359 by LHV & 77 by M.O. In this programme total 594 i.e. 44% SC women were covered. So it reveals from above analysis that maximum health check-up had been done by ANMs and LHVs of Health department with the help of anganwadi workers. For district wise more detail please see Table B-4.3 and B-4.4.(Annexure).

3.8 Coverage of Total Health Check-up during last three months:-

It is observed from table 3.7 that during last three months of study period health check-up out of total 4892 beneficiaries 3547 were children, 641 were pregnant women and 704 were nursing mothers which is 73%, 13% and 14% respectively of the total checked-up. During 1st, 2nd & 3rd month 1272, 1184 and 1088 children respectively were covered under the scheme which shows, a decreasing trend.

Table-3.7

Coverage of Health Check-up during last three months.

Sr. No.	Months	Enrolled	Children	Pregnant women	N/ Moth	ers G.Total	%
1.	Dec2001	5105	1272	233	259	1764	35
2.	Jan2002	2520	1184	225	237	1646	32
3.	Feb2002	5127	1091	183	208	1482	29
	Total	15452	3547	641	704	4892	32

It is observed from the analysis of survey results given in above table No. 3.7 that a total number of 4892 beneficiaries were covered under health check-up schedule during the sample period which included 1764, 1646 and 1482 beneficiaries during Dec., Jan. & Feb, 2002,

respectively. Total beneficiaries included 3544 (72%) children in the age group of +6 month to 6 years, 641(13%) expecting women and 704(15%) lactating mothers whose opinion was taken in to view in the study. It can be revealed that only 4889 beneficiaries i.e. 32% were medically checked-up either by ANM/LHV and Medical Officer during three months. This coverage highlights the drawbacks in the coordination system of both the department which need more attention/motivation or continuous in-touch efforts by the ICDS Department.

3.9 Nutrition and Health Education (NHED):-

Table B-6 (Annexure) shows that during three months of study period total 4556 participants included women other than anganwadi beneficiary who took part in NHED programme to gain knowledge about the benefits of the scheme out of which 1078 (24%) were SC. In first month of the study period, total 1595 participants attended the meeting of which 370(23%) were SC participants and in subsequent months 1467 and 1494 participants took part in this programme of which 348 (25%) and 360 (24%) were SC participants.

3.10 Families visited during last three months:-

It is observed from table-.B-7 (Annexure) that during the three months of study period total 7323 families were visited by ICDS staff which is 79% of the total families (9302), out of which 6006 by AWWs, 1117 by Supervisors and 199 by CDPOs which is 65%, 12%, and 2% respectively of the total families. However only one family was visited by PO. The result shows that families visited by supervisors, CDPO and PO had been very low so it is suggested that these officers should increase their visits to anganwadi area families to ensure intended benefits to the target groups.

3.11 Pre School Education (P.S.E):-

The programme envisaged non-formal, pre-school education to children in the age group of 3yrs-6 yrs through the institution of anganwadis. The idea was to develop desirable attitudes, values and behaviour patterns in children, besides providing environmental stimulation. Table given below shows the enrolment and beneficiaries during last three months of the study.

Table-3.8

Number of children (3yrs-6Yrs.) provided pre-school education in sampled Anganwadis during last three months.

	Tot	al No.	of child	ren enro	lled for	r PSE	Tota	l No. o	of childr	en receiv	ved PS	E .
Month		Total			SC		7	Γotal			SC	
	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dec.2001	1023	921	1944	342	334	676	853	747	1600	299	270	569
Jan. 02	1002	888	1890	314	300	614	836	750	1586	288	264	552
Feb.02	1057	960	2017	353	309	662	860	793	1653	276	252	528
Total %age	3082 (53%)	2769 (47%)	5851	1009 (52%)	943 (48%	1952	2549 (53%)	2290 (47%)	4839	863 (52%)	786 (48%	1649)

The above table depicts that during last three months of study total 5851 children were on-roll for P.S.E. out of which 3082 were male and 2769 female which is 53% and 47% respectively. During this period, 4839(83%) children actually received PSE benefit under this programme, out of which 2549 were male and 2290 female which is 53% and 47% respectively while coverage is 56% of the total eligible 8615 children in anganwadis. It is observed that out of total 1952 SC children, 1649(84%) received PSE benefit. Out of these SC children 863(52%) were male and 786(48%) female. Out of 4839 children covered, 1649(34%) were SC beneficiaries. So ICDS department should either to increase anganwadis or to cover these enrolled beneficiaries in existing anganwadis so as to achieve 100% coverage of enrolled children under PSE programme. For district wise detail figures please see table B-8 (Annexure). About the usefulness of anganwadis in preparing children for primary school education, it is observed, out of 288 sample beneficiaries 160(56%) parents gave their opinion in favour of this programme.

Table-3.9
Knowledge gained by children from oriented programmes organised in anganwadis.

Sr. No.	Name of District	Capital letter	Counting System	Both	Cleanliness of cloth	Total Surveyed
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Bhiwani	18	16	16	16	36
2.	Hisar	16	18	16	17	36
3.	Kaithal	7	13	7	8	36
4.	Karnal	26	26	26	24	36
5.	Kurukshetra	15	16	15	15	36
6.	M/garh	18	18	18	18	36
7.	Panipat	17	17	17	16	36
8.	Rewari	18	18	18	18	36
	Total	135(47%)	142(49%)	133(46%)	132(46%)	288

M/garh=Mahendragarh

Under pre-school education programme, out of 288 children in the age group of 3 years-6years 135 children had gained knowledge of capital letters, 142(49%) counting programme and 133(46%) had knowledge of both counting and capital letters. Similarly 132(46%) children had gained, knowledge of self-cleaning, nail/hair and clothes. Thus it would be observed that ICDS programme is proving helpful to the children for preparing them for pre-school education which is one of the main aim of this study.

3.12 Immunization status in Anganwadis for last one year:-

The ICDS scheme provided specific immunization schedule of vaccination of children +6 months of age against Measles, Polio, DPT, BCG and TT etc. in anganwadis. The extent of coverage of both children and expecting women in selected anganwadis indicated in the table No. 3.10.

Table -3.10

Immunization of children (+6 Month -6 years)/pregnant women in the sampled anganwadis during one year preceding the date of survey.

Sr. Nature of No. of Children provided immunization in Anganwadis										
No. Immunization			0-1 years		1-3 years			3-6 years .		
		Target	Ach.	%	Target	Ach.	%	Target	Ach	%
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	Measles	1344	1101	82	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Polio	1344	1312	98	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	BCG	1344	1330	99	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	DPT	1344								
	Ist Dose		1327	99	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2 nd Dose		225							
	3 rd Dose		88			-			-	
5.	DPT Booster				-	693	-	-	-	-
6.	Polio Booster				-	488	-	-	-	-
7. T.T.Pregnant 1536 women										
	Ist Dose		1043	68						
	IInd Dose		988	64						

It is revealed from above data that under immunization programme achievement was 82%, 98% & 99% in case of measles, Polio and BCG respectively in the age group of 0-1year children. But achievements under T.T. of expecting women was only 68% in case of 1st dose and 64% in case of 2nd dose which need more emphasis for 100% coverage in this sector. So AWWs with the help of helpers should try to contact each eligible expecting women for 1st and 2nd dose to avoid any adverse effect on the health of forth coming infant.

DPT:-

The children of 0-1 year age groups who were covered under DPT immunization programme for 1st, 2nd and 3rd doses were 1327, 225 and 88 respectively against the target of 1344. Booster doses of DPT vaccination were also given to 693 children of 1-3 years and 488 children of 3-6 years during that period. So it is stressed that 2nd & 3rd dose of DPT may be ensured to all the children as achievement is too poor.

3.13 Health Check-Up for Pregnant women and Nursing Mothers:-

Table-3.11

Motivation of Health Check-Up by AWW and ANM for expecting women

Sr. No.	District	AWW	ANM	Self knowledge	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
1.	Bhiwani	15	2	1	18	
2.	Hisar	14	4	-	18	
3.	Kaithal	18	-	-	18	
4.	Karnal	17	1	-	18	
5.	Kurukshetra	18	-	-	18	
6.	Panipat	11	7	-	18	
7.	M/garh	16	-	2	18	
8.	Rewari	18	-	-	18	
	Total	127	14	3	144	

AWW=Anganwadi Worker ANM= Auxiliary Nurse and Midwife. M/garh=Mahendragarh

It is observed from the Table- 3.11 that out of 144 expecting women beneficiaries 127 women were motivated for medical check-up by anganwadi workers, 14 by ANM while 3 by self knowledge which is 88%, 10% and 2% respectively. It is also observed that 126 (88%) pregnant women received folic-Acid from anganwadis. (Please see Annexure Table No B-10). Out of 144 sampled beneficiaries 128 (89%) expecting women got anti-nantal care from AWWs and satisfied with their advice. It is found that out of 144 nursing mothers 139 i.e. 97% were visited by AWWs after delivery. Anganwadi workers helped in health check-up of 139 i.e. 97% nursing mothers and their baby against surveyed 144 nursing mothers and 144 babies. It is also observed that out of sampled beneficiaries 139 women gave their baby breast feeding and 141 children got polio drops which is 97% and 98% respectively with the advice of AWWs. Majority of women were found taking care of their children's health as 141 mother's children were found in good health condition which is 98%. Out of 144 sampled beneficiaries 127 i.e. 88% women were also found adopting family planning norms. Thus, AWWs visits proved very helpful to achieve the intended objectives. Children who were suffering from different diseases were given medicines as for diareherea 47 children, dysentery 145, infection 149, skin allergy 53, worm 117 and vitamin deficiency 58 children which is 16%, 50%, 52%, 53%, 41% and 20% respectively of the children surveyed (As Annexure table No.B.11).

3.14 Visits by Project and Medical Staff:-

During last year of the study period, 38 Visits were done by P.O, 211 by CDPOs and 632 by Supervisors while visits done by medical staff were 49 by MO, 77 by LHV and 719 by ANM in the anganwadis for detail please see in table No. B-12 (Annexure). Visits in sample anganwadis by ICDS & Health staff were as per norms except visits by Supervisors of Kaithal, Panipat, Rewari and Mahendragarh districts, their visits were 41, 70, 60 and 70 in the respective districts against the minimum requirement of 72 visits in a year of the sampled anganwadis, likewise ANM's visits in Hisar, Karnal, Kaithal and Bhiwani were 18, 37, 24 and 62 respectively against the requirement of 72 visits. Except PO's of Karnal and Mahendragarh districts none have visited the AWC's in last year of the study, visits done by CDPO's & Supervisors of Kaithal district were also below norms.

According to guidelines each anganwadi should be checked every month by supervisor of ICDS and ANM's in case of health department, whereas CDPOs & LHVs are required to pay visit in each anganwadis at least once a quarter & at least once in a year by PO and SMO. So visits of PO of ICDS department and SMO of Health Department were found less in respect of norms fixed by Govt, (Annexure-B) so their visits should be increased to achieve intended benefits of the scheme.

3.15 SNP provided by Anganwadi Workers:-

It is observed that in all sampled anganwadis SNP was distributed on an average 25 days in a month. As far as SNP eating habits are concerned, it is found that out of 288 sampled child beneficiaries 179(62%) children took SNP to their home and 109(38%), consume it in anganwadis themselves which means 62% children shared their SNP items with their family members defeating the very purpose of scheme. All sampled children had received SNP at appropriate time & 251(87%) children took SNP regularly. Out of 288 Children 276(96%), children's mother told that took SNP is of good quality where as only 12 opined the inferior quality of the SNP. Reasons for attending anganwadis by the children were also obtained and it was concluded that only 29(10%) children opined to come anganwadis for getting SNP items only, where as majority of children 90% come to anganwadis with other reasons like getting non formal education for learning tips on health care and other cleanliness habits. So, if the department wants to run this scheme smoothly, it is necessary to continue the supplementary nutrition programme in future also. The number of beneficiaries who used to take milk were 277, ghee 244, vegetables 241 and pulses 272 at their home which is 96%, 85%, 84% and 94% respectively, only 2% parents provided eggs, meat and fruits, to their children. Items distributed in anganwadis should be continued because this menu is favoured by a majority (96%) parents/children. Out of sampled 288 women beneficiaries, 268(93%) were found in favour of

the prevailing system of SNP. However, few women wanted to change in menu of SNP items which were distributed in anganwadis but these women did not suggest us what should be the menu.

After monitoring the view of 48 sampled anganwadis beneficiaries it is concluded that SNP distributed in 46(96%) anganwadis was found in good condition. Out of 48 sampled anganwadis, 46(96%) anganwadis had no complaint about the quality and quantity of S.N.P supplied.

3.16 Community Participation in ICDS:-

Out of the 32 sampled villages, only 6 had PHC's while 26(81%) were with subcentres. It is observed that 78(85%) anganwadis out of 91 anganwadis found in these sample villages, were in possession of private building while remaining 15% anganwadis in the Govt. Buildings. As far as availability of drinking water facilities are concerned, it was revealed that this facility was available in anganwadis of 20 villages while remaining villages lacked this facility which should be ensured. Survey results show that literacy functions in anganwadis of (22%) villages were organised and village community meetings were organised in 13(41%) villages which also requires improvement. Similarly 18 Gram Panchayats extended help to AWWs in organising cultural functions in anganwadis to attract public participation for the success of this programme. It was seen that though members of Mahila Mandals and women folk take active part in AWC system yet there is lot of scope of improvement in this sphere.

3.17 Activities and other knowledge orientation programmes in AWC:-

Out of the sampled 48 anganwadis centers, in 7 anganwadis, children entertained themselves by jumping, 7 by handling hangings and in 34 by manipulating things which is 15%, 15% and 70% respectively. Children in 47(98%) anganwadis liked exhibiting these activities for shorter duration in view of their tender age. Similarly 90% children liked to perform seeing toys in groups. Each Saturday was being celebrated as Mother's day according to guidelines, as observed from evaluation study. In 43% AWWs children preferred sitting in rows as compared to 6% to 4% sitting in circle or in other-ways respectively. Sitting in row, as preferred most, will inculcate habit of keeping in discipline while finding Ist entry in the school which is the primary need at that stage. Such habits, if imbibed in tender age, would certainly develop sound feelings of patriotism, moral good character and respect towards elders.

In all sampled anganwadis children had been singing National Anthem. In 27 (56%) anganwadis, day started by doing greetings while in other anganwadis it was not adopted. Out of sampled 48 anganwadis in 42(88%) anganwadis, education kits supplied by Government were found intact. In order to gain knowledge about the children leaving anganwadis after attaining the age of 6 years, 26 AWWs (54%) opined that all children leaving anganwadis, have joined primary schools. 22 AWWs had no knowledge as to whether the children discharged from AWC

joined the school or not. It was also observed from the opinion of AWWs that some children attend the anganwadis even after their discharge in the enlurement of getting SNP or due to penury conditions of their parents in getting them admitted in regular flow of school education. As per guidelines of the schemes, AWWs should keep regular contact with the parents of discharged children to get their wards admitted in the schools particularly with reference to girl child.

3.18 Anganwadis Building Status :-

According to survey report, it is observed that out of 48 sampled anganwadis 29 anganwadis were running in Panchayat/Govt. buildings and 19 in rented/private buildings. i.e. 60% and 40% respectively. Out of these only 11 i.e. (23%) anganwadis were electrified & 9 i.e.19% anganwadis have fan facility. In 37 anganwadis sanitary condition was found good while toilet facility was provided only in 18 anganwadis, in 30 anganwadis protected drinking water facility was provided while in 38 anganwadis facility of playground was available which is 77%, 38%, 63% and 79% respectively. It would be derived from the above data anganwadi centers existing in private buildings lack basic facilities like toilets, electricity, drinking water etc. which are essential in view of the tender age of children. So department should make elaborate arrangements for construction of Govt. buildings of anganwadis which may be clubbed with the funds of other rural development schemes like SJRY, PRI, LADT etc. if the ICDS department feels shortage of funds.

3.19 Maintenance of Anganwadis Record:-

Out of 48 sampled anganwadis in 47(98%), sampled anganwadis attendance registers were maintained properly. However in all 48 sampled anganwadis stock register, visitor book, immunization register and weight book etc. were found well maintained. In all sampled anganwadis B.P.L. beneficiaries were covered. Out of 288 sampled children 283 i.e. 98% accepted that in anganwadis weight record was maintained by register card system.

3.20 General Opinion about ICDS scheme:-

It is concluded that after gathering general opinion from 288 parents of child and 288 expecting/lactating mothers about the working process, policies implementation & service facilities provided by ICDS department, it was found that scheme is being implemented satisfactorily in the State with some unavoidable problems which if taken care of, with the help of Public Health Department/Gram Panchayats in particular, can be sorted out for successful implementation of this scheme.

CHAPTER -IV

Findings, Shortcomings and Recommendations

4.1 Findings: The main findings of the study are as under:-

Programme implementation (State Level)

- 1. All sanctioned 116 ICDS projects were working smoothly. All the post of PO's were filled in, while 7(6%) posts of CDPO's, 5 (1%) of supervisors, 155(1%) of anganwadi workers and 110(1%) of helpers were vacant.
- 2. There was an increasing trend in expenditure incurred both on ICDS and SNP. It was also observed that expenditure on I.C.D.S. was more than SNP which was 57% on ICDS and 43% on SNP.
- 3. It was observed that the trend of availing the SNP by expected Women/Nursing mothers during the years 1999-2000 to 2001-02 was decreasing against the allotted target.
- 4. The achievements under immunization (children) programme, was 100% or above where as in T.T. mothers its highest coverage was 84%.
- 5. In non formal pre-school education the achievement was 98% which was observed satisfactory.

Programme implementation (Sampled ICDS Project):

- 6. Total population covered by 16 sampled ICDS Projects was 22,39,047 out of which 1,36,236 (6%) was in urban areas and 21,02,811 (94%) in rural areas.
- 7. There were 2040 sanctioned anganwadis in 16 sampled ICDS projects out of as many as 2038(99.90%) anganwadis were functioning.
- 8. It was observed that 46% anganwadis were functioning either in rented or privately owned building.
- 9. Increasing trend of expenditure incurred was observed of ICDS where as on SNP it was on decreasing trend.
- 10. The percentage increase of child beneficiaries in the age group of 3 years-6 years was more as compared to the children in the age group of +6months-3 years during the three years 1999-2000 to 2001-02.
- 11. Overall the coverage of pregnant and nursing mother beneficiaries was 70%.
- 12. It was observed that under immunization including T.T. mothers the coverage was 72% to 89%.
- 13. It was also observed that all SNP items were not given to all districts during the years 1999-2000 to 2001-02. During last year 2001-02 of the study period only three items were supplied.
- 14. The visits done by CDPO of Anganwadis was found satisfactory.

15. It was observed that AWWs and their helpers were fully trained but the refresher courses were attended only in 6(75%) districts.

Sample Survey:

- 16. It was observed that 9302 households were surveyed. Out of these 2873 belongs to scheduled castes which is 31% of the total households. The population of these households was 56442 persons out of which 29625(52%) were male and 26817(48%) female. As many as 17112 persons (30%) belonged to Scheduled Castes having 9116(53%) male and 7996(47%) female.
- 17. It was observed that out of 48 sampled AWWs and Helpers, (23%) anganwadi workers and (31%) helpers belonged to scheduled castes.
- 18. It was observed that 45(94%) anganwadi workers belonged to the same village and 3 anganwadi workers and 2 anganwadi helpers belonged to other near by villages located at distance of less than 2 kms. away from anganwadi centres.
- 19. All anganwadi workers were fully trained while 33(69%) helpers were not trained.
- 20. It was found that 90% AWWs were well educated and (above matric).
- 21. It was observed that achievements under SNP was, 76% in 6months-3yrs. age group of enrolled children, 83% for 3yrs-6yrs. and 74% for pregnant and nursing mothers enrolled.
- 22. It was observed that during December, 2001, January, 2002 and February, 2002, a total of 16324 children were weighted and found that 6583 children were normal, 6105 in 1st grade, 3502 in 2nd grade and 127 in 3rd grade besides 7 in 4th grade which was 40%, 37%, 21%, 1% and 0.42% respectively.
- 23. It was found that only 4889 (32%) beneficiaries were medically checked-up either by ANM/LHV and Medical Officer during three months.
- 24. Out of the total families 9302, 7323 (79%) were visited by ICDS staff.
- 25. It was revealed that 4839(83%) children actually received Pre-School-Education benefit under this programme, out of which 2549(53%) male and 2290(47%) female respectively.
- 26. It was also observed that 126 (88%) pregnant women received folic-Acid tablets from anganwadis.
- 27. It was observed that out of 288, 178(89%) expecting women got anti-natal care from AWWs and satisfied with their advice.
- 28. It was found that out of 144 nursing mothers 97% were visited by AWWs after delivery.
- 29. It was also observed that out of 144 sampled beneficiaries women 139(97%) gave breast feeding to their babies.

- 30. It was found that 98% women taking care of their children and their children were found in good health.
- 31. It was observed that 88% women were also found adopting family planning norms.
- 32. SNP items were distributed on an average 25 days a month.
- 33. It is found that 62% children took SNP to their home defeating the very purpose of the scheme.
- 34. It was inferred that 96%, children's mother told that SNP items provided were of good quality.
- 35. 90% beneficiaries children came to anganwadis with other reasons like getting non formal education for learning tips on health care and other cleanliness habits.
- 36. Out of the total 93% beneficiaries under the scheme were found in favour of the prevailing system of SNP.
- 37. Only 18 (56%) Gram Panchayats extended help to AWWs in organising cultural functions in anganwadis to attract public participation for the success of this programme.
- 38. As many as 60% anganwadis were running in Panchayat/Govt. buildings whereas 40% in rented/private buildings.
- 39. The weight record of 283(98%) sampled children out of 288 children was maintained by register card system.

4.2 Shortcomings/Bottlenecks:-

The study has highlighted certain shortcomings/bottlenecks as per observation during the field survey in the smooth execution of the scheme which include (i) lack of trained helpers, (ii) lack of systematic and seasonal supply of SNP items, (iii) lack of storages arrangements, (iv) lack of drinking water, sanitary and electricity facilities, (v) lack of holding of meetings of coordination committees as per prescribed norms, (vi) lack of proper anganwadis buildings, (vii) lack of 100% coverage of health check up of the beneficiaries under the scheme, (viii) lack of staff in PHC/CHC of health deptt. i.e. ANM, LHV & MO, (ix) lack of involvement of local elected persons.

4.3 Recommendations:-

On the basis of various findings and observations the following recommendations have been proposed for qualitative improvement in the implementation of the scheme.

- 1. Women and Child Development department should construct anganwadi buildings to ensure 100% coverage of the functioning of the anganwadis.
- 2. Prescribed posts of health staff i.e. ANM, LHV, M.O. in all PHC/CHCs should be filled in by Health Department immediately to get the intended benefits of the scheme.
- All the anganwadi helpers must be trained to get better results of scheme.

- 4. All helpers in anganwadis should be given refresher courses /training.
- 5. Honorarium should be increased both of AWWs and Helpers because entire functions of the scheme are being done by them.
- 6. AWWs and helper should make more efforts to achieve targets keeping in view the enrolment of children, expecting women and nursing mothers under various activities of scheme. In this regard special attention is needed in order to achieve 100% coverage.
- 7. Some more efforts are required in T.T. for mothers.
- 8. Inspections by POs and CDPOs should be increased so that working process of the scheme may be improved to get intended benefits.
- 9. The record of special component plan i.e. SC beneficiaries should be maintained properly.
- 10. Meeting of co-ordination committees should be held as per prescribed norms.
- 11. Facilities like, drinking water, electricity and sanitary should be provided in each and every anganwadi. This can be proved as remedy instrument for successful implementation of the scheme.

4.4 Conclusion:

However performance of ICDS was found satisfactory in SNP, Pre-School Education and immunization programmed which further have scope of improvement. Supervisory staff, P.O., CDPO and supervisors must increase their visits. Conditions of AWCs require more attention with participation of Local community, i.e. Panchayat, Public Health, PWD and Electricity Department.

$\frac{Annexure\,-\!A}{LIST\;OF\;VILLAGES\;\;SELECTED\;FOR\;SAMPLE\;STUDY}.$

Sr		Name of	Name of villages
No	. District	Block	
1.	2.	3	4.
1.	Hisar	Hisar-I Narnaund	Gandhi Nagar, Khoka-Ist, Khoka-IInd Garhi Ajima, Milakpur-Ist, Milakpur-IInd
2.	Karnal	Karnal(U) Nissing	Rasulpur, Uchana-Ist, Uchana-IInd Bajida Rodan, Bastli-Ist and Bastli-IInd
3.	Kurukshetra	Thanesar Pehowa	Kheri Ram Nagar, Dabkheri-Ist, dabkheri-IInd Garhi Rodan, Megha Majra-Ist, Megha Majra-IInd
4.	Kaithal	Kaithal Pundri	Kheri Sarpan, Patti Afgan-Ist, Patti Afgan-IInd Kheri Sequander, Pharal-Ist and Pharal-IInd
5.	Bhiwani	Bhiwani Tosham	Gobindpura, Tigrana-Ist and Tigrana- IInd Nigana Kala, Baganwala-Ist and Baganwala-IInd
6.	Panipat	Panipat(R) Panipat(U)	Khalila, Noorwala-Ist and Noorwala-IInd AWC No.62, Batra colony, AWC-40, Model Town and AWC-17, Kishanpura.
7.	Rewari	Rewari(U) Jatusana	Sangi Ka Bas, Chhipat wala and Azad Nagar Motla Khurd, Dahina-Ist and Dahina-IInd
8.	M/garh.	M/garh Ateli	Surethi Jakhal, Nimbi-Ist and Nimbi-IInd. Dhanunda, Kanti-Ist and Kanti-IInd.

Annexure-B. Supervision norms of I.C.D.S. Projects

Sr. No.	. Category of Officer/ Official	Prescribed norms of supervision
	2	3
1.	Programme Officer	15 Anganwadis during each month.
2.	CDPO	All Anganwadis once in three months
3.	Supervisor	Each Anganwadi at least once in a month
4.	Medical Officer	Each Anganwadi in three months
5.	Lady Health Visitor (LHV)	Each Anganwadi once in a month
4.	Auxiliary Nurse & Midwife	Each Anganwadi once in a week

 $\label{eq:table S-1} Table \ S-1$ Staff sanctioned and in position in ICDS Department as on 31^{st} March, 2002.

Category of Staff	Number of sanctioned	Number in Position	Vacant	Percent age of vacant posts to Total
1	2	3	4	5
A. <u>I.C.D.S Staff</u>				
1. Programme Office	er 22	22	-	-
2. CDPO/ACDPO.	121	114	7	5.79
3. Supervisor	673	668	5	0.74
4. Anganwadi Worke (AWW)	r 13546	13391	155	1.14
5. Helper	13546	13436	110	0.81
6. I.C.D.S. Projects.	116	116	-	-
7. A.W.C's	13546	13546	-	-

Table-S-2
Outlay and Expenditure on ICDS Department in Haryana During 1999-2000 to 2001-2002

(Rs. In lakh)

								,	
(Budget)	State Pla	an %	Center Pla	an %	Non Plan	%	Total	%	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
<u>ICDS</u>									
1999-2000	374.97	11.21	2820.65	84.31	149.89	4.48	3345.51	57	
2000-2001	356.00	9.91	3083.51	85.84	152.55	4.25	3592.06	58	
2001-2002	354.50	9.41	3260.05	86.53	152.59	4.05	3767.14	57	
SNP									
1999-2000	491.96	19.46		_	2036.13	80.54	2528.09	43	
1999-2000	491.90	19.40	-	-	2030.13	00.54	2326.09	43	
2000-2001	344.52	13.06			2294.16	86 04	2638.68	42	
2000-2001	344.32	13.00	-	-	2294.10	00.54	2036.06	42	
2001-2002	154.17	5.38		_	2709.39	94.61	2863.56	43	
<u>Total</u>	134.17	5.50			2107.37	74.01	2003.30	73	
1999-2000	866.93	_	2820.62	_	2186.02	_	5873.60	_	
1777-2000	000.73	_	2020.02	_	2100.02	_	3073.00	_	
2000-2001	700.52	_	3083.51		2446.71	_	6230.74		
2000-2001	700.32	-	3003.31	-	2440.71	-	0230.74	-	
2001-2002	508.67	_	3260.05	_	2861.98	_	6630.07	_	
Total Expenditure	300.07		3200.03		2001.70		0030.07		
1999-2000	866.93	100	28 20.62	100	2186.02	100	5873.60	100	
1777-2000	000.93	100	26 20.02	100	2100.02	100	30/3.00	100	
2002-2003	700.52	100	3083.51	100	2446.71	100	6230.74	100	
2003-2004	508.67	100	3260.05		2861.98		6630.70	100	
Expenditure %		100		100		100		100	

Table- S-3

Total No. of Beneficiaries Covered under SNP Non formal Pre-School Education and Immunization Programme in Haryana during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002

Particulars	1999-2000	%	2000-20	01 %	2001-2002	%
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Supplementary Nutrition Programme.						
Children (6Months -6 Years)						
Target	919224		919224		919224	
Achievement	1005667	109	1005171	109.35	992443	108
Mothers (Pregnant and Nursing)						
Target	216288		16288		216288	
Achievement	236765	109	234913	109	233367	108
Non-formal Pre-school education						
Target (3-6 years Children)	540720		40720		540720	
Achievement	567494	105	537008	99	530736	98
Immunization(Children)						
Target	403519		379907		373122	
Achievement						
BCG	413724	103	392547	103	392326	105
DPT	410515	102	383238	101	379933	102
Polio	411472	102	386384	102	379933	102
Measles	384124	95	371360	98	364917	98
Target	479549		449383		440557	
Achievement						
TT(Mothers)	369560	77	368394	82	369235	84

Table A-1
Staff Position of sampled projects during the period 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Sr. Name of Category of Official No. of Post Sanctioned, functioning and vacant No. District CDPO . Supervisor P.O. W. Helper . S F V S S F V S F V F F V 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 1. Bhiwani 1 1 -14 292 2 2 - 15 1 290 292 292 2. Hisar 2 2 - 12 11 1 245 245 245 245 2 3. Kaithal 1 1 18 10 8 351 351 351 351 2 - 13 4. Karnal 1 1 -2 11 2 271 270 1 271 271 5. KKR 1 1 -2 2 15 14 1 291 289 291 291 6. Panipat 1 1 -2 7 6 1 161 157 161 2 161 2 2 - 12 6 253 252 1 253 253 8. Rewari 1 1 -2 2 8 3 5 176 175 1 176 175 1 2040 Total 16 16 - 100 <u>75</u> <u>25</u> <u>2040</u> <u>2029</u> <u>11</u> 2039 1

S= Sanctioned

F= Filled

V =Vacant

KKR=Kurukshetra

M/garh=Mahendragarh

<u>Table-A-2.1(i)</u>

Year-wise Receipt of Funds and Expenditure incurred on ICDS during 1999-2000

Rs. In lakhs. Sr. Name of Fund Received Expenditure % of Expdt. No. District Pay Wages Other Total Pay Wages Other Total % 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 6 1. Bhiwani 20.25 48.82 29.50 2.48 26.68 1.89 24.68 56.66 116% 2. Hisar 99% 22.85 22.35 1.67 46.87 22.28 22.53 1.68 46.49 3. Kaithal 19.22 32.01 2.25 53.48 20.56 35.90 1.67 58.13 109% 4. Karnal 26.00 1.70 54.25 111% 21.46 1.33 48.79 23.24 29.31 22.90 1.75 53.72 112% 5. Kurukshetra 19.64 26.54 1.63 47.81 29.07 6. M/garh 15.97 23.07 1.58 40.62 14.92 24.02 1.85 40.79 100% 7. Panipat 18.34 14.68 1.90 34.92 25.51 15.40 2.20 43.11 123% 8. Rewari 17.65 16.00 1.72 35.37 19.29 17.20 2.00 38.49 109% 155.38 187.33 173.38 202.93 15.33 391.64 Total 13.97 356.68

Figures are shown for surveyed Blocks only.

Table-A-2.1(i)(contd.)

Year-wise Receipt of Funds and Expenditure incurred on ICDS during 2000-2001

								(F	Rs. in lakh)
Sr. Name of	f	Fund Re	eceived			Expen	diture		% of Expdt.
No. District	Pay	Wages	Other	Total	Pay	Wages	Other	Total	%
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8.	9	10	11
1. Bhiwani	24.72	29.50	1.94	56.16	26.88	31.94	1.82	60.64	108%
2. Hisar	23.01	22.70	1.76	47.47	24.34	26.87	1.71	52.92	111%
3. Kaithal	22.17	37.20	2.19	61.56	22.02	37.78	1.38	61.18	99%
4. Karnal	21.95	30.20	1.93	54.08	23.20	28.19	1.66	53.05	98%
5. Kuruksheti	ra 24.13	29.50	1.63	55.26	23.69	28.97	2.24	54.90	99%
6. M/garh	16.77	24.40	1.86	43.03	16.35	28.00	1.32	45.67	106%
7. Panipat	24.55	16.00	2.97	43.52	28.81	15.90	2.22	46.93	108%
8. Rewari	20.69	17.50	1.88	40.07	17.56	18.96	2.02	38.54	96%
Total	177.99	207.00	16.16	401.15	182.85	216.61	14.37	413.83	

Year-wise Receipt of Funds and Expenditure incurred on ICDS during 2001-2002

Rs. In lakhs. Name of Fund Received Expenditure % of Expdt. Sr. No. District Pay Wages Other Total Pay Wages Other Total 2 3 4 5 6 7 8. 10 11 109% 1. Bhiwani 26.93 29.00 2.14 58.07 27.97 33.00 2.27 63.24 2. Hisar 24.58 24.50 50.71 22.23 26.75 2.29 51.27 101% 1.63 3. Kaithal 64.26 106% 23.50 35.50 1.69 60.69 25.90 36.25 2.11 4. Karnal 24.60 25.20 1.45 51.25 23.89 28.29 1.39 53.57 105% 5. Kurukshetra 24.18 26.30 1.64 52.12 22.72 29.75 2.83 55.30 106% 6. M/garh 17.02 26.00 1.76 44.78 16.87 27.27 1.58 45.72 102% 7. Panipat 28.45 14.50 1.90 44.85 28.85 15.36 2.08 46.29 103% 8. Rewari 19.83 17.00 1.93 38.76 17.20 18.34 2.23 37.77 97% 14.14 401.23 185.63 215.01 16.78 Total 189.09 198.00 417.42

Table-A-2.1(ii)(Contd.)

Year-wise Receipt of Funds and Expenditure incurred on S.N.P. during 1999-2000

								(Rs. In lakh).
Sr.	Name of		Fund Red	ceived	Ex	penditure		% of Expdt.
No.	District	TPT	Feeding	Total	TPT	Feeding	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Bł	hiwani	1.10	58.88	59.98	1.34	42.23	43.57	73%
2. Hi	isar	1.00	46.59	47.59	1.25	39.48	40.73	86%
3. Ka	aithal	1.20	69.81	71.01	1.24	51.76	53.00	75%
4. Ka	arnal	1.10	55.95	57.05	1.31	39.61	40.92	72%
5. Kı	urukshetra	1.10	63.35	64.45	1.45	52.23	53.68	83%
6. M	/garh	1.05	49.75	50.80	1.20	36.21	37.41	74%
7. Pa	anipat	0.70	41.71	42.41	0.87	38.49	39.36	93%
8. Re	ewari	0.85	36.09	36.94	1.05	28.69	29.74	81%
To	otal		8.10	422.13 4	30.23	9.71	328.70	338.41

Figures are shown for surveyed Blocks only.

TPT: Transportation Expenses M/garh=Mahendragarh

Table-A-2.1(ii)(Contd.)
Year-wise Receipt of Funds and Expenditure incurred on S.N.P. during 2000-2001

(Rs. In lakh).

Sr. Name of	Fui	nd Received		Exp	enditure		% of Expdt.
No district	TPT	Feeding	Total	TPT	Feeding		_
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Bhiwani	1.26	43.33	44.59	1.32	50.66	51.98	117%
2. Hisar	1.10	40.87	41.97	1.73	42.80	44.53	106%
3. Kaithal	1.38	53.52	54.90	1.71	51.51	53.22	97%
4. Karnal	1.23	41.76	42.99	1.80	45.64	47.44	110%
5. Kurukshetra	1.27	44.34	45.61	2.25	47.79	50.04	110%
6. M/garh	1.18	38.58	39.76	2.20	37.75	39.95	100%
7. Panipat	0.77	29.97	30.74	0.91	38.46	39.37	128%
8. Rewari	0.95	26.93	27.88	1.27	32.04	33.31	119%
Total		9.14 3	319.30 328.	.44 13.	19 346	.65 35	59.84

Figures are shown for surveyed Blocks only.

TPT: Transportation Expenses

Table-A-2.1 (ii)(Contd.) Year-wise Receipt of Funds and Expenditure incurred on S.N.P. during 2001-2002

(Re In lakh)

								(Rs. In lakh).
Sr.	Name of		Fund Rece	eived	<u>Expen</u>	nditure	<u> </u> •	% of Expdt.
No.	district	T	PT Feedi	ng Total	TPT	Feeding	Total	on fund received
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.	Bhiwani	1.52	35.64	37.16	1.27	48.72	49.99	135%
2.	Hisar	1.30	25.14	26.44	1.41	40.39	41.80) 158%
3.	Kaithal	1.80	42.43	44.23	1.55	63.64	65.19	9 147%
4	17 1	1 44	21.06	22.50	1.66	51.77	52.40	1,640/
4.	Karnal	1.44	31.06	32.50	1.66	51.77	53.43	3 164%
5.	Kurukshetra	a 1.51	33.07	34.58	1.53	56.49	58.02	2 168%
6.	M/garh	1.35	28.51	29.86	1.73	51.97	53.70	180%
7.	Panipat	0.91	24.72	25.63	0.70	37.16	37.86	5 148%
8.	Rewari	1.02	21.05	22.07	1.07	32.24	33.3	1 151%
	Total	10.85	241.62	252.47 1	0.92	382.38	393.30	

Figures are shown for surveyed Blocks only. M/garh=Mahendragarh

Table-A-2.2 Outlay and Expenditure on wages (I.C.D.S.) by State Govt.

(Rs. In lakh)

Sr.No. Name o	f . 199	9-2000		2000-2	001		2001-200)2	
District	Fund Rele	eased Exp	% Expdt.	Fund .Relea	ased Exp.	% Expdt.	Fund Relea	ased. Exp.	% Expdt.
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Bhiwani	10.22	11.21	110	10.22	10.28	101	10.52	10.44	99
2. Hisar	8.74	8.74	100	8.74	9.34	107	9.34	9.17	98
3.3. Kaithal	12.30	14.85	121	12.30	12.31	100	12.40	12.11	98
4. Karnal	9.70	11.25	116	9.60	9.39	98	9.40	10.07	107
5. KKR	10.30	10 .49	102	9.60	10.00	104	9.50	9.98	105
6. M/garh	9.00	9.70	108	8.60	8.98	104	9.10	9.01	99
7. Panipat	5.78	5.63	97	5.92	5.70	96	5.88	5.73	97
8. Rewari	6.10	7.08	116	6.20	6.49	105	6.50	6.36	98
Total	72.14	78.95	-	71.18	72.49	-	72.64	72.87	-

Figures are shown for surveyed Blocks only.

M/garh=Mahendragarh KKR=Kurukshetra

Table A-3-I

Children (6 m to 3 yrs.) benefitted under Supplementary Nutrition Programme in Sampled Projects during 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Sr.	Name of		199	9-2000			2000	-01			2001-0	2	<u>.</u>
No	. District		lment	Achieve		Enrolmen		Achieven		.Enroli			vement
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1.	Bhiwani	10265	9059	5240	4799	10219	8960	5437	4828	9962	8732	5214	4866
2.	Hisar	7691	6620	4187	3690	7383	6432	4062	3579	7297	6296	4127	3701
3.	Kaithal	12422	10942	6617	5585	12361	10820	6734	5680	12812	11085	6459	5515
4.	Karnal	8068	6793	5752	4816	7411	6287	5815	4938	7481	6163	5481	4532
5.	KKR	8339	6860	6442	5252	8261	6744	6404	5307	7923	6801	6450	5182
6.	M/garh	7458	6374	4394	3816	7502	6651	4136	3815	7554	6824	4298	3863
7.	Panipat	4352	3885	2550	2311	3696	3106	2788	2309	3975	3315	2913	2459
8.	Rewari	4495	3775	3066	2784	4829	4134	3085	2693	4910	4361	3105	2695
	Total %	63090	54308	38248 61	33053 61	61662	53134	38461 62	33149	61914	53577	38047	32813 67

Table A-3-II

Children (3yrs.-6 yrs.) benefitted under Supplementary Nutrition Programme in Sampled Projects during 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Sr. Name o	f	1	999-2000		·	2000-0				2001-02	2	
No. District	Enro	lment	Achie	vement	Enroln	nent	Achie	vement	Enrol	ment	Achie	vement
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Bhiwani	11759	9865	6039	5546	11706	9867	6010	5396	11332	9875	5919	5399
2. Hisar	8317	7470	5001	4575	8108	7314	4745	4456	8215	7287	4789	4540
3. Kaithal	14148	12600	7661	6765	14371	12640	7724	6691	14231	12407	7631	7187
4. Karnal	8494	7316	5779	5196	8811	7789	5744	5238	8361	7434	5439	4898
5. KKR	8613	7355	5669	4862	8660	7376	5883	5025	8499	7145	5708	4819
6. M/garh	6639	6052	5112	476 3	6963	6271	5033	4934	7137	6320	5102	4848
7. Panipat	4856	4356	3224	2854	3796	3544	3235	2905	3712	3526	3265	2928
8. Rewari	4783	4298	3247	2869	4891	4428	3459	3187	4754	4255	3203	2939
Total %	67609	59312	41732	37430	67306 62	59229	41833	37832	66241 62	58249	41056	37558 62

KKR= Kurukshetra.

Number of Pregnant & Nursing Mothers benefitted in sampled Anganwadis during 1999-2000 to 2001-02.

Table A-3-III

	Name of			nt Wome				Nursin	g Moth	ers (0-6 N	M child)	
No.	District			2000-		2001-0		1999-0		2000-0		2001-02	<u>.</u>
		Enrolle	ed Ach	. Enroll	ed Ach.	Enrolle	ed Ach.	Enrolled	Ach. 1	Enrolled	Ach.	Enrolled	Ach.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. I	Bhiwani	3254	2214	3059	2194	3231	2124	3985	2689	3831	2558	3820	2550
2. 1	Hisar	2812	1885	3050	2059	3106	2232	3511	2227	2972	2043	3273	2133
3. I	Kaithal	4554	2627	4503	2916	4253	2748	4777	3173	4837	3044	5103	3131
4. k	Karnal	3169	2397	3200	2467	3250	2503	3737	2832	3393	2677	3411	3112
5. k	KKR	2807	2388	2908	2359	2795	2297	3507	3061	3327	2951	3415	2789
6. N	M/garh	2534	1802	2444	1809	2760	1852	2951	2227	3012	2339	2962	2185
7. I	Panipat	2867	1559	2860	1632	2921	1684	2482	1449	2298	1454	2430	1468
8. I	Rewari	1727	1202	1735	1243	1689	1206	2400	1779	2248	1649	2193	1519
	Γotal 2 %	23724	16074	23759 68	16679	24005 70	16646	27350 69	19437	25918 71	1871:	5 26607 72	18887 71

% = Achievement to enrolment

Table A-4-I

Children and Mothers covered under Immunization Programme with the help of AWW in the Sampled Projects during 1999-2000 to 2000-01.

Sr. Name No. distric		R	Age CG.	group	wise No.	of childre	en covered	-	ear) Measals			
ivo. distric		9-00	2000	0-01	2001	-02	1999			00-01	200	1-02
	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Bhiwani	i 3751	767	3417	699	3841	788	3458	706	3568	726	3392	698
2 Hisar	7463	572	6399	619	7236	842	7782	685	6990	789	7141	850
3. Kaithal	9827	*	9283	*	10064	*	8264	*	7444	*	8493	*
4. Karnal	7959	*	8101	*	7831	*	7273	*	7621	*	7473	*
5. KKR	5876	*	6537	*	6810	*	5312	*	5937	*	6701	*
6. M/garh	7971	1838	7996	1845	8045	1852	7688	1822	7905	1839	7804	1847
7. Panipat	5760	1783	4661	1506	5690	1553	5399	1786	5116	1717	4925	1670
8. Rewari	4119	285	4462	275	4368	259	4213	202	4700	176	4658	237
Total	52726	5245	50856	4944	53885	5294	49389	5201	49281	5247	50587	5302

Contd../

* = Not available KKR= Kurukshetra. M/garh=Mahendragarh

Table A-4-II

Children and Mothers covered under Immunization Programme with the help of AWW in the Sampled Projects during 1999-2000 to 2000-01.

Sr. Name of		DPT	7/Polio (0 to 1yı	r.)			DPT/	Polio Boo	ster (1y	r. to 3yrs.)	<u> </u>
No. District	1999		2000		200	01-02	1999-		2000		2001-	02
	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Bhiwani	3755	768	3672	749	4022	822	2324	465	2356	470	2374	475
2. Hisar	8784	782	7464	825	7663	968	2140	*	2413	*	2286	*
3. Kaithal	8684	*	7491	*	9250	00	00	*	*	*	*	*
4. Karnal	7774	*	7841	*	7586	*	2439	*	3641	*	3807	*
5. KKR	5228	*	7337	*	7026	*	1833	*	1934	*	2294	*
6. M./garh	8436	1482	8128	1482	7808	1493	3143	1055	3256	1056	3351	1082
7. Panipat	5545	1640	4871	1370	5484	1638	4563	1177	3722	1171	4012	1159
8. Rewari	4925	315	5148	337	5404	331	2357	49	2587	137	3176	147
Total	53131	4987	51952	4763	54243	5252	18799	2746	19909	2834	21300	2863

Contd----

* = Not available KKR= Kurukshetra. M/garh=Mahendragarh

Table-A-4-III

Mothers covered under (TT) Immunization programme during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002

Sr.No	Name of District	1999	-2000	2000	-2001	20	001-2002 .
		Total	SC	Total	SC	Total	SC .
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Bhiwani	3037	617	3484	704	3162	642
2.	Hisar	7680	662	7482	691	6704	724
3.	Kaithal	6485	*	5703	*	6981	*
4.	Karnal	7847	*	8635	*	7398	*
5.	KKR	9137	*	5289	*	5956	*
6.	M/garh	8525	1108	9035	1728	9292	1736
7.	Panipat	5028	1184	4724	1155	4711	1170
8.	Rewari	5656	248	7740	354	6967	401
	Total SC %	53395	3819 7	52092	4632	1171	4673 9

*= Not available

KKR= Kurukshetra.

Table –B-1
SNP items received in Anganwadis during three months

(In Qtls.) Sr. No. Name of Districts Alpahar Sweet/ Saltis Chana/Kheel <u>Panjiri</u> (Month) (Month). (Month) 3rd 1 st 3rd 1^{st} 2nd 2nd 1st 3rd 2nd Bhiwani 2. Hissar Kaithal 3. 4. Karnal 5. KKR 6. M/garh 7. Panipat. 8. Rewari Total

Table- B-1.1
Children 6 M to 3 Years received SNP during three months

	Sr. Nam No. Distr		+ M		gible	IIIrd I	M	Ist M			olled	Had M		Int M		eived S		nd M	
	NO. DISU	T			SC				SC		SC		SC	Ist M T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	 20
1.	Bhiwani	350	173	364	183	338	178	270	126	280	138	284	149	190	82	196	98	190	97
2.	Hisar	278	126	266	127	206	72	222	107	205	106	158	72	172	93	167	106	120	68
3.	Kaithal	348	145	347	134	320	123	243	106	247	102	252	99	181	68	182	48	198	88
4.	Karnal	439	51	448	47	449	54	275	47	276	40	279	47	192	42	203	33	214	41
5.	KKR	304	80	305	75	281	77	237	76	305	75	269	77	254	76	266	70	240	77
6.	M/garh	275	100	286	118	289	104	255	97	270	107	269	102	189	87	195	84	199	93
7.	Panipat	373	123	339	102	332	104	317	95	311	94	304	104	228	68	223	83	197	64
8.	Rewari	354								265			93		83				
	Total SC %	2721	912 34	2702	895 33	2550	805 32	2062	758 37	2159	757 35	2068	743 36	1622	599 37	1634	594 36	1555	597 38

Table-B-1.2
Children 3 years to 6 Years received SNP during three months

S	r. Name	e of		Eligib	le					Enroll	ed				Rece	ived S	SNP		
N	lo. Distr	ict <u>Is</u>				III ro			M	II nd		III rd		Ist N	<u> </u>	II nd		III r	d M
		T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1.	Bhiwani	460	236	468	230	460	245	280	139	257	121	261	136	212	110	213	96	213	105
2.	Hisar	283	145	284	145	250	107	214	121	235	141	200	99	200	112	232	141	197	97
3.	Kaithal	289	112	300	113	297	113	244	94	243	96	252	92	197	85	204	88	199	82
4.	Karnal	541	60	542	60	542	64	263	45	253	44	254	48	210	38	212	35	222	40
5.	KKR	250	58	248	57	271	69	160	42	170	57	214	58	146	42	160	53	179	53
6.	M/garh	258	121	257	123	258	110	258	106	232	120	243	110	193	98	177	104	184	98
7.	Panipat	384	77	343	78	378	115	290	77	286	78	287	81	208	57	215	59	188	63
8.	Rewari	386	188	415	178	451	179	265	67	219	70	234	75	186	55	210	66	205	59
	Γotal SC %	2851	997 35	2857	984 34	2907	1002 34	1974	691 35	1895	727 38		699 36	1552	597 1 38	1623	642 40	1587	597 38

Table-B-1.3

Pregnant Women received SNP during three months

Sr.	Name	of	El	igible				Enrol	lled				Receive	d SNP						
No.	Distri		Ist M		nd M		rd M		st M		d M		l M	Ist			d M		rd M	
		,	T SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
1. E	Bhiwani	86	47	91	49	105	5 53	70	34	70	33	75	36	45	19	46	20	48	22	
2. 1	Hisar	45	18	59	29	45	15	45	16	54	28	40	14	43	13	44	26	35	14	
3. k	Kaithal	64	27	74	28	68	33	52	20	59	23	55	26	46	19	50	20	47	24	
4.]	Karnal	78	7	82	10	81	11	73	7	77	10	77	11	64	7	64	9	69	10	
5.]	KKR	75	24	76	21	68	18	75	24	76	21	68	18	67	24	65	21	55	18	
6.]	M/garh	54	21	56	25	51	26	53	20	54	23	51	25	41	20	38	22	41	23	
7. 1	Panipat	109	25	114	32	114	31	109	24	114	32	114	31	64	21	59	21	60	23	
8. 1	Rewari	79	26	72	26	73	26	72	25	66	25	67	25	43	16	44	17	53	16	
	otal C%	590	195 33	624	220 35	605	213 35	549	170 31	570	195 34	547	186 34	413	139 34	410	156	408 38	150 37	

Table- B-1.4
Nursing Mothers received SNP during three months

	Name of		_	Eligi	ble					Enroll	ed			_F	Receiv	ed Si	NP		
No	o. District	<u>Ist</u>	M	<u>II</u> 1	nd M	<u>III</u>	rd M	<u>I</u> :	st M	<u>IIr</u>	nd M	III	rd M	<u>Ist</u>	<u>M</u>	IInd	<u> M</u>	<u>II 1</u>	<u>d M</u>
		T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1.	Bhiwani	97	38	96	44	94	43	83	29	79	34	75	31	51	21	43	22	55	23
2.	Hisar	59	25	67	30	56	21	52	25	48	29	41	21	44	25	47	29	38	21
3.	Kaithal	78	37	80	36	74	34	67	30	63	28	60	19	50	23	49	21	49	19
4.	Karnal	103	12	103	11	94	10	102	12	102	10	92	8	71	9	72	9	72	7
5.	KKR	65	18	50	15	51	19	65	18	50	15	51	19	62	18	49	13	50	19
6.	M/garh	83	38	79	48	81	34	71	36	76	36	79	34	54	27	48	28	58	27
7.	Panipat	90	22	90	25	97	26	90	22	90	25	97	26	54	17	60	18	57	18
8.	Rewari	92	30	93	26	87	28	89	30	88	26	72	28	64	20	62	16	59	18
	Total SC %	667	220	658 33	235	634 36	215	619 34	202	596 33	203	567 34	186	450 33	160	430 36	156	438 36	152 35

Table B-2
Beneficiaries of S.N.P. Items (6 M to 6 Years) Single Ration /Double Ration during the last three Months

Sr. Name of	Sing	le Ration		Do	ouble Rati	on .	
No District.	Ist Month	IInd Month	IIIrd Month	Ist Month	IInd Month	IIIrd Month	
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1. Bhiwani	396	409	403	10	10	9	
2. Hisar	372	399	317	-	-	-	
3. Kaithal	378	386	397	-	-	-	
4. Karnal	402	415	436	2	2	2	
5. Kurukshetra	400	426	419	1	-	-	
6. M/garh	382	372	383	-	-	1	
7. Panipat	436	438	385	-	-	-	
8. Rewari	402	412	402	-	-	-	
Total	3168	3257	3142		13	12	12

Table B-3

Mal-Nutrition Children/ Women reffered for medical checkup during last three months.

Sr.	Name of	Cł	nildren (mont	th wise)	Wo	men (month	wise)
No	District				Ist Month	IInd Month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Bhiwani	10	10	9	-	2	-
2.	Hisar	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Kaithal	-	-	-	2	-	1
4.	Karnal	2	2	2	8	10	8
5.	Kurukshetra	1	-	-	6	-	-
6.	M/garh	-	-	1	4	4	5
7.	Panipat	-	-	-	9	30	9
8.	Rewari	-	-	-	7	-	-
	Total	13	12	12	36	46	23

Total number of children whose Health checked-up in sampled Anganwadis during three months as per survey.

Table-B-4.1

Sr.	Name of	f						Hea	lth ch											
No.	District			ember			_			uary,					_			ry, 200		
			NM_	LH		MO		ANN		LH		MC		ANN			LHV_		<u>10</u> _	
_		<u>M</u>		M	F	<u>M</u>	F	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	M	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>		<u>F</u>	
1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		14	15	16	17	18	19		
1.	Bhiwani	i 27	28	53	61	-	-	23	16	63	49	-	-	52	49	19	25	20	18	
2	Hisar	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
۷.	111841																			
3.	Kaithal	2	2	_	-	1	1	6	2	-	_	1	1	2	2	-	_	1	-	
4.	Karnal	16	8	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	-	-	-	12	10	-	-	-	-	
5	KKR	39	43					17	23					13	13					
٥.	NNN	39	43	-	-	-	-	1 /	23	-	-	-	-	13	13	-	-	-	-	
6.	M/garh	111	102	21	18	10	8	115	104	20	18	18	15	114	95	22	18	10	8	
	υ																			
7.	Panipat	31	29	8	6	-	-	27	24	4	3	-	-	28	26	-	-	-	-	
0	ъ :	-	_	10	1.0		2		C		_	•	~	1.4		_	_			
8.	Rewari	7	5	12	10	4	2	16	8	6	6	2	2	14	4	5	5	-	-	
То	tal	233	217	94	95	15	11	214	187	93	76	21	18	235	199	46	48	31	26	
10	· · · · · ·		<u>~</u> 1/	ノエ)5	13	11	∠1 7	107	73	70	41	10	233	1//	TU	70	JI	20	

^{* =} Not available

KKR= Kurukshetra.

Total number of children whose Health checked-up in sampled Anganwadis during three months as per survey.

Table B-4.2

	. Name o	f	_					ŀ	lealth (_								
No	o. District	A 1		<u>ember</u>			10	_		anuary T			`	A NI	<u> </u>		ruary,			
		AI M	NM F	M	<u>IV</u> F	M			<u>anm</u> M F	_	HV F	M	J F	AN M	F	LE M	F	MC M		
1	2	3	4			7				11	12	13	14	15		17	18		20	
1.	Bhiwani	20	20	79	80	-	-	21	20	83	67	-	-	54	56	27	25	20	17	
2.	Hisar	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
3.	Kaithal	4	3	-	-	-	-	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.	Karnal	8	6	-	-	-	-	6	10	-	-	-	-	7	8	-	-	-	-	
5.	KKR	10	10	-	-	-	-	12	13	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	-	-	-	
6.	M/garh	101	97	23	14	10	6	103	97	18	10	16	13	93	78	18	10	10	6	
7.	Panipat	52	39	5	5	-	-	33	22	5	5	-	-	32	21	-	-	-	-	
8.	Rewari	-	-	9	4	-	2	-	-	8	4	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	
	Γotal	195	175	116	103	10	8	180	166	114	86	16	13	196	173	47	37	30	23	

^{* =} Not available

KKR= Kurukshetra.

Table-B-4.3

Total number of Pregnant women whose Health checked-up in sampled Anganwadis during three months as per survey.

	Name o	of	Dec	embe	r, 2001			J	anuary,							ary, 200)2			_
No.	Distt		<u>Total</u>	1.10		SC			Tota		_,	SC			otal	110	SC			_
														ANM					MC	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9 1	0	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1. I	Bhiwani	16	46	-	7	24	_	12	42	-	4	23	-	28	12	15	5 6	1	2	-
2. I	Hisar	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
3. I	Kaithal	3	4	-	-	-	-	10	-	2	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. K	Karnal	10	-	-	1	-	-	10	-	-	1	-	-	10	-	-	1	-	-	-
5. K	KKR	19	-	-	6	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. N	√/garh	64	13	5	36	7	4	59	14	9	33	8	7	4	12	5	23	6	4	٠
7. P	anipat	23	4	-	10	3	-	29	-	-	12	3	-	26	-	-	15	-	-	-
8. R	Rewari	7	14	5	2	8	5	9	19	- 3	3	11 -		5	10	-	2	-	-	
T	otal	150			62	42	9 139				45	7	129	34	20	47	18 1	1		

^{* =} Not available

KKR= Kurukshetra.

Table–B-4.4

Total number of Nursing Mother whose Health checked-up in sampled Anganwadis during three months as per survey.

Sr. Name o				er, 2001			<u>J</u>	anuary							ruary	, 2002		
No. District		Total			SC	110		Tota			SC			<u>Total</u>	1.00	4 3 73 4	SC	<u></u>
	ANM	LHV	MO	ANM	LHV	MO	ANM	LHV	MO	ANM	LHV	MO	ANM	LHV	MO	ANM	LHV	MO
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1. Bhiwani	14	41	-	3	17	-	12	47	-	3	17	-	33	13	14	7	13	15
2. Hisar	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
3. Kaithal	2	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	1	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
4. Karnal	10	-	-	1	-	-	6	-	-	1	-	-	6	-	-	1	-	-
5. KKR	17	-	-	13	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-
6 M/garh	87	11	6	41	6	3	79	14	9	40	9	6	70	10	6	26	5	3
7. Panipat	30	6	-	19	6	-	29	6	-	13	6	-	22	-	-	13	-	-
8. Rewari	21	14	-	2	9	-	13	8	-	2	8	-	13	7	-	-	1	-
Total 1	81	72	6	79	38	3	152	75	10	59	40	6	158	30	20	47	19	18

^{* =} Not Available KKR= Kurukshetra. M/garh=Mahendragarh

 $\label{eq:coverage} Table\ B-5$ Coverage of Health Checked-up during last three months by ANM/LHV/MO Health checked-up by

Sr.	Name of	Ist	Month		IInd N	Month		IIIrd Mon	th	
No.	District	Children 6 M 6 Yrs	Pregnant Women	Nursing Mother	Children 6 M-6 Yrs.	Pregnant Women	Nursing Mother		Pregnant	Nursing Mother
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. I	Bhiwani	368	62	55	342	54	59	365	55	60
2. I	Hisar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. K	Caithal	29	7	02	19	12	9	6	07	5
4. K	Carnal	38	10	10	42	10	6	37	10	6
5. K	Kurukshetra	102	19	17	65	10	5	66	10	9
6. N	¶/garh	505	82	104	541	82	102	472	60	86
7. P	anipat	175	27	36	123	29	35	107	26	22
8. R	lewari	55	26	35	52	28	21	35	15	20
Tota	1 1	1272 2	33 2	259 1	184	225	237	1088	183	208

Total No. of Women participant in NHED Programme Organised in Anganwadis

Table- B-6

Sr. Name of	Ist I	Month	IInd	Month	IIIrd M	<u>onth</u>	Tota	<u>1 .</u>
No. District	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC	T	SC
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Bhiwani	182	99	173	99	159	82	514	280
2. Hisar	82	28	70	28	75	25	227	81
3. Kaithal	42	19	51	19	38	18	131	56
4. Karnal	656	18	529	14	530	19	1715	51
5. Kurukshetra	295	94	331	88	323	94	949	276
6. M/garh.	152	56	133	53	156	65	441	174
7. Panipat	113	34	116	30	151	45	380	109
8. Rewari	73	22	64	17	62	12	199	51
Total SC %	1595	370 23	1467	348 24	1494	360 24	4556	1078

Table B-7
No. of Families visited during last three months by

	Name of		Ist Month				II nd Mont				rd Month		<u></u>	<u>Total</u>
No	District	AWW	Supervisor	CDPC	PO	AWW	Supervisor	CDPO	РО	AWW	Supervisor	CDPO	PO	Month
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1.	Bhiwani	157	23	7	-	126	16	1	-	132	20	6	-	488
2.	Hisar	267	31	2	-	270	35	2	-	256	37	1	-	901
3.	Kaithal	118	35	4	-	134	29	5	-	121	38	4	-	488
4.	Karnal	433	48	2	-	405	51	4	-	405	41	-	-	1389
5.	KKR	174	33	-	-	207	29	-	-	208	25	-	-	676
6.	M/garh	190	42	8	-	170	56	11	-	133	42	11	-	663
7.	Panipat	469	108	31	-	429	113	24	-	447	129	31	-	1781
8.	Rewari	221	53	17	-	245	54	13	_	289	29	15	1	937
	Total	2029	373	71	-	1986	383	60	-	1991	361	68	1	7323

KKR= Kurukshetra.

Table B-8
Pre-School Education Programme during last three months.

	Name of						olm										Actu	al at			e			<u>.</u>
No.	District	_	st Mo		_		nd Mo			_	Ird M				Ist Mo				Mont	_			Month	
			<u>otal</u> F	<u>S</u> (<u>C</u> F	Tot M	<u>al</u> F	M	SC_F	<u>To</u> M	<u>tal</u> F	SC M	F	Tot M		SC M		<u>Total</u> M	F	SC M I		Total M F		<u>C .</u> F
		171		171	•	141	•	141	•	171	•	171	•	171	1	171			•	101 1		101 1	111	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24 25	26
1.	Bhiwani	162	130	76	66	160	119	48	55	152	121	71	51	129	93	60	45	119	92	48	43	118	98 5	1 42
2.	Hisar	128	111	53	46	130	115	56	48	140	115	56	48	116	102	49	44	114	102	5 0	44	119	103 52	2 44
3.	Kaithal	114	133	35	63	116	134	40	58	114	138	38	66	94	124	30	56	94	109	33	49	96	111 34	4 58
4.	Karnal	147	108	25	22	143	109	24	21	139	123	26	20	123	97	22	18	119	90	21	17	113	103 2	1 17
5.	KKR	93	66	26	22	91	77	27	18	116	95	38	20	82	59	24	22	87	82	25	17	99	86 3	2 8
6.	M./garh	131	129	55	48	114	101	52	45	156	131	55	51	91	85	50	42	103	84	52	45	105	104 4	5 48
5.	Panipat	143	148	42	44	147	138	42	34	146	135	45	35	117	97	36	22	109	110	33	28	120	102 1	7 13
6.	Rewari	105	96	30	23	101	95	25	21	94	82	24	18	101	90	28	21	91	. 8	1 26	21	90	86	24 22
)23 33	921	342	334 36	1002 31	888	314	300 34	1057 33	940	353 33	309	853 35	747	299	270 36	836	750 34	288 2	264 35	860	793 27	6 252 32.78

Table B-9
Immunization Programme in Anganwadis Centres during last one Year (As per survey)

Sr.	Name of	<u>T.T</u>	C. Dose				I	mmun	ization		•
No.	District.	<u>Pregnant</u> Ist dose	IInd dose	Ist dose	B.C.C IInd dose		to 1 Years Measals		Polio D	to 3 Yrs) PT/ poster	(3to 6 Yrs) DPT/ Pollio
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 .
1.	Bhiwani	145	122	217	15	12	154	217	217	20	36
2.	Hisar	82	52	129	30	35	123	129	129	55	27
3.	Kaithal	74	175	61	35	-	75	123	123	71	28
4	Karnal	160	114	172	-	-	142	167	167	102	29
5.	KKR	100	86	124	42	13	113	135	119	79	38
6.	M/garh	196	211	300	57	28	249	289	289	201	169
7.	Panipat	129	119	185	21	-	136	130	130	72	69
8.	Rewari	157	109	139	25	-	109	140	138	93	92
,	Γotal	1043	988	1327	225	88	1101	1330	1312	693	488

TABLE-B-10 Whether following services provided in anganwadis:-

	Name of District		olic cid	Kr lec fro			visi afte		1	Breast feeding to baby		Polio Pops	h	General ealth f child	of pla	loption in family inning orms	vi: pr us	hether sit oves eful enefits	Whe tips of NHEI prov was favor	of O es ured <u></u>	the purpe of vi gene Hea	sits ral	<u>.</u> ·en		
		Y I	N	Y	N		Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y N		N	Y			
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 20	21	22	23 2	24		
1. E	Bhiwani	17	1	1	7	1	18	3	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	17	1	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	_
2.	Hisar	16	2		16	2	1	7	1	17	1	18	-	17	1	15	3	18	-	18	-	17	1	17	1
3. k	Kaithal	14	4		14	4	1	7	1	16	2	17	1	17	1	18	-	18	-	18	-	15	3	16	2
4. k	Karnal	15	3		15	3	1	7	1	17	1	16	2	17	1	17	1	18	-	16	2	17	1	17	1
5. K	KR	12	6	1	4	4	1′	7	1	17	1	18	-	18	-	12	6	18	-	16	2	18	-	18	-
6. M	I /garh	18	-	1	8	-	18	3	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	12	6	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-
7. Pa	anipat	17	1	1	7	1	1′	7	1	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	17	1	18	-	18	-
8. R	ewari	17	1	1	7	1	18	3	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-
Total		126	18	12	28	16	139)	5	139	5	141	3	141	3	127	17	144	-	139	5	139	5	140	4

KKR=Kurukshetra M/garh=Mahendragarh Y= Yes, N= No

Table B-11 Medicines received from anganwadis by children who suffer from different diseases

Sr. Name of	Dia	arrhera	Dy	sentry	Infe	ction	Skin	Allergy	W	orms	Vita	amin
No. District	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	defi t <u>ab</u> Y	ency <u>let</u> N
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Bhiwani	3	33	32	4	31	5	2	34	2	34	27	9
2. Hisar	3	33	17	19	31	5	23	13	30	6	3	33
3. Kaithal	3	33	26	10	26	10	5	31	31	5	-	36
4. Karnal	1	35	10	26	24	12	2	34	25	11	3	33
5. KKR	23	13	29	7	22	14	21	15	29	7	8	28
6. M/garh	2	34	17	19	15	21	-	36	-	36	17	19
7. Panipat	-	36	-	36	-	36	-	36	-	36	-	36
8. Rewari	12	24	14	22	-	36	-	36	-	36	-	36
Total	47	241	145	143	149	139	53	235	117	171	58	230

KKR: Kurukshetra M/garh=Mahendragarh Y= Yes, N= No

Table B-12

Anganwadis visit by ICDS and Health Staff in sample Anganwadis during one month/three month/one year.

	Name Distric		р	.О		CDPO	Project St	taff	Supervi	sor	М	0			h Staff .HV		ANN	Л	-
110.	Distric			s 1 Yrs.												1 Yrs.			1 Yrs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1. I	Bhiwar	ni -	-	-	7	9	28	10	27	94	3	3	7	-	-	-	8	12	62
2. I	Hisar	-	-	-	1	9	22	11	30	104	3	3	6	-	-	2	4	6	18
3. I	Kaithal		-	-	2	4	6	5	14	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	24
4. I	Karnal	1	3	14	4	6	22	6	20	78	-	-	2	-	-	4	3	9	37
5. I	KKR	-	-	-	3	9	31	15	34	115	1	1	7	1	3	10	18	40	137
6 N	M/garh	2	6	24	4	9	33	7	18	70	5	7	13	3	9	30	24	76	249
7. I	Panipat	: -	-	-	5	13	41	8	2	23	70	1	2	8	-	-	-	8	30 10
8. I	Rewari	-	-	-	3	9	28	7	22	60	1	2	6	5	11	31	8	27	88
Γοι	tal	3	9	38	29	68	211	69	188	632	14	18	49	9	23	77	76	208	719

 $KKR = Kurukshetra, \, M/garh = Mahendragarh$

M=Month

Table B-13

No. of children attending regular schooling after leaving Anganwadis.

Sr. Name of No District.	Total No. of Anganwadis Surveyed	Total No. of Anganwadis, AWW's told that they were aware of the children attending Anganwadis schools after leaving Anganwadis
1 2	3	4
1. Bhiwani	6	4
2. Hisar	6	2
3. Kaithal	6	2
4. Karnal	6	3
5. Kurukshetra	6	1
6. M/garh	6	3
7. Panipat	6	6
3. Rewari	6	5
Total	48	26