

विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग

बहादुर शाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG,

NEW DELHI-110 002

OFF. : (011) 23234019

: (011) 23236350

FAX : (011) 23239659

E-mail : cm@ugc.ac.in



प्रो. वेद प्रकाश

Prof. Ved Prakash

Chairman (Actg.)

D.O. No. 1-3/2012 (Cm)

21 March, 2012

Dear Vice-Chancellor,

It pleases me to share with you a copy of the brochure entitled '**Higher Education in India at a Glance**'. The brochure which has been recently brought out by us contains vital statistics pertaining to higher education in India such as number of higher education institutions, type of degree awarding institutions, number of students, number of teachers in higher education, level-wise and area-wise students' enrolment, sector-wise public expenditure, etc. This handy brochure also lists '**UGC Interventions Towards Quality Enhancement in Higher Education**'. You may be glad to learn that we have also uploaded this brochure in the UGC website for the benefit of policy planners, members of academic fraternity and all other stakeholders.

I am happy to attach herewith a copy of the aforesaid brochure for your ready reference and kind perusal.

I trust you will find it useful.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Ved Prakash)

Encl.: As stated above.

The

Total 566 Universities

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Higher Education in India at a glance

Statewise Higher Education Institutions



Total Number of Degree awarding Institutions = 634

Number of Colleges = 33,023

● Number of Degree awarding Institutions

★ Number of Colleges



ज्ञान-विज्ञान विमुक्तये

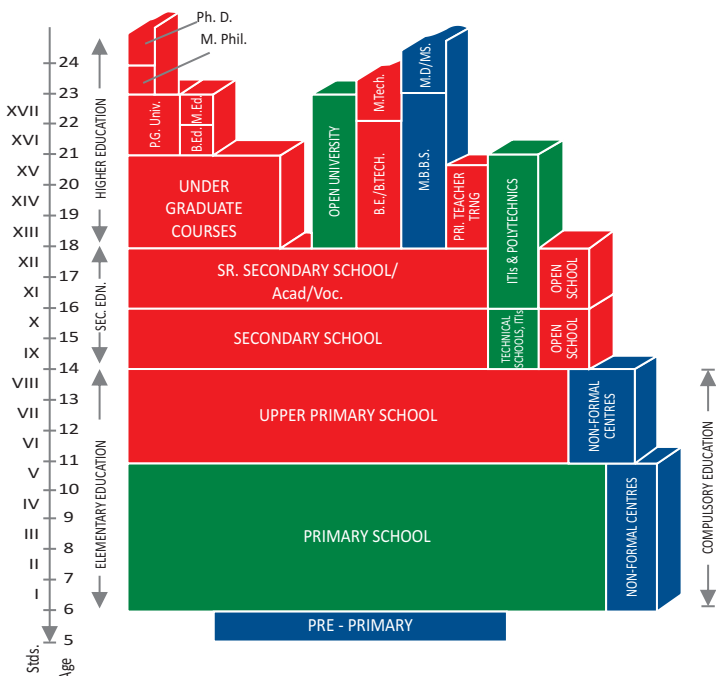
February, 2012

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

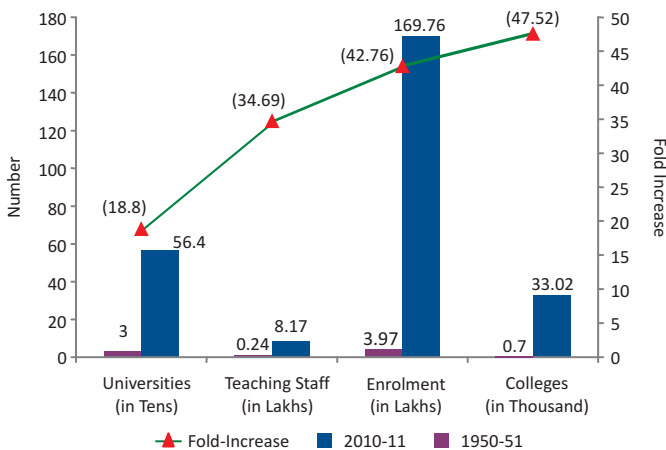
Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 (INDIA)

Website : www.ugc.ac.in

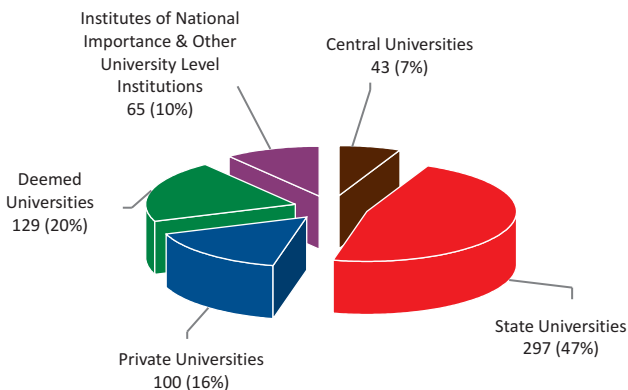
EDUCATIONAL STRUCTURE IN INDIA



Growth of Higher Education : Universities/Colleges/Students enrolment/Teaching Staff : 1950-51 – 2010-11*

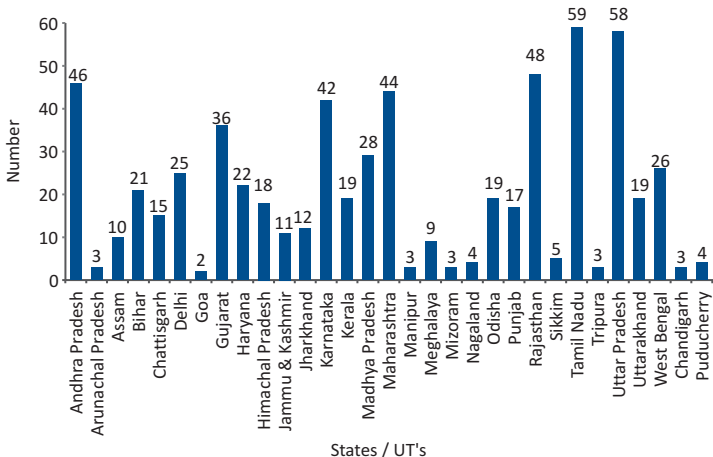


Type-wise Distribution of Degree awarding Universities / University Level Institutions : December, 2011

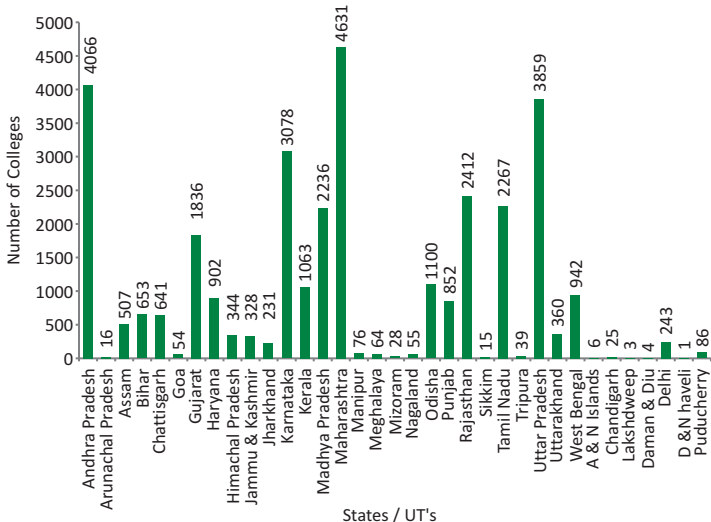


GROWTH OF HIGHER EDUCATION

State-wise Number of Universities / University Level Institutions in the Country (as on December, 2011)

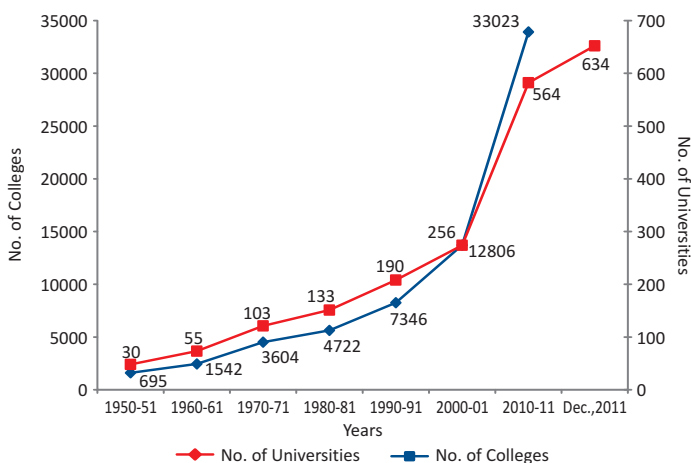


State-wise Number of Colleges 2010-11*



* Provisional

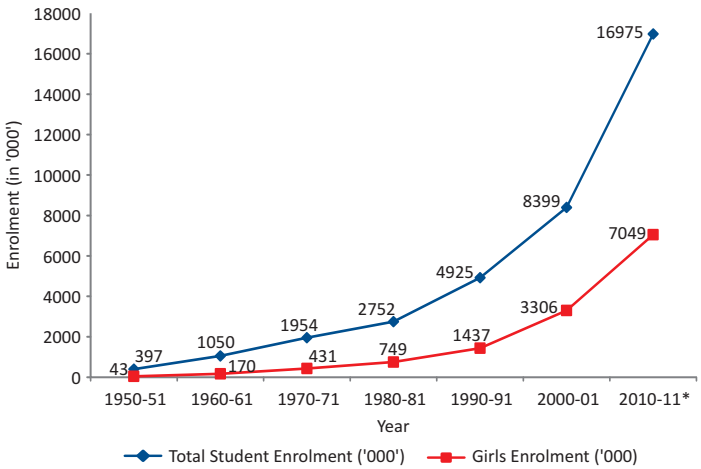
Growth of Higher Education Institutions



Source : MHRD / UGC

GROWTH OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Growth of Students Enrolment ('000') in Higher Education

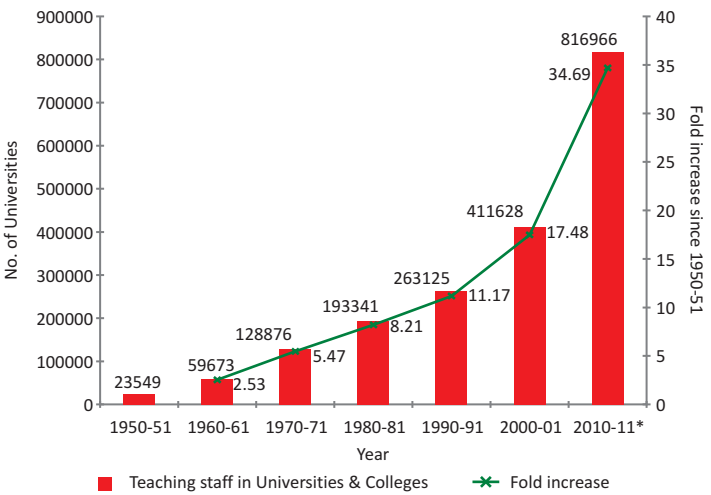


*Provisional

Source : MHRD for 1950-51 & 1960-61 and UGC for 1970-71 onwards

Coverage : Figures of students enrolment & teaching staff (1970-71 onwards) pertain to regular courses in Universities & Colleges (excluding Polytechnics, other Diploma awarding Institutions & Non-formal System of Higher Education)

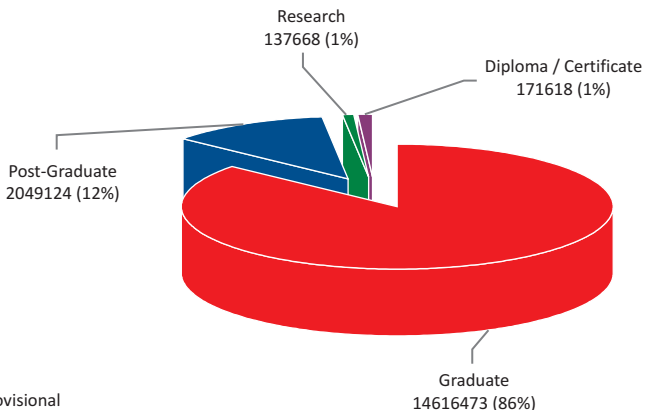
Growth of Teaching Staff in Universities and Colleges



* Provisional

Source : MHRD for 1950-51 & 1960-61 and UGC for 1970-71 onwards

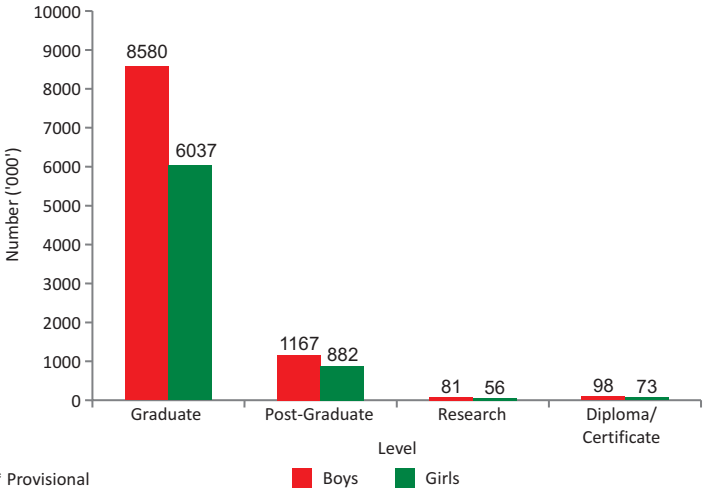
Students Enrolment by stages in Higher Education 2010-11*



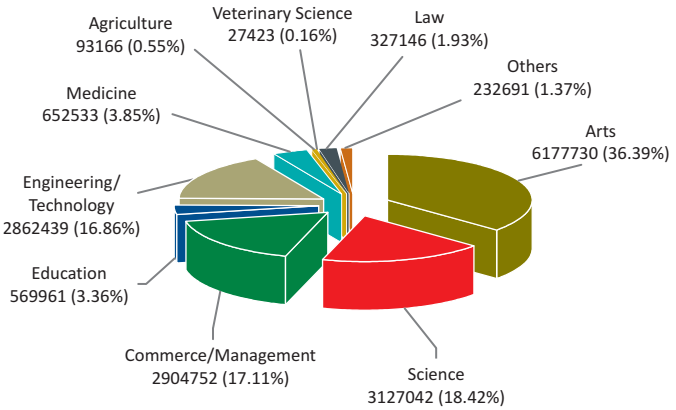
* Provisional

GROWTH OF HIGHER EDUCATION

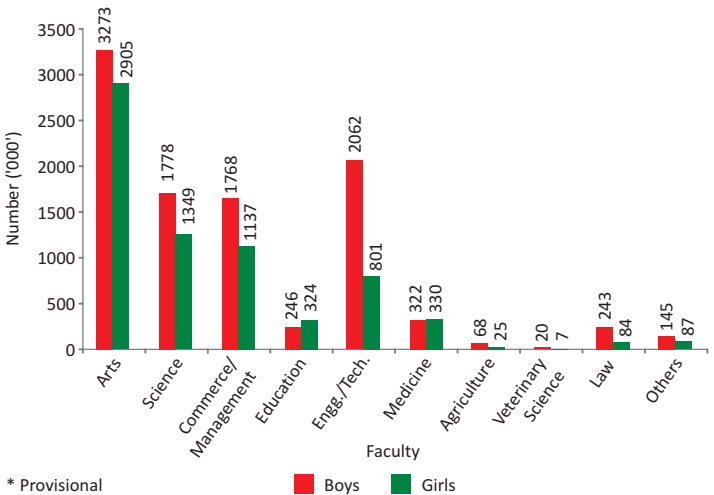
Level-wise Students Enrolment ('000') : Boys & Girls 2010-11*



Faculty-wise Students Enrolment in Higher Education 2010-11*

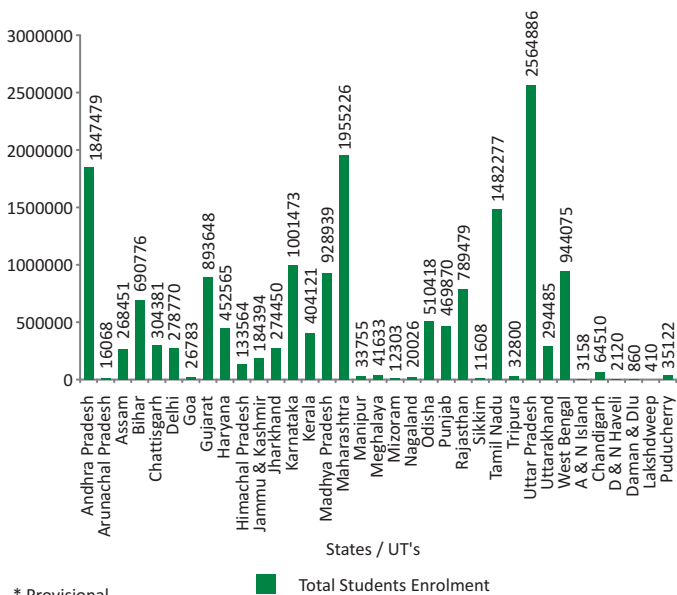


Faculty-wise Students Enrolment ('000') : Boys & Girls 2010-11*

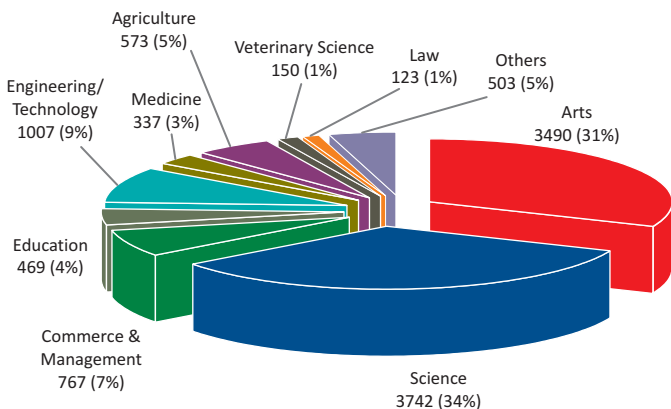


GROWTH OF HIGHER EDUCATION

State-wise Students Enrolment 2010-11*



Faculty-wise Doctorate Degrees (Ph.D.) awarded during 2009-10*



* Provisional (Data pertains to 305 Universities / University Level Institutions, out of 534)

Arts includes Humanities, Social Sciences, Languages etc.

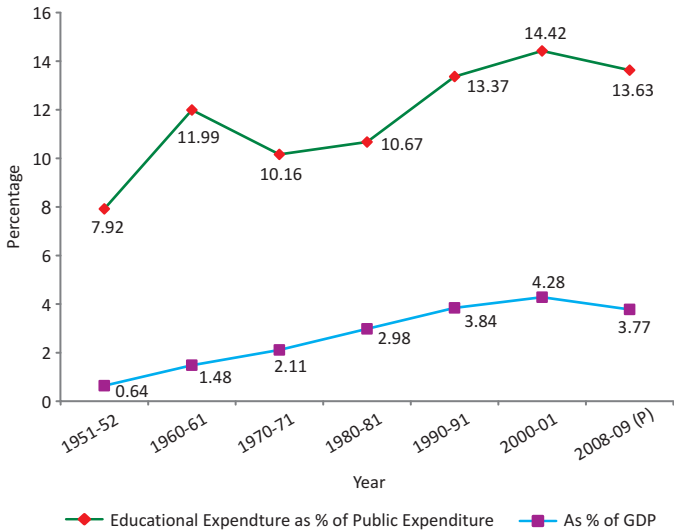
Science includes Basic Science, Home-Science, Computer Science and Computer Application.

Medicine includes Ayurveda, Dentistry, Homeopathy, Nursing, Pharmacy, Public Health/Social Preventive Medicine, Unani, Tibbia, Physiotherapy, Occupational Therapy and Siddha Medicine etc.

Others includes Library and Information Science, Fine Arts, Journalism & Mass Communication, Physical Education, Social Work, etc.

EXPENDITURE IN EDUCATION

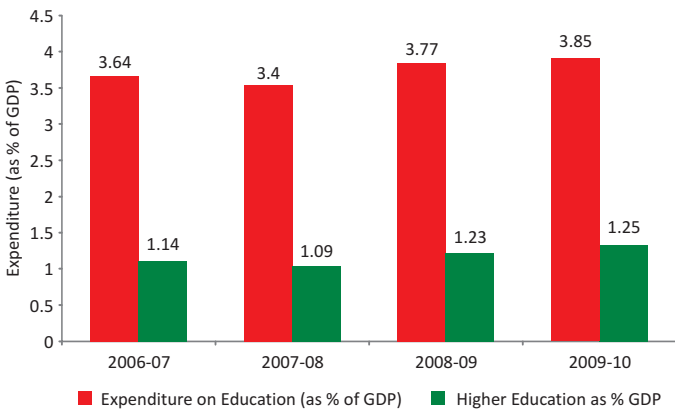
Educational Expenditure as % of Public Expenditure & GDP



(P) : Provisional estimates

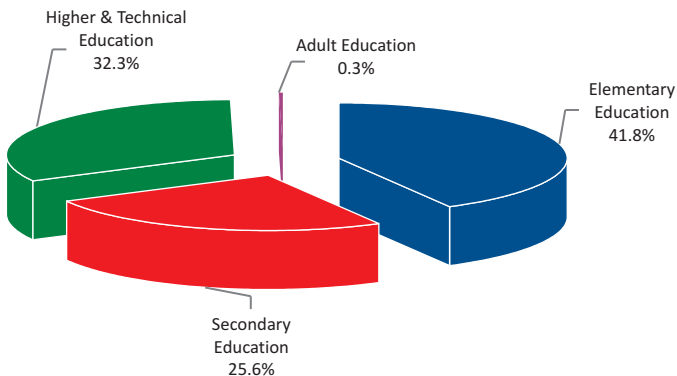
Source : Analysis of Budgeted Expenditure on Education, MHRD

Expenditure on Higher Education in India (As % of GDP)



Source : Analysis of Budgeted Expenditure on Education, MHRD

Public Expenditure on Education - Sector-wise (Estimated) : 2009-10



Source : Analysis of Budgeted Expenditure on Education, MHRD

UGC Interventions towards quality enhancement in higher education

Schemes exclusively meant for Universities

1. General development Assistance to Central, State and Deemed universities (Includes 16 merged schemes)
2. One time Catch up grants to Non-12B State Universities funded by State Governments
3. Operation 'Faculty Recharge': initiative for Augmenting the Research and Teaching Resources of Universities
4. Enhancing Faculty resources of Universities - ENCORE
5. Establishment of Rajiv Gandhi chairs in Universities
6. Academic Staff Colleges
7. Special Assistance Programme
8. Centres with Potential for Excellence in Particular Areas (Envisaged to identify 25 Universities during XI Plan)
9. Area Study Centers in Universities
10. Universities with Potential for Excellence
11. Establishing/Up gradation of Computer Centers
12. UGC-INFONET Connectivity Programme
13. UGC-INFONET Digital Library Consortium
14. Promotion of Yoga Education and Practice of Positive Health in Universities
15. Incentives for Resource Mobilization
16. Development Assistance for Up gradation of Existing and New Management Departments in Universities

Schemes meant exclusively for Colleges

17. Development Grant to Colleges (includes 14 merged schemes)
18. One-time Catch-up Grant to Uncovered (Non-12B) Colleges
19. Development Assistance to Colleges for the Construction of Buildings
20. Construction of Women's Hostel for Colleges
21. Establishment of New Model Degree Colleges in Educationally Backward Districts with Low (GER)
22. Faculty Development Programme for Colleges
23. Organizing Conferences/Workshops/Seminars in Colleges
24. Autonomous Colleges
25. Colleges with Potential for Excellence
26. Instrumentation Maintenance Facility (IMF) in Colleges
27. UGC-Network Resource Center (UGC-NRC) in Colleges
28. Jubilee, Centenary Grants to Colleges

Schemes meant for both Universities and Colleges

29. Providing additional assistance to Universities and 5,500 Colleges already covered under Section 12(B) of the UGC Act, 1956
30. Development of Women's Studies in Indian Universities and Colleges
31. Capacity Building for Women Managers in Higher Education
32. Establishment of Special Cells for SCs & STs in Universities/ Deemed to be Universities and Grant-in aid Institutions & IUCs receiving Central Assistance
33. Innovative Programmes
34. Setting Up of Media Centers/ Affiliated Media Centers
35. Career Oriented Courses in Universities and Colleges
36. Establishment and monitoring of the Internal Quality Assurance Cells (IQACs) in Higher Education Institutions (HEIs)
37. E-Content Development
38. Strengthening Social Science and Humanities Teaching and Research capacity
39. Research Fellowship in Humanities & Social Sciences Students
40. Development of Sports Infrastructure and Equipment in Universities and Colleges

41. Guidelines for Universities, Research Institutes and Colleges for Procurement, Storage, Usage and Disposal of Radioactive and other Hazardous materials/Chemicals
42. Epoch Making Social Thinkers of India
43. Human Rights and Values in Education
44. Lifelong Learning and Extension

Schemes meant for professional development of Faculty of Universities & Colleges and for recognition of Academics of eminence

45. Modified Guidelines for Post Graduate Merit Scholarship Scheme for University Rank Holders at Undergraduate Level
46. Research Fellowship in Science for Meritorious Students
47. Junior Research fellowship (JRF) in Sciences, Humanities and Social Sciences
48. Junior Research fellowship in Engineering and Technology
49. Junior Research fellowship (JRF) and Research Associateship (RA) for Foreign Nationals
50. Fellowship to M.Phil/Ph.D Scholars in Central Universities
51. Dr. S. Radhakrishnan Post Doctoral Fellowship (PDF) in Humanities and Sciences (including languages)
52. Dr. D.S. Kothari Post-Doctoral Fellowships in Sciences, Medical Sciences & Engineering Sciences
53. Post Doctoral Fellowship to Women Candidates
54. Post Graduate Indira Gandhi Scholarship Scheme for Single Girl Child
55. Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship for SC/ST Candidates
56. Emeritus Fellowship
57. Special Honorarium to teachers who are Fellows of at least two of the four Science Academies identified by UGC
58. Research Awards
59. Major Research Project
60. Minor Research Project
61. Incentivisation of Teachers, Subject/Discipline based Association for Organization of various Academic and Research Activities
62. Travel Grant Scheme for College Teachers/College Librarians/Vice Chancellors/Commission Members and UGC Officers
63. Appointment/ Honorarium of Guest/Part-Time Teachers

Details about Schemes are available on UGC website : www.ugc.ac.in

Regulatory Bodies

1. All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) (1987)
2. Bar Council of India (BCI) (1961)
3. Central Council of Homoeopathy (CCH) (1973)
4. Central Council of Indian Medicine (CCIM) (1970)
5. Council of Architecture (CoA) (1972)
6. Dental Council of India (DCI) (1948)
7. Distance Education Council (DEC) (1985)
8. Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)
9. Indian Nursing Council (INC) (1947)
10. Institute of Cost and Works Accountants of India (ICWAI) (1959)
11. Medical Council of India (MCI) (1956)
12. National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE) (1993)
13. Pharmacy Council of India (PCI) (1948)
14. Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI) (1992)
15. State Councils of Higher Education (SCHE)
16. University Grants Commission (UGC) (1956)
17. Veterinary Council of India (VCI) (1984)

Source : Respective Websites

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION



The University Grants Commission which came into existence on 28.12.1953 became a statutory body of Government of India by an Act of Parliament in 1956. The **Section 12** of the UGC Act provides that the Commission shall in consultation with the concerned universities, take all such steps as it may think fit for the promotion and coordination of university education and for the maintenance of standards in teaching, examination and research. For teaching and research, extension was added as the third dimension of education by the Commission.

The UGC serves as a vital link between the Union and State Governments and the institutions of higher learning. In addition to its role of giving grants to universities and colleges, the University Grants Commission also advises Central and State Governments on the measures necessary for the improvement of university education. It also frames regulations such as those on the minimum standards of instruction and qualifications of teachers on the advice of subject specialists and academicians with whom it frequently interacts in connection with the formulation, evaluation and monitoring of programmes.



ज्ञान-विज्ञान विमुक्तये

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