# REPORT

OF

# THE COMMITTEE

**FOR** 

# TRAINING IN EVALUATION



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PROGRAMME EVALUATION ORGANISATION
PLANNING COMMISSION
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NEW DELHI
1979

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D.O. No. PEO/10-6/78-TE

Chairman, Committee br Training in Evaluation

सचिव
योजना ग्रायोग
नई दिस्ली
Secretary
Planning Commission
New Delhi

October 10, 1979

Dear Prcfesor Lakdawala,

The Government of India appointed on June 23, 1978, a Committee for Training in Evaluation under the Chairmanship of Secretary, Panning Commission. The Committee finalised its report in its meeting held on September 6, 1979. I have great pleasure in submitting the Report of the Committee.

With kind egards,

Yours sincerely, Sd/-(S. S. Puri)

Professor DT. Lakdawala, Deputy Charman, Planning Commission, New Dehi- 10001.

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### CHAPTER 1

### INTRODUCTION

### Composition of the Committee

1.1. In pursuance of the recommendations of the Conference of the Heads of State Evaluation Organisations held in New Delhi November, 1977, the Government of India vide their O.M. No. PEO/10-6/77-TE, dated June 23, 1978 set up a Committee for Training in Evaluation under the chairmanship of Secretary, Planning Commission (Appendix I). Although the Committee was initially constituted for a period of six months, its tenure had to be extended until September 30, 1979 in view of the organisation of three experimental Regional Workshops for the Senior<sup>1</sup> level evaluation personnel and preparing the syllabus for the Supervisory<sup>2</sup> level personnel by a sub-committee. On his taking over as Secretary, Planning Commission from Dr. Ajit Mozoomdar, Shri S. S. Puri assumed the chairmanship of the Committee w.e.f. August 1, 1979. The Committee consisted of 20 members, but 3 of them showed their inability to work on it in view of their pre-occupation. An additional member, Dr. J. N. Mongia, was co-opted by the Chairman on September 13, 1978. The final composition of the Committee was follows:

#### Chairman

1. Shri S. S. Puri, Secretary, Planning Commission, New Delhi-110001. (in place of Dr. Ajit Mozoomdar, w.e.f. August 1, 1979).

<sup>1. &</sup>amp; 2. The evaluation personnel were functionally categorised as:

Senior level: Directors/Addl. Directors/Jt. Directors/Project Directors.

Supervisory level: Dy. Directors/Sr. Research Officers/Assistant Directors/Research Officers/Evaluation Officers.

Junior level: Investigators (I & II)/Statistical/Technical/Field/Research/Scientific Assistants/Analysts/Computors, etc.

### Members

- 2. Shri T. N. Chaturvedi, Director, Indian Institute of Public Administration, Indraprastha Estate, New Delhi-110002. (in place of Shri R. N. Haldipur).
- 3. Dr. C. H. Hanumantha Rao, Director, Institute of Economic Growth, University Enclave, Delhi-110007.
- 4. Shri H. M. Mathur, Joint Secretary (Training), Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms, North Block, New Delhi-110001.
- 5. Shri S. P. Bagla, Joint Secretary, Planning Commission, New Delhi-110001.
- 6. Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO), Planning Commission, New Delhi-110001.
- 7. Shri V. Venkatesan, Secretary to the Government, Department of Planning and Finance, Government of Maharashtra, Bombay.
- 8. Shri Prabhakar Ghate, Director (Evaluation and Training), Government of Uttar Pradesh, Kalakankar House, Lucknow.
- 9. Shri U. K. Kohli, Vice-President, Indian Society of Training and Development, New Delhi.
- 10. Shri G. Chidambaram, Director, Evaluation and Applied Research, Government of Tamil Nadu, Madras.
- 11. Dr. J. N. Mongia, Economic and Statistical Adviser, Government of Meghalaya, Shillong.
- 12. Shri K. K. Singh. Chairman, Public Systems & Policy Area, Administrative Staff College of India, Bela-vista, Hyderabad.
- 13. Prof. Nilkanth Rath, Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Pune (Maharashtra).
- 14. Prof. R. L. Pitale, Lal Bahadur Shastri National Academy of Administration, Mussoorie (U.P.). (in place of Prof. V. Gopalan, w.e.f. July 5, 1979).
- 15. Shri D. C. Datta, Joint Director, Field Operations Dlivision, National Sample Survey Organisation, R K. Puram, New Delhi-110022.

- 16. Dr S. K. Rau, Director-General, National Institute of Rural Development, Rajendranagar, Hyderabad-500030.
- 17. Dr. V. R. Gaikwad, Professor, Indian Institute of Management, Ahredabad.

### Convenor

18. Dr. B. N. Sahay, Joint Director, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Panning Commission, New Delhi-110001 (in place of Shri G. D. Singh, Dy. Adviser, w.e.f. June 4, 1979)

### Terms of Feterence

- 1.2 The Committee was assigned the following terms of reference:
  - 1. To assess the training needs of the personnel for manning the State and National Evaluation Organisations;
  - 2. To review the existing training arrangements in evaluation methodology;
  - 3. To suggest various types of courses to be organised, their contents including the range of disciplines, frequency, and duration;
  - 4. To suggest methods and techniques of training in relation to the courses;
  - 5. To identify suitable agencies for conducting various courses suggested under (3) above;
  - 6. To suggest the terms of deputation for the trainees;
  - 7. To suggest guidelines for the preparation of a Manual for Training; and
  - 8. To recommend measures for strengthening the agencies suggested under (5) above so as to enable them to undertake effectively the training tasks.

# Meetings Held

1.3. The Committee held three meetings in New Delhi on July 28, 1978; March 31, 1979, and September 6, 1979. As a result of

the deliberations of the first meeting, a sub-committee of five mem-1-bers; namely Sarvashri (1) R. N. Haldipur, (2) H. M. Mathur, (3) U. K. Kohli, (4) D. C. Datta, and (5) G. D. Singh (Convenor), was constituted to go into the syllabus for the training of the Super-visory level evaluation 'personnel, that is; Deputy Directors/Senior's Research Officers/Assistant Directors/Research Officers/Evaluation in Officers. The syllabus developed by the sub-committee was discusseded by the Committee in its second meeting. Since the training for these Supervisory level personnel was to be organised by the PEO in n collaboration with other research and training institutions, two meetings were held with the Director (Training), Department of Personnelel and Administrative Reforms in this connection.

- 1.4. Similarly, as per the recommendations, three experimental Regional Workshops were organised for the Senior level personnelel for the inter-change of ideas and experiences as also to facilitate thee finalisation of the training programme for this category. The firsts such Workshop was organised at Chandigarh (March 19—24, 1979)), the second in Madras (May 16—20, 1979), and the third at Gandhiinagar (June 25—30, 1979). These Workshops were attended by 96 participants from 11 State Governments, 3 Union Territories, and the Central PEO. This gave spurt to evaluation work in the participating States/Union Territories and paved way for a closer collatboration between the Centre and the States and also among the States's themselves.
- 1.5. In its third meeting in which the Committee adopted thue draft Report also decided that the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should take up the responsibility of coordinating thue training activities for the Junior level evaluation personnel, with thee State Evaluation Organisations. Based on their experience of oreganising training courses for this category of personnel, the Centraal PEO may develop a suitable syllabus for them.

# Main Chapters of the Report

1.6. The Report, as presented here in four Chapters, is a result of the deliberations of the Committee and its follow-up spread over a period of about a year. In the Chapter that follows, the importance of Training in Evaluation, over the plan period, in a historical period

pective, has been brought out. Chapter III entitled, 'Existing Training Arrangements' takes stock of the arrangements available to the evaluation personnel for their training. In Chapter IV, the Proposed Training Arrangements have been discussed, embodying the training needs and core recommendations of the Committee with regard to the training of different levels of evaluation personnel. Besides, the measures to be taken for strengthening the training agency(ies) have also been suggested in this Chapter. At the end, the 'Summary of Conclusions and Recommendations' have been placed.

### **Acknowledgements**

1.7. The Committee places on record its appreciation for the cooperation extended by the State Governments and the Union Territories in making the relevant information available to it. The Committee also expresses its gratefulness to the Chairman, Dr. Ajit Mozoomdar and his successor Shri S. S. Puri, for their valuable guidance. Thanks are due to Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO) for a closer supervision of the Committee's work and for finalising the Report. The work related to the follow-up of the deliberations of the various meetings of the Committee were looked after by its Convenor, Shri G. D. Singh and his successor Dr. B. N. Sahay. The responsibility of drafting and revision of the Report rested primarily with Dr. B. N. Sahay and his team consisting of Sarvashri B. L. Varma, O. N. Munshi, Ram Kishan and J. L. Kapoor. The Committee is also thankful to them. Last but not the least, the stenographic assistance received from Sarvashri Lalit Kumar and M. Ramankutty deserves special mention.

#### CHAPTER II

## TRAINING IN EVALUATION—A HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

### Concept of Evaluation

2.1. Evaluation is an assessment or judgement or appraisal of the value of a programme or a project. The assessment has to be made on the basis of the norms fixed for the programme. Evaluation aims at understanding the cause and effect relationship (valid), arriving at reasonable consistent conclusions (reliable), and is relevant to the objective and purpose. It should be acceptable to the persons concerned, definite enough to determine whether something has been achieved or not and reasonable to the extent it should be possible to accemplish. Although the purpose of evaluation may be immediate, short-term or long-term, its ultimate objective is continuous feedback (immediate, timely and continuous) for endless improvement. Evaluation does not fulfil its ultimate goal if there is no feed-back or if the feed-back is delayed.

# Importance of Evaluation

- 2.2. Realising the importance of evaluation in the planning process, it is accepted that plan formulation, plan administration, and plan evaluation go as a continuous planning process—interlinked, integrated, and in-built. Feed-back through evaluation results is an important requirement for assessing the performance, compare the intended with the actual operations, and use this information to guide the future line of action. The principle of feed-back is a requirement of all the self-governing and goal-seeking systems.
- 2.3. In view of the multi-dimensional nature of the problems connected with the socio-economic development programme vis-a-vis heterogenity in the rural population (including the various socio-economic levels), the quality of evaluation results depends upon the extent to which in-depth probing and analysis of the latent factors responsible for the successful implementation (or otherwise) of the

programmes have gone into. This would also mean going for different types of evaluation at different levels and stages of development so that continuous feed-back for necessary improvement in the planning and administration of the sociol economic development programmes is possible in time. While evaluating, the focal point would be to ascertain whether the programme could achieve what it intended to achieve. Thus, in terms of purpose of evaluation of socioleconomic development programmes, it is necessary to raise the four basic and pertinent questions:—

- 1. What to evaluate?
- 2. When to evaluate?
- 3. How to evaluate? and,
- 4. Who is to take up the work of evaluation?
- 2.4. The importance of evaluation for continuous feed-back in the planning process was realised as early as 1952 when the Programme Evaluation Organisation (PEO) was set up. Although in the beginning, the PEO was more concerned with the evaluation of the community development and other allied programmes, its role and scope widened over the plan periods. From the Third Five Year Plan, the PEO extended its activities to other rural development programmes. The importance of evaluation was further realised with the setting-up of evaluation machineries in the States during the Third and Fourth Five Year Plans. At present, evaluation organisations exist in one form or the other in almost every State in the country.

#### Evaluation Skill

2.5. Evaluation forms the very basis of decision-making for bringing about desirable changes. It has to be based on objective evidence and element of subjectivity must be avoided while interpreting and passing judgements. Better information for improvement is the keynote to an evaluation. From this point of view, evaluation involves an element of skill, the systematic and methodological acquisition of which provides an optimum efficiency to an evaluator. A sound training in evaluation may help to acquire specific skill and specialised knowledge necessary for the satisfactory performance of the job. Besides, the knowledge of the fundamental subject(s) (such as econo-

mics, sociology, statistics, and allied disciplines), an inter-disciplinary approach with good grounding in social science research methodology is essentially needed for the evaluation of the socio-economic development programmes. An evaluator, therefore, must have aadequate grip over the subject-matter under evaluation, be able to formulate the problem, delineate the objectives, frame the hypotheeses, determine the method of approach, develop a sound sampling dessign, select the most appropriate tools of data collection, scrutinise and process the data efficiently, analyse them objectively and scientifically, and adhere to the time schedule for enabling 'purposive' and 'timnely' feed-back.

2.6 The quality of evaluation largely depends upon the nature and type of training an evaluator has undergone and also his personal and professional qualities. Such qualities may include: scientific attittude; imagination and insight; perseverance; quick grasping power; claarity of thinking; good knowledge of the subject; uptodate knowledge of the techniques of research; aptitude for field research; familiaarity about the information; unbiased attitude; effective communication ability: planning and coordination competence; humility dynamism; managerial skill and knowledge of PERT/CPM, etc. These qualities, if lacking in an evaluator, can be developed by drawing; out his potentialities through a well thought-out regular training arrangement.

# Training in Evaluation through the Plans

2.7 Although the importance of training in evaluation has been realised over the plan periods, the Fourth and Fifth Five Year IPlans make a specific mention about it. In the sub-section on 'Training in Methods and Techniques of Economic Planning' of the Fourth Five Year Plan, it is suggested that the training programmes be organised to 'impart competence in the latest techniques of formulation, implementation and evaluation of Plan programmes and projects'. Similarly, in the Fifth Five Year Plan, the role of training in the plauning process has been high-lighted and the need for institutional and onthe-job training emphasised. It has been suggested to set-up the

<sup>3.</sup> Fourth Five Year Plan, Planning Commission, Government of India, New Dell 1, 1970.

training activities to ensure that the identified needs of the plan programmes are adequately met<sup>4</sup>. Besides the general recommendations in the Five Year Plans, the specific recommendations on training for evaluation can be noticed in the reports of the various Committees/Commissions/Study Teams/Working Groups, etc. Some of these deserve specific mention.

# Study Team of the Administrative Reforms Commission (ARC)

2.8 While emphasising the need for in-service training, this Study Team recommended in 1967, the creation of training cells in each department of the Government of India and in the States. Besides imparting actual training, such cells were also considered useful in the formulation and development of the training programmes, supervision of training arrangements, collection of data on training techniques and reading material, and liaison with the similar units in other government organisations. Making specific observations on activities of the plan evaluation, the Study Team also identified the work of the Programme Evaluation Organisation as 'current evaluation' and emphasised the importance of training in evaluation.

# Working Group on Evaluation in the States

2.9 While recommending the setting-up of the evaluation machineries in the States, the Working Group (Chairman—V.K.R.V. Rao) stressed the need for providing training facilities to the evaluation personnel. The Working Group particularly recommended the creation of a separate wing in the Programme Evaluation Organisation to operate a regular and round-the-year training programme in evaluation (of suitable duration) for personnel in the State Governments and other agencies.<sup>7</sup>

<sup>4.</sup> Draft Fifth Five Year Plan (Vol. I) Planning Commission. Government of India, New Delhi, 1973.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>. Conference on Training, Training Division, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 1969.

<sup>6.</sup> Report of the Study Team on Machinery for Planning (R. R. Morarka), Administrative Reforms Commission, Government of India, New Delhi, 1967.

<sup>7.</sup> Report of the Working Group on Evaluation in the States (V. K. R. V. Rao), Planning Commission, Government of India, New Delhi, 1964.

# Working Group on Training in Evaluation

- 2.10 Based mainly on the working paper prepared and circulated by the Programme Evaluation Organisation on Training in Evaluation and in the background of the recommendations of the Working Group on Evaluation in the States, the Working Group on Training in Evaluation (Chairman—S. R. Sen) strongly felt that there was a need for strengthening the Programme Evaluation Organisation adequately to undertake the responsibility of training of personnel in evaluatiom.<sup>8</sup>
- 2.11 The Group dwelt, at length, on the questions of training (on-the-job) the Junior and Senior level officers, duration and contents of the courses, techniques of training, infrastructural support, stipendls, T. A., etc., of the participants. The main recommendations made were:
  - 1. The duration of the training course for the Junior officers should be about 9 to 10 weeks:
  - 2. More emphasis should be given on statistical methods and techniques of evaluation in the course;
  - 3. Apart from lectures, group discussions should be arranged on aspects of Indian economy, society, planning, and on field projects;
  - 4. Arrangements for the stay of trainees may preferably be made at one place;
  - 5. Each trainee should be given a suitable stipend to cover his expenses while on training;
  - 6. 'On-the-job' training should be arranged for the senior officers. For this purpose, one or two supernumerary posts might be created at the level of SROs and selected senior officers appointed to the posts, each for a period of not less than four months and not more than six months at a time on deputation terms;
  - 7. In addition to on-the-job training for the selected few, it might be useful to organise syndicate type of training, for a period of two or three weeks at a time; and

<sup>\*</sup> Report of the Working Group on Training in Evaluation (S. R. Sen), Programme Evaluation Organisation, Planning Commission, Mimeographed, 1967.

8. The Programme Evaluation Organisation should be adequately strengthened to undertake the responsibility of arranging the course(s) for training. An officer of the level of Joint Director should be placed in full-time charge of the programme. He may be assisted by a Senior Research Officer and two Assistants.

First Conference of the Heads of State Evaluation Organisations

2.12 In view of the increased importance of evaluation, the Programme Evaluation Organisation, Planning Commission, held a Conference of the Heads of State Evaluation Organisations in November, 1977 in New Delhi. Although the purpose of the Conference was to re-inforce the role that the evaluation had to play in the planning process and to improve the evaluation system, it made a number of important recommendations, including the setting-up of the present Committee for Training in Evaluation.

#### CHAPTER III

### EXISTING TRAINING ARRANGEMENTS

3.1 To know the existing training arrangements for the evvaluation personnel, some background information was sought from the State Evaluation Organisations. The response from the States in this regard was encouraging.

## Existing Training Arrangements

3.2 Information received from 21 States and 3 Union Territories revealed that training facilities for the evaluation personnel were llacking in most of the States. Only Gujarat and West Bengal reported the availability of training facilities, and that too, for their Junior llevel staff. Other States/Union Territories had no training facilities at all. The States were generally deputing their staff for training to IProgramme Evaluation Organisation, New Delhi and to other research institutions.

# At the Programme Evaluation Organisation

3.3 The Programme Evaluation Organisation has been extending ad hoc training facilities in the methods and techniques of evaluation, to the officials as and when nominated by the State Governments and other Central Ministries and Departments since 1962. The regular courses for the Supervisory and Junior level personnel were, however, organised since 1968, after the recommendations of S. R. Sen Working Group on Training in Evaluation (1967). A Training Cell with a Joint Director<sup>9</sup>, a Deputy Director<sup>10</sup> and two Assistants was created. With these limited resources, the Programme Evaluation Organisation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> As a result of the recommendations of the Internal Reorganisation Committee of the Planning Commission (B. Venkatappiah—1971), the post of Jt. Director (Training) was abolished in 1973 and the functions were merged with Jt. Director (Statistics & Coordination).

<sup>19.</sup> The post of Dy. Director (Training) was surrendered as a result of the recommendations of the Staff Inspection Unit of the Ministry of Finance.

could organise only five training courses of 9 weeks' duration each for the Supervisory level officers of the State Governments, besides training the Junior level staff of the Programme Evaluation Organisation, the I.E.S. probationers, and officers from other countries like U.A.R. (1969), Malaysia (1970, 1971, and 1972), Philippines (1971), Sweden (1971). Nigeria (1972), and Nepal (1974-75).

3.4 The details of the five training courses organised for the Supervisory level officers are as follows:

TABLE 3.1 Training Courses organised for the Supervisory level officers by the Programme Evaluation Organisation, 1968-72.

Course No.	Period			No. of	Coming	Coming from			
_	_			partici- pants	States	Unic Terr torie	i-		
				3	4		5		
Ι.	20-5-1968 to 27-7-1968				12	9	ı		
2.	20-2-1969 to 26-4-1969				10	6	I		
3.	23-2-1970 to 28-4-1970			. 1	15	10	3		
4.	13-10-1970 to 10-12-1970				1 I	9			
5.	23-10-1972 to 23-12-1972				12	8	I		

3.5 The Programme Evaluation Organisation has not been able to organise any further course for the Superviory level staff after 1972, though there have been persistent demands from the States for the organisation of such courses. However, a few Supervisory level personnel could participate in the three Regional Workshops recently organised, in the year 1979, as a result of the recommendations of the Committee.

### At the Institutions

3.6 Evaluation personnel were also reported to be sent by a few States to various institutions like the Institute of Economic Growth, the Institute of Public Administration, the Indian Institute of Manage-

ment, the Bureaux of Economics and Statistics, the National Institute of Rural Development, the Central Statistical Organisation, the Inclian Society for Training and Development, the Administrative Training Institute, and the Institute for Financial Management and Research. However, it was felt that the courses organised by these institutions were of general nature and were not suited to the present needs of the evaluation personnel, specially in view of their job requirements.

3.7 Thus, we find that the existing training arrangements for the evaluation personnel are far from satisfactory in almost all the States and the Union Territories.

### CHAPTER IV

### TRAINING NEEDS AND ARRANGEMENTS PROPOSED

# Training Needs of Evaluation Personnel

- 4.1 There is an urgent need to train the evaluation personnel and provide them with necessary evaluation skills in the interest of improvement of the quality of evaluation and its timely feed-back to the planning process. In this connection, it was considered necessary to obtain information about the various categories of evaluation personnel engaged in the State Evaluation Organisations and at the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation.
- 4.2 Although the Working Group on Evaluation in the States (1964) recommended a uniform evaluation machinery in the States comprising of a Director, two Deputy Directors, one Assistant Director, three Research Assistants, six Investigators, six Computors, and three to six field units, the information received from different States and the Union Territories gave a diverse picture. This gets reflected in the table that follows:

TABLE 4.1 Personnel engaged in the State Evaluation Organisations by category

Secretary TD			Personnel	engaged by	category		
State/U.T.			Senior level	Supervi- sory level	Junior level	Total	
1			2	3	4	5	
State							
1. Andhra Pradesh		4	ĭ	ĭ	2	4	
2. Assam	٠		I	10	31	29	
3. Bihar	•		1	13	58	72	

	I				2	3	4	5
4.	Gujarat .			•	τ	6	43	50
5	Haryana.				t	6	19	26
6.	Himachal Pradesh			0.0	•••	ı	4	5
7.	Jammu & Kashmi	ir .	•		τ	8	8	17
8.	Karnataka				1	11	81	30
9.	Kerala				I	11	21	<b>3</b> 3
10.	Madhya Pradesh				• • •	2	23	25
11.	Maharashtra				I	10	43	54
12.	Manipur .					ľ	11	12
13.	Meghalaya .			(e)		3	3	6
14.	Nagaland			i.		3	7	10
15.	Orissa .			1.	1	9	22	32
16.	Punjab		•		I	3	13	17
17.	Rajasthan .				1	25	79	105
18.	Tamil Nadu				I	12	19	32
19.	Tripura .		- 2		_	2	17	19
20,	Uttar Pradesh				I	9	35	45
21.	West Bengal .				I	11	28	40
Unio	on Territory							
22.	Delhi					I	8	9
¥3·	Goa, Daman & I	Diu			**	I	12	13
24.	Pondicherry .					1	3	4
	Total	Q	4		15	160	514	68 <sub>0</sub>

Senior level: Director/Additional Director/Joint Director/Project Director, etc.

Supervisory level: Deputy Director/Senior Research Officer/Assistant Director/
Research Officer, etc.

Junior level Investigator/Technical Assistant/Research Assistant/Statistical Assosistant/Cuputor/Field Assistant/Junior Statistical Supervisor/Analysi, etc.

4.3 The above table reveals that 689 evaluation personnel are engaged in the State Evaluation Organisations. A total all-India picture of the evaluation personnel emerges only when the personnel engaged in the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation are also taken into account. This is reflected from the following table:—

TABLE 4.2 Personnel engaged in the Central PEO and State Evaluation Organisations

Control DEO	/C	0.	rræ.		Personnel	engaged by	category	
Gentral PEO/States & U.Ts.				Senior level	Super- visory level	Junior level	Total	
I					2	3	4	5
Central PEO		·			8	51	120	179
States/UTs	٠	•		 •	15	160	514	689
Total				Train.	23	211	634	868

- 4.4 From the above table it is observed that there are, in all, 868 evaluation personnel engaged in the State Evaluation Organisations and the Central PEO throughout the country. Of these, 23 are Senior, 211 are Supervisory, and 634 are Junior levels.
- 4.5 A majority of the State evaluation machineries are engaged in carrying out evaluation studies only. However, in a few States, these are also engaged in the work of monitoring, appraisal, plan formulation, etc. (Table 4.3).

TABLE 4-3 Evaluation Machinery in the States Union Territories.

State/U.T.	Name of the Evaluation Organisation/Machinery	Department to which attached	Year when set up	Main functions	
	and the second s			of the second	
I	2	3	4	5	
State				7 70 7 7	
1. Andhra Pradesh	. Evaluation Wing	Finance and Planning De- partment (Planning Wing)	1961	Evaluation	
2. Assam	. Directorate of Evaluation and Monitoring	Planning and Development Department,	1965	Evaluation and Mo- nitoring.	18
3. Bihar	Directorate of Statistics and Evaluation,	Planning Department.	1964	Evaluation.	
4. Gujarat	. Directorate of Evaluation	Planning Department	1965	Evaluation.	
5. Haryana	Evaluation Unit	Economics and Statistics Organisation.	1964	Evaluation.	
6. Himachal Pradesh	. Evaluation Cell	Planning Department .	1972	Evaluation and Pro- ject Appraisal.	
7. Jammu & Kashmir	. Directorate of Evaluation and Statistics,	Planning and Development Department.	1965	Evaluation,	
8. Kacnataka	. Directorate of Evaluation	Planning Department	1964	Evaluation	
9. Kerala	. Evaluation Division	Planning Department	1969	Evaluation and Plan Formulation.	

11. Maharashtra	10. Madhya Prad	lesh		Evaluation and Plan Progress Unit.	Directorate of Economics and Statistics.	1964	Evaluation.
13. Meghalaya Evaluation Cell Directorate of Economics and Statistics.  14. Nagaland Planning and Co-ordination Department.  15. Otissa Evaluation Organisation Planning and Co-ordination Department.  16. Punjab Evaluation Unit Economics and Statistics Organisation.  17. Rajasthan Evaluation Organisation Planning Department 1960 Evaluation.  18. Tamil Nadu Evaluation and Applied Research Department.  19. Tripura Evaluation Unit Directorate of Statistics and Evaluation.  20. Uttar Pradesh Evaluation and Training Division.  21. West Bengal Directorate of Evaluation and Development and Planning Department.  1966 Evaluation and Training Division.  22. Delhi Evaluation Cell Planning Department 1966 Evaluation and Monitoring.	11, Maharashtra		÷			1959	
Statistics.  14. Nagaland Evaluation Unit Planning and Co-ordination Department.  15. Orissa Evaluation Organisation Planning and Co-ordination Department.  16. Punjab Evaluation Unit Economics and Statistics Organisation.  17. Rajasthan Evaluation Organisation Planning Department 1960 Evaluation.  18. Tamil Nadu Evaluation and Applied Research Department.  19. Tripura Evaluation Unit Directorate of Statistics and Evaluation.  19. Uttar Pradesh Evaluation and Training Division.  20. Uttar Pradesh Department Directorate of Evaluation and Planning Department Departmen	12. Manipur .			Evaluation Unit	Department of Statistics	1967	Evaluation,
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ganisation.  17. Rajasthan Evaluation Organisation Planning Department 1960 Evaluation.  18. Tamil Nadu Evaluation and Applied Rescarch Department.  19. Tripura Evaluation Unit Directorate of Statistics and Evaluation.  20. Uttar Pradesh Evaluation and Training Division.  21. West Bengal Directorate of Evaluation and Monitoring.  22. Delhi Evaluation Cell Planning Department 1966 Evaluation and Monitoring Department 1966 Evaluation.	15. Orissa	•		Evaluation Organisation		1961	Evaluation.
18. Tamil Nadu Evaluation and Applied Research Department.  19. Tripura Evaluation and Project Appraisal.  19. Tripura Directorate of Statistics and Evaluation.  20. Uttar Pradesh Evaluation and Training Division.  21. West Bengal Directorate of Evaluation and Development and Planning Department.  22. Delhi Evaluation Cell Planning Department 1966 Evaluation and Monitoring.	16. Punjab			Evaluation Unit		1964	Evaluation,
search Department.  19. Tripura . Evaluation Unit . Directorate of Statistics and Evaluation.  20. Uttar Pradesh . Evaluation and Training Division.  21. West Bengal . Directorate of Evaluation and Monitoring.  22. Delhi . Evaluation Cell . Planning Department . 1965 Evaluation and Monitoring Department . 1966 Evaluation Department . 1966 Evaluation Department . 1966 Eval	17. Rajasthan			Evaluation Organisation .	Planning Department	1960	Evaluation.
Evaluation.  20. Uttar Pradesh . Evaluation and Training Division.  Planning Department . 1965 Evaluation and Training.  21. West Bengal . Directorate of Evaluation and Development and Planning Monitoring.  Department.  Union Territory  22. Delhi . Evaluation Cell . Planning Department . 1966 Evaluation and Mo-	18. Tamil Nadu	•	•		Finance Department	1971	
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22. Delhi Evaluation Cell Planning Department . 1966 Evaluation and Mo-	21. West Bengal					1966	Evaluation.
	Union Territory						
	22. Delhi			Evaluation Cell	Planning Department	1966	

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4.6 Being convinced of the training needs of the various categories of personnel engaged in the work of evaluation, it is necessary to evolve suitable training strategies so that the right type of training may be imparted in the interest of the quality of evaluation. There is ample scope for improvement in the skill needed in designing, field work, tabulation, analysis and interpretation, and reporting which are *sine-qua-non* for an evaluation enquiry.

### Proposed Training Arrangements

- 4.7 With a view to evolving suitable training strategies to upgrade the skills in evaluation, various aspects were deliberated. These include: (1) type of courses to be organised including their frequency and duration; (2) methods and techniques of training to be followed; (3) locating suitable agency(ies) for organising the training courses; (4) laying down terms of deputation for the trainees; (5) preparation of a manual for training; and (6) strengthening of the training machinery. The recommendations regarding the training of Senior, Supervisory, and Junior level evaluation personnel are detailed out in the paragraphs that follow.
- 4.8 The training of the Senior and Supervisory level evaluation personnel should primarily be the responsibility of the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation. For training the Junior level evaluation personnel also, it was suggested that the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should take up the responsibility of coordinating the training activities with the State Evaluation Organisations and develop suitable syllabus for them. On the other hand, the State Evaluation Organisations may take the necessary guidance and support from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation in organising and planning the courses.
- 4.9 The training arrangements for different levels of evaluation personnel are mentioned hereafter:
- Training Arrangements for the Senior Level Personnel (Director| Additional Director| Joint Director| Deputy Adviser| Project Director)
- 4.10 The Senior evaluation personnel are responsible for selecting the subjects of evaluation, directing the field investigations, and

reporting the findings to the government. The quality of an evaluation report largely hinges on the quality of this category of personnel. With a view to having positive experience of their specific needs, it was proposed that the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should organise three experimental workshops for the mutual exchange of ideas and experiences amongst the Senior level evaluation personnel. Accordingly, three regional Workshops were organised at Chandigarh (March 19-24, 1979), Madras May 16-20, 1979), and Gandhinagar (June 25-30, 1979) in which 96 participants from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation, 11 State Governments, and 3 Union Territories had attended. The proceedings of these three Workshops, including the programme contents are given in Appendixes II. III and IV. The course contents that emerge from the Workshops are as follow:

Course Contents for Senior Level	Puration (Hours)
Introductory—highlighting the current evaluation problems	**
2. Discussion on the design, methodology, and findings of six selected Evaluation Reports on different aspects of rural development from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation and the participating State Evaluation Organisations	
3. Special lectures-cum-discussion related to the theories and concepts of evaluative rural development, etc., such as:	15
(a) Role of evaluation in the planning process;	
(b) Conceptual and methodological issues of a sound evaluation system;	
(c) Evaluation and monitoring of Plan Programmes;	
(d) Evaluation and feed-back;	
(c) Estimational surveys and evaluation	
(f) Cost-benefit analysis:	
(g) Social development and not social welfare - a planning strates	rvi
(h) Formulation of state plans:	

Couse Contents for Senior Level				Duration (Hours)
<ul><li>(i) Coordination of evaluation work betwee</li><li>(i) Othes (Approach and methodology of</li></ul>			ξ 1:O	
4 Field visits)		•		9
5. Evaluation of the workshop and conclusion				3
				48 hrs. or 8 days.

- 4.11 Frquency: Five regional Workshop per year may be organised for the Senior level personnel for a group of 5 to 6 States Thi should be a continuous feature of evaluation work in These Workshops would generate awareness and recognition o evaluation work in the States concerned. Thus, a good evaluation invironment would be built up. The course contents for the second ound of regional Workshops should include actual exercise on the development of an evaluation design by each participant tepic/project/programme/scheme which is likely to taken up for evaluation by him/his organisation (Appendix IV, para 6). The tesign should include; formulation of the problem delineation of he overall and specific objectives, framing of the hypotheses, determining the method of approach and focus, developing a sampling dsign, and selecting the appropriate tools of data collection. This would go a long way in providing better evaluation planning and consequent direction. In view of this, emphasis of the theoretical and conceptual lectures and discussion on the completed evaluation reports would have to be suitably lessened in view of the 8-day duration of the Workshop.
- 4.12 Terns of Deputation: The participants of the Workshop would be trated as on tour and would draw their TA/DA, etc., from their espective Governments as per rules. The non-official guest lectures, if invited, would be paid an honorarium of Rs. 100/-per lecture, pesides TA/DA.

Training Arrangements for the Supervisory Level Personnel (Deputy Director/Senior Research Officer/Assistant Director/Research Officer/Evaluation Officer)

- 4.13 The PEO had, in the past, trained over the period, the Supervisory level personnel. Based on this experience, the PEO should continue organising training courses for this category of personnel. Furthermore, the training programmes should also be organised, in course of time, on a regional basis at the suitable training and research institutes, such as the Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi; Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad; National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad; Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Pune; Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi; Lal Bahadur Shastri National Academy of Administration, Mussoorie, etc.; in collaboration with the Training Division of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms in the Government of India.
  - 4.14 As already discussed, in the meeting held on July 28, 1978, a sub-committee of five members was appointed to go into details of the syllabus for the Supervisory level personnel to be organised by the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation. The syllabus designed by the sub-committee was discussed in the next meeting held on March 31, 1979. This syllabus which was designed to orient the Superviory level personnel in the planning process, acquaint them with the latest techniques of evaluation, and upgrade their evaluation skill, has the following course contents:

Course Contents for Supervisory Level		Duration (Hours)
Introductory		5
Highlighting the current evaluation problems and discussion on the expectations of the participants from the course.		
2. Lecture-Cum-Discussion		47 Total (a) to (f)
a) Planning of an evaluation enquity and grouping of programmes/ projects in terms of the nature of objectives to be achieved; knowledge about	15	

Duration (Hours)

the contents of the programme/project and administrative and organisational arrangement of the objectives; choice of methodology dependent on the characteristics of the programme; determining the objectives of the study and linking these with the methodology to be followed for conducting the study; sampling design and evolving various instruments of observation (schedules, questionnaire, guide points, instructions, etc.); interview/observation techniques; analysis and interpretation.

(b) Measurement of levels of living and measurement of impact of programme/project on employment and income distribution:

Choice of indicators of measurement; sources of data for indicators of measurement; impact of the programme/project on yield, pattern of income distribution; extent of additional employment provided directly and indirectly; changes in attitudes and social relations.

(c) Benefit/Cost\_analysis:

Target group approach (use of shadow prices, estimating direct project cost, estimating direct project benefit, indirect benefits and costs, non-quantifiable effects); estimating project effects outside the target group; criteria of project attractivity (benefit/cost-ratio, internal rate of return or net present value); and sensitivity analysis.

(A case study will be presented to illustrate methodology followed in benefit/cost analysis).

(d) Implementation of planning, monitoring and information system:

Detailed planning for the implementation of projects/programmes in terms of their input requirements such as manpower, materials, equipment and finance in relation to their time schedules of completion and physical targets; reporting and information systems and monitoring of actual progress in relation to targets and identification of shortfalls and action areas.

(e) Use of computer in data processing:

The participants will have a round of the Computer Services Division. They will be told

5

5

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Course Contents for a upervisory Level	Duration (Hours)	
about data preparation (card design preparation, punching and verification of data, range checking of codes, etc.) and programming for different tables tanalysis of the problem, programming and actual execution of the programme on the machines).		
(f) Others:	12	
Coordination; joint studies; feed-back and follow-up; characteristics of rural/tribal economy/society; evaluation and planning process, etc.		
3. Practical/Field work/Report writing		72 Total (a) to (c
(a) Designing of an evaluation study by each participant and discussion	24	,, <b>(</b>
(b) Field work/data collection	24	
(c) Tabulation/analysis/interpretation and Report writing.	24	
4. Presentation and discussion on Individual Reports	15	
5. Evaluation of the Course and Conclusion	5	hours
	•	or days/4 week

- 4.15 It will be seen that the course contents of the supervisory level personnel is more comprehensive as compared to the Senior level. This is because of the recognition of the fact that the supervisory level personnel in the State Evaluation Organisations have not received adequate exposure to evaluation methods and techniques. Their exchange of experience with the fellow-participants from other States is also very limited. They will also be given practical assignment to develop an evaluation design for a selected study.
- 4.16 Depending upon the training needs, planning priorities, and evaluation requirements, the contents of the course(s) may be suitably adjusted/modified.
- 4.17 Frequency.—Three such basic courses be organised per year with 30 to 35 participants in each course for four weeks' duration to enable all the 211 Supervisory level evaluation personnel to avail of this facility in about two years. In this regard, some preli-

minaries have already been worked out with the Training Division of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms. Two weeks of refresher/study/inter-disciplinary courses, etc., (Appendix V) may have to be organised for those who have undergone the above basic course.

4.18 Terms of Deputation.—The participants would be governed by their respective State Governments' rules with regard to their TA/DA, etc. For other facilities like boarding, lodging, etc., they should be guided by the existing rules of the Training Division of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms. The honorarium for the guest speakers faculty for the course and their TA/DA, if any, should also be paid as per the rules of the Training Division of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms.

Training Arragements for the Junior Level Personnel (Investigator|Technical|Research|Field|Statistical Assisant|Junior Statistical Supervisor|Analyst|Computor)

4.19. The field investigators are important functionaries in evaluation work, as the quality of evaluation reports depends largely upon the quality of the data collected by them. The Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should take up the responsibility of coordinating the training activities of this category of personnel with the State Evaluation Organisations. The State Evaluation Organisations may take the necessary guidance and support from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation. Based on their experience of organising the training courses for this category of personnel, the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation has developed a syllabus for their job course with the following contents:

Course Contents for Junior Level

D tration (Hours)

#### 1. Introductory

Highlighting the role and importance of evaluation as a planning process as also the use of primary/field data in evaluating the socio-economic development programmes/projects. Expectations of participants from the course.

contd.

Course Contents for Junior Level		Duration (Hours)
2. Lecture-Cum-Discussion		46 Total (a) to (t)
(a) The planning process	2	• • • • • • •
(b) Genesis, philosophy, concept, and objectives of evaluation	2	
(c) Evaluation and feed-back	2	
(d) Evaluation steps	2	
(e) Evaluation types and approaches	2	
(f) Characteristics of Indian rural society and its change	4	
(g) Characteristics of Indian rural economy and its change	4	
(h) Sampling techniques—sampling and non-sampling errors	2	
(i) Measures of Central tendencies	2	
(j) Measures of dispersion and correlation	2	
(k) Houselisting (0·1) and selection frame (0·2)	2	
(1) Interviewing is an art—rapport/natural personal identification—types of interview—guide points for qualitative assessment.	2	
(m) Observation_participant and non-participant	2	
(n) Schedules and questionnaire as tools of data collection,	2	
(o) Field canvassing of various instruments of observation	. 2	
(p) Scrutiny and editing of instruments—checking up of the internal consistencies	2	
(q) Tabulation plan and processing of qualitative and quantitative information	2	
(r) Analysis and interpretation	2	
(s) Drafting of an evaluation report	2	
(t) Others	4	

Course Contents for Junior Level		¡Jura:::on ( <b>Ho</b> urs)
3. Field Work Placement		72 Total (a) to (c)
(a) Developing a short evaluation study and its instruments (with the help of Faculty)	24	
(b) Field work/data collection	24	
(c) Tabulation/analysis and interpretation	24	
4. Discussion on Field Work		15
5. Evaluation of the Course and Conclusion		5
		144 hrs.
		24 days/4 weeks.

- 4.20 The above course contents for the Junior level evaluation personnel are closely linked with their job-requirements and contain both theoretical and practical imputs. However, depending upon the training needs and evaluation requirements, the course contents may suitably be adjusted.
- 4.21 Information collected from the various States and the Union Territories indicate that only two States, viz., Gujarat and West Bengal had certain training facilities for their Junior level personnel. In view of this, it may be worthwhile to take advantage of the existing arrangements and develop a workable training strategy at the regional level for a group of States, particularly where the number of investigators in a State is small. Based on the data collected, it appears that as many as 634 Junior level personnel would require to undergo such training. The training programme for them should be phased in such a manuer that their entire number is covered in the next five years.

- 4.22. Frequency: Five job courses be organised per year for a group of 25 to 30 participants from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation and the State Evaluation Organisations. One to two weeks of reorientation|study courses (Appendix-V) may be organised for those who have undergone the above job course.
- 4.23 Terms of Deputation: The participants would be governed by their respective State Governments' rules, with regard to their TA/DA, etc. The honorarium for the guest speakers/faculty and their TA/DA, etc., be paid as per the rules of the Training Division of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms.

# Preparation of a Manual for Training

4.24 Although the idea of preparing a Manual for Training in Evaluation is laudable, it would be better if such a Manual is prepared after the above courses are given a fair trial. The question may be taken up at a more appropriate time when sufficient experience of conducting various training courses is attained.

# Measures for Strengthening the Training Agency

- 4.25 In view of the expectations from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation regarding the organisation of the training programmes for the various levels of evaluation personnel, documentation and editing of the evaluation reports, assessment/reassessment of the training needs, coordination with the State Evaluation Organisations, etc., suitable strengthening of the Training Division of the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation is required. The Training Division should be headed by a fairly senior officer of the rank of a Director (Rs. 1800—2250) so that he can develop the evaluation training work at the Centre and in the States on almost a campaign manner. He will be overall incharge of the Training Division and be responsible for coordinating the activities of five different cells—each under the charge of a Senior Training Specialist.
- 4.26 In the light of the above broad functions, namely; training, research, coordination, and editorial it is necessary to take a pragmatic view of the situation and to have five cells/branches, i.e., (1) Training of Senior Level; (2) Training of Supervisory Level; (3)

Training of Junior Level; (4) Evaluation Methods and Techniques; and (5) Documentation and Editing. Each cell/branch will be led by a Senior Training Specialist (Rs. 1200—1600) and assisted by a Training Specialist (Rs. 700—1300) and two Technical Assistants—one senior and one junior (Rs. 550—900/425—700); besides a supporting staff of one Section Officer (Rs. 650—1200), one Assistant (Rs. 425—800), and two Clerk-cum-typists (Rs. 260—400) for the Training Division as a whole.

- 4.27 The first three cells/branches would be responsible organising regional workshops and training courses (in all, 13 per year) for the Senior, Supervisory, and Junior level evaluation person-This would also include coordination with the concerned Departments/Ministries of the Central and State Governments. State Evaluation Organisations, Training and Research Institutes, etc., and preparation of background material for each Workshop/Course. Besides, a scientific assessment/reassessment of training needs and developing syllabi for the refresher/study/interdisciplinary courses (for the second round of training for those who have undergone the basic job course training) will also be taken up by these cells branches. They will act as regular faculty for the different courses organised during the year and be associated with the evaluation studies of the socio-economic development programmes. The fourth cell on Methods and Techniques of Evaluation will be responsible for covering the theoretical lectures on methodology and other methodological exercises related to the preparation of evaluation design, field work, processing of data, and report writing as envisaged in the various courses. In course of time, it will be able to prepare a Manual for Training in Evaluation. The fifth cell/branch, namely, Documentation and Editing, will be responsible for editing the reports prepared by the participants of the various courses. It will also act as a clearing house for the evaluation material and document the evaluation reports brought out by the Central and the State Evaluation Organisations, etc., besides bringing out the Newsletter/Journal.
  - 4.28 In the light of the facts stated above, the manpower requirement (including academic qualifications, experience, etc.) of the

Training Division of the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation will be as follows:

Manpower requirement for the Training Division of Central Programme Evaluation Organisation

Category	No.	Academic qualifications, experience, etc.
1	2	3
1. Director	ī	A Ph.D. degree in social science, with 10/12 years experience in organising training courses and adequate background of evaluation/research/training techniques and administration.
2. Senior Training Specialist	(One each for Training of Senior level/Training of Supervisory level/Training of Junior level/Evaluation methods/Documentation and Editing).	A good post-graduate degree in social science, with 8 years experience evaluation/research. Background of conducting training courses would be desirable. For the post of Scnior Training Specialist on Methods and Techniques, a Ph.D. degree would be preferable.
3. Training Specialist	5	A good post-graduate degree in social science, with 5 years of evaluation/research experience. Background of conducting training courses would be preferable.
4. Technical Assistant	(Senior) 5 (junior)	A post-graduate degree in social science, with 3 years experience in evaluation/research/training for Senior Technical Assistant.
<ul><li>(a) Section-Officer</li><li>(b) Assistant</li></ul>	1)	Experience of working in a Technical Division would be preferable.
(c) Clerk-cum-typi	st 2	

<sup>4.29</sup> Some elements (two investigators) of the above manpower requirement are available in the existing Training Division of the Programme Evaluation Organisation.

## SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. The Committee held three meetings, organised three Regional Workshops for the Senior level evaluation personnel, appointed a subcommittee to go into the syllabus for the Supervisory level evaluation personnel, and also collected relevant information in respect of the structure and function of the Central PEO and the State Evaluation Organisations (1.3, 1.4 and 3.1).
- 2. The summary of conclusions and recommendations are mentioned in the paragraphs that follow:
  - 1. The evaluation personnel have been broadly categorised, for the purpose of organising the training programme, into three levels—the Senior level (Director/Additional Director|Joint Director|Deputy Adviser|Project Director), the Supervisory level (Deputy Director|Senior Research Officer|Assistant Director|Research Officer|Evaluation Officer), and the Junior level (Investigator|Technical|Research|Field|Statistical Assistant|Junior Statistical Supervisor|Analyst|Computor) (1.1 and 4.2).
  - The number of evaluation personnel engaged both in the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation and the State Evaluation Organisations comes to 868. This consists of Senior level (23), Supervisory level (211), and Junior level (634) (4.4).
  - 3. Training facilities for evaluation personnel are lacking in almost all the States/Union Territories. Whatever little training is there, it is by deputing their staff for training to Central Programme Evaluation Organisation and other research institutes. There is a need to organise systematic training for the evaluation personnel and to tailor the training programmes to suit the requirement of evaluation work (3.2 to 3.6).
  - 4. There is scope for improving the quality, timeliness, and follow-up action of the reports completed by the various State Evaluation Organisations. Training would go a long way in improving the quality of these evaluation reports (4.1 and 4.6).

- 5. The training of the Senior and the Supervisory level personnel should be the direct responsibility of the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation. For training the Junior level evaluation personnel also, the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should take up the responsibility of coordinating the training activities with the State Evaluation Organisations. On the other hand, the State Evaluation Organisations may take the necessary guidance and support from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation in organising and planning the courses (1.5 and 4.8).
  - 6. The Regional Workshops on Evaluation should be continuous feature to train Senior level personnel. The syllabus for this category of personnel should conceptual/theoretical lectures besides discussion on the design, methodology, and findings of the selected evaluation reports of the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation and the participating State Evaluation Organisations. Emphasis should also be laid on the development of an evaluation design by each participant, on the topic likely to be taken up by him/his organisation for evaluation, in the second round of Workshop. Regional Workshops per year should be organised, each for a duration of eight days. The participants of the Workshop should be treated as on tour and the nonofficial guest lecturers, if invited, should be paid 100 per lecture, besides TA/DA honorarium of Rs. (4.10 to 4.12).
  - 7. The syllabus for the Supervisory level evaluation personnel adopted by the Committee envisages the course contents of four weeks' duration. The course contents mainly include theoretical and conceptual lectures, designing of an evaluation study, data collection, and report writing. Three such courses should be organised per year with the help of the Training Division of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms. The TA/DA of the participants should be paid as per the rules of their

respective Govenments. The honorarium for the guest Speaker/faculty should be paid as per the rules of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms (4.13 to 4.18).

- 8. For the training of Junior level evaluation personnel, the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should be responsible for coordinating the training activities with the State Evaluation Oganisations. The State Evaluation Organisations, however, may take the necessary guidance and support from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation. The course contents of four weeks duration has both theoretical and practical inputs. Five courses be organised per year to cover the entire number of Junior level personnel in the next five years. The TA/DA of the participants should be paid as per the rules of their respective Governments. The honorarium for the guest speakers/faculty should be paid as per the rules of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms (4.19 to 4.23).
- 9. The idea of preparing a Manual for Training may be taken up at the appropriate time when the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation/State Evaluation Organisations have gained sufficient experience of conducting various training courses (4.24).
- 10. In the light of the expectations from the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation regarding the organisation of training programmes for various levels of evaluation personnel, documentation and editing of evaluation reports, assessment reassessment of training needs, coordination with State Evaluation Organisations, etc., a pragmatic staff requirement has been recommended. This should include a Director, five Senior Training Specialists five Training Specialists, ten Technical Assistants, and four other supporting staff. (4.25 to 4.29).

# APPENDIXES

#### APPENDIXES

1.	Setting up of the Committee	•		4
11.	Proceedings of the first Regional Workshop		į.	• 45
III.	Proceedings of the second Regional Workshop			- 53
IV.	Proceedings of the third Regional Workshop	•		. 60
v.	Recommended courses for Training (First Conference, 1977)	•	•	. 71

#### APPENDIX I

## No. PEO/10-6/77-TE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

(Bharat Sarkar)

Programme Evaluation Organisation (Karyakaram Mulyankan Sangathan) PLANNING COMMISSION (Yojana Ayog)

> Yojana Bhavan, New Delhi. 23rd June, 1978

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Setting up of a Committee for Training in Evaluation.

In pursuance of the decision arrived at the Conference of the Heads of State Evaluation Organisations held on 14th and 15th November, 1977 it has been decided to constitute a Committee on Training for Evaluation. The Constitution of the Committee will be as under:—

1. Shri Ajit Mozoemdar, Secretary, Planning Conmission, New Pelli	Claiman
2. Shri S.P. Bagla, Joint Secretary, Planning Commission, New Delhi	Member
3. Joint Secretary (Training). Department of Fersennel & Administrative Reforms, Ministry of Heme Afiairs, New Delhi.	Member
4. Director, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi or his nominee	Member
5. Principal, Lal Bahadur Shastri National Academy of Administration, Mussoorie or his nominee	Member
6. Principal, Administrative Staff College of India, Hyderabad or his nominee	Member
7. Director, Institute of Economic Growth, New Pelhi	Member
8. Director, National Institute of Community Development, Hyderatad or his nominee	Member

9.	D. Kunta Peasad, Member, National Flood Commission, New Delhi	Member
10.	Director, Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad or his nominee	Member
11.	Shri U.K. Kohli, Vice-President, India Society of Training & Development, New Delhi	Member
12.	Shri D. C. Datta, Director, National Sample Survey Organisation, New Delhi	Member
13.	Prof. Nilkanth Rath, Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics, Pune	Member
14.	Shri V. Venkatesan, Secretary, Department of Planning, Government of Maharashtra, Bombay	Member
15.	Shri Prabhakar Ghate, Director of Evaluation and Training Division, State Planning Institute, Government of Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow	Member
15.	Shri G. Chidambaram, Director of Evaluation and Applied Research, Government of Tamil Nadu, Madras	Member
17.	Sari F. N. Kalshnan, Centre for Development Studies, Trivandrum	Member
13.	Dr. H. B. Shivamaggi, Officer-in-Charge, Economic Department, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay	Member
19.	D. S.M. Shah, Chief, Programme Evaluation Organisation, New Delhi	Member
<sub>-</sub> 20.	Shri G. D. Singh, Deputy Adviser, Programme Evaluation Organisation, New Delhi	Convenor
	2. The terms of reference of the Committee will be as follows:	lows:—
	(i) To assess the training needs of the personnel for the State and National Evaluation Organisations;	manning
	<ul><li>(ii) To review the existing training arrangements in tion methodology;</li></ul>	evalua-
	<ul> <li>(iii) To suggest various types of courses to be organis content including the range of disciplines, freque duration;</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>(iv) To suggest methods and techniques of training in to the courses;</li></ul>	relation
	(v) To identify suitable agencies for conducting courses suggested under (iii) above;	various

- (vi) To recommend measures for strengthening the agencies suggested under (v) so as to enable them to undertake effectively the training tasks;
- (vii) To suggest the terms of deputation for the trainees; and
  - (viii) To suggest guidelines for the preparation of a Manual for Training.
- 3. The Headquarters of the Committee will be at New Delhi. The Committee may undertake studies commensurate with the above terms of reference and may make field visits for this purpose as and when necessary.
- 4. Non-official Members of the Committee will be entitled to TA/DA as admissible to Grade I Officers of the Government of India, for journeys undertaken by them in connection with the work of the Committee.
- 5. The Committee is requested to furnish its report within six months.

Sd/-K. K. SRIVASTAVA,

Joint Secretary to the Govt- of India.

## Copy forwarded to:-

- 1. Chairman and all Members of the Committee.
- 2. P. S. to Deputy Chairman. Planning Commission.
- **3. P. S.** to Member (**K**).
- 4. P. S. to Member (S).
- 5. P. S. to Member (R).
- 6. All Heads of Divisions. Planning Commission.
- 7. Chief Secretaries of all the States and Union Territories.
- 8. Planning Secretaries of all the States and Union Territories.
- 9. Heads of all the State and Union Territory Evaluation Organisations.

#### 16 PC-4

- 10. Director of Administration, Planning Commission
- 11. Deputy Secretary (Admn.), Planning Commission
- 12. All Dy. Advisers/Joint Directors, PEO, Planning Commission
- 13. All REOs/PEOs
- 14. Admn. IV Branch
- 15. Accounts IV Branch
- 16. General Branch
- 17. Technical Coordination (PEO)
- 18. Pay and Accounts Office. Planning Commission
- 19. Accounts I, Planning Commission.

Sd/- K. K. SRIVASTAVA,

Jt. Secretary to the Government of India.

#### APPENDIX II

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIRST REGIONAL WORKSHOP ON EVALUATION HELD AT CHANDIGARH FROM 19TH TO 24TH MARCH, 1979

In pursuance of the decision arrived at the Conference of Heads of State Evaluation Organisations held in November, 1977. Planning Commission constituted a Committee on Training Evaluation under the Chairmanship of Secretary, Planning Commis-The Committee in its first meeting held on 28th July, 1978 recommended that three experimental workshops should be organised for senior level officers for inter-change of ideas and experiences on evaluation. Accordingly, the first workshop was held at Chandigarh from 19th to 24th March, 1979. The six-day workshop was organised by the PEO in collaboration with the Economic Adviser to the Government of Punjab. The participants included senior from the PEO and the States of Punjab, Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Delhi Administration. The list of participants placed at Annexure I.

- 2. The workshop was inaugurated by Shri S. S. Puri, Chief Secretary, Government of Punjab. Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO), attended the workshop and presided over the various sessions for two days on the 19th and 20th March, 1979. Shri S. P. Bagla, Joint Secretary, Planning Commission, chaired the concluding session on 24th March. Shri G. D. Singh, Deputy Adviser (PEO), attended all the sessions in order to guide and monitor the deliberations at the workshop.
- 3. The programme followed at the workshop is placed at Annexure II. The main focus was on critical discussion of selected evaluation reports of the PEO and State Evaluation Organisations. The reports discussed in the workshop are also given in Annexure II. The cyclostyled material regarding objectives, methodology, main

findings, etc. of the reports were circulated to the participants before hand in the workshop and there were free and frank discussions on them with a view to improving the techniques and methodology of the reports in future.

- 4. Some important aspects of evaluation between the Centre and States, like coordination of evaluation work, training of evaluation personnel, joint studies, feed-back and follow-up of evaluation studies were also reviewed and discussed. Interesting tasks were given by senior specialists on 'Role of Evaluation in the Planning Process', 'Social Development and Social Inequalities', 'Plan Implementation, Monitoring, and Information Systems'. These were highly appreciated by the participants.
- 5. One full day was devoted for on-the-spot evaluation of Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) in Ludhiana district, Punjab. Useful discussion on IPDP were held with experts of the Punjab Agricultural University at Ludhiana. Evaluation Unit of the Economic Adviser's office in Punjab is planning to take up a pilot study of IRDP in one district of Punjab. The participants in the workshop discussed the outline for the proposed study and helped in evolving a suitable methodology for concurrent evaluation of this important programme. The last session was devoted to Workshop Evaluation.
- 6. The following importor point and suggestions emerged as a result of the deliberations at the workshop:—
  - (i) The evaluation renorts were generally delived for release as they were held up by the concerned Departments. It was emphasised that the time-lead between finalisation and release of reports when I be minimized as for as possible.
  - (ii) The evaluation reports were not given any publicity in the prem. It was suggested that a simple hand-out of the report should be given to the Press for wider publicity.
  - (iii) Follow-up action of the findings was generally tacking in most of the States. The strengthening of the machinery

for proper follow-up and feed-back was recommended by the workshop.

- (iv) Evaluation was a specialised subject and therefore evaluation work should be looked after by competent technical personnel. Besides, there should not be frequent transfer of evaluation staff to other State departments. Training of evaluation staff for 1 to 2 weeks could be arranged in PEO on the request of the States where such staff was newly appointed or required training. The mutual visits of officers engaged in evaluation work among different States should be encouraged to widen their outlook and enrich their experience.
  - (v) For study of Power and Irrigation Projects, the help of engineering personnel should be sought. Similarly, agronomists should be associated with the studies where their help was required.
- (vi) The workshop welcomed the idea of conducting joint studies. Some programmes projects of national or region al importance should be clearly earmarked for conducting the joint studies.
- (vii) There should be proper coordination of evaluation work between the Centre and the States. PEO should be represented in State Evaluation Committees wherever it had not been done so far. The PEO and State evaluation staff should meet frequently for mutual exchange of ideas. A quarterly meeting may be helpful. A Central Advisory Council was considered necessary for coordinating the evaluation work between the Centre and the States.
- (viii) While conducting a new study, it was necessary to ensure that the main objectives of the study were covered in the instruments of observation and in-service training was imparted to the field staff before launching the study. The preparation of a dummy tabulation plan along with the

schedules and questionnaires should also be of great help in analysing the data at a later stage.

7. The Regional Workshop at Chandigarh was the first of its kind on evaluation. The participants took keen interest in the deliberations of the workshop. They were of the view that such regional workshops would prove extremely useful for mutual exchange of ideas and improving the techniques of evaluation. It was suggested that such regional workshops should be made a regular feature and should the organised at least once a year.

#### ANNEXURE I

## List of Participants for the First Regional Workshop on Evaluation held at Chandigarh (19—24 March, 1979)

### I. PROGRAMME EVALUATION ORGANISATION

- 1. Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary
- 2. Shri G. D. Singh, Deputy Adviser
- 3. Shri S. B. Saharya, Deputy Adviser
- 4. Shri S. N. Dar, Deputy Adviser
- 5. Dr. B. N. Sahay, Joint Director
- 6. Shri K. S. Ludu, REO, Chandigarh
- 7. Shri M. S. Narula, PEO, Ludhiana
- 8. Shri S. P. Sharma, PEO, Srinagar
- 9. Shri O. P. Bhatia, R.O., Chandigarh
- 10. Shri B. L. Verma, R.O. (Hqrs.)

#### II. PUNJAB

## Economic and Statistical Organisation

- 11. Shri J. S. Sandhu, Economic Adviser
- 12. Dr. Ajit Singh, Joint Director (Eval.)
- 13. Shri T. S. Bhasin, Research Officer (Eval.)
- 14. Shri D. S. Sandhu, Research Officer (Eval.)
- 15. Shri H. S. Gill, Research Officer (Eval.)

## Irrigation Department

- 16. Shri B. D. Bali, Director (Eval.)
- 17. Shri R. L. Suri, Ex. Egr. (Eval.)
- 18. Shri Ujagar Singh, Asstt. Director (Eval.)

Shri Gian Chand, Asstt. Dir. (Eval.)

#### gro-Industries Corporation

20 Shri S. S. Bawa, Service Engineer, Ludhiana

Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana

- 21. Dr. A. C. Sharma, Farm Economist
- 22. Dr. B. S. Dhillon, Asstt. Farm Economist

#### III. HARYANA

- 23. Shri R. P. Chopra, Economic & Statistical Adviser
- 24. Shri A. L. Katyal, Deputy Economic & Statistical Adv.
- 25. Shri I. M. Soni, Research Officer
- 26. Shri K. N. Jain, Research Officer

#### IV. JAMMU AND KASHMIR

- 27. Shri G. R. Malik, Deputy Director (Eval.)
- 28. Shri S. U. Ahangar, Asstt. Director (Eval.)
- 29. Shri Manohar Khajuria, REO, Jammu

#### V. HIMACHAL PRADESH

30. Shri O. N. Kaul Research Officer (Planning Deptt.)

### VI DELHI ADMINISTRATION

31. Shri T. R. Talwar, Deputy Director (Planning).

## VII. PUNJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH

32 Dr. Satva Deva. Chairman. Deptt. of Public Admn

#### VIII. PURAL ELECTRIFICATION CORPORATION

33. Shri P C. Anand, Deputy Director

# Annexure—II

# Programme for the first Regional Workshop on Evaluation at Chandigarh (16th to 24th March, 1979)

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussion Leader
19-3-79	10.30	Registration of participants	
Monday	11.30	Inaugural Address	Shri S. S. Puri, Chief Secretary, Punjab.
	14.30	Role of Evaluation in Planning process.	Dr. S.M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO).
	16.00	Discussion of selected evalua- tion study on Agro-service Centres in Punjab.	Shii J. S. Sandhu, Eco- nomic Adviser, Punjab.
20-3-79 Tuesday	9.30	Continuation of Discussion of Evaluation Study on Agro- service Centres in Punjab.	Do.
	11.00	Discussion of PEO Report on 'Soil and Water Manage- ment Study'.	Shri S. B. Saharya, Dy. Adviser (PEO).
	14.30	Co-ordination of evaluation work—Centres and States.	Shri G. D. Singh, Dy. Adviser (PEO).
	16.00	Discussion on Evaluation study of the Milk Plant Jind.	
21 <b>-3-7</b> 9 [Vednesday	9.30	Discussion on evaluation study of SFDA Irrigation Scheme in Paonta Valley.	
1-	11.00	Discussion on 'Accessibility of the Poor to the Rural Wate Supply'.	Dr. B. N. Sahay, Jt. Director (PEO).
	14.30	Social Development and Social Inequalities.	Dr. Victor de Suza, Punjab University.

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussion Leader
	16.00	Discussion on evaluation study of Working of Poultry Mar- keting Wing, Belicharna, Jammu.	Director (Eval.). Jammu
	16.30	Field visit to Forest Research Institute, Haryana and In- dustrial Complex at Par- wanu (H.P.) for on-the-spot evaluation.	
<b>22-3-7</b> 9 Thursday	9.30		Shri U. K. Kehli. Chief (Monitoring), Planning Commission.
	14.30	Discussion on selected evalua- tion study of 'Mid-day Meal Programme' of Delhi Administration.	
	15.30	Discussion on 'Syllabus for Training in Evaluation Metho dology for Supervisory Level Staff'.	- Adviser (PEO).
	16.30	Discussion on 'Rural Electrifi- cation study' being conduc- ted by PEO.	Shri S.N. Dar, Dy. Adviser (PEO).
23- <b>3-</b> 79 Fridey	9.00 18.00	Field trip to a selected Integrat Rural Development Project (IRDP) and Punjab Agricul- tural University, Ludhiana	
24-3-79 Saturday	11.00 to 6.30	Discussion on evaluation of IRDP based on previous day's field trip.	
	11.00	Workshop evaluation and concluding session.	

#### APPENDIX III

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND REGIONAL WORKSHOP ON EVALUATION HELD IN MADRAS FROM MAY 16—20, 1979

The Second Regional Workshop on Evaluation was organised by the Programme Evaluation Organisation, Planning Commission in collaboration with the Department of Evaluation and Applied Research, Government of Tamil Nadu in Madras from May 16—20, 1979. Although a six-day programme was originally designed, it had to be cut short by a day as a few of the participants, including those from the Government of Karnataka, could not attend due to one reason or the other. The participants in the Workshop represented the Central PEO; the State Evaluation Organisations of Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, and the Union Territory of Pondicherry; and the Universities of Tirupathi and Madras. The representatives from the States mainly constituted the Directors and the Deputy Directors, (Annexure-I).

2. Inaugurating the Workshop, Shri S. L. N. Simha, Director, Institute of Financial Management and Research, Madras, emphasised that evaluation organisations should be allowed to be free to give their findings on a given study objectively—without any fear or favour. While welcoming the participants to the Workshop, Shri A. M. Swaminathan, Joint Secretary to the Government of Tamil Nadu, Department of Finance, stressed the importance of the role of evaluation machineries in the States and wanted the evaluators to help the administrators in respect of mid-course corrections and in selection of projects for implementation. In his presidential address inaugural session, Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Planning Commission, expressed that many of the evaluation organisations in the States were weak and not viable. Elaborating the point further, he stressed that there was an urgent need for strengthening the evaluation machineries in the larger national interest. The vole of thanks was moved by Shri G. Chidambaram, Director, Evaluation, Government of Tamil Nadu.

- 3. The programme that followed constituted discussion on seven evaluation reports presented by the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation, the participating States, and the University of Madras (Annexure-II). These related to the Rural Electrification Programme (PEO), Soil and Water Management (PEO), Monopoly Scheme of Agro-Pumpsets and Implements Ltd. (Andhra Pradesh), Intensive Paddy Development (YELA) Programme (Kerala), Minor Irrigation Scheme (Tamil Nadu), Key Village Scheme (Pondicherry), and SFDA in Quilon (University of Madras). For a critical appraisal on the above studies with a special reference to their objectives, methodology, including sampling, instruments of observation, etc., and main findings, the reports were circulated among the participants in advance. The detailed discussion on the various evaluation reports helped in developing, among the participants, an appreciation for a better design and methodology of an evaluation study.
- 4. The theoretical and conceptual aspects related to the planning process and evaluation were also covered by the guest speakers. The topics covered were: Project Monitoring through PERT and CPM techniques; Cost Effectiveness in Welfarz Economics; Cost Benefit Analysis—Theory and Practice; and Investment on Human Capital. Besides, a special lecture on the Role of Evaluation in the Planning Process was also arranged. On May 18, 1979, the participants were taken to Pillaipakkam (near Sriperumbudur) for an on-the-spot study of an irrigation tank. The various features of the proposed modernisation of the tank were explained to them by the officials of the Government of Tamil Nadu.
- 5. The following suggestions emerged as a result of the deliberations at the Workshop:—
  - 1. To cope up with the present evaluation needs, the State evaluation Organisations needed strengthening The evaluation organisations in the States and the Union

- Territories should be a part of the planning department and work as an independent pody without the administrative control of other departments.
- 2. The State Evaluation Committees should take active interest in evaluation reports, especially in the follow-up action of the main findings. In this connection, it was realised that the follow-up action on the evaluation findings was healing in many cases. It was also felt that a wider publicity of the main findings of he study should be given through mass media.
- 3. The evaluation staff should be an interdisciplinary team, Each member of this team must have adequate technical/professional competence. Besides, the staff members should be imparted training in evaluation methods and techniques.
- 4. The Central Programme Fundation Organisation and the State Evaluation Organisations should take up intervaluation studies on subject of national importance.
- 5. The specific time schedule fixed for the preparation of an evaluation report should be strictly adhered to.
- 6. The Central Programme Evaluation Organisation should publish a directory feet doubt of evaluation reports brought out by the various State Evaluation Organisations. The summary of individual reports in the directory should sharply bring out the main findings of the study.
- 7. More emphasis may be laid on the concurrent and outek evaluation of the on-going programmes. Plan priorities should guide the choice of areas for evaluation. Evaluation studies should bring out to tentions for alternatives—capable of delivering goods. The fault finding estitude, if any, should be discouraged.
- 6. The above suggestions, besides where, were discussed in detail during the concluding session on Mar 20, 1979 afternoon, held under the Chairmanship of Dr. S. M. Shah Joint Secretary. Programme Evaluation Organisation. Planning Commission.

#### Annexure I

# List of Participants for the second Regional Workshop on Evaluation held in Madras from May 16 to 20, 1979

#### I. CENTRAL P.E.O. (HQRS.)

- 1. Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary, Planning Commission.
- 2. Shri S. B. Saharya, Deputy Adviser.

#### II. REGIONAL P.E.Os.

- 3. Shri V. K. Manoharan, Project Evaluation Officer, Cochiin.
- 4. Shri T. Yagrah, Project Evaluation Officer, Bangalore.
- 5. Shri K. Prasad Rao, Regional Evaluation Officer, Hyderabad.
- 6. Shri K. T. Verkey, Regional Evaluation Officer, Madrass.
- 7. Shri T. Narayana, Research Officer, Madras.
- 8. Shri K. N. Narayanan, Project Evaluation Officer, Tiruchy.

#### III. STATE DIRECTORATES

#### Kerala

- 9. Dr. M. V. George, Chief (Evaluation).
- 19. Shri N. Kuchumman, Deputy Director.
  - 11. Shri K. Appukuttan, Deputy Director.

#### Tamil Nadu

- 12. Frof. G. Chidambaram, Director (Evaluation).
  - 13. Prof. H. J. K. Suganthan, Deputy Director.

#### Andhra Pradesh

- 14. Shri V. Raman Rao, Director (Planning).
- 15. Shri N. Lakshmi Prasad, Deputy Director.

#### Pondicherry

- 16. Shri V. A. Vasudevaraju. Deputy Secretary, (Planning and Research).
- 17. Shri S. Shanmugaraj, Evaluation Officer.
- 18. Shri R. Mogane, Planning Officer.
- 19. Smt. B. Vijayalakshmi, Planning Officer.

#### IV. TIRUPATHI UNIVERSITY

20. Shri B. Venugopal, Senior Research Officer.

#### V. MIADRAS UNIVERSITY

21. Dr. C. Arputharaj, Deputy Director and Head Agricultural Economics, Research Centre.

Annexure -- II

Programme for the Second Regional Workshop on Evaluation 1 eld in Madras from May, 16-20, 1979.

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussion Leader
16-5-79	9·30 AM	Registration of participants	
Wednesday	11·00 AM	Welcome Address	Shri A. M. Swaminathan, Joint Secretary, Finance Deput. Temil Nadu.
	11.30	Inaugural Audress	Shri S. L. N. Simha, Director, Institute for Financial Manage- ment & Research, Madras.
	1·30 to 2·30 PM	Lunch	
		Role of evaluation in planning precess	Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary, PEC, Plan- ning Commission.
	4·00 to 5·00 PM	Project region in glancial PLKT & CPM techniques —Guest Lecture	Changement of Sta- tastics & Economics, Medras.
17-5-79 Thursday	10:00 to 11:30 AM	Coseeffective ess in well re- Eronemies- Guest Lecture.	Fig. V. Si can ugasund- rem. Mcriber, State- planning Commission, Tamil Nadu.
	11·30 to 1·30 PM	Evaluation Study on Key Village Scheme—presen- tition and discussion (Pendicherry)	Deputy Secretary,
	1.30 to 2.30 PM	Lunch	
	2·30 to 4·00 PM		Sini K. T. Verkey e Regional Evaluation Officer, Madras.

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussion Leader
The second secon	4.00 to 5.00 PM	Evaluation Report on SFDA in Quilon— pre- sentation & discussion— (Madras University)	Dr. C. Arputharaj, Dy. Director & Head Agricultural Feoremics Research Centre Madras University.
18-5-79 <i>Frid<b>a</b>y</i>	F	ield Study : Visit to Pillai- pakkam Tank, Sriper- umbudur	
19-5-79 Saturday	10.00 to 11.30 A.M.	Evaluation study on 'Monopoly Scheme of Agro- Pumpsets and Implements Ltd., A.P.'presentation & discussion (Andhra Pradesh)	Director (Plarring), Andhra Pradesh.
	11·30 to 1·30 P.M. 1·30 to 2·30 P.M.	ment Programme'—presentation & discussion (Kerala)	Chief (Evaluation), - Kerala.
	2·30 to 3·30 P.M.	Cost-Benefit Analysis : Theory and Practice— Guest Lecture	Dr. D. Bright Sirgh, Member, State Planning Commission, Temil Nadu.
20-5-79 Sunday	10.00 to 11.30 A.M.	Evaluation Study on 'Minor Irrigation Schemes in Tamil Nadu'—presentation and discussion (Tamil Nadu).	Dy. Director, Evalua- tion, Tamil Nadu
	11·30 to 1·30 P.M.	Evaluation Study on 'Soil and Water Management' —presentation and discu- ssion (PEO)	Shri S.B. Saharya, Ty Advisor, PFO, Plan- ning Commission.
	1·30 to 2·30 P.M.	Lunch	
	2·30 to 3·30 P.M.	Investment on Human Capital and Appraisa — Guest Lecture	- Dr. D.M. Nalla Gounder Prof. of Economics University of Madras
	3·30 to 5·00 P.M.	Concluding Session.	

#### APPENDIX IV

PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD REGIONAL WORKSHOP ON EVALUATION HELD AT GANDHINAGAR (GUJARAT) FROM JUNE 25—30, 1979

In consonance with the recommendations of the Committee: for Training in Evaluation, the Programme Evaluation Organisattion, Planning Commission, in collaboration with the State Governments, organised three Regional Workshops on Evaluation for the Semior level officials of the State Evaluation Organisations and the Cemtral Programme Evaluation Organisation. While the first two workshops were held at Chandigarh (March 19-24, 1979) and in Madras (May 16-20, 1979), the third was organised at Gandhinagar 25—30, 1979 in collaboration with the Government of Gujarat. participants of the Gandhinagar Workshop represented the States of Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, the Union T'erritory of Goa, Daman and Diu, the All India Radio and the Cemtral Programme Evaluation Organisation. In all, there were 42 pairticipants. Apart from the officials of the Directorates of Evaluation,, the Government of Gujarat also deputed senior officials from other departments for the Workshop (Annexure-I).

2. The Workshop was inaugurated by Shri Dineshbhai V. Shah, Minister for Planning and Finance, Government of Gujarat. Among the special invitees who attended the inaugural session were: Shri H. K. L. Capcior, Chief Secretary to the Government of Gujarat, Dr. V. S. Vyas, Vice-Chairman, State Planning Board, and Prof. A. R. Desai, Member, State Planning Board. In his inaugural address, the Minister for Planning and Finance stressed the need for evaluation of the plan programmes and highlighted its role in programme administration. Elaborating the point further, he suggested that evaluation was an aid to planning and policy formulation. While

welcoming the Hon'ble Minister, the guests, and the participants, Shri R. Parthasarathy, Secretary, Planning and Finance, Government of Gujarat, emphasised that the evaluation studies may also enquire into the social forces, at work, besides other types of analyses including cost-benefit. The vote of thanks was moved by Dr. B. N. Sahay, Joint Director, Programme Evaluation Organisation.

- 3. The programme that followed in eight Business Sessions included presentation and discussion on evaluation reports, special lectures by eminent speakers, and field visits. (Annexure-II). In all, eight evaluation reports were presented by the Central Programme Evaluation Organisation and the participating States. These related to: Working of Antyodaya Programme in Rajasthan (PEO); Accessibility of the Poor to the Rural Water Supply (PEO); Rural Electrification Programme (PEO); Drought Prone Area Programme (Gujarat); Labour Contract Societies (Maharashtra); Model Industrial Training Institute, Bhopal (M. P.); Agricultural Extension Programme (Rajasthan); and Family Planning Programme (Goa).
- 4. In all, nine special lectures were delivered by the distinguished speakers from the Government of Gujarat and the Planning Commission. Government of India. The lectures covered by the speakers from the Government of Gujarat were: (1) The Role of Evaluation in the Planning Process by Dr. V. S. Vyas; (2) Some Issues of the Sound Evaluation System by Prof. A. R. Desai; (3) Feed-back and follow-up of Evaluation Studies by Shri R. Parthasarathy: (4) Joint Studies by PEO and the State Evaluation Organisations by V. Krishnamurthy; (5) Use of Computer in Socio-economic surveys by Shri P. B. Buch; and (6) Estimational Surveys and Evaluation—Similarities and Differences by Shri G. S. Shah. Similarly, the special lectures delivered by the speakers from the Planning Commission were: (1) Social Development and Not Social Welfare -- A Planning Strategy by Smt. P. P. Trivedi (Adviser); (2) Formulation of State Plans by Shri P. H. Vaishnav, Joint Secretary (State Plans); and (3) Evaluation and Monitoring of Plan Programmes by Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO). The above lectures were not only informative but also thought provoking-providing leads in terms of methodology and approach to evaluation.

- 5. The field visits included: Gujarat Small Industries Corporation Limited (GSIC), Ahmedabad; Indian Institute of Management (IIM), Ahmedabad; Gujarat State Fertiliser Corporation, Fertilisernagar; Gujarat Refinery; and Operation Research Group (ROG), Vadodara. The field visits were well organised and were both informative and educative to the participants.
- 6. During the first two days of the deliberations of the Workshop, some doubts related to the scope and coverage of evaluation were raised. Subsequently, some questions pertaining to the format of the evaluation reports and the programme contents for the second round of the Workshop also arose. As a result, a sub-committee consisting of five members, one from each of the participating States, was constituted to examine the above issues. The Sub-committee presented the following recommendations during the Closing Session of the Workshop which was presided over by Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO):—
  - 1. The scope of evaluation may be confined to the concurrent and ex-post evaluation of the projects/programmes;
  - 2. The format of the State and Central PEO evaluation reports should be uniform; and
  - 3. The second round of workshops may also include development of an evaluation design, by each of the participants, in their programme contents.
- 7. Besides, each participant was asked to give his frank views on the various aspects of the Workshop. The participants felt that the workshop was very useful and they were fully satisfied with the Programme contents, the duration of the Workshop, arrangements for stay, etc. They opined that such Workshops be made a regular feature. According to them, the special lectures and fields visits were well thought of and meaningful. The discussion on evaluation reports developed in them better appreciation for an approach to the designing, and reporting of an evaluation study for their States. They, however, suggested that the reports to be discussed in such Workshops be made available well in advance. Some important sugges-

tions of general nature were also made by the participants which are as follows:---

- 1. Efforts may be made to go in for the concurrent and quick evaluation studies of the on-going programmes in more numbers. This would be in the interest of timely feedback to the plan formulation and plan-implementation machineries;
- 2. The evaluation reports should not only be brought out in time, but also be given wider publicity. If the circulation of main report is likely to take longer time, the summary of findings may be brought out quickly;
- 3. The concerned departments should provide necessary cooperation in the collection of data required for an evaluation study;
- 4. The present evaluation staff requires strengthening and jobtraining urgently. Until this is done, the present staff should be utilised rationally for the evaluation of important schemes. It would be better if the State governments organise their own Workshops in the interest of better 'performance of their evaluators;
- 5. The Central PEO and State Evaluation Organisations should undertake joint studies of national importance; and
- 6. The detailed proceedings of the Workshop may be brought out in a printed form by the Director of Evaluation, Government of Gujarat. This would act as reference material for the other Workshops.
- 8. In his concluding remarks, Dr. S. M. Shah, Joint Secretary (PEO), claimed that the credibility of the Evaluation Organisations had increased and their importance realised. Expressing satisfaction over the deliberations of the Workshop, he pointed out that maximum participation, business-like sessions, excellent arrangements, and active co-operation were some of the special features of this Third Regional Workshop on Evaluation. He thanked the Government of Gujarat, particularly Shri N. R. Nagar, Director, Evaluation, and his team for making the Workshop a grand success.

#### ANNEXURE-I

# List of participants for the Third Regional Workshop on Evaluation held at Gandhinagar (Gujarat) from June 25-30, 1979.

PEO, Planning Commission

1. Dr. S. M. Shah Jt. Secretary, (PEO), Planning Commission.
2. Shri S. B. Saharya Dy. Adviser, Programme Evaluation Organisation., New Delhi.
3. Shri S. N. Dar Deputy Adviser, Programme Evaluation Organisaiom, New Delhi.
4. Dr. B. N. Sahay Joint Director, Programme Evaluation Organisation, New Delhi.
5. Shri B. L. Verma . Research Officer, Programme Evaluation Organisatiom, New Delhi.
6. Shri K. S. Shetty . Regional Evaluation Officer, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Bombay.
7. Shri S. K. Roy . Regional Evaluation Officer, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Jaipur.
8. Shri V. V. Oak Project Evaluation Officer, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Ahmedabad.
9. Shri V. K. Kalavade . Project Evaluation Officer, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Bhopal.
10. Shri K.N. Chandra- sekharan Project Evaluation Officer, Programme Evaluation Organisation, Trivandrum.
AU India Radio
11. Shri S. B. Hiwarale . Audience Research Officer, All India Radio, Ahmelabiad,
Goa, Daman and Diu
12. Shri B.S.C.C. Dias Statistical Officer, Department of Planning and Statistics, Goa,
Madhya Pradesh
13. Shri B. K. Mishra Deputy Director, Directorate of Economics & Statisstics, Government of Madhya Pradesh, Bhopal.
14. Shri M. B. Gandhi . Assistant Director, Directorate of Economics & Statisstics, Government of Madhya Pradesh, Bhopal.

#### Maharashtra

- Shri D. S. Kulkarni . Additional Director (Evaluation), Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Government of Maharashtra, Bombay.
- 16. Shri C. L. Amin Deputy Director (Evaluation) Directorate of Economics
- & Statistics, Government of Maharashtra, Pombay.
- 17. Shri S. S. Choudhari . Deputy Director (Evaluation), Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Government of Maharashtra, Bombay.
- 18. Shri S, A, Alwani Deputy Director (Evaluation), Dte. of Economics & Statistics, Govt. of Maharashtra, Bombay.

#### Rajasthan

- 19. Shri B. D. Agarwal . Director, Evaluation Organisation, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur.
- 20. Shri B. R. Dubey Deputy Director, Evaluation Organisation, Government of Rajasthan, Jajpur.
- 21. Shri B. L. Choudhari . Dy. Director, Evaluation Organisation, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur.

#### Gujarat

- 22. Shri N. R. Nagar Director, Directorate of Evaluation, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 23. Shri B. T. Dabhi Deputy Director, Directorate of Evaluation, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 24. Shri Y. M. Shukla . Evaluation Officer, Directorate of Evaluation, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 25. Shri C. M. Parekh Evaluation Officer, Directorate of Evaluation, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar,
- 26. Shri D. K. Pandya District Planning Officer, Vadodara Collectorate, Vadodara,
- 27. Shri P. M. Acharya . District Planning Officer, Jamnagar Collectorate, Jammagar.
- 28. Shri G. C. Shah

  District Planning Officer, Panchmahals Collectorate,
  Panchmahals.
- 29. Shri B. K. Avashia Assistant Development Commissioner, Office of the Development Commissioner, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 30. Shri Z. C. Chavada , Project Administrator, Khedbiahma, District Sabarkantha,
- 31. Shri J. J. Vaishnav Project Administrator, Vansada, District Valm

- 32. Shri S. K. Saiyed . Under Secretary (3.F.D.A.). Agriculture, Forests and Go-operation Deptt., Government of Gujarat, Gandhi-uagar.
- 33. Shi L. J. Mihia

  Utler Stribbary (Evaluation & Monitoring), Agriculture, Forests and Co-operation Department, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 34. Shri J. B. Bhatt Deputy Director, Directorate of Evaluation, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 35. Shri G. G. Shah

  Deputy Director, Bureau of Economics & Statistics, Govt. of Gujarat, Gandhinagar.
- 36. Shri K. R. Lad Officer on Special Duty, Monitoring Gell, Irrigation Department, Government of Gujarat.
- 37. Shri I. M. Patel ... Executive Engineer, Central Design Organisation, Irrigation Department, Government of Gujarat.
- 39. Shri D. R. Mili Departy Engineer, Monitoring Inventory, Control Cell, Irrigation Department, Government of Gujarat.
- 40. Shri N. G. Vakharia SuperIntending Engineer, P.P.M. Gell, Buildings & Communication Department, Government of Gujarat.
- 4t. Shri B. K. Gohel Deputy Director, Office of the Industries Commissioner, Government of Gajarat.
- 42. Siri A. R. Likelivala Deputy Engineer, Gajarat Elementy Board, Baroda.

Annexure—II

Programms for the Third Regional Workshop on Evaluation held at Gandhinagar
from June 25-30, 1979

		Speaker/Discussion Leader
9 .30	Registration of participants	4.5
!naugural S	ession:	
10 -45	Welcome Address	Shri R. Parthasarathy, Secretary, Planning, Government of Gujarat.
11.00	Inauguration of the Workshop.	Shri Dineshbhai V. Shah, Minister for Planning & Finance, Govt. of Gujarat.
11.30 Vote of thanks	Vote of thanks .	Dr. B. N. Sahay, Joint Director, Programme Evaluation Organisa tion, Planning Com- mission, Government of India.
11 -45	Tea	maa.
Business Se	ession I	
12 .00	Role of Evaluation in plan- ning process.	Dr. V. S. Vyas, Vice Chairman, State Plann ing Board, Governmen of Gujarat and Director Indian Institute Management, Ahmeda bad,
13.00	Lunch	
Business S	ession II	
14 · 30	Some issues of Sound Eva- luation System.	Prof. A. R. Desai, Men ber, State Planni Board, Government Gujarat & Vice-Chat cellor, South Gujar University, Surat.
	!naugural S 10 · 45 11 · 00 11 · 30 11 · 45 Business Se 12 · 00 Business S	!naugural Session:  10.45 Welcome Address  11.00 Inauguration of the Workshop.  11.30 Vote of thanks  11.45 Tea  Business Session I  12.00 Role of Evaluation in planning process.  13.00 Lunch  Business Session II  14.30 Some issues of Sound Eva-

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussion Leader		
	15.30	Tea			
	15.45	Use of Computer in Socio- Economic Surveys.	Shri P.B. Buch, Director Gujarat Computer Centre, Government of Gujarat.		
	16·45	Study of D.P.A.P.—presentation & discussion (Gujarat).	Shri N. R. Nagar. Director of Evaluation, Go vernment of Gujarat.		
	Business Sess	sion III			
26-6-79 Tuesday	9 · 30	Formulation of State Plans	Shri P. H. Vaishnav, Joint Secretary (State Plans), Planning Com- mission, Government of India.		
	10 .45	Tea	**		
	11 -00	Study of the Scheme of Labour Contract Socie- ties—presentation and discussion (Maharashtra).	Shri D. S. Kulkarni Additional Director Directorate of Econo- mics & Statistics., Government of Maha- rashtra.		
	12 · 00	A Case Study of Model Industrial Training Institute, Bhopal—presentation and discussion (Madhya Pradesh).	Shri B. K. Mishra, Deputy Director, Dte. of Econo- mics & Statistics, Govt of Madhya Pradesh.		
	13.00	Lunch	-		
	Business Session IV				
	14 · 30	Working of Antyodaya Programme in Rajasthan- a quick evaluation study by PEO— presentation & discussion.			
	15.45	Leave for Ahmedabad	-		
	16.30	Study visitto Gujarat Small Industries Corporation Ltd., Ahmedabad.			

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussion Leader		
	Business Ses	ssion V			
27-6-79 Wednesday	9 · 30	Estimational Surveys and Evaluation—Similarities and Differences.	Shri G. S. Shah, Director Bureau of Economics & Statistics, Govt. of Gujarat.		
	11 -15	Joint Studies by PEO and State Evaluation Orga- nisations.	Shri V. Krishnamurthy Commissioner, Ahmeda bad Municipal Corpora tion, Ahmedabad.		
	12 .45	Lunch	2.5		
	Business Session VI				
	14-00	Rural Water Supply—A Quick Evaluation Study by PEO, presentation & discussion.	Director, Programm		
	15.00	Tea	GOVI, OF TIMES.		
	15 · 15	Feed-back and follow-up of Evaluation Studies.	Shri R. Parthasarathy Secretary, Planning Government of Gujara		
	16 · 15	Visit to Ahmedabad	•••		
	Business Se	ession VII			
28-6-79 Thursday	8 ·3 <b>o</b>	An Evaluation Study of Family Planning Programme—presentation 8 discussion (Goa).	tistical Officer, Depar		
	9 ·30	Evaluation and Monitor ing of Plan Programme			
	11+00	Tea			
	11 -15	Social Development and Not Social Welfare—A Planning Strategy.	Smt.P.P.Trivedi, Advise Planning Commissio Government of India.		
	12 .45	Lunch	C44		

Date	Time	Topic	Speaker/Discussionen Lead
	Business Se	ession VIII	
	14.00	Rural Electrification Programme—Study being conducted by PEO—presentation & discussion,	Shri S. N. Dar, Dept Adviser, PEO.), Planni Commission, Gover ment of Indiaa.
	15 -00	Study of Agriculture Extension Programme in the Rajasthan Canal and Chambal Command Areapresentation & discussion (Rajasthan).	Shri B.D. Agarwaal, Diretor, Evaluatioon Org nisation, Government Rajasthan.
	16 ·45	Visit to Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad.	**
29-6-79 Friday	7 ·30	Field visit to Gujarat State Fertiliser Company, Fertilizernagar, Gujarat Refinery and Opera- tion Research Group, Vadodara.	
	Closing Ses.	sion	
30-6-79 Saturday	9 <b>.30</b>	Workshop on Evaluation	Dr. S M. Shahi, Join Secretary (PECO), Plan ning Commissicon, Gov of India,
	11-45	Tea	***
	12 -00	Closing Session	Dr. S. M. Shiah, Join Secretary (PE(O), Plan ning Commission Government of India.

#### APPENDIX V

#### RECOMMENDED COURSES FOR TRAINING

Extracted from pp. 63--65 of the First Conference of the Heads of State Evaluation Organisations, November—1977, PEO, Planning Commission, New Delhi).

iggested Programmes for Training in Evaluation

Although identification of specific training needs for specific jobs/ tegories of personnel, development of various types of syllabi, list trainers/training institutions, etc., are matter of systematic underanding of the details, one may suggest the following type of training urses on the basis of the broad assessment of the existing situation and the experience gained as a result of past efforts:

# (a) Orientation Course in Evaluation

- (i) Purpose: To provide basic orientation in evaluation as a planning process—particularly for the new entrants but all must undergo this course if not completed immediately after joining the evaluation organisation(s).
- (ii) Contents: The Planning Process—genesis, philosophy, concept, and objective of evaluation—evaluation standards and types—evaluation and feed-back—steps and processes in evaluation—various approaches to evaluation—sampling methods—techniques of evaluation—development and use of various instruments of observation—field work—planning supervision and scrutiny—tabulation, analysis, interpretation, reporting, etc. (content vis-a-vis training techniques would be decided on the basis of the requirement for a particular category of officers).

- (iii) Category of Personnel—Junior<sup>1</sup>, Supervisory<sup>2</sup> and Senjor<sup>3</sup> levels.
  - (iv) Duration—Three months for Junior level, two months for Supervisory level, and one month for Senior level officials.
  - (v) Frequency—3 courses per year—one for each category of personnel.

## (b) Refresher Course in Fundamental Subjects

- (i) Purpose—To acquaint the Supervisory and Senic levels evaluation personnel with the latest techniques of evaluation and enabling them to become up-to-date n the subject(s) of specialisation.
- (ii) Contents—Method and approach to evaluation—malysis/ interpretation techniques—latest trends in Social Research/ Economics/Statistics/Sociology and allied disciplires.
- (iii) Category of Personnel—Supervisory and Senior levels.
- (iv) Duration—3 weeks for Supervisory level and 2 weeks for Senior level.
- (v) Frequency—2 courses per year for each categoy mentioned above.
- (c) Study Course in the subject-matter of Evaluation Stulies
  - (i) Purpose—To provide a detailed knowledge of the subject matter/project/scheme/programme to be evaluated. This is all the more important in the context of the Rolling Plan concept.
  - (ii) Contents—The scheme/project/programme—obective—financial outlays—physical targets—relevant references—selection of variables/indicators/parameters, etc.

<sup>1.</sup> Junior Level-Investigators (I & II)/Statistical/Technical/Scientific Astts.

<sup>2.</sup> Supervisory Level—Research Officers/Asstt. Directors/Evaluation Officers/Deputy Directors.

<sup>3.</sup> Senior Level-Directors/Jt. Directors/Project Directors.

- (iiii) Category of Personnel—Junior, Supervisory, and Senior levels.
- (iw) Duration—2 weeks for Senior level, I week each for Supervisory and Junior levels (may be organised at the regional training seminars together with discussion on instruments, etc.).
- (v') Frequency—As per the number of studies (to be organised at least four weeks before the designing of the study for Senior level).

## d) In In Inter-disciplinary Course

- (ii) Purpose—For better appreciation of various latent sociocultural and economic factors and understanding of the different inter-disciplinary theories/concepts.
- (iii) Contents—Habitat, society, and culture—infrastructure—economy—innovations and change—planning for development—state|regional|district|block level planning—research methodology and project assignment from designing to reporting—coordination, supervision, administration etc.—concept of PERT and management.
- iii) Category—Supervisory and Senior levels.
- iv) Duration—16 weeks for Supervisory level and 12 weeks for Senior level.
- (w) Frequency—Two courses per year—one each for the above two categories.

## (e) Jo Jo Job-course

- (ii) Purpose—To build up one's professional competence vis-a-vis his job requirement.
- (ii) Contents—To be developed after a systematic study of the job requirements of each category of personnel.
- iii) Category of Personnel-All the three broad categories.

- (iv) Duration—12 weeks for Junior level, 8 weeks for Super visory level, and 6 weeks for Senior level.
  - (v) Frequency—3 courses in a year—one for each sategory—to be imparted within a year of appointment, but ill must undergo this course.

In the conduct of the above courses, various training techniques vill have to be selected keeping in view the topics to be covered and the level of the participants. While more reliance may have to be placed on conference, workshop, seminars, symposia, syndicate, etc. for the Senior and Supervisory (partly) levels; panel discussion, individual session lecture-cum-discussion, etc., may be found useful for the Junior level officials. Field placements and field trips for problemoriented case studies/pilot studies in the case of courses of longer duration would be useful for all the three levels of officials.



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