Proceedings of the 24 th meeting of the University Grants Comission held in New Delhi on the 9 th of September 1960. The following were present :

1. Shri C.D.Deshmukh
2. Prof.in.K.Sidhanta
3. Dr. V.S.Krishna
4. Pt. H. N. Kunzru
5. Dr.K.S.Krishnan
6. Shri N. N. Wanchoo
7. Shri P.N.Kirpal
8. Dewan \&nand Kumar
9. Shri Samuel Mathai

Chairman

- Member Member Member Member Hember Member Member Secretary

Apology for absence was received from Dr.a.C.Joshi. - Thefollowing officers were also present:

1. Shri IV.N.Iengar
2. Dr.P.J.Philip
3. Dr.V.S.Patankar
4. Dr.S.Bhattacharya
5. Nr.J.N.Kaul
G. Dr.H.C.Gupta
6. Dr.D.Shankarnarayan
7. Shri R.K.Chhabra

Assistant Secretary
Development Officer (H)
Development Officer(S)
Education Officer
Education Officer
Education Officer
Education Officer
Gdministrative Officer

Item 1: To receive the minuties of the last meeting of the University Grants Commission held on $29 \mathrm{th} / 30$ th June' 60 。
The minutes of the 23 rad mepting held on the $29 t h / 30 t h ~_{\text {m }}$ of June, 1960, which had been circulated were confirmed with the following correction:

In item 32 the following was added under "non-recurring!" Approved U.G.C.'s experditure. share

Library books \& Journals Bs.15,000 Bs.15,000
srising fron item 25 of the minutes, on a suggestion from Prof.Sidharta, it was agreed`thct the grants recommended by the Visiting Comittee for the Department of Education at Osmania University be paid to them as and when necessary without waiting for the recommendations of the committee appointed to examine the period of duration of the M.Ed.course ${ }^{4}$.

Item 2: To receive a report on the action taken by the Chairman/Secretary on certain matters.
The ' Lomission confirmod the action taken by the Chairman/Secretary on certain matters appendix I.
Contd....2.

With regard to item 2(24) - Allahabad University, Construction of Library Building - the Chairman reported that the Vice--Chancellor of allahabad University had visited him and on the presertation made by him that the cost of the now Library was expected to be Rs. 14 lakh, he had agreed that in addition to 35.10 lakhs already sanctioned in connection with the 70th anniversary of the University, the additional the Commission may pay $2 / 3$ of /k: 4 lakhs. This was approved.

Item 3: To receive a statement of the grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of . the Cominisrion held on 29ta/30th June, 1960.

The Cominssior approved the statement of grants paid/ sanctioned and expenditure incurred as shown in Appendix II.

Item 4: To receive the correspondence between the Ministry of S.R.\&.C.t. and the University Grants Commission regarding the naming of the institutions for which assistance is given by the University Grants Commission.

This was noted..
The Chairman $\ddagger n f o r m e d$ the Commission that more recently the Tikaram Kenya Nahavidyalayagnligarh, had decided to 'name their new hostel "Kamla Nehru Hostel" and that this had been agreed to as the hostel was being named after a deceased person $\varepsilon$ nd there seemed to be no political implications. It was agreed that in the matter of the naming of buildings towarais the cost of which the Commission gives assistance the important thing to bear in mind is that names of figures actively engaged in public life should not be used. The Chairman also informed the Commission that the Vikrim University had desired that they may be permitted to name their library building after Maharaja Jivaji Rap of Gwalior and that the University was prepared to meet 50 per cent cost of finis building out of the Gangajali fund. Tree Commission agreed to this.

## -3-



Item 5: To receive a letter addressed to all the State Universities with regard to the period for which assistance from the Comission for development schemes sanctioned during the Second Plan quinquennium could be expected.

The Comission noted and approved the D.O. letter dated 27th of July, 1960, that had been written by Secretary to the universities regarding the period for which assistance from the Comission could be expected for development schemes sanctioned during the Second Plan quinquennium.

Item 6: To receive a report regarding the decision agreed to by the Ministry of S.R.\& Ci. regarding assistance to the affiliated colleges for basic sciences being handled by the University Grants Commission. to avoid duplication
The Commission noted with satisfaction that/ the Ministry
of S.R.\&.C.H. had decided not to continue to make grants to affiliated colleges for post-graduate departments in basic sciences.

Item 7: To receive a report with regard to additions to degrees to be notified under Section 22(3) of the University Grants Commission int.

The Comission approved the notifying of the degree of Doctor of Engineering (D .Eng.).

Item 8: To receive the manual accounts of the University Grants Comission for the year 1959-CO.

The omission received the annual accounts of the
University Grants Commission.
Item 9: To receive a list of the colleges included under Section 2(f) of the U.G.C.f.ct as on 30th June, 1960.

The Commission approved the list of colleges recognized under section $2(f)$ of the University Grants Commission act as brought up-to-date un 30th June, 1960.

Item 10: To receive a report on the final allocations made to various universities for scientific equipment and library bouks and journals under the 5 th year budget of the India Wheat Loan Educational Exchange Programme.

This was recorded.
Item 11: To receive a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding the post-graduate Evening College of the Delhi University.

In this connection Secretary read out a letter that Contd...4.
had been received from the Registrar, Delhi University explaining their understanding of the rature end scope of the Post-graduate Evening College established in 1959. The Comission, however, reiterated their view that there was no real justification for providing post-graduate education through evening culleges, but desired that the comittce that had already been appointed be requested to expedite their study of the whole question of Evening Colleges. The Comission also desired that as complete data as may be possible be collected regarding the kird of students who are enrolled in evening or morning colleges and their results in examinations.

On the question of the increasing number of University studerits in Delhi and the pressure on the existing, colleges and university departments, the Comission thought that it would be desirable to plan to establish a separate university in New Delhi so that the colleges now being established
in New Delhi nay be affiliated to it and Delhi University could be free to continue its own distinctive character as a federal type of university.

Iten 12: To receive a report regaraing tho grants being paid to the affilinted colleges by the Ministry of Education for post-graduate courses in Hone Science without consultation with the University Grants Commission.

The Comission noted that some grant had been given by the Governmen't of India to svinashilingam Home Science College, but that there was some uncertainty about the purpose for which the grant was given and it was agreed that the exact facts nay be ascertained and appropriate action taken.

Iten 13: To receive a report on the recomendations of various bodies regarding the inplementation of Vational Service Schene.

The Comission generally welcomed the scheme for
National Service for students finishing the Higher Secondary

Education and seeking to enter the university. Shri Kirpal informed the Comission that the Government of India had appointed a Working Group to work out the details of the scheme. Tis Comission desired that the attention of this Group be drawn to the following points:-

1. In order tc avoid the possibility of tinere being no entrants to the university in the first year of the starting of the schene it might be desirable during the first year to linit training to those students who are sixteen years or less of age onl:。
2. In order $t$ renove the sense of delay in entering the Uriversity and the anxiety that may go with it, the cominttee might corsider the possibility of students being admitted to the vaiious colleges before entering on this course of training. This would have the advantage of the colleges themselver being interosted and involved in the schere as the students would already be their own students.
3. Ways and means need to be worked outby which the students undergoing this training aight have no sense of, break in their acaienic life.

In the course of discussion un this subject, it was mentioned that the Education Panel of the Planning Co.mission had thought that the duration of the Socondary course should be twelve yoars. The Comission supported this idea. The Comission also felt that there was need for a great deal of careful thinking about the content and scope of secondary education in the country ard its relation to higher education. The Comission desired that information regarding standards of Secondary Education should be obtained froa foreign countries, particularly from the U.K., France, Germuny, Japan and the U.S.h. The Comaission also desirod that in special neuting of the Cominssion free from routine businoss should be held at the earliest opportunity to discuss this and other matters of general conta....6.
educational principle.
Iten 14: To consider certain nggestion; made oy the Education Minister regarding Uiversity education in his inaugural add.ess delivered at the Central advisory Boc:rd of Educetion neeting held in February 1960.

The Comission was fully in agrement with the suggestions and remarks of the vinister c"Eucation regarding the need for discipline in the uriversities.

Item 15: To consider the recomendations made regarding higher education by the Comission un National Education of the Govornnent of Pakistan.

The Comission noted the recomendations on National Education alade by the Governaznt uf Pakistangwhich had been sent to it for information. The Comission desired the Ministry of Education to seep in touch with the Ministry of Education ir Pakıstan so that any useful information in regard to the acceptance or implementation of the recommendation. may be made available to the univorsities on India.

Iten 16: To consider a proposil for giving financial assistance tu uriversities for the construction of staff clubs-cun-giest houses.

The Comission agreed thit grants may be paid to universities fur the construc ion of guest houses including staff clubs on the usual basji.

Iten 17: To consider the ques, ion of giving grants to universitios for the publication of learned journals.

This was not considered.
Item 18: To consider a propos:1 for giving lunposum grants to universities/ colleges towards Students kid Fund.

The Comission agreod that lunp-sun grants towards students . aid fund nay be given to colloges on the basis of Rel per student on the rolis at the beginning of each year, subject to a maximum of $\mathrm{E} .1,500 / \mathrm{m}$ and that further grants towards this fund may be rade at the rate of $\mathrm{Re} 1 /-$ fur every rupes cullected by the college from the students or toachers subject to a maximun of $k$. $2,000 /-$ as the Commission's contribution.

Item 19: To further consider the question of giving assistance to collegos towards the introduction of a tutorial system.

The Comission agreed that grants un a hundred per cent Contd...7.
basis may be given to colleges for the construction of teachers' rooms and tutorial rooms in order to assist in the building $u$ ) of the tutorial systea in the colleges. The Comission accepted the following standards as a basis but each individual case woula havo to be exanined on its own merits:-
a) Flour area of 10 tutorial rouns on the average in each college @ 300 sq.ft. per room. . 3,000 sft.
b) Flour area of 15 teachers' roums on the average in each college@100 sq.ft. per room.
$1,500 \quad 11$
Total iree of tutorial roous and teachers' roons in each college. 4,500 "

Corresponding plinth area.
6,750 "
c) Estimated cost involvod in the construction of these rooms in each college @ Fs. 12/- per sq.ft. on the average.

As.81,000/-
Colleges to which this assistance is to be given should be care: ${ }^{-3 l l y}$ selected on the basis of the standards achieved by tho and tho teacher-pupil ratio existing in them. It was thought that some 500 colleges might be *assisted during; the next Plen jeriod.

Item 20: To consider a proposal for giving travel grants to teachers in Huranities and Social Sciences for furtiner studies aid research.

The Commission agreud that travel grants ay be given to university teachers in Hunanities and Social Sciences to visit other places of learning in the country for purposes of special stucy or research fur short periods. Grants are to be paid on the following basis the entire expenditure being met by the Comission:-

1. First class railway fareboth ways or actual expenscs incurred if journey is pe roformed by rocici
2. Haltins, allowance of $: 10 /-$ per day for a periud not exseeding six weeks.

The folloting conditions should goverr the schene:-

1. The applications for travol award be sent to University Grants Comission in the prescribed form along with the recomendation of the University authorities. Final selectiun will be made by the

Contd...8.

Comission. INo grant will be paid if visit has been conducted withuiu prior approval.
2. Permission of the heal of the rusearch centre which the applicant propose; to visit may be obtained by the Uriversity and forwardod to the Comission along with the application.
3. The recipient of the wward should subait a brief report on the expiry of the visit indicating the actual time spent, the nature of the work done and the benefit derived froa the visit.
4. 4Il payment under the grant will be nade to the University concerned in two instaliments, the first payable in advance and the second at the end of the visit after fuil accounts of the expenses incurred are submittel to the Comaission along with a brief report of the visit.
5. The University will sind at the erid of the financial year the us al certificate from the auditors to the effec: that the grant has been utilised for the purpise for which it was given.

The Comission also agres that the scheme should initially apply only to univessity appointed teachers and may be applied to college tec.chers later.

Item 21: To consider the repcet of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Cor aission for examining the work of the M.S. Uni versity of Baroda on a critical edition of Valniki $\overline{\mathrm{F}}$ mayana.

The Comaission accepted the recomendations of the Visiting Comittee and sanctioned a grant of RS. 4,54,700/being $66-2 / 3$ \% of the estialatad expenditure on the project of editing Valmiki Ramayana from 1960-61 to 1966-67.

Item 22: To consider the report of the Visiting Comittee appointed by the Coninission to examine the work of the nnnamalai University on a variorun edition of Kamba Ranayanan.
The Comission accopted the recomendations of the Visiting. Comaittee and sanctioned a sum of Rs.2,26,000/- to Annamalai University for the Jublication of Kanba Ranayanam as its 2/3 share from 1960-62 to 1966-67. The Comission also sanctioneci Rs. 30,000/-run-recurring, on a non-sharing basis for a Microfilm Unit.

Iten_23: $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ consider the repcrt of the Visiting Comaittee appointed by the Cor aission to examine the further needs of Kerala University for the publication of Malayaian Lexicon.

- The Comission accepted the recomendations of the

Visiting Comittee and sanctioned a sum of Rc. 60,000/Contd....9.
(recurring) per annum and Rs.5,60,000/-(non-recurring)for a period of five years, as its share for the publication of a Malayalam Lexicon. Item 24: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Cominission for assessing the needs of the Vikram University for the development of a department of Indian History \& Culture.

The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Visiting Committee and sanctioned the following grants to Vikram University for the Department of Indian History \& Culture to be paid as and when necessary:-

## Approved expenditure U.G.C. share

i) Building with a plinth
area of 10,000 sft. with electric \& sanitary fittings @ Rs.20/-per sit. RS. 2,00,000(NR)
ii) Furniture for the bldg. Rs. $40,000(N R)$
iii) Equipment. $\operatorname{Total}^{(N . R .)} \frac{\mathrm{RS} \cdot 10,000(\mathrm{NR})}{\mathrm{RS} \cdot 2,50,000}$ RS. 1,66,666( NR)
iv) Staffer Professor, two

Readers, three lecturers
and two Research Fellows.
(for remaining period of
II F.Y.P.). $\quad$. RS. $23,500(R)$ RS. $11,750(R)$
v) Books Rs. $50,000(\mathrm{NR})$ Rs. $50,000(\mathrm{NR})$

Item 25: To consider the report of the Committee appointed by the Commission to assess the requirements of the Universities of (a) Delhi and (b) Aligarh for additional library staff.

The Commission considered the report of the Visiting Committee and agreed that the following additional staff as recommended by them may be sanctioned for the Libraries of Delhi and Aligarh Universities:-
$\qquad$ $A L I G_{i} R H$


Item 26: To consider the recommendations of the i.I.C.T.E. regarding facilities for High Voltage Laboratories in Engineering Colleges.

The Commission accepted the recommendations of the
A.I.C.T. I. and sanctioned the following grants:-


Item 27: To consider the recommendation oi the A.I.C.T.E. regarding the establishment of a Polytechnic at Annamalai University.

The Commission accepted the, scheme for an independent
Polytechnic at Annamalai and sanctioned the following grants
as recommended by the A.I.C.T.E. :-

Non-recurring
i) Buildings
plinth area) (54,200 sft.
ii) Equipment(incluaing installation charges)
iii)Library
iv.) Furniture
or say
Recurring (per annum)
Staff
Maintenance

Approved cost UGC sh are $50 \%$

Rs. 7,59,000 Rs. 3,79,500

Rs. $8,48,880$ Rs. $4,24,440$
Rs. 20,000 Rs. 10,000

Rs.16,63,000 Rs. 8,31,500


In this connection the Commission desired to inform the All India Council for Technical Education that since Polytechnics providing diploma courses were not the direct concern of the University Grants Commission, the, establishment and maintenance of such polytechnics may be directly undertaken by the Ministry concerned.

Item 28: To consider the recommendations of the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A.'regarding a non-recurring expenditure of is. 31 lakhs recommended by the Reviewing Committee of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore for development for the period .1958-63.

The Commission accepted the recominendations of the Ministry of S.R.\&.C.A., and sanctioned a non.recurring expenditure of Ps. 31,00,000/- to the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, - Is. $27,00,000 /$-upto the end of the Second Five Yéar Plan and Bs, 4,00,000 after 1960-61. The Commission noted that the Block grant to the Instịtute had been raised
from 21 lakhs per annum to 37 lakhs per annum sifhce 1958-59, and this amount has been channlled through the Commission since 1959-60.

Item 29: To consicier a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding the amendment to Statute 30 of the Statutes of the Delhi University.

This was not consịdered.
Item 30:To consider the provisions made by the Bihar Government in the foct passed for the Universities in the State of Bihar.

The Commission noted tiat the Bihar Government had Contd...12.
passed an act setting up four new universities and that many of the provisions of this sct were not in accordance with the Commission's ideas on university Acts,especially in the matter of the autonomy of universities. The Act had been passed by the Bihar Government'without adequate consultation with the Cominission. The Commission approved the suggested amendments to the Act indicated in the note appended and desired that this be sent to the Minister of Education for discussion with the Bihar Minister of Education for a possible amendment of the act.

Item 31: To consider the question of revision of salary scales of teachers in Engineering and Technological Institutions.

The Commission agreed that teachers in Technical subjects in Engineering Colleges and Departments in the Universities be placed on the scales of $\mathrm{pa}_{5}$ recommended by the A.I.C.T.E. at its annual meeting held in April 1958. The Commission also agreed that teachers should be placed at "the next higher stage" in the revised grade w.e.f. lst April 1960. Grants for this purpose will be paid on a hundred per cent basis for a period of five years.

Class A
(Post-graduate Institutions).
$\qquad$

Class B
(Institutions teach
ing upto 1st
degree

| Director Prïncipal | is.2000-2500 (in exceptional cases an additional pay of $P_{3} .500 /$-may be allowed. | Rs.1300-1800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Professor | Hs. 1600-1800 | - |
| Professor <br> (Ordinary scale) | Rs. 1000-1500 | Rs.1000-1500 |
| Asstt.Professor | Rs. 600-1150 | Rs. 600-1150 |
| Lecturers. | Rs. 350-850with a starting salary of $\mathrm{P} .410 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | Rs. 350-850 with a starting salary of Rs. $410 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| Workshop Superintendent | Fis. 600-1150 | RS. 600-1150 |

Teachers in other branches including pharmacy applied physics Radio physics, Eloctronics and applied chemistry
will be on the same scales of pay as similar teachers in other Faculties of the Universities.

Scales for staff in Polytechnics.

Designation of Post.
Principal
Head of the Department
(Lecturer-in-Charge)
Workshop Superintendent
Lecturer
Senior Instructor
Junior Instructor

Salary Scales

- P. 800-1250

Ps. 600-1000
Rs. 350-850
Ps. 350-850
PS. 260-500
Rs. 160-300

Item 32: To consider the report of the University Grants Commission for the year 1959-60.

This was not considered.
Item 33:To fix the date and place of the next meeting of the Commission.

It was agreed that the next meeting of the Commission may be held in Delhi on the lith of October,1960.

Additional Item 1: To consider a request of the Government
of India inviting the views of the University Grants Commission on the proposal made by Shri A.A.A. Fyzee, Vice-Chancellor, University of Jammu \& Kashmir for setting up a Commission to inquire into the study of Arabic, Persian and Islamic Studies.

The University Grants Commission did not consider it necessary to appoint a Commission to enquire into the study of Arabic, Persian and Islamic studies in India. If necessary the University Grants Commission itself could appoint a committee to look into this matter.

Additional Item 2: To receive a report regarding allocations of foreign exchange to Indian Universities and affiliated colleges for the import of scientific equipment and library books \& journals.

This was recorded.
Additional Atom 3: The Commission appointed a committee consisting of the following to examine in detail the question of revision of salaries of the University Grants Commission staff in accordance with the recommendations


# APPENDIX I TO U, G. C. MINUTES DARED <br> 9th SEPT. 1960 

Report on the action taken by the
Chairman/Secretary on certain matters.

## 1. Centenary Grants to Colleges

In their meeting held on il/12th February 1960
(Item No.50) the U.G.C. decided that a centenary grant may be given to every college on its completing hundred. years either as a college or as an institution, provided that during at least 50 years of that period, the institution has functioned as a college. It was also decided that Government colleges should be included in this proposal. In compliance with the above decision, the following colleges (Government as well as privately managed) have been sanctioned payment of a grant of Rs.1.0 lakh each by the Chairman. (In the case of Maharaja's College, Mysore, the amount of grant to be paid is only Rs.92,000/m) :-

1. M.D.T. Hindu College, Tirunelveli.
2. Rajahmundry Govt. College; Rajahmundry.
3. Maharaja's Collage Morn n.
4. Government College, Ajmer.
5. Randhir College', Kapurtiala.
6. Maharaja's College. Jalpore
7. College of Engineering, Poona.
8. S.K.C.G. College, Parlakimedi.
9. Presidency College, Madras.
10. Govt. Arts College, Coimbatore.
11. Govt. College , Kumbakonam.

12: Raja's College, Pudikottai.
13. Madras Medical College Madras:
14. College of Engineering, Guindy.
15. Teachers' Training College, Saldapét, Madras.
2. DelInt University - Dr: T.R.Seshadri - Payment of special granta In their, meeting dated the 21st March 1960 the Commission approved, on 50:50 basis, of a grant not exceeding Rs.3,178.00 to Dr. T.R.Seshadri for attending the International Symposium on "the Chemistry of Natural Products" to be held in Australia in August 1960. The Delhi University subsequently
reported that the Symposium authorities themselves had agreed to meet his travel expenses in full and that the U. G.C. might pay a grant of Rs. 500/- on $50: 50$ basis only towards Dr. Seshadri's daily expenses'during his ten days' stay in Australia.

The Chairman agreed as a special case to the payment of a grant not exceeding Rs. $500 /$ - to the Delhi University for this purpose:
3. Pan jab University - Prof. P.N.Mehra - Payment of travel grant.

The University of Panjab reported that Prof.P.N.Mehra, Dean, Faculty of Science and Head of the Botany Department, had bol invited to participate and present an Invitation paper entitled "Cytology and Breeding of Conifers" at the Session of the Fifth World Forestry Congress being held in Seattle, Washington (U.S.A.) with effect from 29th August to MOth Septemberg, 1960.

The University further intimated that half of the travel cost of Shri P.N.Mehra was to be met by the Congress itself and requested that a grant may be made to the Panjab University for meeting the other half of the travelling expenses.

The Chairman has agreed to a grant equal to $\frac{1}{4}$ th ( $25 \%$ ) of the actual cost of travel only on the condition that the other $\frac{1}{4}$ th ( $25 \%$ ) of the expenditure will be met by the Penfab University. (Half of the expenses am to be met by the Congress).
4. Jadavpur University - Dr. R.K.Dẹs Gupta - Payment of travel grant.

The University of Jadavpur reported that Dr.R.K.Das Gupta, Reader of English at the University had been invited to participate in and read his paper on "Christian View of Tragedy", at the IV International Congress on Aesthetics held in Athens on list September 1960.

The University of Jadavpur requested that a grant may be made for the purpose of deputing Dr.R.K.Das Gupta.

The Chairman has agreed to pay a grant on $50: 50$ basis not exceeding Rs.l,550/- for meeting the travel expenses of

Dr. Das Gupta, on the condition that the other $50 \%$ will be met by the University itself.
5. Mysore University - Professor N, $\Lambda$, Nikam (Vice-Chancellor) payment of travel grant.

The University of Mysore reported that the ViceChancellor, Prof. N.A.Nikam had been invited to participate in the Session of the Philosophical Pntretiens being organised from 12th to 15th September 1960 at Oberhonfen (Switzerland). Prof. Nikam was also to present a paper at the above Session.

The University authorities requested that a grant may be made to the Mysore University for the purpose of deputing Prof. Nikam to attend the above Session.

The Chairman has agreed to the payment of a grant not exceeding $50 \%$ of the actual cost (lIst Class Ry. fare in India and tourist fare in International flights), on the condition that the other $50 \%$ will be met by the Mysore University.
6. Panjab University - Prof. M.R. Sahni - Payment of travel grant.

The University of Panjab reported that Prof. M. R. Sahni had been invited to participate in the International Geological Congress to be held.: in Copenhagen during August, 1960. Prof. Sahni was also required to present and read a paper at the above Congress.

The University authorities requested that a grant may be made to the Panjabi University for the purpose of deputing Prof. San to attend the Congress.

The Chairman has agreed to a grant not exceeding $50 \%$ of the actual cost of travel (first class Ry. fare in India and tourist fare in international flights), on the condition that the other $50 \%$ will be met by the Panjab University.
7. Aligarh Muslim University - Proposal for the purchase of a Motor Vehicle - Grant-in-aid for.

The Aligarh Muslim University submitted .a proposal for the purchase of a Jeep for the use of the Proctorial Staff of the University. In view of the fact that it was desirable
that the University should have, some transport to enable the Proctor of the University, to maintain proper discipline amongst, the students, the Chairman has agreed to the proposal of the Aligarh Muslim University to purchase a willys Jeep and sanctioned payment of a grant not exceeding Rs. $22,000 /-$ for this purpose, subject to the condition that the expenditure on its maintenance is met out of the Block grant.
8. Recognised Institutions - Payment of grant to.

Information has been collected from all the Universities regarding the names of institutions or bodies other than affiliated colleges included"in the list prepared under Section 2(f) of the U.G.GeAct, together with the nature of the work done by the $m$ and the manner in which their work influences or alds any brancn of work or function conducted. by the Universities themselves. Information has also been obtained regarding the provisions, if any, for the supervision of such rocognised institutions by the University and whether the University lays dow any condition regarding staff, administration, finance, etc.

It" was observed from the information supplied. by the Universitiesthat the term "recognition" was a loose term and as such cannot form the basis on which U.G.C. could bring an institution under thair purviow under section $2(f)$. The Chairman, therefore, decided that no grant should be paid to /such institutions, and any of these linstitutions if included in our list prepared under Section 2(f) of the U.G.C. Act mey now be deleted.

## 9. Jadavpur Uni versity.

$\therefore \cdots{ }^{*}$ On the recommendation of the A.I.C.T.T., the Commission at its meeting, held on 3rd/4th December ${ }_{9}$ 1958, approved the proposal of Jadavpur University for starting 4-year part-time degree courses in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering with an annual intake of 60 students (20 for each course). For implementation of the scheme, the

Commission approved a recurring expenditure of Rs.1. 75 lakhs per annum after taking into account income from fees and accordingly sanctioned payment of a ceiling grant of Rr. $88,000 /=$ per annum (being $50 \%$ of the approved expendtare) for the duration of the Second Five Year Plan period.

- In vein of the large $n$ umber of applications received from Diploma holders for joining the Courses, the University reviewed the facilities available for running t': $e$ courses and felt that arrangements could be made for training of students on the basis of an annual intake of 120 in all Courses combined. The need for additional grants wis not felt as the same was expected to be met from the enhanced income from fees. A request for increase in the intake from 60 to 120 was accordingly made by the University.

The proposal of the University was referred to the A. I.C.T.E. which placed the same before the Coordinating Committee for consideration. The Committee has recommended tract the proposal of the University to increase the annual intake for the said Courses from 60 to 120 may be approved without any additional expenditure. The recommendations of the A.I.C.T.E. were accepted and conveyed to the University.
10. Lucknow University - Development of Higher Scientific Education \& Research.

On the recommendations of the Visiting Committee, the Commission, at its meeting held on 4th December, 1957, semetioned the following equipment and library grants to the Lroknow University for the development of Higher Scientific Ećacation \& Research, under the Second Five Year Plan:-

Purpose. Approved cost. Share of U. G.C.
("a: . Equipment.
(b) Library Books \& Journals.

3,50,000
1,20,000

$$
2,33,333
$$

1,20,000

On the receipt of a representation from the University of Lucknow, sanction was accorded to an additional expenditure of Rs. 96,000 (Commission's share being Rs. 74,000 ),

as $d \epsilon$ :ailed below:-


1. Pr sics: Department.
Pr chase of Scientific
51,000
34,000 Eq intent.
2. Ge logy Department.
(i Purchase of Scien- 15,000. 10,000 tific Equipment.
(ii Literature.
Books \& Journals. 5,000 5,000
3. . N thematic Department.

E oks \& Journals.
Rs $\frac{25,000}{96,000}$
$\frac{25,000}{574,000}$
This res reported to $t$ he Commission at its meeting held on 29/3C in June, 1960.

In May, 1960, the Lucknow University informed the Commission that in the case of the statistics Department, thar grant; paid had been fully utilized and additional grants were needel for implementation of the project already approved. To meet ;his demand, sanction was accorded to an additional exper 'iture of Rs.25,000/- (Commission's share being Rs.20,000/-). for t de Statistics Department, as per details shown below:-
purpose.

$$
\frac{\frac{\text { Additional }}{\text { asked for by the }}}{\frac{\text { University }}{\text { RS. }}}
$$

$\frac{\text { U. G. C.' 's }}{\text { Share. }}$
(i) equipment
15,000

10,000 $\quad$\begin{tabular}{r}
10,000 <br>
RS25,000

$\quad$

10,000 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

11. sirdar Vallabhbadi Vidyapeeth.

The Commission, at its meeting held on 14th April, 1958, apprc ed a plinth area of 5,000 sq. ft. at an estimated cost of Rs. $75,000 /$-(including services and furniture) for the construction of tr: Central Workshop building at Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapetth. Again it this sanction, the vardar vallabhbhai Vidyápeeth submitted
pl ans and estimates for the construction of the Central Workshop building at an estimatod cost of Rs. $67,970 /$-(including all services etc.) covering a plinth area of $5,400 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. The estimates were supported by certificates from the local P.W.D. As the estimated cost was well within the Commission's sanction, the plans and estimates submitted by the University were approved and sanction was accorded to an additional pith area of $400 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. for the Workshop building. .

## 12. Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, <br> the

For the all-round development of/Indian Institute of
Science, Bangalore, the Government of India sanctioned during 1946-50, a total grant of Rs.1,76,88,848/- for the implementation of various approved schemes'relating both to Science and Technology. Out of this, the Govt. of India had paid, unto the end of 1958-59, an amount of Rs.1,76,78,129/- against which the Institute incurred an expenditure of Rs.1,76,09,167/-.

During 1959-60 when the responsibility for paying grants to the I.I.S. Bangalore was transferred to the Commission, the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. informed that due to a rise in the cost of materials, equipment and labour cost for buildings etc., the Institute has to incur an additional expenditure of Rs.4,64,833/- for the completion of the above development schemes. As the Institute was badly in need of finds, the Chairman agreed to pay an 'on account' grant of Rs. $2,00,000 \%$, pending detailed examination of all these schemes on receipt of relevant papers from the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. and the Institute.
13. Technical assistance for training abroad

The Ministry of Finance Depth. of Economic Affairs); Indian Universities for technical assistance i.e. services of foreign experts, ancillary equipment, if any, and for. training abroad under the Technical CQ-operation Schemes of (a) Point Four Programine(b) U.N.T.A.O. Programme and (c) $\therefore$ Colombo Plan $\nless(d)$ Indo-French Technical Cooperation Programme.

Applications for technical assistance under the various Foreign Aide Programes for the year 1960－61 were accoraingly inyited by the Commission．Different Expert Committees were appointed by the Chaiman to scrutinise these proposals and make recommendations in the case of each of the programes．

The following candidates were recommended for training abroad for the year 1960－61：－
Name of the Progranme．Name of the candidate $\quad$ Subject and Country in which

| POINT FOUR． | （1） | Shri Sos．Wartys M．S．University of Baroda． | Textile Chemistry particul－ arly regarding latest techni－ ques of processing textile fibres to produce non－woven textiles $\qquad$ U．S．A． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | （2） | Shri M．R：Panchal， M．S．University of Baroda． | Electrical Machine Design or Electrical Measurements instruments．－U．S．A． |
|  | （3） | Shri D．N．Roy Bardhan， Jadavpur University． | Electric Machine Design \＆ Testing－U．S．A． |
| UNITED NATION TECHNICSL ASSIS－ TANCE ORGANISA－ TION． | （1） | Shri D．B．Narasimhaiah， Mysore University． | Post－Graduate research work in structures \＆Mechanics． －U．S．A． |
|  | （2） | Dr．K．N．Gaind， Punjab University。 | Observation tour－to visit various pharmacy Institu－ tions in U．S．A． |
| COLOMBO PLAN． | （I） | Shri R．C．Gupta， Lucknow University．． | Nuclear Magnetic Resonance －U ：K． |
|  | （2） | Shri R．V。Bhonsle， Gujarat University。 | Radio Astronomy－Australia． |
|  | （3） | Dr．K． $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Khoshoo}$, Panjab University。 | Cyto－Chemistry－U．K． |
|  | （4） | Dr．S．V．Subrahamanyan， Sri Venkateswar University。 | Acoustics－U．K．or Canada． |

INDO－DRENCH
TECHNICAL CO－
OPER 4 TION．
（I）Shri R．S．Dighe．
Systems of Prestressing concrete structures etc．
－Frence．
In the case of inviting foreign Experts，the request for services in certain fields made in 1958－59 and 1959－60 has been repeated and the following specific requests have been made for the year 1960－61：－

Subject in which expert is required． UNDER POINT FOUR PFOGRAMME．

Servo－mechanism $\frac{\text { NO．OF EXPERTS }}{1}$

Applied Geology（Exploration Geophysics）。

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UHDER COLOMBO PLAN.
-
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NO. OF EXPERTS.
Geology (Petrology)
1
Industrial Engg.\& Administration. I
The recommendations of the Selection Committees were accepted by the Chairman. The proposals have been forwarded to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, (Dep th. of Economic Affairs).
The ter is repented to the ciomission
14. ALIGARH MUSLIM UNI VERSITY-GEAKT FOR KLL INDIA ISLENIC
The Aligarh Muslim University held the and session of the All India Islamic Studies Conference in December 1959, and incurred an expenditure of \(\mathrm{Fs} .1,977.18 \mathrm{np}\) for the purpose. The University held the Ist session of this Conference in January, 1958, but the expenditure was borne by the University without any financial assistance from the Government of India or the University Grants Commission.
2. On the University requesting the Commission to meet the expenditure incurred on the and session of the All India Islamic Studies Conference the Chairman has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 1,000/as token grant to the University, The University has been informed that in future the Cominission will not pay any grant for holding Conferences on subjects which may easily form a part of the existing Conferences of a similar nature egg. the Indian History Congress or the All India Oriental Conference.
15. VISVA-BHARATI-WATER SUPPLY RE-ORGANISATION SCHEME.
The revised scheme of VIsva-Bharati regarding Water Supply 'R"* \({ }^{\text {® }}\) organisation has been approved by the University Grants Commission at an increased cost of \(\stackrel{\text { R. }}{ }\). 18,00,600/-(Res.No.3(29) of \({ }^{\prime} 14 / 15\) th August, 1959).
2. The Uriversity later intimated that the cost of private land measuring 11.16 acres and estimated to cost Rs.18,000/\%, to be. acquired for execution of the scheme, was not included in the approved cost of Rs. \(18,00,600 / \mathrm{m}\). The Chairman agreed to the increase in cost of the scheme from K. 18,00,600/- to .
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Ms.18,18,600/- on account of the cost of... zand .

## 16. BANARAS HINDU UMIVERSITY-COMPLETION OF EXISTING FIVE HOSTELS.

The University Grants Commission vide Res. No. 14 of $9 / 10$ th February, 1959 approved the completion of five existing hostels viz. Annie Besant Hostel, RadhakrishnanHostel, Gurtu Hostel, C.P. Ramaswami Eyer Hostel and Womens' hostel at an estimated cost of IV. 7,24,000(NR). The C.P.W.D. approved the implementation of the scheme at a total cost of Rs. $7,14,000 /-(N R)$ resulting in a saving of Rs . $10,000 /-$.

The University informed the Commission :that through an oversight, provision of kitchen block in the Annie Besant Hostel at an estimated cost of Rs. $56,200 /-$ could not be included in the original proposal. As the provision of kitchen in a hostel is an absolute necessity, the request of the University has been accepted in principle and the plans and estimates are under reference to the C.P.W.D. for working out the exact expenditure involved.

## 17. $\angle N D H R \angle U N I$ VERSITY-CCI.STKUCTION OF STAFF QUARTERS.

The andhra University approached the University Grants Commission for the construction of 6 Professors Quarters at an estimated cost of Rs. 1.56 lakhs and 40 Lecturers' quarters at a cost of Rs. 6.40 lakhs, total cost of the scheme being fs.7.96 lakh The University has agreed to share the expenditure at $50 \%$. 2. The University stressed the need for the construction of these quarters, as 266 members of the teaching staff out of 355 are. still to be provided with residences. This University has. not been given any financial assistance so far for the construction: of staff quarters.
3. The Chairman approved tho proposal in principle.
18. RAJASTHAN UNIVERSITYMCONSTRUCTION OF ST FF QUARTERS.

The Rajasthan University approached the University Grants Commission for the construction of 34 staff quarters at an estimated cost of RE. 9,90,000/- as detailed below:-

a) Seven Professors' Quarters.
b) Nine Readers' quarters.
c) Eighteen Lecturers ${ }^{\text { }}$ quarters.

The State Government has ragreed to share the expenditure at $50 \%$ of the cost.
2. is the need of the University was urgent and as the Uṇiversity has not so far been given any assistance/staff houses, the Chairman agreed in principle, to the request of the University.
19. ALIEHABAD ULIVERSITY - CUNSTHUCTIUN OF STAFF QUARTEES.

The University Grants Commission vide Res. No.3(XVII) of 30/31st October, 1959 approved the action of the Chairman in accepting the request of Allahabad University in principle, for the construction of 36 staff quarters at an estimated cost - of Es. 5,00,000/- to be paid by the Ministry of Education as interest bearing loan: . Since the University was not empowered to raise loáns, the University requested that a reduced scheme costing R. $1,12,000 /-$ to meet the pressing needs of the University be sanctioned by the Commission on a $50 \%$ grant basis. the The Chairman has acceeded to/request of the University.
20. KARNATAK UNIVERSITY- ADDITIONAL PFOVISION OF FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE NEW LIBRARY WING OF THE UNI VERSITY. The University Grants Commission vide Res. No.3(2) of 9/10th Feb 1959 approved the request of the Karnatak University, for provision of furniture and equipment for its Library building at a cost of $\mathrm{RS} .130,000 \mathrm{NR}$. A library building
/ costing Es. $4,53,968 /-$ has been constructed with financial
assistance from the University Grants Commission; on the usual basis, as part of a composite building fór academic purposes. 2. The University requested that the following additional items of furniture and equipment: be provided for the Library。
a) Sun-blinds for 186 windows $=$ Rs. $12,000 /-$
b) Inter connection phone system $=$ : Bs. $5,000 /-$
c) Ampligramme. $=$ Bs. $1,500 /=$
d Duplicating machine 。
$=$
Total
$\frac{\text { Re: } 4 ; 000 /-}{\text { BE, } 22,500 /-}$


The Chairman approved the expenditure . The Commission will meet $2 / 3$ of the cost of these items.

## 21. OSM $_{4} \mathrm{NI}_{\Omega}$ ULIVEESITY - . IMPhOVEYENT OF TH EXISTING

 PEINTING, PRESS.The University Grants Cominission vide Res. No. 29 of 1l/12th February, 1960 considered the quest-on of astablishment of Printing Presses in Universities with finąncicl assistance from the University Grants Commission. The Commission sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1,8 $8,000 /-$ ( BS . 1,21,000/.. for machinery and Rs. 60,000/for building) to ligarh wuslim University foi setting up a University Prunting Press. The Comaission also agreed that on requésts being received from otiner Universitirs, grants may be paid to them for this purposc on the same basis.
2. The Osmania University aporoazhed the Cemmission for financial assistance towards tho improvemont of existing Press of the University which has not been working officiently, being more than 30 years old. The estimated cost involved in its improvement is F:. 1,20,000/-for the purchase of Phess, Bindery, Process Studio and types and B. $60,000 /$-for the extension of the present buildins by 4,000 sq.ft.
3. The Chairnan approved the proposal of tre University at an ostimated cóst of Fr 。1, 80,000 (NR) on the g ound that "consolidation ìs as important as developmint. ' The State Government/Univarsity will shar. the expe iditure at $33 \frac{2}{3} \%$ and the balance of $\% 1,20,000 /-$ represinting $6 \times \frac{2}{3} \%$ of the total cost will be met by the Commission.
22. DELEI UNIVERSITY-CUNSTRLUTIL: OF T $\triangle C H: B G O C K-$ DELEI SGADOL OT ECONOMICS.
The University Grants Comiscion vile $\mathrm{F}: \mathrm{s}$. Nivo. 37 of $8 t \mathrm{~h}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$, ' July, 1958 approved the construction of teaching block of Delhi School of Economics at a total estimate: cost of Es. I,50,000(NR). The plans and estinates of the scheme were approved by the C.P.W.D. at a cost of Rs. 1,36.000/-. The DeIhi University invited tenders and the lowest tenzered cost wes Fs. $1,48,500 /-$. The University vas asked to inimimate the No. of tenders received and whether the tenders were open or restricted.


The University informed that for building portion tenders were invited from 20 contractors on the approved list and only two tenders were received.
2. In view of the urgency of the construction of the building, the Chairman agreed to the increased cost of Ps.1,48,500/- based on the lower tender. In this connection the Unimeinsity has been advised to prepare a revised list of approved contractors in consultation with the C.P.W.D. in case it is desired to entrust construction work of library buildings to a restricted number of approved constractors and report the action taken in this regard to the Cominission.
23. K KN N T K UNIVERSITY - CUNSTRUCTION OF FOUR TENEMENTS

OF STAFF QUARTERS FOR READERS IN THE UNI VERSIFY CAMPUS.

The Chairman approved the proposal of the Karnatak University, in principle for the construction of 16 quarters for Readers at a total cost of Rs. $3,46,400 /$ - @ Rs. 21,650/- per quarter on the University. stressing the urgency of the need as a result of the location of. the University at some distance from the city. The University has agreed to share the expenditure at $50 \%$ of the approved cost.
24. 4 LIAHABGD UNIVERSITY - CONSTRUCTION OF LIBRARY BUILDING.

Tho University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 8/9th February, 1958 considered the question of giving grants to Allahabad University which is over 70 years old. The Commission resolved that in view of the special difficulties and needs of the University at the present time, a special grant to enable them to meet, their immediate needs may be given to them. It was agreed that this grant not exceeding Rc:10 lakhs may be paid by the Chairman after determining the specific need of the University:

The Commission noted that the University was 70 years old and agreed that the grant may be given withat sharing requirement (Res. No.9).
2. Tho Vice-Chancellor, Allahabad University discussed this matter with the Chairman on 10.3 .1958 and it was decided that an
ad hoc grant of Ps. 10 lakhs may be paid to the University for the construction of its library building. The university later submitted plans and estimates of the library building at an estimated cost of Pa. 14 lakhs. The Chairman has accepted these in principle on condition that the balance of Rs. 4 lakhs will have to be met by the University and $/$ the State Government. 25. ALLAFLABAD UNIVERSITY - CUNSTRUCTION OF BOYS' HOSTEL. The University Grants Commission vider Rusolution No. 8 of 14/15th august, 1959 acceded to the request of the $\pm$ llahabad University for an interest bearing loan of R3.4,29,000/-for the construction of a Boys' Hostel and the payment of the loan to the Ur.iversity was recommended to the ministry of Education. 2. As there was no provision in the act, Statutes etc. of the University far raising loans the University modified its earlier scheme and decided to put a hostel building at a cost of R. $2,00,000 /-$. The University has agreed to share the expenditure at $50 \%$. The scheme has been accepted in principle.
26. HLIGHR MUSLIM UNIVERSITY-CONSTRUCTION OF STAFF QUARTERS. The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No.3(ix) dated the $17 / 18$ th June, 1959 agreed to the allocation of a further loan of E. 10,00,000/-(in addition/Rs. 5 lakhs already allocated ) to the 4 ligarh Muslim University for the construction of staff quarters. The plans and estimates of the quarters we approved by the C.P.W.D. at Rs. 9,89,200/-。 on 2. The Commission at its meeting held/ll/12th Feb, 1960 considered the general question of giving assistance to Universities for the construction of staff quarters. as there was no specific provision in the act, Statutes of many Universities to raise loans, the Commission decided that whener a grant was made for this purpose, it would be on the basis of 50 : 50 in the case of State Universities and Colleges. 3. Hs the Comission mects expenditure in Central Universities for the construction of buildings at $100 \%$, the Chairman has decid that for the construction of the staff quarters in these Universities the expenditure be met in full by the Commission.
. The proposal of the Aligarh Muslim University for the construction of staff quarters has accordingly been approved for payment of grant on cent per cent basis.
27. VISVA-BHARHTI-GONSTFUCTION OF STHFF QU, FTERS.

The Chairman agreed to the request of the Visva-Bharati for the construction of 45 quarters for Lecturers at an estimated cost of Es . 7,15,860/-@ B 。15,908/- per quarter, to meet the urgent requirements of the University.
28. SHEI. VENK TESWFR UNIVEFSITY - CONSTFUCTION OF STAFF QUARTERS.
The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No.3(27) dated the $9 / 10$ th February, 1959 recomnended the payment of an interest bearing loan of Fs. 2,00,000(NR) to the Sri. Venkateswara University for the construction of staff quarters to the Ministry - of Education. $A s$ there was no provision in the sct,Statutues of the University to raise Ioans, the University decided to àccept grant at $50 \%$ besis. The University submitted a modified scheme for the construction of 24 staff quarters ( 12 for grade $I$
$\therefore$ and 12 for grade II Lecturers) at an estimated cost of . Rs.3,31, $800 /-$ The Chairman has approved the proposal of the University:
29. PETNA UNIVERSITX-COLSTRUCTIUN OF BOYS: HOSTEL.

The Chairman approved the proposal of the Patna University for the construction of a hostel for the accommodation of 451 men students at a total cost of Rs. $15,97,000 /$ on the University/ State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at $50 \%$. 30. J \&CK.UNIVERSITY - CONSTRUCTIQN OF BOYS: HOSTEL:

The Chairman approved the proposai of J.\& K.University for the construction of $a$ hostei for 98 men students at University campus, Amar Singh Bagh, Srinagar at an estimated cost of $\mathrm{Fc} .2,42,000 \%$ on the University/State Government agreeing to meet the expenditure at $50 \%$.
31. UTK L UNIVERSITY - COWSTRUCTION OF A HOSTEL BUILDING AT CUTTGCK FOF THE SPUDENTS OF. M.S. LGW COLLEGE.

The scheme of the Utkal University for the construction of a Boys Hostel for the M.S.Law College at Cuttack at an

estimatedrcost of Rs. $3,60,000 /-$ has been accepted in principle on the University/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at $50 \%$.
32. CALCUTTA TINIVERSITY - CONSTRUCTION OF WOMENS: HOSTEL.

The Chairman accepted the proposal of the Cal cutta University, in principle for the construction of a Women ${ }^{i}$ hostel for 75 students at Hazra Road Calcutta at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,37,500/- on the University/State Government communicating their willingness to share the expenditure at $25 \%$ of the approved cost. The Chairman also agreed to the naming of the hostel after Shrimati Hiranimayai Devi in view of the fact that the institution founded by her had offered 31 cottar's of land estimated to cost Rs. 2 lakhs for putting up a hostel building as land is scarce in Calcutta and the contribution made by the institution is substantial 33. $\frac{J \text { \& K UNIVERSITY - CONSTRUCTION OF A GIRLS: HOSTEL AT }}{\frac{\text { JAMI. }}{i}}$ The Chairman accepted the proposal of the J\&K University in principle for the construction of a hostel for 100 women students at Jammu at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,20,548/including furniture on the University/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at $25 \%$ of the cost and on the ViceChancellor stressing the importance of providing a hostel for women students in the University campus that is being developed at amu:
34. NAGPUR UNIVERSITY - CONSTRTCTION OF A GIRLS' HOSTEL.

The request of the Nagpur University for the construction - of a. Girls' Hostel for 102 students at an estimated cost of Rs.5,61,850/- has been accepted in principle, on the University/State government agreeing to share the expenditure at $25 \%$ of the approved cost, as the requirement of the University for a hostel to accommodate Girls' students was urgent.
35. SAUGAR UNTVERSITY: CANCELTATION OF THE SCHEME REGARDING

THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TELUGU.
. The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 3(22) of $9 / 10$ th February, 1959 approved the scheme of Sauger University
for the establishment of a Department for the teaching of Telugu under the Scheme of 'Establishment of Faculties for the study of South Indian Languages and Culture in North Indian Universities: (approved vide Resolution: No. 20 of 4.12.1957) The Commission sanctioned the posts of 3 Assistant Professors, one Clerk and one peon for the Department of Telugu in the Sugar University and approved a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. $9,600 /$ - for the purchase of books and furniture on this account under the Second Five Year Plan.
2. The sanction was conveyed to the University on 29-1-59 but the University did not implement the scheme for one year. In accordance with the Commissi on's Resolution No. 5 dated 4-10-57 that wherever a University failed to implement an approved scheme, either with regard to the construction of buildings or the appointment of staff within a year of the sanction of the scheme, the sanction should be considered as having lapsed, the approval of the Commission to the scheme of the Saugor University for the establishment of Department of Telugu was withdrawn.
36. SETTING UP OF FILM CLUBS IN UNIVERSITIES.

The University Grants Commissi on vide Resolution No. 6 of $11 / 12$ February, 1960 received a report regarding the setting up of Films Clubs in Universities. It was reported to the Commission at that meeting that the Council would be an autonomous body registered under the Societies Registration Act and working under the supervision of the Ministry of Education, Government of India.
2. The following 16 Universities have been permitted to participate in the scheme.

for the present and a sum of Rs. 3,750/- representing half the amount of grant has been sanctioned by the Chairman to each of these 16 Universities. The Universities have been asked to retain an amount of ks. 1,000/- to meet local expenses for working the scheme and the balance of $\mathrm{Rs} .2,750 /$ - being passed on to the University Film Council to meet various items of expenditure required for starting the scheme.
37. LUCKNOW TNIVERSITY - PROVISION OF RESEARCH CUBICLES IN THE UNI VERITY TAGORE LIBRARY.

The University' Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 40 of 8/9th July 1959 approved the provision of furniture for research cubicles in the Library of the Lucknow University at an estimated cost of hs. $25,000 /$ - the share of the Commission at $66 \frac{2}{3} \%$ being Rs. $16,700 /-$ To meet the requirement due to the increase of research students every year, University requested that the cost of furniture be revised .to Rs. $30,930 /-$. The request of the TIniversity was acceded. to.' The increased share of the Commission on this account will be Rs. 3,950/- at $66 \stackrel{2}{-} \%$.

3
38. CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY - CONS TRTJCTION OF LIBRARY BUILDING. The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 17 of 30/31 August, 1957 approved the revised scheme of the Calcutta University for the constriction of a Library Building at a total cost of Rs. 28.9 lakhs and sanctioned payment of $2 / 3$ rd of the cost as the Commission's share to be paid as and when necessary.
2. The plans and estimates of the building have now been approved at a cost of Rs. 27,40,000/- and the University permitted to proceed with the implementation of the scheme. 39. RAJASTHAN TNIVERSITY - FURNITTRE FOR LIBRARY BJJILDING. The Thiverssity Grants Commission vide Resolution No.3(8) dated 30/31st August, 1957 approved the scheme of Rajasthan University for the construction of a Library Building at a cost of Ps. 6,93,543/-. The request of the University for provision of furniture at a cost of R. 65,000/-for the building has been acceded to on the University /State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at

## 40. Baroda University -Scheme for Examination Reform.

The Baroda University submitted the following two schemes to the University Grants Commission for research in the Examination system in the University.
a). Scheme of research studies in respect of Examinations in the Baroda University.
b) Project of research into students' performance \& courses leading to their retardation, stagnation and academic casualty.
2. The Examination Committee of the Commission, to which the proposals were referred, recommended that the first scheme may be approved by the Commission since it was desirable that such research should go on. Pending implementation of this scheme, the Committee recommended that the and proposal may not be financially assisted by the Commission.
3. The Chairman approved the scheme as detailed below as an exceptional case for academic exercise" for a period of 12 months.

## Examination Department.

(1) One Officer-in-charge of Examinations ( 500-25-800)
(2) One Psychometrician (250-20-500)

Research Project in Examination Decrement.

1) Two Research Assistants (Rs. 200-20-300)
2) One Typist Clerk ( Rs. 100-10-200)

## Miscellaneous expenditure.

1) Printing Stationery and conveyance Rs. 1,500/-
2) Contingency and miscellaneous. Rs. 500/-
3) Typewriting machine and Dead stock (One filing cabinet, one steel.. cupboard, tables \& chairs) Ps. 3,000/-
4. The scheme has been approved on the usual sharing basis.
5. Jadavpur University -Approval of the modifications. 2lterationsand additions in the Arts Block Building.

The Chairman, approved the following additions, alterations and modifications, as proposed by the Jadavpur University, in the Arts Block building approved by the University Grants Commission at an estimated cost of Rs. $10,80,000(\mathrm{NR})$ at its
meeting held on 17th \& 18th September 1959(Resolution No.23) under II Five Year Plan:-
(i) that instead of constructing a separate building with the entire plinth area of 60,000 sq.ft. as approved by the Commission, the University may utilize approximately 32,000 sa.ft. to construct two additional floors on the existing Arts building and construct a separate building adjacent to the existing building with the balance of 28000 sq.ft.
(ii) that a small canteen for students of an area of utilizing the area of 1800 sq.ft. provided /. 8: : small office rooms may be provided in the building. The University will provide accommodation for office rooms in the existing buildings.
(iii) that a lift may be installed in the building at an estimated cost of Rs. $36,000(\mathrm{NR})$.
(iv) that the size of research cubical and Lecturer rooms may: be 100 sq.ft. instead of 80 sq.ft. as approved by the Commission.
2. The above additions and alterations and modifications in the

Arts Block building have been apnroved by the Chairman on condition that the total cost and plinth area of the building will be limited to Rs. $10,80,000 /(\mathrm{NR}) \& 60,000$ sq.ft. respectively
42. Karnatak University - Revision of the Cost of Arts and Science Block buildings.

The Chairman, on the recommendations of the building Committee: approved.: the revised cost as detailed below of the Academic Blocks for housing the Arts \& Science departments of the Karnatak. University accepted by the Commission at its meeting held on 18th Feb. 1957 (Item 3) \& 17 Sept. 1954 (Item 12) respectively. The estimated cost approved previously was Rs. 6,69,800 for Arts portion and Rs. 3,00,000( NR) for Science portion of the building:Item

Expenditure approved.
(i) Building for Science \& Humanties Departments including Central entrance portion - Es. 17,56,317 \& Services.

## Item

(ii) Marble work.
(iii) Sculpture work.
(iv) Change of Badamí Stones to: Dodaalpur stones.
(v) Lift.
(vi) Specials of Laboratory fittings.

Expenditure approved. Rs. $17,56,317$.

Total.
Rs. 40,770 .
Rs. 23,800 .

Rs. 2,35,118.
Rs. 24,000.
$\frac{\mathrm{RS} .}{\mathrm{Rs} \cdot 21,53,500 .}$
(vii) Add 5 \%for work charge establishment \& Architect, fee. .

Grand total...... Rs. 22,61,180. (NR)
, Share of the Commission at 66-2/3\%. Rs. 15,07,453.(NR)
The share of the Commission in respect of the building has been divided in respect of Arts \& Science portions of the building as follows:-
(i) Humanities
Rs. 7,29,227.(NR)
(ii) Science
Total

43. Andhra University - Revision of the Cost of the Arts Block Building.

The Chairman, on the request of Andhra University approved the following additional items of expenditure in respect of the Arts Block building approved by the University Grants Commission at an estimated cost of Rs. 11, 20,000 (NR) at its meeting held on 26th \& 27 th September 1958. (Item 24) under the II Five Year Plan:Item Approved Cost.
(i). Additional area of 8400 sq.ft. $-\quad$ Rs. $1,34,400 /=$
(ii) Internal electric

Installations. , - Rs. 1,01,000/-.
(iii) External electrification - Rs. 19,000/..
(iv) Water supply arrangements. - Rs. 30,000/-.
(v) Sanitary \& drainage lines \& disposal arrangements. - Rs. 50,000/-.
(vi) Furniture.


The total cost of the building with the inclusion of the above items will amount to Rs. $15,79,400(\mathrm{NR})$. The share of the Commission at $66-2 / 3 \%$ of the revised cost will be Rs. $10,52,933(\mathrm{NR})$
instead of Rs. 7,50,000 as previously agreed to by the Commission.
44. Publication of the report of the Social Welfare Schemes. The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 13th \& 14th March 1956, approved the following schemes of Research in Social Welfare:-

Name of the
University.
(i) M.S. University of Baroda.
(ii) Poona.
(iii) Agra.
(iv) Vishva Bharati.
(v) Allahabad:
(vi) Madras.

## (vii) Aligarh Muslim University.

Name of the Scheme.

Survey of the Graduates of the School .s of Social Work.

Influence of Socioeconomic factors in performance on some Psychological tests and personality development:

Economic Serfdom among Kol.tas of Jaunsar -Bazar and their rehabilitation.

To enquire into the social, emotional and hiysical needs of children, adolescents and youth in a group of the villages.
(under implementation)
The Social Problems of the student -Community in :Allahabad. (Not implemented)

To make an enquiry into the probation system in its relation to juvenile courts, Police etc.

Survey of students residing in Aligarh City 。

The Schemes of Baroda, Poona, Agra, Madras and Aligarh Universities have been completed.

The Chairman approved the publication of the reports of
the following Universities:-
University E Estimated cost.
Baroda. Rs. 1,075/ .
Poona.
Rs. 2,100/-.
Agra. ) . (The Universities have not yet
Madras.) ( intimated the cost of printing of the reports.
The Aligarh Muslim University have already printed the report of the Scheme.
45. Approval of the Social Welfare Schemes of the Aligarh and Nagpur Universities.

The Chairman accepted the recommendations made by the Selection Committee of the Advisory Board on Social Welfare \& sanctioned the following schemes of Research in Social Welfare
for implementation in 1960-61.

46. Sanction of grant for the improvement of the History Section of the Library of the St. Xavier College Bombay.

The Chairman sanctioned a grant of Rs. 50,000 (NR) for
payment in instalments according to need to the St. Xavier * College Bombay in 1960-61 towards the improvement of the History Section of the college library against the total request of the college amounting to Rs. 1,50,000(NR). .

## 47. M. S. University of Baroda - Approval of the revised expenditure incurred on the completion of Psychology building.

The M.S. University of Baroda reported the total expenditure of R. $1,17,254-12$ incurred on the completion of the building for the department of Psychology approved by: the Commission at an estimated cost of Fs . $1,15,000(\mathrm{NR})$ at its meeting held on 18th February 1957(Item 17(a).

The revised total expenditure of Rs,1,17,254-12 as certified by the Local Public Works Department also covers the cost incurred on addition and alteration made in the building.

The Chairman approved the revised total expenditure of Rs.1,17,254-12 and sanctioned the payment of a grant of Rs.1,502(NR) as detailed below:-
(i) Total approved cost - Rs. 1, 17,254-12
(ii) Share of the Commission at 66-2/3.
(iii) Less grant already paid.

Rs. 78,169.
$\frac{\mathrm{Rs}_{3} \quad-\quad 76,667 .}{\mathrm{RS}_{3} \quad 1,502(\mathrm{NR})}$
48. Madras University - Cancellation of the scheme regarding the appointment of Visiting Professor in Ehglish.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on $17 / 18$ th June, 1959, accepted as an experimental measure the proposal of the Madras University for the appointment of a Visiting Professor of English on apecial terms with the assistance of the British Council (Resolution No. additional 2). The sanction was conveyed to the University on 21.7.1959.
2. The Commission vide resolution No. 5 of 4 th Óctober, 1957 decided that whenever a wiversity failed to implement an approved scheme either with regard to the construction of buil ding or appointrent of staff within a year of the sanction of the scheme, the sanction should be considered as having lapsed and fresh consideration of the proposal would be necessary if it is to be taken up again.
3. The University of Madras could not make the appointment of the Professor within a period of one year of its sanction. The approval to the scheme has been 'withdrawn in accordance with the resolution of the vommission.

## 49. Poona University - Appointment of Visitins Professor in English.

The Chairman approved the proposal of the Poona University for the appointment of a Visiting rrofessor in English, with the assiatance of the British Council for a period of two years i.e. 1960-61 \& 1961-62 on the following conditions :-
(i) The full salary payable to an IndianProfessor may be paid to tho Visiting Professor by the Poona University.
(ii) The Commission will supplement the salary of the Irofossor to the extent necessary. to bring it to Rs. 2,000/- a month as prescribed by the Commission for the appointment of Visiting Professors in Indian Universities.
(iii) Any expenditure in respect of the project over Rs. 2,000/- a month may be met by the British Council.
$8-24^{-}-8$
50. Baroda University - Approval to the appointment of Reader having III class M.A. degree in the Diploma Course in Co- operation.

The M.C. University of Baroda appointed Dr. Krishna Narayan Naik, who obtained pass class in M.A. in addition to his doctorate degree, as a Reader in the diploma course in Co-operation against the post approved
 September, 1959

* The Commission has laid down that a teacher to be appointed as a Reader in a University department should possess a first or second class M.A. in the subject concerned with at lead five years teaching experience. \& either research. degree of the doctorate standard or publications of merit to his credit. prof. M.I.Dantwala of Bombay University was asked whether Shri Naik could be considered fit for the post. . On Prof. Dantwala recordering approval of Dr . Nail's appointment on the basis of his experience of conducting \& guiding research and quality of work, the Chairman as a very special case approved the appointment of Dr., Nail as a Reader in Cooperation, at the Baroda University.

51. Utkal University - Creation of additional post of Lecturer in the department of philosophy.

The University Grants Commission approved the following posts for the development of the Philosophy department of the Utkal University under the. II Five Year Plan (Resolution No. 3 dated the 4 th October, 1958):-

One irofessor.
One Reader.
One Lecturer.
Since the University did not find answer.
suitable candidate for appointment as Professor, one Reader and two lecturers were appointed in November \& July, 1958, respectively against the sanctioned posts. .The University requested that the expenditure incurred in respect of the salary of both the Lecturers be, shared by the Commission retrospectively from 1958 onwards during the II Five Year 21 an.

The Chairman, as a special case, approved the creation of an additional post of $/$ lecturer in the department of Philosophy with effect from July, 1958, under the II Five Year flan, on condition that the financial assistance of the Commission towards the post will be discontinued with effect from the date of filling up of tie post of Professor of Philosophy originally approved by the Commission.
52. Utkal University - approval of the departmental charges made by the Local public works department in respeet of the construction of the arts Block building.

The Chairman approved the, request of the Utkal University for the grant of Rs. $53,965 /-(N . R)$ levied by the Iocal Iublic Woris doportment as' departmental charges' in respect of the construction of the Arts Block building approved by the University Grants Commission at an estinated cost of Rs. $11,48,000 /-(\mathbb{N} . R)$ at its meeting held on 8 th \& 9 th July, 1958.

The total cost of the building including the expenditure in respect of the departmental charges required by the Local Public orks department will thus amounts to Rs. 12,01,965/and the: share of the Commission of the expenditure at $66 \frac{2}{3} \%$ will be Rs. $8,01,310 / \ldots(N . R)$.
53. Baroda University - Construction of staff guerters.

The Chairman accepted the proposal of M . S. University of Baroda for the construction of 12 staff quarters i.e. eight
for Iecturers and four for Readers at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,08,400/- on the Univerisity/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at $50 \%$ of the cost. The scheme represents the requirement of the University for 1960-61,

## 54. Panjab University - jurchase of fumiture for the library building.

The University Grants Comission Vide Res. No. 45 of 8 th July, 1958 accepted the proposal of the panjab University for the construction of Library Building at Chandigarh at an estimated cost of Rs. 16,22; $700 /-$ (N.R). The approved cost of the scheme is Rs. 15,04,740/- on the basis of the Local public Work department certificate. The construction work is in progress and the building $\mid$ is nearing completion.
, 2. The University requested that a sum of Rs. $3,87,400 /$ - may be approved by the Commission for furnishing the Iibrary. In accordance with the usual practice of the Commission, the Chairman approved a sum of Rs. 3 lakhs for this purpose at $20 \%$ of the cost of the building.
55. Approval of recurring expenditure for introduction of the Three-Year degree courise in the Osmania University.

The Ministry of Education assessed the requirements of the non-Government colleges of Osmania: University and approved inter-alia an expenditure of $\mathrm{Ns} \cdot 13,50,000 /-(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{R})$ for introducting the Three-Year degree course in the 2 university colleges and 6 constituent colleges of the University.

The total approved recurring expenditure towards appointment of additional staff of the above 8 colleges is Rs. 2,85,000/- per annum. On the request of the Osmania

University, the Chairman agreed that the total expenditure of Rs. 2,85,000/-(R) per annum admissible to the colleges of the University may be utilized for meeting recurring expenditure on staff for the implementation of the ThreeYear degree course scheme in these colleges treating these 8 colleges as one unit of the University with a view to maintain proper academic standard in these colleges. ... $\therefore$ 56. Introduction of the Three-Year degree course in the D.A.V. College, Jullundur and Khalsa College, Amritsar $\rightarrow$ approval of additional expenditure for.

The Ministry of Education had approved earlier a sum of Rs. 1,50,000/- (N.R) each for introducing the ThreeYear degree course in the D. inV. College, Jullundur and the Khalsa College, Amritsar.

In view of the larger number of students for whom adequate facilities were available, the University approached the Commission for sanction of additional grants to the D.A.V. College, Jullundur and the Khalsa College, Amritsar. The Chairman approved a further expenditure of Rs. 1,50,000/( $N . R$ ) and Rs. 75,000/- (N.R) for implementing the scheme in these two colleges by treating them $3 s 2$ and $1 \frac{1}{6}$ units respectively to be shared by the Commission at $50 \%$.
$5 \%$. Preparation of reading material for General Education course - Aligarh Muslim University - sanction to the continuance of the project for.

The Comission at its meeting held on the $13 / 14$ th March, 1956 (Res. 43) accepted the proposal of the aligarh Muslim University for the preparation of reading material for General Education courses at a total cost of Rs. 75,000/( $N . R$ ) and Rs. $1,05,300 / \ldots(R)$ for a period of three years unto April, 1960. The major part of the work was completed within the scheduled time.

Aligarh Muslim University approached the Commission for financial assistance for continuing the project for the purpose of editing and publishing the related material in

English, the expenditure involved to be met out of the unspent balance of the provision originally approved by the Commiosion. The Chairman, with a view to bringing the project to a successful conclusion, approved the continuance of the project for preparation of reading material for General Education courses for a period not extending beyond the 31st of March, 1961.

The undermentioned staff and other items of expenditure were also approved for properly editing the English material:

| 1. Director. | Rs. | 500.00 Pi. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Assistant Director. | Rs. | 200.00 PoM. |
| 3. English typist-cum-clerk. | Rs. | 125.00 PM. |
| 4. Peon. | Rs. | 50.00 P.M. |

Other expenses
a) Remuneration to contributors Rs. $9,200.00$
b) Remuneration for English translation of parts of one book originally written in Urdu.

Rs. 300.00
c) Remune ration for revision and reading of prepared material. Rs.8,000.00
d) Typing charges on job basis. Rs. , 700.00
e) Stationery, postal charges and miscellaneous. , $\because$ Rs. 1,000.00
58. Establishment of Heal th Centre in the Utkal University Deference of.

The University Grants Commission approved the construction of a Health Centre in the Utkal University at a cost of Rs. 50,000/-. The University later on informed the Commission that the State Government would provide necessary assistance for the scheme during the III Five Year Plan. The Health Centre suheme of the Diversity of Utkal has been, therefore, deferred for the present.
59. Establishment of a non-resident Student Centre Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth.

The Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth had submitted a scheme for the establishment of a Nonresident Students? Centre in the University at a total estimated cost of Rs. 2 lakh. The University was informed that the Commissionls assistance towards such schemes would be limited to Rs, 70,000/only and that any expenditure over and above the Cominision's share would have to be borne by the University or the State. Government. The University was also advised to revise the plans in case they were not in a position to meet the expenditore in excess of the Commission's share of Rs. 70,000/-.

60．Extension of the scheme of Students：aid fund to temporary affiliated colleges：

The Commission at its meeting held on 21－3－1960 vide Item No．${ }^{7}$ decided thin in future as a general rule grants for any approved scheme of the University Fronts
 were permanently affiliated．since the scheme of Students＇ Ind Fund／initiated with a view to render financial assistance to poor students，it was decided by the Chairman that the benefit of this scheme may be extended to the temporarily affiliated colleges as well．

61．Extension of the scheme of Students：Aid ：Furn to Government Colleges． ：The Commission at its meeting held on $11+\mathrm{h} /$ 12 th February，1960，vide Item NO． 35 and 52 eared to assist Government Colleges affiliated to various Universities which were hi thertofore under the purview of the Ministry of Education．In view of the above decision，it was decided to extend the benefit of the Students＇is id Fund Scheme to Government Colleges，on the same terms as stipulated in the case of Non－Government colleges．the Commission＇s share contribution in each case will be equal to tho collections made by a College per anim subject to a maximum of Rs．2，000／－。 62．Payment of post－graduate scholarship for two years of é⿰㇒⿻土一𧘇 months．
rost－graduate scholarships，according tin the rules． laid down for the purpose：are tenable for a period of 2 years． It was not quite clear whether the scholarship was to be paid for two calendar yours or sro academic years，As it has been found difficult to follow this rule rigidly，tine Chairman decided that the zost－graduate Scholarship may be paid for such period as may be recommended by the University concerned． subject to a maximum ．．n mr．．．uns．
63. Rajasthan University - Renewal of rost-Graduate Scholarship awarded to Shri Ram Avtar Joshi.

- Shri Ram Avtar Joshi was awarded a Post-graduate Scholarship during 1959-60. The Commission paid a grant of Rs. 800/- to Rajasthan University towards his scholarship. This Scholar could not appear for his Mold previous examination because of ill health at the end of the first academic year after the receipt of the scholarship. According to the rules laid down in this regard, his scholarship could be terminated treating this as unsatisfactory progress of the Scholar. Since Shri Joshi had a brilliant academic career and in view of the fact that negligence was not responsible for his non-promotion, Chairman decided to. continue his scholarship for another year as recommended by Rajasthan University.

64. Approval of the award of Research Fellowship of the value of Rs. 400/- P.M. for Engineering and Technological subjects.

The Commission at its meeting held on 3 th October, 1959 approved the creation of 30 Senior Research Fellowships of the value of Rs. $400 /-\bar{F}, \mathrm{M}$. each. In pursuance of this decision applications were invited by advertisements in the sires and by circulars to the Universities. Fortyeight applications were received.

The Chairmen, University Grant's Commission appointed a Selection Committee consisting of the follow. ing members to make recommendations for the awards :-
(1) Dr. T. Sen,

Rector, Jadavpur University.
(2) Shri G.K.Chandiramani, Joint Educational Adviser, Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs, Government of India, lew Delhi.

From pre-page.
(3) Dr. K.I.Rao, Member ( $D \& R$ ) , Central Hater \& ower Commission.
(4) Dr. G.S.Laddh 6 , Director, A.C.College of Technology, Madras.

The meeting of the Selection Committee"was held on 6 th August, 1960. Nineteen candidates (5 for Civil Engineering, 6 for Mechanical Engineering, 4 for Electrical Engineering and 4 for vhemical Engineering and whemical Technology) were selected to be recommended for the awards. (The list of the candidates is given in Statement $I$ of Annexure I. The subject-wise and University-wise anelysis of the applications and the number of oandidates oelected is given in Statement II \& III (innexure I $\therefore$ ).

The Chairman accepted the recommendations of the Selection Committee and sanctioned Rs. 72,200/- for the period 1.9.196 to 31.3.1961 towards the payment of 19 Research Scholarships in Engineering \& Technological subjects of the value of Rs. $400 /-x \mathrm{M}$. including iMs. 1,000/- P.4. for contingencies gubjuct to satisfactory progress of the candidates. The followships would be tenable for a period of two years with effect from 1.9.1960 or from the actual date of commencement of research work by the fellow whichever is later.
P.T.O.
65. Grant of two advance increments to University teachers and three advance increments to teachers in the affiliated colleges after attainment of a Dectorate Degree.

On several Universties/Colleges requesting that if they give two or three advance increments in their grades to teachers for securing a doctorate degree; a similar number of increments may be given by the University Grants Commission in the corresponding grades, the Chairman agreed to grant three advance increments to the teachers in the affiliated colleges and two advance increments to the University teachers in the revised grades if a Ph.D. degree or other doctoratedegree is obtained during the course of their employment. 66. Revision of salary scales of Medical Officers.

At its meeting held on $17 / 18$ th September, 1959, the Commission accepted the proposal of the Madras University for treating Medical Officers of University \& Colleges as senior members of the teaching staff for the purpose of salary revision. The following rules have been approved in regard to the implementation of the scheme.
(1) Regarding the date of implementation of the scheme, it has been decided that if a Medical Officer was already employed by a College at the time of revision of the scales of other categories of teachers, his pay may be revised from the same date as that of other teachers. If he was appointed later, his pay may be revised from the dato of his appointment.
(2) If a part-time Medical Officer is made full time, he may be put in the new scale from the date of his full-time appointment.
(3) Medical Officers with licentiate qualifications. may be put in the new scale if they were already treated at par with other members of the staff (Professors \& Lecturers) with reference to the scale of pay given to them by the college.
67. Payment of quarterly grants towards improvement of salary scales of teachers of the affiliated colleges.

It has been decided to pay 'On account': grants on a quarterly basis towards the revision of salaries of teachers rin the affiliated and constituent colleges to enable
these institutions to pay the revised salarịes to the teachers, if possible, every month.
68. Annual increments of teachers in the University Grants Commission's scale of Pay during the period of their study leave.

On receiving a representation from the Madras Christian College, Tambaram, regarding revision of the pay scales of teachers who go abroad on study leave in order to better their qualifications, the Chairman decided that increments in the University Grants Commission scales of pay may be given to such teachers during the period of their study leave provided that the college authorities agree to give them similar number of increments in their respective grades of pay.
69. Fixation of pay of superannuated Government servants on ra-employment in Universities and colleges.

The salaries of superannuated $G_{o v e r n m e n t ~ s e r v a n t s ~ o n ~}^{\text {a }}$ their being re-employed in Universities and Colleges were generally fixed by the Commission under the Government rules keeping in view the salaries last drawn by them and the pension payable to them. It was found that this method of fixation of pay adversely affected many highly qualified superannuated Government servants. The Chairman has decided that this rule may be relaxed in cases of highly qualified superannuated Government servants who are adversely affected by it, after examining each case on its merit.
70. Wajving the recovery of the part of the excess payment by the St. Philomena's College, Mysore to its language teachers,owing to wrong fixation of their pay.

St. Philomena's college, Mysore over-fixed the salaries of 4 language teachers by wrongly giving them weightage for their past service in the grade of Head of Department prescribed by the University Grants Commission. These teachers represented to the Chairman that the recovery of excess amount paid to them on the basis of fixation done by the college, was causing them great hardship. The Chairman felt that the fixation of their salaries by the college was made in good faith and, therefore,
decided to waive the recovery the Rs. 3922.50 which represents - $50 \%$ of the total excess payment made by the college to these language teachers during 1957-60.

Item 71. Purchase of second Staff Car.
The present staff car which was purchased in February 1957 is overworked and the wear and tear on it is heavy. Besides, with increase in number of officers and expansion of the activities of the Commission, one car is found to be insufficient. In view of this the Chairman has sanctioned the purchase of an Ambassador car as the second Staff Car against rate contract at a cost of about Rs.13,000/-.

Item 72. Deputation of Dr. B.D. Laroia, Development Officer, (Science) abroad.

As agreed to by the Commission vide additional item 8 of the proceedings of the 23 rd meeting of the University Grants Commission held at Waltair on the 29th/30th June, 1960, Dr. B.D. Latria, Development Officer (Science) proceeded abroad from 12th July, 1960 to 8th October, 1960, under the India Wheat Loan Exchange Programme. To carry on the work in Dr. Laroia's absence, the Chairman has created a supernumerary post of Development Officer in the scale Rs.1000-50-1200-100-1500 for the above period and has appointed Dr. V.S. Patankar, Education Officer (Science) to officiate as Developmont Officer on Rs.1000/- pom. in the scale Rs.1000-50-1200-100-1500 from 12th July, 1960 to 8th October, 1960. . In the vacancy of Education Officer (Science) caused by this officiating arrangement, Dr. D. Shankar Narayan, Assistant Education Officer (Science) has been appointed to officiate as Education Officer (Science) on Rs.800/~ pom. in the scale Rs.800-50-1150.


List of Candidates recommended for award of Fellowships
(Rs. $400 /-$ pom.) in Engineering \& Technological subjects in 1960-61.
S. Name of the applicant.

1. Sri V. Venkatasubba Roo.
2. Sri Sangal Beni Pfasad.
3. Sri Thiruvengadam i.
4. Sri R.S.Alwar.
5. Sri Si Ramachandran.

Subject \& Title of proposed research Work.

## CIVIL ENGINEERING.

Effect of Vibratory
forces, on the design of concrete pavements.

Loss of Energy in Cavitating flows.

Effects ox
Cavitation.
Stress ha lysis in Composite Dams.

Effect: of distur bane in some clay minerals.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.
Transiting Heat
Transfer.
Heat Transfer.
Heat Transfer.
aerodynamic. .problem
of ixia flow
Compressors.
Turbomachinery.

Foundry Sands:
We chanism of sand bonding \& compaction.

## proposed places <br> of work.

Roorkee University.

Indian Instr. of Science, Bengal ore.
I.I. Science, Bangalore.
-...do- .

Madras
University.
I.I. Science, Bangalore.
-do-

- 20-
- do-
any University. (Recommended to I. I. S. Bangalore.)
I.I:"S. Bangalore. (Recommended to go to Indian Instr. of Technology, Kharagpur).

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.
Some Investigations on tempered dielectric rod serials at Microwave frequencies.

Transistor Circuitry.

Deptt.of the E.C.E., I.I.S゙c. Bangalore.

El ec. Comm. Ing. Depth. I.I. Sc. Bangalore:

$$
P \cdot T . O
$$

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## Contd. from page I.



## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Analysis of Research Fellowship awards in Engineering and Technological subjects (1960-61).
A. University-Wise.



UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
APPENDIX II TO U.G.C. MINUTES DATED TH SEPT. 1960.
' 1 Statement of the grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on-29th/30th June, 1960.

$\ldots$ :....

(18) Aligarh Muslim University.

Banaras. Hindiu University .
Banaras HIndu
Universitity:

Token grant for meeting Rs. 1,000/- (NR) expenditure on All India Islamic Studies Conference.

Ist instalment for $\quad$ Rs.15,000/-(NR) construction of two sheds for storing spare furniture. (Approved cost fs. $50,000 /-$ ).

Ist instalment for Rs.25,000/- (NR) extension to ground floor of Administrative office buillding. (Approved cost for building Rs. 99,440/and for furniture and equipment Ris. $50,000 /-$ ).

## 21.) Banaras Hindu.

Uhiversity.
VI instalment for
Rs $1,00,000 /-(N R)$ Water Supply Scheme (Approved cost
Rs.10.46 lakhs, grantpaid previousiy Rs. $5,68,085 /-$ ).
(22) Deihi.

Ist instalment towards Rs.45,000/- (NR)
construction of Teaching Block of Delhi School of Economics. (Approved cost Rs.1, $18,500 /-$ ).
(23) Delhi.

VI instalment towards Rs.50,000/- (NR) construction of Miranda House. (Approved cost Rs. 8,49,618/- grant paid previously Rs. $6,75,000 /-$ ).
(24) Deini. Ind instalment towards Rs.10,000/- (NR) construction of Compound Wall, gates etc. to Arts Faculty and library area. (Approved cost Rs. 46,000/- grant paid previously Rs. $30,000 /-$ ) .
25). Annamalai. VI instalment towards Rs. $75,000 /-$ (NR) the construction of Tibrary building. (Approved cost Rs $9,00,000 /-\mathrm{U} . \mathrm{G} . \mathrm{C}$. share at $662 / 3 \%$ Rs. $6,00,000 /-$. Grant paid previously Rs. $4,50,000 /-$ ).
(i)
(3)
(4)
(26.) Baroda.
and instalment towards
Rs. 2,000/-
the purchase of furniture and equipmont for the University
Library building.
(Approved cost
is.79,225/-. U.G.C.
share at $662 / 3 \%$
iss. 52,800/-. Grant
paid previously
his. $50,000 /-$ ).
(27) Karnatak.

Final instalment towards
Rs. 2,645/- (NR)
the construction of
Library building.
(Approved cost.
Rs. $5,04,000 / \cdots$. U.G.C. share at $662 / 3 \%$ Rs. 3,36,000/-. Grant paid previously Rs $.3,33,355 /-$ ).
(28) Sri Venkateswara. V instalment towards $\begin{array}{ll} & \because \\ \text { the construction of }\end{array}$ the construction of Library Building. (Approved cost lis. $8,80,000 /-$ U. U.G. share at 66 2/3名 is. $5,86,666 /-$. Grant paid previously Rs. $3,50,000 /-$ ).
VI instalment towards Rs .90,000/: (NR)
tho construction of Library Building. (Approved cost in. $9,40,000 /-$. $^{\prime}$ U.G.C. share at $662 / 3 \%$
Rs. $6,26,666 / \mathrm{m}$.
Grant paid previously is. $4,30,000 /-$ ).
30. Rajasthan. VIII instalment Rs.20,000/(NR) towards the construction of Library Building. (Approved cast
is. 6,93,543/-. U.G.C. share is. $4,62,300 /-$.
Grant paid previously Rs. $4,00,000 /-$ ).

Towards the purchase of Library Books and Journals (H) in 1960-61.
(32) Baroda.
-do-

Rs. 50,000/- (NR)

| (33) | Bombay . | Towards the purchasc of Library Books and Journals (H) in 1960-61. | R3 $50,000 /-$ (NR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (34) | Calcutta. | -do- | Rs $50,000 /-(N R)$ |
| $35$ | Poona. | IV instalment towards the purchase of furniture for the Library Building. (ipproved cost Ri. 1,10,000/-. U.G.C. share at $662 / 3 \%$ if. $73,333 /-$. Grant paid previously. fis, $50,000 /-$ ). | Ris. $10,000 /-$ ( NR ) |
| $36$ | Panjab. | Ind instalmert towords the construction of Library Building. (Approved cost Rs. 15,00,000/-. U.G.C. share at 66 2/3\% If. 10 lakns. Grant paid proviously is. 1 lakh). | Rs. $5,00,000 /-(N R)$ |
| (37.) | Panjab. | V instalment for construction of I and II hostels for boys. (Approved cost <br> Rs. 22 lakhs, Comnissio..'s sharo at $50 \%$ is. 11 lakhs. Grant paid previously Rs. $10,50,000 /-)$. | Rs $25,000 /-(N R)$ |
| (38) | Рапjab. | III instalment for construction of III hostol building for boys. (Approved cost is. 11 lakhs. Commission's share at $50 \%$ Rs. 5.5 lakhs. Grant paid previously Rs. $1,75,000 /-$ ). | As $1,50,000 /-(N R)$ |
| (39) | Saugar . | IV instalmont for construction of I Boys Hostel. (Approved cost is. $7,38,000 /-$. Commission's share at 50\% is $3,69,000 /$. Grant paid previously Rs. $2,00,000 /-$ ). | hs $1,00,000 /-(N R)$ |


...: 6 :...


Gorakhpur .
'Token grant' towards
Rs. 2,000/- (NR)
the purchase of Historical maps for History
Departrient. (Approved
cost and share of the
Commission
Rs .2,000/... (NR).

Final instalment' for Rs. $89,227 /-(N R)$ construction the building of Arts Block. (Approved cost Ris.22,61,180/- (NR) for Science and Arts Buildings. Share of the Commission for Arts Block building Rs .7,29,227/- (NR). Grant paid previously is. $6,40,000 /-(N R)$.
(48). Calcutta.
'ITIrd instalment' Research in Nepali language. ( Approved cost and share of the Commission Es.15,000(NR). Grant paid previously is. $4,000 /-(N R)$.
'On account' recurring grant for the year 1960-61 towards the staff of the scheme of the establishment of Post-graduate . Department of Hindi.



(1) (2)
(3)
(4)
(56) Baroda,
57. Punjab.
58. Jadavpur .
(59) Madras.60) Sardar

Vellabhai Vidyapecth.
61) Poona.
'Final Instalment'
towards the construction of buklding for the
department of Psychology.
(Approved cost Ps.1,17,254.12
(NR). Share of the
Commission at $662 / 3 \%$
ns . $78,169 /-(\mathrm{NR})$.
'Ind instalmente' towards tho purchase of equipment for the Dopartment of Psychology. (hpproved cost Rs.40,000/- (NR). Share of the Commission at $662 / 3 \%$ fis.26,666/-(NR). Grant paid previously Rs.20,000/- (NR).
'On account' recurring grant for the ycar 1960-61 towards the staff of the Departments of Comparative Literature and Internation Relations.
'On account' rocurring
grant towards the purchase of books for the Depertmont of Economics and Tamil at Madurai Centrc. (itpproved cost and share of the Comnission R $\mathrm{R} \cdot 2,000 /-(R)$.
'IInd instainont' towards
tho construction of Aris Block Building. (approved cosit. ks. 7,00,000/- (NR). Share of the Cormission at $662 / 3 \% \mathrm{Rs} .4,67,000 /-$ (NR). Grant paid previously Rs. $1,00,000 /-(N R)$.
'Ist instelkent' towards the publication of the report of Social Welfare ontitled "Influence of Socio-Economic factors in performance on some Psychological tosts and provinality dovielopment". (ipproved cost and share of the Commission Iis. 2,100/- (NR).

Rs. $30,000 /-(N R)$
$\qquad$Rs. 2,000/- (R)Rs. $30,000 /$ - (NR)
(Contd....9.)

1. inizarh
2. Baroda
,
3. Madras
4. Niysore
5. Saugar
6. Kẹrala
'on account' non-recurring grant (approved cost
is. 3,00,000 (N.R) - Commission
is to. meet entire cost). Rs. 50,000 (NR)
'on account' recurring grant
to cover def:cits incurred in
the Faculty or Science in respect or fall in fee-income during 1957-58 and 1958-59. Crants repregente'Comiscion's share $\mathrm{Rs} .15,140$ (R)洔 $50 \%$ 。
'on escount non-recurring grant
( ipproved cost lis. 1, 17,00,000(INR)
Commission: share at 50,
his. $58,50,000$ ).
fis $1,44,863(\mathrm{NR})$.
'on account' non-recurring grant
(inpproved cost $\mathrm{Rs}_{\mathbf{\prime}} 36,20,000(\mathrm{NR})$ -
Commission's share at 50,5 -
is. 18, 10,000). Rs. 87,500(NR)
7. Poona 'on account non-recurring grant
(ipproved cost $\mathrm{hi}_{5}$,35,25,000 (NR)
Commission's share at $50 \%$ -
Ins. $17,62,500$ ).
Rs. 32,500(NR)
'on account' non-recurring grant
(ispproved. cost hi. 12,75,000 (IJR) -
Comaission's share at $50 \%$ -
R. $6,37,500$ ). Rs. 37,339 (NR)
'on account' non-recurring grant
(Approved cost in.63,95,000(ITR) -
Certral Govt. share at $50 \%$ -
fis. $31,97,500$ ).
RS $19,90,000(N R)$
8. Marathwada - 'on account' non-recurring grant
(hpproved cost Rs.5,50,000(ITR) -
Central Govt. share at 50\% -
Fis. 2,75,000).
Rs. $1,00,000(\mathrm{NR})$
9. Osmania : 'on account' non-recuming grant -
(inpproved cost 15.22,85,000/(NR) -
Central Govt share at $50 \%$ -
fis.11,42,500;.). Rs. 70,000(NR)
10. Sri Venkatem 'on account' non-recurring grent swara.
(Approved cost in. 13,75,000(NR) -

Eentral Govt. share at $50 \%$ -
1s.6,87,500).
Ris. 30,000 (NR)

63: ESTABISMDMT OP HEATH CEUTRE

1. Annamalai 7. instalment towards construc-
tion of Iiealth Centre. is. 10,000
(Total approved cost
P.s. 41,000 (B1dg.
is. 25,000(Equpt.
Share of U.G.C. Rs.50,000)
2. M. S. University 1st instalment for construeof Baroda. Lion of Health Centre. Rs .25,000
(Total approved cost
Rs. 68,000(B1dg.
in. 25,000 (Equpt.
Commission's share Rs. 93,000 )
3. Calcutta 1st instalment for the constmu-
ion of Hicalth Centre. Rs. 25,000
(Total approved cost
R. $1,12,225$ )

Commission's share is. $1,00,000$ )
4. Kerala 1st instalment for the construe
ction of Health centre. Rs.25,000
(Total approved cost
lis. 56,500 (BIde.
Rs. 25,000 (Rqupt.
Commit sion's share ns 91,500 ).
5. Osmania. 1 st instalment towards the
construction of two Health Centres. Rs. 30,000
(Total approved cost
(is. 1,04,003.)
Connisision's share is. $1,00,000$ )
6. Patna $\because$ Ind instalment towards the
completion of a Health Centre
which is already under
construction. Rs ,20,000
(Total approved cost
R. 1,00,000

Commission's share Rise 1,00,000
pst instalment of grant
already paid Is. 25,000).
64. ESTABIISINBT Q ING-RESTDETA STUDENTS: CENTRT.
A. Universities

1. innamalai lIst instalment of grant towards construction of nonresident Students' Centre. (Total approved cost is. 94,300
Commission's share lis. 70,000)
2. Banaras Hindu and instalment of grant for University, construction of non-resient Students' Centre. is. 25,000 (Total approved cost Rs. $75,647$.
Comenission's share Rs.75,647. list instalment of $\mathrm{Ks} .15,000$ already paid).
3. S.Vallabhbhai hst instalment for construm Vidyapeeth. action of Nonresident Students' Centre. Rs. 30,000 (Total approved cost fRis. 1, 10,750.
Commission's share Rs. 70,000 ).

COIIEGRS
S.No. Name of the Univ./ Total cogt. Share of U.G.C. Amount paid.

AGRí UNIVERSITY:

| 1. Vaish College, Shamli. | 53,468 | 35,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { (2nd instt. } 1 \text { s, } 10,000 \\ & \text { already paid). } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. P.C.Bangla Degree College, Hathras. | 4, 795 | 35,000 | - 10,000.-dom |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3. IT.R.E.C. College, } \\ & \text { Khurja. } \end{aligned}$ | 62,309 | 1 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 4. Tikaran Kanya Mahavidya… 1aya. | 54,755 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 5. B.S. College, inigarn, | 50,349 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 6. S.R.R.College, Firzobad. | 45,632 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 7. Meerut College, Neerut. | 50,683 | 35,000. | 10,000 |

## ALTAHABAD UNIVERSITI:

8. Allahabad Arricultural 70,000
$35,000 \quad 10,000$ Institute, Allahabad.

## ANDHRA UNIJERSITY:

| Guntur. | 49,500 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. M. R, College, | 50,000 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| Vizianagaram. |  |  |  |

GALCUTTA UMNGRSITY:
17. Kharagpur College, Kharagpur.
12. Gobardanga Hindu Colleze.
51,100,
35,000
10,000
(2nd instt. Rs. $5000 / \mathrm{m}$
already paid)
51,451
35,000
10,000

GUJiRIT UNIVERSITX:

| 13. L.D. irts College, | 61,134 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14. M.G.Science Institute. | 61,134 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 15. S.B.Gardha College |  |  |  |
| B.P.Barhia Science |  |  |  |
| Institute. | 49,500 | $.35,000$ | 10,000 |

KRRII: UNTVBRSITY:

| 16. Mar Ivenios Colloge, Trivandrum. | 50,000 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17. Ferook College, Forrol. - | 50,000 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 18. S.E.College, Changanacherry. | 49,997 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 19. St: Thomas College, Palai. | 50,773 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 20. C. in. S. College, Kotteyam. | 55,000 | 35,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { (2nd instt: } 10,000 /= \\ & \text { already paid). } \end{aligned}$ |
| 21. St. Josephts College, CaIicut. | 51,150 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 22. issumption Coliege, Changanachery. | 50,000 | 35,000 | 10,000 |

## MERR:S UNTVERSITY:

23. Raja Serfoji College,

Tayore. 50,000 35,000 15,000
(2nd instt. 10,000/~ already paid)
24. Sila Lexmi Ramaswami 50,200

College, Tiruchirappally.
35,000 20,000
(2nd instt.10,000/already paid)
25. A.M. Jain Collego, Meenambakam.

52,300
35:000
10,000

## HAGPUR UNTVERSITY:

26. M. M. Gollege oi Science. 50,219

$$
\begin{gathered}
35,000 \\
(\text { nnd instt, } 15,000 \\
\text { already paid })
\end{gathered}
$$

## OSMNTA. UITVERSTTY:

## 27. Wonen's Coliege,

 Hyderabad.$$
40,250
$$

35,000
10,000.
POONA UNICSISTM:

## 28. Chhatrapathi Sivaji

 Cojnege, Satara.42,635
35,000
10,000

## PINISE UHTVERSITY:

29. Baring Union Christian College. 42,559

$$
35,000
$$

$$
5,000
$$

(3rd Instt. 20,000/already paid).
30. R. K.S.D. College, Kaithal.

39,750
35,000
10,000


## PANJ:B UEITVERSITY CONTD.

| 31. A . S.College, Mnanna. | 48,275 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32. National College, .Sirsa. | 39,543. | 35000 | 10,000 |
| 33. D.A.V.Collece, Chandigarh. | 49,720.0 | 35,000 | 10,000 |
| 34. Khalsa College, for Women, Ludiniana. | 49,433 | 35,000 | 10,000 |

## Rin JiSTHLIT UNIVERSITY:

35. Seth Motilal College, Jhun jhunur.

65,000 35,000

10,000
(2nd instt. 10,000/already paid)

SEUGAR UNNERSITY:
35. S.E.R. College, Bilashṕur.

42,372
35,000
(2nd instt. $5000 /=$ already paid).

EST:BLISHMBNT OF HOBBY WORKSHOPS
A. UNIVERSITIES


## AGRA UNTVERSTYY:

1. $\operatorname{A.Collere,~Shikohabad.~} 35,305 \quad 20,000 \quad 5,000$
2. B. S.A.Degree Collego, Mathura.
$25,142 \quad 20,000$
5,000
3. D.if.Degree Cojzege, Mieerut.

32:277 20,000
5,000
'4. J.V. . Jain Collage, $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Saharanpur. } 26,010 \quad 20,000 & 5,000\end{array}$
5. M.S.Degreo College, Saharanpur. $32,298 \quad$ 20,000 000

SNDRA UATVESTTY:
6. M.R. Colleze, Vizisyanagaram. . . 25,200 - 20,000 5,000
7. W.G.B. Gollege, Bhimavaram.

29,200 20,000
5,000

BIH2R UYIVBRSITY:

| 8. Rajnarain College, <br> Hajipur. | $28,249.10$ | 20,000 | 5,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9. Rajendra College, <br> Chapra. | 28,223 | 20,000 | 5,000 |
| 10. Jagdam Collego, | 28,190 | 20,000 | 5,000 |
| Chapra: | 22,709 | 17,709 | 5,000 |

CIICUTA: UHTVESITY:
12. Bankura Ghristian
College, Dankura. 25,250 20,000 5,000

## KERALA UNTVERSITY:



## MDRLS UTHTERSITY:

| 18. A.M. Jain College, Madras. | 34,525.95 | '20,000 | 5,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19. P.S.G.irts College, Peelamadu. | 40,388 | 20,000 | 5,000 |
| 20. Rajah Serfoji College, Tanjore. | 26,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 |
| 21. V.H.T. Benthikumara, Gollege, Virudhunagar. | 25,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 |
| 22. Voorhees: College, Vellore. | 39,009 | 20,000 | 5,000 |

PATITAB UNIVERSITY:
23. D.M. College, Moga. $25,686 \quad 20,000 \quad 5,000$
24. Lyallpur Khelse College
Sonepat.
$33,458 \quad 20,000 \quad 5,000$

## RLJASTHAN UNTUERSTTY:

25. Dayanand College, A jmer.
$23,408 \quad 18,408$
5,000

SHUGAR UNTVERSITY:
26. Marmada Mahavidyalaya, Hoshangabad.
62,324 20,000 $\quad 5,000$
27. S.B.I. College, $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Bilaspur. } & 26,272 \quad 20,000 & 5,000\end{array}$

SRI TENG:TESURG UNTVEISITX:
28. Kaveliz College, Kavali.
$39,960.55 \quad 20,000$
5,000

SARDAR VALIEBHBLEI VIDYMOETH.
29. Vithalbhai Patel Mahavidya-
laya, Vallabh Vidymagar. 31,070 20,000 5,000

FOR VISITIMG RESHRCH IND TWINIING CNITRES
IN INDIA.
DELHI UNIVGRSITY.

1. Sri Virendra Kumar, Identification Regional Biology Deptt. Delhi work on Polygo- harbarium : Rs. 548.16 Gollege, Delhi. naturn and Smila the Botanical cina. Survey of

India Shillong.


## GORMMRUR UMTMRSITY



SHUGAR UITVPRSITY:

| 3. J.D.Mavaluala, isstt. Professor of inthropology. | Trainine in Semology. | Deptt. df inthropologe, Goot. of India, Salcutta. is. 545.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. M.V. Durge, Lsstt, Professor of Geology. | Field maping ne thods. | Geological Survey Gf: India. Rs. 745.00 |

## 67: STUDENTS: $\operatorname{SID}$ HJWD

A. WUTVENSITTES.


1. D.N.T.College of Law,
Kanpur.
2. D. $\therefore$. ${ }^{\text {T }}$. College,

Manpur. Ro R. 2,000/
LHDHRA UNTUBRSITY:
3. Andhra Loyola College,

Gunadale P.O. : ... .. ins. 2,000/-
4. L.J. Kalasilia, Masulipatam.
is. . $457 /=$
5. S.R.M. Medical Collego,

Kakinada.
His: 972/-

## GUUH:TI UNTVERSTTY:

6. Karimganj College, Karimganj. , IS. 733/-
7. Bholanath College, Dhubri. IS. 1,500/
8. St:initiony Colleres Shillong.

Rs. 2,000/m
9. Gurucharan College, Silchar. . . Is. 1,707/-


## GORAKHPUR UNDVERSITT:

10. D. i. W. Colliage, Azemgari.
Rs. $1,000 /=$
11
Gijurit univensims:
11. Sir Kakabhaí Prem Chand College of Commerce, Surat.
as. 748/-
12. P.D.M.College of Go merce, Rajikot.
is. $1,400 \mathrm{f}$
13. B.D. Arts College, ihnredabad.
R.s. 1,989/-
14. Gujarat Collego, innnodabad.
R. $1,354 /-$
15. Mahila College, Porbandar.
Ris. . 505/50
16. M.G. Science Institute, Ahmedabad.
is. $1,626 /-$
17. Miv. CoIlege, Visnagar.
is. $1,000 /=$

## MISORP UNIVERSITY:

18. Vijay Coijuege, Bangalore. . is. 57/-
19. Coliege of tirts \& Commerce, Bangalore.

Ris. . 902/50
20. .St. Joseph!s College, Bangalore.

Ris. 2,518/41
21. Veerasaiva Collegé, Bellary.
R. $1,300 /-$
22. St. Philomena's College, , Mysore.
ins. $230 /-$
23. igriculture College, Bangalore.
is. $143 /-$

## PANJiB UNIVERSITY:

22. Arya College, Panipat. Is. $12535 / \mathrm{m}$
23. Sikh Grational, College, Benga.
fis. $740 / \%$
24. Lajpat Rsi Memorial Coliege, Jagraon.
? S. $^{0}$. $500 / \sim$
25. Kirorimal Teachers Training College, Bhiwani.

Rs. $600 \%$

RINTAB UHTYERSITY COMT .
28. Arya College, Iudhiana.
78. 1,100/
29. G.G.IF. Knalsa College, Iudhiana.
R. 2,000/
30. S. …Jain Colloga, simbala.
is. $1,006 /-$
31. Iindu Colle-e, Sonepat.
Rs. $2,000 /=$
SAUG RERTVARSITY:
32. Government Training Collese, Raipur.
is. 1,650/m

## S.I.D.T. WOMEN'S UNIVGRSITX:

33. Maharani Chimabai Mahila Pathishala.
ins. 300/0

VENKETESWRA UNTVERSITY:
34. Kavali College, Kavail. 3. 2,000/-

## VIKRNM UNIVERGITN:

35. Madhav Colloge, Tjjain.
R. 2,000/m

Contd....

## 68. Post-graduate and Research Scholarshies (Humanities)

 during 1959-50 \& 1960-61.(a) Awarded during 1957-58 and renewed in 1950-60 and 1960-61.

| S.No. | Narle of the <br> University$\quad$ Nature of. |
| ---: | :--- |
| Scholarships |  |



马b) Awarded during 1958-59 and $\begin{aligned} & \text { fenewed for 1959-60 and 1050-61 }\end{aligned}$


$$
-:: 20::-
$$



| 16. Patna | Postmgraduate | $300=00(\mathrm{R})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 17. Sausor | iuesearch | $2,400=00(\mathrm{R})$ |
| 18. Utkal | Postmgraduate | $1,200=00(\mathrm{R})$ |

(c) Awarded during 1959-60 and renewed in 19E0-61


| 27. | Osmania $\begin{array}{r}\text { (ns. } \\ \\ \\ \text { unsp }\end{array}$ | nesearch $00=00$ adju t balance | 4,800 $=00(\mathrm{R})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28. | Patna | Research | $4,800=00(R)$ |
| 29. | Patna | Postmgra | 3,000 $=00(R)$ |
| 30. | Ponjab | 11 | 2,400 $=00(\mathrm{R})$ |
| 31. | Poona | " | $3,600=00(R)$ |
| 32. | Rajasthan | " | 4,800 $=00$ ( R ) |
| 33. | S.V. Vidy apeeth | " | 1,200 $=00$ (R) |
| 34. | Utkal. | Research | $780=65(\mathrm{R})$ |
| 35. | Visvembharti | " | 4,800 $=00$ (R) |

69) Post-graduate Research Scholarships (Science)
I. For the payment of Post-Graduate Research Scholarships of Rs. 200/= p.m. in Science, Engineering and Technology for the following Universities during 1959-60 and 1960-61.
****
(a) Scholarships awarded during 1958-59 and renewed in 1950-60 and 1950-61


(b) Scholarships awarded during 1959-60


| 14. Panjab | 19f0-61 | $2,400=00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15. Rajasthan | -do- | $4,800=00$ |  |
| 16. | Saugor | -do | $2,400=00$ |


| 17. Bihar | -do | $2,400=00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18. | Boorkee | -do- |

## FELLOWSHIPS (SCIENCE)

For payment of PostmDoctoral (ins. 300/=p.n.) afid Senior Rescarch (Rs. 500/=p.n.) Fellowships awarded during 1959-mo and fenewed for 1960-61 for the following Universities.

1. Allahabad

19ค0-61
$1,000=00$
(adjusted against unspent balance)

2. Bombay \begin{tabular}{c}

$\quad$| $1960-61$ |
| :---: |
| (Rs. $1,010 /=$ adjustod |
| aGainst unspent balance) |

\end{tabular}$\quad 6,000=00$

3. 

Indian Institute 1960-61
1350000
of Science. (ils. $3^{1} \sqrt{2} 0$ of $/=$ adjusted against unspent balance)
:


Allahabad

> i. For purchase of scientific 50,000
> equipuent for departrient of Physics, additional grant under Se ondfive Year Plan
ii. Fecurring grant for 1530 61 towards the salary of staff and raintenance of the Institute of Ophthal mology.

|  | Allahabad | 'For the purchase of library books and journals on scientific and technical subjects being the final instal nent from the errant of Ms.1,50,000/= sanctioned for Second Plan period for this purpose. | 95,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Andhra | i. For the purchase of library books and journals on scientific and technical subjects being the third instal went fros the total grant of Rs. 1,50,000/= sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Plen. | 50,000 |




1. 2.1 2.

2. OSNMTA

unspent balance lying with the University from the 10,729
grants paid during 1955-57, 1057-58 and 1:58-59 for
the three research schemes in the department of Physics.

For the purchase of scientism-
fic equipment for the depart 20,000 Lent of Physics.

For the purchase of library
books and journals on
scientific and technical 30,000 subjects being the third instalment frow. the total grant of Rs. $1,60,000 /=$ sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Pan.
i. For the procurement of special cquiphent required for research programme. initiated by the new 50,000 Head of the Departriont of Geology iv. Professor Mascot Heyakawe. The total approved cost is Rs. 75,000/= (Cominission's $\frac{2}{3}$ rd share Rs. $50,000 /=$ ).
ii. For the construction of Green House for the Departwont of botany being the first nd last instalment $\quad 17,667$ fro. the grant of $\mathrm{fs} .17,687 /=$ sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Fin.
i. For the purchase of scientific equipment for the Central Workshop, being the second instalment. frown the grant 30,000 of Rs. 66,607/= sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan. The first instalment of Rs. $20,000 /=$ was paid during 1057-58.
ii. For the construction of physics Laboratory Building, being the fourth instalment from the grant of Rs. $5,02,488 /=$ sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Your PIon. The first three instalments

ii. of Rs. 3,00,000/= were paid. 1,00,000 during 1957-58, 1958-59 and 1959-60.
iii. For the construction of Cheristry Laboratory isuilding, being the fourth instalm nent frou the grant of Rs. $5,02,387 /=$ sanctioned for the purpose for Second Five Year Flan. The first three instalnents of Rs. 3,00,000/=were paid $1,00,000$ during 1957-58, 1958-59 and 1959-60. Out of the present instalment of Rs. $1,00,000 /=$ a sun of Is. $5,455 /=$ has been paid by adjustrient against the grant of Rs. 66,667/= paid during -1958-59 for the constru ction of building for the Central Workshop.


For the purchase of scien tific equipneht for the Departrient of Physics, being the third and last 6,667 instalnent from the grant of is. 3 3, 333/= sanctioned fo the purpose for the Secona Five Year Plan. The first two instal ments of his. $26,666 /=$ were paid during 1958-59 and 1959-60.
85. SARDAR VALLABHBHiI For the construction of VIDYAPEETH. Central Workshop building, being the first instalnent 40,000 frow the grant of is. $45,313 /-$ sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan.

| 6. | ANMAMALAT | Publication of scientific literature. | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87. | DSLHI | -do- | 350 |
| . | OSMLINIA | Prof. Hiayakawa's visit. | 600 |

(Contd.... .......)


| (89) | aNDHR 4 | For construction of building for the developrent Depart- $1,45,000$ <br> nent of Cherical Engineering boing the first instalment fros the total sanctioned building grant of Rs $4,45,696 /=$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $90 .$ | BANARLS | For construction of building for the college of Enginea- 2,00,000 ring being, the fifth instalm ment from tho total sonctioned building grant of Rs. $15,56,320$. The first four instaluents amounting to Rs. $6,29,000 /=$ were paid during 1957-58, 1958-59 ind 1959-60. |
| (91.) | Baroda <br> $L$ expansion | For the construction of building for the $/$ schere of Diploma Courses in the Faculty of Technology and Engineering being the six instaluent from the total sanctioned building grant of Rs. 13,40,000. <br> The first five instoluents $2,00,000$ emountins to Rs. $10,12,000 /=$ were paid during 1958.59 and 1959-90. |
| $92$ | $\angle$ expansion | Towards the purchase of equiprent for the/schere of Diplome Courses in the Faculty of Technology and Engineering being the sixth instalient $1,00,000$ <br> frou the total sancti ned oquipment grant of <br> is. $10,62,000 /=$. The first five instalnents mounting to Rs. $8,00,000 /=$ were paid during 1958-59 and 1959-60. |

93. CALCUTMA i. Towards the purchase of furniture for the Depart ment of Radiophysics and 19,333 Electronics being the
final instaluent fron the total sanctioned fumiture grant of Rs. $29,333 / \mathrm{m}$.
(Contd..... .....)

(Contdं.... ........)


-....: $31: .$.
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

(99) Vaish Degree College, Ghamli (Agra
University).

| Construction of | Rs. $19,000 /-$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Men's Hostel. | (3rd instal- |
| ( $\Lambda$ Iready reported) | ament). |

100. St. John's College, Agra' (Agra

Purchase of Rs. 4,000/University).

Laboratory equipment. (Ind instal(filready reported). mont).
101.) Tikaram Kenya Mahavidyalaya, Aligarh (agra University).

| Construction of | his .30,000/- |
| :--- | :--- |
| Women's Hostel. | (IIIrd |
| (Already reported). | instalment). |

102.) Maharaj Singh Degree College, Saharanpur (Agra University).

1. Purchase of Laboratory Rs. $7,600 /-$
equipment. (Already (IVTH
reported).

| 2. Purchase of Books. | Rs. 2,000/a |
| :---: | :---: |
| (Already reported). | (3rd and last |
|  | instalment). |

Purchase of Books:. Rs. 5,000/-
(Already reported). (3rd instalmint).
104. Multanimal Nodi
Degree College,
Modinagar (Agra
University').

| Construction of | Ris.30,000/- |
| :--- | :---: |
| Men's Hostel. | (3rd instal- |
| (Hic dAy reported). | ment). |

105.) M.K.P. College,
Dehra Dun
(Agra University).

| Construction of | Rs. $30,000 / \sim$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Women's Hostel | (Ind |
| (Already reported). | instalment). |

106. P.C. Bagla Degree College, Hathras (agra University).

107 Kishori haman Degree College, Mathura (Agra University).
108. D A.V. College, Muźzafarnagar. Agra University).

For Library Building. Rs. 8,000/Purchase of Furniture (Ind and Books. (Already instalment). reported).

| Construction of Boys | Rs .20,000/- |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hostel. (Already | (Ind |
| reported). | instalment). |

Women's Hostel.
(Ind
(already reported)
instalment).
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Construction of Boys } & \text { Rs.20,000/- } \\ \text { Hostel. (Already } & \text { (Ind } \\ \text { reported). } & \text { instalment). }\end{array}$

Purchase of Rs.16,000/-
Laboratory Equipment. (Ist
(already reported). instalment).
(i)
(g)
(4)
109. Babu Shivnath

Agrawal Degree
College, Mathura
(Agra University):

1. Improvement and Ris. 5,000/-
oxparisión of Library (Ist
facilitios.
instalment).
Approved cos.t
is. $25,000 / \cdots$. U.C.C
share $k .16,667 /-$.
2. Purchase of Laboratory .
equipment. Approved
cost Rs. 23,165/-.
U.G.C. share Rs.15, 440/-.
(110). Kishori Raman

Girls Degree College, Mathure (Agra University).
(111.) S.R.K. Degree

College, Ferozabad
(Agra University).

Construction of Women's
Hostel. lipproved $^{2}$
cost Rs. 84,130/-
U.G.G. share Rs. $63,097 /$ -

Purchase of Books.
Approved cost fis., $700 /-$.
U.G.C . share fis. $1,800 / \cdots$.

| Construction of | Rs.40,000/- |
| :---: | :---: |
| Womon's Hostel. | (Ist |
| lapprovad cost | : instalment) |
| Rs. $1,73,600 /-$ : |  |
| U.G.C. share Rs. 1 |  |

Construction of Rs.25,000/-
Library Building. (Iat.
Approved cost.
Rs. $1,17,699 /$. U.G.C.
instelment).
share fis. $78,460 /$.
114. CN.P. Degree College, 1.Purchase of Books
is. 12,000/-
and Laboratory
(IIIrd Allahabad (Mllahabad

University).

Equipnent. (AIroady reported).
2. Construction of Laboratory Building and purchase of fis. 8,000/(IInd instalment). Furniture. (Aready reported).
(Approved cost raised from. 35,690/-
to $41,090 /-$ and
T.G.G. share from

23,793/- to
27,393/-).
115. 4grawal Degree College, Allahabad (illahabad University).

Purchase of Books . . Rs. 1,000/-
(hiready reported). (IInd
instalment).

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) ${ }_{\text {(2) }}$ | (3) |  |
|  | 116. W.G.B. College, Bhimevaram (Andhra University). | 1. Construction of Girls ${ }^{\text {S }}$ Hostel. (Already reported). <br> 2.Construction of Men's Hostel. (Already reported). | $\text { Rs. } 12,000 /-$ <br> (3rd instalment) $\text { Rs } 20,000 /-$ <br> (Ist instalment). |
| 星 | 117. St: Joseph's Training College for Women, Guntur (Andhra University). | Construction of Girl's Hostel. <br> (Already reported). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 20,000 /- \\ & \text { (3rd } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 118. Marwari College, Bhagalpur (Bihar University). | Construction of Men's <br> Hostel. Approved <br> cost Rs. 1,88,000/-. <br> U.G.C. share <br> Rs. $94,000 / \sim$. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 30,000 /= \\ & \text { (Ist } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 119. Ganesh Lal hgrawal College, Daltonganj (Bihar University). | Construction of Men's Hostel. Approved cost Rs. $1,31,415 /-$ U G. C. share Rs.65,708/-. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 20,000 / \mathrm{l} \\ & \text { (Ist } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 120. Ram Dyalu Singh College, Muzz affarpur (Bihar University). | Constraction of Library Building. Approved cost Ri.29,227/-. U.G.C. share is. $10,185 /-$. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ris. 6,000/- } \\ & \text { (Ist } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 121. St. Xavier's College, Ranchí (Bihar University). | Construction of Library Building. Approved cost Rs.77,746/-. U.G.C. share Rs.51,831/-. |  |
|  | 122. Jai Hind College and Basant Singh Institute of Science, Bombay (Bombay University). | Purchase of Books and Furniture. (Already reported). | Rs. 7,000/- <br> (IInd <br> instalment). |
|  | (123) Wilson Coilege, Bombay (Bombay University). | 1. Construction of Men's Hostel. Approved cost is. $3,05,305 /-$. U.G.C. share is. $1,52,652 /-$. <br> 2. Construction of Library Building. Approved cost Rs.15,265/-, U.G.C. share Rs.10,176/- |  |
|  |  |  | (Contd... ). |

$$
\ldots: 34 \div \cdot .
$$


(3)
(4)
124. Loreto College, Calcutta
(Calcutta University).

Construction of Girl's Hostel. (Already reported).

Rs .25,000/-
(Brad
instalment).
125) Shri Shikshayatan

College for Women, Calcutta
(Calcutta University).

Construction of Girl's Bs .25,000/Hostel. (Already reported).
(3rd
instalment).
126.

Victoria Institute, Calcutta (Calcutta Construction of Girl :s Hostel. (Already

Ms.25,000/reported). (Inst University).
instalment).
127) Garbeta College, Garbeta
(Calcutta University).

Construction of Men's Hostel. Approved .cost Rs. 1,90,000/-.

Rs 25,000/(lIst instalment). U.G.C. share
his. $95,000 /-$.
128. Alipurduar College, Alipurduar - -do- -do(Calcutta University).
122. Budha Degree Purchase of Books: : Rs. 3,000/College, Kushinagicr (Already reported).
(Ind
(Gorakhpur
instalment).
University).
130. Shri Durgaji Degree

Construction of Men's
Rs. 25,000/-
College,
Chandeshwar, (Gorakhpur University).

Hostel. (hireajy $\because$ (Inst reported).
131. Darbar Gopaldas

Mahavidyalaya,
Aliaboda
(Gujarat
University).
(132) Sir K.P. College of Commerce, Surat (Gujarat University).

Construction of Library Building. (Already reported).

Rs. 16,000/-
(Ind
instalment).
133. Balabhai Damodar-
das College,
Ahmedabad.
Purchase of Books. (Wrieady reported).
(Gujarat University).
134. Raja Lakham Gouda 1. Purchase of Books. Science Institute, improved cost Rs :3,000/-Belgaum (Karnatak. U.G.C. share Rs.2,000/-. University).
2. Construction of Women's' Hostel. Approved cost Rs.70,900/-- U.G.C. share Rs .53,175/-.
(335.

Colly Flower Construction of Women's Hostel. (Greedy (Kerala University). reported).

Rs. 15,000/-
(4th and last instalment).


Christ College,
Construction of Men's Hostel. (Already (Kerala University). reported).

Rs. 35,000/-
(3rd
instalment).
137. N.S.S. Hindu

1. Construction of Men's

Rs. 10,000/College, Chènganacherry (Kerala University). Hostel. (Already . (and reported).
2. Construction of Women's
Hostel. (Already
reported).
instalment).
Rs .20,000/-

- (and
instalment).
(138). St. Mary's College,

Trichu: ( norala University).

Rs .20,000/-
(IIIra
instalment).
139. Assumption College,

Construction of
Changanacherry
Library Building.
(Kerala University). (Already reported).
Rs. 10,000/-
(Ind
instalment).
140. Bishop Chulaperambil Construction of Girl's

Rs. $40,000 /-$
College, Kottayam Hostel. (Already
(Ind
(Kerala University). reported).
instalment).
(141) S

St'. Theresa's i. Gorstruction of Girl's.
Rs. $30,000 /-$
College, Ernakulam: Hostel. (Already
(Ind
(Kerala University). reported).
"instalment).
(1) ${ }^{-\cdots}$
(3)
142) St. Thomas

College, Kozhen Cherry (Kerala University).

Construction of is. $20,000 /-$ Library and Laboratory Buildings and Purchase of Furniture. (Already reported).
(143.) Shri Narayana College for Women, Quilon (Kerala University).

Construction of Women's Rs.30,000/Hostel. (fireedy reported).
(Ist
instalment).
(IInd
instalment).
144. St. Thomas College, Trichur (Kerala University)

Purchase of Library
furnitiore. hpproved
cost fis. $11,105 /-$.
U.G.C. share Rs. $7,400 /-$.
(145. Mar Thoma College, Tiruvella (Kerala University)

Extension of Library
cost is: 9,000/-. U.G.G.

Is. 2,000/-
(Ist
instalment). share is. 6,000/-.

Sree Kerala Verma Construction of Girl!'s College, Trichur Hostel. Approved
(Kerala University).
cost is. 43,345/-. U.G.C. share is. $32,500 /-$.
(147.) Farook College,

Feroke (Kerala
University).
Construction of Men's Rs. $40.0000 /-$ Hostel. Approved cost (Ist Rs. 2,38,OCD/- U.G.C. share R. $1,19,000 /-$ :
(148) Guruvayur appen Gollege, Pukkunu (Kerala University)

Construction of Men's îs. $30,000 /-$ Hostel. hpproved cost Rs. 2,44,091/-: U.G.C.
(Ist instalment).
instalment).
share $n s .1,22,046 /-$.
149. Shia College, Iucknow (Iucknow University).

Purchase of Laboretiory
Equipment and Furniture.
fpproved cost ins.58,800/-. U.G.C. share if. $38,800 /-$..
150.) Mahila Mahavidyalaya, Iucknow, (Lucknow University).
151. Seethalaxmi RamaSwany College, Tiruchirapalli (Madras University).

Purchase of Books and Ris. 2,500/Furniture. Approved (Ist cost Rs. $12,000 /-$. U.G.C. share

Rs. 8,000/-.
Construction of Girl's Rs $30,000 /-$. Hostel. (Aiready (IInd reported).
instaiment).
(Contd... ).

(Contd,... ).

159
Yogeshwari Science 1. Furshase of books , 2,000
College, Momirabad. (Aready reported) (IInd instalment)
(Marathwada Univ.)
2. Purchase of Lab. Equipment \& Finmiture.

- inmroved cost 1,19,000/m U.G.C. share $79,330 /-$.

Mahatna Candini. Construct: on of Girl's
Memorial College, Hostel.
Udipi (Mysore Iniv.) (Fproved conths. 1,04,205 20,000 (1st
instalment)
U.G.C. share 78, $154 /$ -
161. Shri Renukacharya Construction of Lib.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { College, Bongalore. } & \text { Building. } \\ \text { (Mysore Univ.) } & \text { Approved cost } 18,700 /-\quad \text { (Ist instalment) }\end{array}$
U.G.C. share $12,467 /-$.
162) R.B.V. R.R.Women's Construction of Women's

College, Narayanaguda Hostel.

(163.) shmednagar College, 1. Uonstructio of Girl's
ihmednagar.
(Poone. Unive-sity)
Hostel.
(ilrocady roportod). (II Instalment)
(164.) Willingdon College, 1. Construction of Girl's

Sangii (Foona Univ) . Hostel - 14,000 íproved cost 57,340/m (1st instalment) U.G.C. shere. $43,005 / \mathrm{m}$
2. Construction of Dining Hall.
$\therefore$ pproved cost $38,700 /-$
U.G.C.Bhere 29,000/
G. K.Gokhale College, Construction of

Kolhepur (Poona Women's Hostel. 25,000
University).
(iIready reported)
(II instalment)
166. Tilak College of

Construction of lien's
Education. Hostel.
(poona).
ipproved cost 1,74,340/-
U.G.C.share 87,170/-

1. Construction of Lib. Building. : 1,266 (iliceady reported) ( 3 nd instalment)
2. Purchase of Library

| Books \&iPumiture. |
| :--- |
| (Aready reported) |

(IInd and last
instalment).
168. Vaish College,

Bhiwani.
(Panjab Univ.)
Purchase of Labcriatory
Equipment.
( + Ire - dy reported) (IInd and final instalment).


(172.) G.F.G. Khalsa Collage, Construction of Library

Gurusar Sedhar, Building, and purchase 15,000
(Pb. University). of Books. (A Iready reported). (2nd instelment)

Mhalse College, Construction of Library imritsar. (Parjab Unịv.)

Buijding.
(already reported).
(2nd instaiment)
-
174. Kanya Mahavidyalaya Juluundur City. (Panjab University)

Construction of Women's
Hostol. 20,000
ipprioved cost 1,05,100/ (1st instalment)
U.G.C. share 78,825/-

Contad...

.....
1.


54,750.
(176.) Lyalpur Khalsa Ccllese, - Construction of Woren's Jullundur (Fanjab

Hostel. Approved cost University).

1,55,087. T.G.C. Share
$1,00,000$.
(177) Savitri Girl's Colleae, Ajiner (Rajasthan University).

Construction of
Wonen's Eostel. (Already roported)

35,000 (IInd instalnent)
$\stackrel{4}{4}$
178. S.B. ㄱ. Collace, Bilaspur

Construction of
Librnry Building. 14,000 Approved cost 63,690 (1st instalnent)
U.G.C. Share 42;460
179. Kavali College, Kavali Purchase of Books,
(Sri Venkateswara Univorsity) Furniture and
30,000
Laboratory Equipnent. Approved cost 2,02,779 U.G.C. Share 1,00,000


Ind instalient for the onstiuction $\quad 20,000$ sicience. 2.ck.

(182) Lady Shri Rari College for Wonen.

IInd instalnent for
the construction of $\quad 75,000$ Science Block.

Final instalment for the construction of ,709 College Building.

Ist instalment for $\quad 40,000$
the construction of Science Block.

Ist instalment of the grant towards the 8,000 salary etc. of the 3 Rescarch Assistant and Technical Assistant (Developnent Budset)
(Gontd.... ,....)

186) Aligarh Muslim (a) University.

Ind instalment of the $\quad 0,47,500$ Block grant for the year 1960-61.
(b) Purchase of Evacuee prom perry. known as "Sir Ministry of Rehabilitaction, Government of India.

$$
\begin{gathered}
1,62882 \\
\left(R_{s_{s}} 1,28,782 /-\right. \text { by } \\
\text { cash payment and } \\
R_{s_{0}} 34,000 / \cdots \text { by } \\
\text { adjustment). }
\end{gathered}
$$

Ind instalment of the Block grant for 13,87,500 the year 1960-61.
188. Delhi University (a) Towards the Northern City - Extension Scheme$\left(N \mathrm{R}^{63,898}\right.$
Ind and the sewage (NoR.)
Disposal scheme of the Delhi University.
(b) Ind instalment of the
$6,95,000$
Block grant for the year 1960-61.


Ind instalment of the Block grant for the

3,43,750. year 1960-61.


Ind instalment of the Block grant for the
$9,25,000$ of Science, year 1960-61.

| 191. Rajasthan University | Grants to Universities <br> to become corporate <br> foundation member of | 6,700 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | India International <br> Centre |  |

192. Sri Venkateswara

University.






Madras (Contd.....)
the grants paid earlier.
28 Calcutta $\quad \therefore$

Revision of salary scales of University teachers for the year 1950m60 after adjusting the grants paid earlier.

37,808.22


Revision of salary scales of University teachers for . . 829.19 the year 1959-60.

Revision of salary scales
of University teachers for
(221) Gujarat the year 1959-60.
$(2 \alpha 2)$ Jamiu \& Kashmir

Revision of salary scales of University teachers.

2, 120.00
2,095.61 of University teachers.


University: Grants Commission Old Mill Road, New Delhi-1.


1. To receive the minutes of the last meeting of the University Grants Commission held on 29th/30th June, 1960. P.1-123.
2. To receive a report on the action taken by the Chairman/ Secretary on certain matters. P.124-161.
3. To receive a statement of the grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on 29th/30th June, 1960. P. 162-205.
4. To receive the correspondence between the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A A. and the University Grants Commission regarding the naming of the institutions for which assistance is given by the University Grants Commission.P.2ob-208,
5. To receive a letter addressed to all the State Universities with regard to the period for which assistance from the Commission for development schemes sanctioned during the Second Plan quinquennium could be expected.9.2o9-2ll.
6. To receive a report regarding the decision agreed to by the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. regarding assistance to the affiliated colleges for basic sciences being handled by the University Grants Commission. P. 212-2/3.
7. To receive a report with regard te additions to degrees to be notified under Section . 22 (3) of the U.G.C. Act.P.214.
8. To receive the Annual Accounts of the University Grants Commission for the year 1959-60. P.215-307
9. To receive a list of the colleges included under Section $2(f)$ of the U.G.C. Act as on BOth June, 1960. P, 3e8,
10. To receive a report on the final allocations made to various Universities for scientific equipment and library books \& journals under the fth Year budget of the India Wheat Loan Educational Exchange Programme. P,3*9-3/3.
11. To receive a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding the Post-graduate Evening College of the Delhi University 。P.314:
12. To receive a report regarding the grants being paid to the affiliated colleges by the Ministry of Education for Post--graduate courses in Home Science without consultation with the University Grants Commission. P.315.
13. To receive a report on the recommendations of various bodies regarding the implementation of National. Service Scheme. P. $316-317$
14. To consider certain suggestions made by the Education Minister regrading University education in his inaugurail address delivered at the Central Advisory Board of Education meeting helix in Idoruary, 1960. P. 318,
15. To consider the recommandions mode regarding higher education by the Commission on inationa Taxation of the Government of Puristin. P.319-326.
16. To consicier a proposal. for giving financial assistance to Universities for the ccristation of staff clubs-cume Guest hanson.
17. To consider tho question of giving grants to Universities for the publication of learned journals.
18. To consider a proposal for giving lump. -sum grants to Universities/Colleges towards foudents Aid Fund.
19. To further consider the question of giving assistance to colleges towards the ingociction on a tutorial system.
20. To consider a proposal for giving travel grants to teache..s in Humanities ana Social Sciences for further studies and research.
21. To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for examining the scheme of the Mo D. Universify of Baroda for the publication of a critical edition of Talmiki Ramayana.
22. To consider the report of tho Visiting Committee appointed

- by the Commission to oxamine the schern of the innamajai
- University for the publication of a variorum edition of Kember Ramayana.

23. To consider the report* of the Visiting Comate appointed by- the Commission to gamine tho scheme? of the Kerala University for the pub teavion of a Ma.. yale Lexicon o
24. To consider the tenors of the $\mathfrak{a}$ dating Committee appointed by the Comilssion tori accessing tho needs of the vikran University for the doveiomen* of a Devatizit of Indian History and Culture.
25. To consider the report of the Cominties appointed by the Commission to assess the rarimement of the Universities of Delhi and Alegar for udíticnal library staff.
26. To consider the recommondetios of the $\Lambda$, I, C, it. ${ }^{\text {It }}$. regarding facilities for High Vc!tace Lavoratories in Engineer-
 Jdapturn
 ing the estoilishmotion a Polytechnic at Anamalni University
27. To oonsjder the reommonations of the Mintstiny of S.R. \& GoA. regarding a non.wecrering crmenditure of Rs, 3: lakhs recomer dod by the Reviewing Committee of the indian Institute of Science, Bangalore for deve..cpment for tho period Le58-m.
-3-
28. To consider E.reference fron the Ministry of Education regaraing the amendment to Statute 30 of the Statutes of the Delhi University.
29. To consider the provisions made by the Bihar Governmeat in the Act passed for the Universities in the state of Bihar.
30. To consider the question of revision of salary scales of teachers in Engineering and Technolow gical Institutions.
31. To consider the report of the University Grants Commission for tho year 1959-60.
32. To fix the date and piace of the next meeting of the Commission.
33. Any other business with the permission of the Chairman.

## Supplementary Agenda

Additional item $H 0.1: T o$ consider a request of the Government of India inviting the views of the University Grants Commission on the proposal made by Shri A.A.A. Fyzee, Vice-Chancellor, University of Jammu \& Kashmir, for setting up a Cominission to inquire into the study of Arabic, Persian and Islamic Studies.

Additional item No. $2:$ To receive a repórt regarding allocations of foreign exchange to Indian Universities and affiliated colleges for the import of sciertific equipment and library books and journals.


Proceedings of the 23rd meeting of the Uni versify Grants Commission held at Waltair on the 29th/30th June, 1960. The following were present:

| 1. Shri C.D.Deshmuľh | - | Chairman |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Prof. N.K.Sidhanta | - | Member |
| 3. Dr. V.S.Krishna | - | Member |
| 4. Pt. H.N.Kunzru | - | Member |
| 5. Dr. K.S.Krishnan | - | Member |
| 6. Dr. A.C.Joshi | - | Member |
| 7. Shri P.N.Kirpal | - | Member |
| 8. Sheri Samuel Mathai | - | Secretary |

Apologies for absence were received from Dewan Anand
Kumar and Sheri N. N.Wanchoo.
The following officers were also present:-

1. Shri N. N. Iengar - Assistant Secretary.
2. Shri.R.K.Chhabra - Administrative Officer.

Item 1: To receive the minutes of the last meeting of the University Grants Commission held on 21st March, 1960.

The minutes of the 22nd meeting held on the 21st of March, 1960 which had been circulated were confirmed. Item 2: To receive a statement of cases on which action (i, is still pending.

This was recorded.
With regard to item 12 of the minutes, the
Secretary reported that the Delhi University had since been informed that they $\cdot{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ald affiliate the new College from July 1960 if they so desired, provided adequate arrangements could be made and the usual conditions for affiliation were fulfilled.

Item 3: To receive a report on the action taken by Chairman/Secretary on certain matters.

The Commission confirmed the action taken
by the Chairman/Secretary on the matters mentioned in Appendix I.

Item 3(1): Allotment of land
It was pointed out that on final measurement the additional area of the 'Ind allotted to the University

Grants Commission is 0.426 acres and not 0.41 acres (and that the cost of this additional land would be Rs. 15,336/.-). Item 3(9): Banaras Hindu University - Establishment of a College of Medical Sciences.

Secretary reported that the Ministry of Health and the Planning Commission having approved the idea of the establishment of a Medical College at Banaras, the Chairman had since given his consent to the starting of this College from the academic session 1960-61.

Secretary also reported that the University had asked for permission to have a post-graduate Institute for Ayurvedic Research and to institute the degrees of M.Sc. and Ph.D. in Suddha Ayurveda.

In this connection the Commission desired that post-graduate studies should be integrally related to the Department of Medical Studies and a separate Institute need not be formed.

Item 3(16): Punjab University - Construction of buildings for Science Departments under Phase II of the Programme.

The Secretary reported that the I Phase of buildings in the Punjab University was nearing completion and that the University had been permitted to start the II Phase, but the cost of buildings under the I Phase had exceeded the original sanctioned estimates and that on receipt of full information, an additional sanction would be necessary. It was agreed that Chairman may look into this matter and do whatever was mecessary and the matter may be reported to the Commission later.

Item 3(39): Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth - Construction of Girls Hostel.
The Secretary informed the Commission that the proposed hostel for girls at Sardor Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth would be for 216 students instead of 204 students and that the cost would be approximately $\mathrm{R} \cdot 6,76,000 /-\cdot$.
-3-
Item 3(40): Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth - Construction of Staff Quarters.

The Secretary reported that the staff quarters that the Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth proposed to construct included quarters for non-academic staff. The Commission decided that the University Grants Commission could not make grants to State Universities" and Colleges for the construction of quarters for other than academic staff.

Item 4: To receive a statement of the Grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on List March, 1960.

The Commission approved the grants paid/sanctioned and expenditure incurred as shown in the statement at Appendix II. Item No, 5: To receive a report on the replies received from the Universities in regard to the proposal for setting up Tagore Chairs in Indian Universities to commemorate the birth Centenary of Dr Rabindra Math Tagore.

The Commission noted that only the Universities of Baroda, Calcutta, Madras and Punjab had agreed to share the cost of instituting a Tagore Professorship under the Tagore Centenary Scheme. It was agreed that these four Universities might be assisted to establish these Chairs, provided they raised Es. 1, $00,000 /-$ each, and that the Commission might give a grant of Rs. $3,00,000 /-$ to make an endowment of $\mathrm{Ks} .4,00,000 /-$ in each case.

Item No. 6: To receive a report on the replies of the
Universities with regard to the minimum.
number of working days in the Universities.
The Commission noted that some Universities had expressed difficulty in providing 180 working days exclusive of examination days though the majority of Universities had agreed to implement the original scheme. The Commission decided that since the majority of Universities were inclined to agree to 180 working days exclusive of examination days, this might still be suggested as a desirable arrangement though Universities should be free to make any slight variation that'seemed desirable to them. In this connection Dr. A.C.Joshi reported that in the Punjab University they were providing for a larger number of -

working days. The Commission desired that a statement be obtained from the Punjab University and circulated to the other Universities for information.

Item Non: To receive a report, with regard to the
additions to degrees specified in the earlier notification under Section $22(3)$ of the University Grants Commission Act: ..

The Commission approved the notifying of the following degrees:-

Master's Degree
Master in Statistics (M.Stat.)
Doctorate Degree.

1. Doctor of Music (D .Mus)
2. Doctor of Education (D .Ed.)

Item Not: P receive a report of the working of the scheme of scholar shins for the study of regional languages.

The Commission decided that the scheme may continue and any University that wished to make use of it may bo allowed to do so.

Item No.9: To receive report on the practice in various Universities regarding the endowments required from private Colleges prior to affiliation.

The Commission considered the statement of the practices adopted by the various Universities in the matter of endowments etc. required for the affiliation of colleges. The Commission noted that the practices varied very greatly from University to University and was of the view that the requirements laid down by the Universities of Andhra, Delhi, and Madras were fundtionally more satisfactory than those of other Universities and that these might be brought to the notice of other Universities for formulation of principles on similar lines.

Item No, 10: To receive a report regarding the medical facilities available in the Constituent Colloges of the Delhi University and a few other Universities.

The Commission noted the medical facilities provided in the Delhi Colleges and a few other Universities and confirmed the decision already taken that the Health Centre of the Delhi University need not be expanded further.

Item No.11: To consider the question whether the University Grants Commission may assist in the revision of scales of pay of the non-academic staff of the Universities/Affiliated Colleges.

The Commission regretted that they could not assist in the revision of scales of pay of non-academic staff in Universities and Colleges, as this was not a function of the University Grants Commission.

Item No.i2: To further consider the proposal of the Banaras Hindu University to start a Flying Club in the University and their request for sanction of funds for acquiring 24,67 acres of land adjacent to the University for this purpose.

The Commission regretted that it could not assist the Banaras Hindu University to implement its proposal to set up a Flying Club。

Item No. 3: To consider the recommendations made by the Al1 India Educational and Vocational Guidance Association for setting up Student Counselling Centres in Universities/Colleges.

The Commission was of the view that it would not be practicable to introduce any elaborate 'guidance' scheme in the Universities and Colleges in the country at the present time. The Commission desired that teachers themselves, through the tutorial or seminar arrangements that may be made, might provide for a certain amount of vocational and other kinds of guidance. The Commission, however, desired to know from the Inter-University Board what information had been received from the Universities in response to their. onquiry in this connection. It was also agreed that the scheme of guidance sent by the Dircetor of Employment Exchange might be sent to the Banaras Hindu University for consideration in relation to their experience in the working of their.

Employment Bureau and the functioning of their Dear of Student Welfare.

Item 14: To consider a reference from the U.P. Government regarding the establishment of a University at Kanpur.

The Commission noted that the proposed university at Kanpur would be of a teaching and affiliating type. The Commission is of the view that such a university should not directly undertake undergraduate teaching. Post-graduate teaching should, as far as possible, be concentrated at University" headquarters or at. other university centres. At these places, the post-graduate to aching may be on a cooperative basis with the colleges. Elsewhere, if an exception has to be made to allow colleges to carry on post-graduate teaching for any special reasons, it should still be the policy of the university gradually to secure transfer of such post-graduate teaching to university auspices. When a college is permitted to retain postgraduate teaching, it should be required to ensure that facilities of the highest order are made available in the college and for this purpose the university should inspect the available facilities in the college.

The Commission does not think that a Faculty of Morals and Culture is practicable. The Commission is of the opinion that the university should start off with only a few faculties or departments and fresh departments should be added only after those that are in existence have proved a success.

The Commission also wished to say that there should not be too much fragmentation of any subject of study and specialities should not be too narrow.

The Commission is of the view that as an Institute of Technology is being established in Kanpur it may not be necessary for the university also to have a

Faculty of Technology. The Commission is also of the view that the university should have its own Selection Committee and the Selection should not be by or through the Public Service Commission.

Item No.15: To consider the proposal of the Delhi University to establish Directorates in Hindi and English language teaching at the University.

The Commission felt that the question of the change of medium at Delhi University needed very careful consideration for various reasons and that it would be desirable, before any steps are taken to change the medium, to have a full and free discussion of the problem with the Vice-Chancellor and the Executive Council of the University and Principals of colleges. The Commission also desired that the attention of the Ministry be drawn to the proposal of the Delhi University so that the Ministry may examine the possible repercussions of such a change and advise the Commission.

Item No .16: To consider the question of appointment of a Committee to determine the scope and size of 'block' grant that may be paid to the Indian School of International Studies during the quinquennium beginning with 1961-62.
§
The Commission agreed that a committee be appointed
to assess the requirements of the Indian School of International
Studies during the next quinquennium period and authorised the Chairman to appoint the committee.

Item No. I7: To consider a proposal that the length of service of the University teachers of Mysore and Kerala Universities be taken into account in revising their salary scales under the Second Five Year Plan.

The Commission accepted the proposal that teachers
in Mysore and Kerala Universities be fixed in the new scales of pay on the basis of one increment for every three completed years of service subject to a maximum of five increments.

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Item 18: To conciser a proposal received from the Ministry of Education regarding the coordination of Secondary Education with University Education.

The Commission was of the view that it would not be possible to coordinate Secondary with University education as Secondary education was intended to be a complete stage of education in itself. But with regard to problems of admission of students to various stages in the university after completing the Higher Secondary or the Intermediate from some other university, universities may be addressed by the Ministry of. Education to see in what manner adjustments could be made.

Item 19: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for assessing the needs of Vikram University for the development of Higher Scientific Education and Research.

The Commission accepted the report of the Visiting Commitice and sanctioned the following grants to be paid as and when necessary:-

Ujjain Centre .. Departments of Physics and Mathematics end Geatisijos.
1. Non-E Qcurrine.
(a) Buıla:ngs
approved cost Share of UGC
1) Physics, Mathsmatics and sta-tistics (Flinch area of 25000 SCott. @ RS: \(5 /-\) pen squat.
ii) Laboratory, Services and Furniture (@ \(33 \%\) oi the cost of building).
\begin{tabular}{cc}
\(3,75,000\) & \(2,50,000\) \\
\(1,25,000\) & 33,333 \\
\(-1, \ldots, \ldots, 00\)
\end{tabular}
(b) Scientific Equipment
\begin{tabular}{lrr} 
Physics & \(2,50,000\) & \(1,00,000\) \\
Statistics & 30,000 & 20,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
Library books \& Journals \\
(including back volumes)
\end{tabular} & \(\frac{60,000}{7,40,000}\) & \(\frac{60,000}{5,13,333}\)
\end{tabular}

II RECURRING (PER ANNUM)
1) One Professor for each of \(\quad-\)
the departments of Physics \(\quad 24,000 \quad 12,000\) Mathematics \& Statistics 2 Professors.
ii) Two Readers for Physics and one each for Mathematics \& \(\quad 30,000 \quad 15,000\) Statistics - 4 Readers.
iii) Two lecturers for Physics and one each for Mathe= matics \& Statistics - 4 lecturers.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
15,000 & 7,500 \\
69,000 & \(-\quad\). \\
34,500
\end{tabular}

Indore Centre - Department of Chemistry

\section*{I. Non-Recurring:}
a) Buildings
i) Plinth-area of 20,000 sift. 3,00,000 2,00,000 @ Rs. 15/- per sq. ft.
,
ii) Laboratory services \& furniture @ 33\% of the cost of the building.
\(\frac{1,00,000}{4,00,000} \quad \frac{66,667}{2,66,667}\)
b) Scientific equipment
\(1,00,000\)
66,667
c) Library books \& Journals (incluãing back volumes)

60,000
60,000
Total N.R.
5,60,000
3,93,334
II. Recurring (per annum)
i). One Professor
\[
\begin{array}{r}
12,000 \\
15,000 \\
11,250 \\
\hline 38,250
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
6,000 \\
7,500 \\
5,625 \\
\hline 19,125
\end{array}
\]

Gwalior Centre - Departments of Botany and Zoology
1. NON-RECURRING
a) Buildings
i) Plinth area of 12,500-sq.ft. for each department @ns.15/..3,75,000 2,50,000 pore sq.ft.
ii) Laboratory services and furniture @ \(33 \%\) of the cost of building.
b) Scientific equipment (Rs. 0.75 lakh For each Deptt。)
c) \(\frac{\text { Library books \& Journals }}{\text { (including back }}\)
\(1,25,000\)
83,333

II. Recurring (per annum)
i) One Professor for each of the Departments - 2 Professors in all. 24,000 12,000
ii) Iwo Readers for each of the Depart- 30,000 15,000 ments - 4 Readers in all.
r-
iii) Two lecturers for each of the Depart. monts - 4 lecturers.
\(-\frac{15,000}{69,000} \frac{7,500}{34,500}\)

\section*{Bhopal Centre - Department of Geology.}
1. NON-RECURRING
a) Buildings.
i) Plinth area of 12,500 sq. ft. @ RS. \(15 /\) - per sq. ft.
\begin{tabular}{cc}
\(1,87,500\) & \(1,25,000\) \\
\(62, \div 00\) & 41,667
\end{tabular}
b) Scientific Equipment

75,000
50,000
c) Library books and Journals

II. REGURRIIG (Per annum)



Item 20: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for examining the proposals of Karnatal University for the establishment of Departments of Botany, Zoology and Geography.

The commission accepted the recommendations of the Visiting Committee and sanctioned the following grants to Karnatar Universty to be paid as and when necessary:-
\begin{tabular}{c} 
Approved \\
Expenditure
\end{tabular}
Rs. \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{c} 
Share of \\
\(U_{0} G_{9} C_{0}\)
\end{tabular}
I. Non-recurring.
(a) Sctontifi Equinment:
1,56,000
1,04,000
Rs.72,000 for Botany
Rs. \(48, \mathrm{COO}\) for Zoology and Rs. 36,000 for Geography.
(b) Tibrary books and Journals
80,000
80,000 including back numbers:
Rs, 30,000 each for Botany and Zoology and Rs. 20,000 for Geography.
Total N.R.
2,36,000
1,84,000
II. Recurring (innmal)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3 & Professors - one each for Betany, Zoology and Ceosraphy. & 36,000 & 18,000 \\
\hline 3 & Readers - one each for Botany, Zoology and Geograpizy, & 24,000 & 12,000 \\
\hline \(\hat{3}\) & Lecturers - two each for Botany Zoclosy and Gэоgrephy. & 24,000 & 12,000 \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Total Recurring: 84,000} & 42,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

With regard to the space requirements for these departments, the Commission noted that the additional space of 17,000 sq.fto menticned by the visiting Committee would not be immediately needed iy the University.

Itom 21: To consider tine report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for examining the proposal of the Punjab University for establishing a departmert of Anthropology.

The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Visiting Committee ard sanctioned the following grants to Punjab
p.t.o.


University for the establishment of a department of Anthropology:-
I. Non-recurring:
\(\frac{\)\begin{tabular}{c}
\text { Approved } \\
\text { Expenditure. }
\end{tabular}}{\text { Rs. }}\(\frac{\)\begin{tabular}{c}
\text { U.G.C.'s } \\
\text { Share. }
\end{tabular}}{\text { Rs. }}
i) Building.
\(\begin{array}{llll}\text { a) A plinth area of } 18,000 & 3,06,000 & 2,04,000 \\ \text { sq.ft. at Rs, } 17 /- \text { per }\end{array}\) sq. it. including services.
b) Furniture at \(12 \frac{1}{2} \%\) of the \(38,250 \quad 25,500\) estimated cost of building.
ii) Scientific Equipment \(\quad 30,000 \quad 20,000\)
iii) Camp Furniture

6,000
4,000
iv) Library books and Journals (including back numbers)

30,000
30,000

Total N.R.
\(4,10,250\)
\(\overline{2,83,500}\)
II. Ceiling Recurring for 1960-61.
1) Staff:
(a) One Reader (500-30-800)
8,000
4,000
(b) Two Lecturers (260-20-450-
8,000
4,000
EB-25-650)
16,000
8,000 -

Item 22: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee Appointed by the Commission for assessing the needs of Utkal University for the establishment of a Department of Zoology.

The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Visiting Committee am sanctioned the following grants to be paid as and when necessary:
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Approved & UGC's \\
expenditure. & share.
\end{tabular}

\section*{Non-recurring:}

Building
Furniture
Equipment
Museum equipment


\section*{Recurring:}

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Item 23:
To approve the establishment of a. Third Library extension Centre under the India Wheat Loan Jducational exchange Programme in the Rajasthan University at Udaipur.

The Commission agreed to the setting up of an Extension Library at Udaipur. The Commission also sanctioned, as the Com-' mission!s contribution, a grant of Rs. 50,000 for the purchase of books and journals from the soft currency area and Rs.25,000/- for furniture etc., for the Library. The Commission also noted that under the scheme a building would have to be provided for the Extension Library and it was agreed that the University may be asked to put up plans and estimates. The Commission would also bear the maintenance cost of the Library on 50:50 basis as in other extension Library Centres.

Item 24: To reconsider the basis of assistance particularly pertaining to staff for Subsidiary Post-graduate. Centres.

While generally agreeing to the proposal of the Madras University regarding the needs of the Post-graduate Centre at Madurai, the Commission desired that the whole scheme be further examined with regard to details. The Commission in particular did not agree to the appointment of Readers in Colleges who would also be Heads of Departments in the colleges.

Item 25: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee apointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the development of post-graduate studies in the University College of education of Osmania University.

The Commission felt that the proposals regarding the Taucation Department of Osmania University may wait till the whole question of the duration of the post-graduate degree in Education has been further examined. The Commission was generally of the view that the post-graduate degree should be of two years \({ }^{\text {t }}\) duration.
Item 26: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee apointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the development of the S.N.D.T. Women's University, Bombay.

The Commission accepted the views of the Visiting Committee appointed to/ look into the development requirements of
p.t.o.
the S.N.D.T. Women's University, and desired that the views of the Committee be conveyed to the University for their comments and possible implementation.

> Item 27: To consider the recommendations of the A.I.C.T. T. regarding the starting of postgraduate courses in Chemical . Engineering and Development of facilities for postgraduate Research in engineering and Technology at selected institutions.

The Commission accepted the recommendations of the
A.I.C.T.T. and sanctioned the following grants:



The following Institutions have been recommended for the developmert of facilities for Post-graduate Research in Engineering and Technology:-
S. No. Name of the Subject/Field
 Equipment. Building.

contd....

P.T.O.


Item 28: To consider the views of the Universities on the report of the Iibrary Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission.

The Commission resolved that the report of the Library Committee be accepted and be used as the basis on which matters relating to University Libraries will be examined by the Commission.

Item 29: To consider the request of the Rajasthan University for making certain adjustments in fixing the location of Post-graduate Departments of Science sanctioned earlier by the Commission.

The Commission agreed to the proposal of the Rajasthan University to change the location of their post-graduate centres and have departments of Botany and Zoology at Jodhpur instead of Ajmer and the Department of Chemistry at Jaipur instead of Jodhpur. The Commission noted that temporary arrangements would be made for these departments at the respective places.

The Commission also sanctioned posts of ore Professor and one Lecturer in Chemistry at Jaipur and agreed to meet \(50 \%\) of the expenditure for the next four years.

Item 30: To consider the requests received from Universities for financial assistance towards extension work by University teachers. \(\qquad\)
The Commission sanctioned the following grants for extension work by University teachers:-
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
1. Bihar & Rs. 6,800 \\
2. Bombay & 1,050 \\
3. Delhi & 9,500 \\
4. Jadavpur & 3,300 \\
5. Karnatak & 6,400 \\
6. Mysore & 10,000 \\
7. Marathwada & 6,500 \\
8. Panjab & 4,800 \\
9. Poona & 10,000
\end{tabular}

The sanction of Rs. \(2,500 /-\) for Utkal University accorded in 1958-59 was renewed for 1960-61


\section*{-18.}

Item 31: To consider the report of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to inspect the collection, preservation and utilisation of manuscripts in University Libraries and to recommend measures for improvement.

The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Committee appointed to examine the collection, preservation and utilisation of manuscripts in University Libraries, and agreed that grants as set forth in Appendix III may be paid as and when necessary to the universities on a non-sharing basis for the Third Five Year Plan period.

Item 32: To consider the comments of the Universities on the findings of the Seminar on work-flow in university/College Libraries.

The Commission noted that the comments of the universities on the findings of the Seminar on workflow in university libraries were generally favourable and desired that recommendations of the Seminar be used as a guide in dealing, with the requirements of the libraries.

Item 33: To consider the proposals received from the universities for introducing a tutorial system. ----

The Commission considered the note on tutorial or seminar system which had been placed before it and felt that to begin with these suggestions may be communicated to some six selected colleges in different parts of the country and these colleges may be asked to try out the suggestions made in the note and to send the results of their experience to the Commission. The scheme may be expanded on the basis of this experience. The Commission was of the view that in addition to tutorial and seminars intended to enable students to go through the courses of study, there might be special seminars specially for

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the more gifted students; dealing with matters of general interest and background material: The Commission thought that in the near future it may not be, practicable to have tutorial arrangements for all the undergraduate students, and therefore it may be desirable to introduce Honours courses involving some degree of specialisation in one subject and the tutorial system may, at least to begin with, *be tried with Honours students.

Item 34: To consider the draft bills sent by the Ministry of Food and Agriculture for the establishment of Agricultural Universities at Rajendranagar-andhra Pradesh and UdaipurRajasthan.

The Commission reiterated their view that a university should have at least three major faculties which should not be simple sub-divisions of one department or one branch of learning. The Commission also was of the opinion that the creation of universities is an educational activity and should ultimately be within the purview of the Ministry of Education and a practice should be established by which all matters connected with the establishment of a university should be referred by any interested Ministry of Government to the Ministry of Education and the advice of the Commission should be sought by the Ministry of Education.

The Commission desired that with regard to the bills of the proposed universities at najendranagar !(Andhra Pradesh) and at Udaipur (Rajasthan), views of the Commission on the same lines as expressed on the establishment of Rudrapur University be sent to the Ministry of Education for onward transmission to the Ministry of Agriculture.

Item 35: To consider the draft bill sent by the Bihar Government for the creation of new universities in that State.

The Commission noted that the Govern nment of Bihar had passed the Bihar Universities bill without waiting for the advice of the Commission, although they had been specifically requested to delay the passing of the bill until the Commission's advice was received. The Commissin's attention was drawn to a statement of the Secretary of the Education Department, of Bihar Government in his letter dated 22.6.60 addressed to the Secretary of the Commission that the Commission's advice had been taken into account. The Commission wished to point out that the only matter on which the Commission had expressed an opinion about the proposal to establìsh new universities in Bi hear was that there may be four regional universities and that the University of Patna might in addition to its present teaching functions be empowered to affiliate the colleges in the Patna Division, so as to avoid the establishment of a separate university merely to affiliate the colleges in the Patna Division.

The bill having been passed by the Bihar Legislature it seems useless for the Commission to examine it now and to express any opinion on it unless the Bihar Government specifically requests the Commission to do so.

The Commission desired that all State Governments should be informed that at least three month's notice should be given to the Commission when the views of the Commission on a proposed university bill are desired, so that the Commission may examine the bill thoroughly at a session of the Commission.

Iten 36: To consider a proposal received from the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs for the establishment of a Central. Institute of Indology. \(\therefore\)
The Commission did not think that there was need
for a Central. Institute of Indology, and the Commission was of the view that in any case the establishment of any such institute concornod with the history of ancient India and its culture was not the function of the Ministry of S.R.\&C.A. Co-ordination of research An universities on aspects of Indian life and culture is, of course, the function of the University Grants Cormission. The Commission wished to point out further that the word 'Indology' was an unscientific and:inaccurate word. Aspects of the History and Culture of India deserve to be treated as major subjects of study and research and it may be undesirable to lump them and other related matters together under the loose torm 'Indology'. Even if some European scholars may have used this term, Indians themselves should avoid the use of a miscellaneous term like Indology.

Item 37: To consider the report of the Blue Prints Comittes on the development of Linguistic studies in Indian Universities.
- \(\circ\)

The Comission gonerally accepted the recommenda-
tions of the Blue-Prift Cormittee on the development of Linguistic Studies in Indian Universities. The Chairman reported that he had had a further discussion with Dr.Katre, Director of the Deccan College, and he rocommended on the basis of this discussion that the following proposals be accepted for implementation by the Commission:-
1. Universities be grouped as follows:-
(a) Universitios in the States of Madras, Andhra Pradesh, Korala and Mysore;
(b) Universities in the States of Bombay (Maharashtra and Gujarat);
(c) Universities in the Stetos of Uttar Pradesh (excluding Aligarh) and Madhya Pradesh;
(d) Universities in tho States of West Bengal, Assam, Bihar and Orissa;
(e) Universities in the States of Punjab, Delhi, Jammu \& Kashmir, Rajasthan and Aligarh Muslim University.
2. A committee consisting of five members be appointed by the University Grants Commission to advise on matters such as conducting schools and seminars, coordinating and directing panIndian research formulating advise to Universities on conducting Summer Schools and Autumn Seminars, suggesting placement of research scholars, serving as liaison between Indian and foreign universities and as an expert body generally co-opting members from sponsoring universities to frame courses selecting faculty members constituting local committees. The UGC should maintain a National Roster of Linguists in consultation with the Committee.
3. Strengthening the staff at the departments of

Linguistics in the universities of Calcutta, Poona, Agra and Annarnalai by adding two posts each for Modern Descriptive Linguistics and Phonetics of Linguistic Geography.
4. Immediate setting up of at least one department for teaching Linguistics in all its aspects; two or three centres should be distributed over different areas, far from one another, to serve the larger needs of a big country.
5. Recognize survey projects at universities as regular part of their activities and sanction an expenditure not exceeding Is. 50,000 a year for 10-15 years for each of possibly 10-15 universities regionwise, provided adequate funds are available for such a purpose.
6. Selection of universities on zonal basis and setting up survey units on lines suggested for a regular department of Linguistics and combining training with survey work should be done by the U.G.C. and not by the Ministry of S.R.\&.C.A.

The Commission accepted the Chairman's recommendations.
Item 38: To consider the revised proposal of the U.P.
Government received through the Ministry of Education that \(100 \%\) central assistance in respect of both recurring and non-rocurring expenditure bo provided for introducing the Three Year Degree Course in the U.P. universities.

\(-23\)
The Commission regretted that they were unable to accept the proposal of the U.P. Government for giving hundred per cent central assistance both towards recurring and non-recurring expenditure for introducing the three-ycar degree course in U.P.

Item 39: To review the scheme of the Allahabad University for the establishment of a Printing Press approved by the Commission in 1958.
-••
The Commission agreed to revive the scheme of the Allahabad University to establish a Press. The Commission noted that the estimate of the requirements for this purpose amounted to Rs. \(4,89,000\) as against the suggested general expendinure of Fs . 1,81,000 for this purpose per university., The Com-. mission agreed that the Allahabad University's proposals may be generally accepted, but desired that they may be further examined to see if the cost can be brought down.

Item 40: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for assessing the needs of Jabalpur Uni versity for the development of Higher Scientific Education \& Research.
-••
The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Visiting Committee and sanctioned the following grants to Jabalpur: University to be paid as and when necessary :-

\section*{Non-recurring}

\section*{A. Buildings:}

\section*{Department}
1. Physics
2. Chemistry
3. Mathematics
4. Botany.
5. Zoology
6. Geology
7. Workshop
8. Laboratory services \& furniture @ 33\% of the cost of the buildings.
B. Scientific Equipment

Physics
Chemistry Botany Zoology

Approved cost UGC's share.
\[
\begin{array}{rr}
3,00,000 & 2,00,000 \\
3,30,000 & 2,20,000 \\
1,50,000 & 1,00,000 \\
2,25,000 & 1,50,000 \\
2,25,000 & \frac{1}{1}, 50,000 \\
2,25,000 & 50,000 \\
\frac{155,000}{15,30,000} & \frac{10,20,000}{} \\
5,10,000 & \\
\hline 20,40,000 & \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]
\(2,00,000\)
1,33,333
1,75,000
1,25,000
\(1,25,000\)
\(1,16,667\)
83,333
83,333

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{-24-} \\
\hline Geology & 1,25,000 & 8.3,333 \\
\hline Mathematics & 50,000 & 33,334 \\
\hline Workshop & 50,000 & 33,334 \\
\hline & 8,50,000 & 5,66,667 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
C. Miscellaneous
\begin{tabular}{lcc}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Green House, Glass House \\
and Herbarium etc.
\end{tabular} & 75,000 & 50,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Museum for both the deptts. \\
of Botany and Zoology.
\end{tabular} & 10,000 & \(\ldots\), \\
Botanical Garden & & 5,000
\end{tabular}
D. Library books and Journals
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Physics & 40,000 & & \\
Chemistry & 40,000 & & \\
Botany & 30,000 & & \\
Zoology & 30,000 & & \(2,00,000\) \\
Geology & 30,000 & \(2,00,000\) & \(21,86,667\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Recurring}
\begin{tabular}{lcc}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
C Professors; one each for six \\
departments mentioned above.
\end{tabular} & 72,000 & 36,000 \\
13 Readers; two for each of the & 97,500 & - \\
five deptts. but 3 in Chemistry
\end{tabular}

Item 41: To receive the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission to examine the proposal of Calcutta University for the establishment of a Post-graduate Unit in Basic Medical Sciences.
...
The Comrission accepted the report of the Expert
Committee that examined the proposal of the Calcutta University to establish a post-graduate Unit in Basic Medical Sciences. The Commission however was of the opinion that the salaries of the staff appointed in this Unit shouid bo the same as in the science faculties. The Commission sanctioned the following grants to be paid as and when necessary:-
A. i) Building for five depths 50,000@ 25 per sq. ft.
ii) Fittings \& Furniture @ \({ }^{1} / 3\)
iii) Workshop with fittings and furniture. approved . UGC's share
\[
12,50,000
\]
\(4,20,000\)
B. Equipment Rs.1,50,0,0 for each department.
Workshop Machines and tools
\[
1,00,000
\]
\[
7,50,000
\]
\[
\frac{50,000}{25,70,000}
\]
II. Recurring (salary on the usual basis of Professor etc. in the faculty of science on 50:50 basis)
a) Academic staff

1 Professor, 1 Reader and 3 Lecturers for each dept. minus 1 Professor and 5 Readers created under centenary grant.
b) Other staff including Workshop Supdt.
- Librarian and Technicians etc.

Item 42: To receive the report of the Expert Committee appointed by the Commission for the development of post-graduate training in Basic Medical Sciences in Indian universities.
...
The Consideration of this item was postponed.
Item 43: To consider a request received from the Gauhati University for financial assistance, towards the construetion of an Assembly-cum-Examination Hall.
The Commission regretted that they were unable to make
a grant towards an Assembly-cum-Examination Hall for the University' of Gauhati.
Item 44: To consider a note received from the Ministry of Education on the working of the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun with reference to its application for being declared as deemed to be a University under Section (3) of the University Grants Commission Act 1956.

The Commission was of the opinion that though the Forest Research Institute was an institution of high quality doing very good work, its range was limited and that therefore if it was considered desirable to permit it to give its own degrees this might be done by legislation rather than by deeming it to be a university under Section (3) of the University Grants Commission Act.
Item 45: To receive a report regarding the fixation of the salary of the Accounts Officer, U. G.C. on reemployment.

The Commission agreed to the fixing of the pay of the
Accounts Officer of the University Grants Commission, Sheri P.R. Bennett at the last pay drown by him in the office of the A. G.C.R. without counting the pension equivalent of his gratuity
- -

Item 46: To fix the date and place of the next meeting of the Commission.
\(\qquad\)
It was agreed that the next meeting of the Commission be held on the 3th \& IOth of September 1960 at Delhi.

Additional Item I:
To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education that the U.G.C. may make a provision of Rs. 2 crores in the Third Five Year Plan for the construction of hostels for women students in colleges as recommended by the National Council of Nomen's Education as a part of the special programme for the education of girls and women during the Third Five Year Plan.

The Commission agreed in principle that subject to the availability of funds, Rs. 2 crores be earmarked for the construction of hostels for women students in colleges and Universities during the Third Five Year Plan.

Addl. Item 2: To receive a report of the Committee appointed by the Commission with regard to the norms and standards to be laid down for the construction of hostels in Universities and colleges.

The Commission accepted the report of the Committee appointed by the Commission with regard to the norms and standards to be laid down for the construction of hostels and desired that the report be sent to the Universities and colleges for their guidance.

Addl. Item 3: To receive the report of the Indiscipline Committee which has already been circulated to the Members of the Commission.

The consideration of this item was postponed.
Addl. Item 4: To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education with regard to the provision of free education to the children of teachers.

The Comission thought that there were many details regarding the proposal that needed careful consideration before any opinion could be expressed on it. In general terms, the Commission was of the view that, as far as possible, it would be more desirable to give teachers the benefit of enhanced salary rather than to provide facilities of this kind. If it was at all considered necessary to provide such benefits for University teachers, they should be confined to categories of staff receiving salaries upto Rs.250/- p.m.


Addle Item 5: To consider the question of the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A. giving grants for post-graduate teaching in affiliated colleges.

The Commission noted that the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A. was considering giving grants for the development of postgraduate teaching in basic sciences in certain affiliated colleges. The Commission is of the view that it is the statutory responsibility of the U.G.C. to co-ordinate and maintain standards of research and teaching in ail subjects in universities, and colleges and to make grants for the purpose and that therefore it is unnecessary for any Ministry of the Government of India to make grants for the same purposes (as distinguished from specific. project grants). If any Ministry of the Government of India has funds at its disposal for such a purpose, these funds should be placed at the disposal of the University Grants Commission. The Commission desired that the attention of the Ministry of education be drawn to the proposal of the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A., so that the matter may be taken up at the highest level in the Government of India to avoid conflicts in jurisdiction and confusion in regard to standards.

\section*{Addle. Item 6: To consider the present position with regard to the continuance of the post-graduate Evening College of the Delhi University.}

As the Commission had not reviewed their earlier decision that nost-graduate courses in Evening College should not be continued beyond the two your period for which they had been approved in 1959, if the Delhi University gives admission to a fresh batch of post-graduate students in the evening College for the session of 1960-61, the Commission would not be responsible to make any grant's too the University towards the expenditure involved.

On the broader question of the desirability of providing special cases, including post-graduate classes, for people in full time employment through morning or evening colleges, the Commission agreed to await the report of the Committee already appointed for the purpose and it was agreed that Dr.Krishnan be added to this Committee.

Add. Item 7:
To approve the appointment of an Education Officer. and allied matters.

The Commission approved the appointment of Dr.J.N.Kaul as Education Officer on the recommendation of the Selection Committee, on an initial salary of Rs.900/- pom. in the scale of Rs.800-50-1150. The Commission also agreed to the creation of three additional posts of Education Officer in the scale of Rs.800-50-1150. The posts are to be filled up as and when the need arises. The Commission noted that three other persons interviewed by the Selection Committee were considered suitable for appointment to these posts and agreed that these posts be offered to them if it is decided to fill any of the vacancies within six months.

Add. Item 8: To consider the deputation of Development Officer (5)
to the United States of America and other countries en route under the Wheat Loan Educational Exchange Programme.

The Commission agreed to the deputation of Dr.B.D. Laroia, Development Officer (S) to the United States of America under. the Wheat Loan Educational Exchange Programme for a period not exceeding three months.

Addle. Item 9: Chairman's deputation to Japan.
In continuation of the Commission's resolution No. 55 dated IIth/12th February 1960, the Commission approved that the period of Chairman's visit to Japan may be treated as deputation and the Chairman may be paid daily allowance @ \(1 / 4\) of the rate that he could have drawn if he had not been the guest of the International House of Japan. The Commission also sanctioned an entertainment allowance of Rs.500/- to the Chairman during his visit.

Addle. Item 10: The payment of revised salary scales for teachers in Engineering and Technological Institutions.

It was agreed that this may be circulated to the members for their views in the first instance.

Sd/-
SAMUEL MATHAI Secretary.

Sd/-
C.D. DESHMUKH

Chairman.

\title{
- Report on the action \(t\) aken
} by Secretary/Chairman on certain matters.

1: Allotment of land.
The Government of India have already allotted a land measuring 0.75 acres to the Commission for the construction of its office building. As the plans of the building had been prepared by the C.P.W.D. who required additional land, the Governinent of India had been requested to allot the extra 0.41 acres of land which had been taken off from the main plot. The Government of India have agreed to this on payment at the rate of \(n_{c} .36,000 /=\) per acre plus usual ground rent at \(5 \%\) per annum.
2. Extension of appointment.

The Chairman has extended the term of appointment of the following officers for a period of - one year with effect from the dates shown against each:-
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
1. Shri N.N. Iengar, \\
. Assistant Secretary:. & 16th July, \\
1960.
\end{tabular}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 2. Dr. B.D. Jaroia, } \quad \text { 7th June, } \\
& \text { Deveiopment Officer } \quad, 1960 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\] (Science).
3. S̆hri P.R. Bennett, Accounts Officer.
.. 5th June, 1960.
3. Selection Committees for recruitment of officers.

The Commission had.previously decided that the Selection Comittee for recruitment of officers in the Commission under rule 4(2) of the University Grants
....: 2 :....

Commission (Terms and conditions of service of employees) Rules, 1958 should consist of the following:-
1. Chairman, University Grants Commission.
2. Two members of the Commission.
3. Secretary, University Grants Commission.

The Chairman has decided that the quorum at any meeting of this selection Committee should be three.
4. Amendment to Staff Carr Rules.

In accordance with the Government of India's decision dated 18th February, 1960, the staff car rules approved by the Commission in their meeting dated 11/12th February 1960 have been amended under note 1 to Rule 10 as under:-
,r ".i.: Journeys performed in cases of emergency when an officer on being suddenly taken ill or on meeting an accident, is removed \({ }^{\prime}\) from office either to hospital or to his residence. The Head of the Office/ Controlling Officer should place on record a certificate indicating the circumstances necessitating such journeys.'
5. Delhi University - Northern City Extension Scheme II and Sewage Scheme - Payment of grant to.

In 1943, the Government of India, Ministry of Education approved a Sewage -Scheme for the Delhi University at a cost of \(5 \mathrm{~s} .70,000 /=\) and paid a grant of Es.40,000/= towards it. The Superintending Engineer, Delhi State P.W.D. however, subsequently sanctioned in 1950, a revised estimate of \([5.1,30,607 /=\) for the above scheme and the actual expenditure incurred against this estimate was rs. \(1,24,001 \%\) excluding Departmental charges which is to be shared by the three
(contd.....3.)

parties as under:-
```

1. Delhi University and .. Es.1,00,569/=
some Colleges on
the Campus.
2. Delhi Improvement .. Ps. $19,965 /=$
Trust.
3. Sri Ram Institute of .. $\Gamma_{s}$. 3,467/=
Industrial Research.
ps.1,24,004/
```

The amount due. from the Delhi University on its behalf and on behalf of some of the Constituent Colleges as provided in the sanctioned estimate and distributed as stated above is fs.i, \(00,569 /=\) plus Departmental charges at the rate of \(17.5 \%\) ie. Ps. \(1,18,169 /=\) (Ps. \(1,00,569 /=\) plus Ps. \(17,00 \%\) ). Out of this the Delhi University had paid \({ }^{5} .54,271 /=\) to the P.W.D. and the balance of \(5 \cdot 63,898 /=\) is yet to be paid. The Ministry of Education to whom the Delhi State P.W.D. made a request for payment of further gi rant recommended that the balance amount of \(\mathrm{Fs}_{\mathrm{s}} 63,898 /=\) may now be paid by the University Grants Commission. The Chairman, University Grants Commission accepted the recommendation of the Ministry of Education and agreed to the payment of a non-recurring grant of Ps. \(63,898 /=\) to the Delhi University for the purpose. 6. Delhi University - Selection grade posts Increase in number of.

The existing scales of teachers in the Delhi University are as follows:

Lecturers \(\quad\). Ps.250-25-500-30-560
Readers .. Rs.500-25-800
Professors .. Ts.800-50-1250
The Delhi University has for some time
past been representing that the scales of pay
of teachers may be revised as under; -
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Lecturers & . Ps. 300-25-500-30-800 \\
Readers & \(\because\) Ps. 600-40-1000 \\
Professors & P. Ps. \(900-50-1500\)
\end{tabular}

The question of the general revision of scales of pay of University teachers is under examination and it will take some time before final decisions are taken. In the meantime the Vice-Chancellor, Delhi University suggested that if the revision of all categories of teachers is not possible imediately, at least \(25 \%\) of the posts of lecturers be placed in the scale of \({ }^{9} 9.500-25-800\) as has been done in the case of the Constituent Colleges of the University. The Chairman considered this request of the ViceChancellor and decided that as the chances of Lecturers in the University for promotion to the post of Readers and Professors is larger than those of the Lecturers in Constituent Colleges, the number of selection grade posts need be raised only to \(20 \%\) of the permanent posts of Lecturers.
7. Delhi University - Dr. T.R. Seshadri Payment of special grant to.

The Vice-Chancellor, Delhi University reported that Dr. T.R. Soshadri, Head of the Department of Chemistry in the University had been elected to the Fellowship of the Royal Society and that in that connection the Professor is required to attend a meeting of the Society in Jondon to sign the Register and complete admission formalities. The society has also invited hdm to attend the Tercentenary Celebration of the Society which will take place between the 18 th and 26th July, 1960.

The Vice-Chancellor requested that a
(contd...5.)

special grant may be made to the Delhi University for the purpose of deputing Prof. T.R. Seshadri for these purposes, involving the following expenditure as now estimated:-
i) First class return airfare. Es. \(4,873.00\)
ii) Approximate cost of living Ps. 400.00 for one week.
iii) Miscellaneous such as Ps. 100.00 special visits, programmes; etc.

The Chairman has as a special case agreed to a grant not exceeding P9.5,373.00 to the Delhi University for this purpose.
8. Indian School of International Studies -

Procedure for working out - Grant-in-aid.

\begin{abstract}
- The Indian School of International Studies
is one of the Constituent Colleges of the Delhi University. Under current orders, the University Grants Comission is committed to pay a grant not exceeding ns. 1.5 lakhs to the Institute annually for maintenance purposes after taking into account 211 income and approved expenditure of the school. The school authorities represented that as all the income is taken into account, they were finding it. difficult to meet expenditure on unapproved items as no source of income remained to meet those charges.

The matter was considered and the Chairman decided that while working out the annual grant-in-aid to the Indian School of International Studies, the following procedure should be followed:-
\end{abstract}
(Contत..........6.)
\[
\ldots: 6: \ldots
\]

(a) Interest earned by the school from all investments will be taken as income except where the endowment is created for a specific purpose expenditure at which is met from the interest of this endowment;
(b) All donations to the School should be treated as income of the school except when these are received for a specific purpose;
(c) All Royalties and sale proceeds of School publications should be taken as Incone for purposes of determining the maintenance grant;
(d) The expenditure on T.A. of the Governing Body members may be treated as "approved expenditnre" provided the rates of T.A. are aprroved by the Commission;
(e) The Indian School of International Studies should have a separate Provident Fund account. All interests accruing from investments from these funds should be for the benefit of the subscribers under the rules;
(f) The School may have its own capital fund provided however that only such amounts are credited to this fund as are specifically received for capital projects;
(g) Income and expenditure of the students association will not be taken into account in working out the maintenance grant. A separate account viz. "The Students Association Account" should be maintained for this and it need not be mixed up with the main account of the school.
9. Banaras Hindu University - Establishment of a College of Medical Sciences.

The University Grants Commission vide
resolution No. 7 of Ilth/l2th Fobruary, 1960 noted
the proposal of the Banaras Hindu University to establish a College of Medical Sciences which would include both Ayurvedic and Modern Medical Sciences and involving an expenditure of Ps. \(34,68,000 /=\) during

1960-61 and Ps.1,08,51,000/="during 196玉~66 in addition to the expenditure that is at present being incurred by the University on the College of Ayurveda and the S.S. Hospital. The Commission furthen resolved that the whole question of the development of Medical Education in Banaras be referred to the Health Ministry for advice in the first instance. Accordingly the question was referred to that Ministry. The Ministry of Health has referred the matter to the Flanning Commission.

The Banaras Hindu University in the meantime requested, that the decision of the Commission may be expedited so that the course could be started from July; 1960. The University has been informed that the Commission will take up the matter on receipt of the recommendations/comments of the Planning Comisision. 10. Aligarh Muslim University - Purchase of
'Sir Syed House' - Fayment of grant for.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting, held on the 30th October, 1959 (Resolution No.10) had approved the proposal of the Aligarh Muslim University to purchase the 'Sir Syed House' and sanctioned the payment of a grant not exceeding Es.1.18 lakhs for the purpose. The University authorities have now reported that the possession of the above property which had previously been purchased by a private person has reverted back to the Ministry of Rehabilitation, due to non-payment of earnest money by the person concerned. The Ministry of Rehabilitation have now demanded 5 . \(1,62,782 /=\) for the said property. The Chairman has agreed to the payment of the additional. amount of \(\mathrm{ss} .44,782 /=\) (total \(\Gamma .1,62,782 / \Rightarrow\) to the Aligarh
\[
(\text { Contd.......8.) })_{r}
\]

\section*{...: 8 :...}


Muslim University for the purchase of this property from the Ministry of Rehabilitation.
i The matter is reported to the Commission.
11. Aligarh Muslim University - Purchase of Evacuee properties - Payment of ggrant Conversion into interest-bearing loan.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 28 th July, 1956 vide Resolution No. 24 had agreed that all payments made for the purchase of Evacuee Property required for residential purposes in the Aligarh Muslim University Enclave be treated as interest bearing loans.

The University Grants Commission has paid a grant of Ps. \(2,23,000 \%\) = to the Aligarh Muslim University for the purchase of certain Evacuee properties on the condition that later on, as these houses would be used for residential purposes, the amount spent on them would -be converted into an interest-bearing loan in accordance with the present policy regarding staff quarters. The University has so far purchased houses worth \(\operatorname{si} .1,89,000 /=\) and intimated that the other two houses for which the remaining ps .34,000/= were to be utilised would not be purchased by them. The Government of India with whom the question of converting the grant of \(n_{s} .1,89,000 /=\) into an interest-bearing loan had been taken up, have intimated that since the Aligarh Muslim University has not been expressly empowered to borrow money under its incorporating Act or statutes, the Government of India could not approve the proposal of the University for the grant of an interest-bearing loan of \(\operatorname{Fs} .1,89,000 /=\) for the purchase under reference. It has therefore been

decided that the sum of \(\mathrm{Ms}: 1,89,000 /=\) expended by the University for purchase of Evacuee property be treated as a grant.
12. Aligarh Muslim University - Creation of the post of a Lecturer in Anthropo-geography.

The M.A. and M.Sc. Courses in Geography at Aligarh Muslim University include a special paper in Anthropo-geography. The Visiting Committee, appointed by the Commission to examine the proposal of the University for the introduction of Anthropology as a subject of study under the three year degree course recommended the creation of a post of a lecturer in Anthropo-geography in the Department of Geography to meet the needs of this special paperoontthe part of the subject. As the consideration of the report of the Visiting Committee was postponed, for further investigation, the recommendation regarding the creation of a post for Anthropo-geography was also left over. The Registrar, Aligarh University, however, impressed the necessity of an early decision in this matter. The Chairman appreciating the urgent need of the Department sanctioned a Lecturers post in the Department of Geography for the teaching of Anthropo-geography.
13. Andhra University - Sanction of grant for services and furniture for Geophysics Building

On the recommendations of the Visiting Committee, the Commission approved in February, 1957, the construction of a new building for the department of Geo-physics, Andhra University, to cover a plinth area of \(12,000 \mathrm{sq} . f t\). This building has now been constructed at a cost ofred.2,32,000/= including l? Rs.28,895/= spent on sanitary and electric fittings.
(Contd...10.)
..: 10 :...

The Andhra University requested that an additional expenditure of Rs. \(66,667 /=\) be approved to meet the cost of Iaboratory services i.e. gas, water, electricity and furniture on the usual basis of calculation (the cost of services being \(1 / 3\) rd of the cost of buildings. The Chairman accorded approval for this additional expenditure and sanctioned a grant of Rs. \(45,111 /=\). 14. Lucknow University - Develppment of Higher Scientific Education and Research.

On the recommendations of the Visiting Committee, the Commission, at its meeting held on 4th December, 1957, sanctioned the following equipment and Iibrary grants to the Lucknow University for the Development of Higher Scientific Education and Research under the Second Five Year Plan:-

(a) Equipment \(3,50,000\) (NR) 2,33,333 (NR)
(b) Library Books 1,20,000 (NR) 1,20,000 (NR) \& Journals.

In January, 1960, the Lucknow University informed the Commission that in the case of some of the Departments, the grants had been fully utilised and additional grants were needed for implementation of the projects already approved. To meet this demand sanction was accorded to the payment of additional grants of Rs. \(74,000 /=\) as per details shown below:
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Name of the \\
Deoartment/purpose. & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Additional \\
amount asked \\
for by the \\
University.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
U.G.C.'s \\
Share
\end{tabular} \\
\hline\((1)\) & (2) & \((3)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1. Physics Department

Purchase of scientific \(51,000 \quad 34,000\) equipment.
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,\cdots: II \&...

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(2) (3)
2. Geology Department
i) Purchase of
1.5,000
10,000
Scientific equipment.
ii) Literature

Books \& Journals. 5,000 5,000
3. Mathematics Department
\begin{tabular}{llll}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Purchase of \\
scientific \\
equipment.
\end{tabular} & Fs. & 25,000 & 25,000 \\
& 96,000 & R. & 75,000
\end{tabular}
15. Osmania University - Additicnai grant for construction of Green House.

The Commission, at its meeting held on 8th and 9th July, 1958; sanctioned a building grant of Rs. \(33,333 /=\) being \(2 / 3\) ra of the total epproved expenditure of Rs.50,000/= to the Osmania University, Department of Botany. The approved expenditure of \(\mathrm{Ps} .50,000 /=\) included Rs. \(20,000 /=\) for construction of a Green House. In March, 1960, the Osmania Jniversity submitted blue prints and estimates amounting to Rso26,500/= for construction of trie proposed Green House. The estimates were supported by certilicaves from the local P.W.D. As the increase in the estimated cost was due to rise in prices of building materials, the plans and estimates submiticed by the Universi้y were approved and sanction was accorded to an adoitional grant of Rs.4,333/= (being E/3rd of Rs.6,500, the increased cost of construction).
16. Panjab University - Construction of buildings for Scierice Departments under Phase II of the programme.

The Visitirg Committee which assessed
(Contd....12.)
0.1200
the needs of the Panjab University in 1956-57 for the development of Higher Scientific Education \& Research had recommended that work construction/of new buildings to be put up for housing the Science Departments at Chandigarh be carried out in two phases; the first phase to be completed within the Second five Year Plan and the second phase to be undertaken in the Third Five Year Plan period. The first phase included a building programme to cover a plinth area of \(2,01,500\) sq.ft. at an approximate estimated cost of Rs. 46.0 lakhs whereas the second phase consisted of additional construction work over a plinth area of \(90,000 \mathrm{sq.f} \mathrm{f}\). at an estimated cost of Rs. 18.1 lakh: The Commission at its meeting held on 27 th March, 1957 accepted the recommendations of the Visiting Committee and sanctioned implementation of the 1 st phase.

In March, 1960 the University informed the Commission that the construction work undertaken in Phase I of the progranme was nearing completion and, therefore, sought permission to go ahead with the second phase programe as well because it would be more economical and much more convenient to construct the additional blocks at this time rather than later when the entire machinery for construction work would have to be put in gear again. Afresh this also involve disturbance in the working of the Departments. The Visiting Committee had anticipated the need for this additional area, but perhaps liked the construction work to be so phased that the University could proceed with the programme at a comfortable rate. The University authorities, however, find that the increased . . admissions to the M.Sc. classes would have to be delayed for over a long period unless the additional buildings are provided without further delay. The demand for increased admissions in M.Sc.
classes is urgent and pressing if the need of Higher Secondary for Schooldteachers were to \(b e\) met.

The Building Committee of the University Grants Commission also agreed that it would bo more coonomirn] if thr nonstrmetion of phase II is procecded with immediately.

Keeping in view the above circumstancos particularly, the
\[
r . t .0 .
\]
economy of expenditure, the convenience of construction with a view to avoid any disturbance in the working of the laboratories if construction work was taken up later, the Chairman, University Grants Commission permitted the Punjab University to execute the Phase II part of the programe fortnwith. The University has been asked to submit pians and estimates for the buildings to be constructed under phase II. The Commission will be approached for sanctioning additional grants when the expenditure likely to be incurred is known from the plans and estimates prepared by the University.
17. SAUGAR UNIVERSITY - Department of Geography.

Under the Second Five Year Plan, the Commission had approved the construction of a building for the Department of Geography, Saugar University over a plinth area of 5,200 sq.ft. at an estimated cost of iss \(1,19,700 /\) - (Commission's share being Rs 79,800/-)Later the University requested the approval of the Commission for an additional expenditure of Rs, 18,900/-for providing furniture and fittings in the new building. Ad expenditure on furniture is genorally estimated at \(10-12 \frac{10}{2} \%\) on the cost of the building, approval was accorded for an additional expenditure of \(\mathrm{Rs}_{5} 15,000 /-\) and for the payment of Commission's share of Rs \(10,000 /\) - (being \(2 / 3\) rd of the approved cost.).
18. OSMANIA UNIVERSITY - NIZAMIAH OBSERVATORY.

Commission had approved in 1956, ascheme to develop Nizamiah Observatory at a cost of Rs 18.58 lakhs as an All-India Centre for Astronomical (experimental) training. The question of finding a suitable site for building a dome for housing the \(48^{\prime \prime \prime}\) telescope, now under manufacturo in U.S.A. ( as a part of the India Wheat Loan Education Programme) has been excercising the mind of the University. A soocial committoe was appointod by the University to select a suitable site, later at the instance of the University Granto Commission a Visiting professor (Dr. Wilson, Director, Lowell Obscrvatory, US.A.) was invited to India to advise in
this respect. Prof. Wilson during his stsy in India (early in 1960) toured an area covered by a radius of 30 miles from the University campus. He desired that a detailed survey be made of certain sites in this area regarding clear nights, pressure of smoke or dust in the air and that certain meterological data be collected over a period of six months or so. This work was entrusted to Dr. Abhyankar the Reader in the Department of Astronomy, Osmania University, for carrying out detailed survey and for buying meteorological instruments etc. etc. The University requested permission of the Commission for utilising funds not exceeding \(1 \mathrm{ls} .10,000 /=\) from the grants already sanctioned for the purchase of equipment for the Observatory. This request of the University was accepted by the Chairman. Survey is being carried out and the site for dome will be decided upon wifhin the next few months, Matter is reported to the Commission.
19. Benaras Hindu University - College of Engineering. For the construction of additional buildings for the College of Fingineering, Banaras Hindu University on a total plinth area of \(1,02,470 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}\). the Commission sanctioned a grant of Rs. \(13,58,000 /=\) under two different schones. Plans and estimates for the first phase of this construction involving a plinth area of 24,940 sq.ft, at a cost of Rs.3,27,400/= were approved in the first instance. Under the second phase of construction the university submitted plans and estimates for a plinth area of 77,696 sq.ft. at an estimated cost of Rs.12, 28,920/=:. These were scrutinized and approved by the C.P.W.D. Thus the total plinth area proposed under two phases exceeded the sanctioned area by 166 sq.ft. and the total estimated cost of construction by Rs. \(1,98,320 /=\). The Chairman
(Contd.....15.)

approved this small increase in the plinth area and sanctioned an additional grant of \(12,98,320 /=\) to enable the University to complete the Building.
20. Enorkee University - Course in Architecture.

On the recommendation of the Northern Regional Committee, the Coordinating Committee of the All India Connmil. for Technical Education at its meeting hold on Ist March 1960, approved the institution of a degree course in Architecture at the University of Roorkes, with an annual intake of 30 students. The financial implications of the scheme as approved by the All India Council for Technical Education are given below, indicating in Colum 3 the share of the University Grants Compiasinn, waloulated on the accepted basis of 50:50:


Recurring

N.B: A loan of hs. 4, 56,000 for a hostel for " 150 students has been separately: recommended.

As the University was anxious to give effect
to this scheme with the commencent of the next academic session,
( (Contd... 16.)
beginning in July 1960, the Chairman accorded his approval to the scheme as recorinended by the all India Council for Technical Educntiri su? ganntinned rrants as Unjversity Grante commission's share of the expenditaro as indientor ahnor, to be paict as and when normosacy.
21. Introduction of the Ihree Year Desree Course in the Banaras Hindu Univeneity - Startinc eonstmuction of kuilding pirior to approval of the plans and cstinatse

The Gomission has approved an axpenit.ture of \(k s .7,25,000\) (NR) and 1 . \(1,60,000\) (R) for introduction of the Three Year Degree Course in the Banaras Hindu University (Item 3 (IVIII) of the Commission's meeting held on 11th/12th February, 1960).

In view of the acute shortage of accommodation for holding the now undercraduate classes the Banaras University approached tho Commission for permission to proceed with the Rs.1.56 lakhs each, construction work of buildings, estimated cost/before the plans and estinates were approved by the G.P.W.D. The Chaiman, as a special case, agreed to the proposel of the University subject to the condition that the fugrestion of the G.P.W.D. on the plans and estimates woule be complied with as much as possible when received
22. Approval of expenditure for introduction of the Three Year Derroe Coursc in the Patha University.
(b)

On the Pataa University approaching the University Grants Comission for financial assistance towards introducing Three Year Degrec Courses in Ancient Indian History and Archaeology, Sociology and Statistics Annlte with by University Departaents, as different from Colleses, the Chaiman agreed to treat then as a unit for the purpose of provision of rrant for the three Year Darree Gourse ps under:
(Contd...17.)

\section*{...: 17 :......}

(a) The Ministry of Education approved a sum of Rs. 1, 12, 500 (NR) and Rs. \(3,75,000\) (NR) on the usual sharing basis. for implementing the Three Year Degree, Course Scheme in the five Constituent Colleges of the Patna University. The Patna Colleges and the B,N. College were taken as \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) and \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) units respectively in respect of non-recurring expenditure in view of their larger numbers of students. It was not made clear by the Ministry whether the recurring expenditure would also be calculated on the same basis.

The Deshmulh Committee had recommended payment of recurring grant on the basis of additional cost per pupil. The cost per pupil was however to be worked out by the Ministry of Education. In the absence of the per capita cost for each type of College to be worked out by the Ministry of Education, the Chairman approved the recurring expenditure for the Colleges mentioned above on the same basis as for nonrecurring expenditure i.e. by treating them as \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) units and \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) units respectively.
23. Introduction of General Education Courses in the Aligarh Muslim University - Sanction to the continuance of non-tegchting staff appointed for.

The Commission at its meeting held on 26 th/27th September 1958 approved the appointment of 8 Lecturers' and the following non-teaching staff for introducing, General Education Courses in the Aligarh Muslim University:


The Commission further approved the appointment of 3 Readers and 4 Lecturers for the purpose. It was also decided that the expenditure involved would be met out of the provision made for the introduction of the Three Year Degree Course.

The Three Year Degree Course Scheme under which the salaries of the Lecturers are to be paid for four years does not inciude any provision for meeting expenditure for appointment of non-teaching staff. Since the non-teaching staff mentioned above were a part of the set up for teaching General Education Courses, the Chairman considered their continuance necessary and approved an expenditure of ks. 6,000 approximately per annum towards their salaries to be met independently of the provision made for the Three Year Degree Course.
24. Establishment of Non-Resident Sutudents Centre in. Universities.

The Commission at its meeting held on the 4 th December, 1957, approved a proposal for the construction of Non-Resident Student Centres in the Universities of Aiigarh, Banaras, Patna, Osmania and Panjab on the basis of 1000 students being registered in each of them. The Commission's also approved the following specifications for the construction of such centres.
a. One large common room.
b. One room for indoor games.
c. One reading room and Iibrary.
d. One study room.
'e. Cafeteria and Kitchen.
f. Block of bath rooms and W.C.

Since then the Commission extended the benefit of this scheme to other Universities also and decided that assistance for this purpose may be on a fixed basis of Rs. 70.000 for each scheme estimated to cost about Rs.1,00,000.

In the light of the above decision the following schemes received from the Universities of Baroda, Jabalpur, Madras, Nagpur, S.V. Vidyapeeth, Annamalai, Poona and Saugar have been approved in principle.

1959-60


MINISTRY OF EDUCATION GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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\section*{SECTION-I}

\section*{Introduction}

Ever since independence, the institution of social and labour service for students has been urged, both as a measure of educational reform and as a means to improve the quality of educated manpower. This question was considered by the Central Advisory Board of Education at its meeting held in Cuttack on the 8th and 9th January, 1950. After examining the various aspects of the matter and in the light of experience of other countries in this field, the Board recommended that the students should devote some time to manual work on a voluntary basis only, and that teachers should also associate with them in such work. The First Five Year Plan adopted by the Government of India in 1952 stressed the need for compulsory social and labour service for students for a period of about a year. The economic value of such labour was not the chief consideration, as the primary aim of the period of training was to build up the students as workers and disciplined citizens. The vast place which manual work occupied in the life of the nation ought to be, to some extent, reflected in the activities of every citizen. The service could take a variety of forms but it should develop significance in proportion to its relation to the real needs of the community. The association of students with such work would bring them an intellectual and emotional awareness of the various tasks of national reconstruction going on in the country. The doubts regarding the desirability of introducing compulsion in the matter related only to short-term difficulties and did not seriously touch any question of principle. A period of preparation and experimentation was, however, necessary before the service could be put on a compulsory footing, but in the meanwhile, the ,scheme should be introduced on a voluntary basis with certa; inducements. Those going through such a course would naturally be more fitted for positions of responsibility. The First Five Year Plan concluded with saying that the organisers of this scheme should be, as far as possible, college professors for whose training adequate provision should be made. ,
214 M. of Edu.
2. Pursuant to the recommendations made in the First Five Year Plan, a number of schemes such as Labour and Social Service .Camps, Campus Works Projects, Village Apprenticeship Scheme, etc. were put into operation on a voluntary basis with the object of inculcating a sense of discipline, a spirit of social service and dignity of manual labour among the students and of developing among them an awareness of, and identification with the problems of the social and economic reconstruction of the country, specially in the rural areas. The response of students to participate in these schemes has been encouraging and those successfully complating their period of training have shown some signs of the desired improvement. The two major drawbacks of these schemes were: firstly, in view of their limited scope, it was not possible to cover a large majority of students; and, secondly, owing to the short duration of the period of service, the work undertaken was mostly of marginal significance. The operation of these schemes has, however, served as a period of experimentation and preparation.
3. The question of introducing compulsion in this field was raised from time to time and was forcefully voiced by the Prime Minister in his letter of the 9th June, 1958 to the Chief Ministers in these words: "I have been thinking that it would be very good for our people to have a period of compulsory service for all young men and young women between certain age limits, say 19 to 22 . In most countries of the Western world there is conscription for military service. This is not considered to be an infringement of their liberties or freedom. We do not want any such thing for military purposes, but some kind of compulsory period of training and service for every person appears to me to be very necessary. That period should be one year and for, say, six months in the year everyone should live in camps under some kind of military discipline. This will give them discipline, physical health and capacity for manual work and to work together for productive schemes. The next six months might well depend on the capacity and training of the individual. Another advantage of this will be to bring together everyone at the same level, whether he is rich or poor, and make him do exactly the same type of work,

part of which will be manual." The Prime Minister then went on to say that in view of the enormous cost involved, if the whole of India was brought within the purview of the scheme, it was not necessary to start it in a big way but every one between certain ages could be made liable, by law, to serve and this could be done in suitable batches. The Prime Minister further endorsed the idea that every graduate before he gets his degree, should put in a certain period of service in an allotted sphere, depending upon his training and capacity and including work in a village or a tribal area. The Pxime Minister directed the Ministry of Education to formulate a suitable scheme for national service, making a beginning with the students between the High School and the College.
4. A draft outline of a scheme for national service was accordingly prepared by the Ministry of Education and placed before the Education Ministers' Conference held in New Delhi on the 8th and 9th August, 1959. The Conterence was unanimous that there was an urgent need for trying out a workable scheme for national service in view of the fact that education, as it was imparted in schools and colleges today, left something to be desired and it was necessary to supplement it with a programme which would arouse interest in the social and economic reconstruction of the country. It was of the view that if the real objectives of the scheme were to be realised, it was essenetial to integrate it with the educational process as early as 'possible. However, the general feeling at the Conference was that the scheme should not be made compulsory at this stage but that it should be tried initially on a voluntary basis. Finally, the Conference recommended that " (i) the question of introducing the scheme on a compulsory basis should be considered after the experience of a pilot project to be operated for a few years; (ii) pilot projects of three months' duration consistent with the objectives of the scheme, and preferably one for each university, for students volunteering to participate in the programme, may be organized; and (iii) a committee may be appointed to work out the details of the proposed pilot projects."
5. In pursuance of the recommendations of the Education Ministers' Conference, the Union Education Minister appointed

the following committee on August 28, 1.959 to revise the scheme prepared by the Ministry of Education in the light of viewsexpressed by the Conference.
I. Dr. C. D. Deshmukh, Chairman, University Grants Commission-Chairman.
2. Dr. D. C. Pavate, Vice-Chancellor, Karnatak University.
3. Prof. D. G. Karve, Vice-Chancellor, Poona University.
4. Dr. B. Prasad, Vice-Chancellor, Patna University.
5. Dr. A. C. Joshi, Vice-Chancellor, Punjab University.
6. Shri H. C. Sarin, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Defence.
7. Shri K. Balachandran, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Community Development and Co-operation.
8. Shri P. N. Kirpal, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Education.
9. Dr. N. S. Junankar; Deputy Educational Adviser, Ministry of Education-Secretary'.

The Committee held three meetings-first on the 3rd' October, 1959, second on the 22nd October, 1959 and third on the 15th December, 1959. Professor D. G. Karve was unable to attend any meeting. The Committee considered the various aspects of the scheme for national service and after laying. down the guiding principles, made various recommendations. for working out a suitable programme. These are given in the following sections.

\section*{SECTION-II}

\section*{Guiding Principles}

The appointment of the Committee by the Ministry of Education and the inclusion of many educationists indicates that the scheme of National Service to be worked out by the Committee was primarily intended to be educational in nature, scope and functions. The scheme should therefore be visualized as a measure of educational reform directed towards remedying the observed deficiencies in our educational system. As has been discerned by educationists, the . present system is not fully attuned to the needs and aspirations of the independent contemporary India and has not been successful in developing the kind of attitudes which are required for the task of national reconstruction. By and large, students fail to cultivate a positive sense of discipline; also they are usually averse to manual labour; moreover, they seem to lack a spirit of social service or a sense of social purpose and the idealism and enthusiasm which are usually associated with youth and which are of vital importance for a developing country like India have been singularly lacking. Apart from these deficiencies which are more of a social character, the present system does not stimulate that curiosity and love of scholarship which is the most valuable asset of an educated individual.
'The present system is a legacy of the British and while a jarge number of reforms are being introduced at different levels of the educational system, the root causes of the deficiencies mentioned above remain to be tackled on an effective basis. One of the reasons for the malaise in our educational system is that unlike the Universities in the more advanced countries of the world, our Universities take students at a comparatively younger age when they are immature and inadequately equipped to take fuli advantage of higher education. In this connection some of the observations which were made by the University Education Commission (1948-49) are still valid and worth recalling:
"Students arrive at the age of maturity for university work at about the age of 18 , though there are exceptional individuals. who reach it earlier than 18 . Before this age of maturity is reached, a boy or girl must stay under the formal discipline of a school and should be taught by the methods of the school and not by the methods of the university. That is why the British, the European and the American students are seldom admitted to a university before they are 18 or 19. In the U.K.. and the U.S.A., and most European countries like Germany, France and Switzerland, at least 12 years of schooling is necessary before a student enters the university. In India most of the work now done in our present intermediate classes is. really school work and should be properly regarded as pre-university work, as in the U.K. and the U.S.A. The real university work is done only for two years of the B.A. and B.Sc. classes and that is why the standard of achievement of our average graduate is low. We, therefore, recommend that the standard of admission to the universities should bethe present intermediate examination, to be taken by a student after completing 12 years of study at a school and at an intermediate college, normally at the age of 18 . This change will mean that students proceeding to a university for degreecourses will have the essentials of a good general education and will be more adequately prepared for university work;" they will be mature enough to look after themselves, will not: be bewildered by the comparative freedom of university lifeand will, with intelligent self-interest, take better advantage of educational opportunities in the universities. Since most universities in India are situated in large towns, it is desirable to keep away young and immature students from crowding. into these towns where conditions of life provide innumerabletemptations and few restraining influences.

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"We must also look at the age of entry into the university from the point of view of 'the public' or rather the parent, as. also from that of the boy or the girl. It is so difficult for many parents to decide what their sons and daughters between theages of 14 and 18 will do and yet these are the most critical years of their life. In most cases their circumstances are fluid; parents do not know whether the aptitudes of boys or girls,
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Evil fit them for a university training; the boys or girls do not clearly know what possibilities are open to them and the result is that, for want of any proper guidance, all those who can afford and even many of those who can ill afford, whether they have the aptitude or not, flock to a university or college far away from their homes. The universities and colleges, many of them anxious to augment their fee income, admit as many students as they can to their intermediate and degree classes, irrespective of whether they are likely to pass or not at the end of the two years. There is little doubt that these colleges and universities commit an act of cruelty towards those of their students who have no aptitude for university training.
"The average student in our universities brings with him the school attitude towards his studies. He expects to be treated like a school boy even in the university. He does not realise that it is his duty to study and not the teachers' duty to make him study. He does not make full use of the opportunities the university offers him and does not, therefore, get proper advantage from the university. Unless he himself works and does a good deal of written work for his teachers to correct, he cannot get benefit out of his teachers. This attitude on the part of the students leads to another noticeable defect, ie. very slow rate of progress of work in the classes. In British and American universities the rate of progress of work in \(\mathbf{a}\) class is ever so much faster than in an Indian university with the inevitable result that they are able to cover a much larger ground in the same period of time and the contents of their syllabuses are fuller and richer".

Apart from immaturity of age there have been deficiencies in the intellectual equipment of those seeking admission to our Universities. The University Education Commission had reiterated the recommendation of the Calcutta University Commission (1917-18) that the course for a Bachelor's 1)egree in Arts or Science, whether it is pass or honours, should be of three years' duration so that the total period which a regular student had to spend before taking his Bachelor's degree was 15 years, instead of 14 years which was the normal practice. In this connection it may, however, be mentioned that even
the enhanced period was less than the usual period of 16 years required for obtaining the first degree in countries like the U.K. and the U.S.A. The Secondary Education Commission (1952-53), which reviewed the entire field of Secondary education in the country, recommended that Secondary education should commence after four or five years of Primary or Junior Basic education and should include the Middle or Senior Basic or Junior Secondary stage of three years and the Higher Secondary stage of four years, i.e. 11 or 12 years of schooling. The Commission further suggested that the present Intermediate stage in the Universities should be replaced by the Higher Secondary stage which should be of four years' duration, one year of the present Intermediate being included and that, as a consequence, the first degree in the university should be of three years' duration. In effect, this recommendation meant that students should spend 14 or 15 years in school and college before obtaining the bachelor's degree. However, the national pattern of education finally adopted on the recommendation made by the Central Advisory Board of Education in its meeting of February, 1954, consisted of 11 years of schooling, i.e. 8 years of integrated Elementary (Basic) education followed by, 3 years of Higher Secondary education, up to the age of 17 plus and three years of University education after the Higher Secondary stage for the first degree. Thus the total period of school and college education for obtaining the first degree remained 14 years as hitherto, though the age for entry to the university was raised to 17 plus. Even this small improvement is as yet far from materialising in view of the slow rate of progress of the reorganisation of Secondary education in the country and the variations in the practice of regulating age for admission to the Elementary and Secondary stage of education from State to State, with the result that large numbers of students coming to the universities are still below the age ob 17 plus. This problem, therefore, needs to be tackled urgently and purposefully at all stages by regulating the age of admission at the Elementary and Secondary levels of education as well as the university level, so that no one below the age of 17 plus would be able to'pass out of the Secondary stage or be eligible for admission to a ưniversity. A special duty rests in any case on universities which should themselves ensure that
no one below the age of 17 plus is admitted to institutions of higher education. The admission of students to universities at the age of 17 plus, instead of 15 or 16 as at present, would :somewhat improve the situation, but the students at the age of 17 plus would still not be mature enough to derive real benefit from University education, as compared to students of the age of 18 plus.

As mentioned earlier, one of the glaring defects roticed in the present day education in our schools and colleges is the extremely poor contact, or lack of it, between the students and teachers in educational institutions on the one hand and the work of national reconstruction, particularly in the rural areas, on the other. One unfortunate result of this state of affairs has been that the educated youth continue to adhere to certain false values and unrealistic standards, which are manifested in hankering after routine and uninspiring jobs in Government offices or industrial undertakings in the public and private sectors, and in a desire to lead an easy life in urban areas with all the facilities for entertainment and other diversions of city life. It is an irony of fate that even those who come from rural areas become reluctant, after going through the 'educational' process to go back to these areas, prefering to live in cities attracted by their superficial amenities and comforts and unaware of the inspiring constructive effort awaiting them in the country side.

It is agreed that preparation for life in the Indian context, both for the school leavers and the graduates, can only mean, by and large, an intelligent understanding of, and a close and living contact with the rural areas, by way of active participation in the work of rural reconstruction. This is becoming increasingly important as the increasing percentages of youth coming to colleges cannot be absorbed in employment in the public and private sectors in large urban areas and will have to find work in rural areas. The programmes of community development, cooperative farming, free and compulsory education, social welfare and other measures for rural reconstruction cannot hope to make any progress unless educated leadership of high quality becomes available for implementing these pro-

grammes and mobilizing the vast unutilized human resourcesp for the achievement of the enormous tasks lying; ahead of thenation. Our villages need qualified doctors, nurses, engineers, agricultural experts, teachers, social education organizers and. other trained personnel for releasing energy, vitalising moribund: capacities and bringing into play the achievements of modern: science and technology for their advancement. It had, there-tore. been considered essential that the syllabuses and curricula: of higher education at the first degree stage should be so modifed, with the consent of universities, as to include immediately in every year of the three-year degree course, a period of sociar service and manual labour in rural areas associated with community development and national extension blocks, in collaboration with and under the supervision of the appropriateauthorities concerned with the development work.

On a review of the various schemes of labour and sociak service operated by the Ministry of Education during the past six years (for a comparative statement see appendix I), it was first thought that in view of the successful inplementation of the Village Apprenticeship Scheme in the universities, limited in extent though it has been for three years from 1956-57 to 1958-59, this very scheme could form the basis for developing. a suitable programme of national service. The programme should include the attachment of groups of students to the development blocks for a sufficiently long period of about four to six weeks successively in the first two years of the threeyear degree course to be followed by a similar period after the degree examination, thus adding up to a total period of twelve to eighteen weeks. In order that the development area may derive enduring and tangible benefits from the work done by students, it would be advisable if groups of students continue the work in the same area in successive batches and upon completion of a particular project, hand it civer to the development authorities so that its benefits are integrated with the community development programmes. The completion of projects in this manner and their visible effect on the improvement of village life will create a pride of achievement among the students. The period of social and labour service thus rendered can be regarded as equivalent to national service and the

- service successfully completed by a student should be suitably recognized through certificates of merit, which should be given due weight in recruitment to various posts.

Such a programme can, however, at best be an orientation programme. While it may have a beneficial effect on the educated youth, it may not wholly change their basic values and fundamental attitutes. Such a change cannot be brought about unless the youth at the most impressionable stage of their life are taken out of their existing environments and placed in an entirely different environment for a period of about one year and exposed to the effective and lasting influences of corporate life, spent in productive and constructive work, under the full discipline and guidance of capable teachers and in close and live contact with the life and problems of the rural areas. This period can be interposed as an inter-calary year between the school leaving stage and entry to life or a university.

There will be numerous advantages in such an arrangement. In the first place there will be an overall improvement in the physical health of the youth; moreover, those entering life would be more mature, self-reliant and inspired with a zeal for serving the country in a useful capacity whilst those entering the university will have attained the age of 18 and will therefore be more suited to derive the maximum benefit from university education; further, there will be an all round improvement in the quality of the nation's manpower, who would be more cffectively oriented and better equipped to undertake the work of national reconstruction in various sectors, particularly in the rural areas. Well-disciplined and properly equipped young men and women would become available not only for national reconstruction but also for any emergency that thenation may have to face.

A programme of the kind outlined above will be a real nation building programme and the investment on human material will more than repay itself in course of time. The institution of such a pregramine will provide opportunity to eradicate some of the glaring deficiencies in our universities such as the fall in standards of discipline and attainment and wastage from failures. This programme can be utilized for sifting the human material for higher education after careful

observation including aptitude and achievement tests spread over a period ot one year This selection can be re-inforced by a comprehensive scheme of scholarships for deserving and meritorious students to enable them to pursue higher education. Those who cannot profit from higher education would also be better equipped, as a result of national service, to play their part in the life of the community.

Before proceeding to give our recommendations on the various aspects of a programme of national service, it may be emphasised that any such programme must be predominantly ducational, aimed at improving the quality and training of manpower required for rapid national reconstruction. The quality of discipline, spirit of social service and capacity for leadership thus engendered among the youth would be an asset to the nation in any emergency. We have taken note of the proposed expansion of the National Cadet Corps envisaged by the Ministry of Defence, which is mainly directed towards building a reserve of trained manpower for purpose of national security, which we welcome. The programme of national service suggested by the Committee is, however, not primarily designed in the interests of national security but is aimed at inculcating the qualities and attitudes in the educated youth of the country which are essential not only for the limited purpose of national security but for the all round progress of the country in every field of national endeavour.


\section*{SECTION-III}

\section*{Recommendations}

1, 1. Objectios. - The primary objective of national service should be to provide more lively awareness on the part of the educated youth of the purposes and processes of the nation's reconstruction efforts, especially in the rural areas, and to inculcate in them a.sense of discipline, a spirit of social service, dignity of manual labour and dedication to the cause of the country in order to make up the deficiencies of the present educational system such as lack of discipline, absence of self-reliance, want of maturity and lack of idealism, and thus prepare the educated youth, the future leaders of the country, for the enormous tasks of national reconstruction requiring arduous, sustained and responsible work and to safeguard national \$equrity requiring a reserve of trained personnel available to meet any emergency.
2. Compulsion.-It is necessary that any scheme of national service must be compulsory if it is to be effective and is to make a real impact to improve the quality of manpower needed by the country. A voluntary scheme would have the drawback of leaving out a good many, if not the majority, of students proposed to be covered and would not be assured of success unless sufficient inducements were offered. If improvement on the gational scale is to be the aim, which it ought to be no voluntary scheme can ever hope to achieve it. There can be no pbjection, on principle or otherwise. to compulsion as it is the sight of the State to ask its citizens for a period of service in ceturn for what it does for them.
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vino exemptions are to be allowed on any ground. The students who are not physically fit for manual work could be asked to do other suitable work. Cases of hospitalisation are in-another category and may be exempted only for the period 10 3

of hospitalization and legitimate convalescence. In particular, there should be absolutely no opportunity for the rich and the influential to manipulate exemptions for their children.
3. Duration.-It is essential that national service should be of a sufficiently long duration to inculcate in the young adolescent the values of discipline, social service, dignity of manual labour and dedication to the country. It is necessary to expose young minds to good influences over an adequate period if lasting effect is to be secured on the growing personalities and developing character of the nation's youth. A period of at least nine months to a year is the minimum required for achieving the objectives of national service.
4. Stage.-The best stage for drafting the youth in national service is when they pass out of Higher Secondary school or PreUniversity class and are prepared to enter life or the university. A year's national service at that stage would greatly fill the gap left by the present Secondary education and would equip a young person better both for life or the university. Those entering life would be more mature, more disciplined and better prepared for the responsibilities of their work. Those who go to the university would be more self-relient, more disciplined and hetter equipped for benefiting.from university education, As a matter of fact, the observation of a young person in national service spread over a year would enable the educationar authorities to select better material for university education on the basis of academic and other achievements, and thus check the growing indiscipline and wastage which are becoming the bane of university education. Those students who are found to be talented and gifted during the operation of the national service should be given scholarships and other benefits to pursue higher education. The national service thus has tremendous possibilities of being utilized as a means of helping in judging suitability for admissions to universities on the basis of adjudged capacity of students to benefit from higher education.
5. Content.-The content should be so devised as to effect an all-round improvement of the personality and character of the adolescent. There need'be no dead uniformity-none is
advocated-but the following ingredients should be dovetailed in any overall programme for the service:-
(i) Military Discipline.-The students should lead a disciplined life for nine months to one year comparable to that in the armed forces. No breach of discipline should be tolerated. Adequate sanctions should be provided to deter any breach of discipline.
(ii) Social Service and Manual Labour.-Social service and manual labour should be -rendered for at least four hours every day in the areas selected for work under the national service. Manual labour would be an essential part of the work for every student. The labour and social service may take diverse forms depending upon the locale and the needs of the community. The work should be so organized that the community derives tangible and lasting benefit. This will inspire confidence in youth and also give them pride of achievement.,
(iii) General Education.-So that the national service should not lead to a gap. in the education of adolescents, it should also provide broad general education laying stress on the improvement of English, learning of Hindi and other regional languages, improvement of general knowledge, acquaintance with India's cultural heritage and programmes of social and economic planning, etc. so that the participants on completing the national service are fit and active enough to take their place in life even if they do not enter the university. The period of national service should also be fully utilized for the emotional integration of the youth with the country and ideals it is working for. The service should also provide some opportunities for self-expression in cultural activities like music, dance, drama, but care should be taken to ensure that they do not distract from the main purposes of the service. Adequate reading materials such as books, periodicals, magazines etc. should be provided so that the youth can acquire

habits of self-study, critical inquiry and love for scholarship and knowledge.

A programme worked out suitably with the above ingredients should meet the needs of all-round development of the growing adult and lead to integration of his personality. This would not only develop true discipline-physical, intellectual, moral and spiritual-but also inculcate in the youth qualities like the love of the country and dedication to social work.
6. Organizational Set-up.-A programme of national service of the envisaged quality and magnitude should be a bridge between the terminal stage of Secondary education and entry into life or institutions of higher education. Though it will draw upon the resources of the Defence Forces, Universities, Educttionists, Government departments both at the Centre and in the States engaged in social and economic development programmes, the programme suggested by the Committee would require for its implementation an organizational set-up which should be broad-based and independent. The programme must be truly national in concept and in execution and should be so devised that it develops the capacity to extend its scope to cover other categories of citizens in appropriate age groups in course of time. While it is urgent that we concentrate our efforts on the educated youth, the other' youth of the country are of no less important for the larger interests of the country. In view of the potentialities of a comprehensive programme visualized, such a service might ultimately cover all the youth of the country, but this will require as a pre-requisite the spread of Secondary education to all young persons below the age of 17.

It is, therefore, suggested that a National Board should be set up to plan, implement and evaluate a programme of national service. This should, however be preceded by careful preparadion of a detailed plan of work for youth and for this purpose, it would be desirable to set up a representative working group of Educationists, Administrators, Defence Experts and other interests.
7. Finance.-An investment in human resources is not to be viewed in the context of economic value of the product of such


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investment, as the primary aim is to build up educated young: people as disciplined citizens and devoted workers so that they are an asset to the nation. The national service is thus to be viewed as a nation building programme and any cost incurred on it would more than repay itself in the long run. The economic value of the productive work which the youth areexpected to perform would not be in itself inconsiderable and should be reckoned in any estimate of the cost involved. Thecost of national service, though heavy, should not be beyond our means and should be worked out in detail by the Working: Group.

In the end the Committee would like to place on record their appreciation of the considerable help given by Dr. H. C. Gupta and Shri J. S. Nanda, Officers of the Ministry of Education, in preparing the draft of its report.
N. S. Junankar, Secretary.
C. D. Deshmukh.

Chairman.
D. C. Pavate.
B. Prasad.
A. C. Joshi.
H. C. Sarin.
K. Balachandran.
P. N. Kirpal.


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\section*{APPENDIX I}

A Comparative Statement of various

SI. Name of
No. the Scheme

Objectives

Scope with special reference to categories eligible to marticipate in it.
I. National Cadet To stimulate the interest of Corps. (Started the youth in the defence in the year of the country. 1948).

Open to boys \& girls from schools and colleges with age limit of 13 to \(18 \frac{1}{2}\) years for Junior Division \(\&\) below 26 years for Senior Division.

No. of cadets trained every year: \(1,50,000\), with average annual increase of about 22,000.
2. Auxiliary Cadet To build the youth mentally, Corps (Started in the year .1952).

1 morally and physically and to develop in them a sense 'of patriotism, self-confidence, dignity of labour and leadership.

Open to all boys \& girls between the ages of 13 to 16 years reading in Seconday schools.

The strength of A.C.C. had risen on 31-3-1959 to Cadets: \(8,38,307\)

Teachers: 15,807 with an annual increase of about 42:995 cadets.

Open to boys \& girls from schools and colleges, with age limits 13 to 16 yrs. for Junior Camps and above 16 years for Senior Camps.

During the period from 1954-55 to 1958-59, total No. of Camps conducted: 5330.

Students participated : 5,68,717. Campus Work Projects organised in schools and colleges :634

\section*{Labour and Social Service Schemes}

Nature of activities to be Manner of implementation rundertaken under the Scheme of the scheme including the .and duration of the Project organisational set-up for the purpose

\section*{Estimates of cost involved}

Military training such as squad' drill, drill with arms, weapon training, map reading, mountaineering etc. During camp period, half the period is used for military training and other half for labour and social service.

Duration : (i) 4 hours per week except during vacations.
(ii) Camps for 3 to 4 weeks' duration held every year.

Basic Training in citizenship, drill, games, field craft, first aid, sanitation and hygiene for 3 years having -only one period of 40 minutes on all working days except Saturdays.

Supplementary Training: in hobbies, arts, craft \& other cultural activities during week-ends and vacations.

\begin{abstract}
Administration of N.C.C. is controlled by N.C.C. Directorate under the charge of a MajorGeneral. Directorate has divided the country into 14 circles, each being under the charge of a Lt. Col. N.C.C. Units are commanded by regular officers who are assisted by selected commissioned officers and college \& school teachers. There is special arrangement for the training of school/ college teachers selected as N.C.C. officers.
\end{abstract}

The cost per cadet in 1959-60 was as follows :-
Senior Division
Rs. 290.
Junior Division
Rs. 115.
Average Rs. 158.
The cost per cadet in N. C. C. Rifles proposed to be started in 1960 as infantry Units to give basic Military training is estimated at Rs. 71 per year.

The A.C.C. is administered with the help of JCOs and other commissioned officers provided by the Ministry of Defence who help in training school teachers as instructors in A.C.C. One Unit consists of one A.C.C. officer (teacher) and so Cadets (students).

Expenditure on instructional \& supervisory staff comes to Rs. 5/per cadet and is met by the Ministry of Defence. Cost of uniforms as well as cost of training of teachers and their honoraria which comes to Rs. 9 per cadet is met by State Governments.

Boys Camps devoted to construction of roads, digging of soak-pits, water reservoirs and drainage etc.

Girls Camps devoted to hygiene, care of the sick, child welfare and home mursing, etc. (Duration Io to 20 days).
T.A. III Class fare at concessional rates.
D.A. Rs. \(\mathrm{I} \cdot 75\) per head per day.

Ministry of Education has made a provision of Rs. 2.80 crores for the scheme for Second Five Year Plan.

(Continued)

S1. Name of No. the Scheme

Scope with special referenceto categories eligible to partycipate: in it
4. National Disci To build a nation of discippline Scheme (Started in the year 1954). lined youth who are physicall fit, emotionally sound, culturally aware
and have a sense of devotimon to the cause of the nation so as to channelise their energies in suitable directions for accelerating the progress of the country.
5. Village Appren- To develop in selected Uniticeships Schme. (1956-57 to 1958-59.) verity students \(\&\) teachers a realistic spirit of social service and a res- possible understanding of the problems of rural reconstruction in India through actual participacion in well-organised village development work under experienced supervision.

Limited only to Schoolgoing children from th. to IIth classes.

During the Second Five Year Plan :

Schools to be covered : 300
Children to be disciplined
3,00,000
Open to college students (boys \& girls) who have passed Intermediate (or equivalent) examination. also to college teachers.

Total No. of apprenticeships provided : 5444. Total No, of apprentices. declared successful: 4066.


Nature of activities to be Manner of implementation undertaken under the Scheme of the scheme including the and duration of the Project organisational set-up for the

\section*{Estimates of cost involved} purpose

An integrated programme for physical training, mental training, developing capacities for administration and organisation through drill, parades, sports, games, lectures on sense of duty, punctuality and cleanliness for character development (Duration of course 3 months).

All kinds of manual labour, social service and other activities aimed at the welfare of rural community under Community Development \& National Extension Service Blocks. (Duration 6 weeks).

Scheme is operated through three Regional Offices Eastern, Western \& Northern at Calcutta, Poona and Ambala respectively headed by a Senior Supervisor. Operational work in each school is done with the help of Physical Training Instructors. The P.T.I. is incharge of 200 to 300 children.

In each State, an Executive Committee comprising of Vice-Chancellor (or his nominee), Development Commissioner of the State (or his nominee), Head of Deptt. of Education/Social Education, and Registrar who is to act as Convenor and Secretary of the Committee, has been incharge of the scheme. The Executive Committee is responsible to give publicity to the Scheme, select the apprentices, arrange orientation, post them and apr praise the work of apprentices.

Average expenditure per trainee per course of three months varies from Rs. \(5 /-\) to Rs. \(7 /-\).
T. A. -Rs, 20/lumpsum.
D.A.-Rs, 2/8/-per diem paid direct for six weeks.

Stipend to successful apprentices is paid@ Rs. 25/per week for six weeks' training.

A total of \(\$ 300,000\) was made available for the Scheme by the Ford Foundation.

\section*{GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR LAW DEPARTMENT.}

बिहार स्टेट युनिवससटीज (पटना, युनिर्बसिटी अफफ बिहार, भागफपुर ऐंड राँची) एंक्ट, ९९६०।
(बिहार एेष्ट १४, २ع६०)
The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.


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CE BIHAR STATE UNIVERSITIES (PATNA, UNIVERSITY OF BIHAR, BHAGALPUR AND RANCHI) ACT, 1960. [BIHAR ACT XIV OF 1960.]

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\section*{[Bithak act XLV OF 1960.]}

THE BIHAR STATE UNIVERSITLES (PATNA, UNIVERSITY OF BIHAR, BHAGALPUR AND RANCHI) ACT, 1960. [1]
[This Act received the assent'of the'Governor on the 23 rd June, 1960. and the assent wus first pistishod in the Bihar Gazette, Extra prdinary, of the 7th July, 1960.].


TO ESTABLISH AND, INGORBORATE AFFILIATING-CUm-TEACEING UNIVER* stities at patna, muzaffarpur, bHagalpur and ranohi in Thit state of bihar.
Be it enacted by the Eegistature of'the State of Bihar in the Eleventh Year of the Repepublic, of, India, as follows :-
1. Short title and commencement.-(1) This Act may be called the Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranohi) Act, 1960.
(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Govern-ment-may, by notification, in the Official Gazette, appoint. [2]
' " 2 . Definitions. - In this Act, unless there" is anything repugnant in the subject or context, -
(a) "Academic Council" means the Academic Council of the Universitẏ̀;

形
(b) 'annual meeeting' means one of the ordinary meetings of the Senate held every year under sub-section (1) of section'l9 and declared by the Statutes to be the -annual meeting of the Senate ;
(c) "Chancellor"i means the Chancellor of the Úniversity;
(d) "college" meanss an institution admitted to or maintained by the University, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, in which, instruction is given, subject to the provisions fontained \(;\) in, clause (15) of section 4, to the students, of the college up to and including a standard below the, post-graduate standard under conditions presoribed fin the Statutes:
Explanation For the purpose of clause. ( \(j\) ) of section 30, sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 3.9 and sections 40, 45 and 47, the expression "college" does not include any college; owned and maintained by the State Government and not transferred to the University under sub-section (1) of section 57.

\footnotetext{
\{1\} For Statement of Objects and Reasops, see the Bihar Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 28th 'Aprils 1960 ; for report 'of the Joint Select Committea, see the Bihar Gaqette, Extraordinary, of the 26th May, \({ }^{1960}\).
[2]. This Act was brought into force on the 12 th July, 1960, see notification no. 2795 -E, dated the lith July, 1960, published in the Bihar Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 12th July, 1960.
}
(e) "Head of a College department" means the head of any department of a college;
(J) "Head of a University department" means the head of any department maintained by the University for imparting instruction to the students of the University in the post-graduate standard under conditions prescribed in the Statutes, and includes the director of any institute maintained by the University for the promotion of research or for imparting instruction to the students of the University in the post-graduate standard ;
(g) "hostel" means a place of residence for students of the University maintained or recognised by the University either as part of or separate from a college, in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
(h) "prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by the Statutes, the Ordinances, the Regulations or the Rules framed thereunder;
(i) "Principal" means the head of a college;
(j) "Professor" means a teacher on the staff of a college possessing such qualifications as may be prescribed by the Statutes;
( \(k\) ) 'registered graduate" means a graduate of the University entered in the register of registered graduates maintained under the provisions of this Act, on payment of a registration fee of ten rupees to the University by every person admitted to a degree of the University along with the fee for admission to such degree and includes a graduate of the Patna University established and incorporated under the Patna University Act, 1917 (XVI of 1917) who has made a proper application together with a fee of ten rupees, within one year of the commencement of this Act, for being registered as a registered graduate of the University.
Explanation.-(i) Any person who is admitted to more than one degree of the University shall not be required to pay such registration fee more than once.
(ii) Any person who was or was deemed to be a registered graduate under the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951), or the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) shall be deemed to be a registered graduate of the University established

Covid: of 1960] par and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
and incorporated under section 3 within whose jurisdiction the college from which he graduated is situated:

Provided that such graduate may, within one year of the commencement of this Act, elect in writing to be treated as a registered -graduate of any one of the \({ }_{t}\) Universities, incorporated and established under sectron ' 3 and on such election being made he shall be deemed to be a registered graduate of that University only ;
\(\uparrow\)
(l) "Senate" means the Senate of the :University ;
( \(m\) ) "State Public Service Commission" means the Public Service Commission for the State of Bihar constituted under article 315 of the Constitution of India;
\((n)\) "Statutes", "Ordinances", "Regulations" and "Rules" mean respectively the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules of the University for the time being in force;
(o) "Syndicate" means the Syndicate of the University ;
\((p)\) "teacher" includes Principal, University professor, professor, reader, lecturer and other person imparting instruction in a department or institute maintained by the University or in any of the colleges but does not include a research scholar or research Fellow;
(q) "teacher of the University" means a teacher employed by the University in any of the departments or institutons maintained, by it or in any of the colleges transferred to it under subsection (6) of section 3 or suction 57;
\((r)\) "the University" means the Patna University or the University of Bihar or the Bhagalpur 'University or the R'anchi University established and incorporated under section 3, as the case may be;
(s) "the University Fund" means the fund of the University established under, section 38;
( \(t\) ) 'University Professor" means, a teacher engaged in giving instruction in a department or institute maintained by the University for imparting instruction to the students of the University in the post-graduate standard and possessing such qualifications as may be prescribed by the Statutes;
" (u)"Vices-Chancellor" means the Vice-Chancellor of the c) University ; and :
\((v)\) "Warden" means the head of a hostel.
1 3: Establishment anl instrporation of Universities.-(1) There shall be 'established, with effect from the date of commencement -of this Act, the following four Universities, namely:-
(a) the Patna University with headquarters at Patna and territorial jurisdiction over the whole of the Patna Division ;
(b) the University of Bihar with headquarters at Muziffarpur and territorial jurisdiction over the whole. of the Tirhut Division;
(c) the Bhagalpur University with headquarters at Bhagalpur and territorial jurisdiction over the whole of the Bhagalpur Division; and
(d) the Ranchi University with headquarters at Ranohi and territorial jurisdiction over the whole of the Chotanagpur Division:
Provided that the State Government may, by notification in the Official" Gazette, alter the territorial jurisdiction of the University.
1 (2) Alf notificatic ns under the proviso to sub-section (1) shall be laid before the State Legislature, as soon as may bc, after they are issued.
\(\therefore\) (3) (i) The first Chancellor, the first Vice-Chancellor, the first members of the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Council and all persons who may hereafter become such officers or members, sb long as they continue to hold such office or membership shall constitute a body' corporate by the name of the University specified in sub-section (1).
(ii) The University shall have perpetual succession and a cọmmon seal and shall sue and be sued by the said nane
'(4) No educational institution beyond the territorial jurisdiction of \(\dot{\mathbf{a}}\). University specified in sub-section (1) shall, except by an order of the State Government published in the Official Gazette, form part of or be admitted to the privileges of that University, and no such institution within the said territorial jurisdiction shall similarly form part of or be recognised by or seek admission to any privileges of any other U'iversity incorporated by law in India, and any such recognition granted by any such other University to any such institution within the said territorial jurisdiction prior to the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be withdrawn on the commencement of this Act ;
xiv' ol 1960.5
[THe Bíhx Sì̀te Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bihagalpur and Rxnchi) Act, 1960.]
"Prơovided' that 'this sub-sectioh shanll' not affèct the provisions
 Act, 1960 (Bihar Act VI of '1960).
"i(5) Withr effect. from the commencement of this Act, all educationalinstitutions admitted to the privileges of the Patna University", ebtablished under the Patina University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVOof [1951) or of the University of Bihar established under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) and sifutated 'within' the territorial' jurisdiction'" of the University shátll, 'so'fär 'as may be con'sistènt with thé próvisions of this Act, be rideemed tơ be, collegés admitted to the privileges of that Uñityersity : i

Provided that if in respect of any educational institution the Syndicate of the University of Bihar established under the University !of:Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihàr Act XXVII of 1951) has nmade for its affliation a recommendation which is. subssisting at the time of commencement of this Act, such institution shall be deemed to be admitted to the privileges of the University within whose territorial jurisdicfion it is situated, if an order to that reffect is made by the State Government.
(6) With effect from' the idate of commencement of this Act thè' colleges' 'and attiached hostells', other 'buildings 'to'gether with the articles of furnitưre, libraries, books, daboratories, stores, instruments, apparatus, appliances and equipments of such institutions and buildings transferred to the maintenance and control of the Patna University. under the Patna Unitersity Act,9, '1951' (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) or the University of Bihar under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951), shall be deemed to have been and are hereby transferred to the maintenance and control' of the Univepsity within whosg territorial jurissiction they are situated, subject to such terms and conditions as were in forqe immodiately before the date of such comencement.
4. P'urp̈oses and powers of 'the Universïty. -The . purpotses' and powers of the University shall be the following, namely :-
(1) to provide-
(i) for instruction in such branches of learning as the University may think fit including? professional studies and technology ; and
(ii) for research dad for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge; ;

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[ Bihar Act
[The Bihar State Universities ( Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Rtanchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) to hold examinations and to grant and confer degrees, diplomas and certificates and other academic distinctions to and on persons who-
(a) shall have pursued an approved course of study in the University and shall have passed the examinations of the University, under conditions laid down in the Statutes, the Ordinances or the Regulations;
(b) are teachers, librarians and laboratory assistants. in educational institutions or any other persons under such conditions as may be prescribed in the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations and shall have passed the examination of the University, under like conditions; or
(c) shall have carried on independent research under conditions laid down in the Statutes, the Ordi- It nances or the Regulations;
(3) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions on persons;
(4) to provide such lectures and instruction for, and to grant such diplomas to, persons, not being members of the , University, as the University may determine;
(5) to inspect all colleges and hostels;
(6) to co-operate with other Universities and authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine;
(7) to institute Professorships, Readerships, Lecturerships, and any other teaching posts required by the University and to appoint persons to such Professorships, Readerships, Lecturerships and posts;
(8) to recognise teachers as qualified to give instruction in colleges ;
(9) to institute and award Fellowships, including travelling Fellowships, scholarships, exhibitions, medals and prizes in accordance with the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations;
(10) to institute, maintain and manage colleges and hostels and to recognise colleges and hostels not maintained by the University;


XIV \(\mathbf{x}\) 1960.]
7
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagal-
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagal-
, pur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.] (I) i " \(r\) "
, (11) to demand and receive such fees as may"be 'prèsćribéd" by the Ordinances ;
(12) to supervise and control the residence and discipline of, students of the colleges and the University and to. r male arrangements for promoting their health and 'general welfare and for that purpose to have powers to appoint and constitute such committees as may be prescribed in the Statutes and the Ordinances;
(13) to enter into agreement with other bodies or persons for the purpose of promoting the purposes of this Act including the assuming of the management of any institution under them and the taking over of the assets and liabilities;
(14) to undertake the conduct of post-graduate teaching, research and work in departments maintained by 'the University or the State Government ;
(15) to arrange and provide, whenever the University considers necessary, for post-graduate teaching in any subject in any college and to utilise for the said purpose, the buildings of that college or any portion thereof, and such members of the staff and the articles of furniture, library, books, laboratories, stores, instruments and pther equipments of that college as may be prescribed; and
(16) to do all such other acts and things, whether incidental to the powers aforesaid or not, as may be' requisite in order to further the objects of the University, as a teaching and examining body, and to cultivate and promote arts, science and other branches of learning.
5. University open to all classes, castes and creeds.-No person shall be excluded from membership of any of the authorities of the University or from admission to any degree or course of study, on the sole ground of sex, race, \({ }^{\prime}\) creed, class, caste or political belief and it shall not belawful for the University to adopt or impose on any person any test whatsoever relating to religious or political belief or profession, in order to entitle him to be admitted thereto as a teacher oor student, or to hold any office or appointment therein, or to graduate thereat, or to enjoy or exercise any privilege thereof, except where in respect of any particular benefaction accepted by the University, such test is made a condition thereof by any testamentary or other instrument creating such benefaction.

\section*{[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]}
6. Teaching of the University.-(1) All recognised teaching in connection with the University courses shall be conducted through the colleges, and through departments maintained by'the University', subject to the general control of the Academic Council, and ishall include lecturing, work in laboratories, or workshops, and other teaching condúcted in the University and the colleges by the University professors, professors, readers, lecturers and other teachers thereof in accordance with any syllabus prescribed, by the Regulations.
(2) The authorities responsible for organising such teaching shall be prescribed by, the istatutes. :
-(3) The courses and curricula shall be prescribed by the Regulations.
\(\because(4)\) In addition to recognised téaching, tutorial and other supplementary instruction shall be given in the colleges subject to the control of the University or in the departments maintained by the University.
(5) It shall not be lawful for the University or for any college to maintain classes for the purpose of preparing students for admission to the University :

Provided that the University or any college may maintain classes for preparing students who have passed the matriculation examinatioh or secondary school examination or higher secondary school examination or any equivalent ex́amination held by any other University or body incorporated by Taw for the time being in force and 'recognised by the University for admissión to a degree course of the University.
'7. Officers of the University. -The following shall be the officers of the University, namely :-
(1) the Chancellor ;
(2) the Vice-Chancellor
(3) the Treasurer ;
(4) the Registrar ;
(5) the Deans of Faculties;
(6) the Finance Officer \({ }^{1 ;}\) and
(7) such other persons.'. as may be declared by the Statutes 3 to : be the officers of the University. if ir
8. The Chancellor--(1) The Governor of Bihar shall be the Chancellor and shall, by virtue of 'his' office, be the head of the ' University' and the President of the Sothate, and shall, when \({ }^{3 / 2}\) present, preside at meetings of the Senate, and at any convocation


XIV of 1960.\(]\)
[TP \({ }^{2}\) Bih \({ }^{\circ}\) ] State Universities ( Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagatpur ınna Rànchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) The Chancellor may, by order in writing, annul any proceedting of the University which is not in conformity with this Attzitheristatates, the Ordinances of the Regulations: \({ }^{\prime}\)
'Partfid 't ' before making' any such order, he shall call upon, thé' University to show cause, within the time, specified by; him phy such an order should not be made, and if any cause is shown, he shall consider the same.

Eyery proposal for the conferment of an honorary degre \({ }^{\ominus}\) shall be subject to the confirmation of the Chancellor.
(4) Where power is conferred upon him by this Act or the Statutés' to 'nominate persons to authorities and bodies of the Univérsity, the Chancellor shall, to the extent necessary and without 'prejudice to such powers, nominate persons to represent interests not otherwise adequately represented.
(5). The Chancellor shall have such other powers as are conferred on him by this Act or the Statutes.
9. The Vice-Chancellor.-(1) No person shall be. deemed to be qualified to hold the office of Vice-Chancellor unless such person-
(i) is above forty years of age; and
(ii) is, in the opinion of the Chancellor, a man noted for scholarship and academic interest.
(2). The Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed by the Chancellor \(o^{n}\) such terms and conditions as may be laid down by the Chancellor.!
(3) The Vice-Chancellor shall be a wholetime officer and shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he assumes charge of the office, on the expiration of which term he may be re-appointed for only one more term which shall not exceed three years.
(4) (i) The Vice-Chancellor shall be paid a salary of two thousand rupees per mensem and shall be provided by the University with a suitable rent-free house for his residence at the headquarters of the University and where the University is unable to provide him with such house shall be paid a sum not exceeding ten per cent of his salary as house rent.
(ii) Where the person appointed as Vice-Chancellor is in receipt of a pension from Government, the amount of the pension payable to him shall be treated, as part of the salary specified in clause (i).

Explanation.-For the purposes of this sub-section the word "Government" shall include the Coatral Government and any Stat \({ }_{\pi}^{3 \prime}\) Government.

10.
[Bihar Act
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpar and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the University, Chairman of the Syndicate and of the Academic Council and shall be entitled to be present and speak at any meeting' of any authority or other body of the University and shall in, the "absence of the Chancellor preside 'at, meetings of the Senate and of any convocation of the University:

Provided that the Vice-Chancellor shall not vote in the first instance, but shall have and \(\epsilon x\) excise a casting vote in the case, of an equality of votes.
(6) The Vice-Chancellor shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances, have power to make appointments to posts within the sanctioned grades and scales of pay and within the sanctioned strength of the clerical staff and other servants of the University, not being teachers and officers of the University, and have control and full disciplinary powers over such staff and servants.
(7) The Vice-Chancellor shall have power to convene meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate, the Academic Council and any other authorities of the University:

Provided that the Vice-Chancellor may delegate the power under this sub-section to any other officer of the University.
(8) It shall be the duty of the Více-Chancellor to visit and inspect the colleges and buildings, laboratories, workshops and equipments thereof and any other institutions associated with the University and he shall have the right of making an inquiry or causing an inquiry to be made, in like manner, in respect of any matter connected with such colleges and institutions.
(9) The Vice-Chancellor may address any Principal of such college with reference to the , result of such inspection or inquiry and thereupon it shall be the duty of such Principal to communicate the views of the Vice-Chancellor to the governing body of the college and to report, to the Vice-Chanccllor such action, if any, taken or proposed to be taken upon the result of such inspection or inquiry.
(10) It shall be lawful for the Vice-Chancellor to issue, from time to time, any direction to the Principal of a college in which post-graduate teaching is conducted under clause (15) of section 4 and such Principal shall comply with all such directions accordingly.
(11) The Vice-Chancellor shall give effect to the orders of the Syndicate regarding the appointment, dismissal or suspension
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
of an officer or teacher of the University and shall exercise general control over the educational arrangements of the University and shall be responsible for the discipline of the University.
(12) If at any time, except when the Syndicate or the Academic Council is in session, the Vice-Chancellor is satisfied that an emergency has arisen requiring him to take immediate action involving the exercise of any power vested in the Syndicate or the Academic Council by or under this Act, the Vice-Chancellor shall take such action as he deems fit, and shall, as soon as may be thereafter, report the action so taken by him to the Syndicate on, as the case may be, to the Academic Council, which may either confirm the action so taken by the Vice-Chancellor or disapprove of it.
(13) It shall be the duty of the Vice-Chancellor to see that the proceedings of the University are carried on in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances, the Regulations and the Rules and to report to the Chancellor every proceeding which is not in conformity with such provisions.
(14) The Vice-Chancellor shall exercise such further powers'and perform such other duties as are conferred or imposed on him by this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances or the Regulations.
10. The Treasurer.-(1) The Treasurer shall be appointed by the Chancellor on such terms and conditions as may be laid down by the Chancellor and shall hold office for a period of three years from the date on which he assumes charge of the office, on the expiration of which term he may be re-appointed for only one more term which shall not exceed three years.
(2) He shall be an ex-officio member of the Syndicate and shall-
(a) exercise general supervision over the funds of the University, and advise in regard to its financial policy and. be responsible for the preparation and presentation of the annual estimates and statement of accounts to the Senate on behalf of the Syndicate;
(b) be responsible for seeing that all moneys are expended on the purpose for which they are granted or allotted by the appropriate authority;
(c) examine statements of accounts of the colleges and submit a report on the result of such examination to the Syndicate ; and
(d) exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.
11. Arrangement of work during temporary vacancy in the \(e_{4}\) office or absence of Vice-Chancellor or Treasurer.-(1) During the temporary absence of the Vice-Chancellor or the Treasurer 'byreason of leave, illness or any other cause, which shall be immediately reported to the Chancellor by the Syndicate, the Chancellor shall make such arrangement as he thinks fit for carrying on the office of the Vice-Chancellor or the Treasurer, as the case may be :

Provided that until such arrangement is, made-
(a) in the case of temporary absence of the Vice-Chancellor, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer to exercise the porrers and perform the duties of the Vice-Chancellor ;
(b) in the case of temporary absence of the Treasurer, the Syndicate shall appoint one of its own members to \({ }^{\circ}\) exercise the powers and perform, the duties of the Treasurer.
(2) During the period a vacancy in the office of the ViceChancellor or the Treasurer remains unfilled, the provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply to such vacancy.
12. The Registrar.-The Registrar shall be a whole-time officer and. shall act as Secretary to the Seıate, the Syndicate and the, Academic Council and shall-.
(a) manage the property and investments of the University;
(b) sign all contracts made on behalf of the University;
(c) exerciso and perform such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Statutes, the Ordinances, the Regulations and the Rules or as may, from time to time, be conferred and imposed on him by the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Council: and
(d) generally render such assistance to the Vice-Chancellor as may be desired by him in the performance of his duties.
13. The Finance Officer.-The Finance Officer shall be a wholetime officer and shall act as Secretary to the Finance Committee constituted under sub-section (1) of section 47 and shall exercise and perform such powers and duties as may be prescribed or as may, from time to time, be conferred and imposed on him by the Senate, the Syndicate, the Vice-Chancellor or the Treasurer.
14. Visitation.-(1) The Chancellor shall have, either on his own motion or on the advice of the State Government, the right to cause an inspection to be made by such person or persons as he may direct, of the Uniyersity, its buildings, laboratories, workshops and equipments and of any college or hostel and also of the

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[The-Bihar Staté U̇niversities (Patna, University of Bihar Bhdgal'pur and Rànchi) Act, 1960.]
examinàtions, teaching and other work condứcted or done lóy the University, and to cause an inquiry to be made, in like háhífer,' in respect of any matter connecfed with the University :

Provided that the Chancellor shall, in every cáse, give notice tó the University or the college of his intention to cause an inspéction or inquiry to be made and the University or the-college, as the case may be, shall be entitled to be represented thereat.
(2) (a) The Chancellor may address the Vice-Chancellor'with reference to the result of such inspection or inquiry, and the ViceChancellor shall communicate to the Syndicate and the Academic Council the views of the Chancellor.
(b) The Syndicate and the Academic Council shall report to the Chancellor such action, if any, as they have taken or may propose to take, atpon the results of such inspection or inquiry, and suich report shall be submitted within such time as the Chancellor may direct through the Senate which may express its opinion thereon.
(c) Where the Syndicate and the Academic Council do not wisthin a reasonable time take action to the satisfaction of CKancellor the Chancellor may, after considering any explanation furnished or representation made by the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Cónncil, issue such direction as he may think fit and the Syndicate and the Academic Council shall comply therewith.
15. Function's of State Public Service Commission in relation to appointments to posts of teachèrs and officers of the Univerisity and disciplinary matters affecting such teachers or officers.-(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act ; and the Statutes made thereunder, the State Public Service Commission shall, in relation to appointments to posts of teachers and officers of the University (other than the Vice-Chancellor and the 'Treasurer), discharge, so far as may be, the same functions as have been assigned to it by Article 320 of the Constitution of. India in relation to the services of the State.
(2) (i) In making recommendations for appointment to every pbst of teacher of the University the State Public Service Commission shall' have the assistance "of 'two experts in the subject for which an appointment is to be made, of whom one shall be nominated by the Syndicate and shall whenever possible be a tearcher of the Univerşity and the other shall be a person, other than a teacher of the University, to be nominated by the Academic Council:

Provided that in "makingi recommendation for appointment to such post by promotion the Commission shall not be entitled to have the assistance of any expert.
(ii) In making recommendations for appointment to every post of officer of the University (other than the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer) otherwise than by promotion, the State Public Service Commission shall have the assistance of only one expert to be nominated by the Syndicate.
(iii) The expert or experts shall be associated with the State Public Service Commission as assessor or assessors whose duty it shall be to give expert advice to the Commission but who shall have no right to vote.
(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2), the State Public Service Commission shall, wherever feasible, recommend to the Syndicate for appointment to every post of teacher or officer of the University names of two persons arranged in order of preference and considered by the State Public Service Commission to be the best qualified therefor.
(4) In making appointment to a post of teacher or officer of the University, the Syndicate shall, within three months from the date of the receipt of the recommendation under sub-section (3), make its selection out of the names recommended by the State Public Service Commission, provided that if the Syndicate, in the first instance, does not consider the names recommended by the State Public Service Commission to be suitable, it shall refer the matter back to the State Public Service Commission for reconsideration and in no case shall the Syndicate appoint a person who is not recommended by the State Public Service Commission.
(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding subsections, all teachers of clinical subjects and Pathology in the Prince of Wales Medical College shall, until the hospital attached to the said college is transferred to the University, be appointed in accordance with the provisions of this section from amongst officers nominated by the State Government and all teachers so appointed shall be deemed to be members of the staff of the said hospital.
(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding subsections, but always subject to the other provisions of this Act,-
(a) when appointment to a post of teacher or officer of the University is made by promotion or transfer from any other service including the service of the University, it shall not be necessary for the University to consult the State Public Service Commission, unless it is proposed, by such promotion or transfer, to fill-
(i) a permanent post substantively, or
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\({ }^{\prime} \downarrow\) The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi).Act, 1960.]
(ii) a permanent post or a temporary post on an officiating or temporary basis for a period exceeding six months:

Provided that if an appointment is made for a period not exceeding six months and it is proposed by the University to extend the period so that it will 'exceed six months in all, the State Public Servićd Commission shall be consulted ;
(b) when appointment to a post of teacher or officer of the University is made otherwise than by promotion or transfer, from another service including the service of the University, it shall not be necessary to consult the Commission if the appointment is not expected to continue for more than six months and cannot be delayed without detriment to the interest of the departments or institutions maintained by the University or the colleges transferred to it under section 57 :

Protided that if it is proposed to retain the person so appointed in the same post for a period exceeding six months or to appoint him to another post in the service of the University, the State Public Service Commission shall be consulted ;
(c) the State Public Service Commissión shall be consulted by the University in all disciplinary matters affecting a teacher or officer of the University (other than the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer) and no memorials or petitions relating to such matters shall be disposed of, nor shall any action be taken against, 'or any punishment imposed on, a teacher or officer of the University, otherwise than in conformity with the finding off the State Public Service Commission ;

Provided that-
(i) if the punishment proposed to be imposed is one ot reduction, removal or dismissal, the final order shall not be passed except by the authority empowered under this Act to appoint such teacher or officer ;
(ii) no teacher or officer who is a member of the public services in India and whose services have been lent to the University shall be dismissed, removed or reduced in rank except by an order of the Government ;
(iii) if the teaching efficiency of a teacher against whom a disciplinary action is proposed to be taken is in question, two experts in the subject concerned, to be nominated by the Academic Council, shall be associated witth the State Public Service Commission as assessors whose duty it shall be to give expert advice to the Commission but who shall have no right to vote.
(7) It shall not be necessáry to consult the State \(e_{j}\) Public Serrice Commission where only an order of censure, or an order withholding increment, including stoppage at an efficiency bar, or an order of suspension pending investigation of charges is passed against a teacher or officer of the University.
(8) It shall be the duey of the State Public Service Commission to present annually to the University a report as to the work done by the Commission in relation to the University and the University shall prepare and submit to the State Government a memorandum explaining, as respects the cases, if any; where the advice of the Commission was not accepted, the reasons for such non-acceptance to be laid before the Legislature of the State by the State Government.
16. Authorities of the University.-The following shall be the authorities of the University, namely:-
(1) the Senate ;
(2) the Syndicate ;
(3) the Academic Council ;
(4) the Faculties ;
(5) the Examination Board ; and
(6) such other authorities as may be declared by'the Statutes to be the authorities of the University.
17. The Senate.-The Senate shall consist of the following persons, namely, -

\section*{Ex-officio members.}
(i) the Chancellor ;
(ii) the Vice-Chancellor ;
(iii) the Treasurer ;
(iv) the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Patna or any other Judge of that Court nominated by the Chief Justice ;
(v) the Adpoçate-Generall, Bihar,
(vi) Chairman of the Bihar Sphool Examingtion. Board;
(vii) the Secretary to the Government of Bihar in the Department of Education ;
(viii) the Director of Publig, Instruction, Bihar, ;
(ix) the Director of Health Services, Bihar, if the University has a medical college as one 'of its ćolleges ;
\((x)\) the; Director of Industríes, Bikar, if the Ufitiversity has an

(xi) the Director of Agriculture, Bihar, ifthe University has an agricultural college as one of its colleges ;
 sity has a yeteritary
(xizii) the Deans of fracultieg;
(xiv).not more than one-hatl of the Brincipalk and of Heads of University departments, other than Deains, by rotation, in the manner prescribed by the Statutes, :
Provided that the said number shall include alf the Principals of Colleges and Directors of institutes, maintained by the Staté Government or the University;

\section*{Life members.}
(i) all ex-Vice-Chancellors who held the office under the
 Uqiversity .Act, 195l (Bihar Act XX:V of., 1951), the University: of Bihar, Act, 195, (Bihar Agt XXVII of

Explanation.-For the purposes of thiscolause, the expression "ex-Vice-Changellor " does not include any ex-ViceChancellor who waspapinted to giif ind whal or temporary vacancs;
(ig), every person who has. gizyen, whether ing prie or more instalments, a sum of not less than one lac of rupees in cash or property of the equivaléit "value tò', or for the, purposes' ' \(\delta \mathrm{f}\), the University' or of a college ;
Explanation.-Every person who was or was deemedsto be appointed. for life to be a membef of the Senate of the: Patina Unjversity established unden the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) or
 of '1951) thaif' be deemed to bee a life member of the 42 L. D.
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]

Senate of the University incorporated and established under section 3 within whose territorial jurisdiction he ordinarily resides :

\section*{Provided that-}
(i) such person may, within six months of the commencement of this Act, elect in writing to be treated as a life member of the Senate of any one of the Universities incorporated and established under section 3 and on such election being made he shall be deemed to be a life member of the Senate of that University only;
(ii) a person who was deemed to be a life member of the Senate under the Explanation to item (ii) under the heading 'class II-Life members' of section 15 of the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV' of 1951) or under the Explanation to item' (iii) under the heading "class II-Life members' of section 17 of the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) shall be deemed to be a life member only so long as the beneficial interest arising out of any property endowed by such person accrues substantially to the University or to the College.

Representative members.
(i) such number of teachers (other than Deans, Principals and Heads of University Departments) having ten
1 years' teaching experience as is equivalent to one-half of the total number of colleges to be nominated, by rotation, in the manner prescribed by the Statutes;
(iii) eight registered graduates, other than teachers of a college or of a University, who have completed ten years after graduation, to be elected by such graduates, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes;
(iii) three persons, to be elected from and by the members of the governing bodies or managing committees of colleges in the manner prescribed by the Statutes;
(iv) six persons to be elected by and from the members of the Bihar Legislative Assembly in such manner as may be prescribed by the Speaker of the Assembly ; and
(v) two persons to be elected by and from the members of the Bihar Legislative Council in such manner as may be preseribed by the Chairman of the Council;

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\section*{Nominated members.}
not more than five persons to be nominated by the \({ }^{\text {' }}\) Chancellor of whom two shall be nominated on the ground that they have rendered eminent service to the cause of education.
18. Term of office of members of the Senate.-The term of office of members of the Senate, other than the ex-officio members and the life members, shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, as the case may be, and shall include any further period which may elapse between the expiration of the said three years and the date of the next succeeding election or nomination not being an election or nomination to fill up any casual vacancy under section 53 :

Provided that a member elected, or nominated as a representative of any body shall be deemed to vacate office with effect from: the date on which he ceases to be a member of the body which elected or nominated him.
19. Meetings of the Senate.-(1) The Senate shall, on dates to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor, meet twice in every year, at meetings to be called the ordinary meetings of the Senate, one of which shall be declared by the Statutes to be the annual meeting of the Senate.
(2) The Vice-Chancellor may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition in writing signed by not less than one-third of the total number of members of the Senate, convene a special meeting of the Senate.
20. Powers and duties of the Senate-(1) Subject to the provision of this Act and the Statutes, the Senate shall be the supreme governing body of the University and shall have the entire management of, and superintendence over, the affairs, concerns and propercy of the University, and shall exercise all the powers of the University, not otherwise provided for, to give effect to the provisions of this Act.
(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, the Senate shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties, namely:-
(a) of making Statutes, and amending or repealing the same;
(b) of considering and cancelling Ordinances and Regulations;
(c) of considering and passing resolutions on the armual reports, the annual accounts and the financial estimates ;

(d) of exercising the powers of control and superintendence over colleges including the power of affiliating or disaffiliating such colleges: provided that the power of affiliating or disaffiliating such colleges shall not be exercised except with the previous approval of the State Government ;
(e) of instituting and conferring such degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions as may be prescribed by the. Statutes ; and
(f) such other powers and duties as are conferred or imposed upon it by this Act or the Statutes.
21. The Syndicate.-(1) The Syndicate shall be the chief executive body of the University and shall consist of the following persons, namely :-

\section*{Ex-officio members.}
(i) the Vice-Chancellor ;
(ii) the Treasurer ;
(iii) the Secretary to Government of Bihar, in the Departmont of Education ;
(iv) the Director of Public Instruction, Bihar ;
(v) three Principals, one of whom shall be the primcopal of a college maintained by the University, and two Heads of University Departments, to be determined in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes so as to enable the Principal of every college and the Head of every University Department to have a seat on the Syndicate' by rotation at every prescribed interval ;

\section*{Other members.}
(i) five persons other than teachers to be elected from and by the non-teacher members of the Senate in the manner prescribed by the Statutes;
(ii) four teachers other than principals, Deans and Heads of University Departments of whom two shall be nominated by the Chancellor and two shall be
- co-opted by the Syndicate ; and
(iii) one representative of the governing bodies of the colleges to be nominated by the Chancellor.

\section*{XIV of 1960.]}

[The Bihar, State Universities (Patnoa University of Bihar, Bhaigalpuir and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) The term of office of members, other than the ex-officio members, shall be for a period of three years with effect from the dates of their respective election, nomination or co-option and shall include any further period which may elapse between the expiration of the said period of three years and the date of the next succeeding election, nomination or co-option, as the case may be, not being an election, nomination or co-option to fill up any casual vacancy under section 53 :

Provided that any member elected, nominated or co-opted shall be deemed to vacate office with effect from the date on which he ceases to be a member of the body as a representative of which he was eleoted, nominated or co-opted.
22. Powers and duties of the Syndicate.-The Syndicate-
(a) shall hold, control and administer the property and funds of the University ;
(b) shall determine the form, provide for the oustody and regulate the use of the common seal of the University;
(c) shall, subject to the powers conferred by or under this Act on the Vice-Chancellor and the Academic Council, determine and regulate all matters concerning the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations;
(d) shall administer any funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purposes;
(e) save as otherwise provided by this Act or the Statutes, shall appoint officers (other than the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer) and teachers of the University and shall define their duties and provide for the filling of temporary vacancies in the offices of such officers and teachers;
\((f)\) shall determine, after considering the recommendations of the Academic Council, rates of emoluments of examiners or class of such examiners ;
(g) shall have power to accept transfers on behalf of the University of any movable or immovable property to and for the purposes of the University and the colleges transferred to it under section 57 ;
( \(h\) ) shall have power to cause the colleges to be inspected by any person or persons authorised by the Syndicate in this behalf, to consider the reports of such person or persons and to issue necessary directions to the Principals of such colleges and, where necessary, to the

' [Thè Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpour and Ranchi) Act, 1960.
governing bodies or managing committees of such colleges through the Principals, and secure compliance therewith ;
(i) shall have power to recommend to the Senate all proposals received by it for the affiliation or disaffiliation of educational institutions, the appointment of an authority for the consideration of an appeal from any teacher of the college against whom it is proposed to take any disciplinary action and the allotment of monetary grants to the colleges in accordance with any rules made under subsection (2) of section 39 ;
(j) shall be competent to call for from the colleges any returns, statements, minutes of proceedings of meeting of the governing bodies or managing committees of such colleges or their annual estimates of income and expenditure and take such action thereon as it may think fit; and
(k) shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as are conferred or imposed on it by this Act or the Statutes.
23. The Academic Council.-(1) The Academic Council shall consist of-
(i) the Vice-Chancellor;
(ii) the Deans of Faculties;
(iii) the Director of Public Instruction, Bihar ;
(iv) five Principals and five Heads of University departments as are not Deans, to be nominated by rotation, in the manner prescribed by the Statutes :

Provided that where the Academic Council is dealing with a subject the Head of the University department or the Head of the College department of which is not on the Academic Council, it may invite the Head of University department of that subject to attend any of its meetings at which it may deal with that subject;
(y) four teachers, other than Deans, Principals and Heads of University departments to be co-opted by the Council ; and
(vi) not more than two experts, preferably not in the service of the University, to be co-opted by the Council for specific purposes, if necessary.

[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalper and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) The term of office of members, other than the ex-afficio members, shall be for a period: of three years with effect from the dates of their respective nomination or cooption and shall include any further period which may elapse between the expiration of the said period of three years and the date of the next succeeding nomination or cooption, as the case may be, not being a nomination or co-option to fill up any casual vacancy under section 53 :

Provided that any member nominated or co-opted shall be deemed to vacate office with effect from the date on which he ceases to be a member of the body as a representative of which he was nominated or co-opted.
24. Powers and duties of Academic Council.-The Academic Council shall be the chief academic body of the University and shall.-.
(a) subject to the powers conferred by or under this Act on the Vice-Chancellor and on the Syndicate, determine and regulate all academic matters concerning the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances ;
(b) have the power of superintendence and control over, and be responsible for the maintenance of standards of instruction and education including the conduct of post-graduate teaching and the promotion of research work in the University;
(c) exercise supervision and control over the conduct of teaching in the colleges in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes;
(d) subject to the provisions of section 28, have powers of general control over the Examination Board and be responsible for the publication of results of the Universty examinations; and
(e) exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by the Statutes.
25. The Faculties.-(I) The University may include the Faculties of Arts, Science, Commerce, Medicine, Law, Education, Agriculture; Engineering and Veterinary Science and such other Faculties as may be prescribed by the Statutes:

Provided that no Faculty shall be created by the Senate in respect of any branch of learning for the instruction of which no provision exists in any department of the University, or any of its colleges.

(2) Each Faculty shall, subject to the control of the Academic Council, have charge of the courses of studies, teaching and besearch work in such subjects as may be assigned to such Freculty by the Regulations.
(3) The total number of members of each Facutly shall not exceed such as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Stat ütès.
(4) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) each Faculty thill consist of-
(a) such number of members of the Senate as are teachers and as may be assigned to each Faculty by the Senate in accordance with the qualifications of such teachermembers;
(b) such number of members of the Senate as are not teachers, not exceeding one-fifth of the total number of members of each Faculty, other than the Faculty of Agriculture, Engineering, Law, Medicine, Commerce or Veterinary Science as may be elected from and by the Senate in the manner prescribed by the Statutes:
Provided that in the case of the Faculty of Agriculture, Engineering, Law, Medicine, Commerce or Veterinary Science, the number of members of the Senate who are not teachers shall be such as may be prescribed by the Statutes; and
(c) such number of members, to be co:opted as experts by the Academic Council from amongst persons who are not members of the Senate, as may be prescribed by the Statutes:
Provided that no person shall be a member of more than two -Faculties.
(5)(i) There shall be a Dean of each Faculty appointed by the Vice-Chancellor, by rotation, in the manner prescribed in the Statutes, for a term of two years from amongst the Heads of University Departments of the Faculty concerned at the end of which he shall not be eligible for reappointment unless there is only one such Head of University Department in the Faculty :

Provided that where there is no Head of University Department of a Faculty, the Principal of a College maintained by Government or the University, in which instruction is imparted in any subject of the Faculty shall be appointed Dean of that Faculty and where there are more such Principals than one the appointment shall be made by rotation in the manner prescribed by the Statutes:

P Provided further that where there is no such college as is referred to in the first proviso, the provisions of the said proviso

[The Bihar State 'Universities ' (Patna, University of' Bihar, Bhadalpar and 'Ranchi) Act; 1960.]
shall apply to the Principal of de d dilated college in which instraction is imparted in any subject 'of that Faculty.
(ii) The Dean shall be responsible to the 'Vice-Chancellor for post-graduate teachings arid research.
(6) (i) Each Faculty shall comprise such departments of teaching as may be prescribed by the Regulations and the head of every such department shall be the professor of a college department or the University Professor or, if there is no 'such Professor or University Professor, the Reader of a college department or, as the case may be, "the Reader of a University department.
(ii) If there are "more than one Professor or more than one University Professor or more than one Reader in a department, the Vice-Chancellor, in consultation with the Principal in the case of a college department and in consultation with the Dean in the case of a University department, shall appoint, to be the Head of department, such one of the Professors or University Professors or such one of the Readers, as he thinks fit and the Head of a department shall be responsible to the Principal in case of a college. department and to the Dean in the, case of a Universite department for the organisation of the teaching in the departmont.
(iii) Where it "is proposed to appoint any teacher to be the Head of a department who is not the seniormost Professor, Universits Professor or Reader of the department no appointment shall be made under this sub-section except with the prior concurrence of the State Public Service Commission.
(7) Subject to the provisions of this Net, each Faculty shall exercise such "powers and perform stich duties as may be prescribed by the statutes.
26. Boards of Courses and Studies.-(1) There shall be a Board of Courses and Studies for each subject or group of subjects consisting of -
(i) the Head of the University department concerned, who shall be the Chairman and where there is no such Head of the University department, one of the Heads of the College. departments mentioned in item (iii) shall be the Chairman, by rotation, in the manner prescribed by the Statutes;
(ii) University Professors, Professors and Readers in the department;
(iii) three Heads of College departments one of whom shall be the Head of department of a college maintained by the University to be nominated in the manner prescribed by the Statutes; and
[Bihar Act -
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(iv) not more than five other wholetime teachers of the subject of at least ten years' standing to be nominated in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes;
with powers to co-opt one member from amongst persons who are not connected with the University.
(2) Where it is not feasible to constitute a Board in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), the Faculty concerned may, if necessary, constitute a Special Board of Courses and Studies in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.
(3) It shall be the duty of the Board to recommend to the Academic Council through the Faculty concerned, the courses of studies and syllabii for all University examinations and to perform such other functions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.
(4) The term of office of the members of the Board shall be three years from the date of their nomination or co-option.
27. Council of Post-graduate Studies and Research.-(1) There shall be a Council of Post-graduate Studies and Research consisting of -
(i) the Vice-Chancellor who shall be the Chairman,
(ii) the Deans of Faculties,
(iii) the Principals of colleges in which teaching in postgraduate standard is arranged and provided fur by the University, not exceeding three in number, nominated by the Vice-Chancellor, by rotation, in the manner prescribed by the Suatutes, and
(iv) not less than one-half of the Heads of University departments, nominated by the Vice-Chancellor, by rotation, in the manner prescribed by the Statutes, the term of office of such members being three years from the date of their nominations.
(2) The duties of the Council shall be-
(a) to assist the Vice-Chancellor in co-ordinating the postgraduate teaching in tho University;
(b) to draw up proposals for expansion and development of post-graduate teaching and research and to submit them to the Academic Council;
(c) to give instructions to the Board of Studies, wherever necessary ;
(d) to supervise and control the working of the local committees constituted under sub-section (3) ; and
(e) to exercise such powers and to perform such duties as may be assigned to the Council by Statutes.

\section*{[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagal pur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]}
(3) For each of the centres of post-graduate teaching other than the headquarters of the University, there may be local committees consisting of the local Heads of post-graduate departments and the Principal of the college which houses the department and subject to the supervision and control of the Council local committees shall attend to day-to-day administration of post-graduate teaching at the respective centres.
(4) The Vice-Chancellor shall appoint conveners of local committees who shall ordinarily be the seniormost local Heads of Post-graduate departments.
28. The Examination Board.-(1) Subject to the provisions of the Regulations, all arrangements for the conduct of examinations shall be made by an Examination Board consisting of the ViceChancellor as Chairman and the Deans of Faculties as members :

Provided that where in any Faculty the Principal of a College maintained by Government or the University is senior to the Dean of that Faculty, such Principal shall be the member instead of the Dean of that Faculty.
(2) The Examination Board shall be responsible for conducting the examinations and making all arrangements for the appointment of examiners, setting and moderating question papers, moderating and preparing results of examinations and reporting such results to the Academic Council and generally for formulating ways and means for the purpose of improving the machinery for the true assessment of the attainments of the students of the University.
29. Other authorities of the University.-The constitution, powers and duties of such other authorities, as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

STATUTES, ORDINANCES, REGULATIONS AND RULES.
30. Statutes.-Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :-
(a) the institution of Fellowships, soholarships, exhibitions, medals and prizes;
(b) the designations and powers of the officers of the University;
(c) the constitution, powers, functions and duties of the authorities of the University;
(d) the admission of educational institutions as colleges and the withdrawal of privileges from colleges so admitted;
(e) the institution of colleges and hostels and their maintenance and management;
(f) the classification and recognition of teachers of the University ;
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(g) the constitution of pension, insurance or provident fund for the benefit of the officers, teachers and other servants of the University, and the teachers of the colleges;
\((h)\) the maintenance of a register of registered graduates;
(i) the number, qualifications, grades, pay and conditions of service of teachers, officers and other servants of the University including the creation of new posts, after considering the recommendations of the Academic Council and the Syndicate, in the case of posts of teachers, and the recbmmendation of the Syndicate, in the case of posts of officers and other servants of the University;
( \(j\) ) the maintenance of accounts of the income and expenditure of the University including the income and expenditure of colleges and the forms and registers in which such accounts shall be kept;
(k) the maintenance of a register of teachers;
\({ }_{\text {; }}(l)\) the conferment of honorary degrees ; and
( \(m\) ) all other matters which, by this Act, are to be or may be prescribed by the Statutes.
31. Statutes, how made.-(1) The Senate may take into consideration the draft of any Statute either of its own motion or on the submission thereof by the Syndicate:

Provided that-
(i) no draft of any Statute, having the effect of varying the number of posts or the scales or grades of pay of teachers, officers, and other servants of the University shall be taken into consideration by the Senate unless the Chancellor has recommended to the Senate the consideration of the draft;
(ii) the Syndicate shall not propose the draft of any Statute affecting the status, powers and constitution of any authority of the University until such authority has been given an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the proposal and any opinion so expressed shall be in writing and shall be considered by the Senate ; and
(iii) on matters appertaining to the status, powers, functions or constitution of the Academic Council, it shall be lawful for the Academic Council to initiste the draft of any such Statute and forward it to the Syndicate for transmission to the Senate with such recommendations as the Syndicate may wish to make.

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['The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagal) purr and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) Where the draft of any Statute or part thereof submitted by the Syndicate to the Senate has been returned to the Syndicate for reconsideration and the Syndicate after such reconsideration does not agree to any amendments suggested by the Senate, it shall be lawful for the Senate to pass the draft of the Statute or part thereof in such form as it thinks fit and the decision of the Senate shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (3) and subsection (4), be final.
(3) Where the draft of any Statute has been passed by the Senate, it shall be submitted to the Chancellor who may declare that he assents to the Statute:

Provided that the Chancellor may as soon as possible after. the presentation to him of the draft of the Statute so passed for' assent, return the draft together with a message requesting that the Senate will reconsider the draft and when the drafty is so returned, the Senate shall reconsider the draft accordingly and if the draft is passed again by the Senate with or without any amendment and is presented to the Chancellor for assent, the Chancellor shall declare either that he assents thereto or that he withholds assent therefrom.
'(4) Where any member' of 'the Senate proposes to the Senate the draft of any Statute, the Senate may refer the same to the Syndicate and it shall thereupon be the duty of the Syndicate to consider the draft and the Syndicate may either recommend to' the Senate that the proposal be rejected or submit the draft' to the Senate in such form as the Syndicate' may approve, and 'the provisions of this section shall apply in the case of any draft so' submitted as they apply in the case of the draft proposed' to the Senate by the Syndicate.
(5) A Statute passed by the Senate shall have no validity until it has been "assented to by the Chancellor.
32. Ordinances. -Subject to the provisions of this , Act and the Statutes, the Syndicate may make Ordinances to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-
(a) the admission of students to the University and their enrolment ass such :
(b) the conditions of residence of the students of the colleges and the University, the levying of fees for residence. in hostels maintained by the colleges or recognised by the University and the recognition of hostels not maintaine by the University, including the suspension or withdrawal of such recognition;
(c) the fees to be charged for courses of study in the University and for admission to the examinations, degrees and diplomas of the University;
[The Bihar State Úniversities (Ṗatna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(d) the constitution, powers and duties of the Committees of the University;
(e) the inspection of colleges by any agency ; and
\((f)\) all other matters which by this Act or the Statutes, are to be or may be provided for by the Ordinances.
33. Ordinances, how made.-(1) An Ordinance made by the Syndicate under section 32 shall be submitted as soon as may. be to the Senate, and thereupon it, shall be the duty of the Senate to consider the Ordinance at its next meeting and the Senate may, by resolution passed by a majority of the members present and voting at such meeting, either reject the Ordinance or approve it with such modifications, if any, and from such date, as it may direct.
(2) Where an Ordinance has been approved by the Senate it shall be submitted to the Chancellor who may declare that he assents to the Ordinance.
(3) An Ordinance shall have no validity until it has been assented to by the Chancellor under sub-section (2).
(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1), (2) and (3), if at any time, except when the Senate is in session, the Syndicate makes an Ordinance and considers its immediate enforcement necessary, the Syndicate may recommend to the Chancellor accordingly and the Chancellor shall thereupon, by order published in the Official Gazette, direct that the Ordinance shall come into immediate effect, but such Ordinance shall cease to have effect on the expiry of seven days from the date of the next meeting of the Senate unless confirmed by it.
34. Regulations, how made.-(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances, the Academic Council may make Regulations to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :-
(a) the courses of study to be laid down for all degrees and diplomas of the University;
(b) the conditions under which students shall be admitted to the degree or diploma courses and to the examinations of the University and shall be eligible for such degrees and diplomas;
(c) the formation of departments of teaching in the Faculties;
(d) the conditions and mode of appointment and duties of examiners and the conduct of examinations;
(e) the standards of teaching to be maintained in the colleges; and
\((f)\) all matters which by this Act, the Statutes or the Ordinances are to be or may be provided for by Regulations.
(2) (i) A Regulation made by the Academic Council under subsection (1) shall be forwarded, as soon as may be, to the Syndicate for transmission to the Senate, and the Syndicate shall duly forward the same to the Senate with such recommendations, if any, as it may wish to make and shall have no power to return it to the Academic Council for reconsideration, unless such Regulation, in the opinion of the Syndicate, relates to matters which directly or indirectly affect the finances of the University.
(ii) Such Regulation shall have effect from the date on which it is confirmed by the Senate or from such other date as the Senate may appoint 1

Provided that if at any time, except when the Senate is in session, the Academic Council makes a Regulation and considers its immediate enforcement necessary, the Academic Council may recommend to the Chancellor accordingly and the Chancellor shall thereupon, by order published in the Official Gazette, direct that the Regulation shall come into immediate effect, but such Regulation shall cease to have effect on the expiry of seven days from the date of the next meeting of the Senate unless confirmed by it :

Provided further that if any Regulation made by the Academic Council under the preceding proviso involves expenditure from the University fund, the Regulation shall be forwarded to the Chancellon through the Syndicate.
(3) Where the Syndicate has returned to the Academic Council a Regulation made by it and the Academic Council, on reconsideration of the matter, does not agree with the Syndicate, the Academic Council may refer the matter to the Senate through the Syndicate and thereupon the Senate may either confirm the Regulation or reject it.
35. Rules.-(1) The authorities and the Boards of the University may make Rules consistent with this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations-
(a) laying down the procedure to be observed at their meetings and the number of members required to form a quorum;
(b) laying down the procedure to be observed by Committees subordinate to any such authorities and the Boards at their meetings and the number of members required to form a quorum-;
(c) providing for all matters which by this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances or the Regulations are to be prescribed by Rulẹs; and

[Bihar Act-
[The Bihar State Universities ( Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpar and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(d) providing, for all other matters exclusively concerning such authorities, Committees and Boards and not provided for by this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances or the Regulations.
(2) Every authority of the University shall make Rules providing for the giving of notice to the members of such authority of the dates of meetings and of the business to be considered at meetings and for the keeping of a record of the proceedings of meetings.
(3) The Senate may direct the amendment, in such manner as its may specify, of any Rules made under this section or the annulment of any Rules made under sub-section (1).

\section*{HOSTELS.}
136. Hostels.-(1) Every hostel maintained by a college or approved and recognised by the University shall conform to such general or special conditions including conditions of residence as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.
(2) Wardens and superintending staff of hostels shall possess such qualifications and shall be appointed in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

\section*{ANNUAL REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY.}
37. Annual report. -The annual report on the working of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Syndicate and shall include the annual accounts of the University and shall be submitted to the Senate on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes and shall be considered by the Senate at its annual meeting and the Senate may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Syndicate for such action, if any, as may be specified in such resolutions:

Provided that no decision shall be taken on the annual accounts nor shall there be anything in the resolutions on the annual report which may have the effect of anticipating the report of the auditors on the annual accounts.

\section*{FINANCE, ACCOUNTS AND THE AUDIT OF THE UNIVERSTY.}
38. University Fund.-(1) There shall be established-
(i) for the Patna University, a Fund to be called the Patna University Fund;
(ii) for the University of Bihar, a Fund to be called the University of Bihar Fund;
(iii) for the Bhagalpur University, a Fund to be called the Bhagalpur University Fund'; and
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[The Bihar State Universities (Patra, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(iv) for the Ranchi University, a Fund to be called' the Ranchi

University Fund;
which shall be vested, in the University for the purpose of . this Act, subject to the provisions therein contained, and there shall be placed to the credit thereof -
(a) all sums contributed or granted to the University from. the Consolidated Fund of the State of Bihar by the State. Government for the purpose of the University or for the purposes of the colleges and all sums borrowed by the University for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this. Act and the Statutes, Ordinances, Rcgulations and Rules made thereunder;
(b) all moneys received by and on behalf of the institution and departments establishcd and maintained. by the University including all sums paid to the University under any provisions of this Act and the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules made thereunder:
(c) such percentage of the balance, if any, standing to the credit of the University of Bihar established and incorporated under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951), im-: mediately before the commencement of this Act as may be determined by the Governor of Bihar having regard to the claims of the Universities established and incorporated under section 3 ;
(d) all interests'and profits arising from endowments made to the University and all contributions, donations and subsidies received from any local authority or private persons;
(e) all fees payable and levied under this Act and the St́atutes, Ordinances and Regulations made there-under; and
( \(f\) ) all other sums received by the University, not included in clause (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e).
(2) The balance, if any, stending to the credit of the Patna University Fund established under section 37 of the Patina University, Act, 1951 (Bihar Act. XXY of 1951) on the date of commencement of this Act, shall prest in the Patna University fund established under clause ( \(a\) ) of sub-section (1).
(3) The University Fund shall be kept in such scheduled bank within the meaning of the Reserve Bank of India Act; 1934 (II of 1934), or invested in such securities authorised by the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (II of 1882), as may, from time to time, be approved by the State Government.

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[Bihar Act-
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpar and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(4) Nothing in this section shall in any way affect any obligations accepted by or imposed upon the Patna University established under the Patna University Act, 1917 (XVI of 1917), the Patna University established under the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) or the University of Bihar established under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951), by any declaration of trust executed by or on its behalf or by any scheme settled under the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890) for the adminstration of the trust in so far as such trust or scheme relates to the University or the Colleges.
39. Contribution by Government to the University and Colleges.(1) (i) The State Government shall contribute annually to the University. Fund including the funds of the colleges a recurring grant which shall include all such expenses, not being expenses of a capital or non-recurring nature, as are considered necessary by the State Government for the maintenance of the colleges transferred to the University under sub-section (6) of section 3 and of the departments maintained by the University.
(ii) The amount of the annual recurring grant determined by the State Government under clause (i) of sab-section (1) shall be specified in a notification to be published in the Official Gazette, within sixty days from the commencement of this Act, and the amount so determined and specified in the notification shall be final and shall not be questioned in any court of law.
\({ }^{\text {i }}\) (2) All grants-in-aid to the colleges by the State Government shall, after the commencement of this Act, be made available to such colleges through the University Fund in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the rules made in this behalf by the State Government.
(3) The State Government may contribute, from time to time, such additional grants to the University Fund or the funds of the colleges, as the case may be, as it may deem fit having regard to the need of expansion and development of University or the colleges.
40. Annual estimates of income and expenditure of colleges and University.-(1) The Principal of every college shall prepare in the prescribed form an estimate of its probable income including income from endowments and bequests, if any, and expenditure'for the next ensuing financial year and the same shall be considered and sanctioned by the governing body or managing committee of the college either without alteration or with such alterations as it thinks fit and a copy of the estimate so sanctioned shall 'be submitted by the college to the Syndicate on or before such dato as may be prescribed by the Statutes.
 sur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) (i) On receipt of the estimate under sub-section (1) it shall forthwith be referred by the Syndicate to the Finance Committee for scrutiny and report and thereupon the Finance Committee shall scrutinise every item of the estimate and in particular the portion of the estimate relating to grants-in-aid to the college and submit a report to the Syndicate within such time as may be prescribed by the Statutes.
(ii) The Syndicate shall forthwith take into consideration the report of the Finance Committee and return the estimate to the college for rectification of such defects therein, if any, as to the Syndicate may appear necessary or desirable.
(3) The Finance Committee shall prepare the annual estimates of income and expenditure of the University for the next ensuing financial year and shall, on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, forward the same together with a memorandum containing explanatory notes thereon to the Syndicate which may approve the estimates either without alteration or with such alterations as it thinks fit and the estimates so approved be the Syndicate shall be laid before the Senate at its annual meeting.
(4) Every estimate prepared under sub-section (3) shall make provisions for the due fulfilment of all the liabilities of the University including the allotment of grants to the colleges in accordance with the rules framed by the State Government under subsection (2) of section 34 and for the efficient administration of the Act and the Statutes, the Ordinances, the Regulations and the Rules made thereunder.
(5) Every estimate under this section shall be prepared in such form and shall contain such details as may be prescribed by the Statutes.
41. Consideration of estimates by the Senate. -The Senate shall consider every estimate laid before it under sub-section (3) of section 40 and shall sanction the same, either without alteration or with such alterations as it may think fit.
42. Restrictions on expenditure not included in the budget.-(1) No sum shall be expended by or on behalf of the University unless the expenditure of the same is covered by a current budget grant or can be met by reappropriation or by drawing on the closing balance.
(2) The closing balance shall not be reduced below such amount as may be prescribed by the Statutes.
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
43. Objects to which University Fiund may be applied.-The University Fund shall be applicable to the following objects :-
(a) to the repayment of debts incurred by the University fpr the purposes of this Act and the Statutes, the Ordinances, the Regulations and the Rules made thereunder;
(b) to the upkeep of departments established by the University, hostels maintained by it and colleges transferred to it under sub-section (6) of section 3 or soction 57 ;
(c) to the payment of the salaries and allowances of officers, teachers and other seryants of the University, and of any provident fund contributions to any such officers, tẹachers and other servants ;
\((d)\) to the payment of the travelling and other allowances of the members of the Senate, the Syndicate, the Academic Council and any other authorities of the University or the members of any Committees or Boards appointed by any of the authorities of the University in pursuance of any provisions of this Act, and the Statutes, the Regulations and the Rules made thereunder ;
(e) to the making of grants to the colleges and other institutions ;
\((f)\) to the payment of the cost of audit of the University Fund under section 44 and of the cost of audit of the accounts of any college under section 45 ;
( \(g\) ) to the payment of expenses of any suit or proseeding to which the University is party ;
\((h)\) to the payment of any expense incurred by the University in carrying out the provisions of this Act, and the Statutes, the Ordinances, the Regulations and the Rules made thereunder ; and
(i) to the payment of any other expense, not specified in any of the preceding clauses, declared by the Senate to be the expense for the purpose of the University.
44. Account and audit of the University Fund.-(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act and the Statutes made thereunder, the annual accounts of the University \({ }^{1}\) shall be audited by auditors appointed by the Accountant-General, Bihar.
(2) A copy of the annual accounts of the University together with the auditors' report thereon shall be submitted by the Syndicate, within six months of the receipt of the report, to the State Government, the Chancellor and the Senate and the Chancellor shall cause the same to be published in the Official Gazette. pur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(3) (i) Within six months of the receipt of the auditors' feport under sub-section (2), the Senate shall appoint an \(a d\) hoc Committer consisting of the Examiner of Lodad Accounts; "Bihar, adid eitht. members of the Senate who are not members of the syditate.
(ii) The said Gommittee shall be known' as the University' 'Audit Committee and shall have power, for the purpose of examining the auditors' report, to call for explanations from the controling and disbursing officers and ite may-
(a) suggest ways and means to avoid in future any misuse of \(f_{\mathrm{c}}\), the University Fund or irregularity in the accounts of . the University;
(b) suggest the recovery of any sum on actount of ariny payment contrary to law from a University atuthority, officer or servant or ffrom any person making or authres rising such payment, or the fecovery of the amdunt df: any loss or deficiency against the person responsible theirefor or any amount which ought to have been but which is not brought' into account against the perison failing to account for such amount.
(4) 'The auditors' report together with the University Audit Committee's report thereon shall be submitted to the Sehate and the State Government for such action as they think fit.
(5) It shall be lawful for the State Government eithor on the suggestion of the University Audit Committee or on its own motion to require any authority, officer or servant of the University or any other person who is found to have spent or authorised the expenditure of any amount in excess of the amounts provided in the budget or in violation of any provision of the Act, the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations or Rules or is found to have failed to account for ainy amount, to reimburse the amount in the manner prescribed by the Statutes:

Provided that no order for reimbursement shall be made until the authority, officer, servant or the person concerned has been given a reasonable opportunity of making a representation and the representation has been considered by the State Government.
45. Audit of accounts of colleges.-(1) The à̈counts of every college shall be audited and examined annually by a qualified accountant appointed as auditor by the Syndicäte.
(2) The auditor may, by written notice, require the production before him of any documents or the attendance before him of any person responsible for the preparation of the accounts, to enable the auditor to obtain such intormation as he may consider necessary for the proper conduct of the audit. pur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(3) After completing the audit, the auditor shall submit a report to the Syndicate :

Provided that the auditor may submit an inferim report at any time he thinks fit.
(4) The cost of the audit of the accounts of a college shall be met from the University Fund.
4. SPower of State Government to have accounts of the University or college audited.-If it so considers necessary, the State Government may cause the accounts of the University or any college to be audited by such agency as it thinks fit and on receipt of the audit report it may, after calling for a, report from the University or college on the points raised therein and after considering the same, issue such directions as it thinks fit and thereupon the University or the college, as the case may be, shall comply with such directions within the time specified therein.
47. The Finance Committee.-(1) The Finance Committee shall consist of the Treasurer as the Chairman, an officer of the State Government not below the rank of a Deputy Secretary and four other members not being members of the Syndicats appointed by the Chancellor out of a panel of eight persons recommended by the Syndicate.
(2) The term of office of members other than the ex-officio members shall be for a period of three years with effect from the respective dates of their appointment and shall include any further period which may elapse between the expiration of the said three years and the date of the next succeeding appointment, not being an appointment to fill up any casual vacancy under section 53.
(3) The Finance Committee shall-
(a) advise the University on any question affecting its finances;
(b) prepare the annual estimates of income and expenditure of the University including the estimates of the departments of the University and of the colleges maintainel by it;
(c) subject to Statutes, have power to scrutinise the estimates of the colleges;
(d) subject to Statutes, have power to scrutinise every item of new expenditure not provided in the budget estimates of the University and the colleges;
(e) be responsible for the strict observance of the Statutes relating to the maintenance of accounts of income and expenditure of the University; and


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- The Bihar State' Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
\((f)\) discharge such other functions of 'financial nature as may, from time to time, be prescribed \({ }^{\text {² }}\) by the Statutes or entrusted to 'it by the Senate or the Syndicate.
48. Inspection of colleges.-(1) Every affiliated college shall, furnish such reports, retirns and other information as the, Syndicate, after consulting the Academic Council, may'require to enable it to judge of the efficiency of the college.
(2) The Syndicate shall cause every such college to be inspected from time to time.
(3) The Syndicate may call upon any college so inspected to take, within a specified period, such action as may appear to it to be necessary in respect of any of the matters specified in any Statutes made under clause (d) of section 30 or under section 49.
49. Relations of affiliated colleges with the 'University;-The relations of the affiiated colleges with the University shall be governed by the Statutes to be made in that behalf, and such. Statutes shall provide in particular for the exercise by the University of the following powers in respect of the colleges affiliated to the University:-
(i) to lay down minimum educational qualifications for the different classes of teachers and tutorial staff employed by such colleges and the conditions of their service;
(ii) to approve the appointments of the teachers made by such colleges;
(iii) to co-ordinate and regulate the facilities provided and expenditure incurred by such colleges in regard to. libraries, laboratories and other equipments for teaching. and research ;
(iv) to require such colleges, when necessary, to confine the enrolment of students to certain subjects;
\((v)\) to regulate conditions of service of teachers of such colleges including the grant of leave with or without. allowances and the constitution of pension, insurance and provident funds for the benefit of such teachers; and
(vi) to require satisfactory arrangements for tutorial and similar other work in such colleges and to inspect such arrangements from time to time :
Provided that such colleges shall supplement such teaching by tutorial or other instruction or training in a manner to be prescribed by the Regulations to be made by the Academic Council.
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpour and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]

\section*{Enrolment and Degrees.}
50. Qualifications for enrolment of students of the University. -No student shall be enrolled as a student of the University unless he has passed the Higher Secondary School Examination or any equivalent examination held by the University or any other University or body incorporated by any law for the time being in force and recognised by the University.

\section*{Supplementary provisions.}
51. Appointment of Commission to inquire in to working of Univer sity.-(1) The State Government may at any time by order published in the Official Gazette, constitute a Commission which shall consist of a Chairman and such other members as the State Government may appoint, and the order shall define the procedure to be followed by the Commission.
(2) The Commission constituted under sub-section (1) shall inquire into and report on-
(i) the working of the University during the period of inquiry ;
(ii) the financial position of the University including the financial position of its colleges and departments;
(iii) any changes to be made in the provisions of this Act or the Statutes, the Ordinances and the Regulations made thereunder with a view to bringing about improvements in the affairs of the University ; or
(iv) such other matters as may be referred to it by State Government ;
and make such recommendations to the State Government as it thinks fit.
(3) On receipt of the recommendations of the Commission under subsection (2), the State Government shall forthwith refer the same to the Senate for consideration and report, and immediatell after the Senate has, considered the recommendations and submitted its report to the State Government, it shall be the duty of the State Government to take the report into consideration and pass such order thereon as it thinks fit and cause the same to be published in the Official Gazette and thereupon the University shall comply with the order within such time as may be specified by the State Government.

\section*{MISCELLANEOUS AND TRANSITORY PROVISIONS.}
52. Disputes as to constitution of University authorities and bodies. -If any question arises whether'any person has duly become, or is entitled to be, a member of the Senate, the Syndicate or

\section*{XXV of 1980.]}

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[The Bihar State Universities (Pàtna, Universitity of Bihar, Bhagalpar and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
the Academic 'Council, the matter shall'be referred to the Chancellor whose decision thereon shall be final.
53. Filling of varancies.--All vacancies among the members (other than ex-officio members) of any authority or other body of the University by reason of death, resignation or otherwise shall be filled, as soon as conveniently may be, by the person or body who appointed, nominated, elected or co-opted the member whose place has become vacant, and the person so appointed, nominated, elected or co-opted shall be a renter of such authority or body for the unexpired portion of the term for which the member, in whose place such person is appointed, nominated, elected or co-opted, would otherwise have continued in office:

Provided that pending the appointment, nomination or election of any person to fill any such vacancy in the manner aforesaid, the vacancy (other than a vacancy in the Senate) may, if the authority or body of the University so decides, be filled by the co-option of any person qualified to fill such vacancy under the provisions of this Act, and any person so co-opted shall hold office as a member of such authority or body until a person is appointed, nominated or telected thereto in accordance with the provisions of this Act.-

54; Proceedings of University authorities and bodies not invalidated by vacancies. -No act or proceeding of any authority or other body of the University shall be invalid merely by reason of the existence of a vacancy or vacancies among its members.
55. Conditions of service of officers and teachers of the University.(1) Every salaried officer of the University and every teacher employed in a University Department other than officers and teachers who are members of the public services in India and whose services have been lent to the University under clause (i) of subsection (2), shall be appointed on a written contract, which shall be lodged with the Registrar of the University and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the officer or teacher concerned.
(2) Any member of the public services in India whom it is proposed to appoint to a post in the Girivèrsity shall, subject to the approval of such appointment by the Government concerned and the terms thereto, have the option-
(i) of having his services lent to the University and remaining, at any time, liable to recall to the service of the Government at the option of the Government corcorned; or

[Bihar AAdt
.[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(ii) of resigning, the service of the Government on entering the service of the University:
Provided that where the University, after consultation with the State Public Service Commission, is satisfied that an officer or teacher, being a servant of the Government whose services have been lent to the University deserves the punishment of dismissal, removal or reduction in rank, the University shall forward to the Government the proceedings instituted against such officer or teacher together with all connected papers including the findings of the State Public Service Commission, and thereupon the Govern: ment shall forthwith cause the said officer or teacher to be reverted to the service of the Government and take such action against him as it thinks fit.
(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law or contract the following provisions shall apply to all officers, teachers and other servants who immediately before the commencement of this Act were in the employ of the Patna University established under the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) or the University of Bihar established under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951):-
(a) The State Government shall, as soon as may be, after, the commencement of this Act, apportion such officers, teachers and other servants between the different Universities specified in sub-section (1) of section 3.
(b) On such apportionment such officers, teachers and servants, shall be deemed to have been transferred to the Univer-. sity to which they are allotted under clauso (a) with effect from the date of commencement of this Act.
(c) The University to which such officers, teachers andr servants are deemed to have been transferred under, clause (b) shall employ them subject to such terms and conditions as were in force immediately before the \({ }^{t}\) commencement of this Act and they shall be subject to such disciplinary control as are for the time being. applicable to the officers, teachers and other servants of that University appointed under this Act.
56. Pension, gratuity, insurance and provident funds.-(1) The; University shall constitute, for the benefit of its officers, teachers; and other servants (other than the officers and teachers who are. members of the public services in India and whose senvices have merely been lent to the University under section 55), in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes, such pension, gratuity, insurance and provident funds as it may deem fit.


XIV of 1960.]
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[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
(2) Where any such pension, gratuity, insurance or provident fund has been so constituted, the State Government may declare that the provisions of the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925) shall apply to such fund as if it were a State Provident Fund.
57. Transfer of colleges to the University and other provisions connected with or incidental to such transfer.-(1) The State Government may, at any time after the commencement of this Act, by order published in the Official Gazette, direct that any college owned and maintained by the State Government including the attached, hostels and other buildings forming part of such college together, with the articles of furniture, library, books, laboratories, stores, iustruments, apparatus, appliances and equipments of such college., shall, with effuct from such date and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the order, be transferred to the University und upon the publication of the said order, such college including the attached hostels and other buildings forming part of such college together with the articles of furniture, library, books, laboratories, stores, instruments, apparatus, appliances and equipments \({ }^{\circ}\) of such college shall be deemed to have been transferred to the maintenance and control of the University as its college :

Provided that until arrangements are made by the University, the State Government shall be and continue to be responsible for keeping the buildings of the said college, including fixtures, fittings and connections, in a proper state of repairs, as may from time to time be required by the University.
(2) Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to authorise the University to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of any land or building transferred to the Uni, ersity under sub-section (1) or under sub-section (6) of section 3.
(3) Where any college has been transferred to the maintenance and control of the University by an order under sub-section (1), then, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act-
(a) the University shall employ on sưch terms as may be determined by the State Government all members of the teaching staff and other servants of the State Government who, immediately before the date of the publication of the said order, were serving in, or were attached to, that college ;
(b) the University shall consider, in consultation with the State Government, the claims to appointment in the service of the University of such teachers employed in any other educational institutions either within or without the territorial limits of the University as were in the service of the Government immodiately, before.


[Bihar Act
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpour and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]

\begin{abstract}
the date of such transfer in vacancies which in the event of such vacancies being filled by appointment or promotion of the teachers of the University who were immediately before the date of such transfer in the service of the Government, may involve the supersession of the claims of the teachers employed in the
\end{abstract} educational institutions referred to above.
(4) If the State Government is at any time satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary to withdraw any college transferred to the University under sub-section (1) or under sub: section (6) of section 3 it may, by an order published in the Official Gazette, rescind the transfer and withdraw such college from the maintenance and control of the University.
58. Removal by Chancellor of difficulties at the commencement of this Act.-If any difficulty arises with respect to the establishment of the University or in connection with the first meeting of any authority of the University or otherwise in first giving effect to the provisions of this Act or the Statutes the Chancellor may, at any time before all the authorities of the University have beer constituted, by order make any appointment or do anything consistent, so far as may be, with the provisions of this Act and the Statutes, which appear to him necessary or expedient for the parpose of removing the difficulty, and every such order shall have effect as if such appointment or action had been made or taken in the manner provided in this Act:

Provided that, before making any such order, the Chancellor shall ascertain and consider the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, and of such of the appropriate authorities of the University as may have been constituted, on the proposed order.
59. Transitory provisions.-(1) On the day on which this Act comes into force, the Chancellor shall appoint a person qualified under sub-section (1) of section 9 to be the Vice-Chancellor of the University.
(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the ViceChancellor may, for a period of six months from the commencement of this Act and with the previous approval of the Chancellor and subject to the provision of funds by the State Government or otherwise, discharge all or any of the functions of the University for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act and for that purpose may exercise any powers or perform any duties which by this Act are to be exercised or performed by any officer or authority of the University, not being an officer or authority in existence at the time when such powers are exercised or such duties'are performed.


XIV of 1960.1
[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, Üniversity of Bihar, Bhagalput and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
60. Continuance of Statutes, Ordinances, etc., which were in force under the Bihar Acts XXV and XXVII. of 1951. -Until Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules are made under the appropriate provisions of this Act-
(a) in so far as the Patna University mentioned in subsection (1) of section 3 is concerned-
(i) the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules, which were in force under the Patna University Act, 1951. (Bihar Act XXV of 1951), immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall, subject to such adaptations or modifications as may be made therein by the Vice-Ohancellor with the approval of the Chancellor, in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, ke deemed to be Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations ard Rule; made under the appropriate provisions of this Act;
(ii) in respect of matters for which there are no provisions in the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations or Rules mentioned in subiclapse ( \(i\) ), the appropriate provisions contained in the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations or Rules which were in force under the University of Bihar Act, 195l (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) immediately before the commencement of this Act shall, subject to such adaptation or modification as may be made therein by the ViceChancellor with the approval of the Chancellor, in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, be deemed to be Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules, made under the appropriate provisions of this Act ;
(b) in so far as the Universities, other than the Patna University, mentioned in subsection (1) of section 3 are concerned, the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules which were in force under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall, subject to such adaptations or modifications as may be made therein by the Vice-Chancellor with the approval of the Chancellor, in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, be deemed to be Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules made under the appropriate provisions of this Act.
[The Bihar State Universities (Paina, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]

\begin{abstract}
61. Dice-Chancellor to take necessary action for election, appointment, nomination and co-option of members to the Senate, Syndicate and the Academic Council.-The Vice-Chancellor shall take necessary action for elections being held, appointments, nominations and co-option being made, under this Act so that the newly elected, appointed, nominated or co-opted members as the case may be, of the Senats, the Syndicate and the Academic Council as constituted under this Act shall come into office on the date following the expiration of the period specified in sub-section (2) of section 59 and the term of office of the members of the said authorities of the University shall be deemed to commence from the said date.
\end{abstract}
62. Saving as to certain examinations.-Notwithstanding anything contained-in this Act, the Statutes, Ordinances or the Regulations-
(a) any sfudent who immediately prior to the commencement of \({ }^{\star}\) this Act was studying for a degree, diploma or certificate of the University of Bihar established under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) in accordance with the Regulations in force under that Act, may until such examination is provided by the University, be admitted to the examination of the University of Bihar established and incorporated under section 3 and be conferred the degree, diploma or certificate of the latter University for which he qualifies on the result of such examination ;
(b) any student who immediately prior to commencement of this Act was studying for a degree, diploma or certificate of the Patna University established under the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) in accordance with the Regulations in force under that Act, shall be admitted to the examination of the Patna University established and incorporated under section 3 and be conferred the degree, diploma or certificate of the latter University for which he qualifies on the result of such examination; and
(c) if the Patna University established undor the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) or the University of Bihar established under the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) has held any examination the result of which has been published but the degrees, diplomas or certificates relating thereto have not been conferred or issued, or the result of any such examination has not been published, by the said University, then such examination held by the former University shall be

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[The Bihar State Universities (Patna, University of Bihar, Bhagalpur and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]
> deemed to have been held by the Patna University established and incorporated ander section 3 and such examination held by the latter University- shall be deepmed, to have been held by thể University of Bihâr established and incorporated under the said section.

1,63. Repeal of certain enactments. \(4(1)\). The enactments in the schedule annexed to this Act' are hereby repealed.
- (2): Nótwithstanding such repeal,' and subject to 'the provisions of section 64, all appointments made, orders issued, degrees, diplomas or certificates conferred or issued,' privileges granted or other things done under any such enactments and in force im. mediately before the commencemert of this Act shail, so far as they are inot inconsistent with this Act, be deemed to have been respectitelly made, 'issued, conferred; grańtèd or' done ưndến'this Act;
(3) Notwithstanding the repeal of the -Patna Unixersity Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of ligni) and the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of, 1951), the State \(\%\) Goyernment shall hof the right to cause the accounts of the Universities established "udind incorporated under, the said Acts to be audited by such agency as it thinks fit and on the recgipt opf, the audit report to take puch aqtion thereon as it may consider necessary.
64. Certain appointments, etc., not to have effect unless approved by the State Government.-Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in the Patna University Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXV of 1951) or the University of Bihar Act, 1951 (Bihar Act XXVII of 1951) any appointment including promotion or grant made or affliation granted or fee enhanced, after the twenty-third day of May, 1960, by any of the authorities or officers of the Universities established under the said Aets of 1951 , shall not have effect unless' they "Ate" approved by the State Government, and the provisions of this section shall be deemed to have come into force on the said date.
[Bihar Act XIV of 1960.] [The Bihar .State Universities; (Patna, University of Bitarar, Bhagalpar and Ranchi) Act, 1960.]

SCHEDULE.
(See section 63.)


SP (LD.) \(42-\) Monc-8,110+200-20.7-1960—RAKS \& others.


List of Agents for the year 1980.
1. Messrs. Etwari Sahu and Sons, Mahendru, Patna.
2. Messrs. Western Law House, Station Road; Patna.
3. Messrs. Motilal Banarsi Das, Bankipur, Patna.
4. Secretary, Dealers Welfare Syndicate, 12-Anant Ram Lane, Bhagalpur.
5. Messrs. K. L. Mathur and Bros.; Dewan Mohalla, Patna City.
6. Messrs. Laxmi Trading Co., Padri-ki-Haveli, Patna City.
7. Messrs. Choudhry and Sons, Law Book-mellers; Mahendru, Patna.
8. Messrs. Amar Kitab Ghar, Jamshedpur-1.
9. Messrs. Pustak Mahal, Ranchi.
10. Messrs. Oxford Book \(\int\) and Stationery Co., Scinedia House New Delhi.
11. Sri K. L. Mukhopadhya, 6/1 A, Banohharam Akrur Lane, Calcutta-12.
12. Measrs. B. S. Jain \& Co., 71-Abupura, Muzaffarnagar, D. P. 13. Proprietor, Tilak Press, Giridih, Haxaribagh.

25. Establishment of Non-Resident Student Gentres Affiliated Colleges.

The Commission at its meeting held in. September, 1959 decided that a grant of Rs. 35,000 each, may be given for the construction of Non-Resident Students Centres in Affiliated Colleges provided the estimated cost of the centre was not less than Rs. 35,000 .

On this basis the Chairman approved in principle the proposals of the following Colleges for the construction of NonResident Student Centres. The share of the University Grants Commission in each case will be limited to Rs.35;000/=.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Name of the College. & Total cost. & Share of U.G.C. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{AGRA UNIVERSITY.} \\
\hline D.A.V. College, Kanpur . & 59,502 & 35,000 \\
\hline D.A.V. College, Muzaffarnagar & 62,779 & 35,000 \\
\hline D.A.V. College, Deradun. & 56,607 & 35,000 \\
\hline R S M. College, Dampur . & 70,320 & 35,000 \\
\hline 仵RE.C. College, Khurja. & 62,309.30 & 35,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Allahabad University.
Allahabad Agricultural \(\quad 70,000\)
Institute, Allahabad.
Institute, Allahabad.
(Contd. ... .20.)

Andhra University. Ar.B.B.N. College, 58,000


35,000 Nidubrc.lu.

Gujarat University
Shri Ramánand Maha- 71,000 35,000 vidyalaya, Ahmedabad.

Madras University.
\begin{tabular}{lcc}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
P.S.G. College of \\
Technology, \\
Coimbatore.
\end{tabular} & \(1,00,000\) & 35,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Alagappa College, \\
Karaikuaj.
\end{tabular} & 57,500 & 35,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Thiagaragar College, \\
Madurai.
\end{tabular} & 57,290 & 35,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Fatima College, \\
Madurai.
\end{tabular} & 72,600 & 35,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
St. Mary's College, \\
Tuticorin.
\end{tabular} & 56,500 & 35,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Layola College, \\
Madras.
\end{tabular} & 60,480 & 35,000
\end{tabular}

Mysore University.
Sarada Vilas College, 62,000 35,000
Mysore.

Nagpur University.
4malok Chand \(\quad 62,400\)
Mahavidyalaya,
Yeotral:

Poona University.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Science College, & 64,000, & 35,000 \\
Kharad. & & \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Chhatrapathi Sivaji \\
College, Satara.
\end{tabular} & \(80,074\). & 35,000
\end{tabular}

Saugar University
Lahiri College, 58,630 . 35,000
Chirimiri.

Bihar University.
R.D.S. College, 59,648 35,000 Muzaffarpur.


26.

Gauhati University - Construction of 6 additional hostels.

While considering a request from the Gauhati University . for reimbursement of the cost of staff quarters that had been built earlier by the University, the Commission decided that retrospective grants of this kind should not be made, but agreed that if the University required more generous treatment in any scheme that may be considered favourably.

The University recently made a request for financial assistance towards the construction of 6 hostels to accommodate 312 students at a cost of ks.5.94 lakhs in addition to five hostels already constructed with the Commission's assitance at \(50 \%\) of the total cost of Rs. 26.24 lakhs. In view of the situation of the University at a place where residential facilities are not easily available and the fact that the nearest town is about 7 miles of hill road way the Chairman approved the proposal of. the University. The share of the Commission at \(50 \%\) of the cost will be is. 2 . 97 lakhs.
27. Bihar University - Construction of hostels at Muzzaffarpur, Ranchi and Bhagalpur - Under the Second Five Year Plan.

The University Grants Commission had allocated a sum of Rs. 5 lakhs for payment as loan to the Bihar University under the Second Five Year Plan for the construction of hostels.' The University forwarded plans and estimates for the construction of three hostels, one each to accommodate 50 students at Ranchi, Bhagalpur and Muzaffarpur at a' total cost of Rs ,5,00,250 and requested that \(50 \%\) grant be given by the Commission for the purpose, the University/State Government being prepared to bear the other \(50 \%\). The Chairman agreed to the request of the University and approved the construction of the hostel buildings.
(Contd........... 22.)


It was also decided that there should be a discussion with the State Government regarding the future set up of Universities in Bihar
28. Calcutta University - Construction of a Hostel for 61 students for the residence of Postgraduate students of the Economics Department.

The Commission had allocated a sum of R. 10 lakhs to the Calcutta University for payment as loan under the Second Five Year Plan for the construction of kostels. The University forwarded to the Commission a proposal for the construction of a hostel for 61 Post-graduate students of the Economics Department of the Calcutta University at a cost of Rs. 2,77,967.71 nP. and requested that a grant at \(50 \%\) may be given by the Commission , the University/State Government being prepared to share the other \(50 \%\). The Chairman has agreod to the proposal.
29. Panjab University - Construction of er.fourth hostel for boys.

The Commission has already approved the construction of 3 hostels for boys in the Punjab University at a cost of R. 11 lakhs each for 330 students. These hostels are nearing completion. The University requested that another hostel to accommodate about 300 students may be sanctioned by the Commission in view of the expectation of 1300 students on the campus from the next academic session and the fact that Chandigarh has no facilities for the private accommodation of students.

In the circumstances, the Chairman acceesd to the request of the University for the construction of \({ }^{-}\) fourth hostel for 330 students at a cost of Rs. 11 lakhs against which the share of the Commission at \(50 \%\) will be Rsw \(5,50,000 /-, 50 \%\) being borne by the University/State Government.
(con \(4 . . . . . .23\).
30. Utkal University - Construction of a hostel for men students at Bhubaneshwar.

The Commission allocated a sum ks. 7 lakhs for payment as loan to the Utkal University for the construction of hostels and staff quarters under the Second five Year Plan. The University later on sent to the Commission a proposal for the construction of three 3-storeyed blocks of hostels for accommodating 99 students in each block, apart from three Sub-Wardens, one for each floor in two single seated rooms, at an estimated cost of Rs .10,57,135/- and requested that half of the amount be provided by the Commission. The Chairman acceded to the proposal.
31. Aligarh Muslim University - Provision of a garden for the newly constructed library building.

The scheme of the Aligarh Muslim University for the construction of a new library building has been approved by the University Grants Commission at a cost of Rs. \(16,49,800 /-\) including provision of lift, furniture, lighting, telephone connections etc. The University later on submitted a proposal for the provision of a garden for the library building at a cost of Rs. \(23,000 / \mathrm{m}\).

The Chairman approved a sum of fis.10,000/- for this purpose at \(1 \%\) of the typical cost of R. 10 lakhs for a University library.
32. Kerala University - Additional grant for purchase of furniture for the University Library.

The University Grants Commission approved the scheme of the Kerala University for the construction of. a Library building at a cost of Rs .9,40,000/-, (exclusive of furniture and fittings). The building is nearing completion. The university requested that a sum of Rs. \(2,45,000 /\) - be approved by the Commission

for the purchase of furniture for the Library.
In accordance with the general rule, that \(20 \%\) of the cost of a Library Building may represent the cost of furniture, the Chairman approved a sum of Rs.1,88,000/- being 20\% of Rs.9,40,000/-for this purpose and approved payment of a sum of lis \(1,25,333 /-\) at \(66 \frac{2}{3}\) of the cost.
33.

Visva-Bharati - Extension of Post Docitoral Research Scholarship of is. \(400 /\) - p.ma.

The Commission had as a special case vide Resolution No. 16 dated 30th/31st August, 1957, approved payment of a Post Doctoral Rosearch Fellowships of Rs.400/- per month to two Scholars at Visva-Bharati for a period of two years.

One of the recipients of the Scholarship was Dr. (Miss) Trina Ray who was engaged in research in Indian Glassical Music. On the recormendation of the University that she was doing good work and as the research work had not. been completed in the stipulated period of two years, the Chairman agreed to the extension of the Scholarship from 9-4-1959 to 8-4-1960, as a special case, so that the work may be completed successfully.
34.

Visva-Bharati - Construction of Administrative building.

The University Grants Commission had approved in principle, the scheme of Visva-Bharati University for the construction of an Administrative Block at a cost of Rs.2.6 lakchs The University submitted plans and estimates for the proposed building at a cost of Rs.4,25,216/- on the basis of suggestions made by the Building Sub-Committee of the Commission. The Chairman, approved the increased cost, subject to the examination of the plans and estimates by the C.F.W.D.
35.

Osmania Univorsity - Construction of staff guarters.

The Chairman approved the proposal of the Osmania University, in principle, for the construction of 30 staff quarters at on estimated cost of Rs.4,65,000/1 @ Rs.15,500 per quarter, on the Vice-Chancellor pressing the urgency of the need for these quarters as a result of the location of the University at some distance from the City.
36. Distribution of the Indian National Bibliography to the Universities and their affiliated colleges in India.

The Government of India has published an Indian National Bibliography in view of the importance and utility of this publication, the Chairman has approved a proposal for giving financial assistance to about 400 affiliated colleges towards the purchase of the Bibliography. The Universities have been asked to recommend the names of such affiliated colleges as could make profitable use of the volume. The cost of the volume is Rs.50/-.
37. Delhi University - Research on Buddhist Monk Communities and Monastries in India,

The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No.3(8) of 8th/9th February, 1958 approved a two-year scheme of the Delhi University for research on "Buddhist Monk Communities and Monastries in Indial at a total cost of fis.18,000/- (R) under the Second Five Year Plan.

The. scheme was started from 2.1.1958 and the sanction expired on 1.1.1960. The University requested the continuance of the schome for another 6 months at an additional cost of Rs.3,500/- representing the salary of one Research Fellow and miscellaneous expenditure of Rs.500/- as the work to the extent of \(4 / 5\) th only had been completed.
(Contd . . . . .26.)

The Chairman agreed to the proposal of the
University.
38.

Poona University - Additional cost for the hostels.

The Poona University was paid an interest-bearing loan of Rs. \(4,78,000 /\) - by the Ministry of Education for the construction of two hostels for men and women students on the recommendation of the University Grants Commission. The University furnished a completion certificate for is. \(6,30,415 /\) - from the local P.W.D. towards the construction of these hostels. In the circumstances, payment of an additional amount of Rs.1,52,415/- as interest bearing loan has been recommended to the Ministry of Education.
39. Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth - Construction of a Girls Hostel

The Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth approached the University Grants Commission for financial assistance towards the construction of a Girls \({ }^{\text {i }}\) Hostel for 204 students in 102 double-bedded rooms at an estimated cost on kis.6,47,500/excluding furniture. The University has at present provision for accommodating 79 women students out of a total of 187. The University intimated that this number if expested to increase rapidly on the completion of various development schemes of the University approved by the Commission. On the State Government/University agreeing to share the expenditure at \(25 \%\) of the approved cost, the Chairman approved the proposal for the construction of a Girls' Hostel and agreed to the payment of a grant of Rs. 4, \(85,625 /\) - towards the project.
40. Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth - Construction of staff guartcrs

The"Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth approached the (Contã. . .2.7.)
...: 27 :....

University Grants Commission for financial assistance at \(50 \%\) of the cost of construction of 106 staff quarters of different types at Rs.13,17,666/- including ls.1,08,500 for land.

As the University stands in need of staff quarters for attracting well-qualified teachers, situated as it is in a town where residential facilities are scarce, the Chairman acceded to the request of the University for putting up the quarters at an estimated cost of Rs.12,09,000/- excluding the cost of land, as the Commission does not help State Universities in regard to purchase of land. The State Government hes agreed to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\) the remaining \(50 \%\) 1.ers. \(6,04,500 /-\) is to be met by the Commission.
41. Establishment of printing Presses in Universities.

The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 29 of 11th/12th February, 1960 agreed that financial assistance may be given to Universities for the establishment of Printing Presses on the revised basis at a cost of Rs.1,21,000/- for machinery and Rs .60,000/- for building.

The decision of the Commission was communicated to the Universities. Some of the Universities have requested that assistance be made available under the scheme towards the, improvement of existing Printing Presses which are not functioning properly or are unable to cope with the volume of work. .

The Chairman has agreed to the request on the ground that consolidation is as important as development.
42. M.S. University of Baroda - Furniture for the building of Indian Music, Dance and'Dramatics . The University Grants Commission had on the 18th
\[
\text { ...: } 28 \text { :.... }
\]


February 1957, approved the construction of a building for the College of Indian Music, Dance and Dramatics of the Baroda Eniversity at a total cost of ls.1,50,000 (NR) under the Second Five Year Plan.

The Baroda University approached the Cormission for provision of furniture for the building at an estimated cost of Rs.15,553 (NR).

The Chairman sanctioned assistance on the basis of \(66 \frac{2}{3}: 33 \frac{1}{3}\). The share of Commission of the cost of furniture will be Rs. \(10,369 /-(N R)\).
43. . Banaras Hindu University - Holding of Summer School of Vedic Studies.

The Banaras Hindu University approached the University Grants Commission for a grant of Rs.2,000/- towards holding a Sumner-School of Vedic Studies as an activity of the Department of Indology from 25th May to 5th June, 1960.

The Chairman agreed in principle to the provision of Rs.2,000/- for this purpose subject to any adjustment that may be necessary within the amount on the University submitting a detailed statement of accounts.
44. Mysore University - Holding an All India Seminar on Administrative Law at Bangalore,

The Mysore University requested that financial assistance be given by the Commission towards the cost of fis.30,000/- for holding an All India Seminar on Administrative Law in collaboration with the Indian Law Institute during the summer vacation of 1960 - from 16th May to 11th June 1960 at Bangalore.

The Commission has been normally giving not more than Rs.5,000/- to any university for holding an All India Conference in a particular subject of teaching and research.
(Contd.... 29.).

The Commission had also agreed to contribute a sum of Rs.49,000 (NR) towards holding of a summer School of Linguistics under the auspices of the Poona University in 1960.

In view of the importance of Administrative Law in recent times with the emergence of the Welfare State and consequent assumption of responsibility for new areas of administration by Government, the Chairman approved the proposal for holding of the Conference and agreed to contribute a sum not exceeding Rs. \(30,000 /\) - towards it, subject to a detailed statement of income and expenditure being furnished by the University.
45. Allahabad University - Revision of basis of grant for Library Books (Humanities).

The Commission at its meeting held on 8th July, 1958 accepted the recommendation of the Visiting Committee which examined the scheme of the Allahabad University for the development of Post-graduate Studies and Research in Humanities under the Second Five Year Plan (Item 39).

The Committee had, among other things, recommended that a sum of Rs. \(1,38,600 /-\) may be approved for addition of books and Journals in Ants subjects on a sharing basis of \(66 \frac{2}{3} \%\) U.G.C. and \(33 \frac{1}{3} \%\) University.

The University requested that the condition of sharing be waived in regard to the purchase of the books and Journals.

In view of the fact that the Commission generally
sanctions book grants to the Universities on a non-sharing basis, the Chairman agreed to this.
46. M.S. Universe ty of Baroda - Development of the Departments of Painting and Sculpture under Ind Five Year Plan.

The M.S. University of Baroda submitted to the
\[
\text { (Contd... } 30 . \text { ) }
\]

Commission a scheme for the development of the departments of Painting and Sculpture under the IInd Five Year Plan.

The following faculties have been approved by the Chairman for this purpose after the proposal has been examined 'on the spot' by on Officer of the Commission.
(i) Building including electric
fittings etc. to house two
additional stuctures one ... Rs.90,000 (NR) each for the Department of Painting and Sculpture.
(ii) Putting up a Mazeanine floor for the present ... Rs.25,000 (NR) exhibition hall.
(iii) Department of Painting.
(a) One Rowder (for Life Studies)
(b) Furniture \(\quad \therefore\) Rs. 4,000 (NR)
(c) Equipment ... . \(1 s .3,000\) (NR) (for Model stands stools etc.).
(d) Contingencies... Rs.2,000 (R) p.a. (for paints easels
(iv) Department of Sculpture.
(a) One Reader (for Life Studies in different media).
(b) One Lecturer.
(c) Furniture ... Rs. 1,000 (NR)
(d) Equipment \(\quad . . \quad\) Rs.1,500 (NR) (for easels iron cables \(\begin{gathered}\text { stage for models etc.). }\end{gathered}\)
(e) Contingencies.. Ri.1,500 (R) p.a. (Stores ônd other media étc.).

The financial implications of the above proposals are estimated at Rs.22,400 (R) p.a. and Rs.1,24,500 (NR). The share of the Commission will be Rs.11,200(R) p.a. and Rs.83,000 (NR) under the IInd Five Year PTan, the rest being met by the University/ State Government.
alcutta University - Publication of a Comprehensive
History of Bengal 1757-1905,
The Calcutta University approached the University

Grants Commission for financial assistance towards the publication of a Comprehensive History of Bengal from 1757 to 1905 at \(66 \frac{2}{3} \%\) of the estimated cost of Rs. 30,000 (NR).

The Chairman approved the scheme in view of its importance on condition that the Commission's share will be limited to \(50 \%\) of the cost.

The share of the Commission at \(50 \%\) will be Rs. 15,000 (NR).
Necessary communication on the subject has been sent to the University. \(4 \circ\)

Calcutta University - Development of Fost-graduate teaching and Research in Applied Psychology.

The Cominission at its meeting held on 9th and 10th February, 1959 approved the scheme of the Calcutta University for the development of Applied Psychology for implementation under lInd Five Year Plan with provision of the following facilities:-
(a) One Professor (for Industrial Psychology).
(b) One Reader (for Social Psychology).
(c) One Lecturer (for Clinical Psychology).
(d) One part-time

Medical Officer.
(e) One Statistical (in the scale of Rs .100-10-330). Assistant.
(f) One Laboratory

Assistant.
(g) Books \(\quad . .\). is. 10,000 (N.R.).
(h) Equipment ..... Rs. 30,000 (NR).
(i) Contingencies \(\ldots\) Rs. 3,500 (R) pa.

The Calcutta University, on the advice of an expert Committee, requested the Commission that the University may be permitted toimplement the scheme with the following modifications:-
\[
\text { ...: } 3 \text { : :... }
\]
(a) that the rigid specification for appointment of one Professor in Industrial Psychology and one Reader in Social Psychology be relaxed and the choice of the subjects of the above appointments be left to the discretion of the University.
(b) As it has been found from recent experience that a Statistical Assistant in the scale of Rs.100-330 cannot possibly be recruited, the scale of pay of the above fissistant be revised to Rs.160-10-330.

The Chairman agreed to the implementation of the scheme with the above modifications as proposed by the University on condition that the teachers to be appointed in the department will be drawn from the field of Applied Psychology.

49 Development of Muscology in Indian Universities.
At its meeting held on 26 th/27th September, 1958, (Item 23), the Commission accepted the recommendation of the Advisory Conmittee on the Development of Muscology in Indian Universities and agreed that as a first step training courses be provided in the Universities of Calcutta and Baroda at an estimated cost of lis.46,000 (NR) and Rs.21,000 (R) per annum.

As the Baroda and Calcutta Universities experienced certain difficulties while implementing the scheme, the Commission appointed a Committee to review the position in the two

Universities and to determine if any alterations or additions were necessary in the light of experience. The report of the review Committee is attached (Annexuse I).

The modification for implementing the scheme as proposed by the Sommittee have been communicated to the Baroda and Calcutta Universities with the approval of the Chairman.

50 Lucknow University - Appointment of T.C.M. experts in the \(J\) \& \(K\) Institute of Sociology and Fuman Relations.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 17 th and 18th September 1959 (Item 3 (XVI) approved the request of the Lucknow University for obtaining the sorvices
of T.C.M. expert, Mr. Richard John Parvis, for 1959-60 for the Department of Sociology and Social Work.

The Commission was to contribute \(90 \%\) of the cost in respect of Mr. John Parvis @ Rs.15/- per diem.

Lucknow University requested that Mr. John Parvis T.C.M. expert may be allowed to remain in the University, Department of Sociology and Social Work for another year, i.e. during 1960-61 also, as the University did not have a properly trained teacher to replace him.

The Chairman agreed to the request of the University.
The Commission's share of the expenditure on this account in 1960-61 will be Rs.4,927/-.
5. Gujarat University - Sanction of additional post of Field Work Assistant in the Department of Labour Welfare.

The Commission at its meeting held on 30th November 1956, approved the posts of one Reader, three Lecturers and Visiting Lecturers @ Rs.15/- per lecture in the Department of Labour Welfare of the Gujarat University under the IInd Five Year Plan.

Gujarat University made a request that an additional post of a Field Work hssistant in the scale of Rs.200-20-400 created in the department for the efficient organisation of the field work of the department.

The Chairman acceded to the request and approved an expenditure of Rs.3,000 (R) p.a. for the purpose, under the IInd Five Year Plan, the slare of the Commission at \(50 \%\) being R. 1,500 (R) p.a. The University have agreed to share the expenditure.
52. Andhra University - Additional Staff for Post-graduate Teaching and Research in the University.

The Andhra University approached the University Grants Commission for the expansion of the staff for Post-graduate
\[
\text { (Contd. . . . } 34 . \text { ) }
\]

Teaching and Research in the University.
This University did not have a proper MA. Course formerly. Those who took the B.A. Honours examination were entitled to the M. \(A\). Degree by flux of time. There was also an M.A. Course by research after the \(B\). \(A\). Honours.

The University have now terminated this system of degrees and put in \(\therefore\). its place a four year Honours Course with a one year M.A. Course following it together with a two year M. G. Course for those who pass the three year B \(\boldsymbol{A}\). Degree from the affiliated Colleges. The first year of the M. \& and the fourth year of the Honours will be identical: except for a few subjects which may require independent teaching.

In the circumstances, the Chairman approved under the Ind Five Year Plan the following additional posts for Post-graduate and teaching and research in the Andhra University. after the proposals have been examined on the spot by an officer of the Commission:

Department.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
History and Politics. & \(\ldots .\). & Two Lecturers. \begin{tabular}{l} 
(one for Politics \\
and one for \\
History).
\end{tabular} \\
Philosophy. & \(\ldots . .\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
One Reader. \\
(for Psychology)
\end{tabular} \\
& & One Lecturer. \begin{tabular}{l} 
(for Philosophy \\
of Religion)
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}


The financial implications for the provision of the above staff will be fs.63,900 (R) pa. The share of the Commission at \(50 \%\) will be R. 31,950 (R) pa.
\[
\text { (Contd. . . . } 35 \text {;) }
\]
53. Madras University - Approval to the appointment of Reader having III Class M.A. Degree in the Department of Tamil.

The Madras University appointed Dr. M. Rajamanickam Pfllai who has only a III Class M.A. Degree as a Reader in the Department of Tamil against the post approved by the Commission at its meeting, held on 25.3.1957.

The Commission has laid down that a University Reader should possess a first or II Class M.A. in the subject concerned experience \& either a research with at least five years' teaching/degree of the Doctorate stendard or publications of merit to his credit.

In view of Dr. Rajamanichan Pillai possessing the M.O.L. Ph.D. degrees apart from experience of teaching for a fairly long period, the Chairman, as a special case, approved his appointment as Reader in the Tamil Department.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE UNIVERSITY GRUNTS COMMISSION TO EXAMINE THE WORKING OF THE DIPLOMA COURSE IN MUSEOLOGY.

The University Grants Commission appointed a Committee to review the progress of implementation of Diploma Course in Museology introduced by the Commission in the Universities of Calcutta and Baroda in 1959-60 and to determine if any alterations or additions were necessary in the light of experience. The Committee consisted of the following members:-
1. Shri A. Ghosh, Director General of Archaeology.
2. Shri D.P. Ghosh, Curator, Asutosh Museum, University of Calcutta.
3. Shri C. Sivaramamurti, Keeper of National Museum, New Delhi.
4. Dr. Moti Chandra, Director, Prince of Wales Museum, Bombay .
5. Professor S. Mathai. Dr. S. Bhattacharya. University Grants Commission.
2. A meeting of the Committee was held on the 25 th

Kuril 1960 when the following members were present:-
1. Shri D.P. Ghosh,
2. Dr. Mot Chandra.
3. Professor S. Mathai.
4. Dr. S. Bhattacharya.
3. Shri A. Ghosh, Director General of Archaeology , could not attend the meeting on account of illness and Shri C. Sivaramamurti sent his apologies for not being able to attend the meeting as he had to go out of Delhi on urgent work. .
(Contd....2.)

The Committee considered the working of the scheme and the difficulties experienced in this connection by the Universities of Baroda and Calcutta. hs the Diploma Course in Museology covers a period of 2 years and provide facilities for imparting intensive instruction and training, both. theoretical and practical, and as the University of Baroda in particular considered that M, Ls. and M.Scs. were not sufficiently attracted for the 2 year Diploma Course the Committee examined the view of the Baroda University to relax admission qualifications of the students for the Diploma Course so that students who had passed B.A. or B.Sc. examinations might be admitted to the Course.
4. The Committee also gave considerable thought to the problem of proper employment of students who would qualify themselves for the Diplome Course: After discussion it was agreed that the University Grants Commission might be requested to permit the students with BA. and B. Sc. degrees to take up the Diploma Course, preference being given to students with M.A. or M.Sc. degrees with aptitude for studies in Museology .
5. The Committee examined the proposals of the Universities of Calcutta and Baroda to introduce a furffledged degree course in Museology. The University of Calcutta wanted that a Degree Course of 2 years might be provided for students who had already passed the NiNA. and MASc . examinations. After considering different aspects of the matter the Committee was of the opinion that though Master's degree course in Museology might be desirable in view of the limited scope of employment and of the very specialised nature of teaching and training required for the Course the question of setting up fulnfledged Degree Course in Museology may be deferred till apportunities for proper employment had improved
(Contd.....3.)
and there was a demand for highly qualified and trained experts in Museology in the country.
6. The Committee also considered the question of extending the Diploma Course in Museology as sponsored by the University Grants Commission to. other Universities. The Committee was of the opinion that the implementation of the Course in Baroda and Calcutta might be watched for some more time before it was introduced in other Universities.
7. 'The Committee considered the proposal submitted by both the Universities of Calcutta and Baroda for certificate course of a shorter period for Museum workers. The Committee was of the opinion that this'might be considered later when the result of the working of the present scheme was sufficiently revealed.
8. The Committee was of the opinion that teaching of Museology by honorary and part-time teachers was not satisfactory and that the staff of at least one Reader and two Lecturers. one of whom is to be a specialist on the scientific side as envisaged by the University Grants Commission should be immediately appointed in the two Universities for proper teaching of the subject. The technical staff may also be appointed according to requirements. The Committee recommends that the provision of recurring grant of Rs.21,000/- per annum may be increased if sufficient justification for this is received from the Universities on account of qualified teaching and technical staff appointed by them.
9. In view of the fact that the training in Museology as a professional course is also arranged by Government and the students passing the Diploma Course in Museology are to be absorbed in service in the Museums the Committee is of opinion that a joint meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Museums and of the representatives of the University Grants Commission
\[
\text { (Contd... } 4 \text {.) }
\]
...: 4 :....
may be useful to determine the nature of the Course and standard of Museology to be taught in the Universities and to examine the employment opportunities in the Museums of the Country for the qualified and trained personnel that may come out of the Universities
54. To report on the Award of Sentor Research and Posi Doctorate Fellgwhips in Science subjects - 1960-61.

In pursuance of the decision of the Commission to aiflya annually 70 Post-cioctoral Fellowships of the value of Rs. \(300 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\). and 40 Senior Research Fellowships of the value of Rs.500/-p.m.applications were invited by advertising in the Press for making awards for the year 1960-61. A total of 74 applications were received; 61 for Senior and 13 for Junior awards.

The Chairman, University Grants Commission
appointed selection committees for different subject groups to : make recommendations. The selection committees met on 28.3.60. Each subject committee made its recommendations and the recommendations of these committees were considered together finally by a comaittee consisting of all the Chairmen and two additional experts in those subjects wherein no subject committees were appointed.

The final selection committee recommended 22 candidates for Senior Fellowships and 3 candidates for Junior Fellowships. In addition 12 candidates who had applied for the Senior awards were recommended for junior fellowships. The list of candidates recomaended for senior fellowships is given in Statement'I; and those for Junior fellowships in Statement 'II'. A subjectwise. and universitywise analysis of the applications received and the number of candidates selected are given as Annexures III \& IV.

The Chairman accepted the recommendations of the Selection Committee and sanctioned the payment of \(\mathrm{Ps} .66,000 /-\) for Senior Fellowships, Ps.27,000/-for Junior Fellowships and Bs.37,000/- for giving grants for contingent expenditure at the rate of Ps. \(1,000 /-\) per annum to each of the fellows selected for the awards. Thus the total amount sanctioned is Rs.1,30,000/for the first 6 months: The fellowships are tenable for a period of two-years with effect from 1st April, 1960 or from the actual date of commencement of research work by the.fellow, whichever is later. Contd..2.
55. Extension of the benefits of the award of the Travel Grants to the Science Personnel of Colleges managed by the Governments of respective States.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on the 8th February, 1958(Item 17) instituted the scheme of awarding travel grants to science teachers to visit other centres of research within India for short periods and approved Rules and Regulations for the award of these grants. According to the Rules, all science teachers, fellows and scholars and other such research personnel who may have put in at least two years of research work and were considered to be suitable for further training in their fields and laboratory technicians also were, to be eligible for these grants. Hitherto the benefits of these travel grants were given to the science personnel of the Universities and University affiliated colleges; but, however the travel grants were not being given to the personnel of colleges managed by respective State Governments. Since a number of requests from science personnel working in the Government managed colleges were being received by the Commission, it was felt desirable to extend the benefits of the travel grants to these persons also. Accordingly, the scheme is now applicable to teachers in universities and affiliated colleges, both Government managed as well as non-gwernment managed.

The matter is reported to the Commission.

Appendix 1 to Item NoIII Statement I SENIOR. (Rs.500/-)

CANDIDATES RECOMMENDED FOR THE AWARD OF SENIOR FETIOWSHIPS (RS.500/-p.m.)



CANDIDATES KECOMMENDED FOR JUNICR POST-DOCTORAI. AWARDS (Rs.300/-p.m.)




ANALYS TS OF FELLOWSHIP AWARDS (1960-61: I ALIOTMENT)
( Recommended at the Selection Committee Meeting on 28.3.60)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Subject
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Total No.of \\
\\
receications
\end{tabular}}} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{A.SUBJECTWISE。} \\
\hline & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \overline{\mathrm{App}} \overline{\mathrm{for}}
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Awar Sr. \\
ship
\end{tabular} & Recommended for Junior. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Applied } \\
& \text { for Jr. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Awarded Jr. } \\
& \text { Fellowship. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 1. Physacs & 9 & 9 & 5 & 2 & Nil & Nil \\
\hline 2. Chemistry & 27 & 24 & 10 & 5 & 3 & - \\
\hline 3. 50tary & 16 & 11 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 1 \\
\hline 4. Zcology & 17 & 12 & 1 & 1 & 5 & 2 Total No.of \\
\hline 5. Methematics \& Stetistics. & 3 & 3 & 1 & 1 & Ni 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Awards. \\
-Senior22 out of 40 available.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6. Genlogy & 1 & 1 & - & 1 & Nil & \({ }^{\mathrm{Ni}}\) Junior: 15 eut of \\
\hline 7. Foography - & 1 & 1 & 1 & - & Nil & Nil 70 available \\
\hline Tatal: & 74 & 61 & 22 & 12 & 13 & 3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



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... 2 . 5 ...
 1. 2. 3 . 4 。
36. Willing don College, Sangli (Poona University).
37. st. Thomas

College, Pali (Kerala University).
38. Karimganj College, Karimganj (Gauhati University).

Purchase of Library
shelves. Approved cost
Rs .18,000/=. University
Grants Commission
\(\mathrm{P}_{5} .12,000 /=\)

Construction of Library
Building. Approved
cost Rs.1,79,000/=.
University Grants
Commission's share Ps.1, \(19,333 /=\).

Purchase of Library
Books. Approved
cost Rs.9,000/=.
University Grants
Commission share
Rs. \(6,000 /=\).
39. College of Science, Gurukula Kangri (Agra University).
1) Construction of Zoology and. Botany Laboratory. Approved cost
Rs.1,84,000/=. University
Grants Commission share
Rs.1,22,667/=.
\[
\text { Ps. } 30,000 /=
\]
(Ist instalment).
2) Purchase of Laboratory Equipment and Library Books. Approved cost Ps. \(70,000 /=\). University Grants Commission. share Rs. \(46,667 /=\).
\[
\mathrm{Ps}_{.} 25,000 /=
\]
(Inst instalment).
3) Purchase of Laboratory furniture. Approved cost \(\mathrm{Ps} .20,000 /=\). University Grants Commission share \(\mathrm{ps}_{5} .13,333 /=\).

Construction of Library Building and purchase of furniture. Approved Rs. \(58,500 /=\). University Grants Commission share Rs .39,000/=.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Rs. } 13,000 /= \\
& \text { (Inst instalment). }
\end{aligned}
\]




47. Khalsa College
for Women, Sidhwan Khurd (Punjab University).

Extension to Women's Hostel. Approved cost Ps.1, \(87,943 /=\). University Grants Commission share \(\mathrm{Ps} .20,000 /=\) Ps.1,40, \(957 /=\). (Ist instalment).
48. Sri. Pushpam

College,
Poondi
(Madras
University).
1) Purchase of Library Books. Approved cost Ps.6.000/E. University Grants Commission sharel Fs. \(4,000 /=\).
2) Purchase of Libfary furniture. Approved cost Ps.9,000/=. University Grants Commission share Ps. \(6,000 /=\).
49. Nirmala \begin{tabular}{l} 
Colıege, \\
Coimbatore \\
(Madras \\
University).
\end{tabular}
50. A =ammntion

College,
Changanacherry
(Kerala
Univers ity).
1) Construction of Library Building. Approved cost Fs. \(63,000 /\) University Grants Commission share \(\mathrm{Br} .42,000 /=\).
2) Purchase of Library furniture. Approved cost \(\mathrm{Ps}_{5} 9,000 /=\). University Grants Commission share ps. \(6,000 /=\).

1) Construction of Library Building. 'Approved cost Rs.57,000/=. University Grants Ps.10,000/= Commission share (Ist \(p_{5} .38,000 /=\). instalment).
2)Construction of Girlss Rs. \(30,000 /=\) (IInd \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Hostel (Alrẹady } & \text { (IInd } \\ \text { reported). } & \text { instalment). }\end{array}\)

Purchase of Furniture
for students in the Hostel. Approved cost . D. \(\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{S}}, 000 /=\). Universit y Grants Commission share \(35.3,000 /=\).

(Contd.......8.).

\(==-=-=-\cdots: 10 \quad: \ldots\)

1. 2. 3 . 4 .

67.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
St. Joseph's & Construction of Women?s & \\
Training & Hostel. (Already & Fs.25,000/= \\
College for & reported). & (IInd instal- \\
Women, & & ment). \\
Guntur & & \\
(Andhra & &
\end{tabular}
68. Harish Chandra

Purchase of Library
Ts. \(4,000 / \ddot{=}\)
Degree College, Varanasi (Banaras Hindu University).
69. Udai Pratap

College,
Varanasi
(Banaras Hindu University).
(IInd
instalment).

Books. (Already

Purchase of Library
Books, Furniture \& Ba.11,000/=
Laboratory Equipment. (Ist
(Already reported). instalment).

Construction of Library
Building. (Already rs.40,000/=
reported). (Ist instalment).
                            instalment).
70. Jamshedpur

Co-oper ative.
College,
Jamshedpur
(Bihar
Uaiversity).
71: Gobardanga Construction of Men's
Hindu College,
Gobardanga
(Calcuttà
Hostel. (Already Ps.25,000/= reported). (Irnd
instalment).
University).
72. Kharagpur : Construction of Men's

College,
Kharagpur
Kharagpur
(Calcutta
University).
Hostel: (Already Fs.25,000/= reported). (Ist instalment).
73. Shri Shikshayatan College for Women,

Construction of
Women's Hostel.
(Already report \(t\) ).
Ps.25,000/= Calcutta(Calcutta University).
74. Sham Sunder

College, Burdwan
(Calcutta University).
75. Tilakdhari College, Jaunpur (Gorakhpur University).

Construction of Men's
Hostel. (Already Fs.25,000/= reported). (Ist instal. ment).
ment). (IInd instal-
```

Construction of library and Laboratory Buildings. (Already reported). Fs.14,000/= (Ist instalment).

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76. Iittle Flower

College, Gumuvayoor Kerala

Construction of
Women's Hostel. (Already reported).

Rs. \(50,000 /=\) (IIIr instalment). University).
...: 11 : :.

77. St. Alberts College, Ernakulam (Kerala

Construction of Library
Building. (Alreeady \({ }^{\prime}\) Fs.13,000/= reported). (Ist University).
instalment).
78. Nirmala Collége, Construction of a,

Muvattupuzha 'Iibrary Building.' F. \(10,000 /=\)
(Kerala (Already reported) \(\because \because\) (Ist
University):
79. Fatima College, Construction, of. Women's

Madurai
(Madras
Hostel. (Already \(\therefore\), \(\mathrm{Fs} .30,000 /=\)
reported). . (Istinstal-
University).
ment).
80. St. Mary's
'Construction" of
Tuticorin
(Madras
Women's Hostel. \(>n\) ni. \(20,000 /=\)

University).
(Already reporited)..- \({ }^{-n}\) (IInd instal ment).

Construction of Men's
Hoste7. (AIready)
\(p_{5} .40,000 /=\)
College,
reportied). (IInd instalment).
(Madras University).
82. Sacred Heart, College, Tirupattur (Madras University):
83.' P.S.G. Arts College, Peelamedu (Madras
Universitý).
Construction of Mens
Hostel. (Already
Es. \(30,000 /=\)
reported).
(Ist instalment).

Construction of
Ts. 30,000/=
Laboratory Búilding.
(Ist instal(Already reported). ment).
84. The New College,

Madras
(Madras
\(\therefore \quad\) University).

Construction of Men's \(\quad\) Ts.30,000/= Hostel. (Already reponted).
85. Mahatma Gındhi

Memorial
College,
Udipi (Mysore
University).
86. Sarda Vilas'

Law College,
Mysore
(Mysore
Uníversitý).
87. S.B. City College, Nagpur.

Purchase of Library' Ps. 5,000/=
Books \& Furniture.
(Already reported).
(Ist instalment).
Construction of a
Ps. \(18,000 /=\)
(Tst instalment).
Library Building.
. i

Construction of Library Ps. 19,000/= Building \& Purchase of (Ist instalFurniture. (Already ment). reported).
(Conta....12.)



...: 14 :...

107.Rujasthan

Mahila
Vidyalaya, Udaipur (Rajasthan University).
2)' \(\quad--d \rho-\)

Purchase of Library
Books. (Already reported).
108.Shr amjeevi

College
(Night Degree
F. \(30,000 /=\)
(IInd instalment). 1 Rs. \(30,000 /=\) (IIIrd instalment),

College),
Udaipur
(Rajasthan
University).
109.Chhatisgarh

College,
Raipur
Purchase of Labotatory Fs. 2,500/=
Equipment. ( \(n\) lrady
(Ist
reported). instalment). (Saugar University).
110. Lahiri College,

Construction of Girl's rs.15,000/=
Hostel. (Already (IInd
reported).
instalment).
(Saugar
Unịversity).
111. Agra College,

Agra
Furchese of Laboratory \(\mathrm{Fs}^{\circ}\). 875/=
Equipment. (Already (Full payment).
(Agra
reported).
University).
112.Delhi

College.
113.Hans Raj

College.
114. Hindu

College.
i) "On account" maintenance
. grant for 1958-59. Ps.30,000/=
ii) Ist instalment of maintenance grant \(\quad\) Fs.88,000/= 1960-61.
i)"On account" \(\operatorname{Is} .20,000 /=\) maintenance grant for 1958-59.
ii) Ist instalment of \(\quad\) T5.55,000/ = maintenance grant for 1960-61.

1ii) Grant for purchase \(\quad r_{.} .24,000 /=\) of Science equipment for B.Sc. Bourse.
i) "On account" maintenence grant for Ps.35,000/= 1958-59.
ii) Ist instalment of maintenance grant . Ps.1,00,000/= for 1960-61.
iii) Grant for construc- \(\quad\) Fs. \(40,000 /=\) tion of College Building.
(Contd...15.)
...: i5 :...

115.Kirioni Mol College.
i) \(40 n\) account" maintenance grant for. 1958-59.
ii)Ist instalment of maintenance grant 1960-61.
iii)Grant for purchase of Science équipment for B.sc. Course.
i)"On account" main- Rs:30,000/= tenance grant for 1958-59

1i) Ist instalment of \(\quad\) Ps.55,000/ \(=\) maintenance grant for 1960-61.
iii) Grant for construction of Jibrary Building.
iv) Grant for purchase F. 7,500/= of furniture.
i) "On accQunt" maintenance grant for 1958-59.
i1) Ist inswalment of \(\quad\) Ps.68,000/= maintenarce grant 1960-61.
118. Ramjas College.
1)"on account" main- Ps. \(25,000 /=\) tenance grant for 1958-59.
ii)Ist instalment of maintenance grant for 1960-61.
iii) Grant for purchase Ps. \(10,000 /=\) of Equipment for , B.Sc. Course.
129. Lady Shri Ram College for Women.

P5. \(30,000 \%=\)

F5. \(25,000 /=\)
\(85.40,000 /=\)
P. 25,000/=

Fs. \(68,000 /=\)
i) "On account" maintenance grant for 1958-59.

1i)Ist instalment of \(\quad \Gamma_{5} .45,000 /=\) maintenance grant for 1960-61.
i) "On account" main- \(\quad p_{5} .35,000 /=\) tenance grant for 1958-59.
ii) Ist inst alment of \(\quad\) is.53,000/ \(=\). maintenance grant for 1960-61.

Ps. \(20,000 /=\) (Contd...16.)

...: \(16: .\).

121.Shri Ram i) "on account" main-... Ps.25,000/= College of
Commerce.
tenance grant for 1958-59.
'ii) Inst inst ament of Ps.51,000/= maintenance grant for 1960-61.
122. St. Stephen's College.
i)"On account" main-
Ps.20,000/= tenarce grant for 1958-59.
ii) Int instalment of Ps.45,000/= maintenare e grant for 1960-61.
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
iii) Grant for purchase & F. \(25,000 /=\) \\
of equipment for & \\
B. Sc. Course. & \\
iv) Further "On' account" & F. \(25,000 /=\) \\
grant for construe- & \\
Lion of Science & \\
Block. &
\end{tabular}
123. Delhi School
i)"On account" maintendance grant for -1958-59.

Rs.20,000/= : of Social Work.
ii) Ist instalment of \(\quad\) Ps.43,000/= maintenance grant for 1960-61.
124. Indian School of Internetional. Studies.
i) Final instalment \(\operatorname{Ps.l0,000/=}\) of maintenance
* grant for 1959-60.
ii)Ist instalment of \(\quad\) ps.75,000/= maintenance grant 1960-61.
iii)Granit in connection \(\quad\) Fs.10,000/= with the scheme Research in Nepalese studies.
iv) Grant for establish- \(\quad \pi s .24,000 /=\) mint of Chairs of International Relations and Commonwealth History and Institutions.
v) Grant for purchase \(\quad\) \#s. 779.35
of fans.
126.P.G.D.A.V.

Is instalment of
P. \(30,000 /=\) College. maintenance grant for 1960-61.

...: 17 :...


iii) Towards the payment of Post-graduate S.tudentship for the Electrical Machine Design Course for the period Ist November 1959 to 31st March, 1960. Ds. 1,500
iv) Towards the salary of staif and

...: 18 :...


19 :...

133. Indian 'On account payment Institute of Science, Bangalore.
134. Mysore
135.Roorkee
out of the total
additional expendi-
ture of Ps.4,64,853/=
approved for the completion of
development schemes
sanctioned by the
Government \(\partial \hat{A}\) India during 1946-50.
H. \(2,00,000\)
i) Special non-recurring
grant for the purchase
of Library Books and
Journals for the
College of Engineering,
Bangalore.
Ps. 50,000
ii). 4th instalment out of
the total building
grant of ra. \(7,56,000 /=\)
sanctioned during
1957-58 for the
expansion of training
facilities at the
College of Engineering, Bangalore. First
three instalments
amounting to \(\mathrm{Fs} .2,25,000 /=\)
were paid during
1958-59 \& 1959-60. Ps.1,00,000
iii) 4th instalment out of
the total equipment
grant of Fs.2,45,000/=
approved for the
general devolopment
scheme of the College
of Engineering,
Bangalore. First
three instalments
amounting to E.s. \(1,80,000 /=\)
were paid during
1957-58 and 1958-59. is, 50,000
i) Commission's \(2 / 3\) rd
share of the special
non-recurring grant
sanctioned for the
purchase of furniture
for post-i-graduate
Courses in Public.
Health Engineering. Ps. 7,500
ii) Special grant for

Fost-graduate student-
ships to \(50 \%\) of the
students admitted to
all the approved
Post-graduate courses
in Engineering and
Technology for the
period Ist September
(Contd....20.)

...: 20 :...
\(=\)

= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Roorkee 1959 to 31st March,
(Contd.)
136.Saugar
138.Aligarh
139. Andhra
137.Utkal
1960. \(\quad\) - P9.23,625/

Recurring grant for staff for the development of the Department of Phormacy for 1958-59 and 1959-60 against the ceiling of Is. \(13,333 /=\) approved per annuri. rs.15,334
i) "on account" recurring grant for maintenance of High Altitude Research Observatory, Gulmarg during 1958-60. Es.30,000
ii) "On account" recurring
grant towards the
salary of one Reader appointed in the
Institute of
Ophthalmology. Fs.10,000
iii) Recurring g rant for
the maintenance of
Botanical garden during 1959-60. Ps. 5,000
iv) Non recurring grant for the development of Botanical garden during 1959-60. Ps. 5,000
v) Recurring grant for the maintenance of the herbarium in the Botany
Department during 1959-60. Ps. 2,000

Recurring grant for 1959-60 towards the salary of additional staff in the Department of Geophysics. Ps.12,000
...: 21 :...
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140.Banaras 1) Recurring grant for
; 1959-60 towards the
- salary of one
Lecturer in Geology. Fs. 1,581
ii) For the purchase of
Scientific equipment for the Departments of Orgasic Chemistry, Geophysics and Zoology in lieu of similar amount. adjusted during 1957-58 from grants paid for this purpose.
Ps. \(91,730.68\)
*
1ii) For the purchase of
-Scientific equipment
for the various
- science departments, -I being the third instalment from the total grant of Is. \(12,28,000 /=\) sanctioned for this purpose during the IInd Five Year Plan.Es.I,94,500
iv)For the purchase of
Iibrary Books and
Journals on Scientific. and Technicel subjects, being the third instament against the total grant of Es. 2 lakhs Is.1,00,000 sanctioned for II Plan.
141.Baroda
142.Calcutta.
i) For the purchase of
scientific equipment
for the department of Geography, being the second and final instalment-agrinst the grant of Fs. \(1,3.3,333 /=\) sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Plan. Rs.1,23,333

...s 22 :...


Calcutta (Condt.)
143.Delhi
144.Gauhati
145.J adavpur
146. Jarmu \& Kashmir.
ii) For the purchase of

Library Books and
Journals on scientific
and technical subjects,
being the third and
final instalment
against the grant of
Fs:I, 50, 000/= sarc tioned
for this purpose under the second Five Year Plan.
\(3.50,000\)
"On account" recurring
gran't-towards the salary
of additional staff
in the Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics for 1959-60. Fs. 13,000

For the purchase of library books and journais on scientific and technical subjects, being the third and
" final.instalment against the grant of Ts.1,50,000 sanctioned for Second Plan Period. [s.50,000

For the purchase of library books and journals on scientific and technical subjects, being the third and final instalment against the total grant of Is. \(1,00,000\) sanctioned by the Commission for this purpose during the IInd Five Year Plan. Ps.50,000
i) For the construction of Biological Sciences block, being the Ist instalment against the total grant of Fs. \(2,33,334 /=\) sanctioned for this building.

Fs. 1,00,000
ii) For the construction of the Physics and Mathematics block, being the Ist instalment towards the cos \(t\) of this building.

Rs. 70,000

...: 23 :..

1. 2. 3. 4 .

147. Lucknow
i) For the purchase of scientific equipment for Central Workshop, being the second and last instalment from the grant of rs. \(20,000 /=\) sanctioned for the
- purpose for the Second Five Year Plan. The first instalment of \(\Gamma s .7,000 \%\) was paid during 1958-50.
Es. 13,000
ii) For the purchase of ." scientific equipment for the Department of Statistics, being the second and last instalment from the grant of \(\mathrm{Fs} .10,000 /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the second Five Year Plan. The first instalment of Es. \(7,000 /=\) was paid during 1959-60.

Ts. 3,000
iii) For the purchase of scientific equipment for the Department of Physics, being the first instalment from the additional grant of \(\operatorname{Tr} .34,0 \cap \phi /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan.

Ps. 20,000
iv) For the Air-conditioning of Animal House of the Zoology Department, being the first and
last instalment from the grant of Ps. \(26,667!=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the Second - Five Year Plan. Ps. 26,667

148 Madras \(\quad\) i) For the construction of Library building at Madurai, being the second instalment from the grant of Es.2,60,000/= sanctioned for the purpose for the second Five Year Plan. The first instalment of \(\mathrm{Fs} .1,00,000 /=\) was paid during 1958-59.

Rs. 1,00,000

...: 24 :.:.


iii) 'On account' grant for staff and maintenance for 1958-59
- and 1959-60 for Jibrary Extension Centre at Madurai.
iii) For the construction of Pot Culture Chambers for the Botany Department, being the first and last instalrient from the grant of \(7 s .9,300 /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan.
rs. 6,200
For the purchase of scientific equioment for the Department of Physics, being the fifth instalment from the grant of Fs. \(4,00,000 /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan. The first four instalments of Is. \(1,80,000 /=\) were paid during 1957-58, 1958-59 \& 1959-60.

F9. 60,000


151. Poona

11) For the construction of building for the Department of Physics, being the second instalment.
- from the grant of Ts.2,45,333/= - sanctioned for the purpose for the
- Second Five, Year

Plan. The first
instalment of "5.50,000/= was paid. during 1959-60. Ps.1,00,000
iii) For the construction
of extension to
Botany Laboratory
building, being the
second instalment
from the grant of Ps.98,667/= sanctioned for the purpose e for the Second Five Year Plan. The first instalment of
\(\therefore 5.50,000 /=\) was paid
dur ing 1959-60.
Ps. 40,000


- 26 -

156. PUNJAB
157. PUNJAB
158. PUNJAB
159. ANDHRA
160. KERAJA
161. PUNJAB
162. GAUHATI

VI instalment for \(\quad 15,000 /-\) (NR)
construction of hostel.
(Approved cost Rs. 7,37,000/-
Commission's share at \(50 \%\)
Rs. \(3,68,500 /-\). Amount
previqutigly paid Rs.
3,50,000/-.)
IV instalment for \(\quad 2,00,000 /-\) (NR)
construction of I and II
hostels for boys,
(Approved cost Rs, 22 lakhs,
Commissions share at . \(50 \%\)
Rs. 11 lakhs. Grant paid
previously Rs. 8.5 lakhs.)
II instalment
75,000/- (NR)
for construction of III
Hostel building .
( Approved cost Rs. 11 lakhs.
Commission's share at \(50 \%\)
Rs. 5.5. lakhs.
Grant paid previously
Rs. 1 lakh .)
III instalment for \(25,000 /-(N R)\)
construction of staff quarters.
(Approved cost Rs s. 10 lakhs.
Commission's share at \(50 \% \mathrm{Rs}\).
5 lakhs, grant paid previously
Rs. 4.5 lakhs).
I instalment for \(\quad 1,60,000 /-(N R)\)
Women's hostel. (Approved
cost Ra. 3,36,000/-.
Commission's share at \(50 \%\)
Rs. 1,68,000/-
\(V\) instalment for construction \(30,000 /-(N R)\)
of library building.
(Approved cost Rs. 10 lakhs.
Commission's share at \(2 / 3\) rd
Rs. 6.67 lakhs. Amount
previously paid Rs. 4 lakhs).
- I instalment for \(1,00,000 /-(N R)\)
construction of library building
(Approved cost \(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}} .16,22,700 / 7\)
Commission's share at 2/3rd
RS: \(10,81,800 /-)\).
II instalment for \(1,00,000 /-(N R)\)
construction of Library
building. (Approved
cost Rs. \(4,49,224 /-\).
Commission's share at
2/3rd Rs. 2,99,48:2/~.
amount previosly paid
Rs . 1,00,000/-).


- 28-


190.

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III ESTABLISHMENT OF HEALTH CENTRES.

-201 SRI VENKATESWARA
1st instalment for
\(20,000 /=\)
UNIVERSITY.
construction of Health
Centre in Srivenkateawara
University. Approved
cost Rs. 1,15,400/-

IV ESTABLISHMENT OF NONRESIDENT STUDENT CENTRES.
\(\because\) UNIVERSITIES:


Be COLLEGES.

204. ANDRA UNIVERSITY



ANDHRA UNIVERSI TY CONTD.
\begin{tabular}{lrrr} 
v. A.M. A. L. C.llege, & 50,000 & 35,000 & 5,000 \\
Anakapalle: . & . & &
\end{tabular}
205. ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY
\begin{tabular}{ccc} 
i. C.M.P. College, & 50,233 & 35,000 \\
Allahabad. & 10,000 \\
II instalment.
\end{tabular}
206. BIHAR UNIVERSITY


207- GAICUTTA UNIVERSITY,
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
i. Kharagpur College, & 51,100 & 35,000 & 5,000 \\
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Kharagpur.
\end{tabular} \\
ii. Kandiraj dollege, & Q2,03 \\
Galcutta.
\end{tabular}
208. GUJARAT UNIVERSITY.
i. P.D.N. College of
53,791
35,000 . 5,000
Comn erce, Rajkot.
35,000 . 5,000
ii. Balabhai Damodardass Gollege-Sankadi.
41,130
209. TYEORE UNIVERSITY

210. MADRAS UNIVERSITY.
i. Madurai College, Madurai.
50,000
\(35,000 \cdot 10,000\)

211. KERALA UNIVERSITY.
1. Sacred Heart ooiloge, : 57,000 35,000 10,000
212. MYSORE UNIVERSITY.
1. \(\begin{aligned} & \text { B.M.Sreenivasiah's } \\ & \text { College of Engineering, }\end{aligned} \quad 38,000 \quad 35,000 \cdot 10,000\) Bangalore.
ii. St. \(\operatorname{Ann}\) 's

34,194 + 34,194 10,000
Training College, Mangelore.
213. NAGPUR UNIVERSITY.
i. Shri Sivaji \begin{tabular}{l} 
College, Amravati.
\end{tabular} 50.061; . 35,000 . 5,000
214. PUNJ AB UNIVERSITY
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline i. & Ahtr College, Rewari. & 55,000 & 35,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline ii. & Ramgarhia Training Gollege, Phagwara. & 28,700 & 28,700 & 5,000 \\
\hline iii. & Arya College, Ludhiana. & 44,889 & 35,000 & '10,000 \\
\hline iv. & Guru .- : Nanak Engineering College, Iudhiana. & 58,558 & 35,000 & -10,000 \\
\hline V. & Saraswati Training College, Amritsar. & 59,873 & 35,000 & 10,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- 34
-1.- 3.1
215. POONA UNIVERSITY.
\(\begin{array}{llll}\text { i. } \begin{array}{l}\text { S.S. } S_{0} V_{0} P_{\bullet} \text { Sansthais } \\ \text { Arts \& Science, Gollege, }\end{array} & 44,88.2 & 35,000 & 5,000 \\ \text { Dhulia. }\end{array}\)

iii. Willingdon College, 38,312 35,000 5,000 Sangli.
iv. S.G.M. Callege, \(\quad 42,635 \quad 35,000 \quad\) 5,000 Karad.
v. Ratnagixi Education

48,292
\(35,000 \quad 10,000\)
I.: is Society,
R.P. Gogate, College.
216. SAUGAR UNIVERSITY
i. New Arts and Science 40,785 .35,000 10,000 Gollege , Raipur.
ii. Narmada

72,000
35,000
10,000 Mahavidyalaya, Hoshangabad.
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
iii. Damoh Degree College, & 52,800 & 35,000 & 10,000 \\
Demoh.
\end{tabular}
217. SARDAR VALL:BHBHAI

VIDYAPESTH
i. B.A.College of 41,500 35,000 10,000 Agriculture.
218. SRI VENKMESWARA UNIVERSITY.
i. Kavali College,
55,800
35,000
10,000 Kavali.
V. STUDENTS: AID FUND.
A. UNIVERSITIES.


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AGRA UNIVERSITY CONTD.

vii. Amar Singh Jat College,

Rs. \(\quad 746.00\)
Lakhoti.
viji. B.R.Oollege, Agra.
Rs. 1,816.00
ix. K.G.K. College,

Rs. \(\quad 900.00\) Moradabad.
\(x_{0}\) Dayanand College, Orai.
Rs. 266.ed
xi. G. F. College,

Rs. 330.00
Shajahanpur.
xii. Engineering College, • Rs. 232.00 Dayal Bagh.
xiii. \(\underset{\text { Meerut. }}{\text { Dollege, }}\)

Rs. \(\quad 25.50\)
xiv. Alnora Degree Collége,

Rs. \(\quad 400.00\)
223. ALLAHAB:D UNIVERSITYe
i.: Ewing Christian

Rs. 2,000,00.
224. ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.
i. Andhra Cristian College, tantur.
Rs. 1,185,00
225. DELHI GNIVERSTY.
i. . Ramjas College.
Rs. \(2,000.00\)
226. GORAKHPUK UNIVERSITY.

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GORAKHPUR UNIVERSITY CONTD.
viii. T.D.Collêge, Ballia, Rs. 2,000.00
227. JAMMU AND K.SEMMR UNI VERSITY
i. S.P.M. College Comaerce, . . Rs. . 301.00
228. PUNJIB UNIVERSTTY.
i. Nehru College, Jhajjar

Rs. 2,000.00
ii. National College, Sathiala.

Rs. 1,575.00
iii. A.I.J.H. Menorial Gollegé, Rohtak.

Rs. 1,700.00
iv**. D.M. College, Moga.
v. Dayil Singh College, Kamal

Rs. 2,000.00
vi. S.D. College, Barnale.
vii.' Dev Samaj College, Ambola.

Rs. \(\quad 2,00.0 .00\)
Rs: 1,200.00
Rs. 2,000.00
229. RAJASTHAN UNIVERSITY.
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
i. Shri Sain College, Bikaner. & Rs. & 182.00 \\
ii. Seth Fodar College, Nawalgarh. & Rs. & 530.00 \\
iii. Agarwal Cullege, Jaipur. & Rs. & 321.00 \\
iv. Birla Engineering College, Pilani. & Rs. & 627.00 \\
v. Chirawa College, Chirawa. & Rs. & 557.00
\end{tabular}
250. SARDAR VAIL:BHBHAI VIDYAPEETH.
i. • B. \(A_{\text {. College of }}\) Agriculture.

Rs. 614.00
ii. B.J.Vanijya Mahavidyala.

Rs. 884.000
iii. . B. V. Mahavidyalaya.

Rs. 800.00
iv. V.P. Mahavidyalaya.

Rs. \(2, \$ 00.00\)
231. S.N.D.T. UNIVERSTTY.
i. Maharani Chimnabai Mahila

Rs. \(\quad 300.00\)
232. SAUGOR UNIVERSITY.
1. Mehatra Gandhi Memorial

Rs. \(\quad 760.00\)
233. POONA, UNIVERSITY.
i. Dayanand College, Sholapur. Rs. 2,000.00
ii. Dayanand College, of Concerce, Sholapur.

Rs. 712.00
iii. \(\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{M}\). Oollege of Commerce,

Rs. \(1,008.00\) Poona.
\(-87\)

\section*{POONA UNIVERSITY}
iv. Dayanand College of Education, Rs. 70.00
V. S.S.VFSansthat's Arts and Science Rs. 2,000.00 College, Dhubia.

VI SCHOLARSHIPS (HUMANITIES)
GRaNTS SANCTIONED FOR POST-GRADUATE AND
RESEARCH SCHOLARSHIPS ( HUMANITIES ) AWARDED
DURING 1959 60.

S.No. Name of the Nature of \begin{tabular}{l} 
University. Scholarship Amount .
\end{tabular}



4s:

\section*{SCHOLARSHIPS (SCIENCE).}
I. For the payment of Post-Graduate Research Scholarships of Rs.200/-pm. in Science, Engineering and Technology for the following Universities during 1959-60 and 1960-61.
**
(a) Scholarships awarded during 1958-59 and renewed in 1959-60 \& 1960-61.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline S.No. & Name of the
University. & Period for which the grant is sanctioned. & Amount . \\
\hline & & & Rs. \\
\hline 1. & Aligarh & 1960-61 (hs.200/-adjusted against unspent balance). & 1,200.00 \\
\hline 2. & Baroda & 1959-60 & 1,200.00 \\
\hline 3. & Baroda & 1960-61 & 1,200.00 \\
\hline 4. & Bihar & 1959-60 (Adjusted against unspent balance). & 1,200.00 \\
\hline \(5 .\). & Dethi & -do- & 5,300.00 \\
\hline 6. & I.AR.I., New Delhi & -do- & 2,400.00 \\
\hline 7. & Karnatak & -do- & 1,200.00 \\
\hline 8. & Lucknow & -do- & 3,695,66 \\
\hline 9. & Madras & 1960-61 & 2,400.00 \\
\hline 10. & Poona & -do- & 1,200.00 \\
\hline 11. & Panjab & -do- & 3,600.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{12.} & Saugar & 1959-60 & 2,000.00 \\
\hline & & Total: & 26,595.66 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(b) Scholarships awarded during 1959-60 and paid for 1959-60.
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
1. Aligarh & \(5,000.00\) \\
2. Agra & 833.00 \\
3. Allahabad & \(2,800.00\) \\
4. Annamalai & 296.55 \\
5. Andhra & \(1,503.00\) \\
6. Bombay & & \(1,884.61\)
\end{tabular}
...: 2 :...
I


Total: 60,887.68

\section*{Fellowships (Science)}

For payment of Post Doctoral (Rs. \(300 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\). ) and Senior Research (R s.500/-p.m.) Fellowships including grants for contingent expenditure (Rs.1000/-p.a. for each Fellow) for the year 1959-60 and renewed for 1960-61 for the following Universities.



\[
\ldots: 3: \ldots
\]

\section*{Payment of Travel Grants to Science Personnel \({ }^{-}\) for Visiting Research and Training Centres in India.}
Name.

\section*{AGRA UNIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
1. Sri M.L. Banerjee & For identi- & Central National & Rs.418.30 \\
Lecturer in & fication of & herbarium, & \\
Botany, Meerut & Nepal ferns. & Calcutta. & \\
College, & & & \\
Meerut. & & &
\end{tabular}
2. Sri S.K. Goswami
Prof. of Botany
M.S. Degree
College,
Saharanpur .
3. Dr. Santokh Singh Lecturer in Zoology, St. Johns College, Agra.
4. Sri Krishna Gopal Kamthan, Chemistry Dept. Bareilly College, Bareilly .
5. Sri Kameshwar Nath Tandan, Bareilly College, Bareilly.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Study of micro- & Birbal Sahni \\
fossils from. & Institute of \\
Coal. & Fplacobotany, \\
& Lucknow and \\
& Botany Depth. \\
& Banaras Hindu
\end{tabular} University .
Study of Ecology and Faunistics of high altitude North West Rs. 550.00 Himalaya for field study. insects.
Study of technique of differential thermal analysis and polerography.
Study of Gorakhpur Rs. 485.56 advanced analytical and inorganic Chemistry.

Delhi
University, Delhi.

Gorakhpur
University.

Total:-Rs.2,425.19

\section*{ALIGARH UNIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
1. Sri I.D. Pant: & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Determination \\
Lecturer in
\end{tabular} \\
of Chemical \\
Geology. & \\
& linalysis of \\
& Coal speci.
\end{tabular}

Regional Research Rs. 597.00
Laboratory, Hyderabad.
\[
\text { Total: Rs. } 5.97 .00
\]

ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY

Dr. Bhuwan Chandra
Joshi, Asst. Prof. in Chemistry.


...: 4 :...
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline (1) & (2) & (3) & (4) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ANNGMALAI UNIVERSITY
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Sri P Narasimba & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Study of \\
Rao,
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Geological \\
Geophisical
\end{tabular} & Survey of
\end{tabular} Rs.620.00

\section*{BLRODL UNIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Dr. C.H. Pathak & Study of field & French Institute, Rs.236.80 \\
\hline Lecturer in & methods of & Pondicherry. \\
\hline Botany . & Plant Ecology . & \\
\hline & & Total: Rs.236.80 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BIHLR UNIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1. Sri Bishwa Nath & Study of the & Litomic Energy & Rs. 970.76 \\
\hline Roy, Lecturer & technique of & Establishment, & \\
\hline in Physics, & infrared & Bombay . & \\
\hline L.S. College, & spectroscopy. & & . \\
\hline Muzaffarpur & . & & \\
\hline 2. Dr. B.P. Pandey, & Study of & Calcutta & Rs. 626.80 \\
\hline Proff. of & Histology and & University . & \\
\hline Zoology. & Histo Chemistry. & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. Sri Birendra
Kumar Sinha,
Lab. Hsstt, \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Training in \\
glass blowing. \\
Physics,
\end{tabular}\(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Tata Institute \\
Department.
\end{tabular}

\section*{DEIHI UNIVERSITY}
1. Sri D.V.S.Jain
Chemistry
Department. \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Study of theori- \\
tical aspects \\
of electro \\
Chemistry
\end{tabular}\(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
University \\
College of \\
Science, \\
Calcutta.
\end{tabular}\(\quad\) Rs.462.00


GUJERAT UNIVERSITY.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1. Dr. J.J. Shah & Spectra of & Delhi & Rs.547.26 \\
\hline Reader in & elements of & University. & \\
\hline Botany, & the fifth group & & \\
\hline University & \% of periodic & & \\
\hline School of & table. & & \\
\hline Science, & & & \\
\hline Ahmedabad. & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(Contd. . . . .6.)
...: 6 :...
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline (1) & (2) & (3) & (4) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

GUJERAT UNIVERSITY (CONTD).
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
2. Sri M.M. Patil & Tissue culture & Indian & Rs. 572.70 \\
Prof. of Physics & technique with & Institute & \\
J \& J College & reference to the & of Science, & \\
of Science, & angiospermshook & Bangalore. & \\
Nadiad. & apex. & & Total:- \\
& & & \\
& & & \\
& & & \\
& & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{KARNETAK UNIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
1. Sri P.S. & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Study of plant \\
Chikkannaiah \\
merphology \\
Prof. of
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Delhi \\
and embryology
\end{tabular} & Iniversity.
\end{tabular} Rs. 637.80

MEDRAS UNIVERSITÝ
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Sri D. Kamala- & Study of & National & Ils. 660.90 \\
\hline kaynan, & Klystrons and & Physical & \\
\hline fisstt. Prof. & wave guides. & Laboratory, & \\
\hline of Physics, & & New Delhi. & \\
\hline Presidency & & & \\
\hline College, & & Total: & fis. 660.90 \\
\hline Madras. & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{NAGPUR HNIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Sri P.Rajagopala \\
Rao \\
Lecturer in \\
*hpplied Fhysics.
\end{tabular} & Study of industrial electronics. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Indian \\
Institute of Technology, Kharagpur
\end{tabular} & hisis 524.00 \\
\hline & & & Rs. 524.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{QSMANLA UNIVERSTTY}
\begin{tabular}{lllc} 
1. Dr. K.V. & Study of molecular & Indin & Rs. 384.00 \\
Krishna Rao, & and intermoleculare & Institute & . \\
Reader in & vibrations in & of \\
Physics. & crystals. & Science, & \\
& & Banglore.
\end{tabular}
(Contd...7.)



ROORKEE UNIVERSITY


SAUGAR UNIVERSITY
1. Sri J.S. Prabhakar Rao, hsstt. Prof.

Study of modern methods Applied Geology .

Stuily of litcret biochemical techniaues.
.
．．．： 8 ：．．．
（1）
（2）
（3）
（4）

ShUGAR UNIVERSITY（CONTD）．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2．Sri J．H．Srivestava Asstt．Prof． Lsplied Geology ． & Study of technique of Ore－microscopy． & Jadavpur University， Calcutta． & Rs． 408.00 \\
\hline － & & Total： & Rs． 696.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

UTKAL UNIVERSITY．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Sri Satyananda & Study of different & Patna & Rs． 529.38 \\
\hline Acharya， & uses of Federov & University & \\
\hline Lecturer in & stage，Frar．ty & & \\
\hline Geology ． & Isodynamic ． separator and Ore－microscope． & － & \\
\hline & & Total： & His． 529.38 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

VENKATESWLSRA UNIVERSITY
Sri R．Jagadesh－ wara Rao．

Study of Ore－ microscopy．

Jadavpur fis．598．92 University．
\[
\text { Total:- Rs. } 598.92
\]

Appendix III to item No. 31 of the proceedings of the 23 rd meeting of the University Grants. Commission. held on the 29th/30th June, 1960.

\section*{A. Collection}
(i) For survey and exploration and…for emoluments and travelling expenses of field workers and teachers \& other collectors a sum not exceeding .... ... .. Rs. 5,000(R) p.a.for each Uhiversity
(ii) Towards the price of manuscripts
:...a sum not exceeding ..
.... .. .. Rs. 5,000(R)
p.a. for each University

\section*{B. Preservation}
(i) A vacuupr cleaner .. Rs. 600 ( \(N R\) )
(ii) A Thymol fumigation chamber or para dichloro Benzine Cabinet. \(\quad\) Rs. \(600(N R)\) -. Rs. 1200 (N.R) per University.
(iii) Staff
(a) One Technical Assistant
@ Rs. 160.10 .330 .. .. Rs.2,400(R)P.A.
(b) Two menders @Rs. 100/-p.m.
inclusive of all
allowances.
(c) Two Binder" \(@\) Rs. \(100 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\).
inclusive of, all allowances
@ Rs. 100/- p.m. \(\quad . \quad\) is. \(4,800(R)^{\prime} \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{A}\).
(d) Three peons @ Rs. 700/-
per annum inclusive of
all allowances..... Rs.2,100(R) P.A. 9,300(R)

\section*{C.Utilization}


...2.
D. Organization.
(i) A curator or keeper of
manuscripts in the grade of a .... Rs. 7,200 p.a. per Reader @ Rs, 7, 200 p.a.

University.
(ii) Assistant Curators or Keepers
in the scale of tactarers - one for each language group of more than 2500 manuscripts @ Rs.25C..20-500 each or Rs. 9,000 per annum for two .. Rs. 9,000(R) p.a.per University. Total Rećurring -

A . Collection - Rse 10,000 per annum per University.
B. Preservation - \(\because\) - Do -
D. Organization-Rs. 16,200
- Do -

Rs. 35,500 per University per annum
Rs. 14,20,000-for 40 Universities per annum.
C. Utilization Rs. 33,600 for 14 Universities per annum

Total Recurring: \(14,53,600\)

Total Non-rccurring:
A. Collectign . -- Nil..
B. Preservacion 1,200eor \(\because .43,000\) for. 4 OUniversities.

25 Unịversities.
(ii) 20,000 (N.F.) for1; 60,000

8 Universities.
(iii)Rs. \(50 \dot{0}, 000\) (N.R.) 3,00,000
for-six Universities.

\[
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Grand Total (R) } \\
\text { per annum } \\
\text { (N.R) } \\
\\
\\
\\
\\
\\
\text { Rs. } \\
\text { Rs. } 6,814,33,600,000
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
\]

\section*{UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION}

\author{
Meetin : \\ Dated 9/10th Sept. 1960.
}

\section*{Item 2: To receive a report on the action taken by the Chairman/Secretary on certain matters.}
1. Centenary Grants to Collegos.

In their meeting held on 11/ぇ2th February 1960
(Itom NO. 50) the U.G.C. decided that a centenary grant may be given to every college on its completing hundred years either as a college or as an institution, provided that during at least 50 years of that period, the institution has functioned aṣ. a college. It was also decided that Government colleges should be included in this proposal. In compliance with the above decision, the:following colleges (Government as well as privately managed) have been sanctioned payment of a grant of Rs.I.O Iark each by the Chairman. (In the case of Maharaja's College, Mysore, the amount of grant to be paid is only Rs. \(92,000 /-\) ) :-
1. M.D.T. Hinảu College, Tirunelveli.
2. Rajahmundry Govt. College, Rajahmundry.
3.: Maharaja's Coillege \(L^{\text {Mvenn? }}\)
4. Government College, Ajmer.
5. Randhir Coliege, Kapurthala.
6. Maharaja's College, Jalpax
7. College of Engineering; Poona:
8. S,Ǩ. \(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{G}} \mathrm{G}\) College, Parlakimedi.
9. Presidency College, Madras.
10. Govt. Arts Colloge, Co1mbatore.
11. Govt. College, Kumbakonam.
12. Raja's College, Pudrukottai.
13. Madras Medicai College, Madras.
14. College of Fngineering, Guindy. 15. Teachers \({ }^{\text {P }}\) Training College, Saidapet, Madras.
2. Delhi University - Dr. T.R.Seshadri - Pavment of special grant.

In their meeting dated the 21 st March 1960 the Com-
misșion approved, on 50:50 basis, of a grant not exceeding Rs.3,178.00 to Dr. T.R.Seshadri for attending the International Symposium on "the Chemistry of Natural Products" to be held in Australia in August 1960. The Delhi University subsequently
\[
p \cdot t_{0} 0: \because
\]
reported that the Symposium authorities themselves had agreed to meet his travel expenses in fiull and that the U.G.C. might pay a grant of Rs.500/- on \(50: 50\) basis only towards Dr. Seshadri's daily expenses during his ten days' stay in Australia.

The Chairman agreed as a special case to the payment of a grant not exceeding Rs.500/- to the Delhi University for this purpose.
3. Panjab University - Prof. P:N:Mehra - Payment of travel grant.

The University of Panjab reported that Prof.P.N.Mehra, Dean, Faculty of Science and Head of the Botany Department, had beon invited to participate and present an Invitation paper entitled "Cytology and Breeding of Conifers" at the Session of the Fifth world Forestry Congress being held in Seattle, Washington (U.s.A.) with effect from 29th August to 10th September, 1960.

The University further intimated that half of the travel cost of Shrj P. N. Mehra was to be met by the Congress itself and reauested that a grant may be made to the Panjab University for meeting the other half of the travelling expensos.

The Chairman has agreed to \(\exists\) grant equal to \(\frac{1}{4}\) th ( \(25 \%\) ) of the actual cost of travel only on the condition that the other \(\frac{1}{4}\) th ( \(25 \%\) ) of the expenditure will be met by the Panjab University. (Half of the expenses? ne to be met by the Congress).
4. Jadavpur University - Dr. R.K.Des Gupta - 'Payment of travel grant.

The University of Jadavpur reported that Dr.R.K.Das Gupta, Reader of English at the University had been invited to participate in and read his paper on "Christian View of Tragedy", at the IV International Congress on Nosthetics held in Athens on Ist September 1960.

The University of Jadavpur requested that. a grant may be made for the purpose of deputing Dr.R.K.Das Gupta.

The Chairman has agreed to pay a grant on 50:50 basis, not exceeding Rs. 1,550/- for meeting the travel expenses of


Dr. Das Gupta, on the condition that the other \(50 \%\) will be met by the University itself.

\section*{5. Mysore University - Professor N. N. Nikam (Vice-Chancellor) Payment of travel grant.}
"The University of Mysore reported that the ViceChancellor, Prof. N.A.Nikam had been invited to participate in the Session of the Philosophical Entretiens being organised from 12th to '15th September 1960 at Oberhonfen (Switzerland). Prof. Nikam was" also to present a paper at the above Session. The University authorities requested that a grant may be made to the Mysore University for the purpose of deputing Prof. Nikam to attend the: above Session.

The Chairman has agreed to the payment of a grant not exceeding \(50 \%\) of the actual cost (list Class Ry. fare in India and tourist fare in International flights), on the condition that the other \(50 \%\) will be met by the Mysore University.
6. Pan jab University - Prof. M. R, Bani - Payment of travel grant.

The University of Panjab reported that Prof. M. R. Sahni had been invited to participate in the International Geological Congress to be held in Copenhagen during August, 1960. Prof. Sahni was also required to present and read a paper at the above Congress.

The University authorities requested that a grant may be made to the Panjab University for the purpose of deputing Prof. Sahni to attend the Congress.

The Chairman has agreed to a grant not exceeding \(50 \%\) of the actual cost of travel (first class Ry. fare in India and tourist fare in international flights), on the condition that the other \(50 \%\) will be met by the Panjab University.
7. Aligarh Muslim University - Proposal for the purchase of a Motor Vehicle - Grant-in-aid for.

The Aligarh Muslim University submitted a proposal for the purchase of a Jeep for the use of the Proctorial Staff of the University. In view of the fact that it was desirable
that the University should have some transport to enable the Proctor of the University to maintain proper discipline amongst the students, the Chairman has agreed to the proposal of the AlIgarh Muslim University to purchase a wily Jeep and sanctioned payment of a grant not exceeding Rs.,22,000/for this purpose, subject to the, condition that the expenditure on its maintenance is met out of the Block grant.
8. Recognised Institutions - Payment of grant to.

Information has been collected from all the Universities regarding the names of institutions or bodies other than affiliated colleges included in the list prepared under Section 2(.f) of the U.G.C. Act, together with the nature of the work done b them and the manner in which their work influences or aids any branch of work or function conducted by the Universities themselves. Information has also been obtained'regarding the prinovisions, if any, for the supervision of such racoent au institutions by the University and whether the University lays down any condition regarding staff, administration, finance, etc.

It was observed from the information supplied by the Universitiesthat the term "r cognition" was a loose term and as such cannot form the basis on which U.G.C. could bring an institution under their purview under Section 2(f). The Chairman, therefore, decided that no grant should be paid to such institutions, and any of these institutions if Included in our list prepared under Section \(2(f)\) of the U.G.C. Act may now be deleted.
9. Jadavpur University.
- On the recommendation of the A.I:C.T. T., the Commission at its meeting held on 3rd/4th December, . \(\mathbf{1 9 5 8 \text { , }}\) approved the proposal of Jadavpur University for starting 4-year part-time.dagree courses in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Enginegring with an annual intake of 60 students (20 for each course). For implementation of the scheme, the

Commission approved a recurring expenditure of Rs.1. 75 lakhs per. annum after taking into' account income from fees and accordingly sanctioned payment of a ceiling grant of Rs. \(88,000 /=\) per annum (being \(50 \%\) of the approved expendstire) for the duration of the Second Five Year Plan period.

In veii of the large r umber of applications.
received from Diploma holders for joining the Courses, the University reviewed the facilities available for running the courses and felt that arrangements could be'made for training of students on the basis of an annual intake of 120 in all Courses combined. The need for additional grants was not felt as the same was expected to be met from the enhanced income from fees. A request for increase in the intake from 60 to 120 was accordingly made by the University.

The proposal of the University was referred to the A.I.C.T. \(\operatorname{E}\). which placed the same before the Coordinating Committee for consideration. The Committee has recommended that the proposal of the University to increase the annual intake for the said Courses from 60 to 120 , may be approved without any additional expenditure. The recommendations of the A.I.C.T.E. were accepted and conveyed to the University. 10. Lucknow University - Development of Higher Scientific Education \& Research:

On the recomeridations of the Visiting Committee, the Commission, at its meeting held on th December, 1957, sanctioned the following equipment and library grants to the Lucknow University for the development of Higher Scientific Education \& Research under the Second Five Year Plan:-

Purpose. \(\quad\) Approved cost. Share of U.G.C.
(a): Equipment.

3,50,000 2,33,333
(b) : Library Books \&

1,20,000 .. 1,20,000
On the receipt of a representation from the University of Lucknow, sanction was accorded to an additional expenditure of Rs 96,000 (Commission's share being Rs. 74,000 ),
\begin{tabular}{lll}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Name of the \\
Deptt./Purpose.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Approved \\
Cost.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
U. G.C's \\
Rs.
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}
1. Physics Department.

Purchase of Scientific
\[
51,000
\]

34,000 Equipment.
2. Geology Department.
(1) Purchase of Scien-
15,000
10,000
tific \(\begin{aligned} & \text { equipment. }\end{aligned}\)
15,000
(ii) Literature.

Books \& Journals. 5,000 . 5,000
3. Mathematics Department.

Books \& Journals.


25,000
Rs. 96.000
RS 24,000
This was reported to \(t\) he Commission at its meeting held on 29/30th June, 1960.

In May, 1960, the Lucknow University informed the Commission that in the case of the statistics Department, the grants paid had been fully utilized and additional grants were needed for implementation of the project already approved. To meet this demand, sanction was accorded to an additional expenditure of Rs.25,000/- (Commission's share being Rs.20,000/-) for the Statistics Department, as per details shown below:-


\section*{11. Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth.}

The Commission, at its meeting held on 14th April, 1958, approved a plinth area of 5,900 sq.ft. at an estimated cost of Rs.75,000/-(including services and furniture) for the construction of the Central workshop building at Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth. Against this sanction, the vardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth submitted
plans and estimates for the construction of the Central Workshop building at an estimated cost of Rs.67,970/-(including all services etc.) covering a plinth area of 5,400 sq. ft. The estimates were supported by certificates from the local P.W.D. As the estimated cost was well within the Commission's sanction, the plans and estimates submitted by the University
- were approved and sanction was accorded to an additional plinth area of \(400 \mathrm{sq.ft}\) for the workshop building.

\section*{12. Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.}

For the all-round development of Indian Institute of
Science, Bangalore, the Government of India sanctioned during 1946-50, a total grant of Ris.1,76, \(88,848 /\) - for the wimplementation of Various approved schemes relating both to Science and Technology. Out of this, tho Govt. of India had paid,unto the end of 1958-59, an amount of Rs.1,76,78,129/- against which the Institute incurred an expenditure of \(7 s .1,76,09,167 /-\).

During 1959-60 when the responsibility for paying grants to the I.I.S. Bangalore was transferred to the Commission, the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. informed that due to a rise in the cost of materials, equipment and labour cost for buildings etc., the Institute has to incur an additional expenditure of Rs, 4,64,833\% for the completion of the above development schemes. As the Institute was badly in need of funds, the Chairman agreed to pay an 'on account' grant of Rs. \(2,00,000 /-\), pending detailed examination of all these schemes on receipt of relevant papers from the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. and the Institute.

\section*{13. Technical assistance for training abroad}

The Ministry of Finance Depth of Economic Affairs), ' Indian Universities for technical assistance ie. services of foreign experts, ancillary equipment, if any, and for training abroad under the Technical Cooperation Schemes of (a) Point Four Programme (b) U.N.T.A.O. Programme and (c) Colombo Plan \(\alpha(d)\) Indo-French Technical Cooperation Programine.


NO. OF EXPERTS.
1. 1

The recommendations of the Selection Committees were accepted by the Chairman. The proposals have been forwarded to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, (Depitt.of Economic. Affairs).

The matter is reported to the Commission. '
14. ALIGARI MUSLIM UVIVERSITX-GKAKT FOR KLL INDIA ISLANIC STUDIES CONFEREIVCE.

The Aligarh Muslim University held the and session of the All India Islamic Studies Conference in December, 1959, and incurred an expenditure of \(\mathbb{F} .1,977.18 \mathrm{np}\) for the purpose. The University held the Inst session of this Conference in January, 1958, but the expenditure was borne by the University without any financial assistance from the Government of India or the University Grants Commission.
2. On the University requesting the Commission to meet the expenditure incurred on the nd session of the \(k l l\) India Islamic Studies Conference the Chairman. has sanctioned a sum of Rs.1,000/m as token grant to the University, The University has been informed that in future the Cominission will not pay any grant for holding Conferences on subjects which may easily form a part of the existing Conferences of a similar nature egg. the Indian History Congress or the \(k\) Il India Oriental Conference.

\section*{15. VISVA-BHARATI-WATEIGSUPPLY RE-OFGAISSETION SCHEME 。}

The revised scheme of Visva-Bharati regarding Water Supply
- Re-organisation has been approved by the University Grants Commission at an increased cost of ri. 18,00, 600/-(Res.No.3(29) of \(14 / 15\) th August, 1959)。"
2. The University later intimated that the cost of private land measuring 11.16 acres and estimated to cost Rs.18,000/-, to be acquired for execution of the scheme, was not included in the approved cost of Rs. 18,00,600/-. The Chairman agreed to the increase in cost of the scheme from Ks. 18,00,600/- to "
- Rs. \(18,18,600 /-\) on account of the cost of Iand.
16. \(\frac{B_{6} N_{t} R R_{4} S}{}\) HINDU UNIVERSITY-COMPLETION OF EXISTING FIVE HOSTELS.
The University Grants Commission vide Res. No. 14 of \(9 / 10\) th February, 1959 approved the completion of five existing hostels viz. Annie Besant Hostel, RadhakrishnanHostel, Gurtu Hostel, C.P. Ramaswami Iyer Hostel and Womens' hostel at an estimated cost of If. \(7,24,000(\mathrm{NR})\). The C.P.W.D. approved the implementation of the scheme at a total cost of Rs. \(7,14,000 /-(\mathbb{N R})\) resulting in a saving of Rs. \(10,000 / \mathrm{m}\) 。

The University informed the Commission that through an oversight, provision of kitchen block in the annie Besant Hostel at an estimated cost of \(\mathrm{B} .56,200 /-\) could not be included in the original proposal. as the provision of kitchen in a hostel is an absolute necessity, the request of the University has been accepted in principle and the plans and estinates are under reference to the C.P.W.D. for working out the exact expenditure involved.
17. GNDHR UNIVERSITY-CUNTRUCTION OF ST \(4 F F\) QU \({ }^{2}\) RTERS.

The andhra University approached the University Grants Commission for the construction of 6 Professors Quarters at an estimated cost of Rs.l.56 lakhs and 40 Lecturers' quarters at a cost of Rs. 6.40 lakhs, total cost of the scheme being Rs. 7.96 lakhs The University has agreed to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\).
2. The University stressed the need for the construction of these quarters, as 266 members of the teaching staff out of 355 are still to be provided with residences. This University has not been given any financial assistance so far for the construction of staff quarters.
3."The Chairman approved the proposal in principle.
18. RaJaSTHn UNIVERSITY-CUNSTRUCTION OF STGFF QUARTERS.

The Rajasthan University approached the University Grants Commission for tho construction of 34 staff quarters at an estimated cost of Re 9,90,000/- as detailed below:-

-11-.
a) Seven Professors' Quarters.
b) Nine Readers' quarters.
c) Eighteen Lecturers' quarters.

\(-134\).

Estimated cost Ms.3,15,000/-

Bs.3,15,000/-
-
\(\frac{\text { B5.3,60,000/- }}{\frac{5,90,000 /-(N R)}{2,90, ~}}\)

The State Government has agreed to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\) of the cost.
2. is the need of the University was urgent and as the University has not so far been given any assistance/staff houses, the Chairman agreed in principle, to the request of the University。
19. ALI HABAD ULIVERSITY - CURSTKUCTIUN OF ST \(A F F\) QUARTERS.

The University Grants Commission vide Res. No.3(XVII) of \(30 / 31\) st October, 1959 approved the action of the Chairman in accepting the request of Allahabad University in principle, for the construction of 36 staff quarters at an estimated cost of F . 5,00,000/- to be paid by the Ministry of Education as interest bearing loan. Since the University was' not empowered to raise loans, the University requested that a reduced scheme costing \(R \cdot 1,12,000 /-\) to meet the pressing needs of the University be sanctioned by tho Commission on a \(50 \%\) grant basis.' the The Chairman has acceded to/request of the University.
20. KARNATAK UNIVERSITY_ EDDITIONAL PFOVISION OF FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE NEW LIBRARY WING OF THE UNIVERSITY. The University Grants Commission vide Res, No.3(2) of 9/10th Feb 1959 approved the request of the Karnatak University for provision of furniture and equipment for its Library building at a cost of RS. \(130,000 \mathrm{NR}\). A library building
/costing \(\mathrm{Es} .4,53,968 /\) - has been constructed with financial assistance from the University Grants Commission, on the usual basis, as part of a composite building for academic purposes. 2. The University requested that the following additional items of furniture and equipment: be provided for the Library 。
a.) Sunmblinds for 186 windows \(=\) Rs. \(12,000 /-\)
b) Inter connection phone system \(=\) : Ps. 5,000/-
c) Ampligrammo. \(=1\)-Rs. \(1,500 / \mathrm{m}\)
d) Duplicating machine.



The Chairman approved the expenditure ．The Commissi on will meot \(2 / 3\) of tho cost of these items．
21．OSM IVI UIVIVEBSITY－IMPKOVEMENT UF THE EXISTING PRINTING PRESS．

The University Grants C Commission vide Res．No． 29 of 1l／12th February， 1960 considered the question of establishment of Printing Presses in Universities witr financial assistance from the University Grants Commission．The Commission sanctioned a grant of Fs． \(1,81,000 /-\)（ \(\mathrm{B} .1,21,000 /\)－for machincry and R ． \(60,000 /-\) for building）to 上ligarh Muslim University for setting up a University Printing Press．The Commission also agreed that on requests being recoived from other Universities，grants may be paid to them for this purposo on the same basis．

2．The Osmania University approachod the Commission for financial assistanco towards the improvemont of existing Press of the Univorsity which has not boon working efficiently，being moro．than 30 years old．The ostimated cost involved in its improvement is P － \(1,20,000 /\)－for the purchase of Pross，Bindery， Process Studio and types and F．60，000／－for the extension of the prescnt building by \(4,000 \mathrm{sq} . f t\) ．

3．The Chairman approved the proposal of the University at an ostimatod cost of \(\mathrm{Ns} .1,80,000(\mathrm{NR}\) ，on the ground that ＂ consolidation is as important às developmont。＂The，State Governmont／Univorsity will share the exponditure at \(33 \frac{1}{3} \%\) and the balance of \(\mathrm{F}^{-}\)。 \(1,20,000 /-\mathrm{represcnting} \quad 66 \frac{2}{3} \%\) of the total cost will be mot by the Commission．

22．DELHI UNIVERSITY－CUIVSTKLCTIUIV OF TEACHIVG BLOCK－ DELHI SGHOOL OF ECONONICS：－

The University Grants Commission vide Res．No． 37 of 8 th Jily： 1958 approved the construction of teaching block of Dolhi School of Economics at a total estimated cost of P． \(1,50,000(N R)\) ．Tho plans and estimates of the scheme were approved by the C．P．W．D．at a cost of Ps．1，36，000／－。 The Delhi University invited tenders and the lowest tondered cost was Fr． \(1,48,500 /\)－The University was asked to intimate the No．of tonders received and whether the tenders wero open or restricted．

The Undersity informed that for building portion tenders were - invited from 20 contractors on the approved list and only two tenders were receit ved.
2. In view of the urgency of the construction of the building, the Chsimman agreed to the increased cost of Rc.1,48,500/- based on the lowor tender. In this connection the Ukifoisity has been advised to prepare a revised list of approved contractors in consultation with tho C.P.W.D. in case it is desired to entrust. constructionwork of library buildings to a restricted number of approved constractors and report the action taken in this rogard to the Cominission.
23. K RNBI K UNIVERSITY - CUNSIRUCTION OF FOUR TENEMENTS OF STGFF QUERTEKS FOR READEES IN THE UNIVERSITY CGMPUS.

The Chairman approved the proposal of the Karnatak University, in principle for the construction of 16 quartors for Readers at a total cost of \(\operatorname{Fs} 3,46,400 /-\) @ Fs . 21,650/- per quarter on tho University stressing tho urgency of the need as a result of the location of the University at some distance from the city. Tho University has agreed to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\) of the approved cost.
24. HLLAHABAD UNIVERSITY - CONSTRC TION OF LIBRGRY BUILDING. Tho University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 8/9th February, 1958 considered tho question of giving grants to Gllahabad University which is over 70 years old. The Cormission resolved that in viow of the special difficulties and needs of the University at the present time, a special grant to enable them to meet their immediate needs may be given to them. It was agreed that this grant not exceeding Ro. 10 lakhs may be paid by the Chairman after determining the specific need of the University。

The Commission noted that the University was 70 years old and agreed that the grant may be given withat sharing requirement (Res. No.9).
2. The Vice-Chancellor, Allahabad.University discussed this matter with the Chairman on 10.3 .1958 and it was de'cided theit an
ad hoc grant of \(\operatorname{ra} .10\) lakhs may be paid to the University for \(\ddagger\) e construction of its library building. The university later submitted plans and estimates of the library building at an estimated cost of pr. 14 lakhs. The Uhairman has accepted these in principle on condition that the balance of Fc .4 lakhs will have to be met by the University and/the State Government. 25. \(\angle L\) LALA 2 D UNI VARSITY - CONSTRUCTION OF BOYS: HOSTEL.

The University Grants Commission vide Rusolution lio. 8 of \(14 / 15\) th august, 1959 acceded to the request of the allahabad University for an interest bearing loan of Ri.4,29,000/-for the construction of a Boys' Hostel and the payment of the loan to the University was recommended to the vinistry of Education. 2. . . 2 there was no provision in the actg. Statutes etc. of the University for raising loans the University modified its earlier scheme and decided to put a hostel building at a cost of ks. \(2,00,000 /\). . The University has agreed to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\). The scheme has been accepted in principle.
26. \(H I G_{H} R H\) MUSLIM UKIVERSITY- CONSTRUCTION OF ST FF QUAETERS. The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No.3(ix) dated the \(17 / 18\) th June, 1959 agreed to the allocation of a further loan of Ps. 10,00,000/- (in addition/ Rs. 5 lakhs already allocated ) to the \&ligarh Muslim University for the construction of staff quarters. The plans and estimates of the quarters were approved by the C.P.W.D. at Ks. \(9,89,200 /-\). on 2. The Commission at its meeting held/II/12th Feb.1960 considered the general question of giving assistance to Universities for the construction of staff quarters. as there was no specific provision in the act, Statutes of many Universim ties to raise loans, the Commissi on decided that whenever a grant was made for this purpose, it would be on the basis of 50 : 50 in the case of State Universities and Colleges.
3. ms the Comissi on meets expenditure in Central Universities for the construction of buildings at \(100 \%\), the Chairman has decided that for the construction of tho staff quarters in these Universities the expenditure be met in full by the Commission.

4．The proposal of the wigarh Muslim university for the construction of staff quarters＂has according y been approved for payment of grant on cent per cent basis．

27．VISVA－BHARHTI－CONSTRUCTION UF ST EFF QUARTERS．
The Chairman agreed to the request of the Visva－Bharati for the construction of 45 quarters for Lecturers at an estimated cost of Fs 。 \(7,15,860 /-@ \mathrm{~F}\) 。 \(15,908 /\)－per quarter，to meet the urgent requirements of the University．
28．SHLI VENKAESWHR UNIVEKSITY－CONSTEUCTION OF STAFF QUARTERS．
The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No．3（27） dated the \(9 \% 10\) th February， 1959 recommended the payment of an interest bearing loan of F：2，2，00，000（NR）to the Sri．Venkateswara University for the construction of staff quarters to the Ministry of Education．His there was no provision in the act，Statutues of，the University to raise loans，the University decided to accept grant at \(50 \%\) basis．The University submitted a modified scheme for the construction of 24 staff quarters（12 for grade \(I\) and 12 for grade II Lecturers）at an estimated cost of ． E．3，31，800／－The Chairman has approved the proposal of the Universịty。

29．PATNA UNIVERSITY－COISTRUCTIUN OF BOYS＇HOSTEL．
The Chairman approved the proposal of the Patna University for the construction of a hostel for the accommodation of 451 men students at a total cost of \(n\) ． \(15,97,000 /-0\) n the University／ State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\) ．
30．J \＆K．UNI VERSITY－COLSTRUCTIUN：OF BOYS：HOSTEL ．
The Chairman approved，the proposal．of J．\＆K．University for the construction of a hostel for 98 men＂students at University campus，Amer Singh Bagh，Srinagar at an estimated cost of R． \(2,42,000 /-\) on the University／State Government agreeing to meet the expenditure at \(50 \%\) ．
31．UTKLI UNFVERSITY－CONSIRUCTIUN OF A HOSTEL BUILDING AT
CUTTHCK FOR THE STUDENTS OF MOS．LAW COLLEGE．
The scheme of the Utkal University for the construction of a Boys＇Hostel for the M．S．Law．College at Cutback at an

estimatedrcost of Rs .3,60,000/- has been accepted in principle on the University/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\).
32. CALCUTTA INIVERSITY - CONSTRUCTION OF WOMENS' HOSTEL. The Chairman accepted the proposal of the Calcutta University, in principle for the construction of a Women' hostel for 75 students at Hazra Road Calcutta at an estimated cost of Rs. \(3,37,500 /-\) on the University/State Government communicating their willingness to share the expenditure at \(25 \%\) of the approved cost. The Chairman also agreed to the naming of the hostel after Shrimati Hiranmayai Devi in view of the fact that the institution founded by her had offered 31 cottars of land estimated to cost Rs. 2 lakhs for putting up a hostel building as land is scarce in Calcutta and the contribution made by the institution is substantial
33. J \& K UNIVERSITY - CONSTRUCTION OF A GIRLS' HOSTEL AT JAMMI.
The Chairman accepted the proposal of the J\& K University in principle for the construction of a hostel for 100 women students at Jammu at an estimated cost of Rs. \(3,20,548 \%-\) including furniture on the University/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at \(25 \%\) of the cost and on the Vice Chancellor stressing the importance of providing a hostel for women students in the University campus that is being developed at amu.
34. NAGPUR UNIVERSITY - CONSTRTCTION OF A GIRLS' HOSTEL.

The request of the Nagpur University for the construction - of a Girls' Hostel for 102 students at an estimated cost of Rs.5,61,850/- has been accepted in principle, on the University/State government agreeing to share the expenditure at \(25 \%\) of the approved cost, as the requirement of the University for a hostel to accommodate Girls ' students was urgent. 35. SATGAR UNIVERSITY- CANCELTATION OF THE SCHEME REGARDING_ THE EST ABLISEMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TELUGU.
The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No.3(22) of 9/10th February, 1959 approved the scheme of Saugaz University

Telugu under the Scheme of 'Establishment of Faculties for the study of South Indian Languages and Culture in North Indian Universities' (approved vide Resolution. No. 20 of 4.12.1957) The Commission sanctioned the posts of 3 Assistant Professors, one Clerk and one peon for the Department of Telugu in the Sugar University and apnroved a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 9,600/- for the purchase of books and furniture on this account under the Second Five Year Plan.
2. The sanction was conveyed to the University on 29-1-59 but the University did not implement the scheme for one year. In accordance with the Commissi on's Resolution No. 5 dated 4-10-57 that wherever a University failed to implement an approved scheme either with regard, to the construction of buildings or the appointment of staff within a year of the sanction of the scheme, the sanction should be considered as having lapsed, the approval of the Commission to the scheme of the Saugor University for the establishment of Department of Telugu was withdrawn.
36. SETTING UP OF FILM CLUBS IN TDIVERSITIES.

The Thiversity Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 6 of \(11 / 12\) February, 1960 received a report regarding the setting up of Films Clubs in Universities. It was reported to the Commission at that meeting that the Council would be an autonomous body registered under the Societies Registration Act and working under the supervision of the Ministry of Education, Government of India.
2. The following 16 Universities have been permitted to participate in the scheme.


The total cost of the scheme viz. Rs. \(1,20,000 /\) - has been distributed amongst the 16 Universities @ Rs. 7,500/- in 1960-61

for the present and a sum of Rs. 3,750/- representing half the amount of grant has been sanctioned by the Chairman to each of these 16 Universities. The Thiversities have been asked to retain an amount of Rs. 1,000/- to meet local expenses for working the scheme and the balance of Bs . 2,750/- being passed on to the University Film Council to meet various items of \({ }^{*}\) expenditure required for starting the scheme.
37. LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY - PROVISIOV OF RESEARCH CTJBICLES IN THE UNIVERSITY TAGORE LIBRARY.

The University. Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 40
of \(8 / 9\) th July 1959 approved the provision of furniture for research cubicles in the Library of the Lucknow University at an estimated cost of Rs. \(25,000 /\) - the share of the Commission at. \(66 \frac{2}{3} \%\) being Rs. \(16,700 /-\) To meet the requirement due to the increase of research students every year, University requested that the cost of furniture be revised to Rs. \(30,930 /-\). The request of the University was acceded to. The increased share of the Commission on this account will be Rs. 3,950/- at \(66-\frac{2}{-} \%\).
8. CAL CUTTA UNIVERSITY - CONS TRTJCTION OF LIBRARY BUILDING.

The" University Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 17 of 30/31 August, 1957 approved the revised scheme of the Calcutta University for the construction of a Library Building at a total cost of Rs. 28.9 lakhs and sanctioned payment of \(2 / 3\) rd of the cost as the Commission's share to be paid as and when necessary.
2. The plans and estimates of the building have now been apnroved at a cost of Ps. \(27,40,000 /-\) and the University permitted to proceed with the implementation of the scheme. 39. RAJASTHAN UNIVERSITY - FURNITTRE FOR LIBRARY BTIILDING. The Thiversity Grants Commission.vide Resolution No.3(8) dated \(30 / 31\) st Argust, 1957 approved the scheme of Rajasthan University for the construction of a Library Building at a cost of \(P_{\text {s. }} 6,93,543 /-\). The request of the University for provision of furniture at a cost of Rs. \(65,000 /\)-for the building has been acceded to on the University / State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at 66-2/3\%.
40. Baroda University -Scheme for Examination Reform.

The Baroda University submitted the following two schemes to. the University Grants Commission for research in the Examination system in the University.
a) Scheme of research studies in respect of Examinations in the Baroda University.
b) Project of research into students' performance \& course's leading to their retardation, stagnation and academic casualty.
2. The Examination Committee of the Commission, to which the proposals were referred, recommended that the first scheme may be approved by the Commission since it was desirable that such research should go on. Pending implementation of this scheme, the Committee recommended that the 2 nd proposal may not be financially assisted by the Commission.
3. The Chairman approved the scheme as detailed below as an exceptional case. for academic exercise for a period of 12 months.

Examination Department.
(1) One Officer-in-charge of Examinations (500-25-800)
(2) One Psychometrician ( 250-20-500)

Research Project in Fixamination Department.
1) Two Research Assistants ( Rs. 200-20-300)
2) One Typist Clerk ( Rs. 100-10-200):

\section*{Miscellaneous expenditure.}
1) Printing Stationery and conveyance

Rs. 1,500/-
2) Contingency and miscellaneous.

Rs. \(500 /-\)
3) Typewriting machine and Dead stock (One filing cabinet, one steel cupboard, tables \& chairs) Rs. 3,000/-
4. The scheme has been approved on the usual sharing basis.
41. Jadavpur University -Approval of the modifications
alterations and additions in the Arts Block Building.

The Chairman, approved the following additions, alterations and modifications, as proposed by the Jadavpur University, in the Arts Block building approved by the University Grants \(\therefore\) Commission "at an estimated cost of Rs. \(10,80,000(\mathrm{NR})\) at its
meeting held on 17th \& 18th September 1959(Resolution No.23) under II Five Year Plan:-
(i) that instead of constructing a separate building with the entire plinth area of 60,000 sq.ft. as approved by the Cómmission, the University may utilize approximately 32,000 sq.ft. to construct two additional .floors on the existing Arts building and construct a separate building adjacent to the existing building with the balance of \(28000 \mathrm{sq.ft}\).
(ii) that a small canteen for students of an area of utilizing the area of 1800 sq.f.t. provided/8 small office ronms may be provided in the building. The University will provide accommodation for office rooms in the existing buildings.
(iii) that a lift may be installed in the building at an estimated cost of Rs. \(36,000(N R)\).
(iv) that the size of research cubicals and Lecturer rooms may: be 100 sq.ft. instead of \(80 \mathrm{sq.ft}\). the Commission.
2. The above additions and alterations and modifications in the Arts Block building have been apnroved by the Chairman on condition that the total cost and plinth area of the building will be limited to Rs. \(10,80,000 /(\mathrm{NR}) \& 60,000\) sq.ft. respectively.
42. Karnatak University - Revision of the Cost of Arts and Science Block buildings.

The Chairman, on the recommendations of the building Committee approved the revised cost as detailed below of the Aoademic Blocks for housing the Arts \& Science departments of the Karnatak University accepted by the Commission at its meeting held on 18th Feb. 1957 (Item 3) \& 17 Sept. 1954 (Item 12) respectively. The estimated cost apnroved previously was Rs. 6,69,800 for Arts portion and Rs. 3,00,000(NR) for Science portion of the building:-

\section*{Item}

Expenditure approved.
(i) Building for Science \&Humanties Departments
including Central entrance portion - Rs. 17,56,317
\& Services.

\section*{Item}
(ii) Marble work.
(iii) ScuIpture work.
(iv) Change of Badami Stones to: Dodaalpur stones.
(v) Lif.t.
(vi) Specielsof Laboratory fittings.

Expenditure approved. Rs. \(17,56,317\).
(vii) Add 5 \%for wörk charge establishment' \& 'Architect, fee . Bs. \(1,07,675\).

Grand total...... R. 22,61,180. (NR)
Share of the Commission at 66-2/3\%. . Rs. 15,07,453.(NR)
The share of the Commission in respect of the building has been divided in respect of Arts \& Science portions of the building as follows:-
(i) Humanities -
(ii) Science
Total
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Rs. } 7,29,227 \cdot(\mathrm{NR}) \\
& \text { Rs. } 7,78,226 \cdot(\mathrm{NR}) \\
& \frac{\mathrm{RS} \cdot 15,07,453 \cdot(\mathrm{NR})}{}
\end{aligned}
\]
43. Andhra University - Revision of the Cost of the Arts Block Building.

The Chairman, on the request of Andhra University approved the following additional items of expenditure in respect of the Arts Block building approved by the University Grants Commission at an estimated cost of Rs. \(11,20,000\) (NR) at its meeting held on 26th \& 27 th September 1958. (Item 24) under the IT Five Year Plan:Item

Approved Cost.
(i) Additional area of 8400 sq.ft. - Rs. \(1,34,400 /-\).
(ii) Internal electric Installations. - Rs. \(1,01,000 /\).
(iii) External electrification - Rs. 19,000/-.
(iv). Water supply arrangements. . - Rs.' '30,000/-.
(v) Sanitary \& drainage Iines \& disposal arrangements. .- . Rs. 50,000/-.

The total cost of the building with the inclusion of the above items will amount to Rs. \(15,79,400(N R)\). The share of the Commission at 66-2/3\% of the revised cost will be Rs. \(10,52,933\) (NR)

-22-
instead of Rs. 7,50,000 as previously agreed to by the Commission.
44. Publication of the report of the Social Welfare Schemes.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 13th \& 14 th March 1956, approved the following schemes of Research in Social Welfare:-

Name of the
University.
(1) M.S. University of Baroda.
(ii) Poona.
(iii) Agra.
(iv) Vishva Bharati.
(v) Allahabad.
(vi) Madras.
(vii) Aligarh Muslim University.

Name of the Scheme.

Survey of the Graduates of the Schools of Social Work.

Influence of Socioeconomic factors in performance on some Psychological tests and personality development.

Economic Serfdom among Kolas of. Jaunsar-Bawar and, their rehabilitation.

To enquire into the social, emotional and Musical needs of children, adolescents and youth in a group of the villages.
(under implementation)
The Social Problems of the student-Community in Allahabad.
(Not implemented)
To make an enquiry into the probation system in its relation to juvenile courts, Police etc.

Survey of students residing in Aligarh City.

The Schemes of Baroda, Poona, Agra, Madras and Aligarh Universities have been completed.

The Chairman approved the publication of the reports of the following Universities:-

University Estimated cost.

Baroda.
Poona.
Agra. )

Rs. 1,075/~.
Rs. 2,100/-.
( The Universities have not yet
intimated the cost of printing of the reports.

The Aligarh Muslim University have already printed the report of the Scheme.
45. Approval of the Social Welfare Schemes of the Aligarh and Nagpur Universities.

The Chairman accepted the recommendations made by the Selection Committee of the Advisory Board on Social Welfare \& sanctioned the following schemes of Research in Social Welfare
S. No.
(1)
(2) Nagpur.

Name of the Scheme. Amount recommended.

To offer guidance facilities in vocational and educational matters and for Research in vocational \& educational guidance and counseling. Rs. 12,500/-.
Care of the Mentally handicapped among the population attending the primary schools of Nagpur. Rs. 15,000/-.
46. Sanction of grant for the improvement of the History Section of the Library of the St. Xavier College Bombay.

The Chairman sanctioned a grant of Rs, 50,000( NR) for payment in instalments according to need to the St،Xavier College Bombay in 1960-61 towards the improvement of the History Section of the college library against the total request of the college amounting to Rs. 1,50,000(NR).
47. M.S. University of Baroda - Approval of the revised expenditure incurred on the completion of Psychology building

The M.S. University of Baroda reported the total expenditure of Rs. 1,17,254-12 incurred on the completion of the building for the department of Psychology approved by the Commission at an estimated cost of Rs. \(1,15,000(N R)\) at its meeting held on 18th February 1957(Item 17(a).

The revised total expenditure of Rs .1,17,254-12 as certified by the Local Public Works Department also covers the cost incurred on addition and al cation made in the building.

The Chairman approved the revised total expenditure of Rs.1,17,254-12 and sanctioned the payment of a grant of Rs.1,502(NR; as detailed below:-
(i) Total approved cost - Rs. 1,17,254-12
(ii) Share of the Commission at 66-2/3.
(iii) Less grant already paid.

Rs. 78, 169.

48. Madras University - Cancellation of the scheme regarding the appointment of Visiting Professor in English.
- The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 17/18th June, 1959, accepted as an experimental measure the proposal of the Madras University for the appointment of a Visiting Professor of English on special terms with the assistance of the British Council (Resolution No. additional 2). The sanction was conveyed to the University on 21.7.1959.

2: The Commission vide resolution No. 5 of 4 th Óctober, 1957 decided that whenever a university failed to implement an approved scheme either with regard to the construction of building or appointment of staff within a year of the sanction of the scheme, the sanction should be considered as having lapsed and fresh consideration of the proposal would be necessary if it is to be taken up again.
3. The University of Madras could not make the appointment of the Professor within a period of one year of its sanction. The approval to the scheme has been withdrawn in accordance with the resolution of the vommission.

\section*{49. Poona University - Appointment os Visiting Professor in English.}

The Chairman approved the proposal of the Poona University for the appointment of a Visiting Professor in English, with the assistance of the British Council for a period of two years i.e. 1960-61 \& 1961-62 on the following conditions :- .
(i) The full salary payable to an Indiantrofessor may be paid to the Visiting Professor by the Poona University.
(ii) The Commission will supplement the salary of the Professor to the extent necessäry to bring it to Rs. 2,000/- a month as pres-- aribed by the Commission for the appointment of Visiting Professors in Indian Universities.
(iii) Any expenditure in respect of the project over Rs. 2,000/- a month may be met by the British Council.

50. -Baroda University - Approval to the appointment of Reader having III class M.A. degree in the Diploma Course in cooperation.

The M. B. University \(^{\text {of }}\) Baroda appointed Dr. Krishna Narayan Naik, who obtained pass class in M.A. in addition to his doctorate degree, as I Reader in the diploma course in Cooperation against the post approved by the Commission at its meeting held on 17 th \(\& 18\) th September, 1959.

The Commission has laid down that a teacher to be appointed as a Reader in a University department should possess a first or second class M.A. in the subject concerned with at lead five years teaching experience \& either research degree of the doctorate standard or publications of merit to his credit. \&rof. M.I.Dantwala of Bombay University was asked whether Shri Ivaik could be considered fit for the post. On 2 prof. Dantwala recondering approval of Dr. Nail's appointment on the basis of his experience of conducting \& guiding research and quality of work, the Chairman as a very special case approved the appointment of Dr, Naik as a Reader in Cooperation, at the Baroda University.
51. Utkal University - Creation of additional post of Lecturer in the department of philosophy.

The University Grants Commission approved the following posts for the development of the Philosophy department of the Utkal University under the II Five Year Plan (Resolution No. 3 dated the 4 th October, 1958):-

One Professor.
One Reader.
One Lecturer.
Since the University did not find an sm
suitable candidate for appointment as Professor, o Me Reader and two lecturers were appointed in November \& July, 1958. respectively against the sanctioned posts. The University. requested that the expenditure incurred in respect of the salary of both the Lecturers be shared by the Commission retrospectively from 1958 onwards during the II Five rear Plan. The Chairman, as a special case, approved the creation of an additional post of/lecturer in the department of Philosophy with effect from July, 1958, under the II Five Year rlan , on condition that the financial assistance of the Commission towards the post will be discontinued with effect from the date of filling up of tie post of professor of Philosophy originally approved by the Commission.
52. Utkal University - approval of the departmental charges made by the Local public works department in respect of the construction of the Arts Block building.

The Chairman approved the request of the Utkal University for the grant of Rs. 53,965/- (N.R) Levied by the Local public Works department as' departmental charges' in respect of the construction of the Arts Block building approved by the University Grants Commission at an estimated cost of Rs. 11,48,000/- (N.R) at its meeting held on 8 th \& 9 th July, 1958.

The total cost of the building including the expenditore in respect of the departmental charges required by the Local rublic Works department will thus amounts to Rs. 12,01,965/and: the share of the Commission of the expenditure at \(66 \frac{2}{3} \%\) will be Rs. \(8,01,310 /-(N . R)\).
53. Baroda University - Construction of staff quarters.

The Chairman accepted the proposal of M.S. University of Baroda for the construction of 12 staff quarters ie. eight
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for Lecturers and four for Readers at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,08,400/- on the University/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at \(50 \%\) of the cost. The scheme represents the requirement of the University for 1960-61,

\section*{54. Panjab University - Purchase of furniture for the library building.}

The University Grants Commission: vide Res. No. 45
of 8 th July, 1958 accepted the proposal of the ranjab University for the construction of Library Building at Chandigarh at an estimated cost of Rs. 16,22, \(700 /-\) (NoR). The approved cost of the scheme is Rs." \(15,04,740 \%\) on the basis of the Local public Work department certificate. The construction work is in progress and the building is nearing completion.
2. The University requested that a sum of Rs, 3,87,400/- may be approved by the Commission for furnishing the library. In accordance with the usual practice of the Commission, the Chairman approved a sum of Rs. 3 lakhs for this purpose at \(20 \%\) of the cost of the building.
55. Approval of recurring expenditure for introduction Of the Three-Year degree course in the Osmania University.

The Ministry of Education assessed the requirements of the non-Government colleges of Osmania University and approved inter-alia an expenditure of Rs. \(13,50,000 /-(N, R)\) for introducting the Three-Year degree course in the 2 university colleges and 6 constituent colleges of the University.

The total approved recurring expenditure towards appointment of additional staff of the above 8 colleges is Rs. \(2,85,000 /-\) per annum. On the request of the Osmania

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University, the Chairman agreed that the total expenditure of Rs. 2,85,000/-(R) per annum admissible to the colleges of the University may be utilized for meeting recurring expenditure on staff for the implementation of the ThreeYear degree course scheme in these colleges treating these 8 colleges as one unit of the University with a view to maintain proper academic standard in these colleges. \(\quad=\)
56. Introduction of the Three-Year degree course in the D.A.V. College, JixIundur and Khalsa College, imritsar -
- approval of additional expenditure for.

The Ministry of Education had approved earlier a sum of Rs. 1,50,000/- (N.R) each for introducing the ThreeYear degree course in the D.A.V. College, Jullundur and the Khalsa College, Amritsar.

In view of the larger number of students for whom adequate facilities were available, the University approached the Commission for sanction of additional grants to the D.A.V. College, Jullundur and the Khalsa College, Amritsar. The Chairman approved a further expenditure of Rs. 1,50,000/(N.R) and Rs. \(75,000 /-(N \cdot R)\) for implementing the scheme in these two colleges by treating them as 2 and \(1 \frac{1}{8}\) units respectively to \(\dot{b} e\) shared by the Commission at \(50 \%\).

5\%. Preparation of reading material for General Education course - aLigarh Muslim University - sanction to the continuance of the project for.

The Commission at its meeting held on the \(13 / 14\) th March, 1956 (Res. 43) accepted the proposal of the Aligarh Muslim University for the preparation of reading material for General Education courses at a total cost of Rs. 75,000/( \(N, R\) ) and \(R s\). 1,05,300/-(R) for a period of three years unto April, 1960. The major part of the work was completed within the scheduled time.

Aligarh Muslim University approached the Commission for financial assistance. for continuing the project for the purpose of editing and publishing the related material in
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English, the expenditure involved to be met out of the unspent balance of the provision originally approved by the Commission. The Chairman, with a view to bringing the project to a successful conclusion, approved the continuance of the project for preparation of reading material for General Education coursed for a period not extending beyond the 31st of March, 1961.

The undermentioned staff and other items of expenditure were also approved for properly editing the English material:
1. Director. Rs. 500.00 P.M.
2. Assistant Director. Rs. 200.00 PM.
3. English typist-cum-clerk. Rs. \(125.00 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}\).
Rs. 50.00 ReM.
Other expenses
a). Remuneration to contributors Rs. 9,200.00
b) Remuneration for English translation of parts of one book originally written in Urdu.
c) Remune ration for revision and reading of prepared material. Rs. 8,000.00
d) Typing charges on job basis. Rs. 700.00
e) Stationery, postal charges and miscellaneous. Rs. 1,000.00

\section*{58. Establishment of Health Centre in the Utkal University Deference ot.}

The University Grants Commission approved the construction of a Health Centre in the Utkal University at a cost of Rs. 50,000/-. The University later on informed the Commission that the state Government would provide necessary assistance for the scheme during the III Five Year Plan. The Health Centre scheme of the University of Utkal has been, therefore, deferred for the present.
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59. Establishment of a non-resident Student Centre Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth.

The Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth had submitted a scheme for the establishment of a Non-resident Students Centre in the University at a total estimated cost. of Rs... 2 lakh. The University was informed that the Commission!s assistance towards such schemes would be limited to Rs, \(70,000 /-\) only and that any expenditure over and above the Commission's share would have to be borne by the University or the State Government. The University was also advised to revise the plans in case they were not in a position to meet the expenditore in excess of the Commission's share of Rs. 70,000/-.

The Commission at its meeting held on 21-3-1960 vide Item No. 7 decided that in future as a general rule grants for any approved scheme of the University Grants Commission be paid to Affiliated Colleges only after they were permanently affiliated. Since the scheme of Students' ind Fund/initiated with a view to render financial assistance to poor students, it was decided by the Chairman that the benefit of this scheme may be extended. to the temporarily affiliated colleges as well.

\section*{61. Extension of the scheme of Students' Aid Fund to Government Colleges.}

The Commission at its meeting held on 11th/12th February, 1960 , vide Item No. 35 and 52 agreed to assist Government Colleges affiliated to various Universities which were hithertofore under the purview of the Ministry of Education. In view of the above decision, it was decided to extend the benefit of the Students' did Fund Scheme to Government Colleges, on the same terms as stipulated in the case of Non-Government volleges. The Commission's share contribution in each case will be equal to the collections made by a College per annam subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,000/-.
62. payment of zost-graduate scholarship for two years of 24 months.
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rost-graduate scholarships, according to the rules laid down for the purpose, are tenable for a period of 2 years. It was not quite clear whether the scholarship was to be paid for two calendar years or two academic jeers. As it has been found difficult to follow this rule rigidly, the Chairman decided that the २ost-graduate Scholarship may be paid for such period as may be recommended by the University concerned subject to a maximum of 24 months.
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63. Rajasthan University - Renewal of fost-Graduate Scholarship awarded to Shri Ram avtar Joshi.

Sheri Ram Avar Joshi was awārded a Postmgraduate Scholarship during 1959-6Q. The Commission paid a grant of Rs. 800/- to Rajasthan University towards his scholarship. This Scholar could not appear for his M.A. previous examination because of ill health at the end of the first academic year after the receipt of the scholarship. According to the rules laid down in this regard, his scholarship could be terminated treating this as unsatisfactory progress of the Scholar. Since Sheri Joshi had a brilliant academic career end in view of the fact that negligence was not responsible for his non-promotion, Chairman decided to continue his scholarship for another year as recommended by Rajasthan University.
64. Approval of the award of Research Fellowship of the value of Rs . \(400 /-\mathrm{F}^{2}\).M. for Engineering and Technological subjects.

The Commission at its meeting hela'on \(3 \delta\) th October, 1959 approved the creation of 30 Senior Research Fellowships of the value of Rs: 400/- P.M. each. In pursuance of this decision applications were invited by advertisements in the \(s^{2} r e s s\) and by circulars to the Universities. Fortyeight applications were received.

The Chairmen, University Grants Commission
appointed a Selection Committee consisting of the following members to make recommendations for the awards :-
(1) Dr. T. Sen, \(\quad\) Rector, Jadavpur University.
(2) Shri G.K.Chandiramani,

Joint Educational Adviser, Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural \&ffairs, Government of India, lew Delhi.

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\section*{From pre-page.}
(3) Dr. K.I.RaO, Member ( \(D \& R\) ), Central Water \& + owe Commission.
(4) Dr. G.S.Laddh

Director, A.C.College of Technology, Madras.

The meeting of the Selection Committee was held on 6 th August, 1960. Nineteen candidates (5 for Civil Engineering, 6 for Mechanical Engineering, 4 for Electrical Engineering and 4 for Chemical Engineering and chemical Technology) were selected to be recommended for the awards. (The list of the candidates is given in Statement I of Annexure I. The subject-wise and University-wise analysis of the applications and the number of candidates selected is given in Statement II \& III (innexure I ..).

The Chairman accepted the recommendations of the Selection Committee and sanctioned Rs. 72,200/- for the period 1.9.19 to 31.s. 1961 towards the payment of 19 Research Scholarships in Engineering \& Technological subjects of the value of Rs. 400/-r.M. including \(\cdot\) Rs. 1,000/- P. 4 . for contingencies subject to satisfactory progress of the candidates. The followships would be tenable for a period of two years with effect from 1.9.1960 or from the actual date of commencement of research work by the fellow whichever is later.
65. Grant of two advance increments to University teachers and three advance increments to teachers in the affiliated colleges after attainment of a Dectorate Degree.

On several Universties/Colleges requesting that if they give two or three advance increments in their grades to teachers for securing a doctorate degree, a similar number of increments may be given by the University Grants Commission in the corresponding grades, the Chairman agreed to grant three advance increments to the teachers in the affiliated colleges and two advance increments to the University teachers in the revised grades if a Ph.D. degree or other doctorateldégree is obtained during the course of their employment.
66. Revision of salary scales of Medical Officers.

At its meeting held on 17/18th September, 1959, the Commission accepted the proposal of the Madras University for treating Medical Officers of University \& Colleges as senior members of the teaching staff for the purpose of salary revision. The following rules have been approved in regard to the implementation of the scheme.
(1) Regarding the date of implementation of the scheme, it has been decided that if a Medical Officer was already employed by a College at the time of revision of the scales of other categories of teachers, his pay may be revised from the same date as that of other teachers. If he was appointed, later, his pay may be revised from the dato of his appointment.
(2) If a part-time Medical Officer is made full time, he may be put in the new scale from the date of his full-time appointment.
(3) Medical Officers with licentiate qualifications may be put in the new scale if they were already treated at par with other members of the staff (Professors \& Lecturers) with reference to the scale of pay given to them by the college.
67. Payment of quarterly grants towards improvement of salary scales of teachers of the affiliated colleges.

It has been decided to pay 'On account' grants on a quarterly basis towards the revision of salaries of teachers in the affiliated and constituent colleges to enable
these Institutions to pay the revised salaries to the teacher's, if possible, every month.
68. Annual increments of teachers in the University Grants Commission 's scale of Pay during the period of their study leave.

On receiving a representation from the Madras Christian College, Tambaram, regarding revision of the pay scales of teachers who go abroad on study leave in order to better their qualifications, the Chairman decided that increments in the University Grants Commission scales of pay may be given to such teachers during the period of their study leave provided that the college authorities agree to give them similar number of increments in their respective grades of pay. 69. Fixation of pay of superannuated Government servants on re..employment in' Universities and colleges.

The salaries of superannuated Government servants on their being reemployed in Universities and Colleges were generally fixed by the Commission under the Government rules keeping in view the salaries last drawn by them and the pension payable to them. It was found that this method of fixation of pay adversely affected many highly qualified superannuated Government servants. The Chairman has decided that this rule may be relaxed: in cases of highly qualified superannuated Government servants who are adversely affected by it, after examining each case on its merit.
70. Waiving the recovery of the part of the excess payment by the St. Philomena 's College, Mysore to its language teachers owing to wrong fixation of their pay.

St. Philomena's college., Mysore over-fixed the salaries of 4 language teachers by wrongly giving them weightage for their past service in the grade of Head of Department prescribed by the University Grants Commission. These teachers represented to the Chairman that the recovery of excess amount paid to them on the basis of fixation done by the college, was causing them great hardship. The Chairman felt that the fixation of their salaries by the college was made in good faith and, therefore,

decided to waive the recovery the Rs. 3922.50 which represents \(50 \%\) of the total excess payment made by the college to these language teachers during 1957-60.

\section*{Item 7̇1. Purchase of second Staff Care}

The present staff car which was purchased in
February 1957 is overworked and the wear and tear on it is heavy. Besides, with increase in number of officers and expansion of the activities of the Commission, one car is found to be insufficient. In view of this the Chairman has sanctioned the purchase of an Ambassador car as the second Staff Car against rate contract at a cost of about Rs.13,000/..

Item 72. Deputation of Dr. B.D. Laroia, Development Officer,
(Science) abroad.
As agreed to by the Commission vide additional item 8 of the proceedings of the 23 r d meeting of the University Grants Commission held at Waltair on the \(29 t h / 30\) th June, 1960, Dr. B.D. Laroia, Development Officer (Science) proceeded abroad from 12th July, 1960 to 8th October, 1960, under the India Wheat Loan Exchange Programme. To carry on the work in Dr. Laroia's absence, the Chairman has created a supernumerary post of Development Officer in the scale Rs.1000-50-1200-100-1500 for the above period and has appointed Dr. V.S. Patankar, Education Officer (Science) to officiate as Development Officer on Rs.1000/- pom. in the scale Rs.1000-50-1200-100-1500 from 12th July, 1960 to 8th October, 1960. In the vacancy of Education Officer (Science) caused by this officiating arrangement, Dr. D. Shankar Narayan, Assistant Eaucation Officer (Science) has been appointed to officiate as Education Officer (Science) on Rs. \(800 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\). in the scale Rs .800-50-1150.


List of Candidates recommended for award of Fellowships
（Rs．400／－p．m．）in Enginocring \＆Technological subjects in 1960－61．


N．Name of the applicant．

1．Sri V．Venkatasubba Reo．

2．Sri Sangal Beni Prasad．

3．Sri Thiruvengadam A．

4．Sri RisiAlwar．

5．Sri S．Ramachandran．

1．Sri J．Gururaja．

2．Sri M．S．Kamath．
3．Sri C．Rajasekara Murthy．
4．Sri Sood，Mohinder Nath．

5．Sri V．Seshagiri Rao．

6．Sri K．Srinagesh．

1．Sri Anand Kumar．

2．Sri Sonde Balakrishna
Eqesigizi
\(\frac{\text { Subject \＆Title of }}{\text { proposed research }}\)

\section*{CIVIL ENGINEERIVG。}

Effect of Vibratory， forces on the design of concrete pavements．

Joss of Energy in Indian Instt． Cavitating flows．of Science，

Effects of
Cavitation．
Stress 直nalysis in Composite Dams．

Effect．of distar－ bance in some clay， minerals．

MECHAVICAI ENGINEERING．
rulsating Heat Transfer：

Heat Transfer．
Heat Transfer．
serodynamic inoblem of mxial flow Compressors．

Turb omachinery．

Foundry Sands：
he chanism of sand bonding \＆compaction．
of Science

\section*{Rroposed places of work．}

Roorkee University．

I．I．Science， Bangivore．
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Madras
University．

I．I．Science， Bangalore．
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siny University． （Recommended＇to I．I．S．Bangalore．）

I．I．s．Bangalore． （Recommended to go to Indian Instt： of Technology， Kharagpur）．

\section*{ELECTRIC．LI ENGINEERING．}

Some Investigations on tempered dielectric rod serials at Micro－ wave frequencies．

Transistor Circuitry．

Deptt．of the
E\＆C．E．，I\＆I\＆Š． Bangalore．

用 ec．Comm． \(\operatorname{sing}\) ． Deptt．I．I．Sc． Bangal ore．
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UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Analysis of Research Fellowship awards in Engineering and Technological subjects (1960-61).
"mores.
A. University-Wịse.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & Name of the University. & Total awards. & \begin{tabular}{l}
civil \\
Engg.
\end{tabular} & Mech. Eng. & Electrical Eng. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Chemical Engg. \\
\(\&\) \\
Chemical Techt
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1. & Andhra. & 1 & - & - & - & 1 \\
\hline 2. & Indian Institute of Science. & 12 & 3 & 5 & 4 & - \\
\hline 3. & Indian Institute of Technology. & 1 & - & 1 & - & - \\
\hline * 4. & Jadavpur. & 1 & - & - & - & 1 \\
\hline 5. & Madras. & 2 & 1 & - & - & - 1 \\
\hline 6. & Osmania. & 1 & - & - & - & 1 \\
\hline 7. & Roorkee. & 1 & 1 & - & - & - \\
\hline & & 19 & 5 & 6 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{B. Subject-wise.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Statement III} \\
\hline No. & Subject & & Total N applica recei & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { of } \\
& \text { ions } \\
& \text { ed. }
\end{aligned}
\] & - Awarde & \\
\hline 1. & Oivil Engg. & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{8} & 5 & \\
\hline 2. & Mechanical Engg. & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{6} & 6 & \\
\hline 3. & Electrical & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{14} & 4. & \\
\hline 4. & Chemical Engg. Chemical Tech. & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{20} & 4 & \\
\hline & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{48} & 19 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION}

\section*{Meeting:}

Dated: 9th/10th September, 1960.

Item No .3: To receive a statement of the grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on 29th/30th June, 1960.




Aligarh Muslim University .

Banaras HIndu University.

Banaras Hindu University.
21. Banaras Hindu University.
22. Delhi.
(23) Delhi.
(24) Delhi.
25). Ennamalai.

Token grant for meeting Rs. 1,000/- (NR) expenditure on AII India Islamic Studies Conference.

Inst instalment for construction of two sheds for storing spare furniture. (Approved cost is .50,000/-).

Inst instalment for
Rs.25,000/- (NR)
extension to ground floor of Administrative office building. (Approved cost for building Rs. 99,440/and for furniture and equipment Rs.50,000/-).

VI instalment for Rs. \(1,00,000 /-\) (NR) Water Supply Scheme. (Approved cost Rs. 10.16 lakhs, grant paid previously Rs. \(5,68,085 /-\) ).

Is instalment towards Rs .45,000/- (NR) construction of Teaching Block of Delhi School of Economics. (Approved cost Rs. \(1,48,500 /-\) ).

VI instalment towards Rs .50,000/- (NR) construction of Miranda. House. ( \(\Lambda\) approved cost Rs, 8,49,618/- grant paid previously lis. \(6,75,000 /-\) ).

Ind instalment towards Rs.10,000/- (NR) construction of Compound Wall, gates etc. to kits Faculty and Library area. (Approved cost Rs. 46,000/- grant paid previously Rs. \(30,000 /-\) ).

VI instalment towards Rs .75,000/- (NR)
the construction of Library building.
(Approved cost
Rs:9,00,000/- U.G.C. share at 66. \(2 / 3 \%\) Rs. \(6,00,000 /\)-. Grant paid previously R. \(4,50,000 /-\) ).


27. Karnatak.
(28) Sri Venkateswara.
\(V\) instalment towards
the construction of
\(V\) instalment towards
the construction of Library Building.
(Approved cost Rs. \(8,80,000 /-\). U.G.C. share at \(662 / 3 \%\) Rs. \(5,86,666 /\). Grant paid proviously Rs. \(3,50,000 /-\) ).

VI instalment towards the construction of Library Building. (Approved cost Rs. \(9,40,000 /-\) U.G.C. share at \(662 / 3 \%\) Rs. \(6,26,666 /-\). Grant paid previously Rs. \(4,30,000 /-\) ).
30. Rajasthan.
(31) Agra.
(32) Baroda.

2nd instalment towards
the purchase of furniture and equipment for the University Iibrary building. (Approved cost Rs.79,225/-. U.G.C. share at 66 2/3\% Rs. \(52,800 /-\). Grant paid previously Rs. \(50,000 \%-\) ). the construction of Library building. (Approved cost Rs. \(5,04,000 /-\) U.G.C. share at \(662 / 3 \%\) Rs. 3,36,000/-. Grant paid previously Rs. \(3,33,355 /-\) ).
29. K̇erala.
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VIII instalment towards the construction of Library Building. (Approved cost Rs. \(6,93,543 /-\). U.G.C. share Rs. 4,62,300/- . Grant paid previously Rs. \(4,00,000 /-\) ).

Tosards the purchase of Library Books and Journals ( H ) in 1960-61.
-do- Rs. 2,000/- (NR)

Final instalment towards Rs. 2,645/- (NR)

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(33) Bombay .

Towards the purchase
Rs.50,000/-(NR) of Library Books and Journals (H) in 1960-61.

\section*{34. Calcutta.} (35) Poona. (36) Panjab.
(37.) Panjab.
(38) Panjab.
(39) Sauger.
-do- .
IV instalment towards the purchase of furniture for the Library Building. (hipproved cost Rs. \(1,10,0 C 0 /-\). U.G.C. share at \(662 / 3 \%\) Rs. 73,333/-. Grant paid previously Rs. \(60,000 /-\) ).

Ind instalment towards Rs. \(5,00,000 /-(N R)\) the construction of Library Building. (approved cost Rs. \(15,00,000 /\)-. U.G.c. share at 66 2/3\% Rs. 10 lakhs. Grant paid previously Rs. 1 lakh).

V instalment for \(\quad\) Rs .25,000/- (NR) construction of I and II hostels for boys. (Approved cost his. 22 lakhs,
Commission: 's share at \(50 \%\) is. 11 lakhs. Grant paid previously Ri. \(10,50,000 /-)\).

III instalment for Rs .1,50,000/- (NR) construction of III hostel building for boys. (Approved cost Rs. 11 lakhs. Commission's share at \(50 \%\) Rs 5.5 lakhs. Grant paid previously R. \(1,7,75,000 / .\). ).

IV instalment for \(\quad\) iss \(1,0,000 /-(\mathrm{NR})\) construction of I Boys Hostel. (Approved cost Rs. \(7,38,000 /-\). Commission's.share at \(50 \%\) is \(.3,69,000 /-\). Grant paid previously. R. \(2,00,000 /-\) ).

Rs. \(50,000 /-(\mathrm{NR})\)
Rs. \(10,000 /-\) (NR)

(40). Saugor
(41) Saugor .
42. Madras.
43. Baroda.
(44) Kerala.

Ind instalment for construction of hostel building. (Approved cost Rs. 3,06,000/-. Commission's share at \(50 \%\) Rs. \(1,53,000 /-\). Grant paid previously Rs. 50,000/-) .

Final instalment for Rs. 1,250/- (NR)
the construction of Second Hall of Rosidence for women students. (Approved cost Rs. 5.75 lakhs). Commission's share at \(75 \%\) Rs. \(4,31,250 /-\). Grant paid previously Rs. \(4,30,000 /-\) ).
'Final instalment' for Rs.63,333: (NR) the construction of building for the dopertments of Politics, Psychology and Education. (Approved cost is. Rs. \(1,55,000 \%\) (NR). Share of the Commission at \(662 / 3 \%\) Rs.1,03,333(NR). Grant paid previously Rs. 40,000/- (NR).
(45.) Gorakhpur:
'On account' grant
towards the purchase \(50,000 /-\) (NR)
of library bocks
(Humanities).
(Approted cost and share.
of the Commission
Rs.2,00,000/- (NR).

(1) \({ }^{-\cdots}\)
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(46) Gorakhpur
'Token grant' towards
Rs. 2,000/- (NR)
the purchase of Historical
maps for History
Department. (Approved
cost and share of the
Commission
Rs. \(2,000 /-(\mathrm{NR})\).
(47) Karnatak. Final instalment' for
the construction of the building of Arts Block. ( Approved cost Rs. \(22,61,180 /-(N R)\) for Science and Arts Buildings. Share of the Commission for Arts Block building hs \(7,29,227 /-(\mathrm{NR})\). Grant paid previously iRis. \(6,40,000 /-(N R)\).
'IIIrd instalment'
towards the scheme of Research in Nepali language. (Approved cost and share of the Commission is. 15,000(NR) Grant paid previously Rs. \(4,000 /-(\mathrm{NR})\).
'On account' recurring grant for the year 1960-61 toward is the staff of the scheme of the establishment of Post-graduate Department of Hindi:



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(4)
(51) Sanskrit
'Inst instalment' of grant towards the purchase of books. (Approved cost and share of the Commission is. \(1,00,000 /-\) (NR).
'Final instalment? Rs. 9,000/- (NR) towards the purchase of books for tho
Department of History, Economics, Political Science, Psychology and Philosophy. (Approved cost Rs. \(60,000 /-\) (NR). Share of the Commission at 66 2/3\% Rs. \(40,000 /-(N R)\). Grant paid previously Is. 31,000\% (NR).
'IIIIrd instalment' Rs .2, 70,000/- (NR) towards the construction of Arts Block Building. (Approved cost Rs. \(14,54,400 /-\) (NR). Share of the Commission at 66 2/3\% Rs. \(9,69,600 /-\) (NR). Grant previously paid Rs. 1,50,000/- (NR).


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56. Baroda.
:
57. Punjab.
58. Jadavpur.
(59) Madràs :
sardar
Vallabhai. . Vidyapecth.
'Final instelment'
towards the construction of buklding for the department of Psychology.
(Approved cost Rs.1,17,254.12
(NR). Share of the
Commission at \(662 / 3 \%\)
fis. 78,169/- (NR)
'IInd instalment' towards \(\quad\) Rs. \(4,400 /(\mathrm{NR})\)
the purchase of equipment
for the Dopartment of
Psychology. (Approved cost
Rs. \(40,000 /-\) (NR) . Share of
the Commission at \(662 / 3 \%\)
Rs. \(26,666 /-(\mathrm{NR}\) ) Grant paid
previously Rs. \(20,000 /-\) (NR).
'On account' recurring grant Rs. 8,000/- (NR) for the year 1960-61 towards the staff of the Departments of Comparative Iiterature and Internation Relations.
'On account' rocurring grant towards the purchase of books for the Department of Economics and Tamil at Madurai Centre. (Approved cost and share of the Commission Rs.2,000/-(R).
'Ind instalment' towards Rs.30,000/- (NR)
the construction of
Arts Block Building
(Approved cost Ris.7,00,000/- (NR). Share of the Commission ab \(662 / 3 \%\) Rs. \(4,67,000 /-\) (NR).
Grant paid previously
Rs. \(1,00,000 / .-\) (NR).
'Ist instalkont' towards the publication of the report of Social Welfare entitled "Inf"luence of Socio-Economic factors in performance on some Psychological tests and previnality development". (Approved cosit and share of the Commission Rs. 2,100/- (NR).



63: ESTABIISHIENT OF HEALTH CETTRE
1. Annamalai
7. instalment towards construc-
tion of Fealth Centre. Rs. 10,000
(Total approved cost
R. 41,000 (BIdg.

Rs. 25,000 (Equpt.
Share of U.G.C. Rs. 50,000 )

2. M.S.University 1st instalment for construe. of Baroda. timon of Health Centre.

Rs. 25,000
(Total approved cost
Rs. 68,000 (Bldg.
Rs. 25,000(Equpt.
Commission's share Rs. 93,000 )
3. Calcutta 1 st instalment for the constr-
lion of Ilealth Centre. Rs. 25,000
(Total approved cost
\(\mathrm{R} \cdot 1,12,225\) )
Commission is share is. \(1,00,000\) )
4. Kerala 1st instalment for the construe-
cion of Health Centre. Rs.25,000
( \({ }^{\text {opal }}\) approved cost
Rs .66,500 (Bldg.
Rs.25,000(Equpt.
Commission's share Rs. 91,500 ).
5. Osmania 1st instalment towards the construction of two Health
Centres.
(Total approved cost
Bs. 1,04,003.)
Commission's share lis. \(1,00,000\) )
6. Patna Ind instalment towards the
completion of a Health Centre
which is already under
construction. Rs.20,000
(Total approved cost
Rs. 1,00,000
Commission's share Is. \(1,00,000\)
pst instalment of grant
already paid R. 25,000 ).
A. Universities
1. innamalai pst instalment of grant towards construction of nonresident Students' Centre.

Rs. 30,000
(Total approved cost Rs.94,300
Commission's share Is. 70,000)
2. Banaras Hindu and instalment of grant for University. construction of non-resient Students' Centre.
(Total approved cost. Rs. \(75,647\).
Commission's share Rs. 75,647. 1st instalment of \(\mathrm{Rs} .15,000\) already paid).
3. S.Vallabhbhai list instalment for construeVidyapeeth. ction of Non-resident Students \({ }^{\prime}\) Centre
(Total approved cost (Total approved cost
Rs. \(1,10,750\).
Commission's share is 90,000 ).


S.No. Name: of the Univ./ Total cost. Share of U.G.C. fmount paid. Collage.

AGRA UNIVERSITY:


ALILHABAD UNTVERSITI:
8. Allahabad Arricultural
Instjtute, Aillahabad. 70,000 \(\quad 35,000 \quad 10,000\)

ATDHRA UNTVERSITY:
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
9. Andhra Christian College, \\
Guntur. & & \\
(4,500 & 35,000 & 10,000 \\
10. M.R.College, & 50,000 & 35,000 & 10,000 \\
Vizianagaram. & & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{GALCUTTA UHIVERSIIY:}


GUJ_RITT UINIVERSITY:
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
13. L.D. Arts College, & 61,134 & 35,000 & 10,000 \\
14. M.G.Science Institute. & 61,134 & 35,000 & 10,000 \\
15. S.B.Gardha College & & & \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
B.P.Barhia Science \\
Institute.
\end{tabular} & 49,500 & 35,000 & 10,000
\end{tabular}
- 12 -

\author{

}

KER:LAi UNIVERSITY:


MADR:S UTIVERSITY:


HAGPUR UNIVERSITY:
26. M. M. College of Science. 50,219 . 35,000
(2nd instt. \(10,000 /-\) already paid)

\section*{OSMANIA UNIVERSITY:}
27. Women's College, Hyderabad.
\[
40,250
\]

35,000
10,000
POONA UNTYTRSTTY:
28. Chhatrapathi Sivaji

Colilege, Satara.
\(42,635^{\circ} \quad 35,000\)
10,000

PANTEB UNIVERSITY:
29. Baring Union Christian College.

42,559
35,000
5,000
(3rd Instt. 20,000/already paid).
30. Z.K.S.D. Coliego, Kaithal.

39,750
35,000
10,000

Phatib univarsity contp.


Ri.JLSTHATIUNTVERSITY:
35. Seth Motilal College, Jhun jhunu.

65,000
35,000.
10,000
(2nd instt. \(10,000 /-\)
already paid)
SAUGAR UNNTERSITI:
35. S.B.R. College,

Bilashpur.
42,372
35,000
10,000
(2nd instt.5000/m already paid).

\section*{(65:) ESTABLISHMENT OT HOBBY WORKSHOPS}

\section*{A. UNIVERSITIES}

B. COLIEGES
hCRA UNIVERSITY:
1. \({ }^{\text {i.r. College, Shikohabad. 35,305 20,000 5,000 }}\)
2. B.S.A.Degree College, Mathura.
\(25,142 \quad 20,000\)
5,000
3. D.H.Degree College, Meerut.

32,277
5,000
4. J.V...Jain College, Saharanpur.
\(26,010 \quad 2 \dot{0}, 000\)
5,000
5. M.S.Degree College, Saharanpur.

32,298 20,000
5,000

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY:


BIHAR UHIVERSITY:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 8. Rajnarain College, Hajipur. & 28,249.10 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 9. Rajendra College, Chapra. & 28,223 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 10. Jagdam College, Chapra. & 28,190 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 11. S.Sinha College, inurangabad. & 22,709 & 17,709 & 5,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

CiILCUTRI UNDVERSITY:
12. Bankura Christian College, Bankura. 25,250 20,000 5,000

\section*{KERALA UNIVERSITY:}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 13. Christ College, Irjnjalakuda. & 31,200 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 14. C.M.S. College, Kotiayam. & 34,392 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 15. Farook College, Ferolie. & 26,807 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 16. Sacred Heart College, Thevara, Ernofulam. & 38,865 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline 17. Mahatma Gandhi, Colloge, Trivandrum. & 26,830 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MIDRSS UNIVERSITY:}


\section*{PITIUB UNIVERSITY:}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
23. D.M. College, Moga. 26,686 & 20,000 & 5,000 \\
24. Iyallpur Khalsa College & & \\
Sonepat. & 33,458 & 20,000 & 5,000
\end{tabular}

R \(\mathrm{C}_{1} \mathrm{~T}_{2} S T H A N\) UNIVERSITX:
25. Dayanand College,
A.jmer. \(\quad 23,408 \quad\) 18,408 0,000

SAUGAR UNTVEPSITY:


\section*{SRI TENKATSUASG UNIVELSITY:}
```

28. Kavali Coliege,
Kavali. 39,960.55 20,000 5,000
```

\section*{SLRDIR VGILBHBEI VIDY:PESTH.}
29. Vithalbhai Patel Mahavidya-
laya, Vallabh Vidyanagar. 31,070 20,000 .......... 5,000
66: \(\operatorname{CIWLRD}\) OF TRITRL CRLNTS TO SCIEMCE PBRSONNTL FOR VISITIMG RBSEARCH ind THAIMING CEITRES IN INDIf.e

DELHI UNIVERSITY.


- 16 -

\section*{GORiKHPUR UHIVERSITY}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
2. Dr:S.K.Roy, \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
isstt. Professor of \\
Botany.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Cytological
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
University of \\
Calcutta.
\end{tabular} & Rs. 525.00
\end{tabular}

SHUGIR UIJIVERSITY:
3. J.D.Mavalwala, Training in
Deptt. of InthroAsstt. Professor of Serology. pology, Covt. of India, Calcutta. is. 545.00 inthropology.
4. M.V. Durge, Fiejd mapping Geological Survey isstt. Professor of methods. of India. Rs. 745.00 Geology.

\section*{6\%: STUDENTS: \(\dot{\text { KID FUND }}\)}
4. UNIVERSITIES.
1. i.llahabad
Rs. 10,000
2. AIIgarh
Is. 10,000
B. COLIEGES.

AGRi UNIVERSITY:
1. D. i. V. College of Law, Kanpur.

Rs. 604/-
2. D. i. H . College, Kanpur.

Rs. 2,000/
ITHDHRA UNIVERSITY:
3. Andhra Loyola College, Gunadala P.O.
his. 2,000/-
4. I.J. Kalasila, Masulipatam.
ifs. \(457 /-\)
5. S.R.R. Medical College, Kakinada.
h. \(972 /-\)

GAUHATI UNTVERSITY:
6. Karinganj College, Karimganj. Ris. 733/-
7. Bholanath College, Dhubri.

Rs. \(1,500 /-\)
8. St. inthony College, Shillong.
R. \(2,000 / \mathrm{m}\)
9. Gurucharan College, Silchar.

Ris. 1,707/.

GORAKHPUR UNTJHRSITY:
10. .D. H.V. College, Azamgarh.
Rs. 1,000/m
i:
GUTMRAT UNTVERSITY:
11. Sir Kakabhai Prem Chand College of Commerce, Surat.
Ris. \(748 /=\)
12. P.D.M.College of Comerce, Rajkot.
Rs. \(1,400 /=\)
13. B.D. Arts College, ihmedabad.
Rs. \(1,989 / \mathrm{m}\)
14. Gujarat College, ihmedabad.
R.S. 1,354/-
15. Mahila College, Porbander.
fis. \(505 / 50\)
16. M.G. Science Institute, Ahmedabad.
Rs. \(1,626 / \sim\)
17. M. T . College, Visnagar.
RS. \(1,000 / \mathrm{m}\)

\section*{MYSORE UNIVETSITTY:}
18. Vijay. College, Bangalore.
ns. \(57 /-\)
19. Colleģe of irts \& Commerce, Bangalore.
R. \(\quad 902 / 50\)
20. St. Joseph's College, Bangalore.
Rs. \(2,518 / 41\)
21. Veerasaiva College, Bellary.
Rs. 1,300/-
22. St. Philomena's College, Mysore.
is. \(230 / \mathrm{m}\)
23. Agriculture College, Bangalore.
is. \(143 /=\)

\section*{RANUB UNIVERSITY:}
24. Arya Collego, Panipat. Rs. \(1,535 / \mathrm{m}\)
25. Sikh National College, Banga.

Rs. \(740 /=\)
26. Lajpat Rai Memorial College, Jagraon.

Rs. 500/-
27. Kirorimal Teachers Training College, Bhiwani.

Rs. 600/-

- 18 -

PINTAB UFIVERSITY COITD.
28. Srya College, , Ludhiana.
Rs. \(1,100 /=\)
29. G.G. IT. Knalsa College, Ludhiana.
Ris. 2,000/
30. S.1.Jain College, limbala.
is. \(1,006 / \mathrm{m}\)
31. Hindu Collese, Sonepat.
Rs. 2,000/-

SAUGAR UNIVERSITY:
32. Government Training Colleze, Raipur.

Ris. \(1,650 /\)
S.N.D.T. WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY:
33. Maharani Chimnabai Mahila Pathshala.

Rs. 300/

VENKETESUNRA UNIVERSITY:
34. KavaIi College, Kavali. Rs. 2,000/-

VIKRLM UNTVERSITY:
35. Madhav College, Ujjain.
Rs. 2,000/m
68. Post-graduate and Research Scholarships (Humanities)
during 1959-50 \& 1960-61.
(a) Awárded during 1957-58 and
renewed in 1959-Fio and 1960-61.
S.No. Narle of the \begin{tabular}{l} 
University \\
Nature of \\
Scholarships
\end{tabular} Anount
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
1. & All ahabad & Research \\
1. & Postugraduate & \(1,800=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
2. & Karnatak & \(50=00(\mathrm{R})\)
\end{tabular}
(b) Awarded during 1958-59 and renewed for 1959-60 and 1960=61
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1. & Agra & . Post-graduate & \(600=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 2. & Aligarh & Post-graduate & \(300=00(R)\) \\
\hline 3. & Aligarh & Research & 5,648=17(R) \\
\hline -4. & Allahabad & \begin{tabular}{l}
Research \\
(Rs. 192=07 adjusted against unspent balance)
\end{tabular} & 5, 229 \(=32(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 5 & Allahabad & Postugraduate (Rs. 800/- adjusted against unspent balance) & 1,200 \(2000(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 6. & Andhra & Research & \(800=00\) (R) \\
\hline \% 7. & Baroda & Postmgraduate (Fis. 853=33 adjusted against unspent balance) & 1,050 \(=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 8. & Bombay & Post-graduate (Adjusted against unspent balance of ins. 400/ \(\Rightarrow\) ) & \(363=33\) (R) \\
\hline 9. & Gorakhpur & Post-graduate & 1,200 \(=00\) ( R ) \\
\hline 10. & Jabalpur & Research & 1,200 200 (R) \\
\hline 11. & Kerala & " & 1,626=27 (R) \\
\hline 12. & Mysore & Post-graduate & \(281=00\) (R) \\
\hline 13. & Mysore & Research & 6,941=93(R) \\
\hline 14. & Panjab & Postmgraduate & 1,200 \(=00\) (R) \\
\hline 15. & Poona & Research & \(3,600=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\[
-: 20:-
\]
\begin{tabular}{lllr} 
16. Patna & Post-graduate & \(300=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
17. Saugor & Iesearch & \(2,400=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
18. Utkal & Post-graduate & \(\ddots, 200=00(\mathrm{R})\)
\end{tabular}
(c) Awarded during 1959-60 and renewed in 1960-61
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1. & , Agra & Tesearch & 2,400 \(=00\) (R) \\
\hline 2. & Agra & Post-graduate & 3,600 \(=00\) (R) \\
\hline 3. & Alig.arh & Research & 4,8000=00(R) \\
\hline 4. & Aligarh & Post-graduate & 6,441=93(R) \\
\hline 5. & Allahabad & Research & 4,800 \(=00\) (R) \\
\hline 6. & Allahabad & Post-graduate & 3,600 \(=00(R)\) \\
\hline 7. & Andhra & Research & \(4,800000(R)\) \\
\hline 8. & Annatalai & Fesearch & 4,600 \(=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 9. & Annainalai & Postmgraduate & 2,303=23(R) \\
\hline '10. & Banaras & Research & 3,400=00(R) \\
\hline 11. & Baroda & Post-graduate & \(4,800=00(R)\) \\
\hline 12. & Bihar & Research & 2,400 \(000(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 13. & Boubay & Post-graduate & 3,800 \(=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 14. & - Calcutta & " & \(3,600=00\) (R) \\
\hline 15. & Delhi & 11 - & \(16,800=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline 16. & Gorakhpur & Nesearch & \(2,400=00(R)\) \\
\hline 17. & Gorakhpur & Postmgraduate & 1,200 \(=00(\mathrm{~F})\) \\
\hline 18. & Jabalpur & " & \[
1,200=00(R)
\] \\
\hline 19. & Karmatak & " & 1,200=00( \(\mathbf{N}\) ) \\
\hline 20. & Kerala & Research & 2,400=00(R) \\
\hline 21. & Lucknow & " & \(2,400=00(R)\) \\
\hline 22. & Lucknow & Postmgraduate & \(6,000=00(R)\) \\
\hline 23. & Mysore & \begin{tabular}{l}
Research \\
(/-03 nP. adjusted against unspent balance)
\end{tabular} & \(2,400=00(R)\) \\
\hline 24. & Madras & Research & 2,400 \(=00(\mathrm{R})\) \\
\hline '25. & Madras & Postmgraduate & 1,200 \(=00\) (R) \\
\hline 26. & Nagpur & , & 2,400=00(R) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Osmania
Research
(Is. \(600=00\) adjusted against unspent balance)

69. Postgraduate Research Scholarships (Science)
I. For the payment of PostGraduate Research Scholarships of Rs. 200/=p.m. in Science, Engineering and Technology for the following Universities during 1959-60 and 1960-61.
(a) Scholarships awarded during 1958-59 and renewed in 1950-60 and 1960-61


\[
-:: 22::-
\]

(b) Scholarships awarded during 1959-60
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
1. & Lg ra & ig6c.. 61 & \(2,400=00\) \\
2. & Allahabad & -do & \(4,800=00\) \\
3. & Innanalai & -do & \(2,400=00\) \\
4. & Andhra & -do & \(4,800=00\) \\
5. & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Banaras Hindu \\
University.
\end{tabular} & -do- & \(9,600=00\) \\
6. & Bombay & -do & \(4,800=00\) \\
7. & Delhi & -do & \(4,800=00\) \\
8. & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Indian Institute \\
of Science
\end{tabular} & -do & \(14,400=00\).
\end{tabular} of Science
9. Indian hgricultural-do- \(7,200=00\)

\begin{tabular}{llll} 
14. & Pan ab & 1960-61 & \(2,400=00\) \\
15. & Rajasthan & -do- & \(4,800=00\) \\
16. & Saugor & -do- & \(2,400=00\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{FELLOWSHIPS (SCIENCE)}

For payr.ent of Post-Doctoral (ius. 300/=p.r1.) and Senior liesearch (Rs. 500/=p.n.) Fellowships awarded during 1959-60 and renewed for 1960-61 for the following Universitios. \# \# \#

1 - A11 ahabaid

1060-61
\(1,000=00\)
(adjusted asainst
- unspent balance)
2.

Bombay
1960-61
\(6,000=00\)
(Rs. 1,010/= adjusted against unspent balance)
3.

Indian Institute 1950-61 of Scionce. (Iis. \(3,100 / \AA /=\) adjusted
\(13 ; 200^{-0}\)
against unspent balance)

(Contd....... .....)


ii. Recurring grant for 1990-61 towards the 28,891 salary of additional staff in the various science departrients.
74. ANNGMLkI


BANARAS
i. For the purchase of scientific equipment 32,000 for the depa-ti.ent of Geology, being 'the final instalment from the total grant of hs. \(50,000 /=\) sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Plan.
ii, For the purchase of library books and. journals on scientific and technical subjects being the final instalrent against the total Grant of Rs. 1, \(00,000 /=\)
- sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Plan.
i. Additional grants under 30,000 the Second Five Year Plan for the purchase of library books and journals for the Chei.istry aepartizent.
ii. For the purchase of sciontific equipment for the department of Geology being the first instalment from the total ;rant of 50,000 Rs. 2,00,000/= sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Plan.
iii. For the construction of the building for the 1,00,000 botany department; being the first instalment from the total grant oil Rs. \(5,85,620 /=\) sanctioned for this purpose.
iv. For the construction of the building for Zool orgy der art. hent being the first instal. i ant frow the total grant 1,00,000 of Rs. \(5,23,800 /=\) sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Flan.
(Contd..... ......)




Jadavptik


JAMN IND KaSHMIR

83.

P:NJAB
unspent balanco lying with the University froi. the 10,729
grants paid d ring 1956-57, 1057-58 and 1958-59 for the threc research scheces in the departuent of Physics.

For the purchase of scienti-
fic equipmert for the depart 20,000 ient of Physics.

For the purchase of library books and journals on scientific and technical 30,000
subjects being the third instaluent frof the total grant of Rs. 1,fi0,000/= sanctioned for this purpose under the Second Five Year Plan.
i. For tho procurecent of special equiprent required for research progranie initiated by the new 50,000
Head of the Departinent of Geology i.e. Prefessor
Masami Hayakawa. The total spproved cost is Rs. 75,000/=(Comission's \(\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{rd}\) share Rs. \(50,000 /=\) ).
ii. For the conctruction of Green House fo: the Departacnt of Botany being the first -nd last instalment 17,667 frow the grant o: Rs. 17,667/= sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan.
i. For the purchase of scientific equiprent for the Central Workshop, being whe socond instaluent fron the grant 30,000 of Rs. \(66,6 \div 7 /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Year Flan. The first instalnent of Rs. \(20,000 /=\) was paid during 1957-58.
ii, For the construction of physics Laboratory Building, being the fourth instalment fron the grant of Rs. \(5,02,488 /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for the Second Five Yoar Plan. The first three instaluents
(Contd..... . ......


ii. of Rs. \(3,00,000 /=\) were paid \(1,00,000\) during 1957-53, 1958-50 and 1959-60.
iii. For the construction of -Cheristry Laboratory ibuil_ ding, being the fourth instal m rent from the grant of Rs. \(5,02,387 /=\) sanctioned for the purpose for Second Five Year Plan. The first three instalments of Rs. 3,00,000/= were paid \(1,00,000\) during 1957-58, 1958-59 and 1959-60. Out of the present instalment of Rs. \(1,00,000 /=a\) sunn of Rs. \(5,455 /=\) has been paid by adjustment against the grant of Rs. \(66,667 /=\) paid during 1958-59 for the construct action of building for the Central Workshop.

SAUGiill For the purchase of scion tific equipment for the Department of Physics, being the third and last 6,667 instalment from the grant of is. \(33,333 /=\) sanctioned fo the purpose for the Second Five Year Plan. The first two instal m meats of Rs. \(25,666 /=\) were paid during 1958-50 and 1959-60.

-:: 28::-
\(\checkmark\)

(Contd.... ......)
-:: \(29:-\)

ii. Towards the purchase of equipment for the improve rent, of instructional 31,333 facilities in the existing courses in the Department of Applied Physics being the third and final
instalment from the total sanctioned equiprent grant of Rs. \(2,23,333 /-\). The first two instalments amounting to Rs. \(1,92,000 /=\) were paid during 1957-58 and 1959-50.

i. Tow rds the purchase of equ. 'rontif for the Post. grace tate Course in Food 15,000 Tech ology being the firs:; instalment from the to ta: sanctioned equipment grant of Rs. 61,000/=.
ii. Towards the purchase of furniture for Post-graduate Course in Food Technolo \(10,000^{\circ}\) gl being the first and final instalment from the total sanctioned furniture grant of Rs. \(10,000 /=\) 。
iii. Towards the purchase of equipment for the expand sion of the college of Engin- 1,00,000 neoringheing the third installment from tho total sanctioned equipment grant of R. \(7,24,000 /=\) The first two instalments amounting to Rs. \(3,19,832 /-\). were paid during 1958-59 and 1959-60.

Town. as the salary of staff and zaintenance of the \(\quad 5,208=75\) school of Architecture for 1959-50 against the ceiling of Rs. \(21,666 /=\) approved per aninim。
(Contd. ... .........)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
96
\] & OSMATI/ & \begin{tabular}{l}
i. Speciel. non-recurring grant for purchase of library Books and Jourrals for the College of Bagineering. \\
ii. For construction of building for the development of the Departnent of Cherical Engineering boing the first instal. nent from the total sanctioned building grant of Rs. \(2,23,667 / \sim\). \\
isi. Towards the purchase of books for the development of the Departrient of Chemical Technologybeing the first instal. ment from the total sanctioned library grant of Ris. 13,333/-. \\
iv. Towards the salaries of two Ressarch Assistants in Hid:arlics and Applied Hydrodynarics at the College of zngineering for the period hpril to September 1050.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
25,000
\]
\[
1,00,000
\]
\[
5,000
\] \\
2,400
\end{tabular} \\
\hline (97.) & PAIVJAB & i. Speciai non-recurring grant for the purchase of equipmont for'rescarch in Phamaceutical Chenistry in the Departiont of Fhamacy for the current financirl year. & 12,000 \\
\hline 98. & ROOKKEE & For purchase of furmiture for starting a Post. gracuato Course in Photom. grametuic Engineering boing the first and final instalnent from the totol sanctioned fumiture grant of Rs. \(6,000 / \div\). & 6,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
99. Vaish Degree College, Sham11 (Agra University).
100.) St. John's College, Agra' (Agra
University).
101. Tikaram Kenya Mahavidyalaya, Aligarh (agra University).
102.) Maharaja Singh Degree

College, Saharanpur
(Agra University).
103. Barahseni College,

Aligarh (Agra
University).
104. MuItanimal Modi

Degree College, Modinagar (Agra University).
105. M.K.P. College, Dehra Dun (Agra University).
106. P.C. BagIa Degree College, Hathras (Agra University).

107 Kishori Ramen Degree College, Mathura (Agra University).

D A.V. College, Muzzafarnagar. Agra University).

Construction of : Rs .19,000/-
Men's Hostel. (Ord instal(Already reported). mint).

Purchase of Rs. 4,000/-
Laboratory equipment. (Ind instal(already reported). mint).

Construction of \(\quad\) Rs. \(30,000 /-\) Women's Hostel. (IIIrd (Already reported). instalment).

2. Purchase of Books. Rs, 2,000/(Already reported). (3rd and last instalment).

Purchase of Books.. Rs. 5,000/(Already reported). (ard instalmint).

Construction of Rs :30,000/-
Men's Hostel.
(Already reported).
(3rd instalmint).
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Construction of & Rs. 30,000/- \\
Women \(s\) Hostel. & (Ind \\
(ready reported). & instalment).
\end{tabular}

For Library Building. Rs. 8,000/Purchase of Furniture (Ind and Books., (Already instalment). reported).
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Construction of Boys } & \text { Rs. } 20,000 /- \\ \text { Hostel. (Already } & \text { (Ind } \\ \text { reported). } & \text { instalment). }\end{array}\)

Purchase of Rs .16,000/-
Laboratory Equipment. (Inst
(already reported). instalment).

...: 32:...


109. Babu Shivnath Agrawal Degree College, Mathura (Agra University).
110. Kishori Raman

Girls Degree College, Mathura
(Lara University).
(111) S.R.K. Degree

College, Forozahad
(Agra University-).
(112) Raghunath Girl's

College, Meerut (Agra University).
1. Improvement and Rs. 5,000/expansion of Library (Est facilities. instalment).
Approved cost
Rs. \(25, \mathrm{C}\) O/-. U.G.C.
share Rs. \(16,667 \%\).
2. Purchase of Laboratory
equipment. Approved
cost Rs, \(23,165 /-\).
U.G.C. share Rs .15,440/-.

Construction of Women's.
Hostel. Approved
cost is. 84,130/-.
U.G.C. share Rs.63,097/- .

Purchase of Books.
Approved cost Rs .2,700/- -
U.G.C. share Rs.1,800/-.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Construction of & Rs. \(40,000 /-\) \\
Women's Hostel. & (Is \\
Approved cost & instalment) \\
Rs. \(1,73,600 / \%\) \\
U.G.C. share Rs. \(1,00,000 /-\)
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Construction of & Rs.25,000/- \\
Library Building. & (Inst. \\
Approved cost & instalment) \\
Rs. \(1,17,699 /-\) U.G.C. & \\
share Rs. \(78,460 /-\) &
\end{tabular}

Rs. \(25,000 /-\)
(Inst.
instalment).

Rs .12,000/(bIrd
instalment).
his. 8,000/-
(Ind
instalment).
2. Construction of

Laboratory Building and purchase of Furniture. (Already reported).
(Approved cost raised from 35,690/to \(41,090 /\) and
U.G.C. share from

23,793/- to
27,393/--).
Purchase of Books. Rs. 1,000/-
(Already reported). (Ind instalment).


...: 34:...
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
124. Loreto College,

Construction of Girl's
Rs.25,000/:
Calcutta
(Calcutta University).

Hostel. (Already reported). (3rd instalment).

Construction of Girl's
Rs.25,000/Hostel. (AIready reported). (3rd. instalment). College for Women, Galcutta (Calcutta University).
126. Victoria Institute,

Construction of Girl \({ }^{1} \mathrm{~s}\)
Bin.25,000/Galcutta
(Calcutta University).

Bostel. (Already reported).
(Ist instalment).

Construction of Men's Hostel. Approved cost Rs. 1,90,000/-. U.G.C. share Rs. 95,000/-. (Ist instalment). (Calcutta University).
12. Budha Degree

Purchase of Books.
Rs. 3,000/-
College, Kushinager University).

Construction of Men's Hostel. (hlreajy reported).

Rs.25,000/-
(Ist
instalment).
Chandeshwar, (Gorakhpur University).
128. Alipurduar College, Alipurduar -do-
-do(Caicutta University).
(hiready reported). (IInd instalment).
131. Darbar Gopaldas

Mahavidyalaya, Aliabada (Gujarat University).

Construction of Girl's Hostel. (flready reported).

Construction of
Iibrary Building. (Already reported).

Rs.13,000/-
(IInd
instalment).

Rs.16,000/-
(IInd
instalment).

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(i)
(3)
(4)


Balabhai Damoder-

Purchase of Books. (Already reported).

Rs. 5;000/-
(Est
instalment). Ahmadabad
(Gujarat
University).
134. Raja Lakham Gouda 1. Purchase of Books. Science Institute, 4 approved cost Rs .3,000/-. Belgaum (Karnatak U.G.C. share Rs.2,000/-. University).
2.Construction of Women's

Hostel. Approved cost Rs. \(70,900 /-\) U.G.C. share Rs .53,175/-.


Rs. 15,000/College, Guruvayoor Hostel. (Already (4th and last (Kerala University). reported). instalment).

Christ College, Construction of Men's Iranjala Kuda. Hostel. (Already (Kerala University). reported).

Rs .35,000/-
(3rd
instalment).
N.S.S. Hindu
1. Construction of Men's College, Changanacherry (Kerala Hostel. (Already reported).

Rs. 10,000/-
(and University).
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
2. Construction of Women's \\
Hostel. (Already & \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Rs. \(20,000 /-\) \\
(ind
\end{tabular} \\
reported). & instalment).
\end{tabular}

St. Mary's College, Construction of Girl's Trichur (Kerala

Hostel. (Already University).
reported).
Rs.20,000/(MIra instalment).
hssumption College,
Construction of Library Building. (Kerala University). (Library Building.

Ris.10,000/-
(Ind
instalment).
140. Bishop Chulaperambil Construction of Girl's College, Kottayam Hostel. (Already (Kerala University), reported).

Rs. \(40,000 /-\)
(Ind instalment).
141. St. Theresa's \(u\).. Construction of Girl's College, Ernakulam Hostel. (Already

Rs. \(30,000 /-\) (Kerala University). reported).
(Ind
instalment).

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(142) St. Thomas

College, Kozhen Cherry (Kerala Univer'sity).
143. Shri Narayana College for Women, Quilon (Kerala Üniversity).

Construction of
Liinemy aiả Laboratory
Buildings and Purchase of Furnitime.
(Aready ieported).

Construction of Women's Hoste? (niready. reported;

Rs. 20,000/-
(IInd
instalment).

Rs. \(30,000 /-\)
(Ist
instalment).
(144) St. Thomas College, Trichur (Kerala University).

Purchase of Litrary
rurniture Approved
\(\cos ^{2}\), Rs. \(11,105 \%\). U.G.C. S.are Rs. 7:400/-.

Mar Thoma College,
Extonsion of Iitrary
Building. Approved (Kiruvella

Rs. 2, \(000 /-\)
(Ist instalment). share is. 6,000, - .

Construction of Girl's
College, Trichur Ficstei. Approved
(Kerala Uni versity) . cost \(13.43,315,{ }^{\prime}\).. .
U. . . . shero Rs.32,500/-.


Guruvayurappan (Kerage, Pukkuzu

Corstriotion of Men's Rs,30,000/Hicstej. Lupreved cost (Ist is. 2, 44,091/-. U.G.C. instalment). share Ris. \(1,22,043, \ldots\).
149. Shia College,

Purchaso of Iaboratory Lucknow (Iucknow University).

Equipment and Furniture. Approved cost Rs. \(58,800 /-\). U.G.G. share Rs. \(38,800 /-\).

\section*{150. Mahilà Maha-} vidyalaya, Iucknow, (Iucknow University).
151. Seethalaxmi RemaSwamy College, Tiruchirapaili (Madras University).

Purchase of Bools and Rs. 2,500/-
Furnitioura. Approved
cost Rs. 1.2,CCO/-.
J.G.O. shacn

Rs. 8. \(\mathrm{CCO}, \mathrm{A}\).
Construction of Girlis
Hoste-: (Alreadyr reported).
(Ist
instalment).

Rs. \(30,000 /-\).
(IInd
instalment).


> (3)
(4)
(1) (2)

Rs. 6,000/-
1. Construction of Library (IInd Building. (Already reported). instalment).
2. Purchase of Iibrary

Rs. 2,000/Books . Approved (Ist cost Rs. 6,000/-. instalment).
 U.G.C. share Rs. \(4,000 /-\).

Thiagarajar College,
Madurai
Construction of
Rs.45,000/Library Building. (Already reported).
(IInd
(Madras University).

Nallamuthu
Gounder MahaIngam College: Pollachi (Madras University).
Construction of Men's Hostel. (^Iready reported).

Rs. \(40,000 /-\) (IInd instalment).
155. Holy Cross Collgge, Purchase of Laboratory

Trichurapalli - Equipment. Approved (Madras
University).
cost Rs. \(25,108 / \cdots\). U.G.C. share Rs.16,740/-.

\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline \multirow{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
rniture. Approved st fis. \(20,454 /-\). G.C. share Rs.18,970 bsequently reduced Rs. \(18,607 /-\). \\
nstruction of Libra ilding. Approved stils. 37,000/-:
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Rs.18,607/(Ist and final instalment).

Rs. 8,000/(Ist instalment).


Construction of Men's
Hostel. Approved
cost Rs. 98,650/-
U.G.C. share is. \(49,325 /-\).

Palayam Kottai
(Madras University).

Construction of Iibrary
Building. hpproved
cost Rs. 42,000/-.
U.G.C. share Rs.28,00C/-.

159. Yogenhwari Science
1. Purehase of bools : 2,000 College, Mominabad. (hiready reported)' (IInd instalment) (Marathwade Univo)
2. Purchase of Lab. Equipment \&
Parniture.
inoproved cost 1,19,000/-
U.G.O. share \(79,330 / \cdots\).

Mahatma Gandini Construct in of Girl's
Memorial Collego, Udipi (Mysore Unim.)

Hostal.
20,000 (1st
U.G.C. share \(78,154 /=\)
(161) Shri Renukacharye Construotion of Lib.

College, Bangalore.
Building.
4,000
(Mysore Univ.), Spproved cost 18,700/-
U.G.C. share \(12,1 / 67 / \omega_{p}\)
162) R.B.V. R.R.Women's Construction of Women's

College, Narayanaguda Hostel.
Hyderabad.
ipproved cost 2,00,000;
प. Ge C.cisire 1,00,000

(Osmania University)
In Constructio of 'Girl's
hhmednagar Colloge,
(Poons University)
Hostel. 25,000
(ilrc̄ady rop̃ortod). (II Instalment)


Willingdon College, io Construction of Girl's
Sangii (Poona Univ) Hostol \(\quad\) ipprored cost \(57,340 / \mathrm{m}\) (14,000 instaiment) U.G.C. share \(43,005 / \mathrm{m}\)
2. Consiruction of Dining Hall.
\(\therefore\) pproved cost \(38,700 / 4\)
U.G.C.share \(29,000 /-\)
G.K.Gokhale Collogi, Constmaction of

Kolhapur (Poona Nomen's Hosteil.
(ilready こopertod)
25,000
University.).
(II inctalment)
166. Tilak College of

Constiruction of Men!s
Education.
Hostre.
ipproved mé 1,74 , \(340 \%\)
U.G.C.share \(87,170 /-\)


Vaish College, Bhiwani。 (Panjab Univ.)
Purchase of Leboratory
Equipment,
( \({ }^{1}\) Ire-ay reported)

220/-
(IInd and final instalment).
\(\underbrace{\text { 169. }} \begin{aligned} & \text { D. it.V.College, } \\ & \text { Ambala. } \\ & (\mathrm{Pb} \cdot \text { Univ. })\end{aligned}\)
Construction of Boy's
Hostel
(izready reported)
(and instalment)
(170.) Baring Union Construction of \(\begin{array}{cc}\text { Christian College, } & \text { Library Building. } \\ \text { Batala (Pb. Univ.) } & \text { (i ready reported) } 000 \\ \text { (3rd instalment) }\end{array}\)




4

-:: GO::-

(Contd.... .....)

\(50 \%\) of cost of land for the College Building
allotted by the Government
of India. 16,500

\section*{186. Aligarh Muslim (a) Ind instalment of the 9,47,500 University. Block grant for the year 1960-61.}
(b) Purchase of Evacuee proparty. know as "Sir Syed House" from the Ministry of Rehabilitaction, Government of India.
\[
1,62,782
\]
(Rs. 1,28,782/- by cash payment and Rs. 34,000/- by adjustment).

\section*{187. Banaras Hindu University.}

Ind instalment of
the Block grant for
\(13,87,500\)
the year 1960-61.
188. Delhi University (a) \(\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { (awards the Northern } & \\ & \text { City - Extension Scheme - } \\ & \text { Ind and the sewage } \\ & \text { Disposal scheme of the } \\ & \text { Delhi University. }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { (NoR.) }\end{array}\right)\)
(b) Ind instalment of the

6,75,000
Block grant for the year 1960-61.


Ind instalment of the Block grant for the 3,43,750 year 1960-61.


Ind instalment of the Block grant for the year 1960-61。


Grants to Universities to become corporate foundation member of 6,700 India International Centre

16,000

\begin{tabular}{ll} 
193. Lucknow Universi ty & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Grants to Universities \\
to become corporate \\
foundation merner of \\
India International \\
Centre.
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}\(\quad 14,000\)
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
(194.) Utkal University & 3,332 \\
195. Bañaras Hindu University -do.. & 2,000 \\
(196\% Baroda University \begin{tabular}{ll} 
Appointment of additional \\
staff to supply information \\
asked forthe U.G.G. from \\
time to time.
\end{tabular} & 1,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
(197. Bombay University & (198. Gujarat University
\end{tabular}

-: : \(44:-\)


Madras (Contd.....)
the grants paid earlier.,
(2i8) Calcutta

Revision of salary scales of University teachers for the 37,808.22 year 1950-60 after adjusting the grants paid earlier.
(220) Gauhati

Revision of salary scales of University teachers for 829.19 the year 1959-60.
(221) Gujarat

Revision of salary scales of University teachers for the year 1959-60.

Revision of salary scales
of University teachers.
Jami \& Kashrin
Revision of salary scales
2,095.61
of University teachers.
(223) . Poona

Revision of salary scales of University teachers.

Revision of salary scales 829.19
(224) Nagpur.
\(14,712.00\) of University teachers.
(225) Rajasthan
(226) Baroda
(227) Annamalai

Revision of salary scales
480.00 of University"teachers.

Revision of salary scales of technical teachers in Universities.


3,010.82 of technical teachers in Universities.



Revision of salary scales
3,208.00
of technical teachers in Universities.

As deposit account with
\(9,00,000\)
the C.P. T.D. for the construction of the new University Grants Commission building.

Purchase of six I-ton
\(18,860.89\)
crystal Room Air Conditioners and 8 Gulmarg Coolers and necessary wire plugs etc.
- 2056.

University Grants Commission
-••

\section*{Meeting:}

Dated 9th/10th Sept., 60.
Item No. 4 , To receive the correspondence between the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs and the University Grants Commission regarding the naming of the institutions for. which assistance is given by the University Grants Commission.
-••
The Commission in their meeting held on 3rd and
th December, 1958 passed the following resolution on the question of naming of buildings for which assistance has been given by the University Grants Commission:-.
"The Chairman informed the Commission that he had noticed that the new libraries at Baroda and Poona Universities had been named after the previous Vice-Chancellors of the two Universities. The Universities had not informed the Commission about this and as the naming of the two libraries was now a fait accompli there was nothing that could be done to change the situation. In view of this it seemed unnecessary to insist that Aligarh University should not name the library after Maulana Abul Kalam .Azad as had been proposed. It was, however, agreed that if the University decided to go ahead with their proposal, any additional expenditure that might involve in fixing a portrait etc in the library should be met from funds specially raised for this purpose by the University from private sources.

The Commission desired that the Universities of Baroda and Poona be informed that the Commission feel doubtful of the propriety of the naming of buildings largely constructed with the help of grants given by the Commission after any individuals, at least without consulting or even informing the Commission:

It was also agreed that a circular letter be sent to all the Universities intimating the views of the Commission in this matter."

The Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural
Affairs have, as far as technical institutions are concerned, suggested some modifications in the formula mentioned above, Which the Chairman has accepted. A copy of the letter received from the Minister for Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs and a copy of the Chairman's reply to the same are enclosed for the information of the Commission (Appendix I).

University Grants Commission

Copy of D.O. hotter No.F.10-6/59-T2 dated 14 th March, 1960 from the Minister, Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs to the Chairman, University Grants Commission.

My Ministry has apprised me of your views on the question of naming of University institutions as contained in your note dated 30th September 1959 sent by your office vide U.G.C. U.O. No.D.7210/59 (S \& T).

Prior to the receipt of this note, we also had to consider the same question with reference to technological institutions outside the Universities but affiliated to them
- and established with large grants from the Centre. Some benefactors offered to give substantial amounts as donations for establishment of technological institutions, but desired to have their own or sone other name associated with the institutions. Having regard to the large amounts involved in the establishment of such institutions, we felt that we could not turn down such requests outright, and that it would be desirable to leave the door open for such donors to participate in the development of technical education on certain conditions.

As you know, the outlay on an engineering college, for instructional buildings and equipment alone, comes to as much as Es. 40 lakhs. The usual formula for assistance from the Centre is 50 per cent of the outlay, that is iso 20 lakhs. The State Government and/or the private society are required to find the balance of \(\mathrm{P}_{5}\). 20 lakhs. Usually, the State Government, when it approves the establishment of a college by a private society, \(c\) an sur n to the extent of: 25 per cent of the total outlay. Thus, the private society has to find 25 per cont, or iso 10 lakhs approximatoll for the purpose of buildings and equipment.

We felt that if a donor gave only the amount required in accordance with the normal formula, then we should reject any proposal for naming the institution after the donor, or as per his desires. On the other hand, if he cane forward with a substantially larger amount, say 50 per cent of the total outlay or more ( \(\%\). 20 lakhs cr more), we should consider any proposal that he may make for the naming of the institution and perhaps allow him the privilege of doing so. Likewise, if a donor sets up an endowment which would enable the proposed institution to cover 25 per cent or more of the recuring expenditure, I felt we should agree to the naming of the institution after the desire of the donor.

I hope you will agree that., in the case of technoloGical institutions involving a large outlay, we should not completely bar the dor against such benefactions. Of course, whore the donations are small, no such proposal should or can bo enter tined. Even in these cases, we may perhaps encourage private participation by naming a particular laboratory or hall according to the wish of a donor, provided the donation meets the cost on the particular laboratory or hall.

\section*{I shall be glad to have your views on the above}
proposals.


Appendix I to item 4

Dated 9th/1Oth Sept.'60.

Copy of D. O. No. 2920/CH/60 dated 18th March, 1960 from the Chairman, University Grants Commission to the Minister for Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs.
...

Will you please refer to your D.O. letter No. F.10-6/59-T2 of March 14, 1960?
I. agree that in the case of technological institutions the formula you suggest will be appropriate. After all, apart from percentages, absolute quantities have also some significance, and a donor whose contribution iss above a certain figure deserves recognition. This consideration will perhaps enable us to decide what to do where a donation can conveniently be earmarked for part of an institution, evE. library, hostel, a wing of laboratory etc.

I see great danger, however, in allowing a donor to give the name after a public figure actively in public life. This could lead to political misuse and had best be avoided.


University Grants Commission
Meeting:
Dated 9th/10th Sept. ' 60

Item No. 5 To receive a letter addressed to all the State Universities with regard to the period for. which assistance from the Commission could be expected for development schemes sanctioned during the Second Plan quinquennium.

The University Grants Commission has been frequently asked by the State Universities as to the fate of the various development projects sanctioned in the Second Plan period for which the Commission gives recurring grants. The matter has been considered by the Chairman, University Grants Commission and a copy of the letter addressed to all Universities in the matter is enclosed for the information of the Commission (Appendix I).

In the case of the Central Universities Committed expenditure is provided for in the Block Grant determined at the end of each Plan period.

\(-210-\)

Univorsity Grants Commission
Appendix I to item No. 5.
Datod 9/10th Sept. 60
Copy of D.O.lettor dated 27 th July, 1960 addressod to Vice-Chancellors all Universities in India.

The University Grants Commission has frequently been asked what the fate of various development projects for which the Commission gives a rocurring grant would be after the Comission's grant is withdrawn. We would like to explain the situation as we see it.

It is to be understood that the Commission's statutory responsibility, as \(f_{a r}\) as the State Universities are concerned, does not relate to maintenance but is limited to assistance for development schemes. It is not the function of the U. G.C. to assist in the maintenance of State Universities or colleges or any of their departments. Novertheless, in actual practice, and by way of a pilot scheme or an experiment, the Commission has, during the last.few years, frequently undertaken to contribute towards the recurring expenditure of an approved development scheme for a period of years. Usually such assistance is limited to the Plan period in which the scheme is approved. But the Commission is prepared to continue the assistance beyond the Plan period for a total poriod of five years from the inception of the scheme. Thereafter the continuance of such schemes is for all purposes maintonance and naturally becomes the responsibility of the state. Wo are aware that there has bedn some uncortainty about the availability of funds with the State Governments for the continued raintenance of schemos started off as development schemes. This is mainly due to the fact that there hes been no clear synchronization between the Finance Commissions which are periodically appointed and the Five Year Plans,

We now understand that it is proposed to a ppoint the next Finance Comission before the Third Five Year Plan begins, and it should be possible for each State Government to place before that Comission a clear statement of its needs to meet the recuring requirements of doveloments undertaken during the previous plan period. We have found that in such matters as the payment of salaries of toaching staff appointod for new developments and for meeting the incroased expenditure rosulting from the revision of scales of pay in universities and colleges, State Governments have frequently not made clear appropriations. We would now strongly urge upon the Universities and State Governments that steps be taken to doal with this problon of finding funds f"or development expenditure, which vecomes comitted expenditure, by means of a careful assessment of requiroments with the Finance Comaission.

It is clearly ultra viros of the statutory powers of the U.G.C. to continue to meet the recurring cost of any schemes in the state Universities boyond the initial period for which a grant may be given to help in starting off the scheme and to enable the experiment to succeed. But aftor the experimental stage, it must be the function of the State Government to find the money required for the continuanco of such scheres and it is hoped that the Universitics and State Governments will take action to obtain the nocessary financial resources in the manner indicated. Whether it is the continuance of a new dopartment or the revision of salary scales it would obviously be highly undesirable to drop the schemes when the U.G.C.'s assistance ceases, as it must under the Law.


-2-

We trust that this matter will receive your serious attention and that the Universities will be able to discuss it with the State Governments and appropriate stops taken as early as possible since the Central. Government have already, it seems, announced their intention to appoint the next Finance Commission.

\section*{Meeting:}

Dated 9th/10th Sept. \({ }^{160 .}\)
Item No. 6 To receive a report regarding the decision agreed to by the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs regarding assistance to the affiliated colleges for basic sciences being handied by the University Grants Commission.

The Commission in their meeting held on 29th/30th
June, 1960 passed the following resolution with regard to the question of the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural

Affairs giving grants for post-graduate teaching in affiliated colleges:-
"The Commission noted that the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A. was considering giving grants for the development of postgraduate teaching in basic sciences in certain affiliated colleges. The Commission is of the view that it is the statutory responsibility of the University Grants Commission to coordinate and maintain standards of research and teaching in all subjects in universities and colleges and to make grants for the purpose and that therefore it is unnecessary for any Ministry of the Government of India to make grants for the same purposes (as distinguished from specific project grants). If any Ministry of the Government of India has funds at its disposal for such, a purpose, these funds should be placed at the disposal of the University Grants Commission. The Commission desired that the attention of the Ministry of Education be drawn to the proposal of the Ministry of S:R.\&C.A., so that the matter may be taken up at the highest level in the Government of India to avoid conflits in jurisdiction and confusion in regard to standards."

The Ministry of S.R.\&C.A. have now informed that
since the University Grants Commission has brought under the purview of Section \(2(f)\) of the U.G.C. Act affiliated colleges both Government and non-Government which were previously being dealt with occasionally by that Ministry for development in basic sciences at post-graduato level, the necessity for the Ministry dealing with such work relating to these colleges no longer exists. Thc Ministry have also as a consequence decided to dissolve the Post-graduate Committee on Basic Sciences set up by them and to transfer the files relating to these subjects to the Commission. This view of the Ministry has been welcomed by the University Grants Commission and they have been asked to

\(-2-\)
transfer the relevant files to the Commission. It has also been suggested to them that if any provision has been made in the Third Five Yen Plena allocations for assistance to colleges for Basic Sciences, tho same may now be transferred to the University Grants Commission.

The matter is reported to the Commission.


University Grants Commission. -••

\section*{Meeting :}

Dated 9th/10th Sept.'60.

Item No. 7 To receive a report with regard to additions to dasfreck to : \(\because=1\) be notified under section 22(3) of the University, Grants Commission Act.

In accordance with the powers conferred by SubSection 3 of Section 22 of the University Grants Commission Act, a list of degrees conferred by Universities has already been notified. It is proposed to notify the following degree as an addition by Gazette notification. The Government of India have conveyed their approval in the matter.
Doctor of Engineering (D .Eng.)

UNIVERGITY GRANTS COMVISSION

1 ！


Meeting 9／10th September 1960

Item 8：To receive the annual accounts of the University Grants Commission for the year 1959－60．

The annual accounts of the University
Grants Commission for the year 1959－60 are
enclosed for information．


1959-60.


UNTVERSITY GRANTS
Part I
Annual account of the University Grants

1. Grants-in-aid received from Central Government.
\(7,50,23,000.00\)
2.Grants-in-aid from Central. Government
for Three Year Degree Course (Central
\(55,32,000.00\) share).
3. Tnspent balances of Grants paid in previous years.

21,767.75
4.Interest from University Grants Commission, Contributory Provident Fund Deposit.
5.Miscellaneous receipts. . -
\(1,053.14\)
6. Private use of staff car. -

Total Revemue receipts
8,05,77,839.22

Deposits \& advances.
Recoveries of advances.
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
Festival advance. & \(3,513.00\) \\
Conveyance advance. & 741.25 \\
Recovary from staff & \\
on accunt of C.H.S.S. & \(1,896.00\) \\
Miscellaneous. & 88.36
\end{tabular}

Total Reccivts.
\(6,248.61\)

\section*{COMMISSION.}


Commission for the year 1059-60.
Payments.
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Payments. \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
For details see \\
Statement.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
I.Section I Non-Plan Projects.
A. Administration charges of the Tniversity Grants Commission.
B. Block Grants to Contrel Universities. 1,71,33,000.00 'Q
C.Maintenance grants to Constituent Colleges of Delhi Tniversity.
\(\therefore 24,08,519.00\)
D.Recurring grants for developmènt schemes in Central Universities and other schemes inftiated in Fisst

1,51,721.07
'S' Five Year Plan (Humanities)
\[
\text { Rs. } \quad n p .
\]

6,80,906.09

\section*{Total Section I Non-Plan Projects:}
\[
2,03,74,146.16
\]

Section II- Plan Projects.
A.Grants to Central and

State Universities \& to
Constituent \& Affiliated
Colleges (under Humanities.)

1,98,08,301.201
\(\left\{_{-}^{+}\right) 1,69,066.0001,98,08 ; 301.20\)
tT]

B:Grants to Central \&
State Universities for Higher Scientific Edu-

1,28,11,024.251 1,26,11,024.25
\(\cdot \mathrm{V} \cdot\)
eation \& Research.
C. Ćrantés to Central \& \(1,07,30,373.291\) 1,09,30,373.29
'W'
State Universities for (+) '2,00,000.000 Enģ. and Technology.
E.Special Grants .to Tniversities \& Colleges.

92,37.4en. 0
\({ }^{\prime} X^{\prime}\)
F.Miscellanenns expenditure incurred by U.G.C. for (i) Seminars, (ii) Honorarium Conferences, (iii) Exhibitions etc.
\[
1,331.15
\]
'Y'
G. Grants to Universities for implementation of three year degree course.
\(75,43,401.00\)
\(' z '\)
Total Section II- Plen Project.
\(-6,01,31,912.89\)
Total Spction I \& II.
\(8,05,06,059.05\)
Deposits \& Advances.
Advances repayable.
Festival. \(\quad 3,227.00\)
Convenyenco. .... 7,795.00
Paid to Dir. General
Health Services on be-
hail of the staff \(\%\) of \(5,444.00\)
Paid to the chief/CARE
towards India Wheat Ioan
Education Expansion.Prog.25,000.00
Miscelleneous.



Part If. Particulars of advances, permanent and temporary outstanding at the end of the year.

Particulars.

(Rupees three lakhs, nineteen thous and eight hundred and ninetyseven nave parse only)

Sd /-P.R. Bennett
'. 16.8.'60
ACCOUNTS OFFICER
UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

\author{
Sd/- Samuel Mathai \\ 27-8்-160 \\ SECRETARY \\ UnIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.
}

Audit Certificate.

Certificd that the above accounts have been audited and found correct.

Income and Expenditure Account for the year 1959-60.

\section*{Expenditure.}

Plan \& Non-Plan Projects.

\section*{Excess of \\ Income over \\ Expenditure.}
\[
8,05,06,059.05
\]

Income.

Grants in aid from Govt. of India.
\[
7,50,28,000.00
\]

Grants in aid from Govt. of India for Three Year Degree Course (Central Govt. share.).

Unspent balances of grants paid in \(21,767.75\) previous years.

Private use of Staff Gar.

Miscellaneous Receipts.


\author{
Sd/- Samuel Mathai 2娄-8-160 \\ Secretary \\ University Grants Commission.
} Statement of assets as on 31-3-60.

Cash in Bank.
\[
3,19,800.97
\]

Deposits \& Advances.
(1) Staff.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Festival Advance. \\
Conveyance "
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Rs. \(1,529.00\) \\
Rs. \(7,053.75\)
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}
(ii). Garage Rent.
180.00
(iii) Permanent anvance. . \(150 . \cap\) ก
(iv) For temporary Telephone connection in Vigyan Bhawąn. 21.64
(v) Advance to CARE for expenses on clearance \& despatch of equipments from U.S.A. to TTniversities. 5,35,000.00
(vi) Grants to Viswa-Bharati for maintaining minimum balance.
\(40,000.00\)
(vii) Furniture, fittings cycles. etc.(at cost)

35,205. 38
(viii)Type-writer \& Duplicator (at cost)

36,692.90
(ix) Cooler (at cost)

1,353.50
(x) Staff Car (at cost)

19,818.50
(xi) Library Books.

15,598.87
(xii) Advance payment made to the Director General of Health Services for staff towards C.H.S.S.Scheme. 3,548.0n

Total: \(\quad\) 10,15,952.51

Sत̣/- P.R. BENNETT 16.8 .1960

Sd/- Samuel Mathai
Universutt Grants Commission
Socretary, 27-8-160 \(=\)
Oniversity Grants Commission

\(-222=\)

TNTVERSTHY GRANTS COMMISSION
Statement ? \({ }^{\text {Ps }}\)

Section \(I\) Non-Plan Projects.
A. Adrinistration charres of the Univorsity Grants Comission.
A.1. Pay of Officers.

1,50,202,75
A.2. Pay of Establishrent.

1,42,976.68
A.3. Allowances \& Honoraria.
\(1,22,329.07\)
A.4. Other charges contingencies.
\(1,33,214,16\)
A.5. T.A. to Members.

68,497.11
A.6. Up-kcep of the Staff car.

5,176.26
A.7. Contributions.
\(24,733.43\)
"•••
Entertainent Charees.
A.9. Capital Expenditure on Building for U.G.C.
\(33,350.00\)
Total......... -6,30,906.09

\section*{UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION}


Statement Q

Section I - Non-Plan Projects.
B. Block grants to Central Universities.



III ERSITY GRANTS COMMISSICN.
Statoment \({ }^{\prime} \mathrm{R}^{\prime}\)

Eoriion I Non-Plan Projects.

\section*{C. Maintenancs \(\mathbf{A}\).ts to Constituent Colleges of DeIhi University.}



Statement 's'

\section*{IT VARSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.}

Gretion I - Non-Plan Projects.
D. Recurring Grants for Development Schemes in Central Universities.
S. Name of the University.

Purpose of grant. Grant paid Total. in 1959-60.
(Recurring)
Rs, \(n p\). Rs. np .
1. Aligarh Muslim University.

For the award of Scholarship for the study of 2,700.00 2,700.00 Sanskrit/Porsian.

TOTAL: \(\quad 2,700.00 \quad 2,700.00\)
2. Delhi University. \(\therefore\) For meeting tho expenditure on the 18,421.07 18,421.07 salary of staff of the Hoalth Centre.
2. Towards tho construction of two roomed stores for \(16,500.00\) 16,500.00 Hazardous Chonicals for
1 Choristry.
3. Towards mooting deficit
for the oar 1955-56. 1,14,100.00 1,14,100.00

TOTAL:
\(1,49,021.071,49,021.07\).
-n-------n-- -----------m
Grand Total D:......................... \(1,51,721.07\)

UNI UIRSIITY GRANTS COMMISSION.
Section II-:- Plan Projects.
Analysis cf A- Grants to Central \& State Universities
Hunt \(\frac{\pi}{\text { unities). }}\)
A-1. Grants to Cert tel Universities for Development \{c:remes and schemes initiated in First Five Year Plan.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 32,14,977=13 .
\end{aligned}
\]

A-2. Grants to Central Universities for specific purposes.

A-3. Grants tc constituent colleges of Delhi.Univer:ijty for specific purposes.
\[
\text { (-) } \begin{aligned}
6,75,711 & =46 . \\
5,327 & =00 .
\end{aligned}
\]

A-4. Grants to State Universities for specific purposes.
\(89,40,942=86\).
\(\left(\begin{array}{l}+ \\ - \\ 1,63,739=00 . \\ 1,63,739\end{array}=00\right.\).

A-5. Grants to Stet Universities \& constituent \& . .ffiliated colleges for specific purposes. Total 'A'

(i) For details please see separate statements for Sub-heads A.1, A.2, A.3, A.4,\& A.5, appended here-with.
( (.) Plus figures indicate fresh grants paid by adjustment against unspent balances of previous grants lying with universities.
( 3 ) Minus figures indicate unspent balances withdrawn.

\section*{}
A.1. Grant to Central Universities for development Schemes and Schemes initiated in First Five Year Plan.


Section 11- Plan Projects.
A.2. Grants to Central Universities for Specific punposes(H)

1. Aligarh Mus Jim
1.Towards the
establishment of
Non-resident
students centre. - \(1,00,000=00 \quad 1,00,000=0 C\)
2. Towards the award
of Post-graduate
Research Scholar-
ship. 9,271=00 - 9,271=0C
3.project of pro-
paring material
for General EAucation. \(64,000=00\) : - \(64,000=00\)
4. Seminar on
research in the
system of examine-
lions. \(\quad 729=31 \quad 729=31\)
5. Construction of
university staff
club cum guest House. - \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\)
6. Scheme for teaching
of South Indian
languages. \(\quad 4!000 \times 00 \quad 10,000=00 \quad 14,000=00\)
7. Towards the Setting of Hobby Workshop(
Material) \(\quad \because \quad 33,000=00 \quad 33,000=00\)
8. Appointment of
additional staff to I
supply information
asked for by U.G.C. \(15,060=13 \quad 1,939=87 \quad 17,000=00\)
9. Special repairs
to Building of the - \(\quad 1,25,000=00 \quad 1,25,000=00\)
university.
10. 'Renewal of Post-
graduate \& Research
Scholar Ships. \(\quad 9,650=00 \quad\) - \(9,650=00\)
11. Grant for becom-
ing Corporate found-
timon member of, the
India International.
Centre. \(\quad \because \quad 20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\)
Purchase of equip-
mont for the health
centre. : \(15,000=00 \quad 15,000=00\)
12. Salary of additional

Professors in the
Department of English \(13,000=00 \quad \therefore \quad, \quad 13,000=00\)
Total 114.981 \(=13 \quad 322,669=18.4 \cdot 40,650=31\)
2. Banaras Hindu 1.CompIe-tion of

University.
five Hostion of
five Hostels. . \(\quad 1,00,000=00 \quad 1,00,000=00\) Contd...

-."
4.
2. Banaras Hindu
University. (Contd)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{2.Incidental charges} \\
\hline incurred for the & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{preparation of Plans} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\&estimates,for the} \\
\hline construction of: & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Building for the} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{school of Asian} \\
\hline Studies. & \(892=48\) & \(892=48\) \\
\hline 3.Cost of land - & \(50,000=00\) & \(50,000=00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{4.Completion of} \\
\hline Sewage Scheme. - & \(3,50,300=00\) & \(3,50,300=00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{5.For becoming} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Corporate member} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{of the India} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{International} \\
\hline Centre. & \(18,000=00\) & - \(18,000=00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{6.Towards the Const-} \\
\hline ruction of non- & & \\
\hline resident student & & \\
\hline centre. - & \(15.000=00\) & \(15.000=00\) \\
\hline Total. & 5,34,192=48 & \(5,34,192=48\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. Delhi Univer- 1.Salary of sity. staff for the faculty of Arts. \(57,000=00 \quad 57,000=00\)
2.Salary of staff
for the Fiaçulty of
Law. \(8,800=00 \quad 8,800=00\)
3.Salary of St゙aff
\&purchase of books
for the development
of the Faculty of
Social Sciences. \(81,500=00 \quad 82,500=00 \quad 1,64,000=00\) y
4. Development of
the Department of
Budhist Study. \(\quad 40,000=00 \quad 30,000=00 \quad 70,000=00\)
5.Research Projects
connected with
Budhist Study. - 7,000 \(=00 \quad 7,000=00\)
6.Establishment of
the Department of
Music. 19,000 19,000=00
7.Scheme for teach-
ing of South Indian
languages \&Culture \(34,000=0\)
\(10,000=00 \quad 44,000=00\)
8.Diploma Course
in Library Science14,000
\(14,000=00\)
9.Purchase of lib-
rary books \&
Journals.
\(50,000=00\)
\(50,000=00\)
10. Translation Scheme \(^{\text {S }}\)
of the Department of
Hindi. - \(15,000=00\)
\(15,000=00\)


25. Further developmint of the Depart. mint of Budhist Studies. 15,000. 4,500 19,500
26. Construction of Gandhi Bhavan. \(\quad \because \quad 20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\)
27. Construction of compound walls \& gates to the Art Faculty \& library - \(30,000=00 \quad 30,000=00\)
28. Research Seminar in Findi. - 2,960=75 2,960=75 29. Fublication of approved research work.
- 5.425
5.425

Total
4. Visva Bharti 1.Water Supply University.
Scheme.
- \(11,35,130=00 \quad 11,35,130=00\)
2.Selaries of staff for the development of teaching
\(44,545=95 \quad-\quad 44,545=95\)
3. Setting up of

Hobby Workshop. - 7,000=00 7,000=00
4. Award of Post-
graduate \& Research
Scholarship. \(\quad 3,200=00 \quad 3,200=00\)
5. Establishment of/
students Aid Fund. - \(500=00 \quad 500=00\)
6. Making further
payment to the
India International
Centre to their N.R.
expenditure.
\(4 \overline{-}, 245=95 \quad \frac{20,000}{11,62,1300} \quad-20,000=00 \quad 12,10,375=95\)
7.
i. Indian Institute Construction. of
of Science,
Hostel..
Bangalore.
\[
2,30,000=00 \quad 2,30,000=00
\]

Total A.2..... Rs. \(32,14,977=13\).




\section*{Section II -Plan Projects}
A.4. Grants to State Universities for specific purposes (Humanities)
S.No. Name of the Purpose of grant. Grant paid in 1959-60

(5.) Becoming. corporate found ation Member of the India International centre. -. \(10,000=00 \quad 10,000=00\)
(6) Award of Post-

Graduate \& Research
Scholarships. \(\quad 3,887=00 \quad 3,887=00\).
(7) Publication of approved Research works.
Total:- \(-8,887=0 \overline{0} \quad 1,91,447=00 \quad-2,00,334=00\)
2. Allahabad. 1. Purchase of
library Books. - \(44,000=00\). \(44,000=00\)
2.: Student aid fund \(10,000=00 \quad 10,000=00\)
3. Award Renewal
of P.G.\&r research
scholarships. \(22,500=00 \quad 22,500=00\).
4. Travel expenses. \(1,683=68 \quad 1,683=68\).
5. Becoming Corporate
foundation member of the India International Centre. . \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\)
6. Appointment of
additional staff ,
to supply informa-
timon asked by U.G.C.3,284-17

3.
5.
2. Allahabad.
3. Andhra
4. Annamalai.
7. Appointment of staff in the Department of Commerce Arbic, Persian, Politics in Law.
8. Establishment of the Department Ancient History \& Archaeology. .
\(-\frac{28,000=00}{79,867 \equiv 85,-94,000=00}-\quad \frac{58,000=00}{1,73,867=85 .}\)
1. Purchase of library books (Humanities)
\[
50,000=00 \quad 50,000=00
\]
2. Construction
of Arts Block. \(50,000=00 \quad 50,000=00\).
3. Revision of salary scales of University teachers. \(1,55,912=70 \quad 1,55,912=70\),
4. Award Renewal
of P.G.Research
Scholarship. \(9,450=00\) 9,450=00
5. Appointment of

Additional staff
to supply informmotion asked for
by U.G.C. \(3,000=00\). \(3,000=00\)
6. Towards further
payment to India
International
Centre, towards
their N.R.Fxpenditure. - \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\)
7. Recurring grant for the Department of Economics, Telugu, History\& Commerce. 57,000=00_ \(\quad 57,000=00\).

Total \(-2,25,362=70,1,20,000=00 \quad 3,45,362=70\)

5. For becoming
corporate found-
dion member of India International.
\(20,00 \mathrm{O}=00\). Contd....


3.

5. M.S. University of Baroda (Contd.)
14. Purchase of furniture for the
faculty of \(\quad-\quad 25,000=00 \quad 25,000=00\).
Commerce.
15. Building for the

Department of Archiolo-
by \& Ancient History .57,000/1,60,000=00 2,17,000=00.
Appointment of
additional staff. \(3,500=00^{\circ} \quad 3,500=00\).
16. Establishment
of students aid
fund. \(7,903=22\)-. 7,903=22.
17. Towards making
further payment to
India International
Centre, towards
N.R.expenditure. - \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\).
18. Setting up of \(\quad . \quad-\quad 8,000=00 \quad 8,000=00\).
19. Revision of
salary scales of
University teachers 50,000=00 -.. 50,000=00.
20. Towards Piolet

Survey Psychological
counselling for
University student. \(5,000=00 \quad 2,000=00 \quad 7,000=00\).
21. Salary of staff appointed for the Department
of English Hindi \&
Sociology. \(\quad 15,000=00\)
1. Department
\& BOngsish Staff
\(3,000=00\)
national centre. - \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\).
national centre. - \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\).
2. For becoming

Corporate member
of India Inter-
3. Starting Eostr
graduate teaching
in labour and
Social Welfare. \(\quad 1,300=00 \quad 6,600=00 \quad 7,900=00\).
4. Appointment of
additional staff
to supply the information to U.G.C. \(\quad 3,000=00 \quad 3,000=00 \%\)
5. Purchase of

Library books
(Humanities). - \(30,000=00 \quad 30,000=00 \cdot 1\)
6. Award of F.G.
\& Research Scholar-
ship.
\[
335=00
\]
\(335=00\).
7. Bombay .
1.Publication of approved Research work.
- \(1,845=00\)
(-) \(\begin{array}{r}1,845=00 \\ 309-00\end{array}\)
2.Applied Psychology \(3,600=00 \quad 30,000=00 \quad 33,600=00\)
3. University

Ijibrafy building. - \(1,75,000=00 \quad 1,75,000=00\)
4.
tor School of
ETVNomics \&
Suciology. . - \(15,000=00 \quad 15,000=00\).
5. Award renewal
of Post-graduate
\& Research Scholar-
ship. (H). 8,678=88 - 8,678=88.
6. Purchase of

Library book \&
Journals , . (+) 30900 (+) 309=00.
7. For becoming

Corporate founda
tion Mémber of
the India Inter-
national Centre. - \(20,000=00 \quad 20,000=00\).
8. Grant for the
purchase of
Tibtan Tripitakas. - \(25,300=00 \quad 25,300=00\).
9. Deparitment of

Law, Purchase of
Law books.

*. Calcutta University.
1. Purchase of
library books \((H) \quad-\quad 50,000=00 \quad 50,000=00\).
2. Construction of building for Depart-
ment of Economics. - \(90,000=00 \quad 90,000=00\).
3.Research in

Nepali language. - \(2,000=00 \quad 2,000=00\).
4. Revision of salary scales of
University teachers \(47,547=22 \quad\) - \(\quad 47,547=22\).
6. Development of
the Department
of Economics (purchase
of books, equipment
\& station wagon) \(40,000=00 \quad 30,000=00 \quad\) 隼 \(0,0000=0.0\).
7. Publication of Iearned Research works.
\(-\quad 2,050=00\)
\(2,050=00\).



 University.
1. Purchrise of Library books \& journals(恃) - 50,000/- 50,000=00: 2. Student's aid fund. \(8,128=00\). \(\quad 8,128=00\).
3.T.A.\&D.A. to

Profess or M.B.
Stinson T.C.M.Expert \(4,080=00\) - \(4,080=00\).
4. Award/Renewal of
P.G.research
scholarship. \(10,532=25 . \quad\). \(10,532=25\).
5. Recurring for staff for the
Departments of
Economics Commerce,
Psychology, sociology \(2,500=00\). . . \(2,500=00\).
6. For becoming corporate foundation member of the India
International. Centre - \(6,000=00\). \(6,000=00\).
7. Air conditioning
of a part of the
University library.___ \(\quad 30,000=00 . \quad 30,000=00\).
\(25,240=25 \quad 86,000=00 . \quad 1, * 4,240=25\).

\section*{17. Marthwada \\ University.}
18. Madras. University .
1. Making payment
to the India Inter-
national Centre
towards their
N.R.expenditure. - \(\quad 10,000=00 . \quad 10,000=00\).
2. Purchase of
library books
\& journals. H )
\(\xrightarrow{\because} \quad 50,000=00 . \quad 50.000=00\).
\(60,000=00\)
\(60,000=00\).
1. Areas of gey of

University
teachers. \(\quad 44,433=02 . \quad 44,433=02 \ldots\)
2. Department of

Indian History \&
Philos ophy (further
development) \(41,900=00\). \(41,900=00\).
3. Publication of
approved research works.
4. Completion of English Tamil
Dictionary. \(\quad 12,000=00 . \quad 16,000=00 . \quad 28,000=00\).
5. Post Graduate

Centre at Madurai \(6,000=00 \cdot 10,000=00\). \(16,000=00\).
6. Trave i Expend-
tire. \(3,000=00\). \(\quad 3,000=00\).
7. To promote the study of.selected
Regional languages .. - \(991=26\). \(991=26\).
8. Setting up of a
hobby workshop - 8,000=00. 8,000=00.


2． 3.
4.
5.
6.

5．Making further
payment to the
India International
Centre towards
theif N．R．Expendi－
ture．－．16，000＝00．16，000＝00．
6．Building for Hobby
workshop．－5，000＝00．5，000＝00．
7adippointment of to
suppiy indormation
解．

\(24.561=29 \quad 42.542=95 \quad 67.104=24\).

2． University．

1．Establishment
of Socio－－Economic research Unit． \(4,800=00\) ． \(4,800=00\) ．

2．Arrears of
saleries of
University teachers63，434＝81．－．63，434＝8\％．
3．Law College
Building．－ \(30,000=00\) ． \(30 ; 000=00\) ．
4．Library Building ．－ \(50,000=00\) ． \(50,000=00\) ：
5．Library Books
for Law Department．－\(\quad 10,000=00 . \quad 10,000=00\) ．
6．Appointment of
additional staff
to supply informa－
tion asked for by
U．G．C．5，900＝00．－5，900＝00．

7．Award／Renewal，of
P．G．research Scholar－
ship．－ \(9,100=93 . \quad 9,100=\) 経。
8．Publication of
approved Fesearch
work．
\(83,235=74 \quad 92,911=00 . \quad 1,76,146=74\) ．
22．Patna 1．Department of
University．
Labour \＆Social．
Welfare．\((+) 3,800=00\) ．\(\quad(+) 3,800=00\) ．
（～．arjusted
out of the grant
of \(\mathrm{Rs} .1,00,000\)
paid in 1958－59．）
2．Arts \＆Commerce（ \(\quad\) Blook building． \(3,800=00\) ．（－） \(3,800=00\) ．
3．Award／Renewol of
Post graduate
\＆Research

4．Student Health
Centre－\(\quad 25,000=00 . \quad 25,000=00\) ． Contd．．．

\(\qquad\)
22. Patna University. (Contd.)
5. Department of

Ancient History \& Archeology
Rs.50,000 adjusted out of the grant of R. \(1,000,00\) of the for building of firts \& Commerce Block paid in 1958-59.)
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
& \(50,000=00\) \\
\((+)\) \\
& \(50,000=00\) & \((+)\) \\
\(50,000=00\) & \((-)\) & \(50,000=00\) \\
\(50,000=00\) \\
\(50,000=00\)
\end{tabular}
6. Publication of approved research work - \(10,000=00 . \quad, 10,000=00\)
7. Student aid
fund. \(10,000=00\). \(\quad 10,00,0=00\). \(14,303=23 \quad 85,000=00 \quad 99,3003=23\).
\((+) 3,800=00\}+) 50,000=00\}+\left\{\begin{array}{l}53,8000=00 . \\ 53,800000\end{array}\right.\)
\((-) \quad 3,800=00(-) 50,000=00(-) \quad 53,80000\).
23. Poona. University. Salary scale of University
teachers. \(81,680=90 \quad 81,680=90\).
\(\begin{aligned} & \text { 2.School of } \\ & \text { foreign languages }\end{aligned} 11,800=00 \quad 11,800=00\)
3. Ghokhley institute
of Folitics \& Economics
\(77,600=00 \quad 77,600=00\).
4. Award/Renewal of

Fost-Graduate
reserch
Scholarships. \(\quad 15,500=00\). \(15,500=00\).
5. Bhandrakar Oriental
research institute - 30,000=00. 30,000=00\%
6. Dialect Study
of Marathi 3,300=00. 3,300=00.
7. Library Building. . - 1,45,000=00. 1,45,000=00.
8. Starting the

Archeology. \(\quad 40,000=00.90,000=00 . \quad 1,30,000=00\).
9. i. 9 和intmentof

Additional staff to
supply゙ information
asked for by U.G.C. 3,514=00. - \(3,514=00\).
10. Travel expenses 2,500=00. - \(2,500=00\).
11. Becoming Corporate
founciation member
of tie India Inter-
national Centre. - \(20,000=00 . \quad 20,000=00\).
12. Holding the

Summer Schopl. - \(40 ; 000=00 . \quad 40,000=00.1\)
13. Construction of Ayots Blook
building. - 1,83,000=00. 1,83,000=00.
Contd....


24. Punjab University.
25. Rajasthan.
1. Furchase of Library
books (H). - 50,000/—. 50,000/-.
2. Hostel building - 2,50,000/-. 2,50,000/-.
3. Student aid
fund. \(10,000 /\). \(\quad . \quad \therefore \quad 10,000 /-\)
4. Makinis further
payment to the
India Interna-
tional Centre
towards their
N.R.ẹpenditure. \(\quad-\quad 20,000 /-\quad 20,000 /-\).
5. Award/Renewal
- of Rost-graduate
rèsearch scholarship1,800/-. - . 1,800/-.
Purchase of library
books (Humanties)
under Development
Scheme. - 50,000/-. 50,000/-.
6. Equipient for
the Department of
Psychology. - 20,000/-. 20,000/-.
7. Calculating
machine for the
Department of
Economics. - 20,000/-. 20,000/-.
8. Equipment for the

Department of
Sociology.
 \(11,800=00 \quad 4,20,000=00 . \quad 4,31,800=00\).
1.Department of Economics \& History.
\[
16 ; 600 /-
\]

16,600/-.
, 2. Revision of salary'scales of University teachers: \(4.480 /-. \quad 480 /-\)
3. Hostel

Bưilding. \(-1,00,000 /-1,00,000 /-\)
4. Library

Building. \(\quad\). \(1,50 ., 000 /-\) 1,50,000/-. Contd..

25. Rajasthan Univer-5. Furchase of
(Contd.) sity. Library books (H) - 50;000/- 50,000/-.
6. Renewal of.

Post graduate Research Scholar-
ship. \(1,600 /-\) - \(1,600 /-\).
7. Appointment
of Adaitional
staff tembuncly
information asked 800/-. - 800/-.
for by \(U . G . C\).
8. Publication of
learned rescarch - 831/87 831/87.
work.
9. Becoming corporate foundation member of
Indie International \(\quad\) Centro. \(3,300 / \ldots \quad 3,300 /-\).
10. Annual conference
of the Indian Folitical
Science Association. - 2,500/-. 2,500/-.
11.Research in Social - 3,000/-. 3,000/-.
welfare.
12. Student aid fund. \(10,000 /\) - \(10,000 /\).
\(29,480=00.3,29,631=87 . \quad 3,39,111 / 87\).
26. Roorke University.
27. S.N.D.T. Women University.
1. Library

Building . - 90,000/- 90,000/-.
2. Student Health Centre

3. Hostel for the

Fost graduate
Student. - 95,000/-. 95,000/-.
4. Becoming corporate
foundation member
of the India
International Centre.

1. Revision of
salary scales of University
teachers .. \(13,508 /-\) - \(13,508 /-\).
2. New University

Building. - 2,00,000/- 2,00,000,/-.
3. Renewal of Post-

1
graduate Fiestarch
Scholarship. \(1,200 /-1,200 /-\)
4. Making further
payment to the
India International
Centre towards the ir
N.K.expenditure.
\[
-\quad 10,000 /-
\]
27. S.N.D.T. Women University. (Contd).
28. Sugar University
29. Utkal
- University.
5. Extension of women's

Hostel in the Poona
College. - 50,000/-. 50,000/-.
6. Purchase of library
books \& journals
(Humanities).
\(40,0001=\quad 40,000 \%-\). \(14,708=00.3,00,0007=\quad 3,14,708=00\).
1. Department of

Economics.
2. Department of

Philosophy \&
Psychology. \(\quad 4,400 /-14,500 /-\) 18,900/-.
3. Political Science 1,800/-. 3,900/-. 5,700/-.
4. Library
- \(1,00,000 /-1 \quad 1,00,000 /-\).
5. Purchase of
library books \& Journals (H). - 50,000/-. 50,000\%.
6. Research in
\[
5,000 /-
\]

Social Welfare. - 5,000/-. 5,000/-.
7. Setting up a

Hobby workship
(Building -staff-
equipment \(^{\text {(shaft }} \quad 2,000 /-11,740 /-\quad 13,740 / \mathrm{F}\)
8. Award/Renewal in

1959/6C of Post-
Graduate \& Research
Scholarship (H)
awarded in 1958/59 \&
59/60. \(4,898=39\) 4, \(898=39\).
9. Construction of

Hostel for men
students. - . 50,000/-. 50,000/-.
10. Expenditure on
furniture for
Boys' Hostel. - 10,000/-. -10,000/-.
1,1. For becoming
corporate foundation
member of the India
International
Centre. . \(10,000 /-\) 10,000/-.

13. Publication of approved Research works.

1. Research in

Social Tension. . - 1,100/-. 1,100/-.
2. Construction of Arts Block
Building. . . 3,00,000/-. 3,00,000/-.
3. Department of

Psychology, staff \& - 7,500/-. 7,500/-.
8,400/-. \(46,600 /-\quad 55,000 /-\).
(
in
\(\qquad\) \&
\(1,50,000 / \cdots \quad 1,50,000 / \cdots\)


equipment.


29．Utkal
University． （Contd）

4．Books for the
Department of
Philosophy，
Sanskrit，Folitical
Scienced．Esychology
History and Economics ．－15，000／－15，000／－．
5．Revision improve－
ment of Salary
Scales，of University
teachers．
\(2,304 /-. \quad 2,304 /-\) ．
6．Staff for the
Department of
Sanskrit Philosophy
Psychology \＆
Political Science．51，000／－．51，000／－．
7．Establishment of student aid fund．568／－．－568／—．

8．For becoming corporate foundation
Member of the India
International Centre．－6，664／－．6，664／－战
9．Holding of the
34 th Session of the
\(\begin{array}{lll}\text { India Fhilosophical } \\ \text { Congress．} & 2,500 /-500 /-.\end{array}\)

10．Award of Post－
grauuate Research
Scholarship（H）．

30．Sri Venekates－ wara． University．

1．Grant towards the
Furchase of equipment
for the Departments of Esychology．－11，000／－．11，000／－．
2．Library Building－1，50，000／－．1，50，000／－．）
3．Setting up a
Hobby workshop（Building）－20，000／－．20，000／－．
4．For becoming Corporate
foundation member of
the India International－4，000／－．
Centre．4，000／－．
5．Arrears of Pay of
University teachers
for the years 1956／5920，000／－．－20，000／一．
6．Salaries of Staff
of the Humanities
Departments．31，000／－．31，000／－．
\(-51,000=00.1,85,000=00-2,36,000=00\) ．

31．Sardar Vallabhbai 1．Construction of Vidya゙Fath．Arts Block Building．

2．Establishment of Health Centre．－15，000／－．15，000／．．．

3．For becoming Corporate
foundation nember of the India International
nentre－20，000／－．20，000／． contd．．


Grant Total \(1,4:-89,40,942=86\)
(+) \(1,63,739=00\)
(-) \(1,63,739=00\).
A.5. Grants to Constituent and Affiliated Colleges of Universities for Specific purposes.

Grants paid in 1959-60.


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
1 .{ }^{7}
\] & \[
2 .
\] & \[
-3 m
\]
\[
3 .
\] &  & \[
43
\] & \\
\hline  & B.M.College of Commerce Eqona. & Construction non resident student centre. & - & 10,000/- & 10,000/-. \\
\hline \[
30 .
\] & S.D.College, Muzaffar Nagar. & Construction of non-resident student centre. & & 10,000/- & 10,000/-. \\
\hline \[
31 .
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Holly Cross } \\
& \text { College } \\
& \text { Trichanapalli. }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1.Construction of non \(r \in s i d e n t\) studen centre. & - & 10,000/- & 10,000/-. \\
\hline &  & 2.Establishment of studen't aid fund. & 566/- & - & 566/-. \\
\hline \[
32 .
\] & B.M.S.College of Engg.Banglore. & Establishment of .stiudent aids fund. & \[
1,830 /-
\] & - & 1,830/-. \\
\hline \[
33 .
\] & Sri Avinashilingam Home Science College Coundator & Construction of non-resident re. student centre. & & 10,000/- & 10,000/-. \\
\hline \[
34^{\circ}
\] & Nátional College Sirsa. & Establishment of student aid fund. & 833/- & - & 833/-. \\
\hline \[
35 .
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { J.H.College, } \\
& \text { Betinl. }
\end{aligned}
\] & .Estabiishment of student aid fund .Construction of non-resident studen centre. & 2,000/- & 5,000/- & 2,000/- \\
\hline \[
36 .
\] & Digetijai Mahavidalya Raj Nand Gaon. & Establishment of student aid fund. . & \[
2,000 /-
\] & - & 2,000/-. \\
\hline & Chhéttis' ge \({ }^{\text {Clh}}\) College Raipur. & Establishinent of student aid fund. & 400/- & - & 400/-. \\
\hline \[
{ }^{38}
\] & 'Kanya Mahavidyaly Jullundur. & ya Construction of non resident student dontre. & - & 10,000/- & 10,000/-. \\
\hline & Lyallpur Khalsa College Jullundur & Establishment of ur.student aid fund. & 2,000/- & - & 2,000/-. \\
\hline & S.A.jain Coliege Ambala. & Establishment of student aid fund. & 994/- & - & 994/-. \\
\hline \[
41^{\circ}
\] & Anglo Sanskrit College Khama Ludhiana. & Establishment of student aid fund. & 1,073/- & - & 1,073/-. \\
\hline & Ram Garhia College Ihagwada & Establishment of a.student aid fund. & 697/- & - & 697/-. \\
\hline & Khalsa College, Amritsar. & Establishment of student aid fund. & 2,000/- & - & 2,000/-. \\
\hline \[
44 .
\] & Radha Krishan Arya College Nawa Sner. & Establishment of student aid fund. & 1,842/- & - & 1,842/-. \\
\hline \[
45 \text {. }
\] & Guru Nanak Engg. College Iudhiana & .Establishment of a.student aid fund. & \[
2,000 /-
\] & - & 2,000/-. \\
\hline & Malwa Training College Iudhiana & \[
-20-
\] & 912/- & - & 912/-. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


67. Shri Swam Narain Construction of Arts \(\&\) Science non-student centre.
College, Ahmeda Bad. - 5,000/- 5,000/-.
68. A.X:College \(\quad\) Shikohaked. \(\quad-\quad 1\) 5,000\% - \(\quad\) 5,000/-.
69. G.. College of Establishment of Commerce \& student aid fund. 1,950/- 1,950/-. Economicri, iabalpur.
70. B.S.M.DEGIEe Toliomofnrlene. \(\quad\) 69/- 69/-.

7in S.M.Cozlege " 408/-. - 408/-.
72. Kovidegice College, " 125/- - \begin{tabular}{c} 
Mathura.
\end{tabular}
73. G.r.A.College, 1.Construction of

Dait"n Ganj. non-resident student
centre. - 5,000/- 5,000/-.
2.Establishment of
student aid fund. 2,000/- \(2,000 \%-\).
74. People College, " \(\quad\) ivaic : \(\quad\). \(1,120 /-\quad=1,120 /-\).
75. K.G.K.College, Construction of non Moridajed. resident student
centre. - 5,000/- 5,000/-.
76. Twia College, Construction of nonresident student C atobaii "centre.
77. CoM.S.CoIlege,

sn. Snrui Raghav Farshad Singh College, Pízaffecpur.
81. Sahio Ganj College

54. S.Mahila Maha-

Vidalya, Bhagalpur
416/-.
416/-.
85. ㄱ. K. K. H.

Establishment of
College, student aid fund. 191/-. - 191/-. And Uthamapac an


119. P.S.G.College, of Technology, Pmamedu.
"
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 2,000/-. & - & 2,000/-. \\
\hline 1,185/-. & - & 1,185/-* \\
\hline 1,713/-. & - & 1,713/ \(\quad\). \\
\hline 723/-. & - & 723/-*. \\
\hline 2,000/-- & - & 2,000/-. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{\prime}\) i24. C.S.R.Sarma, College, Ongola.

629/-. - 629/-.
125. Ch.S.D.St,Theresa's College for women,耳品ar:

330/
330/~.
Contd..


(Contd. from pro-page)
13. Panjab 1. Improveriont of salary

University. scales of toachers of Affiliatcd Collogos.
14. Rajasthan University.
1. Inprovorent of salary scales of teachers of Affiliated Collezos.
1. Improvoment of salary scales of teachers of Affiliated Colloges.
1. Inproverent of salary
\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Total B/F. } & 51,97,011.32 \\
\text { Rs. } & \text { np. } \\
2,01,436.11 & 2,01,436.11
\end{array}
\]
\[
34,679.48 \quad . \quad 34,679.48
\]
\[
27,870.00 \quad 27,870.00
\]
scalos of toachors of
\[
21,770.00 \quad 21,770.00
\] Affiliated Colleges.
- Improverent of salary scalcs of teachers of Affiliated Colleges.
\[
\cdot 9,359.49 \quad 9,359.49
\]
\[
54,92,1216.40
\]
(conta.......)

\section*{TNTTVRSTTY GRANTS COMMISSION. \\ Statement 'V'}

\section*{Section II - Plan Projects. \\ Analysis of B. Grants to Central and State Universities for Higher Scientific Education and Research. \\ \(\qquad\)

E-I. Grant-in-aix to Central Universities for Higher Scientific Education and \(24,73,807.80\) Research.

B-2. Grant-in-aid to State Universities
for Higher Scientific Education \& Research.
\(1,03,37,216.45\)
(+) \(30,000.00\)
\((-) 2,30,000,00\)
\(1,26,11,024.25\)
1) For details please see separate statements for sub-heads B.I and B.2. apnended herewith.
2) Plus figures indicate frosh grants paid by adjustment against unspent balances of previous grants lying with Universities.
3) Minus figures indicate unspent balances withdrawn.

\title{
UNIVERSITY GRGNPS COMMISSION
}

fron pre-page.
-2-

2. Banaras

Hindu
Unjersidy.


3opelhi
University.

from pre-page.

4. Indian Institute of Science.

S.No. Name of the University \& Departrient.

Purpose. Recurring, Non-recurring.
Total.

Library --
Books.

Award/Renewal of post-graduate
\& Scholarships in Science Eng .\& .. 3,233.00 -- 3,233.00
Tech. for the year 59-60.
For holding a Seminar on Roman
\& Infra Red. Spectroscopy at D.S.P. -- 5, 5,000.00 5,000.00
Govt. College, Nanital.
Travel Grant to Science personal.
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
800.00 & 800.00 \\
\hline \(4,033.00\) & \(-\quad 35,000.00\) & \(39,033.00\)
\end{tabular}
2. Allahabad University.


\& Technolagy.

R. Grant for salary of staff
for development of higher
Scientific Education \& Re-
search. II Instalment: 15,000.00 -- 15,000.00

Towards the award of senior

20,200.00 2,41,764.03 2,61,961.03
(contd......)

3.
3. Andhra University.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Equipment : & -- \\
\hline Equiprient. & -- \\
\hline Equipment. & \(\cdots\) \\
\hline Museum. & -- \\
\hline Equipment. & -- \\
\hline Museum. & \(\cdots\) \\
\hline Equipment. & -- \\
\hline Building. & -- \\
\hline Equipment. & ---00 \\
\hline Recurring. & 3,600.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
4.

Physics.
Chemistry。
Botany.

Zoologir.

Math. \& Statics.
Geology.

Geo-Physics.

Central Work-shop. Equipment. --
Nuclear-Ecimco-Block Building. --
All Sciẹnce. Deptt. Library books. --
Award/Renewal \(f\)
Po G. \& Research iscivarships 6,000.00 in Science, Enge. \& Tech.

For pumping sea water at
the Marine Biology Field
Laboratory.
Marine Biological --
Iaboratory•Build--
ing.
\(R_{n} G r a n t\) for staff.
Constt. of field
Laboratory Glass
House for Brtunic? I Form.
\begin{tabular}{cc}
\(10,000.00\) & \(10,000.00\) \\
\(15,000.00\) & \(15,000.00\) \\
\(\ldots\) & \(14,709.00\)
\end{tabular}
\(10,000.00 \quad 10,000.00\)
\(36,309.00 \quad 4,74,833.00 \quad 5,11,142.00\)

\section*{3.Annamalai University.}

Chemistry.
Botany \& Maths.
Botany.
Zoology.

Equiprient.
Building.
Equipment.
Equipnent.
\(20,000.00 \quad 20,000.00\)
\(70,000.00 \quad 70,000.00\)
\(30,000.00 \quad 30,000.00\)
\(20,000.00 \quad 20,000.00\)

Award/Renewal of P. \(\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{A}}\)
\& Research Scholarship
in Scierice, Tech. \&
9,896.55
9,896.55
Engg. for year 1959-60.

1. 2.
6. Bihar University.

\begin{tabular}{c} 
7. Bombay University. \\
AII Science Deptts. \\
TIbrary Books. \(-\cdots\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Award/renewal of
P. G. \& Scholar-
ship in Science,
Engg. \& Tech. 4,284.61 -- 4,284.61
Award of senior re-
search fellowship
In Science for 59-60.7,435.00 -- 7,435.00
Statistics.
Equipment. -- \(35,594.00\) 35,594.00

Grant in connection with the 47th Session of the Indian 'Science Congress.
\begin{tabular}{crr}
\(\ldots\), & \(5,000.00\) & \(5,000.001\) \\
\hline \(11,719.61\) & \(75,594.00\) & \(37,313.61\) \\
& & (contd.....)
\end{tabular}

2. \(\quad, \quad,-6 m \ldots\)
I. \(\frac{\text { J. }}{\text { II }}\).


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\text { I. } \quad 2 .
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
-7 .
\] \\
3.
\[
5 .
\]
\end{tabular} &  & \[
\div 27=
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{14.Kerata Whiversity. . . ... . . . . . .} \\
\hline Oceonography, \(\therefore \underset{\text { rescarc }}{\text { Mainten }}\) & Recurring. \(14,322.00\)
nce of the
vessels) & -- & 143322.00 \\
\hline  & Equiprient. & 66,666.00 & 66,666.00 \\
\hline Sta- & Lisbrary Books. & 15,000.00 & 15,000.00 \\
\hline tistics. & Library books. Equipment. & \[
\text { 14, } 300.00
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 14,300.00 \\
& 50,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Applied Chemistry. & Library Books: -- & 14,300.00 & 14,300.00 \\
\hline & Equipment. -- & 46,670.00 & 46,670.00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Oceonography Statistics \& -- (} & (+), 20,000.00 & (+) \(20,000.00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{app. Chenistry. Deptts. Building.} & 2,00,000.00 & 2,00,000.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Addl. Staff. \\
Scheme for promoting Research work in Botany.
\end{tabular}} & Rocurring. 1,990.00 & -- & 1,990.00 \\
\hline & dal Stiff \% 60904 & & \\
\hline & Addl. Staff. 2 ,699.0U & --. & 2,699.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Central Workshop.} & Equipment. \(\sim\) & \((-) 20,000.00\) & (-)20,000.00 \\
\hline & 19,011.00 & 4,06,936.00 & \(4,25,947.00\) \\
\hline & & \((+), 20,060.00\)
\((-) 20,000.00\) & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}-30,000.00 \\ +3 \\ 20,000.00\end{array}\right.\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Lucknow Jniversity.} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Botany.} & Equipment. & 25,000.00 & 25,000.00 \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
Extension to \\
Laboratory. Bldga.-
\end{tabular} & 18,000.00 & 18,000.00 \\
\hline Geology: & Building.... & 13,699.00 & 13,699.09 \\
\hline Aditional staff. & Recurring : \(13,602.00\) & -- & 13,602.06 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Library books in Medicine at
George!} & 40,000.00 & 40,000.00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Award of Post Graduate and} & - . & 's \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Research scholarships in} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Scitence, EngF. Technology \\
In 1959-60.
\end{tabular}} & - -- & 11,200.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{All Science Deptt.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Purchase of T,ibrary books \&}} & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline & Journals on Sci- & & \\
\hline - . & \& Research. -- & 50,000.00 & 50,000,00 \\
\hline & 24,802.00 & 1,46,699.00 & 1,71,501:00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{15Madras Univorsity.} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Physics. Organic} & Equipment. & 50,000.00 & 50,000.00 \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline Chemistry & Equipment. & 15,000.00 & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Inorganic Chors stry. & Equiprient. & 15,000.00 & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Physical Cherilstry. & Equiprent. & 15,000,00 & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Bio-Chemistry. & Equipment. & 20,333.00 & 20,333.00 \\
\hline Botany. & Equipnent. & 30,000.00 & 30,000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


17Mysore University:
All Science Deptts. Library Bo-ks \& _- 5ournais. 50,000.00 50,000.00
Award of Post Graduate scholarships in
Science, Engg. and Tech.

13.Marthwada Un1versity.

Purchase of Library books, and Journals for the Post-graduates training Research in the Deptts. of Chenistry and Zoology. -- 40,000.00 40,000.00 Award of Post Graduate Research Scholarship in Science, Eng5.Tech. \(742.00 \quad 742.00\)
19Nagpur University.
Participation In India 1958 Exhibition.

(contd...)


Post graduate Medical
fadilities at Osmania Medical College.: :

Animal House.
A11 Scienee Deptts.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Books. & 40,000.00 & \(140,000.00\) \\
\hline Equipmont. & 25,000.00 & 25,000.00 \\
\hline Library Books \& & & \(\because\) \\
\hline Journals & \(30,000.00\) & 30,000,00 \\
\hline 29,453.37 & 3,74,141.00 & ,03,594.37 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

27Patna University. :
Zoology.
physics.
Chemtstry.
Botany.
\begin{tabular}{lclll} 
Equipment. & -- & \((+)\) & \(10,000.00(+) 10,000.00\) \\
Equipment. & -- & & \(20,000.00\) & \(20,000.00\) \\
Equipment. & \(-\infty\) & \(20,000.00\) & \(20,000.00\) \\
Equipment. & -- & \(20,000.00\) & \(20,000.00\)
\end{tabular}

Central Workshop, \&
Annimal House(Zọlogy Dept.)Building. "n-" 15,000.00 15,000.00
Statistics. Equipment. .-- 3,333.00 3;333.00
Geology. . Equipment. -- 20,000.00 20,000.00
All Science Deptt.

Central Workshop.
Purchase of Library Books \& Journals. --
\(30,000.00 \quad 30,000.00\)
Equipment. -a (-) 10,000.00(-) 10,000.00
3.

Additional staff. Recurring 13,326
Award of Postgraduate \& Research
Scholarship in Science, Eng. \&
Tech. for the year 1958-59.
22. Poona University.


Award of Post Graduate and
Research. Scholarships in
Science, Eng., and Tech. for
the year 1959/60.
Physics.
\begin{tabular}{lcrr} 
& \(2,400.00\) & & \(2,400.00\) \\
Equipment. & - & \(20,000.00\) & \(20,000.00\) \\
Equipment. & - & \(20,000.00\) & \(20,000.00\) \\
Equipment. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
23. Panjabi University.


Geology.
Camp Furniture.
Equipment. Itibrary Books.
\begin{tabular}{rr}
\(4,667.00\) & \(4,667.00\) \\
\(50,000,00\) & \(50,000.00\) \\
\(25,000,00\) & \(25,000.00\)
\end{tabular}

1. " 2.
27.

Utakal University.
Anthropology.

Additional staff. Scionce Block.

56

28. Sri Venketoswara University.

Construction of Pheise II
of the Physical \& Natural
Science Block. . Building. - - 5,00,000.00 5, 00,000.00

Sardar Valabhbhai Vidya Peeth.
Award/Renewal of Post graduate
\& Research Scholarships
In Science, Engg., \&


Additional Staff
Reckrring. \(21,480.00\)
-.-
\(21,480: 00\)
Participation in
India \({ }^{\prime} 58\) ' Exhibition. Recurring.


30 Gorakhpur University.
Travel grants to Recurring. \(\quad 1,704.68, \ldots-. \quad\)-. \(7,704.68\)
Science Porsonnels.

Award of Post-graduate \& Research Scholarships in Science, Engg., \& Technelogy. 9 Recurring. \(9,800.00\)-.. 9 . 800.00

Scientific. : :. Equipments.

31 Indian Agricultural Research Institute:-
Award of Post Graduate Research
Scholarships in Sc., Engg,

32 Jodalpur University.
Ist. All India Congress of Zoology. \(-1,000.00 \quad 1,000 \quad 1.0\)
Vikram University.
\(33 \frac{\text { Vikram University. }}{\text { Participation in India }}\)

\(2,36,000.00\)
```

Analysis of C - Grants to Contral and State Universities for

``` Engineering and Technology.

C 1. Grants to Central Universities for.
Post-graduate aid under-graduate
Engineering and Technology. 22,36,140.69

C 2. Grants to State Universities for Post-graduate and under-graduate Engineering and Technology.

72,64,264.60
\((+) 2,00,000.00\)
C 3. Grants to Universities for schemes
initiated by A.I.C.T.E. for development of Engineering \& Technology.
\[
12,29,968.00
\]
\(1,09,30,373.29\)
1) For details please see separate statement for sub-heads C 1, C 2 and C 3, appended herewith.
11) Plus figures indicate fresh grants paid by adjustment against unspent balances of previous grants lying with the Universities.

\section*{Section II Plan Projects.}
C.I. Grants-iniaid to Central Universities for Post-graduate and under-graduate courses in Engineering and Technology.


C.2. Grants-inmaid to state universities for post-graduate and under-graduate engineering and technology.
S. Name of Purpose. Recurring. Non-recurring. Total. No.University.


J.iV.D.College of Sci- Recurring. 12,000.00 -- 12,000.00

once \& Technology. Equipnnert. --
Ore dressing T, abort atony Recurring. 8,304.00
\(\rightarrow-\quad \because \quad 304.00\)
Depth, of Chemical: Eng. Recurring.
for staff \(13,805.00\).- . \(\because .13,805.00\)
Engineering \(\mathrm{C} \rightarrow{ }^{7}\) ers,
Waltair.
Building. -....
Equipment. .- . \(1,60,000.00\) 1,60,000.00
Arrears of pay of Tech.
-teachers.
Recurring. 90,000.00
\(\frac{90,000.00}{10,60,000.00 \cdot 11,84,109.00}\)

1 2-Annamalai University.


Recurring grant. for
staff and maintenance Recurring. 5,539.57 \(\quad \therefore\) - \(\quad \therefore, 539.57\)
for the Ore dressing
Laboratory.
p- Recurring grant for
staff and maintenance Recurring \(14,630.00\). - \(14,630.00\) for the Depth. "of CheTical Engineering.
Chemical Technology. Equipment. - . IL ,000.00 10,000.00
Revision of salary sea-
los of 'teachers in the Recur- 1, 1变,515.15 \(\ldots\) 1,17,515.15
Dept. of Enos. \& Tech. ring.
1,41,084.72 \(1,22,000.00\) 2,63,084.72

AMes. University of Baroda
Faculty of Technology
\& Engineering-Expan- Building. -- 3, 3,182.00 3,182.00 sion of trainingfaci- Furniture

-araculty of Technology
+ \& Engineering. Recurring. 13,426.00 -- 13,426.00
Purchase of Library"
books and Journal.

Expansion scheme of Recurring. 12,719.00 \(\ldots\). \(12,719.00\)
Degree course in Eng.

4.Bomby University.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Deptt. of Chemical Tec & .Building. Equipront. Recurrins. & 55,960.83 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,50,000.00 \\
& 1,50,000.00 \\
& --
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,50,000.00 \\
1,50,000.00 \\
.55,960.83
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Pharmacentical \& Food Technological Section. & Recurring. & 11,000.00 & \(\cdots\) & 11,000.00 \\
\hline Ore dressine Laboratory & -Recurring. & 10,280.00 & -- & 10,280.00 \\
\hline Business Managenent & Recurring. & 30,000.00 & -- & 30,000.00 \\
\hline & & ,07,240.83 & 4,00,000.00 & 5,07,240.83 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

5 Galcutta University.

Deptt: of Am?lied
Cheristry.
Deptt. of Applied
Physics.
Deptt. of Radio
Physics \& Electronics.
Advance course in Electronics \& Radio Physics.
\begin{tabular}{llrr} 
Buildin. & - & \(1,00,000.00\) & \(1,00,000.00\) \\
- Equipnent. & - & \(50,000.00\) & \(50,000.00\) \\
Building. & -- & \(1,00,000.00\) & \(1,00,000.00\) \\
Equipnent. & -- & \(50,000.00\) & \(50,000.00\) \\
Building. & -- & \(20,000.00\) & \(20,000.00\) \\
Equipment. & - & \(50,000.00\) & \(50 ; 000.00\) \\
Recurring. & \(44,943.00\) & & \\
& & & \(44,943.00\) \\
& \(44,943.00\) & \(8,70,000.00\) & \(4,14,943.00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
6. I adavpur University.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline College of Eny - \& Tech & Building. & 4,92,000.00 & 4,92,000.00 \\
\hline (Expansion scheme) & Equipnent. -- 30 & 1,00,000.00 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,0,000.00 \\
& 1,33,137.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & Recurring. 1,33,137.00 & & 1,33,137.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Revision of salary scales
Revision of salary scales
of Technical teachers. Recurring. 57,656.12 --

Fostgraduate courses in Recurring for
Frod Technology. staffe 18,881.00 -. 18,881.00
maintenance.
Pant time Degree Course Recurring for
in Engineering. staff \& Mainto-
nanco.

7. Madris Univorsity.
A. C.College of technology.

Conversion of 2 yoars course
in Chenical Engg. \(\quad\) Recurring. 15,666.00 -. \(\quad 15,666.00\)
to 4 years course. . Equiprient. -- \(68,433.00 \quad 68,433.00\)

\section*{arrears of salaries of} Technical Teachers.
\[
\text { Recurring } \frac{.20,000.00}{37,107.61} \quad \overline{68,433.00} \quad 1, \frac{20,000.00}{05,540.61}
\]
8. Mysore University. College of Engg., Ban-

Building. - ....
\(20,000.00 \quad 20,000.00\)
Galore(Degree Cpurse)
Equipmont. ---
50,000.00
50,000.00.
Expansion of training
Building. capacity, College of

Recurring. -89,659.00
\(1,70,000.00\)
\(1,70,000.00\)
\(89,659.00\)
Engg. Bangalore.
\begin{tabular}{rlr}
\hline \(89,659.00\) & \(2,40,000.00\) & \(3,29,659.00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
9.Osmania University:

Colloge of Engg.
'Expansion of training Building.
\(\checkmark\) capacity, Degree Cou- Equipment. rse in college of Eng.g.Recurring. 90,740.00

3,00,000.00
3,00,000.00
2,00,000.00
\(2 ; 00,000.00\)
\(\because 90.740 .00\)
1,00,000.00
1,00,000.00
Mining Engg.
Building.
Recurring. \(42,630.00\)
Ore'Dressing Laboratory. Recurring. 5,351.24
Research Unit in Hyderanlics \& Applied Hydrodynarics.

Equipment for the devoloprient of Ensés \& Technology

Developrient of the Deptt.Equipment. ----
( of Chemical Tech. Recurring. 14,268.91
Rovision of salary sc 3 -Recurring. \(i 3,200,0 n\)
1,70,577.15 7,41,667:00
 les of teachers.
10. Panjab University.

Deptt. of Chemical.
Technology.
Deptt. of Pharnacy.


\section*{11. Patna University.}

Expansion of Modernization of Bihar College of 'Engs.
Library Books.

 13. Otkal University. College of Engg. Burla..

14. Nagpur University.

Arrears of pay of the teachers of Laxmi Narayan Instt. of Technology.
15. Sri Venketaswere University.

Establishment of Engg. Equipment.
College at Tinpati. Recurring.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 54,000.00 & 50,000.00 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 50,000.00 \\
& 54,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 54,000.00 & 50,000.00 & 1,04,000.00 \\
\hline & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
72,64,264.60 \\
2,00,000.00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(contd......)

UNIVERSTIY GRANIS COMMISSICN

\section*{Section II - Plan Projects.}

C- 3. Grants to Universities for schernes initiated by A.I.C.T.E. for the development of Engineering and Technology.
S. Name of the Tnivorsity
Recurring.
Total.
No, \& Deptt. of Study.
1. Andhra University.
J.V.D. Gance of Science \& Technoloby.

Rs. . np.
Rs. np.
88,000.00
88,000.00
2. Annamalia University.

College of Enfineering.
\(60,000.00 \quad 60,000.00\)
3. Bombay University.
- Departrient of Cherical Tech. 1,00,000.00 1,00,000.00
4. Calcutta University.
1. Deptt. of Applied Chem-
\begin{tabular}{rr}
\(1,80,000.00\) & \(1,80,000.00\) \\
\(75,000.00\) & \(75,000.00\) \\
\(73,500.00\) & \(73,500.00\) \\
\hline \(3,28,500.00\) & \(3,23,500.00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
5. Madras University.
A.I.C.T.E. Scheme 55,468.00 55,468.00

College of Technology.
6. Jadavpur University.
R. Grants for staff and raintenance for the college of Engg. and Technology for 1959-60.
\[
5,98,000.00
\]
\[
5,98,000.00
\]
M,Total C-3. . . . . .Rs. 12,29,968.00

Section II Plan
Projects

\section*{Section II. Plan Projects}
E.2. Grants to Colleges for specific purposes.
S.No. Name of the College
1. \begin{tabular}{l} 
Daya Nand College \\
Hissar.
\end{tabular}
2. \begin{tabular}{l} 
St.Joseph's College \\
Tiruchirapalli.
\end{tabular}
3: \begin{tabular}{l} 
Fateh Chand College \\
for Women Hissar.
\end{tabular}

Construction of Hostel \(80,000 /-\)
for 198 students 1\& II inst:
2. St.Joseph's College

Construction of reading \(1,00,000 /-\) room for the college library \& \&antary. equipment.
3. Fateh Chand College

Construction of Hostel \(\quad 80,000 /-\) for 102 girls students \(1 \&\) II inst.

Purchase of Addl.books
for the expansion of the College Library.

4. Daya Nand College Sholapur.

Construction of Hostel
for girls student.
\[
40,000 /-
\]
5. Vaish Degree
1. Construction of Hostel College Shamli.
for 50 Students I\&II instalment.

38,000/-
2. Construction of Library building of the college IInd instalment.

15,000/-
3. Purchase of Library books
\& purchase of furniture for library 1 st instalment. \(\frac{7,000 /-}{60,000 /-}\)
6. Lady Doak College

Construction of Hosteí
for 34 Girl students
1 st \& IInd instalment \(60,000 /-\)
2. Construction of an
animal House for the Zoology
Deptt. \(1 \& I I\) instalment.
\[
\frac{8,0001}{68,000 /-}
\]
7. Hans Raj Mahila Maha Vidyalya :- Construction of a hostel Jullundur City.
for 129 girls students.
1 st instalment. \(40,000 /-\)
Construction of Library
building 1s.t instalment \(\frac{15,000 /-}{55,000 /-}\)
8. Stella Maris College Construction of hostel for Mylapore Madras. 95 girl students.

95 girl students
1, II \(\& I I\) instaiments \(\quad \because 1,66,000 /-\)
9. D.A.V.College.

Ambala City
1. Construction of the \(7,000 /-\)
costwing verandah \& the
parapet on the west. \&
South, wing varandha on the
ground floor \& 16 rooms
on the first ploor of the hostel contd..

Contd.
D.A.V.College

Ambala City.
10. Almora Degree

College Almora.
11. Ahmed Nagar

College innedm Nagar.
2. Extension of Hostel facilities
IInd instalment. \(\quad 6,000 /-\).
Construction of a Hostel
for 58 students 1 st instalment.

20,000/-.
Construction of
boys' hostel 1\&II
instalment . 85,000/-.
Extension of the hostel
facilities in the college
by the construction of
17 new living rooms.
\(1 \frac{25,000 /=.}{110,000 /=}\)
\(110,0007=\)
12. Arya College \(\because \because\) Equipments for Chemistry
\& Fhysics Labortorias \&
replacement of the existing Petrol gas Plant by; Kerosene gas plant \& gas rooms with fitting Iibrary improvement 1st \& II instalment. 36,000/-.
- Construction of Chemistry Laboratory
\& equipment \& Purchase of
- Library books 1st instalment 20,000/-. .
2.'Building II instalment 30,000/-.
3. Purchase of Library
books.
\(\frac{4,000 /-}{90,000 / \ldots}\)
13. Christ College

Trinjala Kuda
Construction of Hositel
for 200 students
1st \& Ind instalment. 80,000/-.
14. Baring Union
1. Construction of a

Christian College
Batala
Reading room in the Iibrary \&
a 3 Story reference Section
1\&II instalment. 41,000/-.
2.construction of a hostel 19,000/-.
for 30 boys 1 ist instalment
3. Constmation of a hostel
for 33 girls 1\&iI instalment \(60,000 /-\) -
\(1,20,000 /-\)
15. P.B.N.College

Nidubrolu.
Construction of a Hostel
for 25 girl students
ist instalment. \(25,000 /-\).
16. West Godavari Construction of Hostel
- Bhimatarampollege PA?
17. M.L.National Construction of Iibrary

College, Yamuna Nagar building I\&II\&III
instalment.
13,000/-.
Contd....
1. 2. 3. \(\quad\) 4.
18. Dev Samaj College Construction of hostel
for women Ferozepore for 40 girl students
City. list to III instalment.
\[
\begin{gathered}
85,000 /- \\
\text { 9,000/-. } \\
\frac{3,000 /-}{97,000 /-}
\end{gathered}
\]
2. Improvement \& Expansion
of Library facilities
I\& II instalment 9,000/-.
3. Purchase of Libra
books.
19. Maharaj Singh Degree 1. Extension to the

College, S aharmpur. Phisics \& Chemistry
Labortories wimIII
instalment. \(14,000 \%\).
2. Purchase of equipment
for the Physics \& Chemistry
Labotary ifitill instalment.46,000/-.
3. Purchase of Library
books I\&II•instalment
in
\(\frac{4,000 /-}{64,000 /-}\)
20. St. Mary's College, Construction of a

Trichur. hostel for 63 girl
students \(1 \& I I\) instalment 55,000/-.
21. D.A.V.College for Construction of Library \&
women carnal. Laboratory for Geography
I\& II instalment.
12,000/-.
2. Construction of a hostel
for 46 girl students ist
instalment.
18,000/-.
3. Purchase of Library
books (Pert Payment)
\(\frac{2,800 /-}{32,800 /-}\)
22. Dayan Nan College Construction of a hostel

A jammer.
for 80 students
'I\&II. instalment. \(80,000 /-\)
23. St.John's College Purchase of Equipments Agra.
renovation of the old
Chemistry Laboratory \&
the experimental
Psychology Laboratory
Inst instalment. 8,000/-.
24. Sri Pika Ram Kenya Construction of a hostel Mahavidyalya
for 65 girl students Aligarh.
(only ground floor)
I\&I I instalment. 60,000/-.
25. The S.I.E.T. Women's Coll- Construction of egeMadras

Second Hostel 1\&II
instalment. \(\quad 90,000 \%\).
2. Purchase of Library
books furniture for the

1.2

\(3 . \quad 4\).
26. D.A.V.College, Dehra Dun.

Extending Library
building 1st
instalment. 7,000/-.
Construction of a hostel
for 70 girl students
1st instalment
\[
\frac{25,000 /-}{32,000 /-}
\]

Construction of a hostel
for 33 girl students
I \& II instalment. 50,000/-.
28. C.M.P.Degree College Purchase of Library books

Allahabad. \& Scientific equipment I\&II
unstalment
30,000/-.
Extension to the Botany
\& Zoology labortaries
excluding Senior Rooms
General Reading Hall.
\& Misce-dlanous work
ist instalment.
\(\frac{8,000 /=}{38,000 /-.}\)
29. Banasthali Vidya- Construction of a hostel. 30,000/..
peth, Jaipur.
for 50 girl students
ist jnstalment.
30. The Women's Christian Construction of a hostel 30,000/-. College Madras for 50 students
\(1 s t\) instalment.
31. Govind Ram Saksoria Financiaì aid to Shri S.M. 250/-. Technological Institu- Lonkar student of III year te Indore.
B.Sc.
32. Gandhi Memorial Towards the purchase of

College Sri Nagar. Iibrary. Books \& furniture
\& Purchase of labortary apparatus furniture \& Gas plant.ist \&IInd instalment.

39,000/-.
33. Madras Christian For dis kuesment to Shri

College, Tanharam. K.H.Chellappa student of
the Degree class as
assistance to meet the
expenditure on tution
fees. 150/-.
34. Gobar danga Hindu Constryction of hostel for

Coliege, Gobar danga 66 men students. \(25,000 /-\).
35. Seethakakshami Construction of a

Rama Swami College, hostel for 66 girl.
Teppakalam.
students 1 st instalment \(30,000 /-\).
Purchase of Laboratory
equipment.Ist instalment
\(\frac{7.000 /-.}{37,000 /-}\)
36. Woman's Christian Construction of a hostel

College, Calcutta. for 51 women students
Ist instalmen't.
25,000/-Conta...5.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1. & 2. & 3. & 4. \\
\hline 37. & J.V.Jain Degree Collebe, S aharnpur. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Extension of the hostel, facilities for 51 \\
students I\&II instalment.
\end{tabular} & 40,000/-. \\
\hline 38. & K.V.Degree College Machhra, Meerut. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Construction of a hostel \\
for 100 students \\
including a women's \\
hostel Ist instalment.
\end{tabular} & 30,000/-. \\
\hline 39. & Nirmla College, Coimbatore. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Construction of a hostel \\
for 60 women Students \\
Ist instalment.
\end{tabular} & 30,000/-. \\
\hline 40. & Sohan Lal Training College,Ambala City. & Purchase of Labortary apparatus \& library books Ist instalment. & 4,000/-. \\
\hline 41. & Suri Vidya Sagar College, P.O.Suri. & Construction of a hostel for 66 men students. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 42. & Shri Shikshayatan College, Calcutta. & Construction of a hostel for the women students Ist instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 43. & Asansol Naniwala Girl's College, Asansole. & Construction of a hostel for the women students ist instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 44. & G.V.G.Visalakshi College for women, Machra. & Construction of a hostel for 48 women. students Ist instalment. & 30,000/-. \\
\hline 45. & Hindu College Sonepa & t. Grants towards the purchase of equipment for Physics chemistry \& workshops. Gas Plant fume-cup boards \& exhaust fans library books \&journals for Science \& Humanities Ist II instalmeñ & \[
60,000 /-
\] \\
\hline 46. & Jet, Vedic College Baraut(Meєrut) & Grant for the purchase of eauipment for Physics Chemistry, Botany \& Zoolog Deqartments, 4 calculating Machines. Labortary \& Libr furniture Library Books \& journals. & y
\[
31,000 /-.
\] \\
\hline 47. & Sri Avinashilingam Home Science College Coimbatore. & Construction of a Hostel for 54 women student. & 30,000/-. \\
\hline 48. & Sripat Singh College Murshida bad. & , Construction of men's hostel. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 49. & Darbar Gopaldas Mahavidyalya Halar(Swrasitra) & Construction of a hostel for 24 girl gtudents 1st instalment. & 13,000/-. \\
\hline 50. & Jalpaiguri Ponsahnadak Womens' Coilege Jalpai gari. & Construction of a hostel for 51 women students. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 51. & Berhampore Girls' College Berhampare. & Construction of a hostel fo 51 women's students Ist ins & \begin{tabular}{l}
25,000/-. \\
Contd
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

52. St.Mary's College, Tuti Corin.

Construction of an extension to the existing Hostel for 36 students. \(30,000 /\) -
extension \& improvement to the College Library building Ist instalment.
53. Krish Nagar Womens' Construction of a hostel College Krishna Nagar for 51 womens' students (W.Bengal) ist instalment. 25,000/-.
54. Trivenidewi Bhalotia Construction of a hostel.

College.
for 66 men students
Ist instalment. 25,000/-.
55. Sarah.Tucker College Construction of a hostel for Palayam Tottai. 42 girl students Ist instalment 15,000/-.
56. SriKrishna College Construction of a hosțel

Wadia for 66 men situdents
ist instalment. 25,000/-.
57. Bangaon Iirahandhu" Construction of a hostel

Mahavidyala Bongaon. for 66 men students. 1 st instalment. \(25,000 /\)-.
2. Construction of library
building slibrary books
\& furniture kide
Ist instalment.
\(\frac{10,000 /-}{35,000 /-}\)
Construction of a hostel
for 66 men students Ist
instalment.
25,000/-.
59. Little Flower College Construction of hostel
for women Guru vageur: for girl students. 1,00,000/-.
(Kerala State)
60. Barahseni College, Purchase of library Aligarh.
books 1st \&IInd instalment
15,000/-.
61. Seth G.B.Podar

Purchase of library books
College ,Nawalgarh.
- Purchase of equipments
for the Physics labortary
st instalment
IInd instalment.
62. Degree College Ghazipur.
cabinets \& issue counter
etc. \(\because\) : ist \&i I instalment 8, 000/-
\[
\frac{8,000 /-}{16,000 /-}
\]

Purchase of equipment for the
Isychology, \& Geography Eeptts.
\& library books I\&II instalment5;000/-
Construction of a hostel
for 50 mer. students
ist instalment.
\(\frac{22,000 /=}{27,0,00 /=}\)
63. Sheri Saraswati Vidyalya Purchase of Library College Hapur. books \& equipments.
equipment for Physics \& chemistry laboratories 1st instalment.

9,000/—.
64. St. Joseph's Training Extension to the existing College for women, Hostel of the college Gunter. I \& II instalment.

65 Rajasthan Mahila Construction of a hostel MahaVidyalaya, Udaipur. for 81 girl, students I\&II instalment.
- \(60,000 /-\).
2. Purchase of library books I\&II instalment.
66. N.S.S.Hindu College Extension of its hostel Changanacherry.
building for girls.
Ist.instalment.
50,000/-.

Extension of its Hostel Building for men
1st instalment.
\(\frac{10,000}{30,000 /-}\)
67. J \&J College of Construction of library Science \& C.B. Pat al building \& equipment arts Institute Nadiad books \& furniture

68. Assumption College, Construction of a girls' Ohanganachary, hostel for 102 students \(1 \&\) II instalment. 60,000/-.
69. Nistarini college Construction of a hostel, Purulia(W.Bengal) for 51 women students. 1st instalment.

25,000/-.
70. Sarojini Naidu Colle-Construction of a hostel ge for women, Calcutta. for 51 women students

Inst instalments.
71. Loreto College, Construction of a hostel Calcutta.
for 51 women students
I \& II instalment.
50,000/-.
72. Sri-Gopal Bannerjee Construction of a hostel College (Hooghly) for 51 women students.

25,000/-.
73. Jamal Mohmad Construction of a new College Khaja Nagar. Library building. 9,000/-.
74. Vivekananda College Extension of the Mylapore, Madras -4 hostel facilities in the college lIst instalment. 30,000/..
75. Thiagarajar College, Construction of a library Madurai. \(\quad\) building Isth instalment. 45,000/-. Contd...




\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
{\underset{N}{\hat{N}}}^{\hat{N}}
\] & 2." &  & 4. \\
\hline \[
124
\] & Shri Hari Vallabhda Kalidas Arts Colleg Ahmedabad. & Construction of a hostel ,for 50 men students 1st instalment. & 25,000/-/ \\
\hline 125. & A.M.A.I.College Anakapalili. & Construction of a hotel for 100 men students ist instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 126. & W.T.B.College, Surat. & Completion of the womens' hostel to provide Additional seats to 40 women students Ist instalment. & 30,000/-. \\
\hline 127. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Shree Narayana College, Quilon. \\
Shree Narayana College for women Quilon.
\end{tabular} & Purchas o of Library books Ist instalment. Construction of library Construction of a Hostel for \(75^{\circ}\) women students. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,000 /= \\
& 10,000 /= \\
& \frac{30,000 /-}{43,000 /-}
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 128. & N.Wadhia College, Poona I. & Dis burscment to Miss Pushpa Manmohan Nathu B.A. (Iyear)for the purchase of a cycle. & \[
175 /-
\] \\
\hline 129. & Dinhata College Dinhata. & Construction of a hostel for 66 men students Ist instalment. & \[
25,000 /-
\] \\
\hline 130. & Bankara Christian College, Bankura. & Construction of a hostel for 51 women students 1st instalment. & \[
25,000 /-
\] \\
\hline 131. &  & Construction of a hostel for 104 men students Ist instalment. & \[
45,000 /-.
\] \\
\hline 132. & B.M.College of Commerce, Poona. & Construction of a hostel for. 96 men students Ist instalment. & 40,000/-. \\
\hline 133. & Jai Hind College Bozibay, & Library books furniture -for the library. & 7,000/-. \\
\hline & …至 \(\therefore\) - , - & & \\
\hline 134. & Siliguri College Silig re & Construction of a hostel for 66 men students. 1st instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 135. & Khargpur College, Khargpur. & Construction of a hostel for 66 men students 1st instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 136. & G.S.College of Commerce \& Economic Jabalpur. & Construction of a hostel for 100 men students 1st instalment. & 40,000/-. \\
\hline 137. & Br Iur Ghat College, Bul. \(r\) ghat. & Construction of a hostel for 66 men students 1st instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline 138. & Rai ganj College Rai ganj. & Construction of a hostel for 66 men students 1st instalment. & 25,000/-. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}




Contd.


184．Udai Partan Col
Varanasi．
185． \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Sacred Heart } \\ & \text { College，Madras．}\end{aligned}\)
Iurchase of library books．Library furniture \＆labortory equipments．

11，000／－．
Extension of the college
hostel to provide room for 39 more students \＆Provide Refectory \＆ kitchen list instalment．30，000／－．

186．Nirmia College
Construction of a
Misatou Puzhas Library building Mst instalment．10，000／－．

187．Sarswati Training
Construction of \(\varepsilon\)
hostel for 100 women students 1st instalment．30，000／－．

188．St．Thomas College，Construction of a
Palai． library building list instalment．20，000／－．

189．Dev Smaj College for Girls Extension of the hostel Ambala City． to provide accomodation to 17 more women students \＆a chief warden 1st instalment．

15，000／－．
Purchase of library books \＆furniture．
\(\frac{3,000 /-:}{18,000 /-}\)
190．B．Y．K．College of Construction of a hostel
ommerce，Nasik．for 48 Men students 1st instalment． \(25,000 /\)－
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { 191．Sarada Vilasa Law } \\ \text { College，Mysore．} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Purchase of library } \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \text { books \＆furniture } \\ \text { Sst instalment．}\end{array}\end{array}\)
192．N．S．S．College，Construction of a library， Pandalam．building and the purchase of library furniture 1st instalment．13，000／－．


195．College of Science（A）Construction of a Gurukula 忽angri，Labortary Building Hardware． for Botany \＆Zoology Departments 1st instalment．\(-30,000 /-\)
（B）1．equipment of Botany \＆ Science Depth．including models \＆specimens for Museum for these departm－ ants．

Contd．
195.
(Contd)
2. Library books \& journals for the Departments of Botany \& Zoology, Mst instalment. \(\frac{25,000 /-}{55,000 /-.}\)
196. D.N.Jain Mahavid- 1. Construction of library yalya,Jabalpur. building.
,2. Library furniture
Mst instalment. 15,000/-.
197. Syam Sunder College, Construction of a Hostel Burdwen. for 66 men students 1st instalment. 25,000/-.
198. Mooljee Jaitha Arts Construction of an \& Science College, extension to the existing Jalgaon.
hostel for accomodating 108 men students list instalment. Total:.

\(-304=\)

\section*{Section II -Plan Projects.}
Misce? Ianeous expenditure incurred by University Grants Commission for (i) Seminars, (ii) Conferences, (iii) Honorariam,exhibition and examination fee etc.
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
1. Seminars. & \(913-82\) \\
2. Honorarium. & 400.00 \\
3. Exhibition. & \(17-33\)
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Total:..... \(\quad\) I_ 331-15 \(^{\text {3 }}\)
}

\section*{UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.}

\section*{Section II- Plan Projects.}
Analysis of G. Grants to Universities for implementation of
Three Year Degree Course.

Note:- For details please see separate statements for Sub-héads G I and G2, appended herewith.
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Section II - Plen-Projocts.

```
G. I Grants to Uniporeitios for the implementation of Three Year Degree Course (U.G.C. Share)



\section*{Section II - Plan Profects.}
G.2. Grants to Universitios for the implementation of Three Yoar Degreo Courso(Central Government Share)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline S.No. & Name of the University. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { noount peid in } \\
& \text { 1959 } 60 \text {. } \\
& \text { Rs. } \mathrm{np} .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 1. & Andhra University. & 6,50,000.00 \\
\hline 2. & Bihar University. & 14,14,000.00 \\
\hline 3. & Karnatak University. & 4,65,000.00 \\
\hline 4. & Kerala University. & 5,00,000.00 \\
\hline 5. & Osmania University. & 4,34,000.00 \\
\hline 6. & Patna Univorsity. & 9atiog;000*00 \\
\hline 7. & Panjab University. & 1號92000:00 \\
\hline 8. & Rajasthan University. & 3,00,000.00 \\
\hline 9. & Sri Venkatoswara University. & 1,00,000.00 \\
\hline 10. & Marathwada University. & 1,50,000.00 \\
\hline 11. & Vikram University. & 2,88,000.00 \\
\hline & total. & 57,32,000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Meeting:

Dated 9th/10th Sept.'60
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Item No. } 9 \text { To receive a list of the colleges inclu- } \\
& \text { dead under Section } 2(f) \text { of the University } \\
& \text { Grants Commission Act as on 30th June, } \\
& 1960 .
\end{aligned}
\]

In accordance with the regulations framed under Section 2(f) read with Section 26(d) of the University Grants Commission Act a list of the NonGovernment and Government Colleges which may be brought under the purview of the University Grants Commission has been prepared as on 30.6.1960. This list does not include 'recognised institutions'. The list is placed before the Commission for approval. (A copy of the list has already been circulated to the members of the Commission).
\(-309\)

Meeting:
Dated 9th/10th Sept. \({ }^{1} 60\).

- Keeping in view the suggestion of the Ministry to utilise these amounts for furtherance of important development projects initiated in tho earlier years, the following allocations, as approved by the Chairman, were communicated to the Ministry:-

A - Scientific Equipment for specific projects as per detailed statement at Appendix I.

\[
\text { Total } \$ \quad 1,75,000
\]

-2-


\title{
Appendix. I to item \\ Dated 9th/10th Sept. 160 .
}

\section*{INDIA WE AT LOAN EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMME.}
A. List "of Scientific Projects selected for assistance under the Programe - Scientific Equipment.

\section*{2. NIZAMIAH OBSERVATORY: OSMANIA UNI VERSITY:}

Nizamiah Observatory of Osmania University was selected to be developed as a full scale laboratory for purposes of astrolnomical studies in Indion Universities under the combined aid of University Grants Commission and India ;Wheat Loan Educational, Exchange Programe. The Commission has sanctioned, Liberal grants amounting to approximately a million of rupees for construction of Buildings of the Observatory, appointment of staff? Providing Workshop and other facilitics. The equipment needed for the laboratory is being supplied mostly under the India What Loan Funds.

Hitherto, the Observatory has been allotted, in the and, 3 rd and 1 th year, \(\$ 1,00,000, \$ 60,000\), and \(\$ 10,000\) respectively fro wheat Loan Funds, mostly for a telescope with
 recently visited the 0 observatory, has recommended that certain additional equipment such es Brown Recorders, Filters and Optical Parts, Cassegrain Spectrograph, Microphotometter, Electronic Equipment and. Pumps and Gauges for aluminizing tank, at a total cost of \(\$ 53,200 ;\) After making provision for fluctuation in prices of the equipment and Insurance and forwarding charges, the total cost will be approximately
\(\$ 60,000.00\)
2. PNJAB UNIVERSITY: DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY:

The Department of Chemical Engineering and Technology Punjab University has at present with then Prof. R.E. Pock of Illinois University as a visiting Professor under the wheat

Loan Educational Exchango Programic. As a result of his association with the dopartnent, Prof. Peck has recomnended that cortain additional equipnent such as Cyclone Separator, Slotting Machine, Beckman Photometer, Rotametor and Compressor otc., should be procurod. The total cost ostimated is \(\$ 17,000\) and with allowance for price fluctuation and forwarding charges, the cost will be about..........................
............ \& \(22 ; 000.00\)
3. ANDHRA UNIVERSITY: GEOPHYSICS DEPARTMENT:

The Andhra University, Gcophysics Department is one of the two University Centros where full scale developnent of Geophysical training and research has been oncouraged. The Departmont was provided with a grant of \(\$ 48,000\) in 1956-57 out of which the laboratory equippod itself with a C-4 Ionosphe ic Rocorder. The Department needs additional equipment such as'Pulse Generator, Cathoderáy Oscillograph, Continuous Motion Camera, Transvolter, etc, , at a cost of ................... \& \(14,000.00\) 4. CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.: DEPARTMEPT OF APPLIED CHEMISTRY: The Section of Biochonistry in the Department of Applied Chonistry at Calcuttia University has boon previously assisted in its work on onzymos and proteins and Dr. J.J. Ghosh was sent to U.S.A. on a study tour. He * has written, from the States that'he needs cortain equipment liko Universal Spoctrophotometer and Automatic
\(\therefore\) Fraction Collector, etc., for continuing his work in India. The approxinatic arount neoded for this equipment is .....o.....o...................... \(\$ 5,000.00\)
5. DELHI UNIVERSITY: DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY:

The Department of Chemistry, University of Delhi, " under the guidance of Prof. T.R.Soshadri, F.R.S., has boenn-doing outstanding work in OrGanic Chemistry, ruscarches relating to Synthesis of Rotenone, Insecticidal Properties of Flavinoids, Plant Pigments and Freo Radical Reactions,
\(-3 / 3\).
\(-3-\)
etc. Tho Department has been earlier assisted in procuring equipment and Prof. Seshadri is being sent to U.S.A. under this programme. Tho department is in need of certain additional equipment like Chromatographic equipment, etc., to continue and develop their research work. The equipment needed will be at an approximato cost of .................. \(\$ 25,000.00\)
6. MADRAS UNIVERSITY: BOTAYICAL LABORATORIES.

The Botanical Laboratories of Madras University have boon doing very excellont work in Plant Pathology and Plant Physiology and on host-parasite relationships. 'The University proposes to develop a High altitude Botanical Research Labortory at Kodaikanal (altitude of about 7,000 ft.) with the help of U.G.C. For finer aspects of the work, involving study of Structures of Virus Proteins, etc., the now High Altitude Laberatory will need an electron microscope. The Electron Microscope will be of use also to the Biophysics and Physical Laboratories who are collaborating with the department of Botany. The approximate cost will be ............... \$ 31,000.00
7. BANARAS HINDU UTIVERSITY: DEPARTMENT OF CHEMTSTRY:

The Department of Chemistry has been recently placed under the charge of Forward University trained Dr. Gurbux Singh who is continuing his work on synthetic organic chemistry and plant products which ho started under Prof. Woodhard, F.R.S. in U.S.A. His laboratory is attracting a large number of research' workers interested in different branches of organic chemistry. The department is in need of essential equipment such as Infrarod Recording Spectrophotometer (Perkin Elmer Model 221), Radio Chemical Fume Hood, Molecular distillation apparatus and Chronmatographic equipment, total cost of which would approximately come to \(\cdot . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). . \(\$ 18,000,00\)

University Grants Commission

Meeting:
Dated 9th/10th Sept' 60
Item No. 11. To receive a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding the Post-graduate Evening College of the Delhi University. -••

The Commission in their meeting held on 29th/
30th June, 1960 passed the following resolution with regard to the continuance of the Post-graduate Evening College of the Delhi University:-
"As the Commission had not reviewed their earlier decision that post-graduate courses in Evening Colleges should not be continued beyond the two-year period for which it had been approved in 1959, if, the Delhi University gives admission to a fresh batch of post-graduate students in the Evening College for the session of 1960-61, the Commission would not be responsible to make any grants to the University towards the expenditure involved.

On the broader question of the desirability of providing special classes, including post-graduate classes, for people in full-time employment through morning or evening colleges, the Commission agreed to await the report of the Committee already appointed for the purpose and it was agreed that Dr. Krishnan be added to this Committee."

The above resolution had been communicated to both the Ministry of Education and the Delhi University. Tho Education Secretary informed the Chairman (on telephone) on the 19 th July to say that unfortunately the Ministry had agreed to permit admissions to the Post-graduate classes of the Delhi University this year even before consulting the University Grants Commission. In these circumstances the Chairman had agreed to honour the commitment made by the Ministry of Education for admissions to the Post-graduate courses in 1960-61.

The Delhi University have been told in clear terms that applications for admission to M. A. (previous) classes should not be invited next year till a clearance has been given by the Ministry of Education directly or through the University Grants Commission.

The matter is reported to the Commission.

\title{
University Grants Commission
}

\section*{Meeting:}

\author{
Dated 9th/1Oth Sept.'60.
}

Item No. 12 To receive a report regarding the grants being paid to the affiliated colleges by the Ministry of Education for Postgraduate courses in Home Science without consultation with the University Grants Commission.

The Commission received a request from the Avinashilingam Home Science College, Coimbatore for assistance for M. Sc. courses in Home Science. In the correspondence with the University of Madras, the University informed that it had definitely decided that only certain centres would be developed for post-graduate studies. The University has also informed that when the college asked for affiliation for starting postgraduate courses in Home Science, its position had been emberpassed by virtue of the fact that the Government of India in the Ministry of Education had given grant for this purpose to the college without reference to the University. The grant when paid to tho Avinashilingan Home Science College for MiSc. courses was paid without the knowledge of the Madras University. The University Grants Commission were also not consulted, before this grant was paid to this college. The Commission have informed the Ministry of Education that as the University Grants Commassion feel that at least as a convention Government should not sanction amounts to affiliated colleges for opening new postgraduate courses without consulting the Commission, the circumstances under which the grant to the Avinashilingam Home Science College was sanctioned may be intimated to the Commission, along with details of the grant paid. The reply from the Ministry of . Education is still awaited. In the meantime, the matter is brought to the notice of the Commission.

University Grants Commission

Meeting:
Dated 9th/10th Sept.'60.
Item No. 13 To receive a report on the recommendations
of . various bodies regarding the amplementation of the National Service Scheme.

The Commission, in their meeting held on \(17 / 18\) th September 1959, considered the Compulsory National Service Scheme discussed at the Education Ministers' Conference held in Delhi on 8/9th August 1959 and passed the following resolution:

\section*{Syllabus}
"This was discussed at length by the Commission and various views were expressed. The Education Secretary informed the Commission that the Governmont of India had appointed a Committee to examine this question and it was agreed that a note contraining the various views expressed by the Members of the Commission during the meeting might be made available to that Committee."

The views expressed by the Members were accordingly
Trainmen communicated to the ministry of Education for use by the Commit-
(tee appointed by them. The Committee appointed by the Ministry
Cutuany its report (copy enclosed). The report has been considered both
Silly ion the Central Advisory 3 ard of Education and the Vice-

Erackampid jathancellors' Conference held recently at Khadakvasala. The of nounal wo following resolutions have been passed by the two bodies:I nd eye fruiting ENTOAL ADVISOPY BOAFD.

The Board welcomes tho report of the National Service Committer under the Chairmanship of Dr.C.D.Deshmulth, wryly commends the objectives and policies outlined in the report, and recommends its speedy implementation after careful working of the details, specially in view of the many practical difficulties as envisaged and pointed out by the Board. The Board is of tho view that the entire scheme should be formulated and implemeted within the broad frame works of education in this country."

VICE-CHANCBLLORS: CONTZEENCE.
"After considering the various documents placed before it, the Conference of Wicc-Chancellors -
(i) approves whole-hecrtody the broad approach and general principles; embodied in the report of the


Deshmukh Committee on ITational Service of Students;
(ii) Expresses its agreement with the view that an additional your between the Higher Secondary/ Pre-University stage and the University stage in the educational span is essential in order to develop students' maturity and to impart discipline, practical training, cooperative spirit and national out-look;
(iii) Places the greatest emphasis on the educationnail aspect of the Scheme and on its implementation by educationists;
(iv) Recommends to the Government of India that the details of the scheme should be worked out with the greatest care and appropriate steps taken to train the personnel required for implementing a scheme of such importance and magnitude; and
(v) Hopes that steps will be taken to secure the agreement and enthusiasm of all concerned before launching the scheme on a national scale."

In view of the magnitude of the scheme and its potenttialities for a nation-building programme, the Ministry of Eaucation have felt that it is essential that there should be the -widest possible consultation with the authorities concerned, so that a large measure of agreement is achieved before lanching this scheme. As tho diversities have a special interest in the proper formulation and successful implonentation of the scheme which aims at the improving of the quality and training of students proceeding to University education by ensuring . . that they are mature enough to look after themselves, are more disciplined and are prepared to take better advantage of educational facilities in the University, the Ministry of Education have asked the Universities to give their earnest thought to various aspects of the scheme and favour them with their suggestions and views, so that they could be considered by the Working Group appointed by the Ministry of Education for this scheme.

The matter is now placed before the Commission.


University Grants Commission

Meeting:
Dated 9th/1Oth Sept.' 60 .

Item No. 14 To consider certain suggestions made by the Education Minister regarding University education in his inaugural address delivered at the Central Advisory Board of Education meeting in February, 1960.

The Education Minister, while delivering the inaugural address at the 27 th meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Education held on 6th/7th February, 1960 made inter alia the following suggestions/remarks which have been referred by the Ministry of Education to the University Grants Commission for consideration:-
(1) Students who indulge in violent activities will have no place in the Universities and proper disciplinary action will be taken against them.
(2) By some process of screening, the Universities should weed out teachers who are incompetent or do not maintain high professional integrity.
(3) If the Universities continue to ignore the advice of the University Grants Commission to limit the number of students, the Commission should be entitled to suspend or discontinue grants to such Tniversities.
(4) Healthy public opinion should be created against the exploitation of immature minds by political parties for their selfish ends.

The points are placed before the Commission for consideration.

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University Grants Commission
Meeting:
Dated 9th/1Oth Sept. '60.

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Item No. 15 To consider the iscommendations made regarding higher education by the Commission on National Education of the Governmen' of Pakistan.

The Government of Pakistan had set up a Commission on National Education for Pakistan to report on alI aspects of Education in that country. The Commission submitted its report and a summary of the recommendations regarding higher education made in the report of the Commission on National Education in Pakistan is enclosed for the consideration of the Commission.

Summary of the recommendations regarding Higher Education made by the Report of the Commission of National Education in Pakistan.
II. Higher Education as a Distinct Stage:
1. Higher education should be recognized as a distinct stage, and the present intermediate classes should be transferred from the jurisdiction of the Universities to that of the Boards of Secondary Education. Such Boards should be established immediately where they do not already exist.
(20-24).
III. Admission Requirements and Degree Courses:
1. Admission to the universities should be after the completion of the present Intermediate stage covering twelve years of study. (28).
2. Universities and colleges should determine their own requirements of admission on the basis of:
(a) the candidate's performance in the higher secondary examination;
(b) his achievement and cumulative class record during the previous stages of education;
(c) his aptitude for higher education to be determined by. scientifically standardized tests.(29).
3. The courses of study for the Bachelor's Degree in Arts and Science should be extended from two to three years.(31)
4. There should be two courses, pass and honours, and each university should decide in the light of its circumstances how best to organise them. (34).
5. The duration of the course of study for the Master's degree should be two years. (36).
6. The minimum duration for the Doctor's degree course should be two years, and admissions should be restricted to those who have secured at least a second division in the Master's degree examination and have demonstrated a capacity for independent research.(37).
IV. Subjects of Study:
-1. Courses and curricula should be revised and improved \(\infty\) as to bring them up to date, and to provide for the growing needs of the country, particularly in the sphere of scientific and technical studies.(39).
2. An Institute of Modern Languages should be established for the specialised training of high-grade linguists to meet the needs of trade and industry and the various civil and defence services of the country.(39).
3. In social and natural sciences particular stress should be laid on the practical aspects of current problems. (40).
4. New subjects like sociology, home economics, public and business administration, and journalism. which have acquired special importance recently, should be developed.(42).
V. Examination in Higher Education:
1. Examinations should be an assessment of the students'
2. The examination syste should be reorganised, and the award of degrees should be based on the performance of the student in (a) the final comprehensive examination conducted by the university, carrying \(75 \%\) of the total marks, and (b) his record in periodical tests and class work, carrying \(25 \%\). Students should obtain pass marks in (a) and (b) separately.(48).
3. The certificate issued by the university should show the name of the institution from which the candidate has appeared, and should also give separately his marks in the university examination and in class tests (49).
4. Pass marks should be fixed \(40 \%\) in each paper, and \(50 \%\) in the aggregate. Minimin marks for second division should be \(60 \%\) and for first division \(70 \%\) of the total marks.(51).

5, For the pass degree in arts subjects the present concessions for private candidates should be continued for five years but the examination should be a separate external examination.(58).
VI. Research and the Universities:
1. All teaching and guidance at the honours, master's and doctorate levels should be done as far as possible by men who possess adequate research qualifications or experience.(63).
2. Each university should establish a Committee for Advanced Studies to consider programmes in the field of teaching and research and their promotion and co-ordination within the university. No department should be allowed to undertake Ph.D. work unless this Committee is satisfied that the necessary facilities are available. (65-66).
3. The universities should, through the Committee of ViceChancellors, co-ordinate the programme of advanced studies and research and award junior and senior fellowships. Adequate funds should be made available for this purpose.(67).
4. The terms and conditions of service of senior teachers, particularly Readers and Frofessors, should specify their obligations to carry on research work throughout their period of service in the university.(72).
5. In addition to doing fundamental research, which is their main responsibility, university teachers should also give attention to research in fields which affect national development. However, programmes for applied research should not be undertaken at the expense of fundamental research. (68, 75).
6. To co-ordinate the work of various universities, councils, research organizations, and institutions, the Ministry of Education should set up a high powered autonomous Board consisting of eminent scientists and representatives of these organizations. The function of this Board should be to review the plans and comordinate the programmes of research of the various organizations and institutions in the light of national requirements. But the freedom and authority of the individual organizations to plan and execute the programmes of research should be ensured(76).

\section*{VII. The Teacher in the University and his Function:}
1. The primary task of a teacher is to stimulate the interest of the student in his field of study, to awaken a spirit of enquiry, and to develop habits of industry, patience, and perseverance. He must, therefore, remain up-to-date in his field of study and contribute to the advancement of knowledge. To perform these functions effectively he should be present in the university or
- the college throughout the working hours and shouild be engaged
\[
\text { Contd... } 3:
\]
in the following work:-
(a) Teaching (including lectures, laboratory demonstration, and tutorials);
(b) Research;
(c) Personal study both for professional competence and class preparation; and
(d) Student guidance. (77-79).
2. Although variations to utilize the particular talents of individual teachers should be permitted, their work load should normally include ill these functions, and should total. 1500 hours per academic year, distributed approximately as follows:-


Science Faculty
Lectures Tutorials Student Seminars Person- Admini\& Practicals Guidance \& Resea- nal strative rah Gid- study \& other ance \& Activi-
\begin{tabular}{llllllll} 
& & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \multicolumn{4}{c}{ Reseda- ties. } \\
Professor & \(\ldots\) & 200 & 200 & 100 & 300 & 300 & 400 \\
Reader & \(\ldots\) & 300 & 300 & 100 & 200 & 300 & 300 \\
Lecturer & \(\ldots\) & 300 & 500 & 100 & 100 & 300 & 200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. To enable the teachers to discharge these duties adequately, the following facilities should be provided by the universities and colleges:-
(a) Separate rooms for private study and student guidance;
(b) Laboratories and equipment for research;
(c) Libraries, well stocked with books and professional journals; and
(d) A cafeteria providing wholesome food at a reasonable cost. (90)
4. In view of the fact that the academic year is only thirty-six weeks, the system of 'casual leave' during term time should be abolished. However, in case of ureront necessity teachers may be permitted 'emergency leave' not exceeding five days in a year. (92).
5. Teachers of universities and colleges should have:-
(a) Adequate salary scales commensurate with their qualificatiors and calculated to ensure a reasonable standard of living.
(b) A contributory provident fund.
(c) Proper medical care for themselves and their families.
(d) Opportunities for periodic study leave at reasonable intervals provided performance has indicated that' such leave would be properly utilized.(94).
VIII. The Selection, Appointment and Promotion of Teachers:
1. Existing procedures for the recruitment, evaluation, and promotion of teachers are defective and should be improved.(97).
2. Basic minimum qualifications of teachers at various levels should be laid down. Existine staff should be expected to bring their qualifications up to the basic standard as soon as possible. Those with the bare minimum qualifications should be given every stimulus to undertake study and research, and summer courses should be organised for this purpose. (98-99).
3. The s€lecticn of Frofessoris should be made by a committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and four other inembers appointed by the Chancellor, two of whom should be experts in the subject. Selection should be on merit defined as proved teaching ability, knowledge of the subject, accomplishment of significant research, and a record of constructive and helpful relationship with students. In the selection of other staff, the professors should be added to this committee. (100).
4. The period of probation should be raised to three yéars. Confirmation should be given on the same basis of merit as for selection.(101).
5. Increments and promutions should be given "in recognition of superior achievelitent and should not be awarded automatically or on the basis of mere seniority. (102-103).
6. Evaluation Committees should be appointed to assess annually the work of professors and teachers. For this purpose a detailed form of corfidential report should be prescribed which should take into consideration all aspects( teaching, research, student guidance, etc.) of the teacher's work. (104-105).
7. The rigid determination of different categories of posts should be avoided, and departments should be staffed with the best men available by giving them positions suitable to their attainments.(107).
8. To overcome exis'ing shortages in teaching personnel, special measures should be adopted for their recruitment and training, which should include:-
(a) the identification and recruitment of qualified Pakistani nationals studying or working abroad;
(b) the temporary rocruitwent of qualifiea foreign teachers, and
(c) the selection and training of the most promising young graduates as National Scholars, (109-1;0).
IX. Student Weliare and Disciplino:
1. An organised programme of counselling and guidance should be developed through which each teacher would be responsible for a small group of students. The teachers should be sympathetic to the students and should be able to recognise their problems and their pressures. This programe should be under the direction of a senior member of the staff. (117-119).
2. Each college and university should provide the following facilities so that students are kept busy during the whole day in healthy activities:-
(a) Adequate provision of playing-fields.
(b) Organised programmes of dramas, debates, music and indoor games.

Contd...5.
(c) Student-teacher centres for informal meetings of staff and students.
(d) Ample library space for study during leisure periods and after working hours.
(e) Cafeterias for inexpensive meals under sanitary conditions. (120-123).
3. The integrity of collegos and universities should be maintained, and they should not be allowed to become an arena for partisan politicians. Students should not participate in politics, or serve the interests of groups outside the academac community in activities inimical to the orderly conduct of the institution and its academic programme.(126-127).

\section*{X.Libraries and Laboratories:}
1. University and college libraries should be specious enough and remain open long enough to meet all the requirements of students and staff.(129).
2. The annual appropriation for the purchase of bocks should be increased, and books should be carefully selected keeping in view the best use of limited resources. (130).
3. Teachers should stimulate and guide and reading of their students and should expect them regularly to go to the library for study.(131).
4. As far as possible students should have ready access to the books in the library.(132).
5. Laboratories in colleges and universities should be adequately equipped with due regard to their particular progranmes of teaching and research. But the purchase of expensive apparatus that is rarely used and for which less expensive equipment can be effectively substituted, should be avoided.(137).
6. The use of college and university facilities for supplementary courses during summer vacation should be encouraged and considerably expanded to provide for a fuller utilization of educational resourfes. XI. Functions of Universities:
1. The two-fold function of the university is teaching and research. The University should therefore, be primarily a corporation of scholars pursuing the common tasks of learning and research, which can only be carried on in conditions permitting close and continuous contact between teachers and students.(140).
2. The harmful effects which large affiliating universities exercise on educational standards should be realised, and the number of colleges affiliated to the universities should be restricted. (142-143).
3. Potential university centres in East and West Pakistan should be developed, so that Eventually they may be raised to the status of universities with their own programmes of teaching and res earch. (148-150).
4. One new university should be established in each wing at. one of the potential university centres.(148-150).
XII. The Colleges:
1. Universities should lay down definite rules governing affiliation of colleges, and it should be their duty to enforce them strictly. These should includè guaranteed financial resources Conta...6.
to provide competent staff in sufficient numbers and adequate buildings and equipment. Frivate colleges should possess an endowment or reserve fund capable of providing a minimum income of Rs.25,000 annually.(153-159).
2. The extremely important position of non-government colleges in our educational system should be recognised, and they should be managed by small Boards of Governors composcd of men selected on the basis of their eminence in the field of education and public service, with a Chairman who should be an outstanding and distinguished person.(156).
3. Government grant-in-aid should not be automatic, and should be given only after ccnsidering the programme of work, the qualifications of the staff, and the reputation that the coliege has built up. Limited Government rosources should not be frittered away on aiding colleges which do not possess any inherent strength and which do not meet the new educational needs of the country.(161).
XIII. Constitution and Control:
1. The existing University Acts should be revised to simplify administration and to strengthen academpe functions. Since conditions in different parts of the country vary, the authorities of each univereity should frame the Act to ait their circumstances. \((167,169)\).
2. The new Acts should, however, provide for certein essential reforms, as follows:-
(a) The Academic Council and Boards of Studies should be given greater importance.(165).
(b) The 'elected' element should be curtailed.(166).
(c) Large, unwieldy bodies should be eliminated.(167).
(d) The powers of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor should be properly defined.(168).
(e) The Syndicate should be a small body of eminent persons nominated by the Chancellor and should include, some members of the teaching staff.(175-176).
(f) Special Committees for (i) planning and development,(ii) the selection of teachers, and (iii) the evaluation of the work of staff, should be created.(177).
(g) The academic and administrative sections of the university should be separated and placed undor two different officers workine directly under the Vice-Chancellor.(179):
XIV. Co-ordination in Higher Education:
1. For developing higher education on sound lines and for co-ordinatinc the programmes of universities and colleges, a Universities Grant Commission should be established within two or three years. It should study the whole programme and development of higher education in the country and make it effective at the national level. It should consider the needs of various universities (including colleges), and give grants for those projects which fall within the national priorities. It should divide responsibility for specialized fields amone the various universities. (181-186)
2. Till suck tine as the Universities Grants Commission of the type indicated above is established, the work of co-ordination in the field of hicher education should be done by an ad hoc Advisory Committee appointed by the Ministry of Education. This Committee should.include all the Vice-Chancellors, and be assisted by a panel of experts.(187-189).
Contd...7.
\(-326\)
XV.The University and the Community:
1. Each university should develop a programme of community service in those areas in which it is competent tc operate on the basis of an intemsive survey of the commity and its needs(191)
2. Women students at the college level should participate in organized profammes either in nursing, adult education; or in training for civil defence. (196).

Item 16 :- To Consider a proposal for giving financial assistance to Universities for the construction of staff clubs-cum-guest houses.

The Lucknow University has approached the University Grants Commissi:n for financial assistance towards the "construction of a staff club-cum-guest house. The University has stated thet there is at present no suitable accommodation for eminent scholars and educationiats who visit the University from foreign countries or from distant places in India. Facilities are also lacking in the University for healthy recreation for the teachers. In the circumstances it is proposed to convert one of the professors' bungalows into a staff club-cum-guest house at an estimated cost of Rs. \(1,00,000 /-\) The present capital cost of the Professor's bungalow, including land, is estimated at about Rs a \(1,00,000 /=\) The University has ronuested that this amount may be treated as its share in respect of the project.
2. The Commission has approved a scheme of the Aligarh Muslim University for the construction of a staff - anb-cum-guest house at a cost of \(\mathrm{Rs} .1,83,823 /-\) which has been fully met by the Commission. The Banaras Hin du University has recently submitted a proposal for putting up a guest house for 12 persons at an estimated cost of Ps. 1, 60, \(000 /\) - but no decision has yet been taken on this proposal.
3. It may be mentioned that some of the state

Universities viz Andhra, Annamalai, Baroda, Karnatak and Cont......


Cont.....
Punjab have put up guest houses without financial aid from the University Grants Commission The Commission has not so far given any grant to State Universities for the establishment of staff club-cum -guest houses. 4. As the need of Universities for provision of recreation centres for teachers and for guest houses are genuine, it is for consideration whether assistance may now be given by the Commission forpuch purposes. The following may be a rough estimate of the cost of providing staff clubs and /or guest houses.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Staff Club & Rs. \(\because 75,000 /-\) \\
Guest House & Rs. 1,00,000/- \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Staff club-cum \\
guest house.
\end{tabular} & Rs.1,50,000/-
\end{tabular}
5. If the Commission agrees to helping Universities in this regard, the basis on which such assistance may be given may also be determined. It may also be desirable to prepare a model design for such buildings.

\title{
UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
}

Meeting:
9th/10th September, 1960.

\author{
Item No. 18:
}

To consider a proposal for giving lump-sum
grant to affiliated Colleges towards
Students: Aid Fund.
\(* * * *\)

The Commission at its meeting held on 29th July, 1957 approved a scheme for the establishment of Students' Aid " Fund in Universities. This scheme was extended to the affiliated and constituent colleges during the year 1959-60.

According to the existing procedure the University Grants Commission contributes to the Students' Aid Fund each year a sum equal to the total amount contributed by. the students, during the year (or the previous year), subject to a maximum of Rs. \(10,000 / \sim\) per annum in the case of Universities and R. \(2,000 /\) per annum per college in case of Colleges.

It is suggested that in the case of affiliated colleges a change may be made in the mode of payment to facilitate expeditious relief to the needy students, as it is found that the present practice involves considerable delay in respect of obtaining information about the local collections made etc.

The University Grants Commission may place at the disposal of each affiliated college at the beginning of each academic year a sum of money equal to the number of students in it. Thus, if the number of students in a college is 1000 , the Commission will place at the disposal of the college a sum of Rs. 1,000/- at the beginning of the session. The colleges will however be entitled to receive a further grant from the Commission equal to any additional amount they may collect for the Students' Aid Fund by local effort.

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
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> Moeting

9／10th September，1960．
ITEM 19：TO FURTHER CONSIDER THE QUESTION OF GIVING ASSISTANCE TO COLLEGES TOWARDS THE INTRODUC TION OF A TUTCRIAL SYSTEM．

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on \(29 / 30\) th June， 1960 considerod a note on tutorial or seminar system（Item No． 33 enclosed－ Annexure I ）an felt that to begin with，these suggestions may be communicater to some six selected colleges in different parts of the country and the se colleges may be asked to try out the suggestions made in the note． and to send the rosults of their experience to the Commission．The scheme may be expanded on the basis of this experience．The Commission was of ．the view that in addition to tutorial and seminars intonded to enable＇ students to go through the courses of study，there might bé special seminars specially for the more gifted students， dealing with matters of ceneral interest and background material．The Commission thought that in the near future it may not be practicable to have tutorial arrengements for all the undergraduato students，and therefore it may be desirable to introcuce Honours courses involving some degree of specialisation in the one subject and the tutorial system may，at least to begin with，be tried with Honours students（Resolution No．33）．Necessary action is being taken on tho decision of the Commission． 2．It is for consideration whether having regard to the Universally accepted need to create facilities for effective tutorłal work in colleges，the Commission may offer to make \(100 \%\) erant to each of say， 50 selected colleges having an enrolment of not less than 500， ．．．．Contd．．． 2
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( irrespective of whether or not they provide Honours Courses)
for providing tutorial roons and teachors' rooms for a
good proportion of the teachinesstaff
in accordance with\to be leie down. The financial
implications involved in this proposal may bo estimated as
follows :-
a) Haror of 10 tutorial rooms on the average 3000 sq.ft.
in each collere@ @OO sq.ft. per room.
b) Floor erea of 15 teachers: rooms. I50 sq.ft.
on the average in each college @loo

* sq.ft. per room.
c) Total floor area of tutorial rooms 4500 sq.ft.
and teachers' rooms in each.college.
Total plinth area will be 6750 sq.ft.
d) Estinated cost involve. in the
construction of these rooms in
each colle:es.@ Rs. 12/- per
sq.ft. on the average.
e) Estimated cost for rooms in 500 Rs. Colleges.

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Rs.
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3. The matter is placed before the commission for necessary ordors.
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Item 33-To consider a proposal for introducing a Tutorial System in. Indian Universities.

The U.G.C. has been -considering for some time the question of introducing a tutorial system in our Universities and colleges with the aim of improving their standards of teaching and examinations. The value and significance of the tutorial system as an ally of good education in the Universities have been widely recognised and in India its importance has been emphasised by the University Education Commission. For the purpose of ascertaining the present position of tutorials, in the Universities and colleges, the Commission addressed to them in 0 october, 1958, a circular letter requesting information on the following points -

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* a) Subjects in which there is regular provision
        for tutorials;
    b) Number of students in each tutorial group;
    c) Frequency of the tutorial classes, whether
        weekly, fortnightly, etc., in each subject;
    d) Nature of the work done in the tutorial
        classes in each subject;
    e) Whether the tutorial work,is distributed
        among all teachers, or only 'teachers'
        specially appointed for the purpose are
        concerned with it;
    f) The number of tutorial classes taken by each
        tepacher (i) week (ii) fortnight (iii) month;
    g) Nature of work done in tutorial classes;
    h) Whether tutorial records are taken into
        consideration in promoting students to higher
        classes;
    i) Difficulty, if any, experienced in conducting
        regular classes; and
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-2-
j) Suggestions for the improvement of the present
2. Altogether 32 Universities and 335 colleges have replied to the questionnaire. From the information supplied by them it appears that a tutorial system exists in some form or other in almost all the Universities. Nearly $6 \%$ of the colleges have stated that weekly or fortnightly tutorial classes are held by them in most of the important subjects of study. It is found that the tutorial group generally varies from 20 to. 80 students and in a few colleges even exceeds 80. The following are typical replies in regard to the nature of the work done in the tutorials .
i) Solving individual difficulties of students regarding their studies;
ii Holding discussions on a previously announced subject;
iii) Asking the students to write answers to two or three specific questions on a topic selected in the tutorial class itself;
iv) Asking the students to write the 'answers' of questions at home and discussing the corrected answers';
v) Tutorial classes in English for the EreUniversity students are devoted to improving their knowledge of grammer and correcting compositions.
3. As regards the question whether tutorial records are taken into consideration in promoting students to the higher classes, the replies received indicate that only a few institutions give any such credit. In some of the colleges the marks obtained in the tutorials are taken into account for sending up candidates for University examinations, while a few insist on a minimum percentage of attendance at tutorials before permitting them to appear for examinations. In the Universities of Aligarh and Baroda, however, 20 to 30 per cent of
the marks of the final examination are derived from the internal assessment of the students' work in the tutorial classes.
4. From the foregoing analysis it appears that while there is an attempt on the part of the Universities and colleges to introduce a kina of tutorial system, it is not clear whether the tutorials usually provided are what they are claimed to be. It will, therefore, be desirable to clarify some of the basic issues and ideas involved in a proper conduct of tutorials. 5. It may at once be admitted that the system of tutorial which prevails in $\sigma x f o r d$ and Cambridge' may be difficult to be introduced in Indian Universities in view of the paucity of personnel and accommodation, from which most of them suffer, and the fact that they are largely non-residential institutions. in e colleges in Oxford and Cambridge are primarily residential units where the teachers and students live together those not living in colleges live in recognised lodgings within easy access of the colleges. At $0 x f o r d$ each student gets at least one hour's tutorial instruction a week. A tutorial consists of reading of an essay on an assigned subject followed by a disçussion, each tutor taking one or two pupils at a time. The 'Supervision' system at Cambridge is also similarly organised.
6. In the provincial Universities of England; where the time at the disposal of the students and teachers is limited, because many of them live far away from the University campus, a system of tuition in small groups.is followed. Members of the group read short essays. in rotation week by week. The tutor then
$-4-$
stimulates discussion and comments more fully than he can in his lectures on particular points which need elucidation or development.
7. In the London School of Economics and Political Science there prevails what is known as the 'class system'. All the members of a 'class' are expected to have acquired an appropriate background in the subject to be discussed. Either one member reads a short paper on - the theme or the tutor himself gives a short introduction to the subject under discussion. In the latter case the "class" or the tutorial becomes a substitute for a lecture. 8. In the American Universities and the Liberal Arts Colleges more importance is attached to the discussion than to the formal lecture as a method of instruction. The students are placed in discussion groups of 10 to 15. T wo or three days before a topic is taken up for discussion the instructor gives reading assignments to his classes. The students are expected to read the books and other materials prescribed before coming to the discussion so that they are in a position to answer questions on them and take an intelligent part in the discussion.
9. From the foregoing it will be clear that the system of larger groups, followed by the provincial Universities in U.K. or by the Liberal Arts Colleges in U.S.A., is more suitable to Indian conditions than the $0 x f o r d$ and Cambridge system. The tutorial group in our Universities and colleges may have to consist of 10 to 15 students. 10. While the various details of organising tutorial work are best left to the Universities themselves ( to be planned preferably at periodical seminars or conferences of teachers) two things are essential, viz.,
$-336-$
(i) writing of essays by students and (ii) discussion in the class on the points considered in the essays, the students being required to take an active part in such discussions. The following suggestions made by the Bombay University (by its former Rector) and commended by' the Examination Committee of the Commission may be considered as an illustration of how the tutorials could be profitably conducted in our Universities and colleges -
i) The topics for the tutorial essays should be carefully selected, after consultation among the members of the teaching staff of a Department. The topics should be selected so as to cover important branches of the subject.
ii) In setting the tutorial essays the teacher should give reading assignments to the students sufficiontly in advance to enable them to consult the books in the library and to write the essays at home.
iii) The essays should" be examined by the teacher who should correct and return them to the students before the topic is discussed in the class. The teacher should not give points for the essay, although he may discuss the topicsin a general way before giving the assignments.
iv) In the discussion the teacher should see that as many students as possible take part, either of their own accord or: by way of answers to questions put by him. Except for explaining some difficult portion of the topic, or for correcting a wrong view expressed in the

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discussion, the teacher should allow the students to do most of the talking.
v) A record should be kept of the essays written by each student, the attendance at each discussion and the performance of the student both in writing the essay and in participating in the discussion.
vi) Heads of departments should occasionally attend the tutorials of their junior colleagues, with a view to making suggestions, if any, for improving the conduct of the tutorials. Such suggestions should, however, be made outside the class, and never in the presence of the students. In order to avoid any possible misunderstanding on the part of the students about the object of such attendance, and also in order to enable junior colleagues to gain experience by attending the tutorials of their senior colleagues, the former should be asked to attend some of the tutorials of their senior colleagues.
vii) Attendance by students at tutorials should be made compulsory. The University should consider the desirability of making the attendance at least at two-thirds of the tutorials in each subject compulsory before a student is sent up for the examination, or promoted from the junior to the senior B.A. class.
viii) The number of students in a tutorial class should, in no case, exceed 20. The optimum number, however, for a tutorial is 15.

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ix) The University should consider the possibility of giving credit, to the extent of 20 per cent of the marks, on the performance of students at the tutorials. This is, of course, a difficult problem, but some attempt must be made to solve it satisfactorily.
10. Even to introduce a diluted tutorial system such as the one described above, the teacher-pupil ratio and accommodation in most of our Universities and colleges will have to be improved. It is, however, possible to make better use of the existing staff and buildings by cutting down the number of lectures at present provided by about 50 per cent. The present practice of 'covering' the syllabus in lectures could be given up and lectures related to the salient aspects of a subject rather than to its details: The role of lectures should be conceived as supplementing the tutorial work rather than supplanting it. This does not, however, mean that lectures are unimportant. They have a useful part to play.
11. The importance of regular writing exercises by students cannot be too much stressed. Writing has in turn to be based on reading of books. It is, therefore, to be ensured that sufficient number of the requisite books (say 10 copies of each) are provided in the college libraries. Also where reading space is scarce it will have to be enhanced.
12. The tutorial system may be confined, at least to begin with, to Arts subjects since for Science subjects practical work in laboratories could take the place of tutorials. It is suggested that the experiment may be tried, in the first instance, in 100 colleges to be
$5^{23}$
-8-
selected on the basis of their record and other facilities. This is also in consonance with the view earlier expressed by the Commission that a certain number of good colleges may be selected for special assistance. 13. A rough estimate of the expenditure involved in introducing the tutorial system in 100 colleges is as follows: -

If in a college the maximum number of students is. to be limited to about 1000 , we may say that $1 / 3$ rd of the number may be occupied at a time in tutorial classes *ie. we have to provide tutorial rooms for about 300 students. On the basis of a carpet area of $12 \mathrm{sq} . f \mathrm{f}$. per student each college will require about $3600 \mathrm{sq} . f t$. of useful area or a plinth area of about $5400 \mathrm{sq} . f \mathrm{ft}$. The cost of provision of this accommodation may be estimated at Rs. 65,000/- (NR) per college (a tR. I2/- per sq.ft.). With regard to staff, if the present teacher pupil ratio in the better colleges may be taken as 1:20 and it has to be raised to a ratio of 1: 15 for introducing the tutorial system, for a college of 1000 students the number of additional teachers required will be about 115 involving an annual expenditure of approximately Rs. 54,000/-(R) per annum. Each College may require a sum of RS. $10,000 /-(N R)$ in addition for purchase of books for their libraries. For 100 colleges then the expenditure involved will be as under - *

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Staff atRs. 54,000 per college -Rs. 54,00,000(R)
Additional accommodation of
50,000 sq.ft. at Rs. 65,000 per
college
-RS. 65,00,000(NR)
Books at RS. 10,000/- per
college.
-Rs. 10,00,000(NR)
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$-340$
$-9-$
14. The total estimated expenditure for introducing the tutorial system in 100 selected colleges during the Third Five Year Plan period, will thus amount to Rs. 2,70,00,000 (R) and Rs. 75,00,000 (NR) (Some of the better colleges may have some space already provided for seminars, etc. and to that extent the non-recurring expenditure will be reduced). 15. The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.


Meeting
9/loth September, 1960.
Item NO: 20- TO CONSIDER A PROPOSIL FOR GIVING TRAVEL GRANTS TO T TEACHERS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES FOR FURTHER STUDIES AND RESEARCH.

With a view to encouraging teachers and research personnel in Humanities and Social Sciences to acquire further knowledge in their field of specialization it is proposed that travel awards may be instituted to cover their travelling and incidental expenses to enable them to visit other centres of research within the Indian territory. Similar travel grants were approved by the University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 4-121957 (item 15 ) for Science personnel.

Research of a high order is being conducted in some Government and private institutions in the country. Full benefit has not been taken so far of the facilities of research available in India. Communication between the se research institutions and the University teachers will, it is hoped, lead to cross-fertilization of ideas which is very essential for the development of research in the Universities and the enrichment of the teaching process: It is therefore proposed that competent and qualified teachers in the Humanities and the Social Sciences be encour aged to spend a few weeks of their time during long vacation or oven for a short period of study leave in these research instituions. An illustrative list. of research centres, for this purpose is given below:

1) Indian Institute of Public .. Delhi Administration.
2) Central Insitute of Education.. Delhi
3) Indian Statistical .. Calcutta Institute


| 4). | Institute of FostGraduate Studies and Research in Arabic and Fersian Learnins, P.O. Mahendru. | - Fatna |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5)$. | K.F. Jayaswal Research Institute | Fatna |
| 6) | Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, | Poona |
| 7) | B.M. Instit: te of Child Development. | ... Ahmedabad |
| 8) | Doccan Collero postgraduate and Research Institute | Poona |
| 9) | Goknale Institut of Folitics and Economics. | Poo |
| 10) | Dopartments of Archaeology. | - New Delhi. |
| 11) | National frchieves of India. | New Delhi. |
| 12) | Oriental Research Institute. | ... Mysore |
| 13) | Vedic Resoarch Institute. | Hoshiarpur |

and University Departments where well-known scholars in any of the subjocts of Humanities and Social Sciences may be guiding or conducting. research.

This schome may be tried in the first instance as an experimental measure for one year and made applicablo to University appointed stafe oniy, an ${ }^{\text {ºter }}$ lor extended. to the colleges also.

Grents may bo paid on the following basis, the Commission meeting the entiro expenditure involver? in each case :-

1. First Class Reilway fare both ways
or actual expenses incurner if jaurney is performed by roac.
2. Halting allowance of Rs. 10/- per day
for a period not cxceeding 6 weeks.
The applicants for the award must have put in at least 2 years rosearch work and bo considor d to be
suitable for further training in their field.
The following conditions are proposed to
govern the scheme.
3. The applications for travel award be sent to University Grants Commission in the prescribed form along with the recommendation of the University authorities. Final selection will be made by the Commission. No grant will be paid if visit has been conducted without its prior approval.
4. Permission of the head of the research centre which the applicant proposes to visit may be obtained by the University and forwarded to the Commission along with the application.
5. The receipient of the award may submit a brief report on the expiry of the visit indicatine the actual time spent, the nature of the work done an the benefit dorived from the visit.
6. All payment under the grant will be made to the University concerned in two instalments, first payable in advance and the second at the end of the visit after full accounts of the expenses incurred are submitted to the. Conmission alone-with a brief report of the visit:
7. The University will send at the end of the financial year the usual certificate from the auditors to the eftect that the grant has been utilised for the purpose for which it wes given.

An expenditure of Rs. 1, $0,000 /$ is estimated for the implementation of the scheme during the current year. The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.

## Meeting

Dated 9/10th September, 1960.
Item 21: TO CONSIDER THE REPORT OF THE VISITING COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE COMISSION FOR EXAMINING THE SCHEME OF THE M.S. UNIVERSITY OF BARODA FOR THE PUBLICATION OF i CRITICAL EDITION OF VAIMIKI RGMAYENA.
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The University Crants Commission at its meeting held on 9th December, 1954 (Item No. 22) considered the proposal of the M.S. University of Barode for financial assistance for the publication of a critical edition of Valmiki Remayana estimated to cost Rs. 8, 25,000/- along with the similar schemes of the Universities of Annamalai and Kerala regarding the publication of Ksmba Ramayana and Malayalam Lexicon respectively. It wus resolved that before a decision was taken Dr. S. Radhakrishan, might be consulted about the nature of the projects. Dr. Radhakrish發 was of the view that all these projects were worthy of support by the Commission. He thought that the Commission might make a token grant to each University in the first instance. ' On the basis of this .. decision, the Baroda .

University was paid a token grant of $R_{S}, 2 \theta, 000 /$ every year from 1955-56 to 1958-59 1.e. a total of Rs. 80,000/- in four years. 2. The University Grants Commission vide Resolution No. 32 of $9 / 10$ th February, 1959 further considered the question of formulating a policy for giving assistance to these Universities and.agreed to continue its support to these schemes and decided that from 1959~60 grant be paid on the basis of $2 / 3$ rd of the actual expenditure incurred on the schemes after necessary scrutiny. The $\because$ Baroda UniversityLaccordingly paid on ${ }^{2}$ on account grant of $\mathrm{Rs} .45,000 /$ - in 1959-63 on the basis of net expenditure incurred by the University during 1959-6A.
3. In accordance with the decision of the Commission that further grants - be paid to these Universities after

necessary scrutiny, the Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of Prof. R,N. Dandekar (Poona), Prof. Suryakant (Banaras) and Dr. S. Bhattacharya (U.G.C.) to examine and report. on the scheme of Publication of Valmiki Ramayana of the M.S. University of Baroda. The report of the Committee is enclosed (Annexure I). The Committee has recommended the continuation of the scheme unto 1966-67. The estimated expenditure likely to be incurred from 1960-61 to 1966.67 on the scheme is $R_{S} .6,82,150 / \omega$ as detailed in paragraph 12 of the report enclosed. The share of the Commission $66 \frac{2}{3} \%$ at $673 \%$ works out to Rs. $4,54,700 / \sim$ and the average annual expenditure payable by the Commission is estimated to be Rs. 65,000/m

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.


ANNEXURi I TO ITEM NO. 21
Meeting
9/10th September, 1960.

THE REPORT OF THE COMM TTTEE APPOINTED BY THE UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION TO EXAMINE THE SCHEME OF THE VALMIKI ZAMAYANA OF THE M.S. UNIVERSITY OF BARODA.

We, the Members of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to evaluate the work done in the publication of the critioal edition of the Valmiki Ramayana and to examine and recommend how the scheme is to implemented in future, have the honour to submit, our report.
2. The Committee consisted of the following members:-

1. Professor Suryakant, Banaras Hindu Unịversity.
2. Professor R.N.Dandekar, Poona University.
3. Dr.S.Bhattacharya, University Grants Commission.
4. We visited the M.S.University of Baroda on 28th and 29th June, 1960. On 28th June we were shown round the Ramayana Department of the Oriental Institute in the University and the Library of the Institute. We had a disoussion meeting in the morning with the authorities of the Oriental Institute and the staff of the Ramayana Department in which the Registrar of the University was also present. We examined the working of the scheme, done so far and the proposal of the University for future work with a view to completing the work by the end of the year 1967. We had talks with individual Members of the Ramayana staff on the nature of the work done by each Member and saw the staff actually
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at their work in the collation and critical apparatus sedtions. In the afternnon we had a formal meeting with the Vice-Chancellor, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Registrar and other Members of the University and the authorities of the Oriental Institute and of the Ramayana Department. On 29 th June, 1960 the Committee met to draw its report and finalise its recommendations.
5. The Ramayana Department of the University is under the direct supervision of Professor G.H.Bhatt who is the General Editor. A statement of the Members of the staff, their qualifications and present salary, etc., is given in Appendix A attached. Besides its staff working at Baroda, the Department has also"arranged to have three Honorary Editors living outside Baroda to whom suitable honorarium for editing and travelling expenses have to be paid. The complete Balakanda, of the Ramayana consisting of 76 sargas with 1,941 stanzas based on 37 manuscripts and 6 commentaries has been already published under the Editorship of Profej;or G.H. Bhatt. While the General Editor is Incharge of over-all supervision of the publication of the other 6 Kandas it has been arranger that the editing of each Kanda will be undertaken by the following scholars :-

Name of the Kanda

1. Ayodhyakanda
2. Aranyakanda
3. Kishkindhakanda
4. Sundarakanda
$\qquad$
Scholar
Dr. I. Vaidya, Bhan Iarkar Oriental Research Institute. Poona.

Shri P.C.Diwanji, Bombay.

Principal, D.R.Mankad, Alliapada, Suarashtra

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Name of the Kinda
5. Yudiha or Lankakanda.
6. Uttarakanda.

Scholar

> Professor P. L.Vaidya, Dhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Dona.

Professor G.H.Bhatt, Ramayana Department, Baroda University.
5. We are of the opinion that while the help of outside Editrirs already appointed by the. University may be utilised, the whole work may be checked by the General Editor and the Board of referees . so as to ensure as authoritative a publication as possible.
6. The publication scheme of the Ramayana of the M.S. University of Baroda is being implemented "enerally on the lines adopted by the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute in the publication of the critical edition of the Mahabharata. It passes through the following stages :-
a) Collation n. .?
b) Constitution of the text in the light of the collation.
c) Preparation and writing of the critical apparatus.
d) Revision and finqlisati $n$ of. the critical apparatus and the constituent texts.
e). ?rinting.
7. ..: The collation of all Kandas except the

Uttarakanतa is complete The text of the
Ayorhayakanda and Arnyakanda'has been constituted by the respective editors. The critical apparatus of sarges 1 to 27 of the Ayodhyakanda has been compla'ied. The press copies of sarges 1 to 10 is ready.

8. The critical apparatus of virgas 28 to 47
of the Ayodhyakanda is under preparation. 'The constituted text of the Ayodhyakanda is being, revised by the Editor in the light of the cirtical apparatus. The collation of 26 manuscripts for the Uttarakanda
is under preparation. The constituted text of saros 1 to 6 of Ayodhyakanda has been revised by the Editor and is ready for the press. The .' printing is expected to commence in July, 1960. The publication of the entire Ramayana is expected to be completed by December 1367 as per programme proposed.

1961 First fascicule of Ayodhyakanda.

1962 Second fidscicule of Ayodhyakanda
1963 Ar anyakanda
1964 . Kishkindakanda
1965 Sundarakanda
1966 Yuddhakanda
1967 Uttarakanda
8.(a) The expenditure incurred on the scheme
unto 31st March, 1960 is Rs. 3,10,710. 05 nP . The
amount received so far on the scheme from all sources is
:Rs. 3,72,607 as detailed below :-
University Grants Rs.1,25,000 Token grant

Commission.
@ Rs. 20,000/-
per annum from 1955-56 to 1958-59 and Rs.45,000/-
? in 1959-60 on the basis of $\frac{2}{3}: \frac{1}{3}$.

Government of " 45,000/- The grant of Bombay.

Rs. 15,000/sanctioned in 1959-60 is yet to be recieved.

9. With c the completion of the collation work
in 1960-61 the staff employed in this section will
be engage d in the critical apparatus section.
As the critical. apparatus work requires highly technical skill we are of the opinion that the staff released from the collation section should be given proper training before they are entrusted with the work of the preparation of the critical apparatus. After the amalgamation of the staff of the 2 sections which is expected to be made in 1961-62, the whole-time staff of the Ramayana Department will consist of :-

General Editor

Assistant Editor
1 @ Rs. 600/- pom. inclusive of all allowances.

Critical Apparatus Writers.

16 In the scale of Rs. 150-1.0-250

Proof Readers
2 On a consolidated salary of Rs. 250/- per month each.

The Honorary editors living outside Baroda will have to be paid the usual travelling and halting expenses. They are further to be paid an honorarium of Rs. $5 /$ - per printed page for finally editing the texts and commentaries. 10. We are of the opinion that the learned publication undertaken by the University should

be free from printing mistakes. To ensure confect printing of the material the University may appointionom ficient proof readers on adequate and attractive salary. If efficient proof readers of a high standard are available they may be paid a monthly salary of Rs. 250/- each, as we are told that a lower salary would not attract good proof readers. We are not in favour of paying a fixed sum of Rs. 150/- only per month to the staff of the critical apparatus section as they will have to be con employed for about seven years more in this type of work. We recommend that to create in the staff sufficient interest in the sustained nature of their painstaking work they may be placed on a time scale @Rs. 150-10-250.
11. The Printing expense for the Balakanda was'Rs. 30/- per page. But as the expenses on this account are ping up the University calculating the printing expenses at Rs. $40 /$ - per page for the subsequent Kandas.
12. On the basis mentioned above the total expenditure for the 6 remanthe Kandas of the Ramayana from 1960-61 to $1968-67$ is estimated to be as under :-

1) Printing for . Rs. 1,80,000/about 4,500 pages.
2) Honorarium to be paid to outside editors"@Rs. 5/per printed page. " 20,000/-
iii)

Travelling expenses for $\quad$ " $20,000 /-~$ other staff.

## $\rightarrow-$


13.

We found that $t$ he various sections of the Ramay ana Department, e.g., collation and critical apparatus have been properly organised. We are satisfied with the work that has been accomplished so far in publishing the Great Epic since the inception of the scheme by the University in March 1951. In view of the volume and nature of the work yet to be done and in view of the difficulty in getting proper material, human and otherwise on this type of work we recommend that the University Grants Commission may be pleased to meet $66 \frac{2}{3} \%$ of the total estimated expenditure of Rs. 6,82,150/- as detailed in Paragrah 12 above. 14. The plan of the Unive si ty includes the insertion of pictures to illustrate certain aspects of the Ramayana story. We, however, feel that in a critical edition of the Ramayana as envisaged by the University there is $n$ ) necessity of inserting pictures. Hence we have made no provision of expenditure for pictures and illustrations in the book.

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15. We would take this opportunity of recording our thanks to the Vice-Chancellor and authorities of the M.S.University of Baroda and Oriental Institute and particularly to the staff of the Ramayana Department for giving us all necessary facilities to examine the scheme during, our visit to the University.

Sd/- S.D.Suryakant.
Sd/- R.N.Dandekar.
Sd/- S.Bhattacharya.

29th June, 1960.

# APPENDIX $i_{A}$ : TO ANNEXURE ITO ITEM NO. 21 

Ü.G.C. Meeting<br>9/10th September, 1960

| RAMAYANA DEPARTMENT, ORIENTAL INSTITUTE, BARODA. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| List of the staff members of the Ramayana Denartment :- |  |
| General editor and Head of the Ramayana Devartment |  |
| 1. Prof.G.H.Bhatt, <br> (M.A. (BOM.) | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Formerly Professor of } & \text { Rs.582-19 } \\ \text { Sanskrit Baroda College, }, & \text { +pension } \\ \text { including }\end{array}$ |
|  | Now General Editor and Head Of the Ramayana Derartment (from 1-4-1958). |
|  | Several pubilications ( experience, about 33 years). |
|  | In charge of the Ramayana Dewartment, since its establishment in 12.3.1951, under the guidance from his professor Dr. S.K.Belwalkar, General Editor of the Critical Edition of the Mahbharat. |
| 2. $\frac{\text { Sub-Editor }}{\text { Shri }}$ M,Rombiya | Sahitya Shiromani, Nyayabhusana, Services lent to the Ramayanan. Rs.370/Department by the Oriental Institute. Formerly Catalogue Assistant. Suyerintendent G.O.S. Section. Research Officer in the grade of Rs.250-20-500 dráwing Rs. 370/- (Joined Oriental Institute in 1938). Knows Malayalam Telugu and Grantha Scriyts. |
| 3. Superintendent, Critical Agparatus Section. | $\cdots \cdots$ |
| 3. Shri H.T.Desai | Grade Rs. 200-15-350. Rs.245/- <br> M.A. with.Sanskrit (Principal), <br> B.A. (Hons.), Sanskit $\text { D.A. } 60$ <br> ( ?rincipal) (Bombay). B.T. (Sanskrit method) <br> Kavya Madhyama ( Calcutta).. © <br> Teaching experience of 15 <br> years as a Head Master. |
| 4. Superintendent, Collation Section. Shri B.N.Bhatt |  |

M.A. (lst Class ) with Sanskrit
(Principal).B.A.(lst Class)
with Sanskrit (Principal)
(Baroda). Received To才armal
Shamal Bechar's Vallabha
Vedanta Prize at M.A.
5. Full-tine Ramayiana Assistant

Grade Rs. 250-20-500 . Rs. 290/-
Shri B.L. Sahitya Shiromeni (Part. D.A. 60
Shanbhone
( RESEARCH
II of B.O.I. (M.A.);
Samkhya-Tirtha OFFICER )
(Gal.) Proficient in
Oriental learning (P.O.L.
Part III of B.O.L. ) wòn'
titles on merits such as
Vidyalankara and
Pandita Ratna, Registered
as Post-graduate Teacher in
Knows telegu, Malayalam,
Grantha and Kamba Scripts.
6. Full-time Ramayana Assistant

| Proficient in |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shastri. | Vedanta, |  |
| Ramayana |  |  |
| Assistant: | Vedanta through tradition. ${ }^{\text {Rs }}$ M , 150/- |  |
|  | as the Souther Scrints known. H.R. Worked under scholars like |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | Mm. Shri Harpreasad Shastr |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | (Poona ). |  |
| 3.Shri R.N.Joshi, | Jyotisa Alankara and | Rs. 152/- |
| Ramayana | ( Silver Medal, M.S. |  |
| Assistant. |  |  |  |
|  | University of Baroda). |  |
|  | Kavỳatirtha, Purana, Prathama, Samk ya Vedanta |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Prathama (Calcutta). |  |
|  | Post-graduate Teacherfor Jyotisa Sastra. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 4.Miss M.V.Mehta, | M.A. with Gujarati ( Princtpal) |  |
| Ramayanana | Sanskrit (Subordinate) ... Rs.150 |  |
| Assistant. | Baroda. $\quad \because$. |  |
| 5. Shri B.N.'Pandya, | Jyotisa Visarada (Baroda), Rs.150/- |  |
| Ramayana | Smarta J Yajnik (Baroda). |  |
| Assistant. |  |  |  |
|  | Shastri (Bombay), Visarada (Baroda) Knows Newari, Marathi and |  |
| Brhmachari, |  |  |  |
| Ramayana |  |  |  |
| Assistant. |  |  |  |
| 7.Shri S.G.Spare, | Retired Head Clerk, knows Rs.150/Sanskrit and Bengali net. |  |
| Ramayana |  |  |  |
| Assistant. | very. well. |  |
| Shri B.C.Joshi, | Matriculate, S.T.C. 30 years Rs. 150/ex érience of teaching Sanskrit in Secondary Schools. Knowledge of Bengali. |  |
| Ramayana |  |  |  |
| Assistant. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


|  | Shri S.L.Nirgudkar, Ramayana Assistant. | M.A.(Bombay), Sanskrit (Principal). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 150 /- \\ & \text { net. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. | Smt.Asha S.Joshi, Ramayana Assistant. | G.A.(S.N.D.T.Üniversity), Sanskrit (voluntary sub.) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 100 /- \\ & \text { +D.A. } \\ & \text { +H.R. } \end{aligned}$ |
| $11 .$ | Shri V.B.Prakashkar Ramayana Assistant. | Sahitya Shastri ( Ist class (Banaras), Kavya Tirtha (IInd class), (Calcutta), Dharmass istra Alankara (2nd No.) and VyakaranaAlankara (Acarya) (2nd class ) (Silver Medal) (-Baroda). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs.150/- } \\ & \text { net } \end{aligned}$ |
| 12. | Shri R.K.Joshi, Ramayana Assistant. | Vyakaranacharya (Baroda) <br> Kavyatirtha (.Ca.l. ), Kavya- <br> Vyakarana Mathyama and <br> Purana Madhyana-Uttama <br> (Baroda). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 15008- \\ & \text { net } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Miss J.B.Yagnik, Ramayana Assistant. | M.A.(Philosophy) ( Principal Baroda. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs.150/- } \\ & \text { net } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Miss Jyotsna N.Jani Ramayana Assistant. | B.A.( Ist Class ) Gujarati (Principal) Sanskrit ) (Sub M.A. (Appeared) Gujarati Principal, Sanskrit-subsidiary, Baroda. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 150 /- \\ & \text { net } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Shri A.D.Thakar, Ramayana. Assistant. | M.A.( IInd class) with Sanskrit (Principal) and Gujarati (Sub). | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rs.150/- } \\ \text { net. } \end{gathered}$ |

## PART-TIME WORKERS:-

1. Shri.D.K.Velankar
2. Shri M.R.Joshi,
3. Shri J.R.Pathak
4. Shri D.v.Shastri
5. Shri R.J. Joshi

Sanskrit Visharad, V̌yakarena- Rs.50/lankara (Baroday, Teacher in net Vyakarana (M.S.U.Baroda). Sharada script known. Sahitya Vyakarana Madhyama (Baroda).
M.A.(Baroda) Sanskrit (Principal) M.A. (Bombay). Ancient India Rs. 50/Vyakarana (M.S.U.Baroda). Culture (Principal). Sahitya-Purana-Dharma Shastra (Baroda). Vyakarana Acharya (Baroda).

Vyakarana Acharya (Baroia). Rs.50/- . net.
B.A. (1st class) Baroda. Rs.50/M.A.( aveared), Rashtra net. Bhasa Visarad, and Vinit.

Sahityacharya, Sahitya Shastri, Rs.50/Vyakarana Shastri (Baroda) net VisharaA, Prajna ( Punjab),

- Purana-Madhyama and Uttama Sahitya

Madhyama. ( Baroda). Knows
Bengali script.


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Meeting: ,
Dated 9th/10th September, 1960.
 held on 9th December, 1954 (Item No. 22) considered the proposal of the annamalai University for financial assistance for the publication of a variorum edition of Kamba Ramayana estimated to cost Rs. $2,88,000 /$ - along with the similar schemes of the Universities of Baroda and Kerala regarding the publication of Valmiki Ramayana and Malayalam Lexicon, respectively. It was resolved that before a decision was taken, Dr. S. Radhakrishnan might be consulted about the nature of the projects.. Dr . Radhakrishnan was of the view that all these projects were worthy of support by the Commission. He thought that the Commission might make a token grant to each University in the first instance. On the basis of this decision, the Annamalai University was paid a token grant of Ils. 70,000/- from 1955-56 to 1958-59.

2: . The University Grants Commission vide Resolution ${ }^{-}$ No. 32 of 9 th/10th February, 1959 further considered the question of formulating a policy for giving further assistance to these Universities and agreed to continue its support to these schemes and decided that from 1959-60 grants be paid on the basis of $2 / 3 r$ d of the actual expenditure incurred on the schemes after necessary scrutiny. The Annamalai University was accordingly paid an on account grant of Rs. 15,000/- in 1959-60 on the basis of net expenditure incurred by the University during 1959-60.

3．In accordance with the decision of the Commission that further grants be paid to these Universities after necessary scrutiny，the Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of Prof．R．P．Seth Pillai（Madras），Dr．V．I．Subramaniam（Kerala） and Dr．S．Bhattacharya（University Grants Commission），to assess the requirements of the University for the implementation of the scheme．

The Report of the Committee is enclosed（Annexure I）． The Committee has recommended the continuation of the scheme unto 1966－67．The estimated expenditure likely to be incurred from 1960－61 on the scheme is Rs．3，39，000／－as detailed in paragraph 11 of the report enclosed．The share of the Commission at $662 / 3 \mathrm{rd}$ works out to Rs．2，26，000／－and the average annual expenditure of the Commission will be Rs．32，000／－）．

4．The Committee in paragraph 13 of the Report has recommended the provision of a Microfilm Unit at the University of Annamalai at a cost of Rs． $30,000 /-$（NR）on a non－sharing basis． 5．The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration．
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We, the Members of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to evaluate the work done by the Annamalai University in the publication of the Variorum Edition of the Kambaramayanam and to recommend how the scheme is to be implemented in future, have the honour to submit our report to the Commission.
2. The Committee consisted of the following Members:-

1. Prof.R.P.Sethu Pillai, Madras University.
2. Dr.V.I.Subramonium, Kerala University.
3. Dr.S.Bhattacharya.
4. 

We visited the Annamalai University on 18th and 13th June, 1960. and were shown round the Research Department for the Kambaramayanam scheme. We had opportunities of discussing with the Members of the staff engaged in the research work about the procure and method adopted by them in pursuit of their work. We sat the different manuscript copies of the Kambaramay anam so far collected by the University from distant parts of India and even from Ceylon.
4. One of the first steps undertaken by the research staff of the Kambaramayanam has been the preparation of $a$ comprehensive concordance of all worlds in the texts citing the passages in which they occur and noting the books, chapters, verses and lines. The meanings of the workds are closely examined with particular reference to their import. and the extent of $t$ heir areas and usage.


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This has been of much help in settling texts :in doubtful places. The concordance of three Kandams has yet to be - done. The University proposes also to edit the Uttarakandam, which actually does not form a part of the Kambaramayanam. But the editing of this Kandam in the same critical manner will give in one ser the entire Ramayana in Tamil with authoritative texts, annotation and commentary.
5.

We had a meeting with the Vice-Chancellor of the University and the research staff of the Ramayanam scheme on isth June, 1960. The Committee had a second meeting in Armamalai University on the 19th June, 1960 to finalise the report. We were impressed by the sincerity of the present staff and the hard work already put in by them in the implementation of the scheme. Valuable manuscript material has been collected either by purchase or by friendly approach to their owners. Some of the palmleaf manuscripts run into hundreds of pages. The work of every : : piece of manuscript is first. examined and assessed taking into consideration its the sour ce from which it emanated, the fitness and correctness of its readings and the intellectual equipment and capacity of the scribes as evident from the manuscript. Each line of every stanza is then scrutinised and the import of every word is carefully recorded. This has been particularly important as some of the manuscripts sofar recorded are in a decaying and crumbling condition and may soon be out of $u s \in$.
6. The system that been adopted by the University for the editing of the Ramayanam was explained at

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length by the research staff. The principle is rather. simple but through. An introduction is given for each Kandam describing the subject matter of the Kandam and its importance. Each Padalam or chapter is preceded by a short resume of its contents. Each stanza has a short title significant of its meaning. The words of the stanza are put in the proper synthetic and grammatical form. Then the stanza is repeated in its analytical form without canthi (samadhi ) and with proper punctuations. This is followed by the commentary and explanatory notes and a statement in the prose order, wherever necessary: All the different readings for each stanza are given at the back in the form of an appendix. This method of publication will make the work useful: at once for the layman as also for future research scholar.
7. In accordance with the method described above the following volumes of the Kambaramayanam have already been published under the she re:-

Volume
Sundarakandam, Part I

| " " | " 1 • |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balakandam | " | I |  | 1957 |
| " " | " II | $\cdot$ | 1958 |  |
| Ayodhyqkandam | " I |  |  | 1959 |

The second part of Ayodhyakandam is now ready for the press. Aranyakandam, Kishkindhakandam and Yuddhakandam of Kamban and Uttarkandam are yet to be edited. The. University expects to complete the work of publication by 31st December, 1966. 8. . The price of, each part of the publication
has been fixed at Rs. 4.50. The work sofar published has been well received by the scholarly and the lay public. All the 750 copies published for each part of the Sundrakandam have been sold out and the sale proceeds have been credited to the Ramayanam account. A second edition of this Kandam is proposed to be undertaken. The University have now decided to publish one thousand copies of each volume.
9. The following whole-time staff has been working on the publication of the . scheme of the Kambaramayanam -Name and Designation . Year of appointment

1. Sheri Subramania Pillai
M.A., B.L., Vidvan-Professor. 1952
2. Shri Vellaivaranam,

Vivian -Lecturer
1952
3. Shrift T.K.Rammuja

Iyengar -Lecturer
Expert in deciphering 1952
Cadjan manuscripts

5. Shri S.Venkatarama

1957
Shrine N.Kandeswami Pillai, an eminent scholar in Tamil; with the help of 2 Pandits helped in the preparation of the concordance for the three Kandams so far edited. Another eminent oriental scholar who had similarly helped in the work of editing the Kandams, but of whose services the University has now been deprived, is the Late M.Raghava Iyengar. His death at this stage has been a serious below to the University as it will be difficult to get a man of his learning and technical skill for this type of work. The University paid a lump sum of Rs. 10,050/- to these two scholars

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 puts serious handigappran the Way ofrcompletion of such
?. . worls. . None-therless, the University authorities are anxious to pring oyt ralis the volumes by the target If $1+r$ dator of 31 st Deagnber, 1966. TP conform to this
 is Jur frsand other freinities which: will be, of npretical henp in carryinguput the chemerswiv trit 11. . We were informed that the University have so f'ar spent Rs, $1,31,576.03 \mathrm{nP}$ on the implementation of the scheme as per Annexuren $I$ attached, of this T Nim - voc amount, Rs. $85,000 /$ was; contributed by the University wit if $\because v_{\text {ing }}$ Grants Commission as token grants and the balnnce has been paid by the University and the state Government. But the work that lies ahead for the completion of the scheme will be more expensive, in as much as, the members of the staff as they attain seniority will have to be paid highor: salary and new staff will have to be appointed to. ensure reasonable possibility of completing the work within the target date. The University will $h_{\underline{2}} v e$ to secure the services of a senior scholar of the status of a Reader and of another scholar of the status of a lecturer. The extra amount on account of salary paid $\stackrel{7}{i}$
by the University for a Reader and Lecturer will be about Rs. 12,300/- per annum. The total amount of expenditure from 1960-61 to 1966-67 till the target date of 31.12.1966 under different heads will be as under :-


12. As this expenditure is to be shared by the University Grants Commission and the University on the basis of $663 \%$ : $33 \frac{1}{3} \%$ the amount payable by the Commission will be Rs. $2,26,000 /-$, while the amount for the University/State Government will be Rs. 1,13,000/- during the period of six years and nine months. In: -view of tho importance and specialised nature 'of the research scheme, we recommend that the Commission may consider the proposal farourably.
13. We ' that for the specialised type of manuscript work, including microfilming that has to be done with the old, worn out and brittle palmleaf and paper manuscripts, many of which the University has procured on loan, the provision of a microfilm unit. at the University of Annamalai will be most appropriate.


As there is no set of microfilm apparatus or even a microfilm reader in the Library or in any other Department of the University, the University Grants Commission, may place at the disposal of this University` a microfilm set at an estimated cost of Rs.30,000/(NR) on a non-sharing basis, as this will be of general use for all the Departments of the University. We
recommend this proposal to the Commission partialarly because the University is situated amidst rural surroundings and .; has no industrial centre near about from where microfilm work may be conveniently procured. 14. The printing and publication of the concordance volumes now under preparation will be very valuable for research workers in the field in future. But this may be taken up as a separate scheme after the work of the publication of the Kambaramayanam is completed. 16. We would in conclusion place on record our thanks to the Vice-Chancelior and the staff $f$ of the University for giving us the necessary facilities to examine the scheme during our visit to the University.

Sd/- R.P.Sethu Pillai
Sd/- V.I.Subramanonium
Sd/- S.Bhattacharya
'19, June 1960.

Deteila of expenditure incurred on the publication of Variorum Edition of Kambaramayanam.
a) So far incurred:

| Year. | Salary paid to research staff. | T.A. to members of the Editorial Comaittre. | Honorarium paid to experts (for editing, writing commentaries, Conoordance work etc. | Paper and printing charges. | Contingencies etc. | Total: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | If. | Rs. |
| 1953-54 | 4,200.00 | 570.62 | 5,000.00 | - | - | 9,700.62 |
| 1954-55 | 4,320.00 | 1,173.00. | 7,000.00 | 4,097.88 | - | 16,590.68 |
| 1955-56 | 14,213.50 | 957.50. | 1 1,000.00 | 4,000.00 | $\cdots{ }^{\prime}$ | 20,211.00 |
| 1956-57 | 9,387.50 | 1,548.00 | 3,472.81 | 211.75 | 2.00 | 14,622.06 |
| 1957-58 | 10,037.00 | .4,3¢7.70 | 3,125.00 | 7,621.64 | 20.50 | 25,111.84. |
| 1958-59 | 16,507.94 | 1,202.68 | 200.00 | 1,580.00 | 7.69 | 19,588.31 |
| . 1959-60 | 16,8.96. 54 | 1,504.45 | 2,253.00 | 5,092.75 | 4.78 | 25,751.52 |
| - | 75,562.48 | 11,323:95 | 22,050.81 | 22,603.82 | 34.97 | 1,31,576.03 |

Item 23. To consider the report of the Visiting Oomittee appointed by the Comisision, to examine the scheme of the Kerala Universi ty for the publication of a Malayalam Lexicon. ********

The University Grants Commission at its meeting
held on 9th Decepber, 1954 (item 22) considered the proposals of the three Universities vifo Annamalai, Baroda and Travancore (Kerala) for grents fortisearch and publication of the varioup edition of Kamba Ramayana (estimated to cost Rs. 2,88,000/-)
Valmiki Ramayana (estimated to cost Rs, $8,25,000 /-$ ) and Malafalan Lexicon (estimated to cost Rs, $15,00,000 /-$ ) respectively.' It was resolved that before a decision was taken $D_{r} S_{0}$ Radhakrishinan might be consulted about the value of the projects. Dr.Radhakrishnan was of the view that all these three were projects which the Universities should undertake and were worthy of support by the Commission. He thought that the Commission might make a token \& rant to each University in the first instance and any future grants should have to depend upon the information supplied by the Universities with regard to the actuel work done by the Editorial Boards carrying on the work and other such matters. He was also of the view that the projects of the Anna melai and Travancore Universities being of regional importance should be specificailly supported by the State Governments concerned. 2. In view of the academic importance of each of these projects, the Commission at its meeting held on 9/10th August, 1955 (item 20) sanctioned an ad hoc token grant of Rs, 20,000/to be paid to each of the three Universities towards the impleqentation of the projects in the Jear 1955-56. Since then the Universities have asked for the annual renewal of the grants. A sum of Rs, $80,000 /-$ has been paid to the Kerala University towards the Malayalam. Lexicon projeat. from 1955-1959.
3.

The University Grants Commission vide Reso.No. 32 of $9 / 10$ th February, 1959, further considered the question of formulating a policy for giving further assistance to these Universities and agreed to continue its support to these schemes and decided that from $1959-60$ grants to be paid on the basis of $2 / 3 \mathrm{rd}$ of the actuall experditure incurred on the schemes after necessary scrutiny.
4. In accordance with decision the University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of Prof. T.P. Meenakshisundaram, Annamalai University, Dr. S.M.Katre,

Drok, Mr George Sahitya Akademi, Madias, and
 ments of the Kerala University for the implementation of the scheme.
5. $\quad$ The report of the Comfittee is enclosed (Annexure I). The following are the main findings and recommendations of the Committee.
a) The Maliayalam Lexicon is plannied as a bilingual dictionary (Malayalam - Malayaiam and English) on historical principles giving wherever possibi.e, the cognaties from member languages and dialects belonging to the Dravidian family, with etymological indications.
b) While there. are two Comittees connected with the schamo of publication of the Malayalam Lexicon, the Administrative Board and the Editorial Committee, the exact function of the latter is not clear.
c) The University should therefore constitute a special Scrutiny Comnittee consisting of not more than 5 members to go through the material produced and advise the Editorial Committee regarding, reference to outside scholars and offer guidance to the Editorial staff regarding the execution of the work.

d) This is particularly necessary in view of the fact that the Lexicon project as at present constituted is notilinked up with a Linguistics Department, and the staff was not, appointed on the basis of special technical competence, although they are good scholars of Malayalam:
e) The present staff supporting the Editor consists of I Etymological Assistant, 8 Superivisore, 4 PanditAssistants and 17 Pandits and 10 Scribes, There has been no real demarcation of responsibilities, and despite different designations most of them have been doing the some kind of works This must be immediately remedied and responsibilities in the various stages of the Lexicon editing should be demarcated and graduated.
f) In the absence of competent linguists on the
 reconstruction is being attempted, the section on etymology mede deleted from the Lexicon.
g) As citations are being given from more than 2, 500 basic texts, their titles should be given in full, or as far as possible in a self-revealing abbreviated system rather than through a set of abbreviations.
h) Taking into account the requirements of the final phases of this project which should be completed within the Third Plan period, the staff for the implantation of the scheme may be recruited on the following basis -

1 Editor



The present administrative staff does not require any addition.

1) The status, qualifications and salary of the various poi ts nay be as follows
Editor $\quad$ - the rank, qualifications and

j) Lexicon assistants should possess a recognised
ordentil titis or a B.A. in an allied language, with a scale of Rs. 150-10-300 and the Scribes should have a scale of is. 75-5-150. In making appointants the University should assure itself that other Dravidian languages may be represented by a few SubuEitors and Lexical Assistants,
k) Assistant Editors should have necessary competence in Modern Linguistic; and should be capable of taking over independent oditorialiresponsibility under the general supervision of the Editor.
2) The Sinbuditors, Lexical Assistants and Scribes should be assigned to each of the Assistant Editors and responsibilities demarcated between then, subject to the overall supervision of the Editor and the Scrutiny Committee.
m) By the end of $1960-61$ the speciment copy should be brought out for eliciting the opinion of experts, and the first volume published by the end of .1961-62. Thereafter one volume may be brought out every year. 6. The financial implications of the 'above proposals are estimated at $R_{s} ; 1,2,000(R)$ per annum (for five years)
-5-
and Rs, $8,40,000$ (NR). The share of the Commission on the usual basis will be Rs, 60,000 (R) and Rs, 5,60,000 (NR) . - The University/State Government are willing to bear the remaining part of the cost.
7. . The matter is placed before the Commission for orders.
$\frac{{ }^{H} \mathrm{KCM}^{\boldsymbol{M}}}{2 m-60}$


UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Annexure I to item No. 25
UGO. Meeting
9/10th September, 1960
Report of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Gomission to examine the scheme of the Kerala University for the publication of the Malayalam Lexicon. ********

The University Grant's Commission appointed a Committee consisting of Prof, T.P. Meanakghisundaram, Annomalai University, Dr, S.M.Katre, Poona University, Dr. K.M. George, Sahitya Akademi, Madras, and Dr. P.J. Philip, UGO, to examine and report on the scheme of the Kerala University for the publication of a Malayalam Lexicon. 2. We the members of the Committee visited the Kerala University on and and 3rd of July 1960 and had discussions with the Viceachancellor and other authorities of the University, including the Editor of the Lexicon Project. We were informed by the University that this project was originally initiated by the Kerala Government in 1953 and was since transferred to the University for implementation. The grants came principally from the State Government, and during the past four years the Commission has been making a token grant of Rs, 20,000/- per annum. According to the information supplied to the. Comaittee, two stages of the project havelcompleted: (a) collection of words from approximately 3,000 selected texts representing Old, Middle and Modern Malayalam, and some regional substandard colloquial or dialoctai, words, covering more than a million cards, and (b) these have been utilised to complete about 2,00,000 draft articles for the Lexicon. The project, according to the University authorities, has reached the final stages of (c) editing these draft articles (d) publishing the finally edited Lexicon in approximately.

6 to 7 volumes of 1000 pages each.

$-24$
3. We were favourably impressed by the work which has already been completed. The Lexicon is planned as a bilingual dictionary (Malayalam - Malayalam and English) on historifai principles, giving, wherever possible, the congnatès from member ila nguages ard dialects belonging to the Dravidian family, with etymological indications. So far as we are aware, this is the first project for such a $L_{\text {exidon }}$ appertaining to a modem Indian language, which has come before the Commission for financial support. We think that surah Lexicons are needed for all the principal modern Indian languages, and that Universities are the best agencies to accomplish such under takings. The Blue Point Committee appointed by the Linguistic Society of India at the request of the Vicemancellors' Conference held in 1958 has recommended that such research projects should be preceded by the setting up of a Department of Linguistics and the teaching of a major subject in IAnguisties at the postgraduate level. We agree with this view Projects of this kind may be intimately linked up with a linguistics Department and such language Departments as have fully qualified linguists on their staff. The Kerala University may take early steps to establish" a Linguistics Department and also set up additional language Departments (with competent scholars with a linguistifes background). If funds permit a the University Grants Commission may assist the University in this regard during the present plan period itself e It is desirable to associate the Malayalam Lexicon' Project more closely with these Departments, We also think that a good portion of the materials collected for the Lexicon can be profitably used by the LInguistics Department for its continued research work.

4. The $L_{\text {exicon }}$ scheme of the Kerala University is a valuable undertaking. While there are tw o Committees; the Administrative Board and the Editoriall Committee, the exact function of the latter was not clear to the Visiting Cominittee. We therefore suggest that the University should constitute "a" special Sorutiny Committee consisting of not more than 5 members to go through the material produced and advise the Editorial Committee regarding reference to outside scholars, and offer guidance to the Editorial Staff regarding the execution of the work. The Scrutiny Committee should meet more frequently than the Editorial Committee and sit for 2 or 3 days at a time. This is particularly necessary in view of the fact tha $t$ the Lexicon Project as at present constituted is not linked up with a Linguistics" Department, and the Staff was not appointed on the basis of special technical competence, although they are good scholars of Malayalam. 5. The organisation also has been defective. The present staff supporting the Editor consists of 1 Etymological Assistant, 8 Supervisors, 4 Pandit - Assistants and 17 Pandits and 10 Scribes. There has kem no demarcation of responsibilities, and despite different designations most of them have been doing the same kind of work. Thus, in the absence of the present Editor, the work is likely to be seriously handicapped. This must be inmediately remodied, and responsibilities in the various stages of the Lexicon editing should be demarcated and graduated. The necessary suggestions in this regard will be given at a later stage in the report . It is in this context that a high-powered competent Scrutiny Comnittee should be set up to check on the technical aspect of the editorial work. A few specific recomendations are made in this connection. In the absence of competent

$-4$
linguists on the present staff, and the fact that no comparative or internal reconstruction is being attempted, the section on etymology should be deleted. This nay - be taken up as a separate project later if and when a properly constituted Departraent of Linguistics comes into being. . While cognates may be given under each wo in, we suggest that the Comission might make possible once a year a roundmtable meeting between the participants in similar projects at Annamalai and Andhra in order to achieve refinements in this branch. Such seminars have been recommended by the BluePrint Committee. The tranliteration system at present used required modernisation. We also think that as citations are being given from more than 2,500 basic texts, it is necessary to give their tiles in full, or as far as possible in a self-revéaling abbreviated system rather than through a set of abbreviations which, for such a large collection of texts, will defeat the purpose for which it is intended. 6. From the information made available to us it appear rs that nearly 2,00,000 draft articles have been completed by the 41 members of the academic staff of the project in t oars. The revision of these articles for editorial inclusion in the final press -copy requires a reorganisation of the present staff. Lexicography is an important branch of Linguistics and the sta ff require special training in handling this aspect of the editorial work. The average time work schedule for the original staff consists of approximately 2,500 draft articles per annum on the basis of statistics supplied by the Editor. Taking into account the requirements of the final phases of this project, which
wo think should be completed within the Third Plan period, we recommend that the staff should be recruited on the following basis, with welludevolved responsibilities ruining down to line -
' 1 Editor
2 Assistant Editors.
4 SubuEdtors
14 Lexical Assistants (including 2 oar 8 Technical Assistants for seeling the pressmoopy of the Lexicon through the press),
10 Scribes.
The present administrative staff does not require any addition,
7. In view of the importance of the project we feel that the status, qualifications and salary of the various posts indicated above should be as follows -


We further recommed that Lexicon Assistants should possess a recognised Oriental Title or a $B_{4} A_{4}$ in an allied language, with a scale of INs, $150-10 \mathrm{~m} 300$, did id the Scribes should have a scale of ias, 75-5-150. In making appointments the University; should assure itself that other Dravidian languages may be represented by a few SubEditors and Lexical. Assistants. We also recommend that the Assistant Editors should have the necessary competence in Modern Linguistics as a Sciencefand should be capable of taking over independent editorial responsibility under the general supervision of the Editor. The Subeditors, Lexical Assistants and Scribes should be assigned to each of the Assistant Editors and responsibilities demarcated between them subject to the overall supervision
of the Nditor and the Sorutiny Comittee.
8. Since the posts sugcested are of the rank of University Professor; University Readef and University tectuper a Seleotion conmittee in adcordance with the provision made fop the appointaent of University

- Tecohers of these artegories ahould be constituted Iti selecting the above candidates, proforanoes may We givel to the members of the existing gtaff who have a record of useful wofic

9. It is suggeted that the staff Ladking fin basto lingulstios baokground should be given a showtinterm intensive course in techniqueg of Modern Linguistics with emphasis in Lexdcographyy This couneshould be conducted in the Kerala Universif itself with the asmiatance of competent staff specially drawn from. available Universities as a summer or autumn course, and the Comission may assist the University for this purpose,
10. Before the work of publication is undertale it wili bo necessary to print a specimen of selegted yocabuiary, illustrating the different appects of Malayalam Loxicography to ailait oonstructive oriticiom from competent scholars for the finat presentation of the lexicon We wish to emphasise that the pubilication should be taken up only after such expext opinion has been received and considereds
11. The work of printing is estimated to cost about Rs, $1,20,000$ per volume for 5000 copies, and the Lexicon will cover between 6 and 7 columes of 1000 pages each The total cost of printing therefore is expected to be IRs, $8,40,000 /-$ top $^{7} 7$ volumes.
12. STAGES OF WORK: the end of 1960 -61 the specimen copy referred to in para 10 may be brought out for eliciting the opinion of experts, and the first volume published by the end of 1961-6t. Thereafter one volume may be brought out every year. The actual printing of the volumes may go beyond the Third Plan period, but the completion of the press-copy should be possible within this Plan period with the staff recommended in para. 6 _above.
13. The financial implications of the above proposals are estimated at Rs, 1,20,000 (R) per annum (for five years) and Rs, 8,40,000 (NR), the share of the Commission being Rs, $60,000 / \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{R})$ and Rs, $5,60,000 / \mathrm{NR}$ ( on the usual basis. The Universing/State Government are prepared to bear the remaining part of the cost.

T.P. Meenakshisundaram

K, M. George
P.J. Philip
" ${ }^{\mathrm{KCN}}$
2-9.60

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Meeting 9/1Oth Sept 1960.

Item 24: To consider the record of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for assessing the needs of the Vikram University for the development of a department of Indian History \& Culture.

The University Grants Commission appointed a
Visiting Committee to examine the scheme submitted by the Vikram University for the establishment and development of a derartment of Indian History and Culture at Ujjain. The Committee consisted of the following members:-

1. Dr. Nihar Randan Ray, Dr. Nihar Randan Ray,
Professor \& Head of the Dept. of Ancient
Indian History \& Culture, University of
Calcutta.
2. Dr. Chandran Devanesen, Head of the dept. of History, Madras Christian College, Madras.
3. Dr. S. Bhattacharya, University Grants Commission.

The Committee visisted the Vikram University at Ujjain on 29/31st July, 1960. The report of the Committee is attached (Annexure I).
2. . The Committee recommended that the following facilities might be made available to the Vikram University for the department of Ancient History and Culture during the remaining part of the Ind Five Year Plan:-

Item. Amount recommended Remarks.
i) Building with a
plinth area of 10,000
sq. ft. with electric \&
RS...2,00,000(NR) On sharing
sanitary fittings @ Rs. 20/-
bast is of per sq. fix.
$66 \frac{2}{3}: 33 \frac{1}{3} \%$
ii) Furniture for the Rs... 40,000(NR). - do building.
iii) Equipment. $\quad$ Rs... 10, COO (NR) - no -
iv) Staff consisting of one Professor, two Readers, Rs.... 47,100(R) na. three lecturers \& two Research Fellows.

Sharing at 50: 50
v) Books.

Rs. .. $5 \cup, 000(N R)$. On non-sharing basis.

The share of the Commission on the above scheme of recurring an non-recurrin ex enditure during the remaining part of the Second Five Year Plon will be as under:-
(a) Total recurring ex enditure for the remainin jart of the $2 n^{-1}$ Five Year Plan i.e. for six months. Rs. 23,500(R)
(b) Share of the Conmission @ 5\%

Rs. 11, $750(\mathrm{R})^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{A}$ "
(c) Total non-recurring ex centiture.

Rs. 2,50, $\mathrm{COO}(\mathrm{NR})$.
(d) Share of the Commission @ 55 2/3\%

RS. $1,66,666$ (NR )-B.
(e) Books on on-sharing basis.

Rs. $\quad 50,000(\mathrm{NR}) \mathrm{C}$
Grand Total of
arount jayable
in the lan pe-
riodi.e. $A+B+C$

Rs. 11,750 - A.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Rs. } 1,66,665-B \\ \text { Rs. } & 50,000-\mathrm{C} .\end{array}$
RS. 2,28,416 (R8NR)

The matter is placed before the Comission for or ders.

ANNEXURE TO ITEM No. 24 DATED THE 9TH \& 10TH SEPTEMBER 60 。

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

THE REPORT OF. THE VISITING COMMITTEE ON THE SCHEME OF VIKRAM UNIVERSITY FOR THE ESTABLISEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN HISTORY \& CULTURE AT UJJAIN. ***

The University Gronts Comission appointed a Visiting Committee to exarine the scheme subritted by the Vikram University for the establishnent and development of a department of Irdion History and Culture at Ujjain. The Comisittee consisted of:-

Dr. Nihar Ranjon Ray, Professor and Head of the departnent of Ancient Indian History and Culture, Unịversity of Colcutta.

Prof. Ghandran Devanesen, Head of the departient of History, Madras Christion College, Madras.

Dr. S.Bhattacharya, University Grants Conrission.
2. We, the meabers of the Comittee, visited the Vikram University at Ujjain on 29_31 July 1960. We were shown round the University compus and the sites on which the University Library and the acadepic blocks of the University are proposed to be constructed. We also saw the raster plan of the University and had discussion with the Vice Chancellor, the University Architect and the University Engineer about the location of the different acaderaic buildings and the suitability of the arrangernents of facilities for teaching and research proposed in the plans. 3. On 30 July 1950 we had a formal discussion with the Vice-Chancellor, Dr. G.I. Datta, about the particulars of the requirenents of the University for the establishment

$$
\text { (Contd. . . . . .p. } \mathrm{Z}_{\bullet} . . \text { ) }
$$

and development of the department of Indian History and Culture. Shri 3.G. Shana, Lecturer in History at Madhav College at Ujjain and Prof. Sadashiva L. Kate were also present at certain stages during the discussion. We also visited the Scindia Oriental Institute at Ujjain which is being placed at the disposal of the Vikran University by the State Government of Madhya Pradesh. We were show the collection of manuscripts and books and journals on Indian

History and civilization by the Vicenchancellor of the University and by Prof. S.I. Katre, the Curator of the Institute. On 31 July 1960 we had another meeting of the Gominttee to finalize our report.
4. The Vikred University was established at Ujjain by the Government of Madhya Pradesh in March 1957. The University is intended to be of a federal type with the different faculties and/or departments of the University located at various centres under its jurisdiction. The postgraduate teaching in Humanities is now being done in four centres, viz., join, Bhopal, Gwalior and Indore. There is provision for postgraduate studies in these centres in English, Hindi, Urdu, Philosophy, Sanskrit ${ }_{\text {. }}$ History, Political Science and Economics. As yet no college has any arrangement for teaching and research in Ancient Indian History and Culture in the Post-graduate stage.
5. In course of its existence of three years the University has not been in a position to put up any per. manent buildings of its om either for administrative or academic purposes. but it has done some pioneering work in the shape of the acquisition and levelling of 300 acres of land for the carpus, has put up some quarter for the
administrative staff who are to look after the day to day working of the University and to implement the actual work of the establishment and the development of the University. A temporary structure has also been constructed for the accomodation of aninistrative departuents. The foundation stone for the University library building has been laid and the work of constructing the library building and of setting up a press for the University is expected to be undertaken shortly. 6. The provision of post-graduate teaching. in colleges, at Indore, Gwalior and Bhopel and also at Ujjain has made the University to all intents and purposes merely an examining body at present. The University successfully conducted exarinations in Bachelor's and Master's degree level and in diplons courses in some subjects in nine faculties in 1957-58 and 1959-60. The policy of the University is to centralise postgraduate teaching and research at Ujjain as soon as the necessary facilities in the shape of University teaching blocks, library and teaching and research staff are made available. The Gangajali Fund Trust created by His Highness the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior is expected to contribute Rs. $50,00,000$ to the University of which a sun of lis. $25,00,000$ is to be utilized for building projectes including the Senate Hall.
7. 'The University has decided that post-graduate teaching and research in subjects which are to be started - innediately, but for which there is at present no provir. sion in colleges, should be contralised at Ujjain. Anong the subjects usually grouped under the huanities, Indian History and Culture has been given the highest priority
(Contd.....p..4.)
and the University proposes to start post-graduate teaching and research in the subject with financial aid of the University Grants Comission under the Second Five Year Plan. The University is prepared to boar $50 \%$ of the recurring and $33 \frac{1}{5} \%$ of the non recurrine expenses towards the establishnent of the departuent in accordance with the usual formula laid dow by the Comission. 8. Pending the construction of the buildings for this purpose, the University wants to open the depart ment in the premises of the Madhav College at Jjjain, the control. and management of which have been transferred by the State Governaent of Madhy a Pradesh to the Vikran University for a period of five years in the first instance. The University, therefore, proposes to appoint the necessary and suitably qualified staff for the purpose as soon as the approval of the Comission for their schene is obtained. 9. It was agreed that under the Second Five Year Plan the University will proceed with the establishnent of a departrent of Ancient Indian History and Culture. The scope of the departaient will be enlarged to include other periods of history as further facilities in the form of accomodation, books and joumals, etc., become available.
10. After discussion of the different issues raised in this connection, it was decided that M.A. course of Ancient Indian History and Culture to be opened at Vikram University at Ujjain will cover the period of the history of India from the earliest times to c. 1200 A.D. It with consist of eight papers of 100 marks each and will be done in two years. The papers may be distributed as under:-

## 4.- COMPULSORY

Paper I : (a) Enthnology and historical geography of India.
(b) Protomistorical Archaeology and the history of the Vedic Aryans upto 600 B.C.

| Paper II | : | Political history of India from 600 D.C. to 320 A.D. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper III | : | Political histciy of India from 320 A.D. to 1200 A.D. with special reference to Epigraphy and Numismatics. |
| Paper IV | : | Socio econotic Organization and Polity with special reference to the developnent of ideas and institutions. (Select chapters of original text should be studied) |
| Paper | ; | History of religious ideas and institutions with special reference to the nyths and cults. |
| Paper VI | : | Monuments including sculpture and painting。 |

B- OPTIONAL

Paper VII and VIII : Any one of the following subjects nay be taken for specialised study:-
(a) Brahnanisa and Brahnanical religions with special reference to ideas and insti.tutions.
(b) Buddhisn, Jainism and other allied Schools.
(c) Epigraphy and Palaeog raphy.
(d) Nunisnatics, including currency and banking.
(e) Sculpture and painting including those of South-East and Central Asia.
(f) irchitecture including that of South-East Asia.
(g) Iconography including Brahnanical, Juddhist, Jain and the folk elements.
(h) a comparative study of sociomeconomic Life and Organization in India and other ancient civilizations.
(i) a comparative study of political ideas and institutions of India and other ancient civilizations
(j) Incian expartsion abroad
(k) Positive Sciences of Ancient India.
(Contd.....p.e.)

11. The detailed syllabus of studies nay be framed by the appropriate academic bodies of the University in consultaction with experts in the field. Prof. Nihar Randan Ray, a member of the Committee, agreed to help the University in drawing up the detailed syllabus and in selecting the text and reference books, if necessary.
12. We are of the opinion that in order to ensure a sufficiently high standard for the postmgraduate M.A. course in Ancient Indian History \& Culture as indicated above, the University may make admission of students by proper selection, preference boing given to students who will have secured at least $50 \%$ of marks in History in the B.A. examination.
13. The members of the present staff of the department of History in Madhav College, Ujjain, who are entirely lacking in research qualifications and have no specialised knowledge and training in Ancient History and Culture will not be available, nor will they be suitable, for teaching the subjects. Moreoever, their teaching work is now so heavy that they cannot be expected to render. any help towards the teaching of the now subject. We are of the opinion that the staff who will be paid the University Grants Commission's scales of salaries must have adequate academic qualifications with ability to guide research so that by their scholarship and reputation they nay command respect and set a standard from the very beginning. We, therefore, recommend that the following staff may be appointed for the department:-

| One Professor | He should be a scholar of |
| :--- | :--- |
| acknowledged reputation with |  |
|  | valued publications to his credit. |
|  | a higher start ray, if necessary, |
|  | be given to attract a person of |
|  | real drive and eminence. |

$-388$

Two Readers $\quad$| They should have good academic |
| :--- |
| qualifications wi th proved |
| ability to guide research. |

Three Lecturers:

| Two Research | They nay be appointed from |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fellows: | among young men with brilliant |
|  | academic record and with aptitude |
|  | and promise of research wo its they |
|  | may be given light tutorial |
|  | work. The scale of their pay |
|  | may be Rs. 200-25-400 pom. |

14. In order that immediate steps nay be taken to organize the department and to collect necessary books, journals, back issues, of periodicals, etc., the Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer Lay be appointed as early as possible. Their services wịll be helpful in drawing up the detailed syllabus and courses of studies in the different papers.
15. As the University has no building for teaching purposes, it is necessary that it should have a building with adequate facilities for post-graduate teaching and research in Ancient Indian History and Culture. The building should have enough rooms for holding classes, seminars, tutorials, and for the Professor and other teachers so that. they nay conveniently gid and carry on their own research work. There should also be provision for a departmental library. We are glad that the University proposes to have a museum also in the building. The museum which is likely to have a good collection within a comparatively short fino in the ancient city of Ujjain, surrounded as it is with historical associations from the remote past, will be a useful laboratory for inquisitive students of Indian History. This building may in future serve as the nucleus for the school of oriental studies to carry on teaching and research in all periods of History

[^1]$=-8=-2$
under the Vikram Uni varsity. Such a building may start with a plinth area of at least $10,000 \mathrm{sq} . f \mathrm{ft}$. We were told by the University architect and engineer that the cost of construction, including the provision of sanitary and .electric fittings, will not exceed Rs. 20 per sq.ft. The cost of the building, therefore, will be Is. 2.00 lakhs. To this may be added a sum of Rs. $40,000 /=$ for furniture. Some technical equipment nay also be necessary for the efficient working of the department. The cost of this may be within Is.-10,000/=. A sum of Rs. 2.50 lakhs (Non recurring) may therefore be sanctioned by the Commission towards the building, furniture and equipment for the este blishment of the department.
16. As books on Ancient Indian History are rather costly and are not readily available, we recommend that the University Grants Commission nay bo pleased to sanction a sum of Rs. $50,000 /=$ for the immediate purchase of books and old volumes of journals. This may be paid to the University on a non-sharing basis. This amount will have to be liberally suppleriented as the department develops. As only good scholars with practical knowledge in this field can help the University to procure the books and journals necessary for starting the department, wo recommend that the Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer, as mentioned in paragraph 14 above, nay be appointed by the University as early as possible.
17. ill appointrients in this connection are, however, to be made on the recommendation of a properly constituted selection committee after inviting applications by wia advertisement. In case no suitable person for the professorship is available on advertisement, steps nay be taken to

appoint a really good ran by negotiation through appropriate channels. We are constrained to mention this in the report as we feel that the success or failure of the department will depend very largely on the drive, initiative and sincerity of the teachers who will be appointed at the inception of the scheme.
18. We were glad to learn during our visit that the Government of Madhya Praclosh has decided to hand over the Scindia Oriental Research Institute at Ujjain to the Vikram University. We were actually shown a communication addre ssed by the Government to the Curator of the Institute requesting him to take iniediate steps to effect the transfer and we were told by the Vic-Chancellor that the University had agreed to take over the management of the Institute from the Governinerit. : The Scindia Oriental Instiltote which has a splendid collection of 10,000 manuscripts written in Sanskrit, Arabic and Persian and has a good collection of oriental literature of books and journals will be of the greatest holp to the infant Vikram University in the establishment of its department of Ancient Indian History and Culture. The rich, though small, collection of the Institute, its experience of about 30 years in the field of research founded as it was in 1931, and above all the sincere and unassuming scholarships of its Curator, Professor Sadashiva L. Katre, will be a real asset to the University for developing the subjects at its formative period. The journal of the institute which has usually maintained a high standard may be revived and continued as the journal for oriental studies in the University.
(Contd...p. 10.. )
--:: 10 ::-
19. Having seen the atmosphere of the Scindia Oriental Institute, we are of the opinion that pending the construction of the University's own building, the department of postmgraduate teaching and research in Ancient Indio f History \& Culture, which will have a small staff and a small number of students, to start with, may be accommodated for the present in the building of the Institute, though it has been taken on rent. On the completion of the University's own building, the department will be naturally shifted to its proper place. The manuscripts of the Institute nay be kept in the new University library building with proper air conditioning arrangement.
20. The financial implication of our recommendations
is given in Appendix 'A'.
21. We would take this opportunity to place on record our thanks to the Vice-Chancellor and the University staff for giving us necessary facilities to examine the scherae during our visit.

Sd/- Nihar Randan Ray<br>Sd/- Chandran Devanesen<br>Sd/- S. Bhattacharya.

31 July 1960.

Financial implication of the scheme (Humanities) of the Vikran University for the department of Ancient Indian History \& Culture as recommended by the Visiting Committee during the and Five Year Plan.

## 溇米

Purpose.
(i) One Professor
(ii) Two Readers (3) Ks.7,200/= each pa.
(iii) Three Lecturers@ Rs. 4,500/= each pea.
(iv) Two research Fellows © Rs. 3,600/=

200-25-400 each pa.
(v) Construction of a building with the plinth area of $10,000 \mathrm{sq} . f \mathrm{ft}$. with electric and sanitary fittings (1) Rs. 20/= per sq. ft.
(vI) Furniture for the building
(vii) Equipment
(viii) Books on non-sharing basis.

Estimated expenditure
Rs. 12,000 (R) pa.
Rs. 14,400 (R) pa.
Rs. 13,500 (R) pa.
Rs. 7,200 (R) pea.

Rs.2,00,000(NR)

Rs. 40,000 (NR)
Rs. 10,000(NR)
Rs. 50,000 (NR)

Rs. 23,500 (R)

Rs. 11,750 (R) ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{N}^{\prime}$
Rs.2,50,000(NR)
Rs.1,56,665(NR) ' B '
Rs. $50,000(\mathrm{NR}){ }^{\prime} \mathrm{C}^{\prime}$

Total amount payable in the plan period i.e. AH BH:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 11,750-A \\
& 1,66,666-B \\
& 50,000-\mathrm{C} \\
& 2,28,416(\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{NR})
\end{aligned}
$$

MEETING:
D\&TED:9/10th Sept.1960.
Item : 25- To consider the report of the committee appointed by the Commission to assess the requirements of the Universities of (a) Delhi and (b) Aligarh for additional library staff.
(a)Delhi University.

The University Grants Commission appointed
a committee to examine the requirements of the University
of Delhi for adidtionalstaff in the new University
Library. The committee consisted of:-
Dr'C.P.Shukla,
University Librarian M.S.University of Baroda, Baroda.
Dr.s.Bhattacharya, University Grants Cominission.
2. $\quad \therefore \quad$ The committee visited the University of Delhi on the 8th August, 1960 , and examined the requirement of the University for additional library staff on the basis of the norm prescribed by the Library Committee appointed by tho University Grants Commission under the chairmanship of Dr.S.R.Ranganathan A copy of the report of the Visiting Committee is enclosed. (Amexure 1 ).
3. The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on $29 / 30$ th June, 1960, accented the report of the Ranc anathan Committee and resolved that it be used as the basis on which matters relating to University libraries would be examined by the Commission. The Visiting Committee which examined the particular. requirement of Delhi University for additional staff
has recommended that on the basis of the norm approved by the University Grants' Commission the additional staff for administration and supervision of the University library as mentioned in column 4 of Appendix II, and in paragraph 5 of the Report, may be sanctioned by the Commission. The annual expenditure on this account is estimated to be Rs. 70,000/- (R)
4. The University of Delhi also pointed out the need of $t$ e revision of the salary scale of the existing staff of the library according to the salary scales laid down by the Ranganathan Committee for each category of the staff. This will require an estimated expenditure of Rs. $4,250 /-(R)$ annually. The question of the revision of the salary of the existing staff may now be deferred. This may be taken up with the general question of the revision of the salary of the staff of University libraries as a whole. For the present additional staff as recommended by the Visiting Committee at an estimated cost of $\mathrm{Rs} .70,000 /-(\mathrm{R})$ per annum as mentioned in paragraph 3 above may be approved.

The matter is placed before the Commission for orders.
U.G.C. Meeting

9/10th Sept., 1960.

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMLSSION

> REPORT OF THE COMMITTE TO EXAMIE THE REQUIREREMTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF DELHI FOR ADDITIONAL STAFF FOR THE UNIVEESITY LIBRARY

The University Grants Comrnission appointed a Gommittee to examine the requirements of the University of Delhi for additional staff of the University Library. The Committee consisted, of :-

Dr. C.P. Shukla, Baroda, BARODA.

Dr. S. Bhattacharya,
University Grants Comníssion:

The Committee visited the University of Delhi on 8th August, 1960. The Comnittee was shown round the new -University Library building in all its departments including the stacks, reading rooms and the Law Library, etc.
2. The scheme submitted by the University was examined at a meeting in which the University Registrar, the Chaiman of the Libraxy Comittee and the University Librarian were present. At the beginning the principles on which the requirements of the Library were to be determined were discussed and it was agreed that the different norms suggested in the report of the Library Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission would serve as guide and a basis for judging the staff requirements for various activities of the library. The task of the committee was made easier by the fact that while
(Contd....p.2......

submitting the requirements, the Delhi University had strictly adhered to the suggested norms.
3. It was agreed that $20 \%$ of the service expenditure which the University required for the unspent amount of Rs. 3.0 lakhs received by the University from the University Grants Commission on account of admoc grants under different schemes for Science and Humanities would be borne out of the same sum of Rs. 3.00 lakhs which is at the disposal of the University so that the amount available for books will be Rs. 2.40 lakhs. It was further agreed that this amount of Rs. 2.40 lakhs. for books and Rs. 60,000/- will be utilised by 31st March, 1961 and that the processing of these books will be completed during the year 1961.62.
4. The calculations of the staff requirements for various activities in the Library was made according to the report of the University Grants Commission Library Committee are given in Appendix I。

The existing staff of the Library in various categories has been shown in Appendix II, This Appendix also shows the total staff needed under various grades calculated according to the report of the Library Committee of the University Grants Comission and the additional staff requirements in each grade:
5. The details about the additional staff giving the expenses of the first year is as under :-



- It was proposed by the University that in addition to the creation of new grades mentioned above, the following grades should be revised in accordance with the recommendations of the University Grants Commission Library Cominittee :

| Existing grades | Revised Grades | No. of Posts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R | - |  |
| Rs. $100-10-200$ | Rs. $150-10-250$. | 6. (P.A.) |
| Rs. $100-15-300$ | Rs. 250-20-500. | 3. (P.J.) |
| Rs. 200-20-500 | Rs. $500-25-800$ | 1. (P.S.) |

It should be pointed out that the revision of these grades and the creation of new posts will not exceed the total staff requirements' calculated according to the report of the Library Committee of the University Grants Commission. It is also proposed that at the time of fixing the salaries of the present staff in the revised grades, some weightage should be given to the length of their service, egg., one increment for every three years of completed service in the professional grades at the time of fixing their initial salary in the new grades. The revision of grades as suggested would involve an annual recurring expenditure of RR. $4,250 /-$
7. Since the requirements of the University Library for the additional staff both in respect of the number and grades are in conformity with the norms suggested by the University Grants Commission Library Committee and since this committee is satisfied that the present library organization will be able to make good use of the new staff to improve the quality of the library service and effectively to cope with the programs of book purchase and processing, we recommend that the requests made by the University needing
(Cont d....p...4....)

an ariount of Rs. 69,648( $\overline{\mathrm{K}}$ ) for additional staff as mentioned in para 5 above and an amount of Rs. 4,250(R) approximately for the revision of grades may be approved by the University Grants Commission.
8. We ais recommend that appointments in new posts may be made by the Selection Committee of the University on the basis of the qualifications laid down by the University Grants Commission Library Committee. The claims of the present employees in the Library, who have been in service for more than five years but who may not have the minimum qualifications laid down by the University Grants Commission Library Committee, may be considered by the Selection Committee of the University for the different posts in the new set-up on the basis of their service record and experience and ability to discharge the responsibility of the new posts.

We would take this opportunity to thank the author rities and the Librarian of the University of Delhi for the facilities given to us to examine the scheme.

Sd/- C.P. Shukla.<br>Sd/- S. Bhattacharya.

10th August, 1950.


## DELHI UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

B. Calculations of Staff Requirements

## I. MAIN LIBRARY

Si (12 x 360)/1500 (Supervisory staff)
SB (6500/6000 (Book Section(Selection)


SD 4 Professional on an ad hoc basis (Decumen 4 (4 - - - )
to document 200 periodicals. tation-Indexing of
SM 6500/2000 plus $100,000 / 50,000$ Periodicals) 5.25 (1 4.25 - ) (Maintenance)
$\operatorname{SN} 100,000 / 20,000$ plus 600/100 (Non-Profer 11 (- - $11-$ )
$\operatorname{SPP} 1300 / 500$ (Periodicals) 2.60 ( 1 " $1.60-\ldots$ )
SR 150/50 $\times 360 / 250 \quad$ Feference)
4 (4-- - )
ST 6500/2000 (Technical Section Classification,
Catalog; shelf Register)
TU ( $2.88 .+1208+9.12+4+5.25+11+2.60+4+3.25)$

```
    plus 100,000/20,000 ör 43.18/2 + 5 (Unskilled)
    =26.59 or 27 (- - - 27.)
```


## 2 LAW LIBRARY

SL \& ) (360 x 12)/1500 or $4320 / 1500$ (Supervisory


Total.

| 21 | 17 | 1231 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Professional - 21
Seni-Professional-17
NonProfessional - 12
Unskilled. -31



UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

## Meeting:

Dated: 9th/10th September, 1960.

Item - 25: B $\quad$| To consider the report of the Committee |
| :--- |
| appointed by the Commission to assess the |
| requirements of the Universities of (a) |
| Delhi and (b) Aligarh for additional |
| library staff. |

(b) Aligarh Muslim University.

The additional library requirement for the new University Library of the Aligarh Muslim University was examined by a committee consisting of Dr. C.P. Shukla, University Librarian, M.S. University of Baroda; and DryS. Bhattacharya of the University Grants Commission.
2. The Committee visited the library of the Aligarh

Muslim University on the 9th August, 1960, and examined the requirement of the University for additional library staff on the basis of the norm prescribed by the Library Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission under the Chairmanship of Dr.S.R. Ranganathon. A copy of the report of the Visiting, Committee is enclosed (Annexure II).
3. The Committee recommended that on the basis of the norm approved by the University Grants Commission the additional staff for administration and supervision of the University Library as mentioned in paragraph 7 of the report and in column 5 of statement " $\Omega$ " (enclosed) may be sanctioned by the Commission. The annual expenditure on this account is estimated to be Rs. $1,00,500 /-(R)$.
4. The University also pointed out the necessity of the revision of the salary scale of the existing staff of the library according to thersalary scales laid down by the Ranganathan

$$
\text { (Contd. . . } \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{o}} \text { ) }
$$



Committee for each category of the staff．The present annual expenditure for the existing staff is Rs． $57,615 /-$ ．The question of the revision of the salary of the existing staff may now be deferred．This may be taken up with the general question of the revision of the salery of the staff of university libraries as a whole．For the present the additional staff as recommended by the Visiting Committee at an estimated cost of Rs．1，00，500／－（R） per annum as mentioned in paragraph 3 above may be approved．

The matter is placed before the Commission for orders．

## UNIDERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE TO EXAMINE THE STA FF
REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW IIBRARY OF ALIGARH
MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.

The University Grants Commission appointed a committee to examine the requirements of the Aligarh Maslim University for additional staff of the University Library. The Committee consisted of :-

2.

The Committee visited the Aligarh Muslim University on 9th August, 1960. The Committee was shown round the new University Library building in all its departments including the stacks, reading rooms, etc. 3.

The scheme sulmitted by the University was examined at a meeling in which the Vice-Chencellor and the University Librarian were present. At the beginning, the principles on which the requirements of the library were to be determined were discussed and it was generally agreed that the different norms suggested in the report of the Library Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission would serve as a guide and basis for judging the staff requirement for various activities in the library.
4. The final staff requirements of the University Library as given by the Librarian after discussion of the noms and the functional and divisional approach of the Library with the committee are given in Appendix I.


This Appendix shows the various grades and number of posts needed in each grade,' Appendix II shows the origanizational chart of various functions and divisions of the Library
5. We have calculated the staff requirement of the library according to the norm suggested by the University Grants Commission Library Committee. The number of posts in various grades according to this norm are given in Appendix III 。 The same Appendix also shows the requirement as submitted by the librarian after discussion of the details with the committee. The staff requirement in addition to the suggested norms are mentioned in column III of the Appendix. The approximate financial commitments are also show in the Appendix. 6. The reasons given by the University for the staff requirement of the Library may be summarised as under:-
i) There is o manuscript section in the library having a velnabl.a collection of Persian, Urdu and Arabic manuscripts. The custody and the reference service of the manuscripts need a responsible and competent staff.
ii). The Library possesses a rich collection of printed books in Arabic, Persian and Urdu, perhaps the largest collection of its kind in India. The bibliograph ical and the reference service of this section form a special requirement of this library. "is
iii) This library is designed on what is known as the "Divisional Patter". In such an organization the catalogue, the books, periodicals, etc., on a particular branch of learning, ecg. Humanities, Social Sciences, fete, ere collected in one room and there is a special reference staff, conversant in the flea, to (CONTD....)
assist the readers in each division. Such an arrangement is prevalent in several new libraries in the U.S.A. and has been found to be popular. This University Library is perhaps the first in India to have such an organization on a large scale. The approach and $t$ he experiment may be encouraged.
iv) The library has put up a request for a Bindery. The suggested norm laid down by the University Grants Comission Committee did not take into consideration such spècial requirement as Bindery, etc. This is a useful section both for binding and the timely mending. of books.
7. We agree, in general, that the Library of the Aligarh Muslim University will need more staff if it develops the various special services as per pion of the University. But at the present juncture, when the services are still to be developed, we are of the opinion that the University should start work on the basis of the norm provided in the report of the Library Committee of the University Grants Commission. We accordingly recommend that the posts mentioned in Appendix III, column 4 may be approved by the University Grants Commission for the proper functioning and administration of the Aligarh Muslim University Library.

The present staff of the University Library and the salary that is being paid to them are mentioned below:-

-4

## ****************************************************访米

Post and Scale
Annual Expenditure
-1. Stenomammead Clerk. (100-200)
8. Technical Assistants etc. (75-200)

Rs, 13, 200
9. Assistants. (50-125)

Rs, 9,450
6. Farrash.
(30-60) : .. Rs, 3,240
12. Peons.

- (25-35)

Rs, 40320 J
Total. Rs, 57,615

The additional staff and the expenditure on this account required for the proper functioning of the library on the basis of the norm of the Ranger then Committee is as under:-

| Post Designation <br> and scale of pay. | Number <br> of Posts. | Estimated annual <br> Expenditure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Grade II
(Rs; 50C~800)
.2. Professional Junior
$\triangle$
(Rs, 250.500)
3. Professional Assistant

10
.. . Rs, 23,095
(Rs; 150-250)
4. Semi Professional (Rs, 80-220)
5. NonProfessional 3
11
Rs, 21,000

Rs, 12,462
6. Unskilled

Rs, 11, 340
$\overline{R_{s}, 100,497}$
Ks, 1,00,500
W. The provision of the required national staff for the proper functioning of the library will thus involve an estimated expenditure of Rs, 1,00 lakh. The Committee recommends that this may be made available to the University. The present strength of the library staff and the additional requirements are show h in statement 1 At attached. ${ }^{\prime}$ (CONTD..)

8. We also recommend that the appointments in new posts may be made by the Selection Committee of the University on the basis of qualifications laid down by the University. Grants Commission Library Committee. The claims of the present employees in the Library who have been in service for more than five years but do not have the minimum qualifications laid dow by the University Grants Commission Library Committee may be considered by the Selection Committee of the University for the different posts in the new setup on the basis of their service record, experience and ability to discharge responsibility of the new posts. 9. As the University Library is kept open from early hours of the morning to $90^{\prime}$ clock at night, the Librarian considered that adequate arrangements for security may be provided by keeping at the disposal of the library at least four Chowkidars to guard the Library premises. We would draw the attention of the University to this requirement. 10.

The Vice-Chancellor drew the attention of the Comiuittee to the necessity of water coolers, venetian blinds, curtains, wire gage for windows, etc,, all of which have to be provided immediately. The Committee was told that the University has approached the University Grants Commission for these amenities as also for a cycle shed which is so essential for students reading in the University library. We would invite the attention of the Commission to the necessity of providing these amenities as early as possible.

We would rake this opportunity to thank the Vice-Chancellor and the University Librarian for the facilities given to us to examine the scheme

10th August, 1960.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Sd/- } \\
& \text { C.P.Shukla } \\
& \text { S.Bhattacharya. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY．LIBRARY Appendix I

Staff requirements of the Aligarh Muslim University．来米计长关米然




Appendix III.
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY LIBRARY


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| P.S. (Rs. $800-1250$ ) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| P.S. (Rs. $500-800$ ) | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| P.J. (Rs. 250-500) | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| P.A. (Rs. 150-250) | 13 | 21 | 13 |
| S.P. (Rs. 80-220) | 19 | 24 | 19 |
| N.P. (According to the | 13 | 19 | 13 |
| Unskilled (Rs.30-2-60) | 35 | 44 | 35 |

Average expenditure for the different categories of posts on the above basis.


Annual Expenditure: Rs. 1,58,112
Less present expenditure
incurred by the University
on the Library staff. Rs. 57,600
1,00,512(R)
per
annum.

## STATEMENT A

Aligarh Muslim University: Present strenth of the Library staff and additional requirement of the Library.



University Grants Commission

## Meeting:

9th/10th September, 1960.
Item No.26: To consider the recommendations of the
All India Council for Technical Education regarding facilities for High Voltage Laboratories in Engineering Colleges.
...
The Ali India Board of Technical Studies in Engin.eering at its meeting held on 17th July, 1958, recommended that all institutions conducting first degree courses in Electrical Engineering should be provided with some minimum equipment for High Voltage work. This recommendation of the Board was accepted by the All India Council for Technical Education in 1958. This decision was conveyed to all the technical institutions in the country and they were asked to submit proposals to the respective Regional Cominttees. The recommendations of all the four Regional Committees were considered by the Coordinating Committee of the A.I.C.T.E. at its meeting held on list 'March, 1960 when it recommended the following additional expenditure for each University institution:-
S. No. $X$ Name of the Uni- $X$ Approved expenditure $\quad X$ U.G.C.'s X versity/Institution XBuildines Equipment Total X share

1. Aligarh Muslim Uni-

2. Annamalai University 20,000 $40,000^{\prime} 60,000 \quad 30,000$
3. M.S. University of Baroda $45,000 \quad 45,000 \quad 22,500$ Faculty of Technology \& Engineering.
4. Jadavpur University $-\quad 9,000 \quad 9,000 \quad 4,500$ College of Engineering and Technology.
5. $\frac{\text { Mysore University }}{\text { College of }}$ Engineering, 20,000 $40,00060,00030,000$ Bangalore.
S. No. Xame of the Univer-X Approved expenditure $X$ U.G.C.'s Sity/nstitution XBuildinss Xquipmont Totaix share

6.     - Roorkee University. $27,000 \quad 57,000 \quad 84,000 \quad 42,000$
7. Sri Venkateswara
$\frac{\text { University. }}{\text { College of Engineer- }} 20,000 \quad 40,000 \quad 60,000 \quad 30,000$ ing, Tirupati.

$$
1,74,000 \quad 4,25,0005,99,000 \quad 3,41,500
$$

The matter is placed before the Conmission. If the recommendations of the A.I.C.T.E. are approved, sanction may be given to the payment of Fs. $3,41,500 /-$ (Non-recurring) for providing facilities for High Voltage laboratories in various University institutions as detailod above. The grants will be paid as and when necessary.

University Grants Commission
Old Mill Road New Delhi.

Meeting:

- '9th/10th September, 1960.

Item No.27: To consider the recommendations of the AII India Council for Technical Education regarding establishment of a Polytechnic at Annamalai University.

The Annamalai University addressed a communication to the Ministry of Education in 1955, conveying its intention to start a Polytẹchnic with three branches viz., Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Courses in the Department of Engineering of the University. The courses were to commence from the academic year 1955-56 with 30 students in each branch.

The question whether an Engineering college may be permitted to run a Polytechnic attached to it was considered at the meeting of the Southern Regional Committee held on loth April, 1955. The Committee agreed that an Engineering College mày be allowed to run a Polytechnic subject tó ceritain conditions which were subsequently approved by the Co-ordinating Committee of the A.I.C.T.E. The recommendations of the A.I.C. T.E. were considered by the Commission at its meeting held on the 9th August, 1955 when it was decided that an Engineering College may be allowed to run a Polytechnic attached to it on the conditions laid down by the A.I.C.T.E.

The decision of the Commission regarding the starting of a Polytechnic attached to the College of Engineering Annamalai University was conveyed to the University during August, 1955. The Polytechnic however was not started in 1955-56 as originally intended by the University.

During 1958, the Uni,versity changed its mind and decided to start, an independent Polytechnic. This decision was further changed and the University once again decided to revert to its original proposal for the establishment of an attached Polytechnic. In view of the above circumstances it was decided to approach the A. I.C.T.E. once again for their

-2-
views on the University's scheme for establishment of an attached Polytechnic. The matter was reexamined by the A.I.C.T.E. and it was finally decided that the earlier proposal of the University for starting an independent Polytechnic may be accepted. The fresh proposals submitted by the University for implementation of the scheme were forwarded to the A.I.C.T.E. during 1959 and were considered by the Coordinating Committee of the A.I.C.T.E. at its meeting held on lIst March', 1960 when the following estimates of costs were approved for establishment of a Polytechnic at the University with an annual intake of 120 for the three branches of Engineering.

1. NON-RECURRING:

II. RECURRING (PER ANNOM)


The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration. If the recommendations of the A.I.C.T.E. are accepted sanction may be given to the payment of Rs. $8,31,500 /$ (Non-recurring) and Ff. 80,000/- (Recurring) for the establishment of an independent Polytechnic at the Annamalai University. The grants will be paid as and when necessary.


## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

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MEETING:
9/10TH • SEPTEMBER, 1960.
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Item - 28: To consider the recommendations of the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs regearding a non recurring expenditure of Rs. 31.00 lakhs recommended by the Review ing Committee of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, for development for the period 1958-63.

The President of India, in his capacity as a Visitor of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, appointed in 1955 a Reviewing Committee to review, the working and the development of the Institute and to make recommendations in the light of developments in the country with special reference to Five Year Plans. The Comitritee inter-alia recommended a nonrecurring expenditure of Rs.31.00 lakhs (as per detailed statement-Appendix-I) for the quinquennium 1958-63 for development of the Institute. Visitor's orders on the recommendations of the Reviewing Committee were conveyed by the Government of India (Ministry of S.R. \& C.A.) to the Institute in 1958-59 and the Institute was asked to submit detailed proposals arising out of the orders of the Visitor and to draw up a phased programme for the N.R. expenditure of Rs. 31,00 lakhs spread over a period of 5 years (1958-63). The phased programed drawn by the Institute for this nonrecurring expenditure was as under:-

.Thus an expenditure of Rs. 27.00 lakhs was envisaged during

the Second Plan period and the rest viz. Rs. 4.00 lakhs during the Third Plan.

During 1958-59, on the advice of the University Grants Cemmission, the Institute was declared to be deemed tọ be a University under Section 3 of the U.G.G. Act (Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs Notification No. F.8-77/57-T. 1 dated 12 th May, 1958) and the responsibility of paying grants to the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, was transferred to the University Grants Commission. Hence ncither a specific sanction for this N.R. expenditure was issued by the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Gultural dffairs nor any grants towards this N.R. expenditure were paid by the Ministry to the Institute. The Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. therefore requested that the question of payment of the grants may bo taken up by the University Grants Commission. The development grants to the Indian Institute of Science, have in the past, been paid by the Govermment of India on a cent per cent basis as in the case of other central Universities. This procedure will have to be followed in future.

This matter was considered by the Commission at their meeting dated 8th July, 1958 when the following resolution was passed:-
"The Commission noted that the Government of India had, on the advice of the Commission, notified the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, to be an institution deemed to be a University under Section (3) of the University Grants Commission nct.

The Commission also noted that during the current year grants to the Institute will be paid directly by the Govemment of India but that for the future, funds will be placed at the disposal of the Commission for making such grants."

The Government of India had made a provision
(Contd...p.3....)

of Rs. 59.00 lakhs (Rs. 27.00 lakhs for the development expenditure vide $h_{\mu}$ bendix I plus Rs. 32.00 lakhs at the rate of Rs. 16.00 lakhs per year for $1959-60$ and 1960-61 for increase in the block grant as recommended by the Reviewing Committee). This amount has been made available to the Commission Dy the Government of India.

The revised Block grant amounting to Rs, 37.00 lakhs per annum (Rs. 21.00 lakhs, the original block grant, plus Rs. 16.00 lakhs, being the increase as recommended by the Reviewing Co mittee) is being paid by the Commission to the Institute since 1959-60. It is suggested that the Commission may now approve a nonrecurring expenditure of Rs. 31.00 lakhs (including Rs. 4,00 lakhs after 1960-61) for the development of the Institute. If this is approved, grants as required but not exceeding Rs. 27.00 lakhs will be paid to the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore unto the end of the Second Five Year Plan period and the balance will be carried forward to be paid along with development grants that will be sanctioned for the Third Five Year Plan.

Recommendations of the Reviewing Committee regarding non recurring grant to the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore for the quinquennium 1958-63.


## B DEPARTMENTS ADP SECTIONS -

1. Department of Physics
2. Department of Inorganic and Physical Chemistry.
3. Department of Organic Chemistry
4. Department of BiomChemistry
5. Fermentation Technology Section
6. Department of Chemical Ing.
7. Department of Internal Combustion Engineering.'
8. Department of Power Engineering
9. Department of Electrical Communioncation Engineering.
10. Department of Metallurgy $/$
11. Department of Acronautical Engineering.
12. Library

- 3,00,000 3,00,000
$50,0001,00,000 \quad 1,50,000$

3,00,000 70,000 3,70,000 $40,000 \quad 40,000 \quad 80,000$

- 20,000 20,000
- $50,000 \quad 50,000$
$1,00,000 \quad 1,50,000 \quad 2,50,000$
$45,0005,62,000 \quad 6,07,000$
$40,000 \quad 50,000 \quad 90,000$

1,00,000 2,00,000 3,00,000

- 1,00,000 1,00,000
- 4,000 4,000
$\begin{array}{rr}4,000 & 4,000 \\ \text { TOTAL : } & 30,96,000\end{array}$
Say .......31,00,000

University Grants Commissịon

## Meeting:

9th/1Oth September, 60.
Item No. 30 " To consider the provisions made by the
Bihar Government in the Act passed for the Universities in the State of Bihar.
....
The Commission in their meeting held on 29th/30th
June, 1960 considered the draft Bill sent by the Bihar Government for the creation of new Universities in that state and passed the following resolution:-
"The Commission noted that the Government of Bihar had passed the Bihar Universities bill without waiting for the advice of the Commission, although they had been speckfocally requested to delay the passing of the bill until the Commission's advice was received. The Commission's attention was drawn to a statement of the Secretary of the Education Department, of. Bihar Government in his letter dated 22.6.60 addressed to the Secretary of the Commission that the Commission's advice had keen taken into account. The Commission wished to point out that the only matter on which the Commission had expressed an opinion about the proposal to estabfish new universities in Bihar was that there may be four regional universities and that the University of Patna might in addition to its present teaching functions be empowered to affiliate the colleges in the Patna Division, so as to avoid the establishment of a separate university merely to affiliate the colleges. in the Patna Division.

The bill having been passed by the Bihar Legislature it seems useless for the Commission to examine it now and to express any opinion on it unless the Bihar Government specifically requests the Commission to do so."
2.

The above resolution was communicated to the Bihar State Government. Copies of the Act under which the four Universities have been established in the State of Bihar have now been received. A copy of the Act is attached. As directed by the Chairman the provisions in the Act have been examined and the following facts are brought to the notice of the Commission:

Section 2:- Clause ( $j$ ) defines the 'professor' as a teacher _on the staff of a college possessing such quaifictions as may be prescribed by the Statutes. It may not be appropriate to define teachers of the colleges as professors. This should only be confined to the University appointed teachers in

-2-
this category and there is no necessity of having a separate category of 'University Professor', as provided under clause ( $t$ ) of this Section.

## Sections 7

 and 10 .The provision for the post of the Treasurer is against the general advice of the Commission that the Universities should abolish this post. There is provision for a Finance Officer also.
Section 9(5) The Vice-Chancellor should have the power to vote in the first instance itself in any meeting or body of which he is a member. He should also have a casting vote in the case of equality - A of votes.

Section 24: The power of visitation or inspection should only rest. with the Chancellor and not also on the advice of the State Government.

Section 15: The Universities in the State of Bihar have no Selection Committees of their own. The State Public Service Commission works as their Selection Committee, in more or less the same manner as in the case of any other. Government Department. Under the 1951 Acts (both Patna and Bihar Universities) the Public Service Commission could be assisted by experts in the case of direct recruitment as well as in the case of promotions. In the present act a provision has been made that the Public Service Commission, in making recommendation for appointment to posts by promotion, shall not be entitled to the assistance of experts. This provision is likely to lower the standards through indifferent selection. The State Public Service Commission should have nothing to do with the appointments or promotions or disciplinary action in the


Universities whether they are teachers or officers of the University. 'The University' should have provision in the Statutes for the constitution of Selection Committees, on which outside experts are associated, for appointments, promotions and for purposes of disciplinary action. The Syndicate should have the power to make appointments on the recommendations of the Selection Committees whose Chairman should be the Vice-Chancellor. Where the Syndicate is not in a position to accept the reconmendations of the Selection Committee, the matter may be referred to the Chancellor, whose decision in the matter shall be final. The constitution of the Selection Committees may be more or less the same as in the case of the Delhi University. For disciplinary action against the staff suitable provision could be made in the Act. A provision should be made that every salaried officer and teacher of the University shall be appointed under a written contract and any dispute arising out of the contract be referred to a Tribunal of arbitralion the manner of whose constitution could be laid down. The decision of such a Tribunal should be final.

Section 17:The Senate as at present constituted affords a fairly large representation to the Government. Even where the representation is amongst the -Principals of tho collects 'by. rotation, it hes non provided tidy ha to Principals of colleges and Directors of Institutes maintained by the State Government will be included. Though the Universitymaintained colleges have also been included, there will not be many such colleges and thus the

Government representation is increased. There should be no difference between Government and non-Government colleges. Sub-Section (xiii) and (xiv.) may be changed as follows:-
a) Heads of University Departments of Studies.
b) Principals of colleges and
c) Professors (University) who are not Heads of Departments.

Note:- If the number of Principals is large, a number can be fixed and the Principals may be appointed by rotation according to seniority arespective of whether they belong to Government or non-Government Colleges.

Representative members:-
i) While it may be desirable to have teachers on the Senate by rotation it may be pointed out that procedure is rather cumbersome. The following is suggested for consideration:
a) Two or three Readers by rotation according to seniority.
b) Three University appointed Lecturers by rotation according to seniority.
c) Ten teachers from colleges, other than Primcipals, by rotation according to seniority determined from the date of appointment in a particular college.
ii) No comments.
li) May be deleted. It hardly seems necessary for the managing committees of the colleges to send their representatives.

Section 20:
Section 2(d)- The power of affiliation or disaffiliation should be exercised solely by the University and the State Government should have nothing to say in the matter.

Section 21: It does not seem to be necessary to have both the Secretary (Education) and the Director Public Instruction on the Syndicate. The election of five persons separately by nonteacher members by the Senate is also not desirable. Similarly the provision for nomination of teachers by the Chancellor may be influenced by the Government. A revised

Constitution of the Syndicate is suggested

- , below:
i) The Vice-Chancellor.
ii) The Treasurer (unless it is agreed to abolish this).
iii) Secretary to the Government of Bihar, Education Department.
iv) Three Deans, by rotation according to seniority from among those who are not Principals of colleges for a period of two years.
v) Five Principals of colleges including at least one Principal of a Women's College to be members by rotation according to seniority for a period of two years.
vi) Four persons, none of whom shall be an employee of the University or of a recognised college or institution elected by the Senate from among its members, at least one of those so elected being a member of the registered graduate body.
vii) Two or three persons nominated by the Chancellor. The members appointed under clauses (vi) and (vii) will hold office for a period of 3 years.

Section 22: No comments.
Section 23: In the Academic Council, all Heads of the University Departments should be included as also, as far as possible, Professors and the Principals of the Colleges. A revised constrtution is suggested below:-
i) The Vice-Chancèllor.
ii) Heads of University Departments.
iii) Professors other than Heads of University Departments.
iv) Principals' of the colleges.
v) Librarian.
vi) Director of Public Instruction, Bihar.
vii) Four teachers other than Heads of University Departments, Professors, Principals elected from among themselves.
viii) Four persons, not being employees of the University or of a recognised college or institution, co-opted for their special knowledge.

Provided that the total number of members under

Section 24: No comments.
Section 25:
The constitution of the faculties should be on purely academic basis. It does not seem necessary to have non-teacher members of the faculty. A revised constitution of the faculty is suggested below:-
i) Dean of the Faculty.
ii) Heads of Departments of Stuaies.
iii) All Professors (University) in the Faculty.
iv) One Reader and one Lecturer by rotation according to seniority from each Department in the Faculty.
v) One teacher concerned, by rotation according to seniority from each college, provided that the college provides instruction in any of the subjects assigned to the faculty.
vi) Persons not concerned with the University or Colleges and having expert knowledge of the subject or subjects concerned co-opted by the faculty not more than one for each Department of the Faculty.
vii) Five members elected by the A.C. for their special knowledge of any subject assigned to the faculty or any allied branch of knowledge.

With regard to the appointment of the Dean, it may be desirable that every Head of the Department who is
a Professor, shall, by rotation according to seniority, for a period of 2 years, act as the Dean. Provided that if in any faculty there is no Professor, the senior-most Reader who is the Head of the Department shall. act as the Dean. Section 26: The following constitution is suggested for Boards of Courses \& Studies.
i) Head of the Department - ex-officio member and Chairman.
ii) All Professors and Readers in the Bepartment.
iii) Five persons to be appointed by faculty of whom at least three shall be college teachers. The present constitution of the Boards of Courses and Studies suggested in the Bill may be too unwieldy.

Section 27: No comments.
Section 28: Such an Examination Board is not provided for in most of the other Universities. But we may not object. However it is suggested that the question of moderation of question papers may be delegated to a Committee consisting of the Dean of the Faculty, Head of Department concerned and two or three experts in the subject from outside the $U_{n}$ iversity.

The members of the Examination Board should not be entitled to any remuneration. They may appoint persons (for tabulating the results etc.) who may be paid.

Section 30 No comments.
to 43 .
Section 44: It does not seem necessary to have a separate University Audit Committee. The audit of the University should be done by the Examiner of Local Accounts Bihar. If this is done it could obviate the necessity of Government having to get the accounts audited again by some other agency.


The Auditors' Inspection report should be considered by the Finance Committee and recommended to the Syndicate with their recommendations and thereafter to the Senate. The interference of the State Government as stated in Sub-clause (5) should be avoided.

Section 45: The appointment of auditors for auditing the accounts of each college need not be done by the Syndicate. The Syndicate may approve a panel of auditors who must be members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants and then leave it to colleges to appoint any one of them to audit the accounts. It may however be made a condition that the same Auditor should not audit the accounts of a marticular college for more than three consechive years.

Section 46: If the accounts of the University are audited by the Examiner of Local Accounts Bihar, this proviso as far as the University is concerned will not be necessary or appropriate. With regard to the colleges it may be laid down that if the University so desires, the accounts may be audited by the Examiner of Local Accounts, Bihar.
Section 47: The constitution of the Finance Committee may be as follows:-
(1) Vice-Chancellor.
(2) Treasurer(If this post is not abolished) or Finance Officer.
(3) \& Two nominees of the Chancellor,
(4)
one from the Department of Finance and the other from Department of Education of the State.
(5) \& Two persons, who are not employees of the
(6) University or a college elected by the: Senate, at least one of whom shall be a person who is not a member of the syndicate.
(8) Finance Officer/Treasurer - Member Secretary if the Treasurer is not, there; otherwise Secretary only:

Section 55(3)-provides for apportioning of teachers and officers by the State Government between the various Universities. So far as teachers are concerned there was no justification and no need for the provision of apportionment. So far as officers of the Patna University were concerned there was no need for apportioning. - though it could be necessary for the Bihar University. The apportioning may lead to discrimination.

Section 57(4):This may militate against the autonomy of the Universities.

Section 64: This had not been included in the draft Bill. The provision of this in the Act can hardly be justified as State Governments do not make or approve appointments in the Universities. If any appointment is made against the Act and Statutes, the Chancellor can annul the proceedings so far as the appointment is concerned. The existing provision seems a clear infringement of the autonony of the University and the powers obtained under this may be misused. 3. The above salient points are brought to the notice of the Commission. It is for consideration whether these views may be brought to the notice of the Government of India and the State Government or a conference be arranged between the University Grants Commission, the Government iof India and the State Government.
4. As the amendment of the Bihar Universities Act raises grave issues affecting the autonomy of the Universities the Chairman has directed that till the Commission have considered these,

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we cannot assist any of the Bihar Universities or their colleges - except for enabling then to complete any scheme already sanctioned - and no fresh commitments may be made. 5. The office of the Commission is also collecting a list of the members of the managing committees of the affiliated colleges in Bihar, as it has been brought to the notice of the Chairman that certain vested interests are behind these activities.


University Grants Commission

## Meeting:

9th/1Oth September, 1960
Item No.31: 'To consider the question of revision of salary scales of teachers in Engineering \& Technological institutions.

- ${ }^{\text {p }}$

The question of revision of salary scales for
teachers in engineering \& technological institutions was considered by the Commission at their meeting held on 11 th/ 12th February, 1960. In the note (Annexure I) placed before the Commission at this meeting, it was suggested that the following salary scales be adopted on an all-India basis (e.g. without comparison with P.W.D. grades it should apply. to teachers in engineering \& technological subjects'only):-
(a) Lecturers
(b )Readers or Assistant Professors. .
(c) Professors
(d) Principals of a Postgraduate institutions
(e )Principals of a non-post. graduate institutions.
(f )Heads of Departments

- FS. 350-850.
- $\quad$ Rs. 600-1150.
- Rs. 1000-1500.

Professor's grade plus an

- allowance of Ks. 250 -.

Professor's grade plus an allowance of $\mathrm{Rs} .150 / \mathrm{m}$.

- Heads of the Departments may be given an extra allowance of Rs. 100/- pom. each. No separate grade of senior Professor seems. necessary.
(g) The grades. for diploma institutions may be accepted as recommended by the A.I.C.T.E. as they generally correspond to the U. G.C. grades for other faculties.

At their meeting. held in February, 1960, the Commission resolved as follows:-
"The Commission agree that the scales of pay for technical staff in Engineering Colleges and the Departments of Universities should be revised upward more or less in the manner recommended by the A.I.C.T.E., but in view of the problems of disparity that might arise. from the application of these scales of pay exclusively to technical teachers, or to all teachers in technical insttutions but not in other institutions and depart. mints of Universities, the Commission desired that the possibility of applying the same or similar scales of pay to all teachers at least

at the lecturer's stage be examined and implications placed before the Commission at the next meeting."

As desired by the Commission the material is being collected to study the possibility of applying the same or similar scales. of pay to all teachers at least in the lecturer's grade. Meanwhile as the Universities which maintain Engineering \& Technological Colleges/Departments were getting impatient over the delay in the adopt ion of revised scales and as the Commission had not given a clear signal to proceed with the implementation, the matter was again placed before the Commission at their meeting held on 29th/30th June, 1960 and clarifications were sought on the following points:-

1) Whether the grades as suggested in the note placed before the Commission in February be adopted for Lecture or, Readers (or Assistant Professors) and Professors be made applecable only. to Engineering \& Technological personnel (and not to teachers teaching basic Sciences, Humanities, Social Sciences and Mathematics).
2) Whether the date for implementation of new scales may be fixed as from 1st April, 1960. The note placed before the Commission at
their June meeting is attached as Annexure II.
The Commission at their June meeting agreed
that this may be circulated to the members for their views in the first instance. Accordingly views of the members of the Commission on the application of the revised salary scales for teachers for Engineering \& Technological Institutions were invited. The members have communicated their views and a summary of the same is attached as Annexure III. The matter is again placed before the Com-
mission.

UNIVERSE TY GRANTS COMMISSION.

Item 31 - Annexure I
$\frac{\text { Copy of note on item } 38 \text { of the Commission's meeting }}{\text { on } 11 \text { th/12th February, } 1960}$

At its meeting held on 30th November, : 56 the Commission, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Coordinating Committee and the All. India Council for Technical Education to the effect that the starting salary of a teacher in technical institution should compare favourably with the starting salary in other vocations and services so that bright young men may be attracted to the teaching profession and once they join, they should hope to attain in course of time a fairly satisfactory level of emoluments, resolved as follows:-
"The Commission accepted the recommendations of $\therefore$ the All India Council for Technical Education, that the fixation of pay scales of teachers in technical institutions be as follows:-

1. For Degree Institutions:
(i) Professors

Rs. 1000-1500 with a selection grade unto Rs. 1600-1800
(ii) Lecturers $\quad$ Rs. 400-800 with a selection grade of
(iii) Assistants or $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 1000 \\ & \text { Rs. } 250-500\end{aligned}$
. Instructors.
2. For Diploma Institutions:

| (i) Principal | Rs. | $800-1250$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii )Senior Lecturers RS. | $400-800$ |  |
| (iii) Junior LecturersRs. | $250-500$ |  |

It was agreed that assistance be offered to Universities to implement this proposal in the same way as the earlier proposals regarding salary scales of other teachers in Universities. The date from which such assistance may be paid to them may be fixed later.

It was also agreed that the All India
Council for Technical Education be informed of the action taken by the Commission".

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Before the above decision could be implemented, the Commission learnt that the All India Council for Technical Education had decided to get the whole question of revision of salary scales of teachers in technical and engineering institutions re-examined by an expert committee under the Chairmanship of the late Dr.J.C. Ghosh, Member, Planning Commission. A representative of the University Grants Commission was also to serve on this Committee.

The Ghosh Committee submitted its recommendations in 1957. These were further reviewed and endorsed in March, 1958 by a large conference convened by the Ministry of Scientific Researeh and Cultural Affairs, mostly consisting of the Principals of Technical Institutions. The revised scales of pay with certain modifications wer finally approved by the All India Council for Technical Education as its annual meeting held in March 1958 and are summarised below:-

| Designation of post. | Class 'A' | Class ' $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Director-Principal | (post-graduate Institutions) (Institutions <br>  teaching to <br>  1 st degree) |  |
|  | Rs. 2000-2500 (in exceptional cases an additional pay of Rs. 500/-may be allowed) | $\begin{aligned} & 1300-60-1600-100 \\ & 1800 \end{aligned}$ |
| Professor <br> (Senior Scale) | Rs. 1600-100-1300 | 关米 |
| Professor <br> (Ordinary Scale) | Rs. $1900-50-1500$ | 1000-50-1500 |
| Asstt. Pro fessor | Rs. 600-40-1000-50/2-1150 | $\begin{aligned} & 600-40-1000-50 / 2- \\ & 1150 \end{aligned}$ |
| Lecturers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 350-350-380-380-30-590- \\ & \text { EB-30-770-40-850. } \\ & \text { with a starting salary } \\ & \text { of Rs. } 410 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350-350-380-380-30 \\ & 590-\mathrm{EB}-30-770-40- \\ & 850 . \text { With a } \\ & \text { starting salary } \\ & \text { of Gs. } 410 /-\mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Workshop Superintendent | Rs. 600-40-1000-50/2-1150 | $\begin{aligned} & 600-40-1000-50 / 2- \\ & 1150 \end{aligned}$ |

N.B. The number of posts in the Senior and ordinary scales for Professors should be determined from time to time.
*) Ordinarily there would be no post of senior professor in a Class B institution. However, having regard to the personal erninence of a member of the staff, a post of professor in the senior scale may be created in a Class ' $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ institution also. Also the number of posts in the Senior and Ordinary scales for Professors should be determined from time to time.

...3.
For the purpose of salary scales, all existing posts of Associate. Professors should be regarded as Professors in Ordinary scale and the post of Readers regarded as Assistant Professors.

## Diploma Institutions.

(a) The salary scales in these institutions should be as follows:-

Designation of Post.
Principal
Head of the Department
(Lecturer-in-charge)
Workshop Superintendent Lecturer
Senior Instructor.
Junior Instructor

Salary Scales.

$$
800-40-1000-50-1250
$$

600-40-1000.
350-350-380-380-30-590-EB-30-770-40-85 $350-350-380-380-30-590-\mathrm{EB}-30-770-40-85$ 260-10-300-15-450-25/2-500 160-10-300.

The council also recommended that " the entire additional expenditure involved should be borne by the Central Government in the case of 'State Government and non-university instutitons' and by the University Grants Commission in the case of university institutions pto the end of the current plan period and that there should be a gradual devolution of the financial responsibility on the State Governments during the successive plan periods."

At the meeting held on $26 / 27$ th September, 1958 the Commission agreed to these scales of pay and "it was decided that the revised scales of pay should come into operation from the same date as that on which the Governments concerned introduced these in institutions for which they are responsible."

Although in its letter of 4 th/5th September 158 the Ministry of S.R. 8 CAA had reque ste the Commission to take expeditious action in implementing the scheme of revised salary scales of pay because of the undue delay which had already taken place since 1955 s on its own part it had to postpone implementation of the scheme as the final decision of the Ministry of Finance was awaited. It was on account of this delay that the Commission decided at its meeting held on $14 \mathrm{th} / 15 \mathrm{th}$ April 1959.
" that pending introduction of the revised scales of pay soto.
.... 4 .
for teachers in engineering and technical subjects are recommended by the i. I.C.T.E., the scales already agreed to by the -

University Grants Commission for University teachers' be made applicable to teachers in technical institutions with effect from 1.4.'56".

Accordingly, grants have been paid to several
Universities for revision of salaries of teachers in Technical departments"

Subsequently, in a communication dated 27th April,'59 the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural liffairs informed the Commission that the Central Government have now, in consultation with the planning Commission, examined the recommendations of the A.I.C.T.E., and have decided to revise the salary scales of teachers in Engineering and Technological Institutions in the country as shown below:-

Engineering Colleges \& other technical institutions conducting first degree courses in Engineering/Technolof

Principal : The salary scale should be the same as for the Chief Engineering, P.W.D. of the State Government concerned.

Professors : The salary scales should be the same as for the Superintending Engineer, P.W.D. of the State Government concerned.

Asset. Prof. \& Rs. 600-40-1000-50/2-1150
Workshop
Superintendent.
Lecturers : Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-EB-30-770-40-850.

The Central Government also deci ded tobear the entire additional expenditure involved in the adoption of the above revised scales of salary in the State Government and non-Government Institutions (excluding University Institutions) for a period of five years in the first instance. The question of the manner in which that responsibility should gradually devolve on State Government etc., will be considered at the end of the $5^{\circ}$ years period

The Ministry of SR\&CA., further suggested that the
University Grants Commission may consider the adoption of the salary
structure approved by the Central Government for non -University institutions as indicated above. It also stated that in doing so the University institutions at degree level may be divided into two categories ie. (1) institutions belonging to State Universities and (2) institutions belonging to Central Universities. In the case of the First category, it was suggested that the scales of pay indicated above may apply 9 and in the case of second category the scales for Principal, Professor and Professor in the senior scale may respectively be equated to those of Chief Engineer, Superintending Errineer and the Additional. Chief Engineer, in the Central Public Works Departmont.

After careful consideration of the Ministry's proposal, the Commission adopted the following resolution at its meeting held on 17/18th June,1959:-
"The Commission was of the view that instead of linking the salaries of Principals and Professors in Engineering Colleges to the various scales of pay in the different States for Engineering personnel, it would be preferable (on a bread analory with the salaries of Encineering officers under the various Governments) to fix all India scale of salaries for University and college teachers of Engineering. The Commission was further of the view that it would be desirable to have the same scales of pay for teachers in different facula. ties in Universities and colleges, hut that where there was scarcity of specially trained personnel in certain fields of study and it was necessary to fay higher salaries a special pay may be riven rather than a separate scale."

It may te noted however, that as the Ministry of S.R.\&C.A. has already adopted the revised scales af pay and made them applicable to non -university institutions. The teachers in the University Institutions have been fut in a disadvantageous position as they continue to pret old scales of pay while teachers in non-university institutions get much higher grades. Several representations have been received by the Commission, on this account, including a letter from the $\mathrm{Secretary}_{\mathrm{f}}$, Association of Principals of Technical Institutions. . Under the
..... p. 6.

circumstances, an early decision of the Commission on this subject would be welcomed by teachers as well as the Universities concerned. For coming to a final decision, the following points may be taken into consideration:-
a)

The grade of a lecturer in the revised scale for engineering personnel ie. Rs.350-850 is the same as adopted in faculties of the State Universities in Utter Pradesh and with a view to attract rest available talent to the teaching profession, the Commission may have to consider later adopting the same grade for all lecturers in Universities irrespective of the faculty concerned. There should be ir. dIfficulty, therefore in adopting this grade for lecturers in engineering colleges for the time being.
b) The grade i.e. Rs, 600-1,150 adopted by the Ministry of S.R.\& G.A. for Assistant Professorship is also on all India basis. An equivalent grade of a Reader in other faculties is As .500-800. Considering the acute shortage of engineering personnel with postgraduate qualifications and requisite experience, the grade of Rs.600-1,150 is by no means too liberal and therefore, nay be accepted.
c) The difficulty arises with the grade of Professors (ordinary and senior) and Principals of technical institutions. These grades have been tarred by the Ministry of S.R. \& G.A. with the pay scales of Government officers in the Pu':lic Works Department like Superintending Engineer, Additional Chief Engineer and Chief Engineer, etc., of the State concerned. In conformity with the direction given by the Commission at its meeting held in June '59 that it would he preferable (on a broad analogy with the salaries of engineering officers under the various governments) th fix All India scale of salaries for University and college teachers of engineering. The following sades are surgested for Professors and Principals:-

```
a. Professor Is.1,000-50-1,500
b. Princifals The same srade as that of a Professor
    plus an allowance of fs.250/- in the
    case of post-rraduate institutions
    and fis.150/m in the case of other
    institutions.
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.... p. 7.
c) Heads of Departments:


Heads of the Departments may be given an extra allowance of Rs. $100 /$ - pom. each. Ilo separate grade of ${ }^{\text {Senior }}$ Professor seems necessary.

A statement showing the prevalent salary scales of Chief Engineers, Additional Chief Engineers and Superinter'fur :
in various States is attached as qnnexure $I_{\text {. }}(A)$.
If the ahove scales are accepted, anamolies will still arise in certain States where the Professors and Principals of Colleges will be recepient of higher reade, than the officers in the Public Works Department as for example in the State of Jammu and Kashmir and Kerala. To face the situation in such cases, the Commission may authorise the Chairman to make such modifications on the grades applicable to these States as he may find necessary in consultation with the University authorities in the State concerned.
d) The grades for diploma institutions may he accepted as recommended by the A.I.C.T.E. as they generally correspond to the University Grants Comission rrades for other faculties.

The above grades of pay may be somewhat higher than those accepted by the University Grants Commission for other faculty teachers, but there is a justification for this on account of the shortage of engineering personnel in the country and particularly in teaching profession. The anomaly created by adopting the revised scales by the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A., for non-university institutions has also created the situation which needs immediate action.

There is another question, however, which also needs further examination and that is, whether the revised scales of pay recommended for engineers and teachers in Technology should also aFFly to the teachers in basic sciences such as Physics, Mathematics, Chemistry, Geology and some posts which may/created for General Education or in Humanities. Pending final decision on this question, the Commission may accept the two lower grades ie. of lecturers and Assistant Professors applicable to these subjects also but the
... p. 8.

grades of a Professor should remain the same (ie. 800-1,250) as in the case of Science and Arts Faculties.

If the broad outlines of new scales of pay as given above are acceptable, sanction may be given to implement the scheme from lIst April, ${ }^{1} 60$ or from the same date as it was implemented by the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. in the case of non-university institutions. The pay in the new grades will be fixed in the same manner as already in practice for teachers in arts and science subjects. The entire additional expenditure involved in the adoption of the revised salary scales will be borne by the Commission for a period of five years in the first instance as has been done by the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A., for institutions under their purview.

The question whether the revised grades of pay will be applicable to related su'jects like Applied Physics, Applied Chemistry, Radio and Electronics courses in Universities may be decided in consulCation with the 'Board of Assessment' set up by the Government of India to examine the standard of qualifications and advise the Government of India a bout the type of recognition to be accorded to them. Until this question has been fully examined, the new grades will not aptly to teachers in these subjects.

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration. •

Statement showing the Salary Scales of Chief Engineers; Additional Chief Engineers and Superintending Engineers in various Indian States:


*Salary scale of Principal of Engineering College conducting first degree courses to condom to the scale of Chief Engineer of state concerned.
$\AA$ Salary scale of Professor of Engineering College conducting inst degree courses to conform to the scale of Superintending Engineer of State concerned:

2 Salary scale of Professor of Engineering College conducting Post-Graduate courses to conform to the scale of Additional Chief Engineer of State concerned. or in absence of latter, to be adjusted between pay scale of Chief Engineer and Superintendent Engineer in the D.W.D. of the State Government concerned.

Item 3I- annexure II.

on 11/12th February, 1960(vide Iteia No.38) that the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural affairs, in consultation with the Planning Commission, had given effect to the revised salary scales of teachers in Engineering \& Technological institutions as per recommendations of the A.I. + . .T.E. and had agreed to bear the entire additional expenditure involved in the adoptation of the revised salary scales so far as the State Govt. and Non-Govt. institutions ( excluding University Institutions) were concerned, for a period of five years in the first instance. The question of the manner in which that responsibility should gradually devolve on State Govt. was to be considered at the end of the 5 years' period.

Since the adoption of these revised scales in non -University institutions, teachers in the University institutions have started harbouring a feeling of discontentment and disappointment, as they have been discriminated adversely in the award of revised scales. Several representations have been received by the Commission on this account from Vice-Chancellors, association of Principals of technical institutions as well as from the Ministry of S.R.\&C.h. There is a tendency on the part of the University teachers now to migrate to the non-University institutions because of the discrepancy in their grade of pay.

In a note placed before the Commission at the February meeting, it was suggested that the following salary scales be adopted on an all India basis ( e.g. without comparison with P.W.D. grades) but should apply to teachers in Engineering and Technological subjects only.
A) Lecturers. Ts.350-850
b) Readers or Assistant Professors. Rs.600-1150.

c) Professors.
d) Principal of a Professor Grade plus an allowance Post-Graduate of E. 250/~。 Institution.
e) Principal of a Professor Grade plus an allowance non-Post graduate of $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$. $150 /$ institutions.
F. 1000-1500.

The Comission resolved as follows:-
"The Commission agreed that the scales of pay for technical staff in Engineering Colleges and Departments of Universities should be revised upward more or less in the manner recommended by the $I C I E$, but in view of the problems of disparity that might arise from the application of these scales of pay exclusively to technical teachers, or to all teachers in technical institutions butt not -in other ins matrons and
$\because$ departments of Universities, the Comissiun desired that the possibility of applying the same or similar scales of pay to all teachers at least at tho lecturer's stage be examined and the implications placed before the Commission at the next meeting."

As desired by the Comission the material is being collected to study tho possibility of applying the same or similar scales of pay to all teachers at least in the lecturer's stage. I note would be put up to the Commission on this subject at the next meeting. Meanwhile the Universities which maintain Engineering colleges are getting rather impatient over the delay in adoption of revised scales. In its resolution adopted in February, 1960 the Commission had agreed that the scales of pay for the technical staff in

Engineoring Colleges and departments of Universities should be revised upwards more or less in the manner recommended by the aICTE but ka not given a clear signal to proceed with the implementation of the wish they expressed. In view of this a clarification is sought on the following points:

1) Whether the grades as suggested in the note placed before the Commission in February be adopted for Lecturers, Readers( or assistant Professor s) and Professors bo made applicable only to the Engineering and technological personnel (and not to teachers teaching basic Sciencus, Humanities, Social Sciences and Mathematics).
2) Tho date for implementing the new scales may be fixed as from list 4 pril, 1960.

The matter is placed before tho Comission to clarify how for the action can be taken on the resolution adopted in February, 1960 (Quoted above).

## UNI VERSITY GR NIS CONMISSION

STATEMENT GIVING SUMM RY G THE VIEXS EXPRESSED BY..THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION ON THE QUESTION OF REVISION OF S SIL_RY SCaLES FOR TE IN ENGINEERING \& TECHNOLOGICAL INSTITUTI ONS.

1. Prof. N.K. Sidhanta - Prof. Sidhanta is of the view that the following two recommendations made in the last but one paragraph of the note (vide innexure II) may be acceptedi-
i) The grades as suggested in the note placed before the Commission in February be adopted for Lecturers, Readers (or ${ }_{2}$ ssistant Professors) and Professors and made applicable only to the engineering \& technological personnel (and not to teachers teaching Basic Sciences, Humanities, Social Scionces and Mathematics).
iit The date for inplementing the new scales may be fixed as from lst april, 1960. Prof. Sidhanta further adds that he has roquestod the Commissi on to take up the question of further revision of University teachers" salarics in the Third Plan -period.
2. Dr. V.S. Krishna Dr. Krishna agreos that it is desirable to take immediute action in the matter of raising the saluries of toachers in University Departments of Engincering \& Technology. as several of the State Governments are equating the salaries of the teaching staff in their engineering colleges with the scales of pay of officers in Public Works Department, there is no uniformity of scales of pay as between the different States. The question of equating the scales of pay in University Departments with those fixed by the concerned State Government in its colleges may be considered by the Commission.
3. Shri N.N. Wanchoo - Shri Wanchoo recommends that :
(a) The Commission should adopt the Governmeñt pattern exactly as it stands (vide snnexure IV).
(b) The Comission should not revise the pay scales for teachers in subjects other than engineering and technology.
4. Dr. A.C. Joshi -

Dr. Joshi endoreses the views that unless the Commission gives the same grades to teachers in the technological departments of Universitios as are being given to

teachers in ongineering and technological institutions not directly administerod by the Universities, then it will not be possible to recruit competent staff for the technical departments of the Universities.

Dr. Joshi further adds thatit would not be desirable to have very different scales for teachers of technological departments. Similarly it is not desirable to have different scales for teachers in science departments and those working in the department of Social Scionces and Humanities. Dr. Joshi therofore suggestes that the Commission should huve a grade for lecturers of all departinents which may not be as high as in the technological institutions but should approach it. It would be fair to give $\pm$, to lecturers of all categorics a grade of Fr . 300-20-500-EB-25-620-EB-800. Persons recruited for technological dopurtments could bo given a higher starting pay in this grade. For Readers/issistant Profossors, the Comission may have a grade of $\mathrm{F} \cdot 600-25-850-\mathrm{EB}-30-1000$. Professors in the technological departmonts may be given the grade of $\mathrm{F} .1000-50-1500$, but at the same time selccted Professors who have some outstanding research work in some branch of science or Social Sciences or Humanities should also be given this grade.

Pt. Kunzru is of the opinion that as the S.R.\&C. . Ministry has alroady raised their salary scales in accordance with the recomendations of the A.I.C.T.E. and made them applicable, to the State Government and non-Governnental institutions (excluding University institutions), the Comission have no option but to apply the pay scales accepted by the S.R.\&C... Ministry to the Engineering, \& Technological institutions maintained by the Universities. He agroes thet the new scalos should be implemented from lst ıpril, 1960.
Pt. Kunzru furthor adds that he is strongly' in, favour of the Comission considering a revision of salary scales fixed for lecturers in colleges and Universitics.
6. Dewan mand Kumar - Dewan anand Kumar is of the view thiut the scales of pay suggested for the three categories of teachers may be approved. This in his opinion is particularly necessary in the case of lecturers. Dewan $n$ nand Kumar adds that the question of applying these scales to non-technical subjects or to teachers of Sciences in the University or in affiliated colleges is a different question and needs thorough investigation and study. He is of the view that the prevailing scales of pay in the Universities for Lecturers, Readers and Professors are satisfactory, wny rise therefore, in the scales of pay of teachers in the Universities doos not appoar to be called for.

7. Shri P.N. Kirpal -

Shri Kirpal is of the view that the proposed revised scales of pay should be made applicable only to the Engineering \& technological porsonnel in the Universities in the first instance. These scales may be brought into operation w.e.f. the date the scales of pay for corresponding staff in non-Universiti technical institutions were adopted. The question whether these scales should also be applied to all categories of non-technical staff or only to the post of Lecturers (non=technical) in the Universities may be examincd sepirately by the Comission.


ITEM 31 - ANNEXURE IV

Copy of the letter No. F.14-4/58-T.5, dated the 27th April, 1959, addressed by Shr D.V. Narusimham, Deputy Educational Adviser (T) to the Government of India to the Secretary, University Grants Commission.

SUBJECT: TECHNICAL INSTITUTIONS - IMPROVEMENT OF SALARY SCALES OF TEACHERS.
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As the University Grants Commission is aware there is at present a serious shortage of teachers in our technical institutions - engineering and technological colleges and polytechnics. The shortage will increase in the coming years as new institutions are established and the existing ones are expanded or developed.' An important reason for the existing unsatisfactory position is that the scales of pay sanctioned to various grades of teachers of technical institutions are un-attractive as compared to similar positions in industry, government departments and other organisations. As a result, well-qualified and experienced technical men are not attracted to teaching positions. Many existing teachers are also seeking more attractive positions in industry and other organisations and are leaving the institutions. The salary scales of teachers also vary from institution to institution and from state to state. As a result there'is also migration of teachers from one institution to another. 2. The question of improvement of existing situation and measures necessary to attract suitable persons to teaching profession has been examined in detail by the All India Council for Technical Education who recommended recently that the Salary scales of teachers of technical. institutions in the country should be improved and made uniform on an All-India basis. The revised salary scales 0.9 recommended by the All India Council for Technical Education were forwarded to the University Grants Commission

vide this Ministry's letter No. F.14-3/58.T.5, dated Eth September, 1958, for consideration and adoption in University institutions in engineering and technology. 3. The Central Government have now in consultation with the Planning Commission examined the recommendations of the All India Council for Technical Education and have decided to revise the salary scales of teaches: $s$ in engineering and technological institutions in the country as shown below -
a) Engineering Colleges and other technical institutions conducting first degree courses in engineering/technologye

b) Polytechnics conducting diploma courses.

| Principal | : Rs. $800-40-1000-50-1250$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Head of Departments: Rs. $600-40-1000$ |  |
| Lecturers \& Workshop: Rs. $350-350-380-380-30-590-E B-$ |  |
| Superintendent | $30-770-40-850$ |
| Senior Instructor $:$ | Rs. $260-10-300-15-400-25 / 2-500$ |
| Junior Instructor : Rs. 160-10-300 |  |

c) Any anomaly arising from the above decisions in respect of pay scales of principals and Professors in institutions conducting first-degree courses will be settled in consultation with the state Government concerned. It has also been decided that at engineering and technological institutions conducting post-graduate courses, the pay scale of professor in the senior scale should be adjusted between the pay scale of Chief Engineer and the Superintending Engineer in the P.W.D. of the

-3-

State Government concerned. The post of professor in the senior scale, may be equated to that of additional Chief Engineer or in the case of State where no such post exists an allowance of Rs. 250/- pom. may be given in addition to the pay scale of Superintending Engineer.
d) The Central Government have also decided to bear the entire additional expenditure involved in the adoption of the above revised scales of salary at State Government and non-government institutions (excluding University institutions) for a period of five years in the first instance. The question of the manner in which that responsibility should gradually devolve on State Governments, etc., will be considered at the end of the 5 year period. 4. So far as University institutions in engineering and technology are concerned, the University Grants Commission may consider the adoption of the salary structure approved by the Central Government for non-University institutions as indicated in preceding paragraphs. 'In doing so, the University institutions at degree level may be divided into two categories viz. (i) institutions belonging to State Universities and (ii) institutions belonging to Central Universities. In the case of the first category, the scales of pay indicated in para 3(a) above may apply and in the case of second category the scales for Principal, Professor and Professor in the senior scale may, respectively, be equated to tho ce of Chief Engineer, Superintending Engineer and the Additional Chief Engineer in the Central Public Works Department.
5. I am to request that the decision that the University Grants Commission may take in this matter as also the manner in which the existing persons will be fitted into the revised salary scales may kindly be intimated to this Ministry in due course.


Dated：9th／10th Sept．？ 1960.
ADDITIONAL ITEM ב．TO CONSIDER A REZUEST OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA INVITING THE VIEWS OF THE UNIVE：むITY GRaNTS COMMISIION ON TITE PROPOS．」L MADE BY SHRI A．A．A．FYZEE，VICE－CHANCE LLOR，UNIVERSITY＊ OF JAMMU \＆KASIMMIR，FOR SETTING UP A． COMMISSION TO INQUTRE INTO W， TIE STUDY OF ARABIC，PERSIAN AND ISLAMIC STUDIES．

The Ministry of Education has invited the views of the University Grants Commission on the proposal made by Shri A．A．A．Fyzee，Vice－Chancellor of the University of Jamu \＆Eashair，for the appointment of a Comaission of enquiry into the study of Arabic， Persian and Islamic studies in India．It is stated in the U．O．note of the Ministry that the Education Minister is agreeable to the appointment of a small committee to look into the question how the teaching of Persian，Arabic and Islamic studies can be 1moroveत in India．A copy of Shri Fyzee＇s letter dated 27．2．1960 to Shri K．G．Salyidain，the then Secretary to the Ministry of Education，in this connection is attached（Appendix I ）．

2．The enquiry sugoesteत by Shri Fyzee to is to be conducted somewhat on the lines of the Sanskrit Commission，but suited to the peculiarities of Arabic anf Persian studies as they exist in India． 3．The University Grants Commissin is already Giving．substantial assistance formlanic stulies and for the study of Arabic \＆Porsianditarature： Alioarh，Delhi，etc．But it is doubtful if Arabic and Persian are in the $q$ ame oosition as Sanskrit； and in any case it dres not seem necessary for the


Government of India to appoint Commissions to study academic matters. The appointment of such Commissions tends to exawerate the scope and place of particular subjects and sometimes creates difficulties for those who have to carry out a sound and balanced educational policy. The University Grants Commission may, however, undertake to collect information about the teaching of Arabic and. Persian $\operatorname{lan}_{\boldsymbol{\sigma}} \mathrm{ua}_{0} e$ and literature in universities. in India and take such action as may be necessary. on the . . basis of the information. The matter is placed before the Commission for orders.

Srinagar, Kashmir<br>February, $\quad 27 \quad 1960$<br>$$
\text { February, } \quad 27 \quad 1960
$$

My dear Saiyidain
Will you kindly refer to your letter No. F. 30 -92/58-Up 5 dated January 15, refarding a Commisision of Inquiry into the study of Arabic,Persian and Islamic Studies? 2. $\quad \dot{M} \dot{y}$ letter of May 5,1958, $\mathrm{w}_{2}$ s written shortly after the death of Mailana Azad. A number of letters were written to the press and a proposal foyd National Institute of Islamic Studies was also made by me. The National Institute of Islamic Studies was to be of equáa l status in relation to the other national scientific Institutes, such as the Nationa Physicerl Laiooratory and the Nationa Chemical Laboratory. The proposal was made on the assumption that the study of Islam in all its phases is now a recognized branch of orientalism in western countries, and a country possessine forty million Muslims with a magnificent heritage in the past should not neglect its study . The Institute was conceived to be modern, secular ,Scientific, non-religious, non political and international in its outlook.
3. I do not know what has happened to the proposal, but perhaps the Government of India are thinking of setting up an Institute of Islamic Research in Caleutta. 4. The main objects of setting up a Commission maynow be stated briefly. It is a matter of ommon observation that scholars of the old type with their

of Arabic, Persian and Islamic Culture.
There exist in India three e types of institutions Where these lan guages are taught and studied. First there are the madras of the old type such as those of Deoband, Lucknow, Jaunpur and Delhi, and there are some "also in the South India, particulars of whichare not available to me. Secondly, there are the Universities which prepare candidate. for the regualr degrees and also forithe oriental conses like Maulvi Aim, Maulvi Fazil andso on .Thirdly, there are institutes devoted to pure research, such as the Deccan college Institute, the Institute of Islamic Studies at Aligarh and the Islamic Rosearch Association at Bombay.

- The inquiry I visulaize is somewhat on the lines of the sanskrit Commission, but suited to the peculiarities of Arabic and persian studies as they exist in India. The main inquiry should be directed to the following questions:-
I. What are the existing facilities for the teaching of Arabic, Persian and Islamic studies in the Universities, madrasas else where? II. Whether any improvement is needed in the $t$ teaching of these subjects for fincingur our country up to the international standard in this respect?
III. Whether the study of important phases of Ind Islamic Culture, for instance Mughal history, architecture and art; sufiism; synthesis in religions such the Khoja religion, shaivism and the like, should not be encouraged by the state.

magnificent learning, splendid manners and a cultured and spiritual outlook are becoming rare. Unless something is done to resuscitate the old leaning, this type of scholar characteristic of India will gradually perish.

5. Apart altogether from this, several western Universities are taking up Islamic studies for cultural and political ends. Illustrations of such Universities are Princeton, Harvard, California, and the schools of oriental languages in London and Paris.
6. Recent historical studies have made it clear that Islamic civilization is of great importance as a link between the modern western civilization and the ancient Graeco-Roman. Not only were the Graeco-Roman scientific works translated by the Arabs, bit their philosophical speculations and modes of thought were preserved, extended and renovated by the Muslim scholars. Thus the Islamic sciences may be said to be precursors of modern Science. Secondly, the importance of Islamic studies in India is also due to the fact that the coming of Muslim to India led to a racial and cultural synthesis culminating in the Mughal civilization. It is a well known fact, for instance, that Mughal architecture draws upon both Islamic and Indian principles for its foundation, and the manner in which it has skilfully blended the two traditions is a matter which commands admiration today. Thirdly, Arabic and Persian are languages of important countries in the Middle East. Our relations with the countries are increasing from day to day not only in the political but also in the cultural and commercial spheres. For these reasons it is necessary to increase opportunities for the study of


IV Indian Muslims have made a notable : ". contribution to Literature, Poetry, History and the religious sciences of Islam through the Arabic and Persian languages. Whether such contribution should not be studied more system matically and thoroughly than is done at present.
V. The preservation of Arabic and Persian manuscripts is a very great•problem* Apart" from manuscripts in the well known libaries and institutions, there are an umber of good... collections in private hands which'are fast being destroyed by reason of being completely neglected and because when the head of. the family dies, the manuscripts are indiscriminately sold or destroyed. Whether this state of affairs cannot be improved upon by some kind of Government machinery to, acquire and preserve these valuable collections: I. The improvement and repair of diaries where Arabic and Persian manuscripts actually exist. For example there is a small but valuable. library attached to the Jumna Masjid. Bombay o But it is in utter neglect and it is quite possible that the trustees would be happy to receive hel $p$ from Government eitherin the shape of a monetary grant, or they may even be prepared for an oct and out sale of their collection if suitable terms are offered.


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8. The literature produced in Arabic and Persian, and on Islamic subjects by Indian scholars is a part of Indian culture, and it is necessary to make provision en its study: in its historical and cultural aspects. If such a Commission is not appointed and such an effort not made on the national scale immediately, there is every likelihood that this important ingredient of the o.mposite culture of India will be completely lost to future generations. It is in this conviction that I hame suggeated the setting up of a Commission(or committee) to insider these and allied matters.
9. I must conclude by a word of apology. I have no works of reference, journals and Government reports to help me in my task, and therefore I have not been able to give you as detailed and through a memorandum as I would desire. But I hope that I have given you sufficent general material on which the case for a Commission of inquiry into Arabic, Persian and Isalmic studies can well be founded

## (\&.A.A. FYKE )

Shri K.G.Saiyidain,
Secretary,
Ministry of Education,
New Delhi,


UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
OLD MILL RQAD, NEW DELHI-1.

Meeting:
9th/10th September, 1960.

Additional Item 2:
To receive a report regarding allocations of foreign exchange to Indian Universities and affiliated colleges for the import of scientific equipment and library books and journals.
$\quad *$ **

The report on the foreign exchange allocation of Rs, 40.00 lakhs to the University Grants Conmission for the import requirements of the Universities and their affiliated colleges for the period April-September, 1959 was submitted to the Commission at the meeting held on 17th/18th September, 1959.

A similar foreign exchange allocation of Rs. 40.00 lakhs was made to the Commission for the period October, 1959 to March, 1960. The amounts allotted for specific purposes out of this allocation and the foreign-exchange actually released during the period October, 1959 to March, 1960 are indicated below:-

|  | Purpose | Amount originally earmarked. | Amount actually released. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rs. | Rs. |
|  | Scientific equipment required by University Departments. | 25,00,000 | 25,30,576 |
|  | Scientific equipment required by affiliated colleges. | 10,00,000 | 4,95,600 |
|  | Library books \& journals for Universities and Colleges. | 5,00,000 | 5,17,258 |
|  | Total:- | 40,00,000 | 35,43,434 |
| Rs. 25,00,000 earmarked for scientifie equipment |  |  |  |
| (Contd. .8.) |  |  |  |


required by science departments of Universities were allotted to the different Universities approximately in proportion to the equipment grants sanctioned by the Commission for the duration of the Second Plan period. For the import requirements of affiliated colleges for scientific equipment, limits roughly from Rs.5,000/- to Rs.20,000/- were fixed: Higher allotments within these limits were made only to colleges doing post-graduate teaching and research as well as to colleges which are affiliated to Universities having no science departments of their own. As regards allotments for library books and journals for Universities and affiliated colleges, ceilings were fixed as follows:-
i) For University libraries ..... Rs. 30,000
ii) For college libraries ..... Rs. 5,000

As the amount of Rs, $10,00,000$ allotted for scientific equipment requirements of colleges wás not fully utilised, part of its was diverted for the purpose of import of scientific equipment for University departments and library books and journals for Universities and colleges.

For the current licensing period iso. April-September 1960, the Government of India has made an allocation of, Rs. 40.00 lakhs for the import requirements of Universities and the affiliated colleges. From past experience it was realised that the provision of $\mathrm{m}, 10,00,000$ for import of scientific equipment by affiliated colleges during the previous licensing periods was on the high side. On the other hand the provision of. hs.5.0 lakhs for import of library books and journals was inadequate. The allotments for the current licensing period (April-September, 1960) have therefore been made as under:-


[^0]:    Dated loth June 180 :

[^1]:    (Contd......p.8...)

