Proceedings of the 38 th meeting of the University Grants Commission held in New Delhi on the 4 th of April, 1962. The following were present:-

1. Prof. D.S.Kothari
2. Shri D.C.Pavate
3. Prof. A.R. Wadia
4. Dewan Anand Kumar
5. Dr. A.C.Joshi
6. Shri S.R. Das
7. Shri S. Bhoothalingam
8. Shri N.N. Iengar

## Secretariat

1. Dr. B.D. Laroia
2. Dr. P.J. Philip
3. Shri R.K.Chhabra

Chairman
Member
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"
Officiating Secretary.
D.O. (S)
D. O. (H)

Assistant Secretary.

Apology for absence was received from Pt. H.N.Kunzru.
The Education Secretary, Shri P.N.Kjrpal could not attend being out of India on official duty.

Item 1: To receive the Minutes of the last meeting of the University Grants Commission held on 7th March, 1962.

The Minutes of the 37 th meeting of the University
Grants Commission held on the 7th of March, already circulated, were confirmed. In aonnection with the Adil. Item ( ${ }_{\sim}^{c}$ ) relating to Centres of Advanced Studies, Dr. Joshi said that he had some doubts about the merits of the proposal and he would like the subject to be re-discussed. Tho. Chairman observed that though the subject had been thoroughly discussed in the previous meetings, there was no objection to rediscussing the matter, and Dr. Joshi was requested to give a note about his views on the subject - The note would be considered at the next meeting of the Commission.

Item 2: To receive a report on the action taken on certain matters.

The Commission confirmed the action taken on the
items listed in Appendix $I^{*}$ of these minutes.

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Item 3: To receive a statement of grants paid and expendilure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission.

The Commission approved the grants paid/sanctioned "and the expenditure incurred as shown in Appendix II of these minutes.

Item 4: To receive a copy of the Bihar State University Commission Bill 1961 as passed by the Bihar Legislature.

The Commission noted that the Bihar Legislature had passed the Bihar State University Commission -Bill 1961. It was felt that it was not necessary at this stage for the Commission to nominate a representative on the Bihar state University Commission. The Commission desired that it may be pointed oil to the Bihar Government that the establishmont and working of the Bihar State University Commission should not in any way adversely affect or interfere with the functions and responsibilities of the U.G.C. in relation to the universities in the State.

Item 6 To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding the Gujarat Vidyapeeth, Ahmedabad being deemed as a University' under Section 3 of the U.G.C. Act of 1956.

- This item was postponed.

Item 6: Tot consider a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding information to be supplied by the Government of India to the University of the Seven Seas for a project to be undertaken by them in 1962.

The Commission had no comments to offer on the request of the University of the Seven • Seas, California, received from the Ministry of Education. The communication from the University may be brought to the notice of the universities by the Ministry of Education.

Item 7: To consider the request of the Korala University for payment of a grant on the occasion of their Silver Jubilee.

The Commission regretted their inability to give a special grant to the Kerala University on the occasion of its Silver Jubilee.


Item_8: To consider the request of the Jadavpur University for the construction of a Gaindhi Bhavan.

The Commission agreed to the construction of the
Gandhi Bhavan at the Jadavpur University on the usual condition of assistance not exceeding Rs. $\perp$ lakh shared equally - between the Commission and the Gandhi smarak Nidhi.

Item 9: To consider the request of the Aligarh Muslim University for the appointment of a Dean of Students' Welfare and other staff for him.
It was agreed that the proposal of Aligarh Muslim University in the first instance be considered at the next meeting of the Vf̣ce-Chancellors of Central Universities.

Item 10: To consider the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the A.I.C.T.E. regarding the estimated expenditure for the introduction of 5 years integrated courses at (a) College of Engineering, Waltair, Andhra University, (b) College of Engineeríng, Timpati, Sri Venkateswara $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{i}$ versity.

The Cormission considered the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the A.I.C.T.E. and sanctioned the payment of grants to the College of Engineering, Waltair, Andhra University, and the College of Engineering; Tirupati, Sri Venkateswara University, as follows to be paid as and when necessary during the Third Plan period. The A.I.C.T.E. may be consulted regarding the assurance to be obtained from the universities about the continuance of the schemes beyond the Third Plan periodias in the case of schemes of the U.G.C.:- .
(a) Non-recurring

|  | proved cost. Rs. | share. Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Buildings } \\ & (15 ., 600 \underset{\text { sfift }}{ } \text { plinth }) \end{aligned}$ | 2,26,800 | 1,13,400 |
| Equaptiant | 90,000 | 45,000 |
| Furniture | 54,000 | 27,000 |
| Total N.R. | 3,70,800 | 1,85,400 |

(b) Recurring

Staff salaries $\quad 1,00,000 \quad 50,000$

| Maintenance | 12,000 | 6,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Recurring | $\underline{12,000}$ | 56,000 |

Item 11: To consider the adoption of a general policy reguarding grants to be paid to the Universities for meeting the expenses in connection with "local costs' (salary etc.) in respect of the substitutes for teachers selected for training abroad under various Foreign Aid and Technical Assistance Programmes.

The Commission approved the payment of $50 \%$ of the "local costs" resulting from the deputation of 'teachers selected by universities for training abroad after approval
by the University Grants Commission.
Item 12: To consider the recommendations of the Association of Principals of Technical Institutions, received through the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A. regarding meansurest that may be taken for (a) meeting the shortage of teachers at various levels in Technical institutions and (b) improving the quality of teachers already working in these institutions.
This item was withdrawn.
Item 13: To consider the basis on which grants are given to the affiliated colleges for various schemes during the Third Five Year Plan period and to fur, the consider the question of modifying some of the conditions to meet the requirements of exceptonal cases.

The Commission agreed with the suggestion that in the case of a college situated in a backward or thinly poplated area, the condition of a minimum enrolment of 400 students for the college to be eligible for Commission's grant may be waived, if the 'case was otherwise deserving of assistance and was recommended by the Vice-Chancellor. The condition of minimum enrolment may also be relaxed in other cases if there were special reasons meriting such a relaxalion. It was further agreed that in special cases assistance may be given to individual colleges during the Third Plan Period to the extent of the difference between Rs. 1.5 lakhs and any assistance already given during the second Plan Period, on the recommendation of the Vice-Chancellor of the university concerned.



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Course.
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 5-year integrated course schemes. In the yiewt entether formed


 mission desired that these posts: (in exeessofthermbers for




 Itemity To receive a report on the implementation of -iter nthe schemer of salary tavision of uitversityranor
 It was noted that the Wi.g. $C$. hadrecehtiy addrasti) sedothe state Governments exploining the postion ofegarding an assuratice from the untversdties; innconsututantan theqir State Governments, hathat schemes of ationtinuthis under the Third Plan "would be continued '(beyond the Third 'Patat: Per 金Ody' after the assistance from the U.G.C. for these schemes has ceased. However, in view of the fact that ing. séveral cases the universities are experiencing a reald dif.rif "ficulty in providing the.' 'required as.surfance:' (which ¢art pos wo given only after consulting the State Government.concerneafix it was considered desifable that the Comission may tafike of up this matter with the Central Government and the Planing Cominsifion. Action in the meantime may be taken to release funds to the universities if they can give a reasonable assurance that the scheme will be continued after the Third Plàn Period.


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The Commission was of the view that wherever revised scales had been accepted by universities, they should be as salaries and not as allowances equivalent to the difference between the old and the new scales of pay.

In regard to the question of date of increment in the revised scale, it was agreed that the teachers may earn their increment in the revised scale on the date on which they would have normally earned in the old scale. This was on the analogy of the decision taken in the case of Delhi University.

It was agreed that the additional expenditure involved towards CPF consequent upon the revision of scales of pay be treated as an approved expenditure and the grant for this also be paid on the usual sharing basis.
Item 6: To further consider the question of revision of the salary scales of library staff in the universities.
The Commission noted that at an earlier meeting of the Commission(held on LIth October, 1960), it was agreed to treat on the same basis, for purposes of salary scales, the teaching and library staff in the universities and colleges. While in a large number of universities and colleges the II Plan scales have been adopted for the teaching staff, the same benefit has so far not been extended to the library staff. The Commission agreed that where a university or college desires to put its library staff on the same scale of pay as the corresponding teaching staff, the Commission would be prepared to share the expenditure on the usual basis subject to the following:-
(i) Where the teaching staff have been given the II Plan revised scales of pay but the same benefit has not been extended to the library staff, the Commission would be prepared to meet the expenditure involved in this revision on the same sharing basis as in the case of teaching staff
(ii) Where the III Plan revised scales of pay have been adopted for the teachers, and the same have not been extended to the library staff, the Commission would be prepared to meet 80 per cent of the expenditure involved in placing the library staff on the III Plan revised scales, provided the library staff have already been placed, or the University ore is prepared to place them, on its own resources, on the II Plan scales.


Item 171
To consider the general question whether the interest earned by the universities/ colleges on the grants paid by the Commission should. be treated as a part of the grants or should be refunded to the Commission.

The Commission resolved that all interest earned
by a university on plan funds sanctioned by the U. G.C. should proforma be treated as an additional grant for the relevant purpose of each scheme and shown as such in the accounts of the universities. Also, the amount of such Interest earned should be reported once a year to the U. G.C. for their approval as an additional grant for the purpose.

Item 18: To consider the question of giving financial assistance for the establishment of five new colleges in the City of Calcutta in connection with the programme of phased reduction of numbers in the big colleges.

Item 19: To consider the recommendations of the r selection committee of the Advisory Board on Social Welfare regarding schemes of research in social welfare received from the Universities.

These items were witponed withdrawn.
Item 20: To consider a proposal from Vilmem University for financial assistance for the postgraduate course in Social Work at Indore Christian College.

The Commission agreed to assist the Indore
Christian College for M.A. course in Social Work on the usual condition that the assistance to the college for post-graduate studies would be restricted to a total sum of Rs. 1 lakh during the Plan period. The details of the expenditure on the schemesshould be scrutinized and the grant paid on $50: 50$ basis.

Item 21: To consider a proposal from the Nagpur
University for the development of teaching of Journalism in the Hislop College, Nagpur.

The Commission accepted in principle the revised proposal of the Hislop College, Nagpur, to start a two-year course in Journalism as a Department of the Nagpur University, It was agreed that the financial implications. of the proposal be examined by a committee' to "determine the grant to be paid

- 8 -
on the usual sharing basis.
Addle. Item I: To receive the report of the Committee appointed by the U.G.C. to look into the Reports of the Visiting Committees and other matters.

Before item $N_{C}$. 22 was taken, the Commission decided to consider the report of the committee consisting of Dr. D.S. Kothari, Shri S. Bhoothalingam and Shri P.N. Kirpal, and accepted the report as per Appendix III, covering all universities including the 21 universities so far visited.

The Commission noted that most universities had large 'spillovers' from the Second Slang and as such the universities should, in general, give a high priority to completion of development schemes begun during the second Plan Period. It was also noted that during the year the Commission had sanctioned to all universities grants to meet the basic needs of libraries and science laboratories.

With regard to the proposal of the Indian School for International Studies for the creation of the post of a Professor in Commonwealth History and Institutions, it was agreed that this may be referred to the committee mentioned above.

Item 22:
To consider the reports of the Visiting
Committees appointed by the Commission to
assess the requirements of the following
universities during the Third Five Year
Plan period:-

1. Aligarh 2. Annamalai 3. Delhi
2. Gujarat 6. Kerala 7. Madras 8. Marathwada-.
3. Rajasthan 10. S.N.D.Tí.Women's I1. Sri Venkateswara.

The Commission considered the reports of the
*Visiting Committees and approved the allocation of funds
for development purposes (including the spillover from
the second Plan) of the following universities as given
in Appendix IV. It was felt that in some cases minor modifications in the allocations may be necessary, and these may be done by the Chairman.

| 1. Aligarh | 2. Annamalai | 5. Dararas |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. Delhi | 5. Gujarat | 6. Kerala |
| 7. Madras | 8. Marathwada 9. Rajasthan |  |
| 10. S.N.D.T. Women's 11. Sri Venkateswara |  |  |

The payment of grants to the universities would be subject to the limitátions laid dowr in the report of the Committee accepted under Add!. Item 1.

Item 23: To note the date and place of the next meeting of the Commission.

It was noted that the next meeting of the U.G.C. would be held in New Delhi on the 2nd of May, 1962. Add1. Item 2: To consider a letter received from the Vice-Chancellor, Visvato Bhatrat regarding revival of Rabindra Bhavan and continuation of Shri Probodh Chandra Sen as Professor of Bengall boyond the age of 65 .

The Commission decided that Prof. Probodh Chandra Sen be requested to continue his work in the University by agreeing to join the U.G.C's Retired Teachers' Scheme. In view of the exceptional circumstances of the case, as explained by the Vice-Chancellor in his letter, Prof. Sen may be given a somewh t highei hancirerium, (beyond the usúal limit of fis. 0,000 per annum to be decidec by the Chatran.
Addl. Item 3: To consider a proposal from the Delhi University for assistance for the establishment of a Library Extension Centre in New Delhi.

The Commission sanctioned the payment of a grant of Fs. 40,000/- for books and Rs. 20,000/- for furniture and installation of fans for the Delhi University Library Extension Centre set up at the Ramakrishna Mission, New Delhi on the condition that if at any time the arrangements entered into with the Ramakrishna Mission for the Extension Library Centre are discontinued, the books and furniture that may be acquired and accommodated in the new Library building will be returned to the University.

Addl. Item 4: To consider the proposal of Karnatak University for construction of two hostels.

The Comission considered the proposal of the
Karnatak University for the construction of two hostels and
accepted the same. It was agreed that the total estimated cost of these hostels i.e. Ps. 13 lakhs (each hostel and not both to cost.Rs. 6 lakhs for the building and Rs. 50,000 for furniture) be included in the total requirements of the Karnatak University for the Third Plan as recommended by the Visiting Committee and accepted by the Commission, and the Univereity to work within the overall limit as laid down under additional item $I_{\text {. }}$
sd/-
(N.N. Iengar)

Sd/-
(D. S. Kothari)

 on certain matters.

1. Financial assistance to retired teachers/ Scientists.

The Commission at their meeting held on ind August, 1961, approved a scheme for assistance to retired teachers and scientists after superannuation to enable them to continue their teaching/research work. A total of 49. applications were received. The Selection Committee consisting of:-

1. Dr. D.S. Kothari (Chairman)
2. Dewan Anand Khmer
3. Prof. N.A. Nikam
4. Prof. A.R. Wadia
met on 23rd February, 1962 and made the following recommendat-ions:-
a) The candidates even beyond the age of 65 years may be considered under the scheme If they retain active interest in academic work.
b) . The awards may be tenable for 2 years in the first instance w.e.f. the date of actual commencement of the research work under the scheme. The grants under the scheme will be in addition to any pension earned by the recipients. However in case for reemployment grants payable under the scheme shall cease forthwith.
c) The Committee agreed that the case of a retired lecturer from Kerala with a.Ph.D. from Cambridge who sought assistance about a couple of years ago may be reviewed, and circulated to the members of the Committee for eliciting their opinion.
d) The published work or research done should be regarded as a positive basis for selection.

The Committee recommended the following candidates
for assistance under the scheme.
i) Dr. Moho. Wahid Mirza (Arabic)
ii) Shri:N. Aida Swami Shashtri (Undo-
iii) Prof. P.S. Naidu (Education)
iv) Dr. Ashirbadi La Srivastava (History)


The Committee also agreed that relevant facts about Prof. M.S. Mani and M. Vaidyanathan may be ascertained before considering their applications. The Chairman, University Grants Commission accepted the recommendations of the Selection Committee and sanctioned the award of assistance to 22 teachers/scientists detailed above.
2)
2) The Commission approved an expenditure of RS* 2,20,000/- for construction of buildings for the Department of Radio-Physics and Electronics, Calcutta University. The estimates for the building originally included a provision of Rs. 13,500/- for electrical installations and fans.

While executing the work, the University found that the provision of Rs. 13,500/- made in the estimates for electrical installations and fans was. inadequate and realised that a further provision of Rs. 14,500/was needed for this purpose. Accordingly, a request for approval of an additional expenditure of Rs. 14,500/was made by the University to meet all the requirements under electrical services. The University however undertook to meet this additional expenditure from the total expenditure of RS. 2,20,000/- approved by the Commission for the construction of buildings for the Department.

The University's, request for an additional expenditure of is. 14,500/- for the purpose stated above was approved subject to the condition that the total expenditure for construction of buildings for the Department of Radio-Physics and Electronics "oes not exceed the origina: sanction for Rs. $2,20,000 \%$.

The matter is reported to the Commission.
3. Approval of financial assistance under the Three-Year Degree Course Scheme to D.A.V. Degree College, Varanasi.

Banaras Hindu University recommended the names nf 1 onligege aftilisited to it for assistance under the ThreeuYear Degree Course scheme. Out of these four colleges, only one college viz. D.A.V. Degree College, Varanasi fulfils the conditions necessary for assistance under the Three. Year Degree Course scheme. It was agreed to assist this college on the basis recommended by the Estimates Committee on the Threer.Year Degree Course, The expenditure approved ..s as shown below;-
Approved $\quad$ U.G,C's
expenditure $\quad$ share
Nọ-Resurríng $\quad 75,000 \ldots 37,500$

Recurring for $\quad 25,000$ 12,500 P, A a period of 4 years.
4. Paymeri f grants to big colleges of Calcutta under th Thave-Year Degree Course scheme.
........
The University Grants Commission's Committee which reported on the problem of phased reduction of number of student .s in the his enlleges of Calcutta (Item 19 of the U.G.C. meeting held on 11/12-2-1960) had gone into the question of accommodation in the colleges and recommended a ceiling enrolment for cain oft the colleges, Suggestions
made by the Committee included splitting the existing colleges into different units with separate and fulltime staff and separate governing bodies.

On the basis of thesereoomendetions and of the number of students approved by the Committee, the Chairman accorded approval for assistance to these colleges (treating 1,000 students as one unit) as detailed below.

| College | Existing <br> number of <br> students | Certified <br> capacity <br> of | Units | Sanctioned |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 1800 | NoR. | R. |
| 1. AsutoshCollege | 2568 | - | 2 | 5 |
| 2. Jogmaya <br> devi <br> College. | 1875 | - | - | 2 |
| 3. Syama <br> Srasad <br> College | 1382 | - | - | 2 |


6. St. Xavier's 1020
College
(2 shifts)
7. Manga $r r(9713 \%$
(3 shifts) 1046

| 8. Surendra | 3140 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rath | 2311 |
| College |  |
| (3 shifts) |  |

9. City $\begin{aligned} & \text { Colleg }\end{aligned}$

3(0) Anandmohan 2340 College
(b) Ram mohan 1165 College

2000
-
1
2
$\square$
$1.5 \quad 1.5$
1500

2 : 3
$4.5 \quad 9$ 9
including one unit for women's college,

 20002

2

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contd...

5. Approval in principle to financial assistance towards the preparation of Reading Material in General Education - Andhra University

The Chairman approved, in principle, the scheme of the Andhra University for the preparation and publication of reading material in connection with the introduction of General Education courses in the University at an estimated cost of Ps. 20,000/- and agreed to meet the cost at $50 \%$ of the expenditure or Rs. 10,000/- whichever is less.

The Chairman also approved the University's proposal for organising a series of 15 Lectures on Asian Culture at an estimated cost of Rs. 5,000/- as an activity of the department of Philosophy of the University. It was agreed that the full cost of the expenditure incurred on the Lectures within Rs. 5,000/- would be met by the Commission.

The University has been asked to furnish details of the items on which the above expenditure is to $b=$, incurred.
p.t.o.

6. Establishment of a Hobby Workshop in R.K. Arya College, Nawanshahr Doaba

The scheme submitted by the Radha Krishna Arya College Nawanshahr Doaba (Panjab University) for the establishment of a Hobby Workshop in the College at a total non-recurring cost of Rs. 28,500/- has been finally approved and the Ist instalment of grant of Rs. 5,900/- has been sanctioned against the Commission's share of Rs.20,000/(NR). The College has been asked to proceed with the implementation of the scheme.
7. Central Universities - Payment of
'on Account grant during 1961-62
Following further 'on Account' grants have
been made to the Central Universities to meet their
normal expenditure. These grants are subject to
adjustment on the basis of the revised estimates to
be examined by the Reviewing Committee.

Aligarh Muslim University $=8,00,000$
Rs. $52,02,976.50 \mathrm{np}$.
(is.51,00,000/- by cash
payment and Rs. $1,02,976.50 \mathrm{np}$ ) by adjustment)

Rs. 75,00,000/-
(Rs. 73 lakhs by cash payment and Rs. 2 lakhs by adjustment.)

Rs. 39 lakhs
(Rs. 37,99,623 by cash payment and Rs. $1,00,377 /-$ by adjustment)

Rs. $21,40,000 /-$
(Rs. 21 lakhs by cash
payment and Rs.40,000/by adjustment)
8. Aligarh Múslim University - Revision of scales of pay of Non-academic staff ----

The Commission in their meeting held on 7th
Februcry 1962 had approved the revision of scales of pay of the non-academic staff in the Aligarh Muslim University w.e.f. I.7.1959. But the scales of pay of
certain non-teaching posts in the University were not revis.ed by the Commission as these posts carried a fixed rates of pay. The University was therefore asked to intimate the qualifications and duties prescribed for the holders of these posts and also to suggest an oppropriate previously existing graded scales suited to the duties and quali-
 information from the University, the Chairman approved the suggested scales and the revision of"scales of pay for these non-academic staffs of the Aligarh Muslim University w.è.f. Ist July, 1959 as in the schedule attached (Appendix 'I').

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9. ., "* starting"of New Courses in the Colleges
." . ... of Delhi University.
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The Commission in its meeting held on the 7th Februáry, 1962 desired the chairman to pave further discussion with the University regarding the teaching of M.A. Classes in History and Political Science in the Sri Guru Tegh Bahadur Khalsa College; Delhi. The Chairman discussed the matter with the Principal, S.G.T.B. Khaisa College and permitted the College to teach M:A. Classes in History and Political Science w.e.f. the academic year 1962-63 as it already has Honours courses in these subjects.
10. $\because$ The Government of India have amended the staff car rules in respect of the working hours of ohauffeurse $=j$ As the U.G.C. Staff Car Rules are usually: based on the Gpvt, of India Rules the amendmont has been carried ou't in the respective rule No. 24 (of U.G.C. Staff Car Rules) as follows: follows:-

As at present
24. The normal working hours of the Staff Car driver will be from 9.00 a . m . to $7.00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. with an interval of $1 \frac{1}{2}$,hours for lunch.

## Substituted by

24. The normal working hours of the chauffeurs will be from 9.30 á.m. to $6.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. with a lunch break of $\frac{1}{2}$ hour from I. $30^{\circ} \mathrm{p}$.m, to $2.00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
25. . ${ }^{\top}$.Ger. Building - Construction of cycle shed. ----

In tho original estimates for the construction of the building of the Tniversity Gents Commission approved by the Commission at their meeting held on 7 th December, 1959, the constriction of a cycle shed was not included. The C.P.W.D. have since submitted an rastimate for the construetion of the cycle shed at a cost nf. Rs. 22,500/- which has been sanctioned.
12. $\quad$ appointment of Sheri N.N. Tengar to officiate

Shri S. Mathai, socrotary, iniversity Grants Commission has been sanctioned 89 days ex-india leave from 15th February, 1762 to 14 th May 1962 (both days inclusive) with permission to suffix lith Many, 1962 (holiday) as approved in the last meeting of the Commission held on 7 th March, 1962 vide additional Atom No. 12 It has boon decided that during the leave period of Shri s. Mathai, Sheri N.N. Tengar, Deputy secretary will' carry on the current duties of the secretary, Tiniv sparsity Grants Commission.
13. Refusing of love preparatory tn retirement to Dr. B.D. Troia, Development רfficor(Science)

Dr, I.D. J.nroia, Development Officer (Science) who
is to retire from the service of the Commission on 6.6.1962 had applici for thees months earned leave preparatory to retirement with effect from 20th March, 1962. The Chairman has, in tho interest of public service, refused the grant of 79 days leave preparatory to retirement due to Dr. Troia and has allowed him to avail of the above refused leave from 7.6.1962, the date of his retirement from tho Iniversity Grants Commission.

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14. Children's Educational Allowance to Central
    Govirnment Employees. - extension of the
    bonefit to the employees of the tiniversity
    Grants Commission.
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    Tho Government of India after considering the recommendations of the Pay Commission regarding the


- 9 -
introduction of a scheme of Educational Assistance for Central Government employees have decided that "Children's Educational Allowance" will be allowed to Central Govt. employees whose parsis debitable to Civil Estimates with effect from lIst March, 1962 vide Ministry of Finance O.M. No. F. $10(1)-E s t .(S p l) /$.60 dated the 30th January, 1962 (Annexure I).

As the Commission is generally following the decisions of the Government of India and the rules laid down in Fundamental and Supplementary rules etc., it has been decided to extend the above benefit to the staff of the University Grants Commission w.e.f. Ist March, 1962 on the terms and conditions laid down in the above referred O.M. of Ministry of Finance.


Supplementary statement showing the Revised Pay Scales of Non-academic staff of the Aligarh Muslim University.


Copy of O.M. No. F. 10(1)-Est. (Spl)/60 dated the 30 th January 1962 from the Ninisiry of Finance, New De hi, addressed to all the Ministries of the Govt. of India, etc., elc.;

Subject: Children's Pducational Allowance to Central Government *. em loyees.

The undersisned is directed to soy that the President, after considering the recormendation of the Pay Cominission regarding the introduction of a Scheme of Baucational Assistance for Central Govemment employees, has been pleased to ecide that 'Children's Educational dilowanc e' wili be allowed to Central Govemnent employees whose pay is debitable to Giv.I Estimates, in accordance with the terms and conditions mentioned in paragraph 2 below.
2. (A) Eligibility
(i) III porman ent, and quasi-permonent nongazetted Government servants and temporary non-gazetted Goveminent servants who have put in not less than three years' service and whose pay does not exceed R.. 349 p.m. will be eligible for the grant of allowance subject to the fulfilment of the conditions laid dow herounder.

NOTE: : Nongazetted employ ees drawing pay...petween. Rs. 350/andi R. 399 shall be entitled to mareinal adjustments as indicated in the illustration below:-

If 1 A gets a pay of ha . 360 and has got liabilities which would entitile him to an allowance?f Rs. $30 /-$ (had his pay

- been lis. 349/-) ho shall be gi. en the diflerencobetween Rs. $349+30$ and Rs. 360 viz., R. 19/- p.en.
ii There both the $G_{0 v t}$ ervant and his wife or her husband are in Govt. service, the allowance will be adinissible in respectof one of them only provided that it will not'be admissible if the pay of either of $\therefore$ - then exceeds Rs. $349 /-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{m}$.

NOT: Pay for the above purpose ireans pay as derined in F.R.9(21) (a) and in the case of a Govt. servant who has el ected to retain the existing scales unierthe Central Civil Services (Revised Pay) Rules, 1960, also includes qeamess pay as defined under finance Ministry's. 0 . N. ITo. 6(5)-E.II/53 dated the. 9 th May, $19-53$.
iii The allowance will be aduissible to a Go, servant who is on duty, under suspension or on leave including leave preparatory to retirenent. It will not be admissible to deceasod, reti red ordischarged Govt. servants. If any Govt. servant dies, retires or is discharged in the midule of an academic y :ar the allowance will be admissible till the and o that academic year.

[^0]$$
\text { Contd... . } 2
$$
(B) Rote of illowance:
(i) The allowance will be adm issible at the followingrates

Primary classes Rs. $10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. per child
Secondary and Higher
Secondary classes.

Rs. $15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. per child
(ii) The to tall allowance admissible o to a Govt 。 servant at any one time shall not exceed is. $50 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
) Conditions for the grant of Educational Allowance.
(i) The allowance will be admissible only in respect of children between the age limits of 5 and 18 years.

NOTE: The allowance shall commence from the month following that in which the child attain's the ave of 5 and shall cease at the end of the academic year in which the child attains the are of 18.

The concession will be limited to edincation up to
Higher Secondary CIanser
$\qquad$
The allowance will Le admissible only when the child or children of a Govt, servant study in a school away from tho station at which he/she is posted and/or is residing.

I Iustration: ' A ' has his headquarters at Delhi and is residing at Ghaziabad. The allowance will not be admissible if his children study in a school either in Lei hi or in Ghaziabad.
(iv) Thofilowance will be admissible only if the child is en rolled in a school which is rec $\quad$ nosed by the Departrnont of Education or Educational authorities of the jurisdiction in which the school is situated,
(v) The allowance will be admissible only in respect of Govt. servants's legitimate chiláron including step-children and adopt ted children ${ }^{n}$ (where adoption is recognised under the personal law of the Govt. servant) who are wholly dependent on the Govt. servant.
(vi) The 'allowance will not be adnissibibe to India based staff serving in Missions abut who received educational assistance under in e Indian Goreigr. Service Pules.
(vii) There a child is in roceiptof any Govt. scholarship, the ailo rance will be reduce ad by the amount of the Govt. scholarship: If he is in receipt, of a scholarship higher than $h_{s}$. $10 /$ - in the primary stage and $9 s$ a $15 /$ - in the secondary stage, the allowance will not bo admissible in respect of such a child.
(viii) When a Govt. servant's pay is raised beyond Rs. 349/on account of the grant of increment $o^{r}$ promotion or he acquires gazetted status, the allo ane will be continued, if other er conditions remain unaltered, until his pay exceeds the theta l of his pa phis educational/allowanco ? rip to ser she rise in pay. The amount of the allowance rill: however; be -

$$
\operatorname{Con} \tau d ., .3 \text {. }
$$


-3-
limited to the difference bwetween the sur $m$ to tall of pay plus educational allowance prior to $g$ rant of increment or promotion or acquiring of gazetted status and the pay drawn after such promotion.
(ix) In respect of a temporary Govt. servant, the allowance will be admissible from the month following that in which he completes three years' service.
(D) Certificates required in support of the claim
(1) Where the educational allo ance is claimed a certificate should be furnished by the fort. servant in the form annexed to these orders twice a year to the officers who draw their pay and allowances from the Treasury.
(ii) a certificate should be fumished on the bills by the drawing and disbursing officers every month that the necessary certificates have b en obtained.
(iii) The correctness of the certificate should be got verified by the drawing officers periodically.
3. The expenditure on account of Children's Raucational Allowance will be debitable to the same head of account to which a Government servant's pay and allow andes are debited and shall be booked under a detailed head "Children's Educational Allowance" to be opened for the purpose.
4. These orders take effect from the Inst March, 1962.
5. In so far as the persons working in the Indian audit and accounts Department are concerned, these orders are issued after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor reneral of India.

Kama


A

## FORM

Certifica that my children mentioned below, in respect of whom Chijdren's macation illownce is claimed, are studying in schools witich arc recognised by the Mucation/Departeient/ Pducational. authorities of the jurisidiction in which the schools are situated, at a place other than nay hoaiquarters and/or resiuence:-

| Iame of child | Date of Birth | School in which studying and location of tho School. | The place Class in where the which Govt. ser- studying vant is rea siding. | Anount of scholar ship. | Amount <br> of <br> allow <br> ance <br> claimed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | $4 \quad 5$ | 6 | 7 |

ま
2
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.

9

Certified that the children a ro not in receipt of Govt. scholarship except to the extent indicated against the child concemed.

Cortified that ay wife/husband is not in Government service, or
that my wife/husbema is in Govemment service and that no ailowance would be clained by her/hin and"al so the pay draw by her/hin does not exceed Rs. $540 /-$ per month.

Kamal

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
 4th Apri1. 1962 .
 incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on 7.3.1962.
S.No. University/College

Purpose.
Towards the salaries of the stasf for the $\quad \therefore 0143500(R)$ development of Institute of Social Sciences.
2. Aligarh \% ni

।
(ii) 4th instalment towards purchase of furniture \& 40,000/equipment for the University Library Building (Approved cost Rs.3,20,000/- Previously paid $\mathrm{Fs} .2,50,000 /-$ )
3. Banaras
(ii) 'On account' grant towards Library Buildingeexpansion 10,000/scheme (Approved cost Rs. $2,74,825 /-$ )
(iii) On account grant towards salaries of additional : 13,000/staff for the University Library.
(iv) 2nd instalment towards the construction of Bharat Kala Bhavan - additional Wing (Approved cost Ps.97,200/-
$\because$ paid Rs. $50,000 /-$ in February, 1962).
(v) Ion account ' recurring grant towards the - 12,000 (R) salaries of staff of south Indian Languages and Culture for 1961-62.
4. Calcutta

3̀rd instalment of grant towards
the construction of University
Library Building (Approved 50,000/Rs. 28,63,300/-U.G.C.'s share
Ps. 19,08,866/-previously paid
RS. 1,50,000\%-)

24
Rs.
5. Delhi
6. Gorakhpur
bi) On account-grant towards establishment of a Chair $\quad 20,000 /$ for Budhist studies.
(ii) On account grant towards further development of
Budhist Studies - Salaries of Staff for 1961-62.

Towards the purchase of Library books \& journals (H) in 1961-62.
7. Panjab
(i) Ist instalment of grant
for the purchase of Library furniture (Approved 1,50,000/cost Rs. 3,00,000/-U.G.C.'s share "Rs 2,00,000/-).
(ii) Ord instalment of grant towards construe :ian of Arts Block. i -red cost $76,000 /-(N R)$ Rs, 16, 14, 500 (iNK) share of the Commission at $66 \frac{2}{3}$. Es. $10,76,333(\mathrm{Nk})$ 。 U main previously' paid Rs 7, 89, OOO(NR)
8. Sanskrit Vishvidayalaya, Varanasi.

Towards the plates of
Library beats \& formals 40,000/(ii) in $5.961 .6^{\wedge}$
9. Utkal
?.
10. : Patna
11. Mysore
12. Aligarh
and instalment of grant towards
tie construction or University Library building (Arminius cost Rs. 3,13,300/- won's share 68,000/Rs. $5,42,200 /-$. Previously paid Rs. $1,00,000 \mathrm{k}-$ ).
(i) IO account: recurring grant $\quad 4,000$ (R)
towards the department of towards the department of Labour and Suint Welfare for 1961-62.
! .
(ii) ion account: vocirining grant towards the laparinant of Lay for 1961-62.

$$
3,000(R)
$$

1
i $\therefore$.
II instalment of grant towards Arts Block. Approved Cost \& 50,000 (NR) share of the Commission Rs. 7,77,300 (NR). Grant previously paid Ri. $1,00,000$ (. FiR.)
(i) Towards the recurring grant for the University Polytechnic during 1961.-62, against the 2,7?,640/approved annual ceiling grant of Rs. $3,06,500 /$.
(ii) For construction of buildings for the Polytechnic being the fourth instalment out of the $1,00,000 /-$ total grant of Ps. 7,59,040/sanctioned for the purpose. The previous three instalments amounting to $\mathrm{Bc}, 5,80,000 / \mathrm{m}$ were paid during 1957-58 to 1959-60.

13.

Banaras
$\therefore . .$.
14. Baroda
15. Calcutta
16. Jadavpur

Towards the recurring grant for 1961-62 the Departments of Radio-Physics and Electronices Applied Physics and Applied Chemistry under the A.I.C.T.E. 2,19,000/scheme, being the ceiling grant approved p.a.
(i) For construction of buildings for the college of Engineering and Technology under the Expansion scheme being the 7 th instalment out of the total grant of Rs. 13.80 lakhs approved for the purpose. The 1,00,000/previous six instalments amounting to $\mathrm{Fs} .10,04,500 /-$ were paid during 1958-59 to 1960-61.
(ii) ror purchase of equipment -for the college of Engineering and Technology under the Expansion Scheme being the 5th instalment out of the total grant of Rs. 7.24 lakhs approved for the purpose. 50,000/The first four instalments amounting to Rs.5,19,832/.were paid during 1958-59 to 1960-61.
17. Madras

Towards the recurring grant for the School of Architecture during 1961-62 against the 10,751/approved anual ceiling grant of Rs. $21,666 /-$ 。

1. 18: " Mysore

For purchase of equipment for the college of Enginetring
Bangalore under the Expansion scheme being the 5th instalment 1,00,000/out of the total grant of Rs.5,12,000/- approved for the purpose. The first 4 instalments amounting to ${ }^{-1}$ Rs. 3,50,000/- were nnirt durjnos taç..59 to 1.960..6L.
$\frac{\text { S. No }}{1}$. University/College
$\frac{\text { Amount. }}{4}$.
19. Rookree.
20. Utkal
21. Aligarh.
(i) Towards the recurring grant for the Postgraduate course in Public Health Enginetring during 1960-61 \& 1961-62 ?gainst the approved anual coiling grant of Rs. 20,050/-.
(ii) 'Towards the recurring grant for the Post-graduate course in Photo- 61, 708/ grammetiic Engineering during 1961-62 against the approved annual cciling grant of Rs. 75,500/~。
(iii) Towards the réurring grant for the Expansion Schune of Diploma Courses 1,35,273/in Engincering during 1961-62 against the approved annual ceiling grant of Rs. 1,50,000/-.

Towards the recurring grant for the College of Engineering Burla during 1961-62 against 1,05,957/the approved annual Ceiling grant of Rs。 2,17,333/-.
(i) For the purchase of Scientific Equipment for Science Deptts. as detailca below:-

Name of Deptt.
Amount.
50,000/-
5,000
Rs. $\overline{55,000}$

This is the First instalment against the total grant of Rs. 6,70,000\% sanctioned for the purpose for the Third five Year Plan.
(ii) Towards the construction of an extension wing to Zoology Deptt; being 25,000/- the 3rd instalment from the total grant of Rs. 1,08,378/- approved for the purpose.
University/College





# $\frac{\text { S. No. }}{1} \frac{\text { University/College }}{2}$ <br> 38. Banaras (Contd.) 

39. Baroda
40. Gujarat
$\gamma$

42, Nammu \& Kashmir
43. Kerala
44. Poona

41. Jadavpur
(v) and instalment of grant towards re-roofing and remodelling of Amphith- . 40,000/eatre. Grant already paid Rs. 25,000/-
(vi) towards construction of five hostels including of a kitchen block of Ar. A. B. Hostel.

Amount. Hs.

Construction of staff quarters
$1,10,000 /-$
(i) Ist instalment towards construction of staff quarters, improved cost Rs. 2,94,186/~. U.G.C. share Rs. 1,47,093/-。
(ii) end instalment towards establishment of students ${ }^{1} \quad 25,000 /-$ health Centre. Grant already paid. Rs. 30,000/-.

Eth instalment of grant towards construction of Boy's hostel
Grant already paid Rs.1,65,000/Approved cost Rs. $3,97,200 /-1 \quad 15,000 /-$ U.G.C. Share Rs. 1,98,600/-.
(i) Inst instalment of grant towards the construction of $75,000 /=$ women's hostel. Approved cost of Rs. $3,03,500 \%$ U.G.C.'s share Rs. $2,27,600 /-$
(ii) and inst aliment of grant $\quad \cdots$ towards the construction of Boys 1: inostli. Grant . . 40,000/already paid Rs.50,000/Approved cost Rsi 2,42,000/U.G.C.'s share 1,21,000/-.
(i) Ind instalment of grant $50,000 /-$ towards the construction of Women's hostel. Grant already paid Rs. $1,00,000 /-$ Approved cost Rs. 7,38,000/U:G:C.'s share 5,53,500/—.
(ii) towards establishment of $\quad 4,010 /-$
students health Centre. students health Centre. Grant already paid Rs.25,000/-.

3rd instalment of grant towards establishment of $\quad 25,000 /-$
students health Centre. Grant already paid Rs.50,000/-



## Amount. <br> 4

| $\frac{\mathrm{S.NO}}{1}$ | $\frac{\text { University/College }}{2}$ | $\frac{\text { Purpose }}{3} \quad \frac{\text { Amount. }}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52. | Calcutta | For meeting the expenditure to be incurred for the despatch of books of different 600/Universities/Colleges received from the Asia Foundation,U.S.A. |
| 53. | Delhi | 4th instalment of grant towards 30,000/construction of Gandhi Bhawan. |
| 54. | Allahabad | 2nd instalment of grant towards 10,000/construction of Gandhi Bhavan. |
| 55. | Nagpur | 2nd Instalment of grant towards 20,000/construction of Gandhi Bhavan. |
| 56. | Delhi | Appointment of Addl. .staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the $\begin{gathered} 308 /- \\ \text { (Balance for } \\ 1958-59 \text { ). } \end{gathered}$ |
| 57. | Aligark | Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University Grants $" 12)$, $2,000 /-$ (Balance for $1959-60$ ) |
| 58. | Visva-Bharati | ```Appointment of additional staff to supply informat- ion asked for from time 164.69 to time by the University (Blance for 1959-6( Grants Commission. and 1960-61).``` |
| 59. | Allahabad | ```Appointment ci. additional staff to supply informa- tion asked for from time to `.time by the University Grants Commission.``` |
| 60. | Karnatak | ```Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University Grants Commission.``` |
| 61. | Kerala | Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University $5,500 /-$ <br> Grants Commission. |
| 62. | Marathwarda | Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University Grants 5,500/ Commission. |



- 12 -





SEN/26.3.62.

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.

## Students' Aid Fund




ANDHRA



DELHI.


KARNATÁK



PANJAB:
158. Chhotu Ram Mrya College, Sonepat. ${ }^{\text {. }}$. 1,400/0
159. i.S. Coilege, Khanina Rs. 1,956/-
160. D.A.V.College for Women, $\quad$ Rarnal. $\quad$ Rs. $716 / 50$
101. A.I. Jat Heroes Memorial Colloge,
Rohtak.

POONA.
162. . H.P.T. College, Nasik Rs. 3, 424/-
163.

College of Engineering, Poona.
Rs. 845/-

## RAJASTHAN


168.- : St. Columba's College, 'Hazaribagh. . . . Rs. 2,000/-
169. Ranchi College, Ranchi. . : Rs. 1,500/-

SAUG,IR.
170. . : J.H. Govt. Degree College, Betul. As. 996/-
171. : Nilkanthe shwar College, Khandwa. Rs. 492/-
172.

Government P.G.B.T. College, Raipur.
Rs. 225/-


## CONSTRUCTION OF NON-RESIDENT STUDENTS: CENTRE.



Agra University


CALCUTTA UN IVERSITY


GUJARAT UN IVERSITY
P.D.M. College, of

53,793
35,000
25,000
5,000
Commerce, Rajkot.

KERALA UN IVERS ITY.
187.
1.30.

189. S.B. College,
$49,997 \quad 35,000$
10,000
II \& 0 III Instt.



52


AGRA UN IVERS ITY
197: 'Tikà Ram Kanya (Purchase of

198. D.A.V. College. (Constru- $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dehradun } \\ & \text { ction of } \\ & \text { D } 1,000 \quad 83,260\end{aligned}$

65,000 10,000
4th Instt:
Girls Hostel)
199. B

Balwant Rajput (Library 18,00
12,000
College, Agra. Books)
200. M.K.P. College, (Library 7,500 5,000

Dehradun. • $r_{\text {i Books }}$
(Library 1,22,960
81,973
College,
Kanpur.
buitlaing)

BIHAR UN IVE $\angle S$ ITY.
202. D.A.V. College, (Men's Hostel)

Si'wansaran. 1,41,623
70,812
25,000
15,000
25,
2nd Instt.
203. Chandradhari (Men's

Mithila College Hostel) 3,14,44 Darbanga.

- do - . $\quad$ (Sibrary $\quad 48,385$

32,257
60,243
$\pm 0,000$
10,000
Ist Instt.

- $\quad 10,000$

BURDWAN UN IVERS ITY
204 Suri Vidya Sagar
College,
Birthum.

> (Boys' $\quad 1,90,000 \quad 95,000$ Hostel)
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { - College, } & \text { (Girls' } \\ \text { Asansol. } & \text { Hostel) }\end{array}$ 1,52,000 1,00,000
205. Manimala Girls ${ }^{\prime}$

CALCUTTA UN IVERS ITY
206. Prasannadeb
Women's College, (Girls' $1,52,000 \quad 1,00,000$
206. Prasannadeb $\quad$ Women's College, (Girls' $1,52,000 \quad 1,00,000$

Jalpaiguri. Hostel)
$\cdots$

$50,000 \quad 30,000 \cdot$.
3rd Instt.


207. Dinhata College; (Boys' hostel) 1,90,000 95,000 50,000 35,000 Dinhata.
209. Sarojini Naidu

College for Women, Calcutta.
209. Kalna College Kalna
(Burdwan Unīv.)
210. Rampurhat': College Boys' hostel

| Rampurhat. |
| :--- | 1,90,000 95,000

211. Siliguri Colloge, Boys' hostel
Siliguri.
. Gaühati University.
212 Jagnnath Barooah College, Jorhat.

Gorakhpur University.


Gújarat University.

[^1]

217. M.T.B.College, Girls' hostel 1,56,000 1,00,000 60,000 25,000 surat. .

Karnatak University.
218. Raja Laikhamgond Science Institute, Belgaum.

Girls' hostel 70,900
53,175 25,000 $\begin{gathered}\text { 15, } 000 \\ \text { 3rd } \\ \text { Inst. }\end{gathered}$
4.

Kerala University.

## Lucknow University.

82ł. Shia Collcge, Lucknow.

Library furni- 58,200 ture \& Laboratory equi pmint.

38,800 . 10,000: 10,000 2nd Inst. nd fan $\begin{aligned} & \text { Laboratury } \\ & \text { equipment. }\end{aligned} 60,914 \quad 40,610 \quad 10,000 \quad 5,000$ equipment

Library 1,07,665 builling.

71,777 68,000 Fina 1 Inst.

Madras University.
222. P. AGG. Ats
$\begin{array}{lllll}\begin{array}{l}\text { Laboratory } \\ \text { builaing. }\end{array} & 2,71,000 & 1,25,000 & 30,000 & 30,000\end{array}$
2nd Inst.


POONA UN IVERSITY



PANJAB UN IVERSITY



RAJASTHAN UN IVERSITY
228. Rajasthan
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Mahilavidyalaya, } \\ \begin{array}{lll}\text { (Girls } \\ \text { Udaipur. } \\ \text { Hostel }\end{array} & 2,05,600 & 1,54,000 & 1,20,000 & \\ & 20,000 \\ 5 \text { In Instt }\end{array}$


Establishment of Hobby Workshops In Universitios， and Colleges．

米芘妆


Towards the payment of Junior Research Fellowships in Humanities and Social Sciences（2）Ps．300／－p．m．awerded during 1961－62．
\＃＊＊

（OU），Towards payment of thersonior Reisearch Fellowships． in Humanities \＆Social Sciences © Rs．500／－＇p＇，m．awarded during 1961－62．


Block grants to the Universities for awarding travel grants to teachers，scholars and Technicians for $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{f}}$ ． ft ： $x$ ，visiting Research and Training Centres in India．．．I ，in
S1．

S1．Name of the Annual Amount already $\therefore$ ：Amount now No．University．quota．paid as advance sanctioned on grant 1961－62．account of advance grant．

236．Vikram．
8,000
400／－

$$
4,000 /-
$$

$$
(P . T . O .) .
$$



Towards the payment of Senior Research Fellowships in Science (0 Rs.500/- pom. during 1961-62. ***

| S1. Name of the | Period. | Amount. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| No. University. |  |  |
| 237. Andhra. | $1961-62$ | $1,000.00$ |
| 238. Rajasthan. | -do- | $1,435.48$ |

Towards the payment of Junior Research Fellowships in Science (8) Rs. 300/-p.m. during 1961-62.
.....


Towards the renewal of Senior Research Fellowships in Science © Rs .500/- p.m. during 1961-62 (awarded during 1959-60).
245. Bombay. 1961-62 . 1,000.00 (adjusted against unspent balance).

Towards the award of Resoarch Fellowships in Engineering and Technology © Rs. $400 /$ - pom. during 1961-62:

| 246.Indian Institute <br> of Science, <br> Bangalore. | $\mathbf{1 9 6 1 - 6 2}$ | $9,800.00$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 247. Squzor. | -do- | $\mathbf{5 0 0 . 0 0}$ |

## Towards the renewal of Research Fellowship in

 Engineering and Technology (a Rs .400/- pom. during 1961-62$\because$. (awarded during 1960-61)
248. Jadavpur

1961-62
4,800.00

APPENDIX III tctag.G.o. Minutes dated th April 1 1862.
Minutes of the meeting of the Committee appointed by the Commission to look into the reports of the Visiting Committees and other matters.

The meeting of the Committee was held on 24th March, 1962 at 2. 30 P.M. in the room of the Chairman, U.G.C. The following were present:-

1. Dr. D.S.Kothari.
2. Shr S.Bhoothalingam.
3. Shri P.N.Kirpal.

## I- Indian School of International Studies - Block Grant <br> The Committee felt that, though when the School

 was affiliated to the University; it might have been covered by a block grant as for the university, in its present stage of development, it. may not be best to lay down a block grant. We may consider. the requirements of the School annually according to its actual needs.2. . The Committee noted that up to the end of the Second Plan period, in addition to the various grants that were available to the School through various Foundations erg. Rockefeller Foundation, Ford Foundation, Sir Dorabj1 Tat Trust, etc.; the University Grants Commission also gave a subvention on licover the deficit" basis subject to a maximum of one and a half lakh of rupees per annum. In addition to the specific schemes for approved during the Second Plan period, the assistance that was available to the School for various purposes, e. g. profossorial and other personnel, library material, etc., "through these Foundations having stopped or being likely to "stop in the near future, the need for placing resources at the disposal of the School to cover these purposes had, to be examined. The Committee was of the view that the activities of all the sections of the School could not yet be described as being of a permanent nature; some of them eeg. 9 Department of Nepalese Studies, Central Asian History and Institutions and other Asian regions might be comparatively-speaking permanent, but the position was not the same in regard to all other schemes:


The help of the Roserve Bank, it was noted, would be continued upto May 1966 for Studies of International Economics. Though, apart from an $H_{0}$ norary and Visiting Professor, two posts of Professor - one for International Ralations and one for West Asian History and Institutions - had been sanctioned, only one post of Professor in International Relations had been filled up and the second one was vacant and a post of Reader instead had been filled up under Rs. 1.5 lakhs scheme. 3. a) From an overall point of view, the Committee held that all non-acadenic posts sanctioned under 1.5 lakhs or Second Pler and earmarked grants be continued on a permanent basis. For any additional staff the School should send proposals to the University Grants Commission for scrutiny and sanction.
b) In addition to the academic posts sanctioned under 1.5 lakhs, the School may have three Visiting Professors/Reader of whom one may be from outside India during any year. The Visiting Professors from India may be appointed for a period of one to three years on terms and conditions to be settled in consultation with the University Grants Commission and, to the extent possible, the appointment of Honorary Professors may be discontinued altogether.
c) With regard to the academic appointments sanctioned for the Second Plan period, the Chairman was requested to discuss with the Director to determine which of them could be treated as on permanent basis and which should
still continue to be on "development" basis.
It was also suggested that each scheme under the earmarked grants may be examined by an expert for the information and guidance of the Commission.
d) The following decisions were taken in regard to cortain detailed features:-
(i) The School should not accept without the prior approval of the Commission any assistance as for an

"earmarked project" or "gift" if it involves any permanent liability later;
(ii) Research Assistants: The total number of Research Assistants" to start with may be nine and they may be placed in the scale of Rs .300-25-350 plus nagual allowances (as for Central Universities). These Research Assistants, in addition to helping the Professors/Roaders in their research, would carry on research for submission of their own doctorate theses;
(iii) Part-time Lecturers appointed by the School may continue to be paid as at present;
(iv) The provision of Rs. $50,000 /-$ per annum recombmended by the Committee for Research Material was accepted;
(v) Scholarships:- The School may at any given time have ten scholarships of the value of is: 200/- per month for students who are admitted immediately after passing M. A. Examination and in addition there could be not more than ten junior and senior fellowships at any given time of the same value" as in the case of similar fellowships of the U.G.C. (Juniör"Feliowships - Rs. $300 \%$ P. M. and Senior Fellowship Rs. $500 \%$ - $\left.\mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}_{0}\right)$ : " The eligibility conditions for these fellowships will be the same as those prescribed by the U.G.C. for their fellowships.
(vi) Field Work: The provision of Rs. 20,000/- pa. recommended by the Committee was accepted.
(vii) In"regard to other normal operating or adminstraction expenses; in view of the fact that the grant will be paid on the basis of annual budget, the school should get its budget for these items approved by the Commission;
(viii) No re-appropriation should be made: from one head to another without the prior approval of the Commission. 4. The above decisions will take effect from the year 1961-62.

-14

II- Revision of Salary Scales of Teachers in Technical Institutions.

The Committee considered the decision of the A.I.C.T.E. that university technical institutions need not be divided into Classes $A \& B$ (post-graduate and graduate) institutions for the purpose of salary revision but be permitted to offer either class A or B scales according to the qualifications and experience of the teachers and decided as follows:-
a) The Committee noted that in the case of Central Universities the Commission has already decided (Resolution 25, 5th and 6th July) that the scales of pay for different categories of teachers in all faculties including teachers in technical departments (excepting teachers in Polytechnic) be the same and that, wherever in exceptional cases it becomes necessary, a small number of selection posts in the scale Rs. 1600-1800 (or higher scale) may be created with the prior approval of the Commission. The above decision, the Committee thought, would meet also the requirements of the Faculty of Engineering \& Technology. The Committee also felt that the present decision of the A.I.C.T.E. would not serve the very purpose for which it had prescribed separate scales earliar for teachers in post-graduate institutions:
b) The Committee was of the opinion that as the Principal of a technical institution should primarily be a Professor and would be so in practice, he may be given an administrative allowance of Ps. $230 /-$ pom. in addition to his pay as Professor.
c) State Universities which are desirous of introducing the Central Universities scales for their technical teachers may be permitted to do so and the Committee's recommendation about creating a small number of selection grade posts may also apply to them.

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d)

The Committee decided that while fixing the alarlies of technical teachers in the Central $U_{n}$ iversity scales the dearness allowance drawn by them may be taken into account i.e. the teacher may be given the benefit of the next higher stage over the basic salary plus D.A. drawn by him.
e) The Committee also agreed that the scales of pay of teachers in non-technical and technical subjects in the Aligarh Muslim University Polytechnic may be the same as in other faculties. III- Visiting Committee Reports

Out of the Plan provision of Rs. 37 crores (which includes spillover) about Rs. 19 crores will be required; for Revision of scales of pay. (Rs. 2.5 crores), Three Years Degree Course, (Rs. 4 crores), Post-graduate and Under-graduate Education in Affiliated Colleges (Rs. 6.5 crores), Centenary Grants (Rs. 1.81. crores), Medical Colleges ( 0.9 crores), Students' Welfare Scheme etc. There is therefore roughly Rs. 18 crores available for schemes of the kind recommended by Visiting Committees.
2. When proposals relating to the first 21 Universities were considered by the Committee, the expectation was that those schemes plus similar schemes for the remaining Universities could be more or less accommodated within Rc. 18 crores. Further studies reveal that $\angle a l l$ the recommendations of the Visiting Committees are accepted and implemented within the Plan period, and the needs of the other remaining Universities are also taken into account on more or less the same basis; the total requirements are likely to be of the order of about Rs. $2^{7}$ crores. It is, therefore, likely that some pruning will become necessary by the application of prionpities. This might be so even if allowance is made for a spillover into the Fourth Plan on the one hand and the possiebility of more funds being available on the other. There is

also the possibility of re-allocations in the light of actual progress of work and expenditure. In view of these factors the Committee considered that final allocations can be made only after a stưfy of the recommendations in regard to all the Universities. 3. Meanwhile it is necessary to give some advance indication to the Universities of the funds likely to be made available if the progress of work is not to be slowed down. For this purpose the Committee decided that a communication may forthwith be addressed to all the Universities in the following manner:-
(1) For implementing the recommendations of the Visiting Committees and the spillover on similar items already sanctioned a sum of Rs . will be required.
(2) A preliminary review indicates that only about $70 \%$ of the sum mentioned above can be now promised as formally available.
(3) After a further review it may be possible to allocate some additional funds. In later years re-allocations may also be possible in the light of actual progress of work and expenditure.
(4) Universities are, therefore, advised to. select for implementation schemes requiring \% O\% of the funds indicated in (1) and go ahead with those prcjects. The Commission may be informed of the selection, Universities are requested to observe the following order of priority as far as possible:-
(a) Work already commenced under spill-over.
(b) Staff
(c) Equipment
(d) Buildings.
4. With regard to the Campus Projects of the

Central Universities, it was agreed that schemes for each of the four Central Universities should be prepared and submitted to the Committee.
5. It was felt that the Visiting Committees

Reports in their present pattern do not furnish sufficient

information by way of evaluation of the work done in the universities. This was partly because of the short time available to the Visiting Committees. It was agreed that after Visiting Committees have visited the universities in connection with the financial allot ants under the Third Plan, separate committees may be appointed to evaluate the work done by the universities and make suggestions for the improvement of the level and standard of teaching and resew exarch work: These reports would be of value \$0 the Commasion not only in determining such additional assistance as may become possible during the later part of the Third Plan period but also in connection with the formulation of requirements for the Fourth Plan.


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CONFIDENTIAI

University Grerts Commission Rafi Marg, New Delhi

|  |  | Meeting: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date |  | Sth April, $\pm 962$ |
| Time | - | 10 A.M. |
| Place |  | U. G.C. Office, C.S.I.R. Building, Rafi Marg, New Deihi. |

## AGENDA

1. To receive the minutes of the last meeting of the University Grants Commission held on 7th March, 1962.
2. To receive a report on the action taken on certain matters.
3. To receive a statement of grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission.
4. To receive a copy of the Bihar State University Commission Bill 1961 as passed by the Bihar Legislature.
5. To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education, regarding the Gujarat Vidyapeeth, Ahmedabad being deemed as a University under Section 3 of the U. G.C. Act of 1956.
6. To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education regarding information to be supplied by the Government of. India to the University of the Seven Seas for a projectato be undertaken by them ir r962.
7. To consider the request of the Kerala University for payment of a grant-on the occasion of their Silver Jubilee.
8. To consider the request of Jadavpur University for the construction of Gandh1 Bhavan.
9. To consider the request of the Aligarh Muslim University for appointment of at peanfof StadBuds', Werciarestndabenor: staff for him.
10. To consider the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the A.I.C.T.E.; regarding the estimated expenditure for the introduction of 5 years integrated courses at (a) College of Engineering, Waltair, Andhra University (b) ColIege of Engineering, Tirupati, Sri Venkateswara University.
11. To consider the adoption of a general policy regarding grants to be paid to the Universities for meeting the expenses in connection with Local cost and Salary etc. in respect of the substitutes for teachers selected for training abroad under various Foreign Aid and Technical Assistance Programmes.

12. To consider the recommendations of the Association of Principals of Technical Institutions, rocoived through the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A., regarding mecmeres that may be taken for (a) meeting the shortage of teachers at various levels in Technical institutions and (b) improving the quality of teachers already working in these institutions.
13. To consider the basis on which grants are given to the affiliated colleges for various schemes during the Third Five Year Plan period and to further consjuer the question of modifying some of the conditions to meet the requirements of exceptional cases.
14. : To consider the request of the Banaras Hindu University for assistance towards the additional posts created by the University in connection with the introduction of the Three Year Degree Course.
15. To receive a report on the implementation of the scheme of salary revision of university teachers in State Universities.
16. To further consider the question of revision of the salary scales of library staff in the Universities.
17. To consider the general question whether the interest earned by the Universities/Colleges on the grants paid by the Commission should be treated as a part of the grants or should be refunded to the Commission.
i8. To consider the question of giving financial assistance for the establishment of five new cojleges in the city of Calcutta in connection with the programmo of phased reduction of numbers in the big colieges.
18. To consider the recommendations of the selection Committee of the Advisory Board on Sacial Welfare rcgarding schemes of research in social welfare received from the Universities.
19. To consider a proposal from Vikram University for financial assistance for the post-graduate course in Social Work at Indore Christian College.
20. To consider a proposal from the Megpur reivisity fox the development of teaching of ournalism in tre IIislop College, Nagpur.
21. To consider the raports of the Visiting Committees appointed by the Comission to assess the requirements of the following Universities during the Third Plan period:-
1) Aligarh
2) Gujarat
3) Rajasthan
4) Annamalai
5) Kerala
6) S.N.D.T. Women's
7) Banaras
8) Madras
9) Sri Venkateswara
10) DeIhi
11) Marathwada
23. To note tho $i$ to and place of the next meeting of the Commission.
24. Any other busincse with the permissiun of the Chair.

Confidential
University Grants Commission
Raf Marg, New Delhi,


## SUPPLEMENTARY AGENDA

Add. Item 1: To receive the report of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to look into the Reports of the Visiting Committees and other matters.

Add. Item 2: To consider a letter received from the Vice-Chancellor, Visva-Bharati regarding revival of Rabindra Bhavan and continuation of Shri Probodh Chandra Sen as Professor of Bengali beycid the age of 65.

Add.l. Item 3: To consider a proposal from the Delhi University for assistance for the stablishment of a Library Extension Centre in New Delhi.

Kawnalabe
Add. Item 4: Tc consider the proposal of Dharwar Universify for construction of two hostels.


Confidential
University Grants Commission.
Raf Marg, New Delhi.

Proceedings of the 37 th meeting of the University Grants
Commission held in New Delhi on the Fth of March 1962:
The following were present:-

1. Prof. D.S. Kothari

Chairman
2. Shri.D.C.Pavate.
3. Prof. A.R.Wadia
4. Dewan Anand Kumar
5. Dr. A.C.Toshi
6. Shri S.R.Das
7. Sheri P.N.Kirpal
8. Sheri S. Bhoothalingam
9. Shri N.N. Iengar

Member.

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Secretariat

1. Dr. B.D. Laroia D. D. (S)
2. Dr. P.J. Philip .D.O. (H)
3. Shri R.K.Chhabra : Asṣistant Secretary.

Apology for absence was received from Pt. H.N. Kunzru.
At the outset the Chairman welcomed. Shri S.R.Das who was
attending the meeting of the Commission for the first time.
Item 1: To receive the minutes of the last meeting of
the University Grants Commission held on the Fth
February, 1962.
The minutes of the 36 th meeting of the University Grants
Commission held on the Fth February, already circulated, were confirmed subject to the following correction:-

Items No. 22, 23 \& 24: The following to be substituted for observation 1 of the Commission's resolution:- ..
"It would be desirable to further examine (keeping in view the difficulty of availability of adequately qualified persons) the recommendations regarding the creation of Professorships. The Commission thought that in general it would be more practical to appoint promising Lecturers, and give them, besides teaching experience, facilities for advanced study and research so that such of them as were specially meritorious could become Readers/Professors later.".

Arising out of the minutes, it was agreed that the Universities be informed that where a post of Professor/Reader had been sanctioned and an adequately qualified candidate was not available the post may be filled by a Reader/Lecturer if a suitable person in that category was available. In such

Cases, the decision of the university should be intimated to the Commission for record.

Item 2: To receive a report on the action taken on certain matters.

The Chairman indicated that the proposal with regard to the Calcutta Colleges (sub-item No. 8) would be brought up before the Commission as a specific item for the meeting.

The Commission confirmed the action taken on the other items ${ }^{*}$ not enclosed the other items listed in Appendix I of these minutes.

Item 3: To receive a statement of grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on 7th February 1962.
The Commission approved the erants paid/sanc-
tioned and the expenditure incurred as shown in Appendix II of these minutes.

Item 4: To consider the report of the Committee appointed to determine the basis on which grants be paid to colleges of Delhi $U_{n}$ iversity for running Evening Classes.

The Commission accepted the report of the Committee, except for the recommendation regarding fixation of salaries of teachers taken over from the Camp College, and the recommendation $N_{O}, V I$ (Appointment of Vice-Principal and payment of allowance to the Principal). It was felt that: these two recommendations needed reconsideration and the Commission desired that the matter be discussed by the Chairman with the Vice-Chancellor of the University.

It was observed that in view of the grants paid by the University Grants Commission to Delhi Colleges, the colleges should not charge a "building fee" from students of evening classes and the same should apply to students of day classes as well.

Item 5: To consider the rules and regulations for appointment of Senior Grade Lecturers in the Constituent Colleges of Delhi University.

The Commission accepted the rules and regula1
tions framed by the Delhi University regarding the

uppointment of senior grade lecturers in the colleges of Delhi University. This would take effect from 1.4.196! when the scales of pay of teaching staff were revised.

In this connection, it was pointed out that it was most important to maintain high standards in selecting persons to fill teach-ing posts. When persons with proper quaifications and teaching experience were not availab'le for appointment to lecturships, it would be an advantage to appoint "instructors" (research/teaching assistants or assistant lecturers) instead In the scale of Rs, 300-25-350 as earlier recommended by the Commission. Such appointments would be for a limited period only (three years on the outside). An instructor, whose work came up to the requịed standard should be able, normally to compete successfully for a lecturship during the period of his tenure as instructor.

Item 6: To consider the views of the Universities on the suggestion for permitting III class M.As to reappear to. improve their class.

The Commission noted that in the light of the views of the "universities, the suggestion for permitting III class M. As to reappear to improve their class was not practical and be dropped.

Item.7: To consider the yiews of the universities on the recommendations of the Inter-University Board regarding automatic promotion of good teachers and the payment of special personal allowance to teachers who remain for a long period on the maximum of their scales.

The Commission nated the views of the universities on the recommendations of the Inter-University Board regarding automatic promotions of good teachers and the payment of special personal allowances to teachers. who remain for a long period on the maximum of their pay scales. It was agreed that in view of the recent revision of pay scales of the teaching staff, it was not necessary to pursue the recommendations of the Inter-Univezsity Board.


Item 8: To consider the views of the universities on the recommendations of the Commission regarding increase in free studentships.

The Commission noted the views of the universi-
ties on the recommendations regarding increase in free
studentships.
Item 9: Extension of the scheme of students' aid fund to the evening units of day colleges.

The Commission agreed to evening units"of day
colleges also being given grants towards their students aid fund on the same basis as for the day units.

Item 10: To receive the report of the Committee appointed to examine the question of establishment of Agricultural Universities.

The Commission noted the interim report of the
Committee appointed to examine the question of establishment of Agricultural $U_{n} i v e r s i t i e s . ~ I t ~ w a s ~ a g r e e d ~ t h a t ~$ Dr. A.C.Joshi be appointed as a member of the main Committee as well as on the Sub...Committee.

Item 11: To consider a proposal from the Embassy of India, Bonn, received through the Ministry of Education regarding mutual exchange of Professors between the teaching universities in India and West Germany.

The Commission accepted the proposal of the
Ministry of. Education regarding exchange of Professors between the teaching universities in India and West

Germany on the following terms:-

1. The host country will select and nominate the professors and will also bear the salary and maintenance expenses as follows:-
(a) for Professors:
Salary
DM 240 per week.
Maintenance
DM 120 per week.
(b) for Readers:

Uniform rate of DM 25 per day.
(If the sending country pays the usual salary which seems possible in the case of West Germany, the remuneration would be limited to maintenance only, varying between 500-900 DM per month)

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1 \mathrm{DM}=\mathrm{RS} \cdot 1.13
$$


2. The cost of passage, both ways, will be borne by the country sending the professors.

The Commission agreed to funds being provided for this as and when necessary.

Item 12: (a) To consider the recommendations of the Northern Regional Committee of the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. regarding requirements for the introduction of 5 years integrated course at the College of Engineering , Technology, Mining and Metallurgy Banaras Hindu University.
(b) To consider the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the Ministry of S.R. \& C.A. regarding requirements for the introduction of 5 years integrated course at the College of Engineering, Bangalore, Mysore University.

12(a): The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Northern Regional Committee of the Ministry of .S.R. \& C.A. regarding the introduction of five years -integrated course in the colleges of Engineering, Technology, Mining and Metallurgy, ' Banaras Hindu University, and approved grants as detailed below:-
i) College of Engineering :
(a) Non-recurring

Building (23,480 sq.ft. plinth area)

Equipment

Total N.R.
(b) Recurring
11) College of Mining \&

Metallurgy
(a) Non-recurring

Building (18,810 sq. ft.
plinth area)

Equipment

Total approved cost
Rs. $3,41,200$

Rs. 1,91,000

Rs. 5,32,200

Rs. 2,16,300 p. a.

Rs. 2,57,400

Rs. $1,86,4,00$
-
Rs. $4,43,800$

Rs. 1,54,950 p. a.
iii) College of Technology

(a) Non-recurring

Building ( $18,810 \mathrm{sq} . f t$. Ps. $2,57,400$ plinth area)

Equipment

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Rs. } 2,57,400 \\
& \frac{\text { Rs. } 1,86,400}{\text { Rs. } 4,43,800} \\
& \frac{\text { Rs. } 1,63,190 \text { p.a. }}{}
\end{aligned}
$$

Total N. $\mathrm{R}_{\text {。 }}$
(b) Recurring

In view of the fact that the three colleges were located in the same campus and in close vicinity of the Science Departments it was felt that separate teaching of science subjects in each of the three colleges (as recommended above) may not represent the best arrangement academically as well as financially. It may be better to strengthen the existing Science departments of the University rather than set up separate departments in Science in each of the colleges. It was desired that this aspect may be discussed with the A.I.C.T.E. before releasing the grant.

12(b): The Commission accepted the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the Ministry of S.R.\& C.A. regarding requirements for the introduction of 5 years integrated course at the college of Engineering, Bangalore: - Mysore University and approved grants as detailed below:-

ii) Recurring per annum

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\text { Staff and maintenance } \quad 1,78,000 \quad 89,000
$$

Item 13: To consider a proposal from the Rajasthan Universify for starting a Department of Adult Education in the University.

It was agreed that a Committee (with Prof. A.R.
Nadia as Chairman) be appointed by the Chairman to examine the proposal of the Rajasthan $U_{n}$ iversity for Adult Education.
$-7-$
Item 14: To consider a letter from Kerala University asking for the Commission's views about private tuition work being taken up by college teachers who are recepients of U.G.C. scales of pay.

The Commission agreed that the Kerala University be informed that the Commission is not in favour of the teachers of colleges and universities doing private tuition work.

Item 15: To consider a letter from the Ministry of Education regarding the recommendations of the National Integration Conference held in September 1961 regarding reorientation of education with a view to promote National Integration.

In this connection the Commission noted that the University Grants Commission had organised in 1958 an important seminar on National Integration, and its report had been of good value to the National Integration Conference (held in September 1961) in its deliberations. It was felt that it would be useful if another seminar, at an expert level, in continuation of the earlier one is organised some time early 1963. The Seminar may be held some time after the release of the Sampurnanand Comimittee Report on National Integration so that the participants could have the benefit of the views and recommendations of the Committee.

It was also noted that the study of history in our uni-- versities, as regards content of courses and level of teaching and research appeared to be rather unsatisfactory in some important respects. It may be desirable to convene a small (expert) Seminar jointly with the University Grants Commission Review Committee on history to examine the matter in its different aspects, and to make recommendations for the improvement of the standard of teaching and research in history.

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Item 16
To consider a proposal received from the Aligarh Muslim University for appointment of additional Wardens.
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The Commission felt that in the interest of discipline and otherwise as well it was essential that Wardens and Sub-Wardens should normally reside in hostels or in their immediate vicinity. The Commission agreed that from the next academic year, the university be permitted to appoint one warden for every 50 students in predominantly undergraduate hostels and one for 100 students in others. The Wardens would be paid as at present an honorarium of RS, 40/- per mensem except those provided with residential rent-free accommodation in the hostels. It is expected that from the next session a substantial proportion of Wardens/ Sub-Wardens would be provided with accommodation in the hostels, and if for this purpose it became necessary to reduce a few student-seats, it was desirable to do so as an interim arrangement

Item 17: To consider the report of the Reviewing Committee appointed to suggest the Block grant to be paid during 1961-66 to the Indian School of International Studies.
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The Commission referred the report of the
Committee to suggest block grant to be paid to Indian School of International Studies to a committee consisting of Shri P.N. Kirpal, Shri S. Bhoothalingam and the Chairman.

meting with the observation that the Visiting Committees' reports pertaining to these universities may be scrutinized by a committee consisting of Shri P.N̈. Kirpal. Sheri S. Bhoothalingam and the Chairman before these are taken up for consideration at the next meeting of the Commission.

18(b): The Commission desired that the proposals in regard to the Kalyani University should be looked into by a Visiting Committee and brought up at a subsequent meeting of the Commission. But in the meantime; sanction for one or two hostels the need for which was urgent may be accorded.

Item 19: 〔. To note the next date of the meeting of the University Grants Commission -----

It was noted that the next meeting of the U.G.C. would be held in New Delhi on the fth of April 1962.

Addle. Item 1:
To consider a proposal. from the Bombay University for financial assistance for the introduction of General Education courses in the University.

The Commission accepted the proposal of the University of Bombay for preparation of reading material for courses in General Education involving a total expengture estimated at is. $50,000 /$ - as follows and sanctioned assistance to the university in this matter to the extent of $50 \%$ of the cost:-

> i) Seminars in the Rs. 5,000 colleges.
ii) Working groups for preparation of reading Rs. 38,500 material for each of the 11 papers at Rs. 3,500/- per paper.
iii). Staff . RS. 5,000
iv) Contingencies

Rs. 1,500

ROta. 1
Ps. 50,000 roundly

In this connection the Chairman mentioned that, the Ford Foundation had offered a grant of $\$ 1,75,000$ .. the U.G.C. for General Education programme at Indian Universities and colleges. It was agreed that a total amount, including Ford Foundation grant, of Rs. 15 lakhs be provided for General Education during the Third Plan.

Addle: Item 2: To consider a proposal from the
Visva-Bharati University for starting teaching and research in Science subjects.

The proposal from the Visva-Bharati University starting teaching (and research) in Mathematics upto postgraduate level and pto the Honours level in Chemistry with Physics, Botany, Zoology and Geography as subsidiaries was accepted in principle; and the Commission desired that a visiting committee may be appointed to examine the relevant details. It was suggested that History of Science may also be included as one of the subjects in the undergraduate course.

It was observed that care should be taken to ensure that the introduction of science courses did not lead to a moving away from the distinctive characteristics and main purpose of Visva-Bharati, but on the other hand(by providing richer possibilities) it should lead to their strengthening and reinforcement.

Addie. Item 3: To consider a proposal from the Visva-Bharati University for additional non-teaching staff.
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The Commission accepted the recommendations made by the late prof. Sidhanta in a report in regard to the expansion of the non-academic staff of the Visva-Bharati and sanctioned the following new posts:-

Vice-Chancellor's office
Private Secretary - $\quad 1$ (in the scale of Asst. Registrar)


The Comission accepted the proposal from the
Vísva-Bharati untorsity for appointing a Visiting
Rofessor of Eng insh for two years at an estimated cost of RS 12,000/- p.a. augmenting the existing provision of Rs. 4,000/- for a Visiting professor Included int the Univarsity budget by Rs. \&, 000/-per anntum, It Wa's noted that Mr. Kenneth Woodroofe (M.A.Oxon) is being selected for this post. \& . $\because$. in in


Addl. Item 5:
\& An !

To consider a "proposal from the Indian School of International. Studies for financial assistance towards a research project on , tands and Peoples of the Fimalaya!.

Pending examination of the entire question of the biock grant to be "paid during 1961-66 to the Indian School of International Studies, the Commission felt that the school may be permitted to proceed with the research project on Lands and Peoples of the Himalaya to the extent
it could be done with the existing staff of Research解Asistants in the school.

Addl. Item 6: atiobappove the payment of grants to Saugar Uniyersity for the development of the Department of Applied Geology during the Third Five. Year Plen:

With reference to the resolution on the above item passed by the Commission at, the Last meeting (Februapy 1962),
the Commisision noted that the Chairman, U.G.C. had bean assured by the University that action was being taken to combine the departments of Pure and Applied Geology into a single department from the beginning. of july 1962d

## AddI. Item 7:

To consider a procedure for the universities to re-appropriate funds paid for one scheme for expenditure on other scheme (s) as temporary "ways and means" expedient.:

The Commission approved the instructions proposised to be issued by the U.G.C. to the universities in the matter of temporary reappropriation of funds from one scheme to another sanctioned by the U.G.C. as may be necessary to moet expenditure connected therewith.

Addl. Item 8: To consider the questrion of age of retirement of teachers in the tiniversities.

The Commission agreed that in view of the real need for the utilisation of the services of good and experienced teachers, universities should have 60 years as the normal age of retirement for their teachers with provision for further extension to the extent that each university may oonsidor nooessary and destrable.

Addl. Item 9: To receive a copy of the Bihar State: University Commission Bill 1961 as passed by the Bihar Legislative Assembly.

This was postponed for consideration at the next meeting.

Addl. Item 10: To consider the Report of the Committee for Centres of Advanced Studies.

The Commission accepted the recommendation of the Committee for Centres of Advanced Studies in resolution I of thoir report recognizing the following
universities as Centres of Advanced Studies in the subjactis mentioned against them:-


Ra Galcutta and - Mathematics (Applied)
8) Saugar university

9t. Calcutta University

- Geologỳ (Structural ard Stratigraphical Geology)
- Biochemistry. (Enzymology, Microbiology and Vitamin Metabolism)
$10_{2}$ Pọona University.
- Economics (Agriculturaf Eoonomics)
$\therefore$ In regard to resolution II in the Committee's
report, the Comission approved that further enquiries may be made from the universitios concerned for the proposod centres. In this connection it was suggéstéd that the committed may examine the possibility of a Centre for theoretical Physics at Madras.

In this'connection it was also mentioned that UNESCGO ald is likely to be available for promotion of science education at.all stages including the university stage, and action should be taken expeditiously to take advantage of this assistance.

Addl. Item 11: $\because$ To consider a proposal from the Aligarh Muslim University for assistance to complete the History of Sikhs, by Prof. K.Singh. ----
The Chairman reported that he had received a request
from the Aligarh Muslim University for assistance for oominetideg
the scheme for the publication of History of Sikhs which had been undertaken by Prof. Kushwant Singh at the University with the assistance of the Rockefeller Foundation: : Itrinad been stipulated that the scheme should be completed, within three years of the starting of the scheme $q$ (is. by the end of March 1962), but it was now stated that the period would have to be extended for a year to. complete the work. The Commission agreed that assistance not exceeding Rs. 25,000/- may be given to Aligarh Muslim University for this. It was suggested that the pay of. * Prof. Singh who was incharge of this scheme should nat be more than the maximum of the professor's scale.

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AddI. Item 12:
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To receive a report from the Chainman a regarding sanction of leave to Shri Mathai, Secretary, U.G.C.

Sheri Mathai had requested leave for 89 days ex-Indìà from 15 th February to 14 th May 1962 , both days inclusive (with permission to suffix 15th of May as holiday). $\therefore$... The Chairman had agreed to the first 24 days to be treated as earned leave on full pay as due and the rest to be $\because:$ adjusted as a special case by commutation of the half pay leave to his credit. The Commission desired that the amount; if any, of remuneration, honorarium, 'etc' (other than T.A.), received by Shri Mathai pertaining td e the . . $t$ above leave period may be ascertained before deciding about the commutation of half-pay leave.

Sd/-
(N.N: Iengar)
officiating Secretary
$\mathrm{Sd} /$ - ;
(D.S. Kothari)

Chairman
(1) Block grants to Universities for the purpose. of awarding travel grants to teachers and technicians for visiting research and training centres in India - Inclusion of the name of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, in the list of universities already approved for the purpose.

On the request of the Registrar, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, the institute has been included in the list of the universities approved for Block grants for the purpose of travel grants to teachers and technicians. $\Lambda$ block grant of Rs. $2,000 / 2$ per annum has been made available to the Institute and for the current year (1961-62) a sum of $\mathrm{Rs}^{\prime} .1,000 \%$ has been sanctioned to enable the Institute to send 4 teachers to the Atomic Energy Commission, Bombay, to attand the lectures to be delivered by Prof: R.S. Mulliken of the Chicago University on Spectroscopy and on molecular orbital and other theories of current. importance.
(2) Jadavpur University '- Establishment of a Printing Prose.
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1. The University Grants Commission; Vide Res; No.2(31) dated the 30th December 1960, approved inc proposal of the Jadavpur University for the establishment of a Printing Press at an estimated cost of Rs.1,81,000/- (R's.1,21,000/m for machinery and Rs.60,000/- for building) on the University/State Government agreeing to share the expenditure at $33-\frac{1}{3} \%$.
2. Is the University diu not take any action for the implementation of the scheme "within one year of its sanction, the scheme was cancelled in accordance with the Commission's Resolution No. 5 dated the AtM October 1957 and the university
, +1 informed accordingly *:
(3) Pan jab Unjursity - additional Staff for the Library

The University Grunts Commission, Vice Resolution No - 2(56) dated the 30th/3ist December 1960, "approved a proposal of the Panjab University for the appointment of additional staff (3 Senior Professionals) for the University Library at an estimated cost of Rs. $5.500 /$ - pea. to be shared by the commission on $50 \%$ basis.
(2) is the University did not take any action for the implementation of the scheme within a rear of its sanction, the scheme was cancelled in accordance with the Commission's resolution No. 5 dated th october 7957 and the University informed accordingly d $\because \cdot$ そ.
(4) $\frac{\text { Roorkee Univorsíty-8ix Conditioning of Library }}{\text { Building }}$
vt (4) 2 Ruorkee

$\bigcirc$ The University Grants Commission
 received from Roorkce University for the construction of library building, at an estimated cost of Rs.7,00,000/- including provision of RS. $1,40,000 \%$ - for-air-conditioning.
(W)(a): The estimates for air-conditioning which were referred to the C.P.W.D. were approved by it at a cost of Rs. $2,28,370 /=$. The revised expenditure has been agreed to, thus rising, the comma$\cdots$ scion's share from Rs, $93,333 /=$ to Rs. $1,52,200 \%$.

(5) Calcutta University - Publication of learned research works by teachers.

The Calcutta University forwarded a proposal: for the publicacion of 1000 copies of the research work of Sheri adit Runjan电 $\therefore$ Bhattacharya entitled "sn Index of agni zeskandapurana" at an <compat>...Jestimated cost of Rs.7,396, ....... Unis request that the Commission may meet $50 \%$ of, the expenditure. The proposal has been accepted
-3-
and a grant of Rs.3,698/- approved as Commission's share of the total estimated expenditure.
:(6) : Mysore University - Development Schemes of the Departments of Commerce and Sociology under the III Five Year PIn - Sharing the expenditure

On the recommendations of a Visiting Committee which examined the schemes of the Mysore University for development of the departments.of Sociology and Commerce, the University Grants Compissiön at its meeting held on 5 th and Eth July 1961
(Additional Item. 7) approved the following for the IIIfd Five Year Plan :-

Department of Sociology
(a) Readers - 2

Lecturers-2
(b) Books - Rs .25,000 (NR)
(c) Equipment-Rs.10,000 (NR)

- Department of Commerce
(a) Professor - $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \text { Readers }-2\end{aligned}$
(b) Building with a plinth area of $7000 \mathrm{sq.ft}. \mathrm{---Rs}$. $1,12,000 /-(N R)$.

The Commission has decided (vide Resolution No. 4 dated 6th December 1961, ) that the basis of assistance during the Third Five Year Plan in respect of development of facilities in an established department of a university may be at $100 \%$.

As both the departments were functioning under the Ind Five Year Plan in the Maharaja's College, Mysore, under the supervision and financial control of the University, they were regarded as existing departments and it was agreed that approved expenditure for their development under the Third Plan would be met in full by the Commission. The University has been informed accordingly.
-. (7) Rajasthan University - Development Schemes (Humanities) during IIIrd Five Yo, r Plan - Sharing basis

At its meeting held on and august 1961 the University Grants Commission approved the following schemes of the Rajasthan University under the Third Five Your Plan, (Additional Item 7):
(i) Construction of Humanities Block - Rs.8,00,000(NR)
(ii) Extension to the Social Science Block - Rs.1,00,000(NR)
(iii) Fresh staff for the depart- - Rs.8,00,000 (R) ments of English, Hindi, Sanskrit, Political Science, Statistics, Sociology, Modern European languages and Library Science
(iv) Construction of building for the Faculty of Law. - Rs.4,06,000(NR) Total Rs:21,06,000 (R \& NR),

The Rajasthan University has been informed that. the Commission will contribute $50 \%$ of the recurring and non-recurring expenditure towards the implementation of the above schemes during the Third Five Year Plan according to the formula approved by the Commission in such cases.

## (8) Bic colleges of Calcutta

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on the llth/12th February 1960 considered the report of (University Grants Commission) Committee on the big colleges in the University of Calcutta. The Commission generally agreed to the scheme prepared by the Committee for regulating numbers. in the big colleges of Calcutta University and decided that the report be referred to the Government of West Bengal and the University of Calcutta for implementation (Resolution 19).


In this connection the Eciucution Socret..ry, West Bengal Government, discussed with the Chairman, University Grants Commission, the recommendation of the Committee regarding the establishment of nine new colleges with a total capacity for about 10,000 students (or an annual intake of about 3000 to 3,500 students) on 19th January 1962, at the Commission's office. He put forward a proposal. for setting up five colleges as under :-

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I. At B2lghoria - Men's College for 1000 students
    (North Suburb)
2. nt.Rahara
    (North Suburb)
3. . t (North Bum
4. int. New mipore - Women's College for 600 students
    (South)
5. At Kasha
    (South East)
- Men's College for 600 students
- Women's College for 500 students
- College for \(1000^{\circ}\) Men and Women
                                    students
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The above collereswere to provide Bachelor's Degree Courses: in both arts and Science subjects and also in selected subjects for Honours courses. The estimated cost of a college for 1000 students would be as follows :-

| Land | - | Rs. 3 to 4 lakhs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Building |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| equipment |  |  |$\quad-\quad$| Rs. 8.67 Lakhs |
| :--- |
| RS. |

The average recurring deficit for a college was estimated to be about Rs.I.2 lakhs.

The Chairman indicated that the Commission might be willing to give fin uncial. assistance towards the establishment of new colleges subject to the following conditions :-

1) A Board of Management or Governing Body should be set up for each college aid the proposal. for financial assistance should como from the Board of Management or Governing Body.
2) The proposal for assistance should be routed through the Calcutta, University with its recommendation.
3) Buildings to be put up should be on the basis of the specifications approved by the Commission in this behalf
4) Suitable sites for the construction of buildings should be acquired in such areas as would relieve the general congestion in the city.

The Chairman agreed that the two Women's colleges proposed may be included in the schome, in view of the fict that the big colleges were conducting morning shifts for women students and improvement of Nomen's education required that they be providod with separate facilities. The amount of assistance that would be available from the Commission for the scheme would be limited to $50 \%$ of the cost of the building, furniture and equipment. No assistance would be given for the acquisition of land, as the Commission did not give grants to any State University or college for this purpose. Though the Commission gave help to Women's colleges at $75 \%$ for specie fic projects, such assistance wais generally meant for development and limited to a fixed ceiling in the case of affiliated eolleges. Therefore, it was not likely that the Commission would agree to share $75 \%$ of the cost of the two Women's Colleges. The Commission was also unable to give any grant towards the recurring cost of the colleges.
(9) Recognition of inl-India Institutes of

Technology at Kharachur. Bombay. Madras and Kanpur as contres where J.G.C.'s Fellowships are tenable.

Normally the Research Followships and scholurships sanctioned by the University Grants Commission are tenable In universities or institutions affiliated to universities or institutions deemed as Universities under Soction 2(f) of U.G.C. nct. The Deputy Director, Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay, wrote to the Commission that the Institute has the status of a university although technically it is not on U.G.C.'s act, and that the Chairman, U.G.C. is an Ex-officio member. of : the Board of Governors of this Institute. Considering the fact that these institutes are best equipped for research work, particularly in Engineering ind Tcchnological subjects the Chairman approved the Indian Institutes

of Technology at Kharagpur, Bombay, Madras and Kanpur as-'suitable centres for University Grants Commission's fellowships in Engineering.

(11) Delhi University Constituent CollegesnRaising of Upper limit of enrolment.

In accordance with clause I of ordinance XVIII of the Ordinances of Delhi University the Constituent Colleges of Delhi University could enrol students pto 800 for undergraduate and postgraduate classes. In addition the colleges were to enrol Prep. and Premmedical students, provided the total number did not exceed 1000. Due to the abolition of Prep. classes from Delhi Colleges and the likely curtailment of prem medical course from two years to one year, the question of raising the upper limit of enrolment from 800 to 1000 in the Delhi Colleges was considered by the Academic Council of the Delhi University. The University have now informed, that they have permitted the colleges to have students in all pto loo on their rolls. The proposal of the University has been accepted.
(12) Hindu College - Construction of 3 F. type ${ }^{-}$ Staff Quarters - Payment of Loan for.

The Hindu College Delhi applied for a loan of Rs .25,000/- for the construction of $\dot{3}$ :F. type staff quarters for the pay range Bs. 155-280. The Plans and Estimates for these quarters have been approved by the C.P.W.D. for RS. 20,440/- and Government of India (Ministry of Education) have been requested to sanction a loan of Rs. 20,400/- to the Hindu College.
(13) Hans Raj College - Purchase of Furniture for the Library - Payment of grant for.

On a request received from the Hans Raj College,
Delhi, a Non-recurring grant of Rs. $3,232 /$ - on $50: 50$ basis has been sanctioned to the College for purchasing furniture for its library.

(14) Delhi University Constituent Colleges Transfer of B.Sc. teaching to Colleges Basis of payment of grant.

The University Girants Commission in its meeting held on the 17 th and l8th September, 1959 considered the proposal of the Delhi University to transfer the B.Sc. (General) Group 'A' teaching to the Constituent Colleges and while approving the proposal in principle authorised the Chairman to sanction grants as might be necessary. After considering the estimates prepared by the Dean of Faculty of Science of Delhi University and the recommendations of the Vice-Chancellor, Delhi University, the Chairman sanctioned the payment of a grant not exceeding Rs.50,000/- to each college and Rs. 75,000/- to St. Stephen's College against an 'éstimated expenditure of Rs:90,000/- for the purchase of Laboratory Equipment, Library Books and Workshop Equipment. While approving the payment of Rs.50,000/- or Rs. $75,000 /-$ (in case of St. Stephen's College), it was not laid down that the grant of Rs.50,000/- or Rs。75,000/- would be subject to the condition that a minfmum expenditure of Rs. $90,000 /$ - is incurred by each college and if the expenditure was less, the grant would be reduced prorata. It has now been decided that the Colleges which started or may start teaching B.Sc.(General) Group 'A' may be given a non-recurring grant on-the basis of actual expenditure not exceeding Rs. $50,000 /-$ (Rs. 75,000/in case of St. Stephen's College) provided their actual expenditure is not less than $\mathrm{Rs} .50,000 /-$ or $\mathrm{Rs} .75,000 \%$ (in case of sit. Stephen's College) and quality and adequacy of the equipments and books etc. are quite satisfactory and upto standard.

- 10 -
(15) Aligarh Muslim University - Additional accommodation for N.C.C. Rifles company for boys.

The Aligarh Muslim University submitted a proposal for providing additional accommodation for the N.C.C. Rifles company for Boys at the University and requested the Commission to sanction a nonrecurring grant of Rs.30,750/- • for the purpose. The G.P.W.Do have approved the estimate for Rs. 29,700/- as against Rs $30,750 /-$ submitted by the University. Payment of a normecurrirg grant of Rs.29,700/to the University for providing additional accommodation required for the $N . G . C$. Rifles Company for boys has accordingly been sanctioned.

Jadavpur University - Construction of two hostels.
In 1958 the Commission accepted the proposal of Jadavpur University for the construction of two hostels at an estimated cost of $R s .3,40,440 /-$ (Building portion only) at the rate of Rs , $1,7 \mathrm{FO}, 220 /-$ each condition that $50 \%$ of the cost will be met by the commission and the other $50 \%$ by the Universj.ty/State Government. The above cost did not include the cost of internal services. The University recently approached the University: Grants Commission for all additional grant for this purpose. $17 \frac{1}{2} \%$ of the building cost has been approved for the purpose which will bring the present total cost of the buildings to Rs, 3,97,207/-: (including supervision charges) and the share of the Commission will
be limited to Rs. $1,98,903 /=$ 。
(17) Lucknow University - Construction of Women's Hostel.

The Commission in their meeting dated 11/12 February 1960 approved the construction $\cdot 0 f^{\prime} \because$ Women's Hostel for 69

- 11 -
students with a plinth area of 30,000 sq.ft. at a cost not exceeding Rso2g $53,000 / \mathrm{m}$, Ccimmission's share being limited to Rs. $1,90,000 /-$ only at $75 \%$ of the total.

Subsequently the University sent revised plans and estimates on the basts of norms an specifications laid down by the Panel on University Buildings (Hostels) for the construction of a Hostel for 102 women students (33 more than previously) at an estimatel cost of Rs. $2,98,000 \%$ - The revised proposal has bean aceepted subject to the condition that the Commission's shere will not exceed Rs.2,23,500/on $75 \%$ basis.
(18). Rajasthan Uriversity -. Eistablishment of Pilot Producti. 2 - curn - Tratining centre. $\cdots$

The Commission, in their meeting held on 17/18th September, 1959 tock note of trie action taken by the Chairman regarding the establishrient of Pilot Production-cum-traiming centres in the universities and desired that further developments should be reported to them. It had already been' 'dëcided that Pilot Production-cummtrainiug Centres may, in the first instance, be establishod in the universities of Osmania, Jadavpur, Rajestitan, Barcda \& Allahabad as an experimuntal basis

All the above five universities have accepted the broad outlines of the scheme aprroved by the Commission at their meeting held on 20.3.1961 (Item No, 8). The Commission's. commitment for payment of grant to these universities for the construction of buildings according to the revised scheme is limited to Rs.J.,OO lakh each.

The University of Rajasthan submitted a detailed scheme as prepared by the Ministry of Commerce \& Industry, for the establishmont of Pilot Production-cum-training Centre which has been accepted and-payment of $\stackrel{\text { non-recurring grant not exceeding }}{ }$ Rs. 1.00 lakh or the actial expenditure whichever is less has been sanctioned for the construction of a bliilding.' The amount will be released as the building work progresses. : '? p.t.o.

## 19. Rajasthan University.- Request for the introduction of Applied Geology Courses.

In October, 1961 the Registrar, Rajasthan Univerity, requested the Commission that the Tiniversity may be permitted to start Applied Geology Courses from the academic session 1962-63. As the Txperis Ccmittee had recommended Udaipur as a suitable centre for Applied Geology, the provosal of the Rajasthan University for the introduction of Applied Geology courses in the University Department of Geology, Udaipur, with effect from academic session 1962-63 was accepted.

The Rajasthan University also requested the Commission to sanction an additional expenditure of Rs.33,7no/m. for the construction of the hall on the first floor of the Geology Laboratory building. In December, 1961 the Chairman, U.G.C. and D.O.( (5) visited the Geology building under construct tion at Tdatpur. The Vice-Chancellor, Rajasthan University, Dr. Rode, Head of the Geology Department and the Superintending ${ }^{*}$. Engineer of the Rajasthan Porno. were also present. Practically the entire building is nearing completion excepting the central hall which is to be used as a museum and the frontage. If the hall on the first floor over the museum is not agreed to, the front elevation will. be cut into two parts, with the result that the Geology building will give the appearance of as incomplete structure. The hall over the museum could ale.. be utilize त for the needs of the new Section of Applied Geology. Accordingly, the proposal of the Rajasthan University for the construction of the hall on the first floor was accepted and sanction was accorded to an additional expenditare of Rs.38,700/- to enable the University to complete the work of construction of Geology Laboratory building before the next session starts.
20. Annamalai. University : Gantifur an Air Conditioned - rom-for-Physics Department.

In June, igtic the Commission approved a proposal from the Annamalai University for ir conditioning a room in thin prone

- 13 -
and agreed to the request of the University to meet a part
 earlier approved by the Commission for the purchase of sciontific equipment for, its. Physics Department. Towards the balance expenditure of Rs .8,000/., a fresh grant of Rs.5,333/ (being $2 / 3 \mathrm{re}$ of Rs:8,000/-) was also sanctioned.

In November, 1961, the Registrar, Annamalai Universify submitted plans and estimates for this, work at a total cost of Rs. 20, 920/-. These estimates which were duly certified by the Chief minginear, P. . .D. were accepted and sanction was accorded to the additional expenditure of Rs. $980 /-$ of which the share of the Commission on $2 / 3$ rd, basis was Bs. $613 / \mathrm{m}$.
21. Aligarh Muslim University,

Under the normal development and the expansion schemes, a total plInth area of 58,600 sq.ft. at a total cost of Rs.7,02,685/- was approved by the Commission for buildings for the Polytechnic, Aligarh Muslim University. Out of the total approved plinth area, 13,800 sq.ft. were transferred to $\cdot \mathrm{h}$ the college of mginearing for construction of workshop"bays. This left an area of 44,800 sq.f. for construction of buldings for the Polytechnic at a cost of Rs.5,64,685/-. Out of the total area of 44,800 sa.f.t. the University constructed an area of $24,998 . s \pi . f t$. as a framed structure without the apple val of plans and estimates. This irregularity was brought to the notice of the Commission at its meeting held on the 9/10th February, 1959 when it was observed that if recurrence of such instances takes place, further grants to the Miniversity may be withheld.

The plans and estimates submitted by the Universilty for an area of 44,800 sq"ft. were examined by the C.P. W.D. which observed that the plans were actually for a buIIt-up area of 44,926 sift., which meant an excess of 126 sq.ft. (44,926 sn,ft. $-41^{\prime}, 300^{\prime}$ sq. ft.) over the approved area. The C.P.<compat>..D. recommended acceptance of the estimates

at a total cost of Re. $7,59,040 /$ which meant an excess ep Rs.1,94,355/-(4.5.7,59,040/- less 9s.5,64,685/-) over the approved cost.

As the matter was pending for a long time and the work of the Polytechnic was suffering on account of delay in execution of the construction work, the following steps were taken:-
(i) The action of the university in constructing an area of 24,998 sq.f.t. without prier approval of plans and estimates was condoned.
(ii) The revised estimates amounting to Rs.7,59,040/o for a total plinth area of 44,926 sq. ft. were *.. approved as recommended by the C.P. T.D.
(ill) Sanction was accorded to an additional cost .. of Re.],94,355/ (Rs.7,59,040/- less. o Rs.5,64,685/-) and an addition gl plinth area of $126 \mathrm{sn} . f \mathrm{t}$. ( $44,926 \mathrm{sq.ft} \mathrm{Iess} 44,.800 \mathrm{sq.ft}$. ).
$\stackrel{-}{7}$
22. Annamalai University - Fern House for the Botany Department Sanction for higher Cost of Constr lion.

On the recommendations of the Visiting Committee to the Annamalai University, the Commission approved in October 1957 an expenditure of Rs.23,100/- (share of U.G.C. being Rs. $15,400 /$ ) for the construction of a Fern House for the Botany Department with a plinth ara of 2,000 sq. ft. Against this sanction, the university submitted Plans and Estimates for this construction at an estimated cost of Rs. $24,251 \%$ for, a plinth area of 2060 sq.ft. Is the estimates wore duly certified by the Chief manger, P. W.D., Madras State, the plans and estimates were approved and sanction was accorded to an additional grant of Rs. $767 /$ (being $2 / 3$ rd of the additonal expenditure of Rs.I, 151/-). Sanction was also accorded for an additional plinth area of 60 sq.ft.
23. Annamalai University - Aquarium for the Marine Biological Station at Porto Nova - Sanction for higher cost of construction.

On the recommendations of the Visiting Committee to the Annamalai University, the Commission approved in October 1957 an expenditure of Rs. $37,500 /$ - (J. G.C.'s share being Rs. $25,000 /-$ ) for the construction of an Aquarium for its Marine Biological Station at Porto Novo. Against this sanction, the university submitted plans and estimates for this construction at an estimated cost of $7 \mathrm{~s} .39,378 / \mathrm{M}$. is the estimates were duly certified by the Chief: Engineer, P. N.D., Madras State, the Plans and estimates submitted by the university in this regard were approved and sanction was accorded to an additional grant of Rs.1,252/- for this construction (being 2/3rd of the addie. tional expenditure of Rs.1,878/-).
24. Delhi University - Payment of recurring grant towards the salary of a Professor in Zoology beyond 5 years period.

The Recurring grants for salary of staff sanetioned by the Commission during the II Five Year Plan period are to be paid to the Universities for a total period of 5 years from the date of sanction (with a proviso of additional six months as margin for any delays experienced by the Universities in making the appointments). In the case of Central Universities, however, this expenditure was to be merged into the Block grant while fixing the same for III Plan period. However, since the Block grant in the case of Delhi University is yet to be finalised, permission was accorded to continue the paymont of salary of professor of Zoology beyond 23rd August, 1961 (when the period of 5 years was completed) until such time the revised Block grant amount was decided and the expenditure on this post was absorbed into it. Thus the amount of Rs.6,659.79 for the period 24.8.1961 unto 31.3.1962 has been sanctioned under development scheme itself for the current financial year.

## 25) Award $f$ Post-sreduato research scholarship

 in Sci nance, 1961-62.The Commission has approved the award of 100 post-graduate research scholarships in Science subjects annually. This scheme of scholarships was transferred to the Government of India, Ministry of Education with effect from 1-4-1961 and was transferred back to the University Grants Commission in November, 1961. The applications for these awards were invited by the Ministry of Education and in all 196 applications were received. The Chairman appointted a Selection Committee consisting of the following... : f . members to scrutinise the applications and made .. . . . recommendations:-

1. Dewan An and Kumar (Chairman). . Zoology . . .
Member
University Grants Commission. . . . . .
2. Prof. C.V. Subramanian, $\quad$.. Botany. : Professor of Botany, - Rajasthan University,
!.. Jodhpur.
3. Dr. R.C. Majumdar, ... Physics Professor of Physics, Delhi University.
4. Dr. Gurbux Singh, . .. Chemistry Professor of Chemistry Banaras Hindu University.
5. Dr. B. D. Laroia,

Development Officer ".(S\&T)
U.G.C.

The Committee agreed to the following principles :-
i) First preference in awarding scholarships should be given to candidates who propose to work in pure Science, namely, Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Zoology, Mathematics, Statistics, Geology, Geophysics and Anthropology. Second preference may

, -: 17 :-
be given to the students of agriculture as there are agencies which provide financial assistance to such candidates.
ii) The members of the Selection 'Committee felt that there ought to be proper comotdination between the various scholarship schemes being administered by the U.G.C. and the C.S.I.R. They also felt that it was necessary to have a common policy and principles of selection. The value of scholarships under various schemes should be indentical if the rules of eligibility were the same. The Committee suggested that a meeting of the representatives of various bodies awarding-reserrch-scholarships should be convened to thrash out general principles. - iii) In the present year, the Selection of candidates for the award of scholarships has been considerably delayed owing to the transfer to the scheme from the Ministry to the University Grants Commission at a very late stage. In future applications should be invited by 3lst July and the selection must be finalised in August or early September. These scholarships should be tenable from the commencement of the academic session or the date from which the scholars start work, whichever is later.
iv) In the case of present applications the Committee recommended that the scholarships amount 1 may be paid with effect from 1-10-1961 or the date of the commencement of research whichever is later.
v) The Selection Committee has recommended . 100 candidates as per list at Appendix I. One candidate (Sheri Durga Prasad Tewari, Allahabad) who
has secured a list class in Matric, Inter and B. Sc. and $59 \% 4 \%$ mask in M.Sc., has also been recommended and therefore included it the list. The Chairman, University Grants Commission approved the recommendations of the Selection Committee and sanctioned the award of the Scholarships. The Chairman, further sanctioned pay- T ment of the scholarship grants with effect from the commencement of the academic session 1961-62 or the actual date of joining research whichever is later.
26) Annamalai University.

For the construction of a building for the Department of Chemical Engineering, Annamalai University, the Commission on the recommendations of the All India Council for Technical Eucation approved a plinth area of $20,270 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. at a total cost of $R s, 3,09,000 /-$. Subsequently, tat the request of the University the plinth area was raised to 22,800 sq.ft., While the cost was left to be determined on the receipt of plans and estimates.

For this construction the University au bmitted plans for an area of 22,781 sq.ft. at an estimated cost of Rr.4,09,596/excluding services and contingencies. These estimates were approved as they were certified by the Chief Engineer, P.W.D., Madras State. While conveying the approval of the plans and estimates, the university was requested to invite tenders and to furnish the usual details of tenders received and the lowest tender accepted.

The University informed th et in response to their advertisement, only one tender was receiver, for $\operatorname{Rc}, 4,54,602 /-$ for civil works portion (including $5 \%$ for contingencies). The University, however, pointed out that they did not see any possibility of further response in the event of tenders being recalled and accordingly requested for approval of the only tender received.'

On the basis of the tender received for civil works, the total cost of construction, including electrification and
(n.t. o. )
sanitation at $15 \%$, Architect's fees at $4 \%$, contingencies at $3 \%$ and P.W.D. contage charges, amounted to Re. 5, 35,722/-. This raised the total expenditure on the construction of building including all services to Pr. 5,35,7??/- and the Commission's share to Rs. $2,67,861 /$. . As the estimates for civil works were approved by the Chief Engineer, P،W, D., Madras State, and the cost of services, architect's fees, contingenciēs was within the percentage normally approver for these purposes, the following action was taken :-
(i) University was permitted to accept the only tender received;
(11)'revised estimates amounting to Rs. 5,35,722/including all services, architect's fees, contingencies, P.W.D. Centage charges were approved; and
(iii) sanction was accorded to an additional grant of Rs.63,063.
24). Extension of the term of appointment.

The Chirirman has extended the term of appointment of
Dr. V.S. Patankar, Education Officer (who is to attain the age of superannuation on 20th April, 1962) for a period of one year with effect from 2lst April, 1962.
28) Appointment of officers in the University Grants Commission

On the recommendations of Selection ${ }^{-C o m m i t t e e}$ set up under the Rules of the Commission the Chairman has appointed Shri N.N. Iengar, Assistant Secretary, University Grants Commission as Deputy Secretary against the existing vacant post and Sheri R.K. Chhabra, Administrative Officer as Assistant Secretary in the resultant vacancy with effect from 7th February 1962. Shri Chhabra will be on probtation for a period of one year in the post of Assistant Secretary.

The Chairman has also approved the following officiating arrangements in this chain with effect from Fth February, 1962:-

1. Shri R.K. Chandna, Assistant Administrative Officer, to officiate as Administrative Officer vice Shri R.K. Chhabra appointed as Assistant Secretary.
2. Shri R.P. Dir, Section Officer appointed to officiate 2 s Assistant Administrative Officer vice Shri R.K. Chandna officiating as Administrative officer.
(p.t.o.)
3. Shri B.R, Kawatra, Assistant appointed to officiate as Section Officer, vice Sheri R.P. Whir officiating as Assistant Administrative Officer.

2a)
Award of post-graduate research scholarships in Humanities and Social Sciences 1961-62.

In December, 1961, the Ministry of Education transferred ta the University Grants Commission two schemes for the award of 150 Post-Graduate research Scholarships in Humanities \& Social Sciences, each of the value of Rr. 200/- pom.. Applications were invited by the Ministry but no action was taken by the Ministry till the end of November, 1961, Select. tron Committee-consis.ting of

1. Dewan Anand Kumar, Chairman.
2. Dr. B. Prasad, Professor of History, University of Delhi, Delhi.
3. Dr. A.K. Das Gupta, School of International Studies, New Delhi.
4. Dr. A.T.Markose, Director, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi.
5. Prof. S. Mathai,
6. Dr. P.J. Philip,

Development Officer (Humanities)
appointed by Chairman met on 20th January, 1962, in the office of the University Grants Commission, and accepted the following principles for selection subject to the primary criterion of morita:-
i) The total number of awards per subject in a University may not exceed three.
ii) An attempt should be made to cover all subjects and Universities.

iii) In considering applications highest priority may: be. qi,ven to candidates With a first class in both B.A. and M. A. Second priority may be given to candidates with a first class $M, A$. and second class B.A. The awards may bee made subjectr $t \mathrm{ta}_{\mathrm{j}}$, the, above considerations.


```
    iv) In view of the largê number of ts
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    with a first class M.S. applicants
```




```
    v) In view of the large number 'ofl
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        than one scholarshúg"In the"sưbject
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vi) The Committee selected 150 candidates for the award of research* stholarships. The names of these candidates are set forth in Annexure $I$.
Vii) The Committoo considered an application received from Shri Ashish Sen, a student of Visva-Bharati, who intends to work on "The Evolution of Animal Figures in Indian Art." The candidate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ secured a second class first in M.A. (Fistory) \& suffers from a'serious physical handicap. The Commission has already endorsed the view expressed by the Inter-University Board that special considoration should '6e.given to physically handicapped students. The selection committe, therefore; recommended a research, scholarship of the value of Rs.200/- p.m. "tó be givent torshri Ashish Sen apart from the 150 awarded in Annexure I. ist 3 .
vili) The Committee aisóplaced Rlycandidates in various subjects on the waiting list (Ańncxure II). : In wase somercandidates $\therefore$ rand tim mav mentioned in Annexure I do not acrept from this list.
$\therefore$ ©
ix) In case any selected candidate declines to accept the scholarship, the vacancy may be filled up by a candidate from the wailint list University-wise and subject-wise so that the conditions relating to the scholarsh1ps are not contravened.

$$
\left(p_{\bullet} t_{\bullet} c_{0}\right) .
$$

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#### Abstract

The Chairman, University Grants Commission accepting the above recommendations of the Selection Committee sanctioned the award of 151 Scholarships in Humanities and Social Sciences. The Chairman further sanctioned payment of scholarships with effect from the commencement of the academic year or the date of commencement of research work whichever is later.


[^2]$\frac{\text { APPENDIX } I_{0}}{\text { Item No. } 2(2 \pi)}$
LIST OF CAND IDATES RECOMMENDED FOR THE AWARD OF POSTGRADUATE RESEARCH SCHOLARSHIPS IN SCIENGE DURING 1961-62.

| Sl. Name of the Candidate | University | Subject |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ---•-•-•-• | --....----- |
| 1. 2. | 3. | 4. |
|  | ------- | -- |
| 1. Shri Saood Murad | Aligarh | Chemistry |
| 2. Miss Taiy aba Begum Siddiqui | -do - | -do- - |
| 3. Shri Umesh Chandra Banerjee | -do- | Botany |
| 4. Km. Dipti Bhattacharjee | -do- | Mathematiss |
| 5. Shri Prem Kishore Sharma | Allahabad | Physies |
| 6. Shri Syam Lal Srivastava | -do- | -do- |
| 7. Shri Ashoka Chandra | -do- | -do- |
| 8. Shri Durga Prasad Tweari | -do- | -do- |
| 9. Shri Ramesh Chandra Tewari | - do- | Chemistry |
| 10. Shri Banshi Dhar Malviya | -do- | Mathematiss |
| 11. Shri Chandra Dhar Dwivedi | -dom | Chemistry |
| 12. Shri Devendra Swarup Goel | -do- | Mathematics |
| 13. Shri ashok Suaxena | -do- | -do- |
| 14. . Shri Jogulu Challa | Andhra | Physics |
| 15. Shri P. Kanta Rao | -do- | Chemistry |
| 16. Shri N. Krishna Murty | -do- | -do- |
| 17. Shri K. Satyanandam | -do- | Botany |
| 18. Shri R. Varadarajulu | -do- | Geophysies |
| 19. Shri T. Mohan Rao | -do- | -do- |
| 20. Shri V.V. Gangadhara Sastry | -do- | Nuclear Physios |
| 21. Shri V. Satyanarayana Rao | -do- | Physios |
| 22. Shri M. Mukunda Rao | -do- | -do- |

- 2 -



23. Shr L. Siva Rama Krishna fao
andhra
mao-
-do-
-do-
mao-
-do-

Annamalai
-do-
-do-

- do -
-dom
Banar as Hindu University.

(Vontd...3.)

| 2. <br> 3. $4$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 51 | Shri Dwarlia Prasad Nema | Jabalpur | Botany |
|  | Shri Brij Ballabh Agrawal | -do- | -do- |
| 53 | Miss Gouri sikdar | J adavpur | Chemistry |
| 54 | Shri.Sailendra Kumar Das | -do - | Geology |
| 55 | Miss Santa Chatterjee | -do - | Chemistry |
| 56 | Shri P. Sambhamurty | Karnatak | Statisties |
| 57 | Shri V. Sreenivasulu Nagappa | -do- | Mathemat1c? |
| 58 | Shri P. Venkateswara Rao | Karnatak | Statistics |
| 39 | Shri T.C. Devaraju | -do- | Geology |
| 60 | Shri Shambhu Pratap Singh Rathore | e Lucknow | Mathematic |
| 61 | Shrit Arun Verma | -do - | -do- |
| 62 | Shri Vinod Kumar arora | -do- | -do- |
| 63 | Shri Jayaram Damodar Borwanker | -do - | Statisties |
| $\checkmark 64$ | Shri K. Venkata Rao | Madras | Physical Chemistry |
| 65 | Shri D. Radha Ǩrishnan | -do- | Physics |
| 66 | Shri V. Krupasag ar | -do - | Botany |
| 67 | Shri T.V. Panchapakesan | -do- | Mathematics |
| 68 | Şhri H. Subramanian | -do- | -do - |
| 69 | Shri R. Mani | -do- | Geology |
| 70 | Shri Jeeja Bai Nagaraja Rao | -do - | Botany |
| 71 | Shri K. Venkata Raman | -do - | Mathematics |
| 72 | Mrs. Abbasia Begum Mecci , | Mysore | Zoology |
| 73 | Miss Vidyavati | Osmania | Botany |
| 74 | Shri V. Rajeshwar R ${ }_{\text {a }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | -do- | Zoology |
| 75 | shri G. Dhoolappa | -do - | Geology |
| 76 | Shri Rama Rao | -do- | Physics |
| $\times 77$ | shri S.V. Nagender Naidu | -do- | -do- |
| 78 | Shri V. Prabhakar | -do- | -do - |
| 79 | Shri Mohjuddin Munawar | -do - | Botany |



1. 2. 
1. 
2. Nias $K_{0}$ R3naixa.Ohaudhury
3. Shri Suryanaray ana Nambudiri
4. Miss B. Rama Lakshmi
5. Shri Motilal
6. Shri Praveen Kumar Seth
7. Shri A.S. Narang
8. Shri Nagendra Prasad
9. Shri S.P. Modak
10. Shri Naresh Chandra Bhargava
11. Shri Man Mohan Singh Bararia
12. Shri rajendra Swaroop saxena
13. Km. Kunjoonjamma Simon
14. Shri Shyam:Bihari Dube
15. Km. Mridula
16. Shri Krishan Lal Handoo
17. Shri Preveen Kumar Jain
18. Shri C.V.P. Pillai
19. Shri P:Gopala Rao
20. Miss C. Saräda Devi
21. Shri E.A.V. Prasad
22. Shri Bidhan Krishna Mohanty

Osmania
-do -
-do- Geophysics
Panjab
-do- Anthropology
-do- . Chemistry
Patna $\quad$ do-
Poona Zoology
Rajasthan Chemistry -do -
-do- Mathematics
saug ar
-do -
-do -
-do -
-do-
-do-

Botanj
Zoology

Chemistry
-do-

Chemistry
Mathematics
-do -
Chemiatry
-do-
-do-

Sri Venkateswara Boṭany
-do- -do-
-do- . .. Geology
Utkal Physies.

POST-GRADUATE RESEARCH SCHOLARSHIPS IN HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCE FOR 61-62 ARRANGED SUBJECT-WISE.



## 3. ANTHROPOLOGY

i) Shri Subhash Chandra Rastogi Lucknow University
ii) Km . Salatunnessa
i) Shri Mool Chand Jain

1i) Shri Abdul Qaiyum Siddiqui
1ij.) Shri Hamid Husain Zuberi
iv) Shri Saiyed Raza Hashim
v) Shri Prem Shanker Asthana
vi) Shri Jinendra Kumar Jain
t) Smt. Kokila Saxena

1i) Shri Sajid Ali Khan
iii) Shri Chitrothu Atchuta
iv) Shri M. Kesavan Annamalai University
v) Shri Desai Bashir mjeemodim Bombay Univerisity
vi) Shri Chandra Kishore Modi
vii) Shri Rathi Bachcharaj
viii) Shri Pillai K. Raman
ix) Shri K. Ramachandran Nair
x) Shri Brijendra Kumar Nigam

Calcutta University Agra University Aligarh University -doLucknow University Lucknow University Allahabad University Agra University Aligarh University Andhra University -doJabalpur University Kerala University
-do-
Lucknow University

(Contd:... 3 ).


70. HISTORY
11) Shri Vijay Shankar Dubey 1i1) Shri Ram Krishna Dwivedi
iv) Shri Rajendra.Kumar Bharatiya
v) Shri Hari Anant Phađ̈ke
vi) Shri Lalta Prasad Pandey
vi1) Shri Rajendra Prasad Singh
v111) Shri Mast Ram Singh
ix) Shri Mohd. Hzider Ali
x) Shri Ganga Prasad
xi) Mrs. G.Rajamma
xi1) Shri P. Surianarayanan xiii) Km. Saraswati taswaran xiv) Shri Davendra Swarup Agarwal Lucknow University xv) Shri A. Chatterji
*xvi) Shri Prarspatinath Singh
xviiil shri funjart $\because$ ril
xiv1i1) Shri Ashok Pradhan
11. LANGUAGES 1) Shri P. Venkataramaih

11i) Shri M. Israel (Tamil)
iv) Miss Ramanuior Teelavathy (Tamil)
v) Shri C.P. Krishna Kumar (Kannada)

Allahabad University -do--do-

Banaras University - do-

Gorakhpur University -do--do -

Calcutta University Agra University Annamalai Univerisity -do-

Delhi University

## -do -

Patna University
Visva-Bharati Univ.
Indian School of International Studies.
Andhra University

- $\mathrm{do}-$

Madras University
-do-

Mysore University
(Contd... 4 ).

11. LANGUAGES
vi) Shri Man Mohan Singh
vii) Shri Sridhar Vasishth (Panjabi)
4.

Delhi University

Panjab University

Agra University
Kerala University
-do-

Allahabad University
Annamalai University -do-

Patna University Banaras University.

Al.fgaph University
Delhi University
Lucknow University
-do-
Patna University

Andhra University

Allahabad University
Cal outta University - $\mathrm{do}-$

DeIhi University

```
                                    -do-
```

Karnatak University
Madras University
Utkal University

(Contd....6)



ANNEXURE II
to Item No. 2 (80)
THE FOL_OWING CANDIDATES FOR POST-ぃRADUATE RESEARCH SCHOLARSHIPS HaVE BEEN PLACED IN THE WAITING $\operatorname{IST}$ IN THE SUBJECTS NOTED GGATNST THEIR N.MES.

Shri Irshad Ali
Shri Radhey Shyam Gupta
Shri Palaniswamy Nagaraja
Kin. Kailash Jain
Smt. Shanti Rani Sharma
Shri Yogendra Pratap Singh Shri sudhakar shukla Km. Uma Sharma

Shri E.V.M. Mariappan Km. Badrun Nisa

Km. Saroj Bala
Shri Satya Prakash Singh
Mrs. Kanta Gupta
Shri Balkeshva Prasad Mispa Gorakhpur
Shri Ghanshyam Tiwari
Shri P. Venkateswarlu
Shri K. Damodaran Nambiar
Km. Archana Bose
Km. Indu Mahadev Rao Lolke

Shri Suđarshan Kumar Sharma

Shri Um Parkash

Alig arh
Lucknow
Mysore
Agra
Aligarh
4llahabad
Lucknow
Delhi.
Madras Tamil
Pataa . Urdu
4sPa Sansperit
Banas as
Delh1
ulucknow : n
Madras .
Poona "
Saugay "
Naspurn !

Panjab "

Sanskrit University $\mathbb{Z}$
Varanasi.

# Appendix II to U．G．C．Minutes． 

Dated：7th March， 1962.

Statement of grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of tha Commission held on 7．2．1962．

应茾共


1．Osmania．Ind instalmant of grant for
the：construction of Womon＇s
hostol．（Approvod cost
Rs． $1,30,500 /-$ U．G．G．
share Rs．97，875／－）．Grant
paid proviously Rs． $37,500 /$ ．Rs． $30,000 /-$

Ind instaiment of grant
for，the construction of
Boysi hostol．（Approvod
cost Rs， $10,57,135 /-$ ．
U．（．C．sharc R． $5,28,567.50 \mathrm{NP}$ ）
Trant proviously paịd
P．1，00，000／－．
R．s． $2,00,000 \%$

3．Agra
Ind instalmont of grant for the rocoupment of loan of $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}}$ ．2，00，000／－paid by the Ministry of Education for tho construction of Boys：hostol）．Grant proviously paid Rs． $10,000 /-$ ．Rs． $9,125.75$

4．Andhra Final instalment of grant for the construction of women＇s hostol．（Approved cost Rs．3，36，000／－．
U．त．C．share Rs． $1,68,000 /-$ ）．
Grant alroady paid
Rs． $1,60,000 / \cdots$ ．Rs ． $8,000 /-$

5．Andhra Ist instalmont of grant
for the construction of
staff quartors．（Approvod
cost． Ps ． 5,15 ；060／－．
iJ．C．C．sharo
Bs． $2,58,030 /-$ ）$\quad$ is． $1,00,000 / 0$
（Contd．．．2．）．


13. Osmariz Ind instalment-of grant for the construction of staff quarters. Grant proviously paid Rs. $1,00,000 /$ - Rs. $50,000 /$ -
14. Osmania TVth instalment of grant towards tha establishment of students heajth contre.. creant proviously paid
is. 70,000/-.
Rs. $20,000 \%-$
15. Yisra-Bharati

IIIrd instalment of arant towards establishment of studonts h alth centre. crant previously paid
"s. 45,000/-.
is. $20,000 /-$


$$
(\text { Contd....4.). }
$$






## Baroda (Contd.).

ii) Recurring grant towards the salaries of additional. staff appointed for the Departments of Economics, Folitical Science and Psychology.

Rs. 20,000/-
iii) First instalment out of the non-recurring grant of Ris. 3,350/- approved for the scheme of research in social welfare. Rs. 1,000/-
iv) Final instalment out of the non-recurring grant of Rs. 7,250/- approved for the scheme of research in social welfare. (The problems of working mothers in Baroda City). Rs. 766.86

NP.
51. Calcutta Non-recurring grant for the purchase of Library Books and Journals (Humanities) during 1961-62. Rs. 5,000/-
52. Delhi i) 'On account' recurring grant towards the salaries of additional staff appointed for the Faculty of Law, for the year 1961-62.

Hs. $40,000 /-$
ii) Third instalment out of the non-recurring grant of Rs. 1,48,500/- approved for the construction of teaching block of the Delhi School of Economics. The first two instalments amounting to Rs. $1,20,000 /-$ were paid in 1960-61 and 1961-62. Rs. 10,000/-


Delhi
(Contd.).
iii) Fourth instalment out of the nonrecurring grant of Rs. 78,000/- approved for the purchase of apparatus, instruments etc. for the development of the Dept. of Philosophy and Psychology, First three instalments amounting to Rs. $56,000 /-$ were paid during 1957-58, 1958-59 and 1961-62.

Rs. $10,000 /=$
53. Gauhati. Fifth instalment out of the non-recurning grant of Rs. 8,32,000/ (total cost being Rs. $12,48,000 /-$ ). approved for the constraction of University Library Buildings. First four instalments amounting to Rs. 4,00,000/-were para during 1955-57 and 1960-62.

Rs. 1, 15,000/-
54. Gujarat
i) Recurring grant towards the salaries of additional staff appointed for the Departments of psychology and Labour Welfare for the year 1961-62.

Rs. $20,000 /-1$
ii) Recurring grant towards the salaries of additional staff appointed for tho (a) School of Social Sciences and (b) Gujarati Language and Literature for the year 1961-62.

Rs. 16,000/-
35. Nagpur

1) Third instalment out of the non-recurring grant of Rs. 15,000/- approved for the scheme of research in Social Welfare. First two instalments amounting to Rs. $6,500 /$ - were paid in 1960-61 and 1961-62.
is. $1,500 /-$
ii) First instalment out of the nonrecurring grant of Rs. $40,000 /$ - (total cost being Rs. $53,324 /-$ ) approved for the construction of a building to house the University Press.
is. 6,000/-
(Contd....9.).'


...: $10: . .$.


Mysore
(Contd.).
62. Poona
63. Kerala.
64. Sardar

Vallabhai Vidjapeeth.
ii) III instalment of grant; for the purchase of Books and equipment for the departments of: Economics, Psychology, Pol. Science, Kannada, Hindi, Education, English, Sanskrit, Urdu, Persian and Arabic, Philosophy, Ináology ard History. Approved cost Rs. 66,000 (NR) Rs. 2,26,500( NR). Share of the Commission at $662 / 3 \%$ Rs. 1,51,000 (NR). Grant previously paid Rs, 70,000( NR).

1) 'On account' recurring grant towards the salaries of the staff for the departmont of Linguistics for the year 196i-62.

Rs. $19,000(R)$
11) III instalment of nonrecurring grant towards the purchase of books for the department of Politics under the scheme of Bal Ganga Dar, Tilak Chair. Approved cost Rs. 8,000/- (NR)。 Share of the Commission at $662 / 3 \%$ Rs. 5,300/-(NR) \& Grant previousLy paid Rs。3,300/-(NR).Rs. 1,000(NR)

III instalment of none recurring grant towards the building for the department Enucsition, M. Ed. course (additional accommodation), Approved cost Rs. $30,000 /(\mathrm{NR})$. Share of the Commission at $662 / 3 \% \mathrm{Rs}, 20,000 /-(\mathrm{NR})$. Grant proviovijy paid Rs. $14,800 /-(\mathrm{NA})$.

${ }^{1}$ On account ${ }^{3}$ recurring grant ${ }^{11}$
towards the salaries of staff of there departinents of Economics, Politics, History, Philosophy, Commerce, English, Hindi, Gujarati and Sanskrit for the year $7964-62$.

Rs. $70,000(R)$



Andhra
(Contd.).
69. Annamalai
$!$
70. Banaras.
iv) Towards the second instalment of equipment arant for the Department of Chemical Fingineering out of the approved total grant of Rs. 3,02,867/-. The first instalmont amountin? to Rs. $1,00,000 /$-was paid during 1958-59. Rs. $1,00,000 /$.
v) Towards the third insta?ment of equipment arant for the Colleqz of Engineering, Waltair out of the approved total rrant of Rs. $13,13,333 /-$. The first two instalments amounting to Rs. 5,10,000/were paid during 1957-58 and 1960-61. Ps.3,00,000/-
v1) For purchase of library books for the College of Tnainaering - Waltair being the toral arant approved for the purpose. Rs. 13,333/-

1) For purchase of equipment for the University Polytechnic boing the firsi instalment out of the ceiling rerant of Rs. $4,24,440 /-$ approved for the scheme.

As. $1,50,000 /-$
ii) For purchase of Library books for the University Polytechnic being the total grant approved for the purpose.

Rs. $10,000 /=$
1ii) Towards the salary of ono Research Assistant and one Research Scholar for 1961-62, undar the approved Rasearch Scheme on Hoat Transfer (Sulphonation). Rs. 1,660/-
i) Towards the rocurring grant for 1961-62 for the Department of Silicats Technology arainst the approved annual ceiling recurring grant of. fis. $37,000 /-$

Rs. 29,794/-
11) Towards the recurring grant for the Advanced Course in Motallurry for 1950-61 against th" approved Anmual cailing reourtinx arent of kis.59,300/-. Rs. 26,113/-


...: 14 :...

74. Roorkee.
i) For construction of building
for the Post-Graduate course
in Photogrammet: ic Engineer-
ing being tho abscond and
final instalment out of tho
total approved grant of
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } 94,000 /- \text { Th a first } \\ & \text { instalment amounting to } \\ & \text { Rs. } 75,000 /- \text { was paid during } \\ & 1958-59 .\end{aligned}$
ii) Towards the grant-in-aid for Junior Fellowships of Rs. 250/- for 1961-62 paid to the Post-Graduate students under different schemes.

Rs. 1, 19, 816/-
iii) Towards the recurring grant for 1959-61 for the Postgraduate course in Daw Design and Irrigation Engineering etc. against the approved annual coiling rant of Rs. 49, $932 /$ -
iv) Towards the recurring grant for 1961-62 for the degree course in Architecture against the approved annual ceiling grant of Re se 93,500/.. Rs. 29,263/-
v) Towards the arrears of nay of Bhri K.N. Kathpalia, Director, . . W.R.D.T.Ce Rs. 32,483/-
vi ) Towards the recurring grant for 196;-62 for under-graduat? and Diploma Courses in Enginoering against the approved annual ceiling recurring grant of Rs ,20,000/-. Rs. 1,474/-
vii) Towards the recurring grant for 1961-62 for the conversion schemes of Dears Courses in Engineering against the approved annual coiling grant of Rs. $77,417 /=$ 。 Rs. 14,580/-
viii) Towards the recurring grant for 1961-62 for the Postgraduate course in Applied Thermodynamics against the
approved annual coiling recurring grant of Rs.23.013/-. Rs. 20,210/-





Boing the 2nd instalmont from the total grant of Fs. $3,36,667 /-$ sanctioned for the various Science Departmonts during the II Five yaar plan. , Rs. 20,000/•
ii) Towards recurring crant for 1961-62 for the salary of

- additional staff approved for tho varmous Scienc? Departments. Ps. 30,000/-

84. Utka1. For the purchase of Books and Journals for the Postpraduate Dipartment of Zooloay - being the II and the last instalment from the total grant of Rs. 15,000/sanctioned for the purpose during the II Fiva Yoar Plan, . Ris. 7,500/-
85. Aligarh
i) For the purchase of Library Books and Journals for all Scienca Dapartments boing the first instalment out of the total expenditure of Rs. 1,75,000/- approved for the purpose for III Five Year Plan. is. 58,000/-
ii) Towards recurring grant for 1961-62 for the salary of staff approved for the various science departments. Rs. 35,509/-
iii) Towards recurring grant for 1961-62 for the salary of staff approved for the Geolopy Department. Rs. 4,950/-
iv) Towards recurring grant for 1961-62 for the salary of staff approved in the Inland Fisheries Section in the Department of zoology. Rs. 13,655/-


86. Banaras
ii) For the purchase of library. books and journals for all Science Departments, being the first instalment against the total expenditure of is. 1,60,000/- approved for the purpose for third five year plan.

Rs. 32,000/-
iii) Towards recurring grant for 1961-62 for the salary of staff appointed in various science departments.

Rs. 80,000/-
iv) Towards recurring gray for 1961-62 for the salary f staff approved for Geology D. apartment.

Rs. $14,198 /=$
v) Towards recurring grant for tho award of studentships in the Donartment of Geophysics during 1961-62. Rs. 21,800/-
90. Burdwan

For the purchase of scientific equipment for science departments as detailed below:-

1. Physios is. 79,000
2. Chemistry Rs. 50,000

Rs. 1,29,000
---------
This is the first instalmont against the total grant of is. $6,00,000 \%$ sanctioned for the : purpose for the third five year plan.

Rs. 1,29,000\%
(Con tam. . .20.).
(96)


...; ?2.:..,


104. Agra \begin{tabular}{l}
For upgrading tha salarios of <br>
University teachers.

$.$

Rs:
\end{tabular}$\quad$ 2,970.00

105. Jadavpur.
106. Karnatak.
107. Poona.
108. Sri Venkateswara
109. S.N.D.T. Women!s.
110. Annamalai.

For uprading the salaries of Technical teachers.
(a)Non-recurring'grant to cons-
tituont callegós for introduction of Thereo Years Degree Course.

Bs. 3,92,313




DEIHI.

(Contd.... 26.).



patnal


POOMI.


PANJAB.

201. . -K.M. Teachers Training College; . Ris. 816/-
Bhiwani.
202. . Ramgarhia Training Colleqe, Phagware, Rs. 1, 038/-
203. M.G.N. Basic Training Collepa, Rs.1,137/-
Jullundur.
204. M.R. College, Frozilka. $\quad$ Rs. 810/-
205. S.G.G.S.Khalsa College, Mahilpur. is. 1,616/-
206. National College, Sathiale. is, 2,000/
207.: : A.
RAIASTHAN
M.S.J. College, Bharatpur: . ${ }^{r}[$. Rs, 776/-
S.V.V.D.YAPEETU
209.
210.

Nalini and Asrvind Arts Coliceco, Vallabh Vidhyanagar.

Rs. 2,000/-
210.
B.J.V.Mahavidyalaya, Vailabh

Vidyanagar.
Rs. 1,274/-

S.V.VIDYAPSETY (CONTD).
211. Vithalbhai Patel Mahavidyalaya, Vallabh Rs. $2,000 /-$ Vidyanagar.
212.
B.f. College of Agricultura, Anand. Rs. $7,570 /-$ SRI VIENKATESWARA.
213. $\because \because$ Governmont Training Collero, Karnool: Rs.. 128/-

Andhra Vot ${ }^{\text {rinary }}$ Colloge, Tirupati: $\quad$ Rs. $1,008 /=$ VIKRAM.


Estahlisiment of NonoRosident Stordents Cantrias in Colleges -


22AGRA UNIVERSITY.



BIHAR UNIVERSITY.


## BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

235. Ruparel Colloge, Bombay.

$35,000: 10,000 \quad$| 15,000 |
| :---: |
| Ind instalmont. |

CAICUTTA UNIVERSITY,


GAUHATI_UNIVEISSITY


GUTARAT UNIVERSITY:
239. K.P. Coll 3 ge of $73,100.35,000.20,000^{\circ}$ IV instalment.
Commerce.

KERATA. UNIVERSITY.

240: \begin{tabular}{l}
Sacrod Heart <br>
Colleqe; Thevara,

 57,$000 \quad 35,000 . \quad 10,000$

10,000 <br>
IInd instal-
\end{tabular}

| 24. | St. Thomas <br> College, Palai. | 50,9773 | $35,000$ | $10,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,000 \\ & \text { Ind } \\ & \text { instement. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (Cont | ...30.). |



KERALA UNIVERSITY (CONTD)

| 242. | Sri Korala Varma Collise, Trichur. | 45,000 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IND } 000 \\ & \text { instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 243. | St. Josaph's Colloge, Calicut. | 51,150 | 35,00' | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10,000 } \\ & \text { Ind } \\ & \text { instaimont. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 244. | B.C.M.Colloge for women, Kottayam. | 56.900 | 35,000 | 25,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { IIIrd } \\ & \text { instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 245. | U.C. College, Alwaye | 4.800 | 35,000 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { Ist instaln } \end{aligned}$ |

MADEAS UNTIERSITY.

| 246, | Alagappa <br> College, <br> Karadkudi. | 57,500 | 35,000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { I instalmen } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 247. | Theagara jar College, Madurai. | 57.290 | $35,000^{\circ}$ | 25,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10,000 } \\ & \text { III and final } \\ & \text { :instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 248. | St. Joseph's College, Tiruchinappally | 46,000 | $\therefore 35,000^{\circ}$ | 30,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5,000 } \\ & \text { IV and final } \\ & \text { instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 249. | Vivekanenda Collono, Mylapore. | 50,000 | 35,000 | 30,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5,000 } \\ & \text { IV and final } \\ & \text { instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 250 | Stella Mary's <br> College, <br> Madras . | 51:17 | 35,000 | 30,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5,000 } \\ & \text { III and final } \\ & \text { instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 251. | Layola College, Madras. | 51,000 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10,000 } \\ & \text { instalmen } \end{aligned}$ |

MYSORE IUNIVERSITY.

| 252. | Acharya Pathsela <br> Collere of Commerce. | 50,000 | 35,000 | 20,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { III instal- } \\ & \text { mont: } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 253. | St. Ann's Trafining Collage. | 34,194 | 34,194 | 20,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10,000 } \\ & \text { II instalment } \end{aligned}$ |

NAG.ETR UNTIERSITY.

| 254. | Hislop Collogn. Nagpur. | 36,150 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 20,000 \\ & \text { II instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 255. | Amaloakchand <br> Mahavidyalaya, Yeotmal. | . 62,400 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10;000 } \\ & \text { II instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |



## OSMANIA UNIVERSITY

| $256 .$ | Nizam College, Hyderabad. | 40,280 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 20,000 \\ & \text { III } \\ & \text { instaiment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 257. | Womens College, Hyderabad. | 40,280 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { II } \\ & \text { instalinent. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 258. | Arts and Science College, Warangal. | 38,700 | 35,000 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { I } \\ & \text { instelment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| POONA | UNIVERSITY. |  |  |  |  |


| 259. S. S.V.P. | 44,882 | 35,000 | 25,000 | 10,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sensthais Arts |  |  | III and |  |
| and Scionce |  |  | final |  |
| Gcllere, |  |  |  |  |
| Dhulia. |  |  |  |  |


| 260, | Sengamoshwar College, Sholapur. | 38,352 | 35,000 | 15,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 15,000 \\ & \text { III } \\ & \text { instaiment } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 261. | Chhatrapathi Shivaij College, Satara. | 42,635 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $25,000$ <br> II <br> instalmen |

PANJAB UNIVERSITY.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 262. G.H.r. Khalsa } \\ & \text { College, } \\ & \text { Gurusar Sadar. } \end{aligned}$ | 43,453 | 35,000 | 20,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { III } \\ & \text { instalment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 263.G.M.N. College, Ambala. | 42,559 | 35,000 | 5,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { II } \end{aligned}$ |

SAUGAR UNIVERSITY:.

| 264. | New Arts and Science College, Raipur. | 40,875 | 35,000 | 10,000 | $10,000$ <br> II <br> instalment. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UTKAT, UNIVERSITY. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 265. | B.J. B. Collage, Bhubneswar. | 50,000 | 35,000 | - | $10,000$ <br> instalment |

## RAYMENT OF GRANTS TO COLIEGES FOR CENTENARY CEIEBRATTONS.

```
266. Midnaporo Colloga,
    Midnaporo
    (Calcutta Univ.).
267. Elphinstone College,
    Bombay (Bombay
    University).
```




|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { 1. }{ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $286 .$ | P.D.M.College of Cnmmorce | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Boys' } \\ & \text { hostal. } \end{aligned}$ | 1,66,300 | 83,150 | 55,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 25,000 \\ & \text { (III } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
| Rajkut <br> Gujarat, <br> University). |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 287. | St. Xevier's <br> College, Abmedabad (Gujarat Univorsity). | Women's <br> Hostel. | 5,75,000 | 1,25,000 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 30,000 \\ & \text { (I } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
| 288. | G.S. College of Cormmerce and Economics, Jabalpur (Jabalpur | Man's hostel. | 3,53,000 | 1,25,000 | 90,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (IN,000 } \\ & \text { instalmont). } \end{aligned}$ |
| 89, | Kahila Maha- <br> vidyalaya, Jabalpur (Jabalpur Univorsity). | Women's hostel. | 90,790 | 68,090 | 40,000 | $\begin{gathered} 20,000 \\ \text { (III } \\ \text { instalment). } \\ , 0 \cdot \end{gathered}$ |
| 290. | St. Joseph's <br> Collogo for Woman, <br> AIMoppy (Korala Univorsity). | -do- | 1,40,500 | 1,00,000 | 80,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 15,000 } \\ & \text { (IV } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
| $21 .$ | St. Albert's <br> Colloge, <br> Ernakulam <br> (Kerala <br> University). | Library building | 66,800 | 44,533 | $38,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,533 \\ & \text { (Final } \\ & \text { instalment). } \\ & \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| $2 \pi$ | Mar Thoma College, Tirinvaila (Korala University). | Extension <br> of <br> library <br> building | $\text { n } \quad 9,000$ | 6,000 | 5,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { (Final } \\ & \text { instalment). } \end{aligned}$ |
| $293$ | Sri Avinashi- <br> lingam Home <br> Science <br> Collngo, <br> Coimbator? <br> (Madras <br> Univarsity). | Women's hostal. | 1,28,380 | 96,285 | 55,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 30,000 \\ & \text { (IIII } \\ & \text { instaiment). } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Contd. | 35.). |





Establishment of Hobby Workshops in Universities and Colleges.
****


## UNIVERSITIES

311. Baroda

| 53,600 | 49,800 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(\mathrm{NR})$ | $(\mathrm{NR})$ |
| 4,900 | 4,900 |
| $(\mathrm{R})$ | $(\mathrm{R})$ |

37,000
(NR)
5,578
10,000
University,
(R)
(R)
(R)

314. Saugar
$\begin{array}{cc}59,525 & 50,000 \\ (\mathrm{NR}) & (\mathrm{NR}) \\ 5,000 & 5,000\end{array}$
44,740 (NR) 4,00
$\begin{array}{lrrr}(R) & 5,000 & 9,242.81 & -5,000(R) \\ (R) & (R) & 4,730.78\end{array}$ in cash and

1. Rs, 269.32 paid
\$15, $\begin{array}{lcccc}\text { Visva-Bharati } & 50,830.50 & 50,000 & \text { (NR) } & \text { (NR) } \\ \text { University. } & \text { (NR) } & \text { (NR) } & 13,000 \\ & 5,000 & 5,000 & & \text { (NR) }\end{array}$ 5,000 (R) $\quad 5,000(R)$
COLIECES.
$\begin{array}{cccccc}\text { 316, D.A.V.Collere, } & 25,314 & 20,000 & 8,000 & & 5,000 \\ \text { Mazaffarmager } & \text { (NR) } & \text { (NR) } & \text { (NR) } & \cdots & \cdots \\ \text { (Agra } & 2,500 & 2,500 & & & \\ \text { Univarsity) } & \text { (R) } & \text { (R) } & & & \end{array}$


318

| C.R.R.College, | 25,700 | 20,000 | 5,000 | $4,000$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eluru | (NR) | (NR) | (NR) | (NR) |
| (Andhfa | 2,500 | 2,500 |  |  |
| University). | (R) | (R) |  |  |
| Sibsagar | : $25,755.57$ | 20,000 | 8,000 | 5,000 |
| Colloge, | (NR) | (NR) | (NR) | (NR) |
| Sibsagar | 2,500 (R) | 2,500 |  |  |
| (Gauhati | $\therefore \quad 1$ | (R) |  |  |
| University). |  |  |  |  |



REFORM IN THE SYSTEM OF EXAMINATIONS IN INDIAN UNIVERSITIES.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{SIO}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{NO} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | me | Purposa | Amount sanctioned for parment. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 326. | Baroda University. | 'On account': recurring | Ris. 7,000/- (R) |
|  |  | grant towares the |  |
|  |  | saiary of gtaff of tho examination |  |
|  |  | Reform and |  |
|  |  | Resoarch Unit S., approved upto |  |
|  |  | 31.301962 on usual |  |
|  |  | sharina hasis. |  |
|  |  | Rs. $2,000 /-$ (NR) and Rso $14,000 /-(\mathrm{R})$. |  |
|  |  | hevo alroady been |  |
|  |  | pafd sofar. |  |

$$
\text { ....: } 39 \text { :... } \text {. }
$$

Block grants to Universities for the purpose of awarding travel grants to teachers, scholars and technicians. (In case of Science subiocts) for visiting resbarch and training contres in India.

## * ${ }^{*}$ 长

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Name of the University. | Annual quota. | Advanco <br> admissible <br> for $1961-62$ | Amount already paid as advance grant. | Balance now senctioned on account of advance grant. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 329. | $\therefore$ Andhra | 8,000 | 4,000 | 800 | 3,200 |
| 328. | Marathwada | 5,000 | 2,500 | 2,837.32 | 1,700 |
| 389. | Indian <br> Institute of | 2,000 | 1,000 | nil | 1,000 |
| - | Science, Bangalora. |  |  |  |  |

Towards the payment of post-graduateresoarch scholarships in Science of the waluo of fis. $200 /-$ p.m. each during 1961-62,

| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{SH}_{0} \\ \mathrm{NO}_{2} \end{gathered}$ | Name of the Universityt. | Period. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\text { 330. Osmania. } 1961-62 \text { Rs. } 7,200,00$ |  |  |  |
| 331. | Bombay . | -dom | 833.33 |
| 132. | Bihar. ; | -do- | 509.69 |
| 333. | Aligarh, ${ }^{\text {/ }}$ | -do- | 2,800.00. |
| 334. | Marathwada. | -do- | 2,400,00 |
| 335. | Roơrkee. | -do- | 754.84. |
| 336. | Andhra. | -do- | 703.23 |
| 337. | Banaras | -do- | 200.00 |
| 338. | Iucknow. | -do- | 2,053.33. |
| 339. | A) ${ }_{\text {ahabad }}$ | -do- | 1,200.00 |
|  | $i$ |  | 18,654.42 |

Post-graduate Research Scholarships in Humanities.


Towards the payment -of Junior Research Fellowships in Science of the values of hs. 300/-p.m. each during 1961-62. -•••.....


$$
+19: 41: \ldots 0
$$





Towatds the payment of Junior Research Fellowships in Sdience of the value of Rs, 300/4 each for 1960-61.

364 Karala $1960061 \quad 1,200.00$

Towatds the renewal of Senior Research Fellourahipe in
Selence of the frime Rs.500/- p.m. for 496\%-02 ananded during 1960-61.
365. Foona

196162


Fowards tha payment of Rogonrch'Fallowships in Enginearing



| 370. Osmania. | -do- | $7,600,00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $37 \%$ | Sauger. | -do- | $2,322,58$ |

Towards the award of Junior/Senior Research FellowshIps In Humanitias and Social Sciences of the value of Rs. 300/- p.m.


Jynfor Reanarch Fellowshipan .:
Srath. Nefanting University. Poriod.
372, ALigarh 1961-62

Amount. MN. R R 1,800,00
...: 42 :.....



## Item No. 2 : To receive a reoort on thc action token on certain matters.

1. Financial assistance to retired teachers/ Scientists.

The Commission at their meeting held on 2nd August, 1961, 'approved a scheme for assistance to retired teachers and scientists after superannuation to enable them to continue their teaching/research work. A total of 49 applications were received. The Selection Committee consisting of:-

1. Dr. D.S. Kothari (Chairman)
2. Dewan Anand Kumar
3. Prof. N.A. Nikam
4. Prof. A.R. Wadiá
met on 23 rd February, 1962 and made the following recommendat-Ions:-
a) The candidates even beyond the age of 65 years may be considered under the scheme if they retain active interest in academic work.
b) The awards may be tenable for 2 years in the first instance w.e.f. the date of actual commencement of the research work under the scheme. The grants under the scheme will be in addition to any pension earned by the recipients. However in case for re-employment grants payable under the scheme shall cease forthwith.
c) The Committee agreed that the case of a retired lecturer from Kerala with a Ph.D. from Cambridge who sought assistance about a couple of years ago may be reviewed, and circulated to the members of the Committee for eliciting their opinion.
d) The published work or research done should be regarded as a positive basis for selection.

The Committee recommended the following candidates
for assistance under the scheme.
i) Dr. Mohd. Wahid Mirza (Arabic)
ii) Shri N. Aiya Swami Shashtri (IndoTibetan Studies)
iii) Prof. P.S. Naidu (Education)
iv) Dr. Ashirbadi Lal Srivastava (History)


The Committee also agreed that relevant facts
about Prof. M.S. Mani and M. Vaidyanathan may be ascertained before considering their applications. The Chairman, University Grants Commission accepted the recommendations of the Selection Committee and sanctioned the award of assistance to 22 teachers/scientists detailed above. 2
2

The Commission approved an expenditure of . Rs. 2,20,000/- for construction of buildings for the Department of Radio-Physics and Electronics, Calcutta University. The estimates for the buiidin originally included a provision of Rs. 13,500/- Cor electrical installations and fans.

While executing the work; the University found that the provision of Rs. $12_{2} 500 /-$ are in the estimates for electrical installations and fans :ias inadequate and realised that a further provision of Ps. 14,500/was needed for this purpose. Accordingly, a request for approval of an additional expenditure of Rs. 14,500/was made by the university to meet all the requirements under electrical services. The University however undertook to meet this additional expenditure from the total expenditure of As . $2,20,000 /$ approved by the Commission for the construction of buildings for the Department.

The University's request for an additional expenditure of Rs. 14,500/- for the purpose stated above was approved subject to the condition that the total expenditure for construction of buildings for the Department of Radio-Physics and Electronics :oes not exceed the original sanction for Rs. 2,20,000/-.

The matter is reported to the Commission.
3. Approval of financial assistance under the Three-Year Degree Course Scheme to D.A.V. Degree College, Varanasi.

Banaras Hindu University recommended the
names of 4 colleges affiliated to it for assistance under the Three-Year Degree Course scheme. out of these four colleges, only one college viz. D.A.V. Degree College, Varanasi fulfils the conditions necessary for assistance under the Three-Year Degree Course scheme. It was agreed to assist this college on the basis reconmended by the Estimates Committee on the Three-Year Degree Course. The expenditure approved is as shown below:-

| Approved | U.G.C's |
| :--- | :--- |
| expenditure | share |


| Rs. | Rs. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $75,000 \quad$ | 37,500 |
| 25,000 | 12,500 P.A.. | a period of 4 years.

4. Payment uf grants to big colleges of .Calcutta under the Three-Year Degree Course scheme.
--..-
The University Grants Commission's Committee Which reported on the problem of phased reduction of number of students in the big colleges of Calcutta (Item I9 of the U.G.C. meeting held on 11/12-2-1960) had gone into the question of accommodation in the colleges and recommended a ceiling enrolment for each of the colleges. Suggestions
p.t.c.
made by the Committee included splitting the existing colleges into different units with separate and fulltime staff and separate governing bodies.
on the basis of thesaurecommendations and of the number of students approved by the Committee, the Chairman accorded approval for assistance to these colleges (treating 1,000 students as one unit) as detailed below.

5. Vidya- 2071

| Vida- | 1844 | 1500 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sugar | 150 |  |  |  |
| College | 1369 |  |  |  |

E. Nah

| Manidra | 1585 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chandra | 1247 |
| College |  |

$1500 \quad 1.5 \quad 1.5$ College (3 shifts)
6. St. Xavier's 1020 College 920 X (2 shifts)
7. Banda 971

| Bang | 9713 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bassi | 2713 |
| College | 1256 |

(3 shifts) 1046

2000
2
3
including one unit for women's college.
9. City
Colleg

1(a) Anandmohan 2340 College
(b) Ram mohan 1165 College
$4.5 \quad 9$

2
1


5. Approval in principle to financial assistance towards the preparation of Reading Material in General Education - Andhra University

The Chairman approved, in principle, the scheme of the Andhra University for the preparation and publication of reading material. in connection with the introduction of General Education courses in the University at an estimated cost of Ps. 20,000/- and agreed to meet the cost at $50 \%$ of the expenditure or Fs . $10,000 /-$ whichever is less,

The Chairman also approved the University's proposal for organising a series of 15. Lectures on Asian Culture at an estimated cost of Es. 5,000/- as an activity of the department of Philosophy of the University. It was agreed that the full cost of the expenditure incurred on the Lectures within Rs. 5,000/- would be met by the Commission.

The University has been asked to furnish details of the items on which the above expenditure is to $b=$ incurred.
 R.K. Arya College, Nawanshahr Doaba

The scheme submitted by the Radha Krishna Arya College Nawanshahr Doaba (Panjab University) for the establishment of a Hobby Workshop in the College at a total nonrecurring cost of Rs. 28,500/- has been finally approved and the Est instalment of grant of Rs. 5,000/- has been sanctioned against the Commission's share of Ps.20,000/(NR). The College has been asked to proceed. with the implementation of the scheme.
7. Central Universities - Payment of
'On Account' grant during 1961-62

Following further 'On Account' grants have been made to the Central Universities to meet their normal'expenditure. These grants are subject to adjustment on the basis of the revised estimates to be examined by the Reviewing Committee.
bringing the total to:

8. Aligarh Muslim University - Revision of scales of pay of Non-academic staff
----
The Commission in their meeting held on Fth
February 1962 had approved the revision of scales of pay of the non-academic staff in the Aligarh Muslim University w.e.f. 1.7.1959. But the scales of pay of
certain non-teaching posts in the University were not revised by the Commission as these posts carried a -fixed rates of pay. The University was therefore asked to intimate the qualifications and duties prescribed for the holders of these posts and also to"suggest an appropriate previously existing graded scales suited to the duties and quai-
 information from the University, the Chairman approved the suggested scales and the revision of scales of pay for these non-academic $\boldsymbol{s}^{\text {staffs }}$ of the Aligarh Muslim University w.e.f. Is July, 1959 as in the schedule attached (Appendix ' $I^{\prime \prime}$ ).
9. Starting of New Courses in the Colleges of Delhi University.
-----
The Commission in its meeting held on the 7th February, 1962 desired the Chairman to have further discussion with the University regarding the teaching of M.A. Classes in History and Political science in the Sri Guru Tegh Bahadur Khalsa College; Delhi. The Chairman discussed the matter with the Principaz,'S.G.T:B. Khalsa College and permitted the College to teach M.A. Classes in History and Political Science w.e.f. the academic year 1962-63 as it already has Honours courses in these subjects.
10. The Government. of India have amended the staff car rules in respect of the working hours of chauffeurs. As the U.G.C. Staff Car Rules are usually based on the Govt. of India Rules the amendment has been carried out in the respective rule No. 24 (of U.G.C. Staff Car Rules) as follows: follows:-

As at present
Substituted by
24. The normal working hours of the Staff Car driver. will be from $9.00: \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 7.00 pom. with an interval - of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours for lunch.
24. The normal working * hours of the chauffeurs will be from 9.30 atm. to 6.30 pom. with a lunch break of $\frac{1}{2}$ hour from 7.30 pom. to 2.00 pom.

-8-----

In tho original estimates for the construction of the building of the inivorsity Gents Commission approved by the Commission at their meeting held on 7 th December, 1959, the constriction of a cycle shed was not included. The C.P.W.D. have since submitted an estimate for the construetion of the cycle shed at a cost $\cap f$ Ps. $22,500 /-$ which has been sanctioned.
12. thointment of chris N. N. Tengar to officiate as Secretary, iniversity Grants Commission

Sheri S. Mathai, Secretary, iniversity Grants Commission has been sanctioned 89 days ex-India leave from 15th February, 1962 to 14 th May 1962 (both days inclusive) with permission to suffix 15 th May, 1962 (holiday) as approved in the last meeting of the Commission held on Fth March, 1962 vide additional item No. 12 It has boon decided that during tho leave period of Shri S. Mather, Sheri N.N. Tengar, Deputy secretary will carry on the current duties of the secretary, Tiv $\urcorner$ rsity Grants Commission.
13. Refusing of leave preparatory to retirement to Dr. 'B.D. 'Taroia, Development nfficor(Science)
Dr. $\dot{\Gamma} . D$. Frroir, Development officer (Science) who
is to retire from the service of the Commission on 6.6.1362 had applied for throes months earned leave preparatory to retirement with effect from 20th March, 1962. The Chairman has, in tho interest of public service, refused the grant of 79 days leave preparatory to retirement due to Dr. Tsaroia and has allowed him to avail of the above refused le ne from 7.6.1962, the date of his retirement from the University

Grunts Commission.
14.

Children's Educational Allowance to Central
Government Employees - extension of the
benefit to the employeos of the Tiniversity Grants Commission.
-----
Tho Government of India after considering the
recommendations of the Pay Commission regarding the
contd..

- 9
introduction of a scheme of Educational Assistance for Central Government employees have decided that "Children's Educational Allowance" will be allowed to Central Govt. employees whose paris debitable to Civil Estimates with effect from 'Is March, 1962 vide Ministry of Finance O.M. No. F. $10(1)$-Est. (Cpl.) /60 dated the 30th January, 1962 (Annexure I).

As the Commission is generally following the decisions of the Government of India and the rules laid down in Fundamental and Supplementary rules etc., it has been decided to extend the above benefit to the staff of the University Grants Commission w.e.f. Ist March, 1962 on the terms and conditions laid down in the above referred O.M. of Ministry of Finance.

Supplementary statement showing the Revised Pay Scales of Non-academic staff of the Aligarh Muslim University.


25
ATNEXIRE I to ITEN: NO. 2 (14)
$\therefore$ …
Copy of O.M. 1TO. F. 10(1)-Est. (Spl)/60. dated the 30 th January 1962 from the Ninistry of Finance, New De hi, addressed to all the Ministries of the sovt. of India, etc., e*c.,

Subject: Children's. Iducational Nlowance to Central Covernment em:loyees.

The undersisn ed is directed to say that the President, after considerin ${ }^{0}$ the recormendation of the Pay Comission regarding the introduction of a scheme of Diucational issistance for Central Government emplojees, has been pleased to ecide that 'Children's Educational Allowancel will be alilowed to Central Government employees whose pay is debitable to Giv.l Istimates; in accordance with the terms and conditions mentioned in paragraph 2 below.
2. (A) Rlogibility
$\therefore$ (1) All permanent and quasi-permanent nongazetted Government. servants and temporary non-gazetted Govemment servant s who have put in not less than three ycars' service and whose pay does not exceed fs. 349 p.m. will be eligible for the grant of allowance subject to the fulfilment of the conditions laid dow herander.

NOTE: , ' "Non-gazetted emplojees drawing pay'between Rs. 350/and ${ }^{n}$. 399 shall be entitied to marginal adjustments as indicated in the illustiation below:-

If 'A' gets a pay of Ro. 360 and has got liabilities which would onti: te him to an allowarice?f ks . 30/-. (had his piay been Rs. 349/-) ho, shall be si: en. the differencobetween Rs, $349+30$ and Rs. 360 viz., Ps. 19/-p. mi. $\quad \cdots \cdots$
ii Where both the "ovt, eryant and his wife or her husband are in Govt. service, the allowance will be admissible in respect of one of them only provided that it will not be aumissible if the pay of éither of - - themr exceads hs. $349 /$ p.m.

NOTE: Pay for the above purpose reans pay as defined in F.R. F (21)
(a) and in the case of a Govt. servant who has el ected to retain the existing scal es uncerthe Central Civil Services (Revised Yay) Rules, 1960, aiso includes deamess pay as defined under Pinance Ministry's 0.N. INo. 6(5)-E.II/53 dated the 9 thiliay, 19.53.
iii The allowancewill be adaissible to a Govt. servant who is on duty, under suspension orion leave including leave preparatory to retimenent. It. will not be admissible to deceased, $r$ etired ordischarged Govt. servents. If any Govt. servant dies, revires or is discharged in the midule of an academic $y$ : ar the allowance will be admissible till the and oi that academic year.

- NOCT: The pay with reference to wich the allowance will be given While the Govt. servant is un .er suspension or on: l eave will be the pay admissible to him at the time he was placed under suspension or: proceeed on l eave.

$$
\text { Conta. . . } 2
$$

(B) Rate of illowance:
(i) The allowance will be admissible at the followingrates

Primary classes Rs. 10 pom. per child
Secondary and Higher Rs. $15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. per child
Secondary classes.
(ii) The to teal allowance admissible o to a Govt. servant at any one time shall not exceed hs. $50 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
c) Conditions for the grant of Educational Allowance.
(i) The allowance will be admissible only in respect of children between the age limits of 5 and 18 years.

NOTE: The allowance shall commence from the mon th following that in which the child attains the are of 5 and shall cease at the end of the academic year in which the child attains the age of 18.
(ii) The concession will be limited to education unto higher Secondary Classes
$\qquad$
The allowance will be admissible only when the child or children of a Govt, servant study in a school away from the station at which he/she is posted and/or is residing.

I lustration: 'A' has his headquarters at Delhi and is residing at Ghaziabad. The allowance will not be admissible if his children study in a school either in Delhi or in Ghaziabad.
(iv) Thotalowance will be admissible only if the child is enrolled in a school which is rec ;vised by the Departront of Education or Educational authorities of the jurisdiction in which the school is si mated.
(v) The allowance will be admissible only in respect of Govt. servants's logitinato children including step-children and adopt ted children ${ }^{n}$ (where adoption is recognised under the personal law of the Govt servant) who are wholly dependent on the Govt. servant.
(vi) The allowance will not be acłulssible to India based staff serving in Missions abroad who received educational assistance under the Indian Io reign Service Pales.
(vii) There a child is in receipt of any Govt. scholarship, the ailo rance will be reduced by the amount of the Govt. scholarship: If he is in receipt of a scholarship higher than R. $10 /$ in the primary stage and is . $15 /$ - in the secondary stage, the allowance will not be admissible in respect of such a child.
(viii) Then a Govt. servant's pay is raised beyond Rs. 349/on account of the grant of increment $0^{2}$ promotion or he
acquires gazetted status, the ally ane will be continued, if other $\because$ conditions remain unal terech, until his pay exceeds the
total of his pa plus educational/ allowance prior to aras rise in pay.
The amount of the allowance will, however, be -

$$
\operatorname{con}+\mathrm{d} . . .3 .
$$


limited to the difference bwetween the su m total of pay pIns oducational allowanco prior to $g$ rant of increment or promotion or acquiring of gazetted status and the pay drawn after such promotion.
(ix) In respect of a temporary Govt, servant, the allowance will be admissiblefrom the month following that in which he completes three years' service.
(D) Certificates required in support of the claim
(1) Where the clucational allo ance is claimed a certificate should be furmished by the fovt. servant in the form annexed to these orders twice a yrar to the o,ficers who draw their pay arid allowances from the Treasury.
(ii) 1 certificate should be fumished on the bills by the drawing and disoursing oificers every month that the necessary certificates have $b$ on obtained.
(iii) The correctness of the cortificate should be got verifiod by the drawing'officers periodically.
3. The expenditure on account of Children's Jducational allowance will be debitable to the same head of account to which a Government servant's pay and allo ances are debited and shall be . booked under a detailed head rChildren's Zducational illowancen to be opened for the purpose.
4. These orders take eifect from the Ist March, 1962.
5. In so far as the persons working in the Indian audit and accounts $D_{\text {epartment are concemed, these orders are issued after }}$ consultation. wi th the Comptroller and inditor eneral of India.

ANMEXURE

FORM

Certified that my children mentioned below, in respect of whom 'Children's flucation illowance is claimed, are sudying in schools which are recognised by the Education/Departaent/ Dducational authorities of the jurisidiction in which the schools are situated, at a place other than moacuarters and/or resilience:-

| Name of child | Date of Birth | School in which studying and location of the School. | Theplace where the Govt. sexvant is $\mathrm{re}-$ siding. | Class in which studying | Anount of <br> scholar <br> ship. | Amount of ailow ance claimed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

1
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.

Certified that the children a re not in receipt of Govt. scholarship except to the extent indicated against the child concem gad. $^{\text {. }}$

Certified that ay wife/husband is not in Governnent service, or
that my wif o/husband is in Govemnent sorvice and that no ailowance would be clained by her/him and-also the pay draw by her/hirn do es not exceed $13.349 /-$ per month.
29)

UTIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION RAFI MIRG, NEW DELHI.

Meeting
4th April, 1962.

Item 3: To receive a statement of grants paid and expenditure incurred after the last meeting of the Commission held on 7.3.1962.



13. Banaras

- H. $\because$ Baroda

15. .ificalcutta

16. ., Madras
17. Mysore

For construction of bildings
for the College of Engingering under being the seventh instalment out of the total grant of Rse 15,40, 000:- sanctioned for the purpose, The previous six 3,00,000/instalments amounting to 3s. $9,04,000 /$ were paid during 1958..59 फ़० 1960.01.

For purchase of equipment for the Expansion 'scheme of Diploma courses in Engineering, being the eighth and final instalment out of the total grant of Ro 10, 82,000/- sanctioned for the purpose. Ihe previous seven
instalment,s amounting to ks. 10,00,000/were paid during 195'7. 58 to 1960-61. .

Towards the recuring gant for 1961-62 the Departments of Radio-Physics and Electronices Applied Physics and Applied Chemistry under the A.I.C.T.E. 2,19,000/scheme, being the ceiling .grant approved p.a.
(i) For construction of buildings for the college of Fngineering and Technoiogy urder the Expansion scheme being the 7th instalment out of the total grant of Rs: 73, 80 Jakhs approved for the purpose. The $1,00,000 /-$ previous ${ }^{5} \mathrm{~S} x$ instalments amounting tio Rs, IC, 04, 500/ fore paid duivng 1958-59* to 1960-61.
(ii) for purchase of equipment
for the college of Engineering
and Technology urder the Expansion Scheme being the 5th instalment out of the total grant of hs. 7.24 lakhs approved for the piarpose。 . 50,000/The first four instalments amounting to Rsi $5,19,832 /$ were paid during 1958-59 to 1960-61.

Towards the recurring grant for the School of Architecture during 196'-62 against the _ 10,751/approved anual ceiling grant of Rs: $21,566 /-$

For purchase of equipment for the college of Engineering Bangalore under the Expansion scheme being the 5 th instalment $1,00,000 /-$ out of: the tota? grant of Ms. $5,12,000 / m$ aroioved for the purpose. The i'irst 4 instalments amounting to Rs 3,50,000/- were nait Jurine han - 59 to 196?-61.

$\frac{\text { S. } N \text { No._University/College }}{2}$


$\frac{\text { Purpose }}{3}$
For the construction of Science Block, being the first instalment against the grant of Res. $11,40,000 /-$ s. sanctioned for the purpose.
29. Osmania

## 30. Panjab

(i) 'on account! recurring grant $15,031.27 \mathrm{nP}$. towards the salary of staff already appointed in the
(i) For the purchase of scientific equipment for the Department of Physics, being the eighth 50,000/e and the last instalment against the total grant of Rs. $4,00,000 /-$ sanctioned for the purpose. 667/-.
) For the purchase of scientific equipment for the Dept t. of Botany, being the Eth and the 40,000/last instalment against the total grant of Rs.1,66,667/sanctioned for the purpose.
(iii) For the purchase of scientific equipment for the Department of Anthropology, being the and 4,000/and the last instalment against the total grant of Rs. $20,000 /-$ sanctioned for the purpose. The first instalment of Rs. 16,000/was paid during 1960-61.
(iv) For the purchase of Library Books \& Journals for the Anthropology Denartment., $\quad 10,000 /-$ being the and and the last instalment against the total grant of Rs.30.000/- sanctioned for the purpose. The first instalment of Rs. 20,000/- was paid during 1960-61.
(v) Adhoc grant paid for holding a Seminar on the application 2,100/of "Field Theoretee Methods to prolelens' it sold state Physics.
31. Sugar
(i) 'on account' recurring grant towards the salary of staff already appointed in organic $8,672.12 \mathrm{nP}$. Ghemistry and inthropolegy Department.
(ii) For publication of a research . 210.00 nP . pates !Th Deltoid Muesułáturo of :Rodentia" by Dr.R.K. Shrivastava.
32. Sri Venkateswara
ton account recurring grant
.towards..the salary of staff
already appointed in the various Science Departments.

S.No $\frac{\text { University/CoI }}{2}$. Rajasthan
33. Utkal
34.
35. Madura College
Madurai.
(ii) For the purchase of Library

Books \& journals for the Extension Library Centre at 25,000/Udaipur, being the first instalment against the grant of Rs. 75,000/.. sanctioned for the purpose for the Third Five Year Plan.
(i) For purchase of books \& Journals on Scientific subjects. Being the first instalment from the total grant of Rs $1,00,000 /-$ sanct- $15 ; 000 /-$ ioned for the purpose during III Fivo-Year Plan.
(ii) Towards recurring grant for 1961-62 for the salary of $32,240 /-$ additional staff appointed in the various science Departments.
and instalment of 'on account' payment of non-recurring grant for the development of Postgraduate'stur lies in Chemistry 41,667/as detailed below:-

| i) Equipment | 30,000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| ii) Furniture | 6,667 |
| iii) Library | 5,000 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 1,667 |  |

Towards construction of a 1,25,000/hostel for Engineering ( by adjustment) students,o
(i) Towards construction of 25,000/Administrative block. Grant (by adjustement) already paid RS. 50,000/-
(ii) Ist instalment towards
the construction of a hoste $\quad$. for Engineering students 76,000/Approved cost Rs. 7,18,085/-
(iii) Water supply reorganisation scheme. Grant 10,000/-* already paid Rs. 7,18,085/-
(iv) th instalment of grant towards extension to 15,000/Administrative block. Grant already paid Rs. 75,000/m.

$\frac{\text { S．No }}{1}$ University／College $\frac{\text { Purpose }}{3} \quad \frac{\text { Amount }}{4}$ ．

45．Rajasthan

46．Sardar Vallabhbhai Vidya meth．

47．Sugar

48．Sri Venkatesvara

49．Utkal

50．Visva－Rharati．

51．Bombay

Towards construction of Guest ．25，000／－ House．
（1）Ord instal：icnt of grant towards construction of staff quàrters．｀Grant already paid Ss． $2,00,000 /-\quad 1,00,000 /-$ Approved cost Rs ．9，88，000／－ U．G．C．share Rs． $4,94,000 /-$ 。
（ii）Final instalment of grant towards establishment of 20，000／－ student＇s health．Centre． Grant already paid Rs ．30，000／－

3rd instalment of grant towards construction of Ind Boys＇hostel．Grant already paid Rs．i： $25,000 \%$ ．．Approved cost Rs 。 3；85，574／－75，000／－ U．G．C．＇s share Rs． $4,42,787 /-$ ．
（i）and instalment of grant towards construction of staff quarters．Grant

70，000／－ already paid Rs， 80, COO／－。 Approved cost Rs． 3 ，51，200／－ U．G．C．share Is．1， $75,600 /-$ ．
（ii）6th instalment of grant 50，000／－ towards construction of hostels．Grant already paid Rs．4，50，00 Cl ．
（iii）Final instalment of grant
towards the purchase of 5，000／－ furniture，Grant already paid Rs．25，000\％．Approved cost Rs．© ${ }^{\circ}$－ $00 \%$ U．G．C．＇s share Rs． $30,000 /-$

Inst instalment of grant towards construction of $3,00,000 /-$ staff quarters．Approved cost Rs．12，64，440／．
U．G．C．＇s share Rs， $6,32,220 /-$.
（i）and instalment of grant towards establishment of 7，000／－ students health Centre． Grant already paid Rso10，000／－．
（ii）Ist instalment of grant towards construction of $1,50,000 /-$
staff quarters．

For meeting the expenditure to be incurred for the $1,000 /-$ despatch of books to different Universitice！Colleges received from the Asia Foundation，U．S．A．

| $\frac{\mathrm{S} \cdot \mathrm{NO}}{1}$ | $\frac{\text { University/College }}{2}$ | $\frac{\text { Purpose }}{3}$ Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52. | Calcutta | For meeting the expenditure to be incurred for the despatch of bo $k s$ of different 600/Universitics/Culleges received from the Asia Foundation, U.S.A. |
| 53. | DeIhi | 4 th instalment of grant towards 30,000/construction of Gandhi Rhawan. |
| 54. | Allahabad | 2nd instalnent of grant towards $10,000 /=$ construction of Gandhi Bhavan. |
| 55. | Nagpur | 2nd Instalment of grant towards 20,000/construction of Gandhi Bhavan. |
| 56. | Delhi | Appointment of Aadl. staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the <br> - University Grants Commission. $\begin{aligned} & 308 /- \\ & \text { (Balance for } \\ & \text { 1958-59). } \end{aligned}$ |
| 57. | Aligarh | Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University Grants Commission. $\begin{gathered} \text { "'i): } \\ \text { 2,000/- } \\ \text { (Balance for } \\ 1959-60) \end{gathered}$ |
| 58. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | Visva-Bharati | Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the Unicersity (Blance for 1959-6 Grants Cormission. |
| 59. | Allahabad | ```Appointment c.additional staff to supply informa- tion asked for from time 6,230/- to stime by the University Grants Commission.``` |
| 60. | Karnatak | ```Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University Grants Commission.``` |
| 61. | Kerala - | Appointment of additional staff to supply information asked for from time to time by the University Grants Comnission. |
| 62. | Marathwarda | Appointment of additional <br> stafif to supply information asked for from time to time 5,500/by the University Grants Commission, |







- 15 -
S.NO. University/College

91. Nagpur
92. Rajasthan
i) Non-recurring grant to Non-Govt. Colleges for the introduction of the Three Year Degrec Course Scheme.
Non
ii)/Recurring grant to NonGovt. Colleges for the introduction of Three Year Degree Course.
i) Non-recurring grant to Govt, colleges for introduction of Thrce Year Degree Course scheme.
ii) Recurring grant to Govt. colleges for appointment of additional staff for the 7,06,609/introduction of the Thees Yeqr Degree Course scheme.
iii) Recurring grant to Nonizi. Govt. Colleges for the $4,156.38 \mathrm{nP}$. introduction of the Three:Year Degree Course.
iv) Non-recurring grant, to Non-Govt. colleges for the introsuction of the $35,000 /-$ Three Year Degree course scheme.

SEN/26.3.62.

44
UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.


ANDHRA
114.
115.
116.
120.
II. Seth Soorajmal Jalan Girls College, Calcutta.
$-1 \because$
128.

New Barrackpur College, Aharampur.

Vidyasagar Collego, Calcutta.

Sanskrit College, Calcutta.
125. . Praffula Chandra College, Calcutta,
126. Narendra Lal Khan Women's College, Midnapore.
127. : Shibpur Dinobundhoo College, Sbibpur.
228. Rabindra Satabarsiki Mahavidyalaya, P.O. Ghatal.

Rs. $1,589 / 50$

Rs. $1,583 / 83$
Rs. $1,358 /-$

Rs. 2,000/-
Rs. 793/-

Rs. $1,162 /-$

Rs. 482/-
Rs. $1,319 /$.

Rs. 300/-
R.s. $265 /-\cdots$

劫
As. $765 /-$

Ris. $1,265 / 50$

Rs. 312/-

Rs, 2,000/-

Rs, 783/-

## DELHI.




KARNATAK


## PANJAB


164. Jaswant College, Jodhpur. $\quad$ Rs. 2,000/-

RaNCHI

| 165. | Giridih College, Giridih. | Rs. 1,072/- |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 166. | Sindega College, Sindoga. | Rs. 456/- |
| 167. | Bihar Institute of Technology, <br> Sindri. | Rs.2,000/- |

168. St. Columba's Colloge, Hazaribagh. Rs. 2,000/-
169. Ranchi College, Ranchi. . . A . 1,500/-


SRI VENKATESWARA.



VIKRAM.
175.

Govt. Degree College, Guna. $\therefore \rightarrow 468 \%$

Govt. Degree College, Shivpuris 3:
Govt. Degree College, Sehore:
178.

180.

P:G.B.T. College, Ujjain.

Madhav College, Jjjain.
Govt. Degree Colzege, Shajpur.


Hs 2,000\%

RS. 398/-

CONSTRUCTION OF NON-RESTDENT STUDENTS: CENTRE.
$\frac{\text { Name of the University }}{\text { Collge. }}$

## Approved Cost.

Share of

Amount Amount now already released. paid.



Agra UnIversity

182. B.S. Collegé,
Alis arh.

50,349
35,000
20,000
10, 000
-

49,450. 35,000

- $\quad \begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { Instt. }\end{aligned}$

183. D.A.V. College

Dehraadun.

34,785
34,785

- 10,000

184. V.S.S.D. Coilege

Kanpur.

CALCUTTA UN IVERSITY
185. Kandir ag College, $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Kandi. } & 39,993 & \cdots .35,000 & 15,000 \text { I5,000 } \\ \text { III Instt. }\end{array}$

## GUJARAT UN IVERSITY

186. 

P.D.M. College, of
Commerce, Rajkot
Commerce, Rajkot.
KERALA UN IVERSITY.

53,793
35,000
25,000
5,000
,
IVth Instt.
187.
1.4

Feroke College, 50,000

35,000
$10 ; 000$
10,000 Feroke

II Instt.
188. Mar Ivanios Cofllege Trivandrum.

50,000
35,000
20,000
10,000
III Instt.
189.
S.B. College,
Chang nnacherrey

49,997
35,000
10,000
20,000
II \& : 0
III Instt.

1.

2．＇
4.
5.

$\therefore$ MȦDRAS UN IVERSTY．

190．St．John＇s College
Palayam Cottai．
50，000
35， $0000^{\circ}$
$\rightarrow$

191．C．N：Mahajama College
50,000

$$
35,000
$$

10，000
10,000
II Instt．
192．Nat fonal Coliege Toinchrappally．

193．Madras ChristLan
College．

## $r$ OSMANIA UN IVERSITY

194．Scirfabad College

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 46,457 } \\
& 35,000 \\
& 10,000 \\
& 10,000 \\
& \text { II Insitt. } \\
& \text { 52,500 } \\
& 35 ; 000 \\
& 30,000: \quad 5000 \\
& \text { Instt: } \\
& \text { •, }
\end{aligned}
$$

20，000
IIO 000
（：4）


## PANJAB UN IVEASITY．

195：＇D．A．V．College，
Chandig arh．
がい。か
49，720
35，000

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
10,000 & 10,000 \\
\text { II Instt }
\end{array}
$$

196．Khalsa College
：An Amritsar．

35，000
IOMStt


AGRA UN IVERS ITY
197. Tika Ram Kanya Libchase of Mahavidyalaya, Alig arh.
198. D.A.V. College .Dehradun
(Constru-1,11,000 • 83,260
ction of , Girls Hostel)
199. Balwant Rajput (Library 18,00J 12,600 College, Agra. Books)

7,500 5,000
Dehradun.
Books)
201. Christ Chruch. (Library $1,22,960$. 81,973
201. Christ Chruch. (Library $1,22,960$. 81,973

Christ C
College,
Kanpur.

BIHAR UN IVE. S ITY.
202. D.A.V゙. College, (Men's Hostel)

Si:wansaran. - 1,41,623
70,812
a
03. Chandradhari (Men's Mithil la College Darbang-a.

- do - $\underset{\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { (Library } \\ \text { Building })\end{array} \quad 48,385 \quad 32,257\right.}{\text { ( }}$

7,000 3,000
Final Instt.

65,000 10,000
. 4 th Instt.
$\begin{array}{cc}8,000 & 2,000 \\ 3 \mathrm{ld} \text { Instt. }\end{array}$

3, 2,000
Final Instt.

BURDWAN UN IVERSITY
204 Suri Vidya Sagar
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { College, } & \text { (Boys } \\ \text { Birthum. } & \text { Hostel) }\end{array} \quad$,90,000
95,000
25,000
50, 000
end Instt.
205. Manimala Girls:

| Manimala Girls (Girls' <br> College,  <br> Asansol. Hostel) | $1,52,000$ | $1,00,000$ | 50,000 | 40,000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 3rd Instt. |  |  |  |  |

CALCUTTA UN IVERS ITY
206. Prasannadeb

Women's College, (Girls' 1,52,000 1,00,000 Jalpaiguri. Hostel)

50,000
30,000
3rd Instt.

|  |  | . |  |  | 53) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1{ }^{2} 5$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207. Dinhata College, Dinhata. | (Boys' hostel) | 1,90,000 | 95,000 | 50,000. | $\begin{aligned} & 35,000 \\ & 3 r d \text { Inst. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 209. Sarojini Naidu <br> College for <br> Women, <br> Calcutta. | (Girls' hostel) | 1,52,000 | 1,00,000 | 25,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 35,000 \\ & \text { 2nd Inst. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 209. Kalna College Kalna (Burdwan Univ.) | Boys ' hostel | .1,90,000 | 95,000 | 65,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 20,000 \\ & 4 \text { th Inst. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 210. Rampurhat:. College Rampurhat. | Boys' hostel | 1,90,000 | 95,000 | 25,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 30,000 \\ & \text { 2nd Inst; } \end{aligned}$ |
| 211. Siliguxi College, Siliguri. | Boys' ' hostel | 1,90,000 | 95,000 | 65,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 20,000 \\ & 3 r d \text { Inst: } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\therefore$ - Gauhati University. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 212 Jagnnath Barooah College, Jorhat. | Laboratory building. | 76,692 | 51,128 | ~ | - |
| Gorakhpur University. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 213. Tilak Dhari College, Jaunpur | Laboratory Building. | 28,500 | 19,000 | 18,000 | $\frac{1,000}{\text { Final Inst: }}$ |
| 274. Udai Pratab College, Varanasi. | Library Furniture, books \& Laboratory equipment.) | 54,450 . | 34,967 | 22,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,000 \\ & 3 r d \text { Inst. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Gu,jarat University. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 215. S. B. Garda College \& B.P.Baria Science Institute, Navsari. | Laborary Building. | 82,902 | 55,268 | 38,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,000 \\ & \text { 3rd Inst. } \end{aligned}$ |




POONA UN IVERSITY
223. Dayanand College

224. M.J. Arts. \& (Boys ${ }^{\prime}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Science College } & \text { HCatel) } 2,28,328 \quad 1,14,164 & \\ \text { Jalgaon. } & & 30,000 \\ \text { Ist Instt. }\end{array}$
225. Tiläk College of
tducation, (Boys'
1,74,340 . .87,170
55,000
25,000 Poona.

Hostel)
3rd Instt.

PANJAB UN IVERSITY
226. M.R. College;
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Fazilka. } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Boys' } \\ \text { Hostel }\end{array}\end{array} \quad 46,745 \quad 23,372$.
227. V.V.R. Institute,
$\begin{array}{ccccc}\text { ( Hoshiarpur. } & \left.\begin{array}{c}\text { (Library } \\ \text { Books }\end{array}\right)\end{array} \quad 30,000 \quad 20,000 \quad 18,1000 \quad \begin{gathered}\text { 2,000 } \\ \text { Final Instt. }\end{gathered}$

- do - $\quad$ do- 45,000 - $\quad$ Io,000 $\quad$ Ist Instt.

RAJASTHAN UN IVERSITY
228. Rajasthan

Mahilavidyalaya,
$\begin{array}{ccccc:c}\text { Udaipur. } & \text { (Girls' } \\ \text { Hostel })\end{array} \quad 2,05,600 \quad 1,54,000 \quad 1,20,000$
20,000
5 th Instt.

## *M.D.Mishra* 26/3/1962.



Towards payment of the Sunior Research Fellowships in Humanitics \& Social Sciences © Rs.500/- p, m. awarded during 1961-62.

| 234. Calcutta | 1961-62 | $3,693.55$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 235. Delhi. | " | $1,500.00$ |

Block grants to the Universities for awarding travel grants to teachers, scholars and Technicians for visiting Research and Training Centres in India.

| S1. | Name of the <br> No. | Annual <br> quota | Amount already <br> paid as advance <br> grant 1961-62. | Amount now <br> sanctioned on <br> account of |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| advance grant, |  |  |  |  |

(P.T.O.).

Towards the payment of Senior Research Fellowships in Science © Rs.500/- pom. during 1961-62. ***

Period.
Amount.
S1. Name of the

1961-62
$1,000.00$
237. Andhra.
-do-
1,435.48

Towards tho payment of Junior Research Fellowships in Science @ Rs. 300/-p.m. during 1961-62. .....

'Towards the renewal of Senior Research Fellowships in Science © Rs.500/- p.m. during 1961-62 (awarded during 1959-60).


Towards the renewal of Res arch Fellowship in
Engineering and Technology @ Rs. $400 / \sigma$ pom. during 1961-62 $\because$ : (awarded during 1960-61)
248. Jadavpur 1961-62 4,800.00

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Meeting:
Dated: 4th April. 1962

Item No. 4 - To receive a copy of the Bihar State University Commission Bill 1961 as passed by the Bihar Legislature.

- The Bihar Legislative Assembly have passed the Bihar State University University Commission Bill 1961 - with a view to make provisions for the Supervision and improvement of University Education in the State of Bihar. The Bill as passed by the State Assembly has been assented by the Governor and has now become an Act w.e.f. lGth January, 1962 and came into force w.e.f. 1.3.62. A copy of the Act is enclosed (Appendix I)

Section-10 of the Act provides for the Powers and functions of the Commission. It will be observed that the Act has been framed more or less on the lines of the University Grants Commission Act. Inter-alia, the Commission can sup motu advice on the establishment of a new University and can accord or withhold approval to the affiliation of a College proposed by a University. Section $4(e)$ also provides that the Chairman, University Grants Commission may nominate a representative of the University Grants Commission on the Bihar State University Commission.

At a later stage the relation between the University Grants Commission and the proposed Bihar State University Commission Lvis-a-vis the Universities in Bihar State may require to be defined clearly.

Consideration of this was postponed at the last meeting (Ad dI item No. 9 meeting dated 7.3.1962).

[No. PATNA 24.] PATNA, FRIDAYY,-JANUAARY 19;-1962.


LAW DEPARTMENTV.
$\qquad$
NOTIFICATION.
The 18th January, 1962/28th Paush, 1883 (S).
No. Lg. 1-049/61-Teg : 120. -The following Act of the Bihar Legislature having been assented to by the Governor on the 16 th January, 1962, is hereby published for general information :-a

# THE BIHAR STATE UNIVERSITY COMMISSION ACT, 1961. 

AN
$A C T$,
to makei proviston roz the supervision and mprovemient of university educalion in the state and for that purpose to mStab ish a State university oommission.
Br it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Bihar in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

## CHAPTER I.

## PRELIMINARY.

1. Short title, extent and commencement.-(1) This Act may be ealled the Bihar State University Commission Act, 1961.
(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Bihar.
(3) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
2. Definitions.-In this Act unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context-
(a) "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Commission;
(b) "Commission" means the Bihar State University Commis--sion ostablished under section 3 ;
(c) "Deputy Chairman" means the Deputy Chairman of the Commission ;
(d) "Fund" means the fund of the Commission constituted under section 14;
(e) "Member" means a member of the Commission;
(f) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Commission;
(g) "University" means a University established by an Act of the Legislature of the State of Bihar.

## CHAPTER II.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE COMMISSION.
3. Establishment of the Commission.-(1) With effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, there shall be established a Commission by the name of the Bihar State University Commission.
(4): A vacancy caused by the resignation of a member under sub-section (3) or for any other reason shall be filled by fresh appointment or nomination as the case may be, and a member so appointed or nominated shall hold office for the remaining period for which the momber in whose place he is appointed would have held office.
(5) The office of the Secretary shall be a whole-time one 'and he shall be paid a salary in the scale of rupees $850-50-1,250$ and subject fhereto the 'terms and conditions of seryice of the Secretary and the other mombers shall be such as may be determined by the Chairman.
6. Meetings of the Commission.-The Commission shall meot at such time and place and shall observe such rules of procedure ir regard to the transaction of business at its meetings as may be provided by Regulations made under this Act.
7. Vacancies amongst members or defect in constitulion not to invalidate acts or proceedings of the Commission. $\rightarrow$ No act or prooeedings of the Commission shall be deemed to be invalid by reason merely of any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution off, the 'Commission.
8. Temporary association of persons with the Commission for particular purposes.-(i) The Commission mąy associate with itself any person whose assistance or advice it may deşire in carrying out any of the provisions of this Act.
(2) A person associated with it by the Commission under sudesection (1) shall have a right to take part in the discussions but shall not have a right to vote.
9. Staff of the Commissión.-Subject to such rules as may be made by the State Government, the Commission may appoint such employees as it may think necéssary for the efficient performance of its functions under this Act and the terms and conditions of service of $\mathfrak{f}^{\prime}$ the employees shall be such as may be determined by the Commission.

## CRAPTER IIF:

POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSÍON,
h 10. Powers and, Functions, of the Commission.-The powers and functions of the Commission shall be the following, namely :-
(a) to recommend to any University the measures necessary for the imprexemegnt of University edueation andiadvise the
(2) The said Commission shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall by the said name sue and be sued.
4. Composition of the Commission.-(1) The Commission shall consist of the following members:-
(a) the Governor of Bihar who shall be the Chairman;
(b) one person who, in the opinion of the Chairman, is noted for scholarship and academic interest, appointed by the Chairman, to be the Deputy Chairman;
(c) two Vice-Chancellors of the Universities of the State, to be nominated by the Chairman;
(d) two educationists of repute or persons of eminence in public life noted for their academic interest, to be nominated by the Chairman;
(e) one representative of the University Grants Commission established under the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (Act no. 3 of 1956), if nominated by the Chairman of that Commission;
(f) Secretary to the State Government in the Finance Department;
(g) Secretary to the State Government in the Education Department ;
(h) Director of Public Instruction, Bihar.
(2) There shill be a Secretary to the Commission to be appointed by the Chairman.
(3) Every appointment and nomination shall take effect from the date on which it is notified in the Official Gazette.
5. Terms and conditions of service of members other than exofficio members.-(1)(i) The Deputy Chairman shall be appointed by the Chairman for a term of three years at the expiry of which he may be re-appointed for one more term not exceeding three years.
(ii) The Deputy Chairman shall be paid a salary of tro thousand rupees per mensem and shall be provided with a suitable rent-free house for his residence at the headquarters of the Commission.
(2) The term of office of members nominated under clause (c) of sub-section (l) of section 4 shall be one year and of those nomin it d under clauses (d) and ( $e$ ) of the said sub-section shall be three years
(3) A member may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Clairman but he shall continue in office until his resignation is accepted by the Chairman.

'THE BIHAlk GAZETTE (EXTっ), JANUARY 19; 1962.

University upon the action to be. taken for the purpose of implementing such recommendations;
(b) to enquire into the financial needs of Uniyersities;
(c) to allocate and disburse out of the Fund of the Commission such grants to Universities as it may deem necessary for their development or for any otherf; general or specified purpose;
(d) to advise the State Government on the allocation of any grants to Universities for any general or specified ${ }^{\prime}$ purpose out of the Consolidated Fund of the State;
(e) to advise the State Government, if any advice is asked for, or sun motu on the establishment of a new University
' or on proposals connected with expansion of the activities of any University ;
$(f)$ to advise the State Government on any question which may be referred to the Commission by the State Government;
(g) to require a University to furnish it with such information as may be needed relating to the financial position of the University or the studies in the various branches. of learning undertaken in that University ;
$(h)$ to accord or withhold approval to the affiliation of ${ }^{n}$ college proposed by a University;
(i) to advise the Chancellor on the draft of any Statute passed by the Senate of a University;
( $j$ ) to advise the Universities on their existing and proposed Ordinances;
(k) to. approve the Regulations passed by the Senate of an University ;
(l) to perform such other fupctions as may be prescribed or as may be deemed necessary by the Commission. for advancing the cause of, higher education. in, thes State.
11. Inspeciion.-(1) For the purpose of ascertaining the financial needs and aceademic requirements of a University or a college the, Compission may make an inspection or cause an inspection ton be made by such person or persons as it may direct, of ar Univer: sity or a college and also of the examinations, teaching and other ${ }_{p}$ work conducted or done by the University or the college.
(2) The.Commission shall communicate to the University coneersed the date, on which any inspection under sub-section (1) is to bo made and the University whall be entitled to be associated. with the imapeotion.
(3) The Commission shall communicate to the University its views with regard to the results of any such inspection and may after ascertaining the opinion of the University issue necessary directions to the University regarding the action to be taken as a result of such inspection and the University shall carry out suoh directions within the time-limit, if any, laid down by the Commission.
12. Audit.-The Commission may cause the accounts of a University or any college to be audited and on receipt of the audit report, it may, after calling for a report from the University or college on the points raised therein and after considering the same, issue such directions as it thinks fit and thereupon the University or the college as the case may be, shall comply with such directions within the time specified therein.
13. Payment to the Commission.-The State Government may pay to the Commission in each financial year such sums as it may consider necessary for the performance of the functions of the Commission under this Act.
14. Fund of the Commission.-(1) The Commission shall have its own Fund and all sums which may from time to time, be paid to it by the State Government and other receipts of the Commission, if any, shall be carried to the Fund and all payments by the Commission shall be -made therefrom.
(2) All moneys belonging to the fund shall be deposited or invested in such manner as may, subject to the approval of the State Government, be decided by the Commission.
(3) The Commission may spend such sums as it thinks fit for performing its functions under this Act and such sums shall be treated as expenditure payable out of the Fund of the Commission.

- 15. Budget.-The Commission shall prepare a budget in respect of the financial year next ensuing showing the estimated receipts and expenditure and copies thereof shall be forwarded to the State Government.
- 16. Annual Report.-The Commission shall prepare once every year an annual report giving a true and full account of its activities during the previous year and copies thereof shall be forwarded to the State Government and the State Government shall cause the same to be laid before the State Legislature.

17. Account and Audit.-(1) The Commission shall cause to be maintained such books of acoount and other books in relation to its account in such form and in such manner as it may, in consultation with the Accountant-General, Bihar. decide.

## 

20. Power to 'make Regulations.-The Commitsion may malia , tegulations consistent with this Act and the rules made thereunder, -
'(a) regulating the meetings of the Commission and the procedure for conducting business thereat;
(b) regulating the mannër in which persons may be assobiated with the Commission under section 8 ;

- (c) specifying the terms and conditions of service of the employees appointed by the Commission;
( $(d)$ defining the qualifications that should ordinarily required of any person to be appointed, to the texching staff of a, 'University.

DURGA PRASAD SİNHA, Depuity Secretary to Government.

(2) The Commission shall, as soon as may be, after closing its annual accounts, prepare a statement of accounts and forward the same to the Accountant-General, Bihar, by such date as the State Government may; in consultation with the AccountantGeneral, Bihar, determine.
(3) The eccounts of the Commission shall be audited by the Accountant-General, Bihar, at such time and in such manner as he thinks fit.
(4) The annual accounts of the Commission together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded to the State Government and the State Government shall cause the same to be laid before the State Legislature and shall also forward a copy of the audit report to the Commission for taking suitable action on the matters arising out of the audit report.

## CHAPTER IV.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

18. Returns and information.-The Commission shall furnish to the State Government such returns or other information with respect to its property or activities as the State Government may from time to time require.
19. Power to make rules.-(1) The Chairman may, by notification in the Official Gazette, makerules, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act to carry out the purposes of this Act.
(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for the terms and conditions of service of members of the Commission and for the additional functions which may be performed by the Commission under clause ( $l$ ) of section 10.
(3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of the State Legislature while it is in session for a total period of fourteen days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter lave effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

Item No. 5 To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education, regarding the Gujarat Vidyapith; Ahmedabad, being deemed as a University under Section 3 of the U.G.C. Act of 1956.

The Ministry of Education appointed a Visiting Committee in 1961 under the Chairmanship of Dr. Mohan Sinho. Mehta, Vice-Chancellor, University of Rajasthan, to axamine the desirability or otherwise of empowering the Gujarat Tinyapith, Ahmedabad, to confer or grant its own degrees in respect of courses of studies conductod by it and to make such other recomendations as marl be relevant in the matter. The Visiting Committee submitted its detailod report to the Ministry of Education, a copy of which is enclosed (Appendix I). After considering the recommendations of the above Committee, the Ministry of Education has suggested that the Gujarat Vidyapitis. Nhmedabad, may also be given the same status as has been recomendod by the University Grants Commission in the case of tho Jamia Millia Islamia and Gurukul Kangri Vishwavidyalaya.

The matter is placed before the University Grants Commission for consideration.

## (Encl-1)

*M.D.Mishra*
24/3/1962.
$\underset{\text { MinISTRY OF EDUCATION }}{\text { U-4 SECTION }}$

The Ministry of Education appointed a Committee of the following persons to report on the working of the Gujarat Vidyapith and make recommendations in regard to their request for recognition as, an Institute of National Importance:

Dr. Mohan Sinha Mehta,
Vice-Chancellor,
University of Rajasthan.
Chairman

Shri P.N. Kirpal, . Member Secretary, Ministry of Education.

Prof. T.M. Advani, $\quad$ : Member Principal, Jai Hind College, Bombay.
2. The terms of reference of the committee were:
(a) To. examine the desirability or otherwise of 'ic empowering the Gujarat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad, by an Act of Parliament to confer or grant degrees in respect of courses of study conducted by it; and
(b) To make such other recommendations as may be relevant to the above objective.
3. The three members of the Committee visited the:
Vidyapith on Monday and Tuesday, the 3 d and 4th July. 61 , to make on-the-spot study of the Vidyapith as it functions today. In the morning members went round the buildings of the Vidyapith and held discussions with the Heads of the various departments. In the afternoon they had talks with some of the members of the Governing Body of the Vidyapith, including the ex-Registrar, Shri Maganbhai Desai.
4.

The Committee had its second meeting at Delhi on the 23rd September, 1961 at which they met and heard Shri Ram Lal Parikh, the Registrar of the Vidyapith. At this meeting the Committee desired Mr. Ram Lal to submit such additional information as he and his colleagues would like the Committee to consider before making its report. Shri Ram Lal's note containing the development of the institution and its future plans was received in the middle of November. The Committee had its final meeting at Jaipur on the 31st of December, 1961 and the 3rd of January, 1962 at which this report was drawn up.
5. The Vidyapith was founded in 1920 by Mahatma Gandhi, who was its life-Chancellor. It was started as a National University for Gujarat and was the first of its kind established in the wake of the Non-Cooperation Movement. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was its Vice-Chancellor and after Gandhiji's demise, became its Chancellor. Dr. Rajendra Prasad is the present Chancellor and Shri Morarji Desai is the Vice-Chancellor. The Institution has had on its staff in the commencement some distinguished persons like Principal A.T. Gidwani, Acharya J.B. Kriplani, Acharya Kakasaheb Kalelkar, Shri J.C. Kumarappa, Prof. N.R. Malkani

Professor Ramnarayan Pathak and others. In 1920-21 the Vidyapith started with the faculties of Arts, Commerce and Fine Arts. This work had to be suspended in 1930 on account of the Swaraj Movement. The activities of Vidyapith were resumed in 1935. Anothər break came in 1942-45 on account of the "quit India" Movement. The teachers and the students joined this movement and the normal academic activitjes were consequently discontinued. After 1945 its educational work was resumed. In 1947 the Vidyapith $f$ unded the college of Social Service, called Shri Mahadev Desai Samaj Seva Mahavidyalaya, in memory of the late Shri Mahadev Desai, with the aim of imparting graduate training in Social Sciences in general and Gandhian concept of social service and Satyagraha in particular. In addition to this institution, the Vidyapith has the following sections:
(i) Basic Primary School (Kumar Mandir), Ahmedabad.
(ii) Post Basic (Secondary) School (Vinay Mandir), Ahmedabad.
(iii) Basic Teachers Craft Training Ciass, Ahmedabad.
(iv) Junior and Senior Hinaii Shikshak Samad Classes, Ahmedabad.
(v) Training courses for Government C.b P.A. Officers, Talatis, Tel-Ghani Oil Inspectors etc. as required by the Govt. and All India Khadi and Village Industries Commission, from time to time.
(vi) Basic Primary School at Village Bochasan (Dist. Kaira)
(vii) Ashram Shala at College Ambhet (Distt.Surat)
(viii) Primary Teachers Craft Training Class at Village Bochasan (Dist. Kaira)
(ix) Hindi Prachar.
(x) Research Department.
(xi) Publications Department.
(xii) Preparing of Scientific mominology in Gujarati.
(xiii) Library Service.
(xiv) Village Service Centres.
6. The Committee went thoroughly into the working of all these departments of the Vidyapith about. which they . wish to make the following observations.

## MAHADEV DESAI SAMAJSEVA MAHAVIDYATAYA

7. This is the most important institution of the Vidyapith. Its chief objective is to train social workers for rural areas. Appendix 'A' gives an outline of the curriculum of this Institution, which is spread over. 3 years.
8. The following statement gives the number of students (State-wise) in each class:

|  | Guijarat | Maharashtra | Rajasthan | othex | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ist Year | 49 | 1 | - | - | 50 |
| 2nd Year | 51 | 1 | - | 1 | 53 |
| 3rd Year | 31 | 1 | 1 | - | 33 |
|  | 131 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 136 |


9. The minimum age for admission is 17 years and the minimum qualifications for admission are vinit of the Vidyapith or S.S.C. of the Gujarat state.
10. The medium of instruction throughout is Gujarati, and Samajit Vidya Visharad degree is awarded to the students of this College on completion of the 3 years' course. This degree is recognised as equivalent to B.A. for employment under the Government of Bombay, by Gujarat University and Sardar Patel University, Anand, for admission to postgraduate classes.
11.

All the students are required to reside in the hostel. The teachers and many other members of the staff of the Vidyapith also stay in the Campus. Hostel life and manual work form important parts of the training of students. They themselves manage all their affairs in the Hostel under the guidance of an experienced member of the staff.
12.

The examinations in the degree course are held compartmentally every year. Thus students can take examination in suchsubjects as are completed in their classes from year to year. There is intensive tutorial work. The students devote some of their time to rural industries like agriculture, carpentry, spinning, weaving etc.
13. Community prayers are held three times a day and the curricula include basic principles of all religions. What impressed the Committee was the fact that the students were kept occupied throughout the day and had no time.for any of the idle frivolities of city life. It is significant that the vacation periods are very short - about six weeks in all - four weeks in Summer and about two at Diwali time.

## PRIMARY. BASIC AND SECONDARY SCHOOL

14. 

The students in this School are prepared for the Vinit examination of the Vidyapith which is an entrance examination for the Mahadev Desai Samajseva Mahavidyalaya. Students taking the Vinit Examination can also appear at the S.S.C. Examination of the Gujarat State. From the statement given in Appendix 'B' it will be seen that the. number of students taking the Vinit Examination of the Vidyapith has not been more than 15 during any year since 1935. The total strength of the School was stated to be 250. Spinning is the basic craft, though they arealso taught carpentry and elements of agriculture for which the Vidyapith maintains a small farm. .an

## LIBRARY

15. 

The vidyapth runs an open-sherf Library"for its teachers and students. It contain's about. 60,000 books in more than a dozen languages - Indian and foreign - covering a large variety of subjects. The Vidyapith Library also functions as a Regional library of Gujarat and has become the centre of library moverient in Gujarat. "The Government of Gujarat has transferred the entire collection of copyright books to the Vidyapith's copyright section of the Library. ". This section contains at present about 35,000 volumes.
16.

The library is housed in a spacious double storeyed building of its owns. One floor of the Library houses the museum depicting the history and development of the Vidyapith.

## HINDI BHAWAN

18. The Vidyapith has been engaged in the promotion and spread of Hindi since 1920. It wondess vaining classes for the following classes:
(i) Pahli,
(ii) Dusari,
(iii) Tisari,
(iv) Vinit, and
(v) Sevak.
19. Classes by voluntary workers to teach Hindi are organised in and around Guiarat and in Bombay City. Publication of books in Hindi is alsc undertaken. Examinations in Hindi are held at various centres spread all over Gujarat and in Bombay City, and several thousand students take advantage of these examinations evory year.

## RESEARCH \& PUBLICATIONS

20. The Vidyapith has done some research work in Ancient Indian History, Literatures Culture and Philosophy and has published books in these subjects. The total number of books published by the Vidyapith so far is 264 of which 33 are related to Hindi Prachar work.
21. They have published a complete series of Readers in Gujarati and also in Hindi for students of standards I to X. $\cdot$ Both these sets of books aro, the Committee were told, widely used in the schools of Gujarat.
22. They have also brought out a Gujarati Dictionary and Hindi-Gujarati Dictionary and have urder preparation. a Gujarati-Hindi dictionary and a Sanskrite-Gujerati. dictionary. In the Gujarati. dictionary the spelling system has been standardised which has been accepted by the Gujarati literary world, the Universi $y$, the Government and the S.S.C. Examination Board and E.s now prevaient throughout Gujarat.. . The Dictionary has zun into four editions and a revised edition is under preparation.
23. The present.strength of the staff did noi appear adequate for the preparation of this difficult and important task.

## SCIENTIFIC TERMINOLOGY

24. The Committee were given to understand that technical terms for scientific subjects had been prepared in Gujarati upto matriculation standards in Physics, Chemistry, Economics, Mathematics and Biology. Work for preparation of similar terms in other bronches of knowledge is also in hand.

## BUILDINGS

25. The Committee were taken round the following buildings of the Vidyapith:
(a) Hostel for men, and Hostel for women.
(b) Community kitchens.
(c) Residential quarters for staff
(d) Primary and Secondary School buildings.
(e) Library building
(f) Hindi Bhavan.
(g) Sheds for crafts, carpentry etc. contd...


- 5 -

26. The Vidyapith has a large campus comprising 32 acres in Ahmedabad proper and 149 acres outside Ahmedabad. Out of this about 10,000 sq.yds. is built up area comprising residential quarters for staff, kitchens, library, Hindi Bhavan, Sheds etc. The approximate cost of the buildings .is estimated at about Rs. 9,25,000/-. The Vidyapith has also some buildings outside Ahmedabad, the approximate cost of which is understood to be Rs. 3,65,000/-. They still have a fair area left for 'development' schemes.

## MANAGEMENT

27. A copy of the Constitution of the Vidyapith is attached as Appendix 'C'. The Vidyapith is an educational trust managed by a Board of Trustees called the Gujarat Vidyapith Mandal. It is a registered body under the Bombay Charitable Trust Act.

## STAFF


34. The Committee felt that the Hindi Bhawan of the Vi,yapith was rendering useful service in promoting the knowledge of the national language and this work should be considered very valuable in the context of the present need of the country.
35.

The Committee also appreciates the work of the compilation of dictionaries of scientific terminology and the standardisation of Gujarati spelling. The other activities which the Committee considered very commendable were the library service and the publication department to which reference has been made above.
36. - Taking all these factors into consideration, in particular the fact that the Vidyapith owes its birth to the inspiring idealism of Mahatma Gandhi and represents in its growth his philosophy of social reconstruction, the Committee recommend that -
(a) The Gujarat Vidyapith sirould be accorded recognition as an Institution of National Importance. This may be given effect to in surch way as is deemed. sujtable by the Union Government.
(b) Aa the unique type of work which is being done at the level of higher education by the Mahadev Desai Samajseva Mahawidyalaya cannot be fitted into the normal pattern of a Statutory University, it is suggested that the Gujarat Vidyapith may be invested with the power to confer its own degrees and these degrees should be recognised for purposes of employment in both the Central and State Governments.
(c) Subject to the usual safeguards to ensure proper administration of funds received from the Central and State Governments, the Vidyapith saould be free to administer its own affairs.
(d) And finally, the Comittee recommend that the Gujarat Vidyapith snoula receive suitakie financial assistance for its present needs - and its expansion projects.
37.

In the end the Committee have pleasure in recording their grateful appreciation to the members of the Governing Body of the Gujarat Vivyapith, specially their Registrar, Shri Ram Lal Parikh, for the courtesy and kindness with which they furnished information to the Committee about the growth of this institution and its special purpose. This cooperation on their part was of real help to the Committee in discharging the function entrusted to them.

sd. Mohan Sinha Mehta<br>Sd. T.M. Advani.<br>Sd. Prem Kirpal

Jaipur,
January 3, 1962.


APPENDIX 'B'
GUJARAt' VIDYAPITH AHMEDABAD
Vinit Examination of the Vidyapith
Statement showing the number of students taking this examination unto date since 1948.

Note: Vidyapith began to hold the Vinit examination again from 1948. Hence the figures are from 1948 and not from 1935 as required, which may kindly be taken note of:

## VINIT EXAMINATION.



Sd./- Ramlal Parikh<br>Registrar

Gujrat Vidyapith,
Ahmedabad -14,
25th January, 1962 .

Item No, 6: To consider a reference from the Ministry of of Education regarding information to be supplied by the Govt. of India to the University of Seven Seas for a project to be undertaken by them in 1862.

The Ministry of Education have invited comments of the Commission on the request of the university of the Bevan Seas, California, made to the Indian Embassy in Washington for assistance in a project which that University will be undertaking in 1962. The nature of the assistance as requested by the University is as under :-

1. that the Govt. of India (in the Ministry of Education) may suggest a number of professors from where the University may select one to teach abroad a ship of the University of the Seven Seas which will be ore of its Colleges.
2. that the Govt. of India (in the Ministry of Education) may . suggest some one who would act as director or coordination for the visit of the University to India.
3. that the Govt. of India (in the Ministry of Education) suggest a person to be a member for India in the International Board of Trustees of the University.
4. ' and that the Govt. fo India (in the Ministry of Education) advise the University about the agencies through which they san discriminate information concerning the University to the students in India.

A copy of the note circulated by the University of the Serval Seas to the Indian Embassy at Washington is enclosed (Appendix I).

A note comprising the purpose of the project, members, finance, operation, direction of programme courses, eligiblity and requirements for enrich ont cost etc is also enclosed. (Appendix II)

The matter is placed before the Commission for their

## 

TCA REPRESERTMTUERSOEFTHEEEMBASSIES
Airpose of yisit to ycur comity.
The stacents and faculty of the Biversitu of the Saron Seas want to risit your country to jocome femiliar witis as nany facots as possible in your pojitical, oconomiog:socia and rol-ious liéa veing studants-ratiner the: tovists, we wisi to derelon an vaderstanding of your culture and civijization in order that wo ray 'ano deep and aliding anreciation of your purnoses as a neople and as at netion, we arorach une problom of investirpetion not to bo critical, nut to be informed. Comparison and synthosis fay take place aftor wo hara ;one, wile visitine uith your pecile we want tc secure facts.

In Jour country students and Pacot will wat to have personal contact with:

1. Tociars in roverniont.
2. Ineders in holitics if dítinusised rom zoveramantel of eicials.
3. Leaders in busines? ard menufacturiag.
L. Laedors in educeticn.
4. Traders in relirion.
5. Laaders in tive fine arts.

Social ad siphtseeins trijs as sucin must be neld to a minimu due to our stort tine for yisitation, in eveain, reasption wouta bo namissable. Contacis with fovermont of icials. The siodents and foculty arabers wio are interestea in titis area of study wiln wat to coner wit' individuals who cen exrolein:
a. Tha cinnter or constitution under which tine government oneratos.
b. Tre basic pilosomy of covorment.
c. The fuaction and duties of tis orticials who are resonsio? for each decertiont in the goverment.
d. Hor the toverimiont is sup-orted.
o. How tho fovemrent tonchos or apects the jife of eack of its oitizons.
f. تimpes and future r]ans now bing contemplated.

Contecus wit business and memencturors.
Tre students and faculty mombrs wo are interestec in tio area os study will wnt to confer with indjulảals who can explai:

ع. Problems of marlcoting. b. Prollens of surny: and denand
c. Vonetition. $\because$ d. Foroin, trade
o. Bmolonent and training of worlers.
r. Covarnmeit remuntions.

(2)
3. Tuturs ntens and now areas on developmont.
h. Probjonis of cregnizod labor.
i. Problans of ininanes.

Controcts rit: laaders in ducation.
Stuents and facultr interasted in tis area of work will wan to
keve conerences witi leadors wo ca: oxploj?:
a. Tie basic nilosopiy of education at all levels of trainive.
b. Tie s"sten as set $u$ to attain tirse goals.
c. Etajationsin botwen state exucetion and privato ecucation.
d. The mocedures followed in the onaration of ajl trpes of colloriate institutions.
a. Facilities or mocedures Po7now to mate students informod and adere of their resmasibility as world citizens.

Contact witin Rolificus Leaders.
The studetis and focultremben wio are interented in this aron of
dudy will want io coner with individuala wo ces explain:
a. Tho history of retizion in :oum ountry.
h. The place or religion in the po"tileal, econoric, and social lifo of the nation.
c. Conflicts thant exist within the spireron or rolisicus activities throughout tile nation.

Contacts witi londers in the area of Groetive Arts.
Tho students and faculty nembers who mo interosted in this aroa
of study will want io confer with louders wac oan oxnlain:
a. The e Corts of both individuals and poremment to nromote art.
b. Tro place of finc arts in thr culture of tine nation.
c. Pacilitiss for training men and yomen in tho arts.
d. Tow the arts are best expressed in the lives of tise neople.

Crective arts aro considared to include tho expession of poonle
throret tis mediun of hrchitecture, Danos, fomanalisn, vasic,
Paintin: and Sculpture.


811
APTNDIX II TO ITE NO. 6.

ASUMLARYOF
TIE UNIMERSITYOFTIESEVZMSZAS

## 1. MRIT IS THZ HROJET?

(1) It is 2 non-profit corroration registered under the laws of the State of California, conceived to be educational in nature, and wor: wide in scope. It consists of a landbased administration locatod in the continental United States, whose prpose is to support and direct the activities of its cologes, oach of wisch will bo ostablished abourd a suitable ship.
(2) The mobile college or the Univorsity will enter ports in many lands, o?ering fiald experience to support the shipe board curriculum.
(3) Students of uper-division or rreduate standing may enroll for a semestor of adenced work with full academic. credit.

## 2. HIAT IS TE HUROSE OT TIE FROJECT?

(1) To proride facilitios birough hich scholars may exist : "por the honatit of poonlos everywhere.
(2) To provide a curricuium that emphasizos the study of man.
(3) To proride a curriculwathat ominasizes Eino fair and Imaginative manarementr of man!s enviromont and sesources":
 Fnontal, and spirituel outroach throurg tho croativo arts.
(5) To proyide a sunotional consant os human nonayement in - the povoring no novis.
(6) To mrovide a mobije entronment for Iecming wich stedegs tie student to the werld as a leboratory. Fr, $\because=$
(7) To provido a faculter of experience and autiority and a student body motivated by professionel interect.

- : (8) To profide for the intoringire, of faculty and students from many ? mads.


## 

FASIDMI: : illian T. Hu-os, Prosident, Thttier Pine and :~: Supply Company, President, Iorwalk Supply Compeny, Chaiman, Tisiting International St

VIC3 RRSIDEiT: D. Ray Nichois, Jr., Fl.D., Professor of Speoch and Chairman, Department of Speech and Drana, Nittier Collego, Iittier, Galifornia.

TRASMRAR: Artiour T. Foodvin', former school superintendent; Secrotery, Mịttior Rotary club, lhittier, Caltormia.
Contd....2...

(2)

 United Hospital Fund of Long Beach, Inc.

TBR: Roy w. Campbell, 正tomclogist, United States Department of Agriculture, :Mittior, California.

MBBEA: John L. Lounsbury, in. D., Former President, San Bernardino Valley College: Founder and Former President, Long Beach City Collecio.

FEBZ: Yoodrow C. : Kitten, ProD., Associate Professor of History, California Western University, San Diego, California.

The Board of Trustees is charged with the responsibility of promoting, develonag, and publicizing the project. It is empower d to narotiats matters of charter and operation of ships, to form late curriculum, to amply: stat? and faculty, to enroll students, ard to establish working relationships with other colleges and universities.

(1) The corational costs of the university will be met by tuition.
(2) Private ;efts will assisi in providing scholarships, dovelormont, and sodoment.

The Tim Israel aviation, Haifa, Israel.
6. THAT IS TIE PILOT RROTET?
(1) An arcund-the-world voyage to be made by the S. S. Jerusalem completing the circuit in one senoster, with approximaturely 525 students and a faculty of from 35 to 40 to be dram from educational experts from many lends. Target date for the inst voyage is September, 19,62.
(2) Three routes are being studied. One will bo used for the fall sermater, s second for the spring semester, and the bird will be reserved for the Ecjlouing year. A]tiougit acis voyage will circle the globe, acedemic
(3)
emp sis will be placed on a limited aron such os southeast Asia, Aîrica, Latin Amorica, of c. 1
(3) The fall semester voyage dill originate on the east coast of tho Unitoci States and torminats on the wast coast. The spring semester voyage will originate on the west coast and terminate on tho east coast. of the United states.
7. DH OIL DIRECT MR BROGAN?
(1) The Board of Tristoos will direct tie program through an administration secured for this purpose.
(2) Professional assistance is available from a large grotip of oducafonal counsellors, many of :hon have given of their "time vol ntarily to pr e pare the tentative curriculum and to steer the project to its present state of development.
8. WHAT COURSESWIL工 BE OF PRED? :
(1) Those advanced courses in tho liberal arts which pertain most directly to the concept of international relations will be offered.
(2) These courses will be offered at the uppor-division and graduate level.
(3) A full time class scinodula will be maintained at sea. In port field trips, seminars at local universities, and other appropriate activities will bo emphasized.
(1.) Suitable orientation programs will be arranged for both faculty and students participating; in tile project. .
9. WHAT ARE THE MLIGIEILITI KEGUIREMETSS FOR RNROLIMBNT?
(1). Junior standing or its equivalent in any accredited college. or university in the United States or a bachelor's degree from any such institution.
(2) Equivalent steading or degree from a recognized institution of higher learning outside the United States.
(3) Demonstration by the applicant; either through an official transcript, or by other acceptable moans, of adequate academic achiovomont.

(4)
(4) Domeratration by the applicant of adequate maturity for an educational project of this type.
10. WHAT WILI BE THE COST TO THE STUDENT?

The cost of one somestor aboard the college afloat will

- include titolon, board, room, passage, and land arrangemonts. It will be loss than a student's expenses for a year at many land based institutions and will range from极 2500 depending on accommodations. WHAT IS THE RELATIONSHIP OF THIS PROJECT TO OTHER COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES?
(1) It is tho desire of the University of the Seven Seas to maintain a close liaison with rocognizod institutions of highor learning both in tho Unitod States and in othor countries.
(2) Approximatoly thirty collages and university prosidonts in the United States have appointed members of their faculties to act as liaison officers and to consult with tho University of the Seven Seas concerning academic matter Tho University of tho Seven $\begin{aligned} & \text { areas provides facilities }\end{aligned}$ whereby toe of advanced students may visit and examine areas with which they are particularly concerned.

12. IO WHAT ADDRESS SHOULD INQUIRIES BE MADE?

The University of the Seven Seas
P.O. Box 71

Wittior, California
OXbow 8-3731


UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Item No. 7 . To consider the request of the Kerala University for payment of a grant on the occasion of their Silver Jubilee.

The University of Kerala has request ad the University Grants Commission to pay a special grant of Rs. $50,00,000 /-$ on the occasion of its Silver Jubilee. The University of Kerala (ExTravancore University) completes 25 years of its existence on the 1st November, 1962 and proposes to celebrate its Silver Jubilee in a fitting manner. It also desires to commemorate the occasion by the creation of a special fund to be used to finance its development schemes. In this connection, the University has conotituded an influential and representative Committee to collect corintions to this fund from the alumni of this University, general public and philanthropic organisations.

The Comission had, ectlier agreed to the payment of a Centenary grant of Rs. 1.00 crore each to the three Universities (Madras, Bombay and Calcutta) on the completion of their existence as 100 years. The grant was to be used for development purposes and not for celebrating the occasion. The Allahabad University on its completion as Seventy Years asked for a special grant and the following resolution was passed by the University Grants Commission :"The Commission resolved that in view of the spacial difficulties and needs of the illahabad University at the present time a special grant to enable then, to me ut their immediate needs may bo given to them. It was agreed that this grant, not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs, may be paid by the Chairman after determining the specific needs of the University.

The University Grants Commission noted that the University was now attaining the age of 70 years and it was agreed that the grant may be given without a sharing requirement." (item No. 9 meeting dated 8/9 Fobruary, 1958).

- 2-

It'ray be added that the University Grants Commission has not given any lump sum grant to any other University for celebrating its 8 ilver, alden or Dimond Jubilee nor has any provision been made in the plan for this as had been done in the case of th: centenary grants to the throe Universities. The matter is placed before the Commission. If this proposal is accepted, other Universities may also make a similar request.


UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Meeting:
Dated 4th April, 1962.

## Item No. 8. To consider the request of Jadavpur University for

 the construction of Gandhi Bhavan.The Commission in their meeting held on 15th April, 1958

- (Item 5 supplementary) considered the proposal from the Gandhi Smarak Nidhi for the establishment of Gandhi Bhavans in Indian Universities with a view to promote and facilitate the study of Gandhiji's ideas, ideals and his way of life and decided to assist the Universities unto the extent of Rupees 1.0 lakh in collaboration with the Gandhi Smarak Nidhi for constructing Gandhi Bhavans. 9 Universities were selected for the purpose in the first phase of the programme.

1. Delhi University. 2 Punjab University.

- 3. Allahabad - . 4 Nagpur "

5. Rajasthan " 6 Mysore "
6. Karnatak " 8 Kerala "
7. Andhra "

The cost of Rs. 1 lakh was to be shared equally by the . Commission and the Gandhi Smarak Nidhi ie. Rs. 50000/-. each.

Later on, the Universities of Aligarh and Nammu and Kashmir were also included in, the first phase of the programme vide Commission's Resolution No. 11 dated 7-2-62.

The Jadavpur University has now requested the University. Grants Commission to consider the possibility of including its name for the establishment of/Crandhi Bhavan on the general condition apmoresd by the Commission.

Jadavpur University has already set up a centre for studies in Indian Heritage and Culture and for stimulating studies on Gandhi.ji's ideas and philosphy with a small annual grant from the Bengal Branch of the Gandhi Smarak Nidhi and desires to convert this centre into a Gandhi Bhavan.

(2)

The University Grants Commission's liability fer
the construction of a Gandhi Bhavan in a University is Rs. 50,000/- , and during the Third Plan period a provision of Rs. 3.0 lakh has been made for assistance towards this shame in 6 moro Universities Two have already been approved).

The matter is placed before the Commission.


Meeting.
Dated: 4.4.1962.
Item No. 9: TO CONSIDER THE REQ TEST OF THE ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF A DEAN OF STUDENTS' WELFARE. AND OTHER STAFF FOR HIM

The Aligarh Muslim University Enquiry Committee appointed by the University to look into the affairs of the University while discusing the welfare of the students observed as under:-
"We are of opinion that all Universities should devote much more attention to student welfare than they are able to do under their present setup. We fool that in this matter Central Universities, specially those which claims to be residential, should set up a high standard for others to follow. With this object in view, we propose the creation of a new post in the grade of Professor to be designated as Dean of Students' Welfare"
"The Dean of students' welfare must have opportunities of social contact with students individually as well as collectively. Such contacts are best established in an informal manner at small tee: parties or social, gathering. We, therofore, propose that the Dean of Students l Welfare should be given an entertainment allowance of Rs. 150/- pom. While we deprecate the need of asking him to render any account of such entertainmont expenses, we feel confident that if the right choice is made, the $:=:$ money sanctioned for this purpose will be conscientiously used. It will be an added qualification if the Dean of Students' welfare has a wife / who is also interested in his work and have a house in which students are weldome. This is specially important in a coeducational University. We do not favour the idea of a lady Dean for women students. The Dean should have an Advisory Council on which some women teachers should also be represented. We are of opinion that some student members should also be included in such an advisory body but to what extent and in what

manner this should be done， $\mathrm{W}_{3}$ I gave to the judgement of the University authorities．This General Advisory Council should be 甜 addition to the Hall Councils which should send up their proposals to this body for recommendation to higher authorities＂．
＂The Dean of Students Welfare will coordinate the work of all the provosts and will also take special interest in the problems of Nonresident students＂． have
The Aligarh Muslim University／accepted the above re－ commendation of the Enquiry Committee and have decided to create a post of a Dean of Students？Welfare in the scale of Rs．1000－50－1500 plus Rs．150／－P．M．as entertainment allowance．They have approached ting Commission to accord approval to the appointment of the following additional staff for the Dan：－


In addition to tho above，tho University has requested the Commission＇s approval for the following Non－recurring expenditure
 Welfare：
a）Furniture for the officer and staff．
Rs．850／－
b）Typewriter． $R_{5} .1000 /-$

The Commission in their meeting dater：14／15th l．pril 1959 had in the case of Banaras Hindu University approved the appoint－ ment of the following staff under the Ind Five Year Flan－or the establishment of Dean of Students＇Welfare：－
a）One Dean of men Students
Rs．800－50－1250
（Non teaching scale）
（Scale revised to Rs．900－50－1250 with effect from 1．7．59）

Contd．．．．．2．．．．

(3)
b) One Asstt. Dean for Women students.
c) Two personal Assistants One for each Dean.

Rs. 500-25-800
(Rs. 590-30-830-35-900) Revised scale.

Rs. 125-7 7 - $-200-10-300$ Revised scale (150-10-290-15-335-EB-15380)

Again in their meeting held on 2nd/3rd August, 1961, the Commission agreed that the Banaras Hindu University be given some clerical assistance to strengthen the establishment of the Dean of Students and approved the appointment of one Senior and one Junior clerk to work in the University Employment Bureau Unit which may be treated as a small addition to the establishment of the Dean of Students.

With the appointment of the Dean of Students, the post of the Proctor, in the Banaras Hindu University has been abolished. Similarly, if it is agreed that the post of a Dean at the Aligarh Muslim University be created, the University may be advised to abolish the office of the Proctor and the furniture etc, available there should be made available for the Dean of Students welfare. The Commission have also sanctioned a Jeep for the Proctor, and this should be placed at the disposal of the Dean.

The matter is placed before the Commission.


Meeting 4th April, 1962.

Item No. 10. To consider the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the All India Council for Technical Education regarding requirements of (I) the College of Engineering, Waltair, Andhra University and (2) the College of Engineering, Tirupati Srivenkateswara Universi iv, for the of 4 - Year Degree courses in Engineering to 5- Year integrated courses.
-0.....................0

The Commission at their meting held on 11th/12th February 1960, accepted the recommendations of the All India Council for Technical Education regarding the reorganisation of degree courses in Engineering and Technology on the basis of five-year integratisd course after the Higher Secondary Examination and approved the following ceiling expenditure for each institution agreeing to introduce the fivemyear integrated course: -in I- : $\quad \therefore \quad$ Non-recurring
(a) Building (16,000 sq.it'oplinth @Rs.15/- per sq.f't. inclusive of services) Rs. 2,40,000/-
(b) Equipment and Furniture

Ps. 1.44.000/=
Total N.R.
Rs. 3, 84,000/-


II- Recurring
(a) Maintenance expenditure
(b) Staff

Rs. 20,000 pea.
$:$
Rs. $1,12,000$ pea.

Total:-
Rs. 1,32,000 pe.

Specific grant's payable to a particular institution were, however, to be determined by the Reginal Comitteos of the $A 17$ India Council for Technical Education after exansning the requirements of each institution concerning additional accommodation, equipment and staff for introduction of the 5- year integrated course subject to the ceiling indicated above,


The Southern Regional Committee of the 111 India Council for Technical Education examined the requirements of (1) the college of Engineering, Waltair, Andhra University and (2) the college of Engineering, Tirupati, Srivenkateswara University for the conversion of the four year degree course into five-ycar integrated course in Engineering and made the following recommendations (received through the Ministry of Scientific Research \& Cultural Affairs) for additional Instructional facilities for achy these two institutions:-
(a) Non-recurring

Buildings (15,600 sq.ft.
Equipment

(b) Recurring ( $p_{0} a_{n}$ )

| Staff salaries | $1,00,000$ | 50,000 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Maintenance | 12,000 | 6,000 |
|  | $1,12,000$ |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

If the recommendations of the Southern Regional Committee of the All India Council for Trohnical Education are acceptable to the Commission sanction may be accorded to the recurring and non-recurring grants (shown as U.G.C's share of the approved expenditure) to the two institutions mentioned above. Payments will be made as and when necessary.

Meeting :
Dated 4th April, 1962.

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Item No. II: To consider the adoption of a, general policy regarding grants to be paid to the Universities for meeting the expenses in connection with Local, Cost and Salary, etc., in respect of the substitues for teachers selucted for training abroad under various foreign aid and technical assistance programme.
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The University Grants Commission co-ordinates with the Minis tries of the Government of India, particularly Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs, in the operation of the various foreign aid and technical assistance programmes, such as UNTAO, Colombo Plan, Point Four Programme (TCM), IndoFrench. Technical Comoperation Programme, etc. . The Commission invites applications from the universities for the various. technical assistance programmes and after scrutinising the same, wherever necessary with the help of an Bxpert Committee, recommends to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs all such applications considered to be of national in'erest. The proposals received from the universitịes relate to :-
a) training of Indian personnel in foreign countries in specific fields; and
b) inviting foreign experts in certain subjects in which adequately qualified Indian personnel are not available.

Among the various conditions to agreed to by the sponsoring authorities, namely, the Universities and the Govermment of India, one important condition relates to the meeting of the "local costs". The local costs relate to:-

1) Salaries of the trainees during their absence from India;
2) Expenditure on travel up to the port of embarkation and back;
3) Any other expenditure such as fee for passport, etc.

Very often, the universities are not prepared to accept this responsibility of meeting the local. costs of, the teachers belonging to their university departments or constitutent colleges and generally plead their finndial stringency. The Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs are not prepared to accept the certificate of meeting the local cost's, sometimes of cered by the selected candidates themselves, instead of by the sponsoring authority. $A$ copy of the rules framed by the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs, regarding the terms to be granted for personnel sent abroad for advanced training tor a period of over 6 months is attached as Anreataro $I_{0}$

In addition to meeting the local costs mentioned above, the universities have to appoint substitute teachers in place of persons recommended for training abroad. Such appointment of substitute staff either in the same cadre or in a lower cadre involves addition al expenditure. In some cases, the universities are not "pa ne to recommend candidates for training abroad because of the condition that they have to be ar the 'local costs'. Some of the universities do not even circulate the information to their constitutent colleges for the fear that they may have to bear such 'local costs' in case any of the teachers from such colleges are selected for training abroad.

Since the teachers are selected for training abroad 4 only in such fields for whit: good facilities are not available within the country end the training is essentially related to the projects under the $\mathbb{N}$ ational Five Year Plans, the Commission at its meeting held on 8/9th July, 1958 observed as follows: (Item Nos)

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"The Commission agree that ordinarily the local costs should be met by the universities concerned but where this was not possible the Commission ing meet the cost."
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The number of teachers from the universities selected for training under the various technical assistance
programmes is usually of the order of 5 to 10 per year. If, as stated above, the Commission were to accept the responsibility of meeting the local costs and also giving financial assitance to the universities for appointment of substitute staff for the period of the trainees' stay abroadi, it may be desirable that a generaly policy regarding this subject is formulated for the Third Five Year Plan period so that the universities may be so informed whenever proposals for technical assistance programmes are invited from the universities in future.

The matter is placod before the Commission for consideration.

Annexure I to Item No. 11

Copy of O.M. No. 21(1)-EII(A)/61 dated the 24th November, 1961 from the Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure) to all the Ministries etc.

Subject:- Terms to be granted to officers sent abroad for training for a period of over six months.

In supersession of the orders contained in this Ministry's Office Memorandum No. F. 2(30)-EII/53 dated the 3rd November, 1953 (incorporated as Appearsix 30-A of the P\&T compilation of the Fundamental Rules and the Supplementary Rules, Vol.II), No: F. 2(18)-EIIB/59, dated the Ist June, 1959 and NO. F. 21(5)-EII (A)/59, dated the 14th September, 1959, the undersigned is directed to state that, when Government servants are sponsored by the various Ministries/Departments of the Government. of India for training abroad under the various training schemes of the United Nations, the Colombo Plan, the Point Four Programme etc., and the schemes operated through non-official channels (Rock Feller Foundation, Ford Foundation, etc., ) the grant of deputation terms will be regulated as follows:-
(i) Pay:

The entire period of the Government servants absence from his post in India will be treated as period of deputation on the full pay which he would have drawn had he remained on duty in India.
(iii) Dearness Allowance: During the first six months of his training, the Government. servant concerned may be allowed to draw dearness allowance at the rate at which he would have drawn it, had he not proceeded on deputation abroad. No dearness allowance will be admissible during the period of training beyond six months. If, however, the Govt. servant concerned has retained the pre-revised scale of pay, in accordance with the provisions of the Central Civil Services (Revised Pay): Rules 1960, he: may, during the period of training beyond six months, be allowed daarness allowance at the rate equal to "dearness pay" appropriate to the pay during deputation.

Compensatory allowance: At the same rate as he would have drawn in India but for his deputation abroad, during the first six months of absence from his post in India, subject to the fulfilment of the conditions laid down in S.R.6mB No compensatory allowance will be admissible during the training period beyond six months.
(iv) House rent alluwance/Recovery of rent

> At the same rate as he would have drawn in India but for his deputation abroad, during the entire period of training, subject to the fulfilment of the conditions laid down in S.R. 6-C. If the Government servant concerned is allowed to retain Government accommodation during the period of deputation abroad, the rent therefore should continue Go be charged at the same rate at which it would have been normally charged had the officer not proceeded on deputation.
2. Since the terms admissible under these orders will be considerably more liberal than those now admissible, it is more than every necessary to ensure that the periods of deputation of officers sent abroad for training are not longer than absolutely necessary.
3. Further, the training of Government servants abroad under financially aided schemes should invariably be at the instance of the Ministries/Departments concerned. In no case should the Government servants themselves approach or negotiate direct with the Foreign Governments or Organisations for scholarships. Before sponsoring a case for training abroad under the terms mentioned in para 1 above, it is necessary to ensure that the services of the Government servant concerned would be available to Government at least for a reasonable period, say three years, after the completion of his training and that the officer should also possess adequate background of the subject or field iñ:which:ho would:be receiving training. The following conditions should, therefore, generally be satisfied for the grant of deputation terms to Govt. servants sponsored by Government for awards under the training schemes:-
(a) He should have at least three years to serve after the conclusion of training and is not expected to retire within that period.
(b) In the case of a Government servant on loan from a State Government or a quasi-Government body, the lending authority should agree to make him available to the Government of India for a period of not less than three years after the conclusion of training if required.
(c) In the case of a Government servant in the temporary employ of the Government of India there should be reasonable chance of his remaining in service for a minimum period of three years after the conclusion of the training and ho should be required to give an undertaking in writing that he agrees to serve the Government of India for a like period.
(d) He should have completed a minimum of five years' service. The limit may, however, be relaxed in cases where the very nature of the training does not warrant such a restriction, e.g. cases where individuals are recruited on the condition that they should undergo training before they are posted to regular duties.
(e) A period of deputation ( ? 18 months at one time should ordinarily be regarded as a suitable

4. The opinion of the Committee of Secretaries should invariably be obtained at the time of sponsoring such cases of training, as laid down in this Ministry's Office Memorandum NO. 20(25)-EII(A)/60 dated the 18th October 1960.
5.

Actual sanctions in individual cases regarding the deputation terms mentioned above should be issued only in consultation with the Ministry of Finance (Expenditure Division concerned) in accordance with the existing practice.
6. In so far as persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department are concerned, these orders are being issued after consinJation with the Comptroller and Auditor General.
7. These orders take effect from the date of issue. The cases of the Government servants proceeding on training on or after the date of the issue of these orders will be governed by the provisions contained herein. Past cases already decided otherwise than in accordance with these orders need not be reopened,

University Grants Commission

Meeting:
Dated 4th April, 1962
Item No. 13 To consider the basis on which grants are given to the affiliated colleges for varions schemes during the Third Five Year Plan period and to further consider the question of modifying some of the conditrons to meet the requirements of exceptional cases.

At its meeting held on the fth September, 1961, the University Grants Commission agreed that grants for the following purposes may be paid to the colleges as and when necessary during the Third Five Year Plan:-
a) Non-resident Students: Centre (Max. Rs: 35,000/-)
b) Hobby Workshops (Max. Rs. 20,000/- (+)Rs. 2,500/-(R)
c) Construction of Hostels ( $50: 50$ )
d) Extension of libraries including purchase of books ( $\frac{2}{3}: \frac{1}{3}$ ).
e) Extension of laboratories and purchase of equipment after taking into account the assistance that may have been given or may be given under the three-year degree course scheme ( $\frac{2}{3}: \frac{1}{3}$ ).
f) Construction of staff quarters ( $50: 50$ )

The Commission also decided that normally the defiling of total assistance for these purposes (excluding the three-year degree course grant) for each college during the III Plan be Rs. $1,50,000 /-$. For the purposes of such assistance, preference may normally be given to colleges which were not assisted during the II Plan.

The Commission also agreed that in accordance with the view already taken by it, colleges of special importance might be assisted outside the limits of this ceiling on the merits of each case, funds permitting.

A circular letter containing the decision of the Commission was issued to the Universities. on 26.10.62(Appendix I).

Later, in accordance with the decision of the local members of the Commission, the Universities were informed on 23.12.61 that the maximum grant of Rs. 1. 5 lakh would also
$-2-$
include assistance towards tutorial arrangements and General Education.

It will be recalled that a sum of R. 2.75 crores was set apart for assistance to colleges fin new schemes to be sanctioned during the Third Plan period (Item 4 of December, 1961 meeting). At the rate of R. 1.5 lakh (maximum permissible) per college, this amount would be just sufficjent to assist only about 185 of the 1400 colleges in India. In order that the limited resources available with the Commission may be used with the maximum advantage, it was felt that assistance may in the first instance be given only to well established colleges with at least 400 students on their rolls. It was decided that to be considered 'well-established', a college should have functioned as a degree college for at least 3 years. Other criteria laid down for the purpose are given in para 3 (ii) of the circular mentioned above (Appendix I).

Many representations from the colleges and the universities were received in the Commission's office suggesting relaxations and modifications of these criteria. As a result, the following relaxations were permitted:-
i) The condition of the minimum enrolment of 400 students was waived in the case of professional colleges, in view of the fact that the mini-' mum enrolment prescribed would be beyond the reach of most of the professional colleges.
ii) In the case of the colleges affiliated to the Agra University, no college except women's colleges, affiliated to the University after 1953 can have intermediate classes. As the minimum of 400 students was laid down for colleges having three classes of the three year degree course, well-established degree colleges of the Agra University having only the III and IV years were deemed eligible for assistance, if the enrolment was not less than 270.
iii) It was decided that colleges which were assisted to a limited extent during the last plan period may be further assisted during the current plan subject to the condition that the total assistance during the two plans should not exceed Rs. 1.5 lakhs. This assistance may be provided only in cases where the needs are really very urgent.


Recently some marginal and exceptional cases have been brought to the Commission's notice where the Commission's assistance would be of real value in affecting an improvement in a college which is already doing creditable work. These cases relate to colleges of the following categories: Colleges serving an area where existing educational facilities are meagre, well-established residential colleges in which enrolment is restricted as a.matter of policy, colleges catering exclusively to the need of women students and purely science colleges in those states in which the percentage of science students is below the national level.

It is for consideration if the condition of the minimum enrolment of 400 be waived in such exceptional cases. The condition "funds permitting" is most important and will be repeated.

Copy of letter No.F.33-36/61 (CUP) dated 26.10.1961 from the University Grants Commission to all Universities in India.

Subject:- Payment of grants to affiliated colleges -. Commission's policy during the Third Plan Period.

As you are aware, in their letters No.F.87-105/
58 (CUP) dated the 31 st March and the 1st April, 1959 the University Grants Commission initiated a scheme of assislance during the Ind Five Year Plan period to Affiliated Colleges for the construction of hostels for men and women students and for the extension and improvement of Library and Laboratory facilities in addition to the assistance given under the 3 -Year Degree Course. The normal ceiling for men's Colleges for these purposes was Rs. 1. 25 lakhs with a separate ceiling of Rs. I lakh for Women's hostels. In addition, the Commission agreed to assist the Colleges for provision cf Non-Resiaent Students' Centres and Hobby Workshops.

During the Third Five Year Plan period the University Grants Commission have, however, decided to continue the schemes of assistance to affiliated colleges on the following revised basis:..
a) Non-îesident Students ${ }^{\prime}$ Centre
...(Max. Rs. 35,000/-)
b) Hobby Workshops
.., (Max. As. 20,000/-)
c) Construction of men's ...(Equal share) hostels
d) Construction $\propto^{\circ}$ women's hostels.
... $(3 / 4 t h)$
(or 75:25)
e) Extension of libraries includ-...tiwo_third ing purchase of books. (or $\frac{2}{4}: \frac{1}{3}$ )
f) Extension of laboratories and purchase of equipment after taking into account the assist- two third or tance that may have been given ( $\frac{2}{3}: \frac{1}{3}$ ) or may be given under the 3 -year Degree Course Scheme.
g) Construction of staff quarters Equal share
(50:50)
In view of the very limited funds available with the Commission during the IIIrd Plan Period, the total grant that may normally be paid to a College during the entire Third Plan Period for any or all of the above projects can not exceed Ps. 1, 50,000/-. As during the IIIrd Plan Period, University Grants Commission has to draw funds only from the Plan allocation made to it, payments to Colleges on any account sanctioned

during the IInd Plan period, but to be made during the IIIrd Plan period, will form the first charge on the ceiling allowable as above to a College. This may please be brought to the notice of all the Colleges affiliated to your University which have been brought on to the list prepared under Section $2(f)$ of the U.G.C. Act for their information and guidance.
2. I am to say that while the University may now forward with their recommendations proposals from affiliated Colleges for grants for the above purposes, the Colleges should in view of the fact that the assistance will be for the entire plan period, be advised to prepare in the first instance, their requirements in a consolidated form for the entire Third Plan Period drawn up strictly in order of priority keeping within the ceiling of assistance mentioned above. 3. In view of the paucity of funds and the need to keep the number of proposals to the minimum, I am also to suggest that the following consideration, may please be borne in mind while recommending and forwarding proposals from the Colleges:
i) Preference for payment of grant during the Third Five Year Plan period be given to the Colleges to which no grant was paid during the Second Five Year Plan Period. Proposals of Colleges for which grants were sanctioned by the Commission during the Second Plan Period should be forwarded only for very immediate needs and special reasons. The assistance received during the Second Plan Period may also be indicated in these cases.
ii) Proposals of only well-established Colleges of good stanuing should be forwarded. Proposals of Colleges that have been established recently or have not fulfilled all the conditions of affiliation laid down by the University and which have less than 400 students on rolls should not be forw?rded. A specific certificate that the college is well established and has fulfilled all conditions of affiliation should accompany each proposal and all proposals should be specifically and positively recommended

- by the University.
iii) As heretofore, all proposals for construction should be accompanied with plans and detailed - estimates drawn up by a duly qualified Ingineer/

iii) Architect strictly in accordance with the norms/ stendards laid down by the Commission and signed by him.
iv) The University should obtain an assurance from the College management that their matching share has been set apart and would not be used for any other purpose. This assurance may be stated while forwarding the proposal.
v) Where land for construction is involved, it should be satisfied that the College has undisputed possession of the 1 and.
vi) Subject to the fulfilment of Item (2) above, proposals of Colleges that are temporarily affiliated may be forwarded only if the University is satisfied that (i) the College is running on sound lines and there is every chance of its securing permanent affiliation in the near future and (ii) that the grant asked for is not for enabling the College to fulfil conditions of affiliation. While recommending and forwarding proposals of such Colleges the University should certify to this effect.
vii) A firm undertaking of the College to send progress reports of work and expenditure on due dates irrespective of whether there has been any progress or not should accompany each proposal.
viii) In the case of requests for laboratory expansion it should be certified that the requirements areaxclusively for teaching for a degree course.
ix) A certificate of the University to the effect that the College has the experience and managerial ability to carry out the projects for which the grant is recommended should accompany each proposal.

University Grarits Commission

Meeting:
Dated th April, I962.

> Item No. $4:$ To consider the request of the Banaras Find Unite city for assictonee towards the additional posts created by the University in connection With the introduction of the Three Year Decree Course.

The Banaras Hindu University introduced the pres. university course in 1959-60 and the Three Year degree course In 1960-61. The four constituent colleges of the university, viz. (1) the Central Hindu College, Kamecha, (2) Vomer's Colleges, (3) Central Hindu Coliege ana (4) College o: Science were approved for financial assistance under the Throe Year Degree Course scherie, subject to a total expenditure of Ps. $7,25,000(N R)$ and lis. $1,60,000(R)$ per annum for four years (as detailed in the attached statement - Annexure I). In view of the unitary character of the university, the Commission agreed to the utilisation of the sanctioned mounts inciependently of the ceilings fixed for each college.

The Commission, at its meeting held on th Froruary, 1961, decided to withdraw the grants sanctioned for trio Central Hindu' College, Krracha on the ground that the college provided only preprofessional and pre-university courses. The colleges were also reclassified and the amounts earlier approved were revised to IS. 6.85 lakhs ( R ) and Rs. 1.15 lakhs ( $R$ ) per annum for four years (as indicated in Anexure I). The university was permitted to appoint a reasonable number of teachers in the three colleges - Centric Hinäu Coll sse; College of Science and Women's College under the Three Year Degree Sour se scheme.

The Commission also agreed, at its meeting held on 6th September 1961 (Resolution 18) that the pre-professioral courses in Agriculture and Medicine may continue as an interim measure at the Central College, Kamacha and sanctioned ar annual recurring grant of Rs. $35,000 /$ for additional surf (5, Lecturers) and maintenance.

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As against the 24 posts which the university have created within the prescribed ceiling of the Three Year Degree Course scheme and the 5 additional posts sanctioned by the Commission for the Central Hindu College, Kamacha for ereprofessional courses in Agriculture and Medicine, it is understood that the university has created 93 posts. The university has thus appointed 65 additional Lecturers outside the Three Year Degree Course and preprofessional course schemes.

Out of the remaining 65 posts, the university has intimated that the salaries on account of 15 teachers would be met out of grants to be received for the Five Year Integrated Course in Engineering \& Technology. A. The university appears to have created the 49 additional posts in anticipation of approval and provision of necessary funds. It is for consideration if the university may be requested to reexamine the whole queslion of additional appointments and reduce the number of teachers.
B. It is also for consideration, if in respect of the Central Hindu College, Kamacha, the Commission may agree in principle, to reimburse the amount of recurring and non-recurring expenditure incurred by the university on the pre-university class from the date of the earlier sanction (26.12.1959) to the date of its subsequent withdrawal (25.2.1961).

These matters (A \& B) ore placed before the Commission for consideration.

ANNEXURZ 1 to Item No. 14

Statement showing the details of financial assistance under the Three Year Degree Course Scheme for the Constituent Colleges of the Banaras Hindu University.

## A. ORIGINAL SANCTION


B. REVISED SANCTION


UNIVERSITY GRANL'S CUMM\&DDユU

Item 15: To receive a report on the implementation of the scheme of salary revision of university teachers in Staté universities.

The Commission at its meeting held on 20th March, 1961, considered the question of revision of the salary scales of university.teachers and decided that university appointed teachers in State Universities, if desired by the universities concerned, be placed in the new scales of pay proposed for the Central Universities from lst April, 1961, and that $80 \%$ of the difference between the pay scales as last revised and the new scales be paid to the universities upto the end of the Third Plan period.

In reply to our letter informing the universities 'regarding the above decision of the Commission, the under-mentioned universities have indicated their willingness to implement the revised scales and to meet $2 \% \%$ of the increased expenditure out of their own resources or with s: assistance from the State Government -

| 1. Agra | 11. Madras |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. Andhra | 12. Nagpur |
| 3. Burdwan | 13. Panjab |
| 4. Caicutta | 14. Patna |
| 5. Gauhati | 15. Saugar |
| 6. Jabalpur | 16. S.N.D.T. Women's |
| 7. Jadavpur |  |
| 8. Karnatak |  |
| 9. Kerala |  |
| 10. Kurukshetra |  |

The Universities of Bihar, Kalyani,:Marathwada, Osmanía, Poona, Rajasthan,Ranchi; Roorkee and Sardar . Vallabhbhai Vidyapeeth have approached their respective State Governments for financial assistance towards implementing the scheme. The Uttar 'Pradesh Government has decided to introduce the Central University scales for university teachers in the U.P. State Universities w.e.f. January 1962. The estimates of additional, expenditure
required for revision of their pay scales are awaited.
At the meeting held on 1st November, 1961, the
Commission considered the suggestion contained in the
 proceedings of the conference of State Education
 Secretaries and Directors of Public Instruction that . 319
before the UGC formulates any scheme which involves
immediate or future financial liability for the State,
tnere should be prior consultation with the state
Governments and resolved as follows -
> "The Commission noted that in connection with the Third Five Year Plan, the State Governments had been consulted along with the Universities. As however, the State Governments concern was particularly with regard to the schemes which produce continuing committed expenditure, the Commission agreed that specific consultation with the States was desirable with regard to the schemes proposed to be initiated by the Commission which would result in increasing recurring expenditure. The Commission thought that this
> should be secured by the practice recently adopted, of asking the universities to confirm that posts and other facilities established under development schemes and which out to be "permament" would be continued after the Commission's assistance ceased, and desired that grants relating to such development schemes should be
> r made after a satisfactory assurance had been obtained!

In pursuance of the above decision of the Commission
the universities were requested to give an assurance to the effect that the revised scales would be continued after the Commission's assistance ceases on this account at the end of the Third Plan period. The Universities of Andhra, Calcutta, Kurukshetra and Fanjab which had already received grants on this account were also requested to furnish the necessary assurance. Details of the grants which have been sanctioned to universities on condition that the actual payment would be made after an assurance that the UGC scales would be maintained after the Third Plan, are shown in Appendix I. So far the universities of Agra, Burdwan, Gauhati, Jadavpur, Kerala, Kurukshetra, Nagpur, Panjab and Saugar have forwarded
the necessary assurance.
H'he following points raised by certain universities
in regard to tie scheme require further examination.-

1. The universities of Karnatak, Osmania and

Sri Venkateswara are unable to give a categorical assurance about the maintenance of the UGC scales beyond the Third Plan period and have requested the Commission not to insist at this stage on such an assurance. These, universities, like many other State universities, have adopted the Second Plan scales as their usual grades only recently and have taken up with their respective state Governments the question of assistance for the implementatín of the new scales. The universities have however informed that the State Governments are, likely to meet the entire additional expenditure after the Third Plan as they have done in respect of the second Plan scales. Pending. the receipt of a categorical assurance from the State Governments in this regard or, instead of it, on the basis of the , universities' assurances it is for consideration whether necessary grants may be released to these universities as requested by them. A copy of the letter from the Vice-Chancellor, Karnatak University, addressed to the Chairman, UWGGG.in this regard is attached as Appendix II.
2. The Universities of Osmania, Patna and Sri Venkatswara would like to pay to the teachers as an allowance the difference between the existing scales and the revised scales. This kind of payment does not appear to conform to the purpose of the UGC's scheme. If the proposal is accepted, it would deprive the teachers of the benefit of the increased Provident Fund etc. legitimately due to them on the basis of the upgraded salaries since allowances are not taken into account for such pưposes and the comprehensive betterness of a higher scale of pay would not be achieved.

3. The universities of Osmania and Patna desire to extend the benefit of the new scales to the teachers in the university depariments as well as in the universitymaintained constituent colleges. In these universities, the teachers in the constituent colleges and the university departments are treated on the same footing so far as their service conditions including the scales of pay are concərned. As regards the assignment of work, however, the teachers in tie constituent colleges are mostly concerned with under-graduate teaching. It may be noted in this connection, that during the Second Plan period the salaries of teachers in the university departaents and also those working in the constituent colleges of the Osmania University were upgraded with assistance from the Commission. It is to be decided whether the benefit of the Central University scales are to be given only to such teachers as are entrusted with post-graduate teacing and research and whether teachers in the constituent colleges who are generally concerned with under-graduate teaching mi.r be excluded from ius benefit. As regards t:c post-graduate departments located in tie constituent colleges, it may be necessary to give the new scales to a few teachers in consultation with the University.
4. The University of Saugar has requested that the teachers may be permitted to retain their old.dates of increment s after the adoption of the revised graces. According to the rules laid down by the Commission in this regard the annual increments of tine teachers whose salaries nave been fixed on lst April, 1961, will fall on Ist April of every year subject to postponement due to factors of leave etc. 'lhe acceptance of the University's proposal would mean a departure from the usually accepted principles of pay fixation. In the case of Delhi University,

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however, the Commission, at its meeting held on 26 th April, 1961 (Resolution No. $23^{i}$ ) decided that the teachers may be allowed to retain their present dates of increment. It is for consideration whether the above decision of the Commission may be applied to other universities also. 6. It is also for consideration whether the Commission may contribute towards the increase in Provident Fund of the teachers consequent upon their being placed in the revised grades. The UGC's share at $80 \%$ of the increased expenditure on this account of Provident Fund is estimated to be Rs. 3.39 lakhs during the Third Plan period, on the basis of $8-1 / 3 \% / 20$ mitis cost of upgrading the salaries, as indicated in Annexture III.

The matter is placed before the Commission.

Statement showing the grants sanctioned/paid to the State Universities towards the salary revision as per Central University scales of pay.


Copy of the letter from Shri D. ©. Pavate, ViceChancellor, Karnatak University, Dharwar addressed to Dr. Kothari, Chairman, University, Grants Commissịon, New Delhi.

I have just received a telegram saying that your office is insisting on our categorical as surance for the continualion of the new salary scales after the Third Five Year period. The position has been explained very clearly in our coresponderice. The Mysore Government has been informed of our acceptance of the new scales. They of course cannot categorically assure us at this stage that the whole liability will be taken by them after 5 years. In fact no Government can possibly take up such responsibility at this stage. Everything depends on the financial position of the country at the end of 5 years. If what has happened at the end of the Second Five Year Plan is any index to what the State Government might do after 5 years, there is no doubt whatsoever, that they will help us with additional grants for the purpose of continuing the upgraded salary scales on a permanett basis. They are quite sympathetic and the additional expenditure incurred during the Second Five Year Plan period has already been included in our recurring grants. Thus there is every chance of our state Government coming to our help to retain the new scales of salary on a permanent basis but neither we nor the Mysore Government can categorically assure of continuing this permanently at this stage. I am doubtful whether sven Delhi and other Central Universities are in a position to give such an assurance. In 1932, even the convenanted services like the I. ©. S. were subjects to a cut of $10 \%$. Everything will depend on the financial position of the country. To my mind it appears distinctly wrong to insist on such a categorical assur ane. What the U.G.C. can and should do is to ask the Universities to accept the new scales of salary with the knowledge of the Government so that they will not let down the University later on unless they are more compelled by financial circumstances at that time. Nothing more can be done. So kindly ask you office not to insist on a categorical assurance. If you have any doubt in your ding, kindly place it before the next meeting of the U.G.C. so that we might discuss the question of assurance as a matter of policy.

As you see, I am at Gauhati now looking into the affairs of the Gauhati University. I believe the Commission has propared a Model Act of the University for the whole country. I should be grateful if you would ask the office to send me a copy to my Dharwar address.

With kind regards.


Appendix-IIIto Item No 15

## Statement showing the estimated UGC's share towards the salary revision of University teachers in respect of universities which have indicated their willingness to implement central University scales and have agreed to bear $20 \%$ out of their own funds or with the help of State Government.'

| Name of the | UGC share at |
| :--- | :--- |
| University. |  |
|  |  |



1. Agra

* 2. Andhra

3. Burdwan
4. Calcutta
3.0
5. Gauhati
3.0
6. Jabalpur
0.95
7. Jadavpur
2.0
8. Karnatak
1.75
9. Kerala
1.00
10. Kurukshetra
1.25
11. Madras
1.25
12. Nagpur
1.5
13. Panijab
3.50

* 14. Patna
5.00

15. Sauger
3.25
16. S.N.D.T. Women's
0.65
17. Sri Venkateswara
3.75

Total
40.65

* UGO's sh are towards Provident Fund on the basis of $8-1 / 3 \%$ of :- 3.39 this increased cost.

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Meeting: 4.th April, 1962
Item No.16: To consider the question of extending the benefit of Central University scales of pay to the library staff of such universities which have implemented these scales for their academic staff.

The Commission at its meeting held on 11 th 0 ctober , 1960 decided thet professionally qualified'library staff may for purpose of salary be treated as academic staff. In partial modification of the recommendations of the Library Committee the Sommission also decided that the college librarian and junior professional staff in university libraries may be placed on the same scales of pay as lecturer in a college or university. The Commission also agreed that senior staff in university libraries may be placed on Reader's or Professor's scales as may be necessary according to qualifications and experience. The Commission has also laid down the minimum qualifications that should be demanded for library staff to be out on such scales (Resolution No.4).

At its meeting held on 7 th February, 1962 the Nommission accepted the proposal that the revised grades of pay for the library staff may be apolicable to those of the existing staff who do not'have the qualific $\begin{gathered}\text { tions } \\ \text { laid down provided }\end{gathered}$ that the university or college is satisfied with their experience and quality of their work justify their being placed in the revised scale. In the case of new appointments the Commission desired that the qualifications laid down should be insisted upon (Resolution No.18).

Before the above resolution of the Sommission is communicated to thounivérsities and colleges it may be decided whether those universities which have accepted the latest. Central University scales for their teachers could extend the benefit of the scales to the library staff also in view of the equivalence between the library staff and'academic staff as indicabed in the earlier resolution of the commission dated 11 th October, 1960.

The matter is placed before the Commission for orders.


University Grants Commission

## Meeting:

Dated th April, 1962.
Item 17: To consider the general question whether the interest earned by the Universities/Colleges on the grants paid by the Commission should be treated as a part of the grants or should be refunded to the Commission.

While auditing the accounts of the University Grants Commission for the year 1957-58, the auditors of the A.G.C. R. had pointed out that wherever a grant paid by the Commission remained unutilized for a considerable period, the interest earned by a University on that amount should either be refunded to, or adjusted by, the Commission. Accordingly, all the Univerities were addressed to intimate the unspent balances out of the grants paid by the Commission and also whether any interest had been earned on those grants. In a few cases, interests earned by some Universities have actually been adjusted against fresh grants made to those Universities. The Garnatal University, which had earned an interest of Rs. $5,100,93 \mathrm{nP}$ on the grants paid by the Commission towards development schemes in Humanities unto 30-9-1961 was also requested to refund this amount to the Commission. In reply the University has raised some fundamental questions which are enumerated below:-

1. On several occasions the expenditure on construetion of buildings and on pay scales of University teachers is first incurred from University funds, even before the U.G.C.'s grants are received for this purpose. In the case of expenditure on capital works, grants are being released on the basis of the periodical statements of expenditure sent to the U.G.C. It will thus be seen that expenditure is being incurred in advance from University funds, in respect of U.G.C.'s share in many cases, the grants for which are received subsequently. Similarly in the case of pay scales of University teachers, the University is paying U.G.C. scales of pay, regularly each month without awaiting the receipt of grants from the U.G.C. Thus the University foregoes proportionnate interest on the expenditure incurred from University funds and even from the point of view of equity, it is not correct to insist on refund

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of interest earned on U.G.C.'s funds, because the University loses interest on its money, spent before the receipt of grants from the U. G. ${ }^{\text {C }}$
2. If the principle of refunding the interest to the Commission is accepted, the U.G.C. also will have to accept the liability for payment of interest due on expenditure met from University funds, towards U.G.C.'s share, before the U.G.C.'s grants are released.
3. When the grants are paid to Universities even on 'on account' basis, they become a part of the University funds and no grantaiding authority has even asked the University for payment of interest earned on the normal investments in the current account with the Banks.

The matter is placed before the Commission for

Meeting :
Dated : 4th April, 1962.

# Item, No. 20 :- To consider a proposal from the Vikram University for financial assistance for the post-graduate course in Social Work at Indore Christian College. 

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 18th November, 1961, considered the question of giving assistance for post-graduate education in the Humanities and Social Sciences and agreed generally with the principles laid down in this behalf as contained in Annexure I. The Commission resolved that it.' may not be possible to give more than R. 1,00,000/- during the Third Plan period for each college doing postgraduate work in the Humanities and Social Sciences.

Some time ago, the Vikram University forwarded to the Commission a request for giving assistance to the Indore Christian College towards development of its department of Social Work (Annexure II). The Ministry of Education, Government of India, has supported the proposal (D.O. )letter dated 12th October, 1961 from Shri N.D.J.Rao, Dy, Secretary - Annexure III).

It may be noted in this connection that the department of Social Work of the Indore Christian College is the only one of its kind in the Madhya Pradesh State for training personnel for social welfare work. The department had originally been conducting a diploma course but in 1960-61 an M.A. course was introduced. There are 18 students in the first year of the course.

The present request is for a sum of R . $20,951 /-$ i.e. $75 \%$ of the total annual expenditure of the department

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of Rs. 27,935/- for 1960-61 as detailed in the letter forwarded by the Vikram University (Annexure II). Part of the expenditure, it will be seen, relates to maintenance of staff etc., but a sum of R. 10,300/-represents the developmental needs of the department in respect of library, equipment and furniture. The Commission may decide whether this amount may be paid to the college and further requirements, if an,", of the department/ college in respect of post-graduate teaching examined and assistance given in accordance with the principles approved by the Commission in this behalf. The matter is placed before the Commission for orders.

Annexure I to Item No. 20
UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION Dated: 4-4-62 APPENDIX III TO MINUTES DATED 1.11.61

The following principles may be adopted to: govern rost-graduate studeis in Arts subjects in affiliated colleges :-
i) One of the considerations in the selection may be the regional requirements for expansion of post-graduate facilities in the subjects concerned. In the affiliating universities it is not possible to concentrate all post-graduate teaching at the university headquarters. Centres of post-graduate education have to be developed in other suitable placed where there. is a substantial student body and a real demand for post-graduate studies.
ii) Ordinarily, well established colleges wish , have already done post-graduate teaching for a fairly long period should have preference over new colleges which wish to add post-graduate departments. Qualifications of the teachers concerned with post-graduate teaching and the other facilities available in the college will . have to be of a fairly high standard.
iii) The umber of students already enrolled in postgraduate courses in the college should be neither too small to be economical in operation nor too large for the maintenance of proper standards. On an average, a batch of 20 to 30 students in a class may be considered as an optimum number. But when a college participates in a co-operative arrangement with other colleges or with a university department, the optimum number will have to be judged on the basis of total facilities available.

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iv) As the resources available to the Commission for the development of University Education during the Third Plan period is limited, it may not be possible to provide more than about Rs. 1 lakh for each college doing post-gradunte work. In actual practice it may be necessary to select particular departments for special assistance. On the basics of a hundred such colleges, a sum of Rs. l. crore will be required for giving assistance to post-graduate departments in Arts. subjects.
M) While sanctioning expenditure on additional staff the colleges concerned will have to assure the University Grants Commission that the developments initiated under this scheme during the Third Plan will be continued by the college at the end of the Plan period and expenditure on this account will be met from its om n resources or with the assistance of the State Government.

# Annexure II to Item No. 20 (115 

UNIVERGITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Dated: 4-4-62
Copy of the letter No.D-1/Misc/1627 dated the 4th December, 1961 from the Registrar, Vikram University, Ujjain to the Secretary, University Grants Commission, Rafi Marg, New Delhi.

Subject: Grant for the introduction of M.A. in Social Work - Request for.

I have the honour to send herewith letter
No. $2602 /$ UGC/6 dated 26 th October , 1961 (in original)
from the Principal, Christian College, Indore, on
the subject mentioned above, for favour of consideration.

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Copy of the letter No. $2602 /$ UGC/ 6 dated the 26 th October, 1961 from the Principal, Indore Christian College to the Secretary, University Grants Commission, New Delhi through the Registrar, Vikram University, Ujjain.

Subject: Grant for M.A. in Social Work.

We sent in our request to you last year for a grant to our new venture, the Diploma in Social Work studies.

We have now raised the department to prepare for a post-graduate degree and have admitted 18 students for the previous M.A. class. This means that we are not only filling an urgent and great need but also improving the standards of teaching and training. Our M.A. in Social Work department may, therefore, be treated as a development project and proportionate grant for staff, equipment and furniture be sanctioned and made available to us.

Our expenses on the above items for the Session 1960-61 are as follows :-

Staff- Professor Emeritus


The Government of India g.ave us a grant of Rs. 7860 last year and we are grateful for it. The need for suoh an effort as ours need not be over-emphasized. Our country needs it urgently. There is no other college or University in Madhya Pradesh thot teaches this course and therefore we are meeting an urgent need in this Btate.

We shall be grateful if RS. 20951 i.e. $75 \%$ of the total amount (Rs. 27935) is sanctioned and made available to us at an early date.

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Deputy Secretary, Government of Inđia, Ministry -OE OF' fripo gecretany Unityprsity Grants, Commission, New Dethi.




 had, thisomornjng on tolephone regarding the fheore School
 of Social Work. This schoojt ha's beon reorganis ed with
 ment providin for thexirst tire post ighaduate degree



 the" school for teaching the course'for M, AX. "全 Social Work. The first 'batch of '18 students hate been afmifted to the firs"t year "of the course.
2. $\therefore$ The Schoot of Socixi Work, Inddres, Hs making genuine efforts to establish itself as an institution indeperndene of the Indore Christian cómege. 'fBut your wintapprectate thereare various difficulties which have to be solved and this is bound to take somé time. The
 ápears, ${ }^{\prime}$ havo tor,setzup; a sparate Faculty for Social Work Wefore the School of Sprial Work con be given an Hndenendent status: I understand work in this connection has already beenf started and in the transitional period the School will have to continue to function for some timeras a part of the Indơre Schristian College.
3. As this is a new department started only this year, it needs to be treated as a development project and,


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therefore, is eligible for assistance towards both recurring and non-recurring expenditure.
4. As training ir social work is in its infancy in India, the Ministry of Education has been assisting various voluntary organisations in the country to take up this work. But, as a policy, the Ministry does not give assistance to those schools of social work which have been affiliated to Universities, and rightly so, because we feel that in such cases the U.G.C. should come into the picture. This is a field where we have to show special consideration becuase so little has been done and it does not appear necessary for me to draw your attention to the fact that Indore School of Social Work is the only institution of this type in the State of Madhya Pradesh. I shall, therefore, be extremely grateful if you could kindly examine what the U.G.C. could do to help this institution. This is a first year of the new department of M.A. in Social Work and the estimated assistance towards recurring expenditure will be to the tune of R. 16, 000/- besides assistance towards equipment, furniture, laboratory, buildings, etc.
5. The Director of the Indore School of Social Work, Mrs. L.W. Bryce, is in Delhi at present and I am requesting her to meet you personally and explain the problems of the institution further to you.
6. I should be grateful if you could let me know in due course the decision of the U.G.C.

With best regards.

Meeting:
i. Dated 4th April, 1962.

Item No. 21 -To consider a proposal from the Nagpur University for the development. if. teaching in Journalism in thonislop


On the Nagpur University approaching tho University Grants Commission for financial assistance towards developing its diploma courso in Journalism conductod at the Hislop 0 , allege, Nagpur, the Commission appointed a Visiting Committoa consisting of Shri D. R. Mankokar of tho Indian Express and Shri R. K. Chhabra,"Univorsity Grants Commission, to oxamine and report on tho proposal: The report of the Committee was forwarded to the Nagpur University with the enquiry whether the recommendations contained thorsin wore accoptable to the University before tho question of giving financial assistance for this purpose was considorod by tho Commission. The University informed that the rocommendations were acceptable.

The report of the Committoo, with the revisod proposal of the University for development of tho diploma course in Journalism in accordance with the recommendations of the Visiting Committee, was placed boforo tho Commission at its mooting hold on 5/6th July, 1961 (Annoxuro I). Tho Commission foll that it could not support. the proposal for starting a now diploma courso in Journalism (Resolution 37).

Tho decision of the Commission was communicated to the University. The Vice-Chancellor, however, requested that the question of giving financial assistance for the Journalism course may be reconsidered by tho Commission (Annoxure II) - copy of Vice-Chancollor's letter). In this connection tho Principal, Hislop Collego had a discussion with the late Prof. Sidhanta who pointed out that tho Commission's resolution rotated to tho proposed ono-yoar diploma course and that if the suggestions made by the Visiting Committoo in regard to organising
a propor courso in Journalism woro to bo adoptod, it would moan Increasing tho duration of the courso.

- This sugrestion has now beon acceptod by tho Hislop Colloge and the lottor from tho Principal (Annoxuro III) oxplains how this would be dono. It is proposod to start a so-yoar post-graduato courso in Tournalism in addition to the oxisting one-yoar courso which would be strengthened by sominars, oducational tours to woll-known contres of Journalism, etc. Only those who havo takon at loast a high sucond division in tho first year would be oligiblo for the advanced posigraduato courso.

It may be noted that tho Joumalism course provided by the Nagpur Univorsity is ono of tho oldest in the Country lare:
$L$ started in 1952. The requert of the University for financial assistance in this bonalr was mado in Octobor, 1959e Tho Visiting Committeo appointod by the Commission to examine the proposal could visit the University only in Juno, 1960. Owing to various roasons, the Committoo took a lone timo to roport. Noanwilo, on account of urgon't nood for spaco, tho collogo proparod a plen to put up a building for tho dopartmont of Journaiism at an ostimatod cost of Rs. 1,40,000/- and work arounting to Ris. 83,000/- in respoct of part of tho building was carricd out. Tho total requiromonts of tho collego, including cost of tho construction work alroady undertakon, for doroncpine tho Journalism courso arc as detailod bolow:

1. RECURRING:
(a) Toaching Staff.

Ong Profossor
Ono Asstt. Profossor
One part time Threo Lucturers.
Lecturer One Prińting Instructor Rs. $69,000,-(\mathrm{R})$ por. Ona Suparvisor
Onc Fhoto Instructior.
(b) Office Staff
(c) Librany
(d) Othor exponses.
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UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION RAF MARG, NET DELHI.

> Annoxuro I. to Item No. 21 : Dated 4th. April, 1962.

Tho University Grants Commission had appointed a Visiting Committee to dotormino tho needs of the Department of Journalism of the Hislop Collogo - the Committoo visited Nagpur some time back and have to report as follows:-

The Nagpur University awards a Post-Graduato Diploma and a Post-Intermediate Certificate in Journalism. Tho facilities for teaching these subjects are provided at Hislop College which is a 100 years old collage. The University do not propose to start a Dopartmont of Journalism to be directly run by them at the Univorsity at least during the Third FiveYear Flan and had proposed that the Dopartmont of Journalism at the Hislop College be considered as a department of the University and assistance given to the college for its developmont. We discussed the proposal both with the College authoritios and with tho Vice-Chancollor.

The Department of Journalism is now working in the now building of tho Hislop College which is noarly complete and occupies a wing of tho building with a floor area of $2225 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{f}^{2}$. and a plinth area of 4622 sc.ft. Tho staff of tho Dopartmont consists of two full time toachors and in addition it hes sometimes part time toachors to deliver loctures for special subjects. It has about 500 titles in tho Library and also subscribes to the loading Indian dailies. Tho classos for the courses ara hold from 8 to $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. and 5 to 7 PM.

The Committoo first considorod tho foasibility and advisability of starting M.A. courso in Journalism, but wore of the opinion that as ae tho Department was attached to a Colloge and not run directly by tho University, a different approach would have to bo takon. Apart from this it was felt that lack of properly qualified toachors, paucity of tox books and $a$
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Library for Journalism would not warrant tho starting of a M.A: Courso in Journalism spocially if it was desired that it should have tho same standard as the Master Courses in other subjects in the faculties of Arts and Social Sciences. In any case as Nagpur is not a Contr ic of publication of Major nowspapors, it would not bo an appropriate place for starting M.A. in Journalism.

In view of the fact that the Diploma course in Journalism offerod by tho Nagpur University has been found to bo useful and popular, it would be desirable to improve tho same and the course given more depth. If this is done it will carry further conviction with omployors and thus romovo tho prejudice now prevalent against that is foarod to bo rather flimsy and superficial journalism courses. Groator attention has to bo paid to practical work and further acquainting the students with actual day-ثo-day probolms of the profession. It ::oud bo dosirablo to invite practising or rotirod journalists to conduct seminars in the Department and make up for the lack of nocossary contact botwoon tho full time staff and nowspapors. Tho Institution should introduce such seminars, have more whole time toachors, and specialiso in reporting in areas like sports, economies, commerce and finance, labour and industrial rolations, films and music ballot and theatre. Courses may also have to rrvido for public relations and photo journalism.

Keying tho above in view wo recommend:
i) The existing diploma course run in tho morning and ovoning classos should bo discontinued;
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(3)
ii) The University should introduce one year full time post-graảate course in Journalism;
iii) The full time courso should be a comprohonsivo ono with certain subjects as compulsory and contain others as optional to onablo students to specieline in branches of Journalism in which they are interested as detailed below:-

## Compulsory vapors

a) History of Journalism.
b) Current affairs.
c) Advertising end Business management.
d) News roporting and sub-oditing,
o.) Magazine article writing and fundamentals of good writing.
f) Graphic Arts.
g) Leader writing and special features

Optional (One of tho following)
a) Radio Journalism.
b) Public Eolatjons. .
c) Magazine Production.
d) Pictorial Journalism.

The above do not include the presticel papers
which tho candidates may havo.
iv) Tho College should have a woll oquippod Library with a full time trained Librarian; a photo 1 ab and a printing lab for graphic arts.
v) Tho admission should bo restricted to 15-20 students jor your.
vi) Tho cortificato courso in Journalism for non-graduates should bo abolished.

The Committee fault that if the recommendations made above are acceptable to the University, in principle, the needs of the Department could be laid down in physical terms. Tho Hislop College has alroady a good building and with a few additions for labs and library and moro teaching staff, could undertake this revised course.
D. R. MANKEKAR
R. K. CYHABRA.


Annexuro II to Itom No, 21

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 ddressod to The Chairman, Unitorsity Grants Commssiodratati Marg, Now Dolhi-1.

$a i \leq n t a \cdot \therefore$ IN.HISIOP COLTBGE NAGPRR
 (s) ler'rr: anixa,
c't $^{\text {th }}$ reply'roceizod by the pislop Collogo ro: tho upgrading of the

to of ratotractad corcespondenes sad nogotiations on this subject, tho


$\because$ Dipiloman courser an Journalism athe Hislop Colyage, Nagpurt. Tho Histary of this matter i's briofly as follows:-
(i) ". Application from tho Principai, Hislop Coliege: through tizo Vi.ca-Gheiseolyors"Nagpur Inivorsity, sent on 6th Octobor 1959 for graist"もurards tho upgrading: or', 'tho phetoma Course ine Journalism:
(ii) Appointmont of Commission of Thquiry thy tho Univorsity Grants Commission, consjisting of Shri D. R: Maniso\%ar, Rosidenin Editor of the Indian Expmess, ani Shri R. K. Chitibra, . Administrativo Ofeicor, University Grants Cormission. This Commission visitod the Department on 23 th Jun's 1960 and submittod its roport. in uno Koport, among many "othor auggostions rade, ju wrote as follows:-
"In viow of the fact that the Diploma Courso in Journalism offcred by the Nidg pirr Univorsity has -begn found to 'bo user̂ul andr popular, it would bo dosirabis' to inptove the" samo and the courso given moro depthe fro. carry furthor conriction with "amployors anc thus romove tho projudices now provalont against whet is foarod to bo. flimstr and stiparficial journalism coursa3." $\because$
This is a cloar aceoptancc of the usofulnocs iof tho oxisting courso by the Expart Conmittce.
(iii) Tho Report of tho Commission was accoptec by tho Hislop Golloge, through thio Univorsity, on 28th Norgmbor. 1960,
(iv) The U.G.C., in its lottor of 23rd Decambor. 1960 to tho Cogistra:, Nagpm Unijersity, asked

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for a shone for the development of the Journalism courses in the light of the recommendations of the export Committee, undo certain heads noted in the letter;
(v) The scheme was submitted by the Hislop College, through the Registrar, $N$ sour University, on 14 th :Larch, 1951.

It will be see? from the above that the final scheme for development of the Journalism Department, Hislop College, was propered according to the directions contained in the Expert Committee's Report. That is why it is surprising that now the University Grants Commission should gay it cannot accopt the proposal of the Nagpur University.

The letter dated 24th July 1961 from the Secretary, University Grants Commission, seems to indicate that there has be m a serious misunderstanding of the proposal. The proposal was not for starting a new Diploma course in Journalism, but for tho upgrading cf a course that is already in existence. The Journalism Department of Hislop College has been in existence for the last nine years, and the Expert Comitiou in its report has acknowledged the useful work it has done so far. The upgrading of the course was surgested by the 'Expert Committee' itself, and it also gave the lines on which it could be done.

In view of what I have said so far, I would a in' it a reconsideration of the whole matter by the Commission and the scheme for development submitte:. by Hislop College be sympathetically considered.

Annexure III to Item No. 21 Dated; 4-4-62.

Copy of the letter No. Nil dated 3rd November, 1961 from tho Principal; Dr. David G. Moses, Y.A., Fir. Hislop College, Nagpur, addressed to The Chairman, University Grants Commission, Rafi Marg, C.S.I.R., Building, New Delhi.

Please refer to the letter of the Vice-Chancellor, Nagpur University, to you about the upgrading proposals of the Journalism Courses here.

It was a great surprise to us to hear about the U.G.C.'s decision act to help our proposals, after its Inspecting Committee was convince Gid/we could undertake revision/that of the existing programme. The matter has been under consideration for about three years. Ta-day we have the staff, library and physical facilities to successfully offer a better course.

The UGC Inspection Committee in its report had, among other things, made the following recommendations:"It would be desirable to invite practising or retired Journalists to conduct seminars in the Department and make up for the lack of necessary contact between the full-time staff and newspapers. The Institution should introduce such seminars, have more whole - time teachers, and specialice in reporting in areas like sports, economics, commerce and finance, labour and industrial relations, films and music, ballet and theatre. Course may also have to provide for public relations and photo Journalism."
"Keeping the above in view we recommend:
i) The existing Diploma course run in the morning and evening classes should be discontinued;
ii). The University should introduce one year full-time post-graduate course in journalism;
iii) The full time course should be a comprehensive with certain subjects as compulsory and certain others as optional to enable students to specialise in branches of Journalism in which they are interested as detailed below:

## Compulsory papers.

a) History of Journalism
b) Current Affairs.
c) Advertising and Business management
d) News reporting and sub-oditing
e) Magazine article writing and fundaments ls of good writing
f) Graphic Arts
g) Leader writing and special features

Optional (one of the following)
a) Radio Journalism
b) Public Relations
c) Magazine Production
d) Pictorial Journalism.

The above do not includo the practical papers which the candidates may have:

Wi.thin an academic years of about eight months it is not f'easible to have the detailed progranme as above.

In these circumstances our sugyestion is that for the first year wo may continue morv or less the existing syllabus for the Diploma in Journalism which we have been teaching as a full - time course since 1960. It may be suplemented, as recommended by the committee, by seminars to be conducted by eminent persons from the journalistic profession. The fortaightly annual educational tour normally brings the students into direct contac ${ }^{-}$with the big newspapers, news agencies, advertising firms and other establishments.

Another year could be utilised for advanced courses in basic subiects like. editing and reporting, and for speciajisation in areas life pictor'al Journalism, communications resuacch ete. No Indian Iniversity today gives intensive trairing of this nature and there is a great need in the country for that. The only Mastor's degree in Tournalism given in the South and Dast hsian region, at present, is by the University of Puniab, Lahore. This is a উwo-year post.egraduate course. I undorstand that some of the Indian Universities are now thinking in similar lines.

Admissions to the first year may be Iimited, as now, to about 25 students. The second year students should be those who have done the first yoar at least with a high second division and preferably, after that, put in a fiow years' professiona' service. Their admissions could be restructsd to about 15.

Onr above proposals wounu nut involve more financial commitments from the UGC than what we had requested for before.

It so happons that members of the staff and students of the Journalism Depariment will be in Delhi during the end of November and early Decomber on an educational tour. They will be happy to call on you, if given the privilege.

Thanking you,

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSIOIN. RAFI MARG。NEW DEIHI-1.

MEETING:
Dt. 4th April, 1962。
Item No. 22 - To consider the rcports of the Visiting Comilttees appointed by the Cormission to assess the requirements of the Universities during the Third Plan period.

The proposals of the following Universities for the development of the Humanities and Social Sciences Departments, Science Departments and for general schemes for the duration of the Third Five Year Plan period were assessed by Visiting Comittees appointed for this purpose. The dates of the visits by the Committees and the reports of the Visiting Comrittcees appended are as under :-

University $X^{X}$ Dates of visit by the $X$ Reports of the Committee


1: Aligarh 27/18-1-62 21422-1-62 $22(1)$ (a) (b)
2: Annamalai 19/20-2-62 13/14-12m61 22 (2) (a) (b)
3. DeIhi , 4/5-12-61 -7-12-61 22 (3) (a) (b)
4. Gujnrat $28 / 1-3-62$ 28/1-3 $m^{1} 62$ 22(4) (a) (b)
5. Korala 21/22-2-62 11/12-12-61 22 (5) (a) (b)
6. Madras $\because$ 2-3-62 $21-2-62$ 22(6) (a) (b)

7: Marathwada 1-3-62 - $22(7)$ (a) -
8: Rajasthan 26/27-2-62 - 22 (8) (a) -
9. S.N.D.T.Women's 8/9-3-62 8/9-3-62 $22(9)$ (a) (b)

10: Sri Venkates- 31st Jan.\& 23-2-1962 22(10) (a) (b)
wara. Ist Feb. 62
All the reports relating to Universities of
Aligarh, Annamalai, Delhis Kerala, Madras and Sri Venkateswara were placed before the Commission at its meeting held on 7th March, 1962 (Item $\mathbb{H o . 1 8 ( a ) ~ a n d ~ t h e ~ c o n s i d e r a t i o n ~ o f ~}$ the same was postponed. These reports are again put up for consideration of the Commission.

The reports of the Visiting Comraittecs for
each University along with a sumary of the financial implications of the rocommendations are atta-ched.

A tabulated synopsis giving the financial implications of the recommendations of the Visiting Committees along with the details pertaining to the grants sanctioned during the and Plan period, amount of spillover from the and Plan schemes to be paid during the Third Five Year Plan period, grants already sanctioned during the 3rd. Plan period for meeting the basic needs of the Sciences and Hurnaftims Departments, is attached as Annoxure-I.

The tabulated statement gives a complete account of the total grants to be paid by the University Grants Commission as its share during the Third Five Year Plan period for development of the University departments and general schemes of the Universities listed above:

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration and sanction of necessary grants for the duration of Third Five Year Plan period.





UNIVE CITY GRANTS COMMISSION

MEETING: $4 \cdot G-62$
Dated Fth March. 1962.
$22(1)(a)$
Item $18-(i)-$ To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission. to assess the requirements of the Aligarh Muslim University for development of its Faculty of Science during the Third Five Year Plan period.

A Visiting Committee consisting of the following members Visited the Aligarh Muslim University on 17/18th January 1962:-

1) Dewan Anand Kumar

- Member, University Grants Commission.

2) Prof. T.R. Seshadri

- Delhi University.
3), Prof $\downarrow$ P.N. Mohra
- Panjab University.

4) Prof. K.P. Rode

- Rajasthan University.

5) Prof, A,R. Verma,

- Banaras Hindu University.

6) Dr. V.S. Patankar

- University Grants Commission.
Tho report of the Committee is attached as Annexure I.
The University has a total spillover, estimated at Rs. 73.45 lakhs, from the schemes sanctioned by the Commission during the Second Five Year Plan period. The breakup of this spillover is as under :-
(i) Development schemes for Science $\operatorname{Dopt}(\mathbb{N R} \& R) \quad$.......... Rs. 5.28 lakhs
(b) Development schemes for Humanities (NR \&R) ) ...........Rs.17.50 lakhs
(c) Construction of a library building (NR) ...........Rs. 4.81 lakhs
(d) General Schemes - Construction of hostels, staff-quarters etc. (N.R.) .. Rs. 31.55 lakhs
(e) Campus development schemes. .......... Rs. 14.31 lakhs

Total :- Rs. 73.45 lakhs

The spillover is to be taken into account while sanctioning grants for fresh development schemes to the University during the Third Five Year Plan period.

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In addition to this the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of . Rs. 6.70 lakhs for purchase of equipment and Rs. 1.75 lakhs for purchase of library books and journals to moet the general development needs of the Sciance Departments during the Third Five Year Plan period.

The main observations and recommendations of the Committee are summarised below :-

1. Campus development schemes for construction of roads, improvement of water and electric supply and drainage otc. were approved during the Second Five Year Plan period at an estimatedeost of $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$. 14.31 lakh. These being really municipal functions, it may be worthwhile for the University to explore whether the local municipality or the C.P.W.D. would be prepared to implement and finance the se schemes. 2) The University proposes to Increase the strength of students in its under-graduate sections during the Third Five Year Plan period. This is a matter which nods careful consideration by the Commission and the University as a further increase in the under-graduate popRation, which is already quito largo, is likely to affect the standards and may also lead to problems of student indiscipline. It is desirable therefore that the admissions to the undergraduate section of science departments should not excocd tho number provailing at present. 3) The University n. eds additional staff for conducting the prouniversity and pro-medical classes. Since the need. arises as a result of implementation of the Three-Yoar. Degree Course scheme, the Commission may consider it independently. Provision of a few teaching assistants or demonstrators on a temporary basis would meet tho requirements of the University in this connection.




scheme fren eqtablishment of the medical colloge. The new department for Biochemistry, when establishod, should cater to thetneeds of medical


ncitones ,5t(i 00: , Tho existing gas and wator supply is inadequato for the

 olf roi existing gas plant also needs ropairs.
( 1 ) Costly oquipmont worth moro than Rsy simblam procured out

Iriv eff tho Gpmmission's developmient grants and Wheat Modactallocations for


 -arunticidid in the Physics Dopartmont. It may be worthwhile for the Commission

- لocio pxplore tho possibility of putting it to propor use immediately.

- rebren Irbinsu, it Tho proposals rolating to the dovelopment of the women's (1) . Trictes icolloge may be considered soparately by tho Commission under the scheme
- for dewtopmontiof undorgraduatc suctionsiof constituent/afiliated
 colleges.

For the development of scionce departmentsiduring the Third Five $\frac{1}{y} e^{2 x}$ Phan period, the Committo thas made iscxerat tecommendations




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> Plant Namoto-
> losy Glass-
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Besides this the Committuo has recommended Rs. 20,000/as rocurring expenditurefor maintenance of the Botenical Garden during "1962-66. Thus thd total recommendedexpenditure is as under:-

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    Total approvod . . . U.G.C.'s share
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    Total N.R. RG. 15.15 lakh . . Rs. 15.15: lakhs
    Total R. for
    four yoars. Rs.5.32 lakhs Rs. 5.32 lakhs.
    If the rocommendations of the Comittec aro acceptod, sanction
        may pluase be accorded to grants of Rs. 15.15 towards mon-recurring
    exponditure and \(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{S}} .5\). 32 towards recurring expenditure for the
    if development of the departments undor Science Faculty for the
dT duration af the Third Five Yoar P.lan poriod. The grants will
bo paid to the Univercity as and when necessary.


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4. Prof lr, Head of the Geology, Depth.,

5.     - IA.R.Vierma, "
6. Profs. A. R. Verna,

Y Head of the Phases Dept t. ? ...


Indian Institute of:
T. Science, Bangalore:

 2. The rest of the Committee visited the Aligarh Muslim



- With the Vice-Chemequar After visits: to the Depotmints the committee had further discussions with the Vice-Chancelior, the Registrar, and the respective
F H Head of the Departments The findings and recommendations of the Committee are given below:-

For the development of the Science Faculty the Commission sanctioned during the second Five Year Plan
(rata.......)


$$
-: \quad 2:-
$$

N.R. erents amountinc to R. 26,31,296/․ Against these grant Fe. $22,95,600 /-$ were paid by the Commission un to 31st March, 1961 thereby leavine an unnaid balance of Pr. 3,35,696/-. Apperdix I gives details of sanctions convevod, grants paid and the unpaid balance remaining, as spill-over. Dirinc the Second Plan period the Commission also approved the creatior of 3 posts of Readors, 7 of Lectures and 2 other non-teaching posts, all of which have been filled up. Since recurring grants
'r for these additional posts are to be peid for a period of 5 years from the date of senction, recurring expenditure amounting to Fi. 1.97 lakhs has to be incurred during during the Third Five Year Plan raising thereby the total spill-over from Science Faculty schemes to Fs. 5.33 lakhs. Besides this there is a spill-over of Re. 68.17 lakhs from cenoral schemes and schemes approved for other faculties of the University. The break-up of 'this is as under :-
(a) Development schemes for .. Rs. 17.50 Inkhs
(b) Construction of Library .. Pc. 4.81 lekhs Building (NR):
(c) General Schomes - . Re. 31. 55 Iakhs Construetion of Hostels, Staff Quarters etc. (NR).
(d) Campus Develobment .. Ri. 14.31 lakhs Schemes.

i. ' The Campus develormont schemes relate to improvement of water sup; ly"and drainage, construetion of Road"; etc. These being realls muncing functions", it may be worthwhile for the University to explore whetrier the' .local municipality or the C.P.W.D. would bè prepared to implemen't these sichemes.

1. In view of the itery large spilliover amownting to Re. 73.50 lakhs from the Second to the Third Five Year Plan ve have considered only the most.essentixl needs of the University Science Departmants.

The University has surbmitted the following fresh proposals at ensestimated cost of F. 99.35 lakhs, for the development of its science faculty during the current plan period:-
(a) Expansion of the existing facilities includino improvement of teaching . : and increase in the annual intoke.
(b) Institution of new courses in certain departments considered to be sbsorutely essential.
(c) Establishment of a hew departmonti of Biochemistry.

-: 3 :-
(d) Development of research programmes.
(e) Certain general requirements of the Faculty.
(f) Improvement of teaching and increase in the intake of students at the Women's College.
(g) Strengthing and extension of the existing provision for the teaching of Domestic Science at the B:Sc. level in the Women's College.

The proposals relating to the Women's College were not examined as we were given to understand that such proposals would be considered separately by the Commission under their scheme for development of under-eraduate education. As regards proposal for the opening of a new department for Biochemistry, the Committee is of the view that this should be taken up for consideration b:- $^{-:}$the University while implementing its scheme for establishment of the Medical College. The separate department for Biochemistry when established should cater to the needs of medical as well as Science students.

## Student admissions and requirements of addj.tionsi staff:

The University proposes to increase the
Y strength of its under-graduate sections. This is a matter which needs careful consideration by the Commission and the University authorities. The Committee feels that indiscriminate increase in the under-graduate population of the University is likely to effect $\quad \therefore$ the standards and may also lead to the problems of student indiscipline. It is the of ore suggested that the intake of students to the first-year of the Three Years Degree Course should be limited to the following ceilings :-

* various classes
in 1961-62
(see Appendix II)


200 for Physics, 300 for Chemistry, 100 each for Botiny and Zoology, 50 each for Geology and Geogrephy and 200 for Mathematics and Stetistics. The ceilings sug.essted are hased on the admissions to * The "Cominttee' has c^refully examined the norms suggested by the University for calculating the minimum staff requirements. 0 the basis of norms that we consider proper we have calculated the total work-lopd for each department. In'view of this work-load and other special requirements of the departments we racommend that the strength of staff should be increased as under :-

| Department |  | Additional staff <br> recommended |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Physics | $\ldots$ | 3 Lecturers |
| Chemistry | $\ldots$ | 5 Lecturers |
| Botany | $\ldots$ | 2 Lecturers |
| Zoology | $\ldots$ | 2 Lecturers |
| Goology | $\ldots$ | 1 Lecturer |
| Geography | $\ldots$ | 1 Lecturer |
| Mathematics | $\ldots$ | 2 Lecturers |
| Statistics | $\ldots$ | 1 Lecturer |

Besides this we recommend the following technical $z$ staff:-

Expenditure for

1) One Scanner for Physics Fs. 10,000/Deptt. (scalc Kc.130-5-16ก-8-200)
2) One Micro-analyst for

Re. 15,000/Chemistry Deptt. (scala Re. 150-300)
3) One Photo-artist

Fi. $15,000 /-$ for Botany Department (scale Rc. 150-300)

We have not recommended the creation of any, 'Readers' posts' as we were given to understand that the University has been parmitted to convert $20 \cdots$.


Science and has to provide instructional facilities. to as many as 1300 under-gradurte and post-graduate students. We are, therefore, of the view that University's proposal for addition of first floor to the newly constructed block may be approved. This will provide additional plinth area of 10,000 sq.ft. for the Department and is estimated to cost about $\mathrm{Rs}_{9} 2,50,000 /-$ including all services and furniture. Similarly Zoology Department for which an extension block (plinth area $5,000 \mathrm{sq} . f \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{C}}$ ) was approved earlier, wants to complete the block by addition of another storey with 5,000 sq.ft. plinth area at an estimated * cost of Rc. 1,25 lakhs. The Botany Department was not given any additional accommodation during the last Plan period. We recommend that a building with a plinth area of 5,000 sq.ft. at an estimated cost of Rs. 1.25 lakh including all services and furniture p may be provided for this Department.

Besides this we recommend the following grants
for furniture for the newly constructed buildings for
the Department of Chemistry, Zoology and Geology :-

| Chemistry Department | $\ddots .:$ | Rs, 25,000/- |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Zoology Department | ... | Rs. 15,000/- |
| Geology Department | $\ldots$ | Rs. 25,000/- |

As regards the building proposals for the Department of Geography and Mathematics and office accommodation for the Faculty of Science we have to state that new buildings for the Physics and Arts Departments are under construction. The accommodation that will be released when these departments are shifted to the new buildings may be utilised for meeting the requirements of the
-: 5 :-
per cent of the existing lecturers' posts into those of
Readers. Some of the posts of Readers that will be available by conversion and the new posts of lecturers that we are recommending may be specially allocated as under :-

Chemistry Department, - One post of Reader for Analytical Chemistry.

Botany Department - One post. of Reader for Genetics or Plant Physiology.

Zoology Denartment - One post of Lecturer each for Nematology and Fisheries.

Geography Department - One post of Reader for Physical Geography.

Mathematics Department - One post of Reader for Applied Mathematics.

Some additional temporary staff would be required by the Unive sity for conducting the presuniversity and premedical classes. As however, this need arises as part of the implementation of the three-years degree course scheme the Commission may consider it independently. Provision of a few teaching assistants or demonstrators would meet the requirements of the University in this connection.

BUILDINGS:
For the Chemistry Department construction of an additional block with a plinth area of $10 ; 000$ sq.ft. at an estimated cost of $\mathrm{F}:, 0,0,000 /$ - was approved during the Second Plan period. With this' additional accommodation the Department will have a total plinth areas of 45,000 sq.ft. The University has proposed that first-flocr may be added to the new extension block. The Chemistry Department is the largest department under the Faculty of


BOOKS:

For meeting the basic development needs for library books and journals, the Commission has sanetioned a library grant of R.I, 75,000/- for the Third Plan period. Most of the departments, however, need some additional: assistance mainly for subscribing current journals and procuring back volumes of journals. For this purpose we recommend the following additional library /grants:-


## CENTRAL WORKSHOP:

Separate accommodation for a workshop has been provided in the newly constructed building for the Department of Physics. We recommend that this workshop should be developed as a Central Workshop for catering to the needs of all the science departments and be provided with the following additional staff:-

> i) One Workshop Superintendent .. Pr. $24,000 /-$ in the grade of a Lecturer
ii) One Glass Technician in the .. Re.15,0nn/(grade $\mathbb{R} \cdot 150$ to 300)
iii) One Instrument Mechanic .. Rs.15,000/(grade Rc. 150 to 300)
iv) One Carpenter .. Re.10,000/(grade Re. 135-5-180)
-: 7 :-

Departments of Geography and Mathematics and the Faculty of Science. We, therefore, are not recommending any additional buildings for these purposes. EQUIPMENT:

For meeting the basic development needs of the Science Departments during the Third Plan period, the Commission has sanctioned an equipment grant of Rs. 6.70 lakhs with a broad-up as under :-


As the science departments intend to provide teaching and research facilities in new fields, some more assistance would be necessary. For this purpose we recommend the following additional equipment grants for the different departments :-


Geography $\quad$... Re. 25,000
Mathematics \&
Statistics ... Rs. 15,0n0
Geology
Rc. $\quad 50.0 \cap 0$

This Central Workshop may be kept in charge of a Committee consisting of Heads of 211 the Science departments. This arrangement would be more economical and satisfactory than providing workshop facilities on a small scale separately for each department.

Miscellaneous requirements:
The University has acquired a plot of land of 26 acres for garden for the Botany Department. We are of the view that about 5 to 10 acres only of this plot reeed.tio be developed as a botanical garden. An
 development and an additional recurring grant of R. 5,000/- for its maintenance. This Botany Department rants air -conditioning for some additional chambers in estimated cost of existing glass-house. This may be approved at an / Rr. 15,000/-. The Botany Department would also need Rs. 10,000/- for development of its herbarium. The Zoology Department has ask d for a Glass House with temperature control room for work on plant Nematology. University's estimate for construction and equipment for this Glass House viz. Re. $86,000 /-$ is very much on the high side. We are of the view that
of the Glass House Ac.25,000/-fori the construction/and about RS. 10,000/- for fumigation apparatus, compressor, earth thermometers etc. would be sufficient.

## General requirements of the

 Faculty :At present gas for all science departments is being supplied by the gas plant of the Chemistry Department. On account of expansion of the departments the supply from the existing plant is falling short of the actual requirements. Further this gas
-: 10
plant is old and needs repairs. The Water supply for the Science Departments which is being provided at present from the storage tanks for the Department of Chemistry is also inadequate. It is desirable to provide separate water tanks for each department. The scheme for reparing the and existing gas plant/increasing the gas and water supply will cost about $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{r}}$. 1 lakh and this may be approved.

Before concluding this report, we would like to invite the attention of the Commission to the fact that rare and costly equipment worth more than Pc. 5 lakhs, procured out of the Commission's development grants and Wheat Loan allocations for work on Miscrowave Spectroscopy ard Nuclear Magnetic Resonance is lying idle in the Physics Department, as the Reader for whose work it was imported is no longer working in the University. This equipment which is very difficult to procure under the present restrictions on import would become obsolete unless it is immediately brought back to use. We are of the view that if the Aligarh Muslim University fails to secure the service of a competent hand who can handle it, it would be worthwhile to find out immediately some other alternative way of putting it to proper use.
-: 11 :-

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS

NON-RECURRING :
I. Buildings_

Approved expenditure Rs.
i) Chemistry Deptt. -
extension to the new block - 10,000 sq.ft. built゙ tup area
g, 50,000
ii) Botany Department -
(a) Additional built... 1,25,00n
up aren of 5000 sq.ft.
(b) Air conditioning. 15, 000 for Glass Hous*.
iii) Zoology Department -
(a) Extension to the $1,25,000$ new block - 5000 sq.ft. built up area.
(b) Glass House for Plant 35,000 Nematology including equipment.
Total :- $5,50,000$
II. Furniture for new block 9 Iready constructed. * Chemistry ... 25,000

III. Equipment:

| i) Physies Department | 2,00,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| ii) Chemistry Department | 2,009000 |
| (including special chemical) |  |
| iii) Botany Department. | 50,000 |
| iv) Zoology (including | 70,000 |
| Ks. 25,000 for fisheries |  |
| and Rs. 25,000/- for |  |
| . plant Nemotology). |  |



| v) Geology | \% 0 |  | 50,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| vi) Geography | -• |  | 25,000 |
| vii) Mathematics \& Statistics | $\cdots$ |  | 15,000 |
| viii) Central Workshop | -•• |  | 50,000 |
|  |  | Total:- | 6,60,000 |

IV. Library Books \& Journals:
(Pr, 20,000/- each for Physics, 1,20,000 Chemistry, Geology and Mathematics \& Statistics, - Re. 15,000/- each for Botany \& Zoology and fi. 10,000/- for Geography).
V. Miscellaneous requirements :
i) Repairs to the existing Gas 1,00,000 Plant and for additional gas and Water Supply to Science Departments.
ii) Development of Botanical Garden at the new site.
iii) Devolopmont of Herbarium, Boteny Department.

10,000

10,000

1.

RECURRING FOR 1962.66
Total expenditure
for four yerrs
i) Additional staff:for

4,08,000
Science Devartment
17 Lecturers - 5 for Chemistry, 3 for Physics, 2 each for Botany, Zoology and Mathematics, 1 each for Geology Geography and Statistics.
ii) Technical staff for Science Denartments
(1) One Schnner foor Physics .. 10,0no y Department.
(2) One Micro-analyst for $\quad$ I $15,0 n 0$ Chemistry Department.
(3) One Photo-artist for .. 15,0no Botany Department. Total:- 40 , 0 On
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*Kaushik*/2-3/62.


[^4]

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 1. . . 2. 3. ${ }^{\circ} 5$. RECURRING

*Sahani*
3-3-62.

Statement showing staff sanctioned to Aligarh Muslim University during II Five Year Plan for the Devalonment of Higher

Scientific Education and Rescarch.

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-19-

## Appendix III

## Aligarh Muslim University.

Statom?nt of admissions to various classes, department-wise,during 1961-62.


University Grants Commission Rafi Marg, New Delhi - I

## Meeting:

Dated 7th March 19624.4 .62
$22(1)(h)$
Item 18. $(R)$ :To consider the report of Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the requirements for the development schemes of Aligarh Muslin University under the Third Five Year Plan.

The Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine and assess the requirements of the development schemes of the Aligarh Muslim University for the Third Five Year Plan consisted of the following:-
(i) Dewan Anand Kumar
(ii) Professor Babu Ram Saksena Vice-Chairman of the Commission for Scientific and Technical. Terminology, Delhi.
(iii) Professor Durganand Sinha Head of the Department of Psycholozy University of Allahabad Allahabad.
(iv) Dr. S. Bhattacharya, UGC.
2. The Committee visited the university at Aligarh on

21 and 22 Fabruary 1962. The report of the Committee is attached. The Committee has recommended the provision of the following additional facilities for the university for development in Humanities and Social Sciences.during the 3rd Five Year Plan:-

- Books and


History. $1 R \quad$ Rs.10,000/-. $\therefore .1 \quad$ Rs.2,000/-
1 L for fxcava-

Psychology. 1 R. Rs.10,000/-. Rs.15,000/-.

1. I

1 Research
Assistant.
Philosophy. IR.
Rs.15,000/-
for research in Islamic Philosophy.
:-2-:

p.t.o.
:- 3 -:
3. The justification for the developments recommended may be seen against the remarks column under paragraph 4 of the Report.
4. The spillover for all the schemes which were dealt with by the Humanities Section during the and Five Year Plan, including capital projects like hostel buildings, etc., and municipal projects, egg., construction of roads, sewage, etc., is Rs. 68.17 lakhs. Deducting the sum of Rs. 31.00 lakhs (Appendix 'B' of the report) on account of municipal and capital projects, the approved amount which remained unutilized for development schemes of Humanities is Rs .37.17 lakhs. Together with the estimated expenditure' of Rs. 15.64 lakhs for the implementation of the schemes recommended for development of Humanities during the Ord plan, the total
commitment of the University Grants Commission for development projects, inclusive of the spillover during the plan, is estimated to be Rs .52.82 lakhs. "..' ..

Enclosures to Item 1s(a) (8) $22(1)(h)$
Meeting: 7th Marah 1962. 4.4.62

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION <br> RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI. <br> ********************

Third Five-Year Plan - Development Schemes of Aligarh Muslim University - Report of Visiting Committee.

The Committee appointed by the University
Grants Commission to examine the development schemes of Aligarh Muslim University for the 3rd Five Year Plan consisted of the following members:-
(i) Dewan Anand Kumar
(ii) Professor Babu Ram Saksena Vice-Chatman of the Commission for Scientific and Technical Terminology, Delhi.
(iii) Professor Durganand Sitha Head of the Department of Psychology, University of Allahabad, Allahabad.
(iv), Dr. S. Bhattacharya, University Grants Commission.
2. We, the members of the Committee, visited the university at Aligarh on 21 and 22 February, 1962. On 21 February 1962 in the afternoon, we had a preliminary discussion with the Vice-Chamoellor and Heads of Departments when the principles to be adopted for implementing the, developinent schemes and the resources of the Commission under the 3rd Pivié Yeär Plan were discussed. The university pointed out that in view of the tight position of the: funds, they had revised the" development schemes twice. "Ultimately propossals worth Rs.41,67,750/were forwarded by the University to the commission for purposes of development under Humanities during: fo: the Jrd Five-Year Plan.
3. We were shown round the university: libraxy, the building which is being constructed for the . Faculty of Arts, and the building for Geneqal Education 2. ${ }^{\prime \prime}$
whioh is being financed by the Ford Foundation. This ? building will also provide some accommodation for tutorial classes of the university. We also saw each department in the different faculties, viz., Arts Commerce, Education and Law, as also the Department of Theology and the Institute of Islamic Studies. We also went to the Women's College for under-graduate students. The Vice-Chapcellor was present during our discussion with all the heads of departments and institutions.
4. While examining the proposals we had to bear in mind that the University conducts both post-graduate and under-graduate teaching and the work load of a teacher here compared with the work load of a teacher in the Universities in Uttar Pradesh cannot be said to be vcry heavy. Having regard, however to the request of the university to improve. the standard of teaching by having smaller lecture and țutorial classes, we are of the opinion that the following additional ${ }^{\text {acilifitics may }}$ be provided at the disposal of the university during the 3rd Five-Year Plan: Additional facilities Facilities
Subject requested by the recommended REMARKS. University. , by the

Committee.


1



The staff of the Philosophy department consists of - One professor, one Reader and two ]entirers. One more reader is being recommended for Indian Philosophy。

A sum of Rs. $83,500 /=$ required by the Univergity for research project in Muslim Philosophy appears to be rather high. A sum of PSo $15,000 /-$, as recommended in column 3, may serve the purpose for the present. Further requests in this connection may be considered after two years in the light of the progress made on the research project;

Economics. Reader - 1 Reader-1 The postgraduate teaching Asstt. Director Lecturer with department in Economics of Researchin specialisation is one of the largest in Applied Economics 1 Research Fellows - 4 Statistics Lecturer - 1 Research in Statistics the university. The staff - 1

Equipment and
Printing, etc. is. 14, $000 / \mathrm{-}$ Equipment and Fellows-2 Printing, etc. RS. $14,000 \%$.
one professor, two readers
and nine lecturers. As the
university envisages undertaking further remearch in various aspects of Applied Economics with special reference to Agriculture and Industry in the Western Districts of U.P., the pr vision of one more reader.

$-5-$

-     - .
132

Economics
(Condt.).

English. Lecturers. $2+6$ Research Fellows for Bibllography of works of Indian Scholars in English - 2 Dirtctor of Dramatics and Theatre Craft in Readers: scale - 1 Contingency Ps. 800/-. Books \& Manuscripts, etc. Rs. $30,000 /$-.

Lecturers -2
Research Fellows: -1 Books and Photo Stat Copies and Micromilm copies of writings from abroad Rs.20,000/-.
and one lecturer specia.tised in Statistics is justified。

The university may a;point one of the present lecturers as reader recommendea in column 3, accoiviais io tio usual procedure of recritios ment. rre conseqient
vacancy may be filled up by the appointment of one lecturer.

In view of the factitat the aepartment of Education is mainly comcerned with a professional tÿpe of teaching, the provision of one more Reader and one Researoh Assistarnt for postgraduate (MoEido, PioDo: etco) in addition to the present staff of one prof.s two readers and treive lecturers nay serve tho development purposes during the 3rd plan, including the proposal for a Psychonetrics Unite
ine proposal. for in. service teachers training'scheme at university level which the Muslim University has in view deserves consideration. We commend tion Foorceal to the Commissioy for serntiny and examination ariter the

- particulars of the scheme are made available by the university。

The Head of the Department streased the necessity of having siy more leciurers to cope with tutoria]. work for sturierits to bi divided into smaller batches. This however may wais till the remorganisation of the tutorial system in the university as contemrlated, after the compieticn of the buildings now under con stucticn, The Commtisee does not approve or $t_{1} e$ provisions of a Directior of Dramatics and Treatre Art at the present momento These branokes of literary actio. vities may bo conductrd by some of tlie Existing teach'ss who l.ave speciai apeitude ir the if
$1 \quad 2 \quad \cdot 3$

| Hindi, Sanskrit and other Indian Languages. | Reader in <br> Sanskrit - I <br> Reader in <br> Hindi - I <br> Reader in <br>  <br> Indo-Aryan <br> Languages - 1 <br> Lecturers - - ${ }^{2} 2$ <br> Books and <br> - Manuscripts in <br> Indian Languages <br> - Re. 50,000/- <br> Maps \& Equipment <br> - R. 4,000/- <br> Marathí : <br> Lecturer - 1 <br> Benerli : | Lecturer in Sanskrit - 1 <br> Reader in Hindi, specialised in Lingustics - 1 Lecturer - 1 Books, Maps and Equipment Rs. $15,000 /$ - <br> Las required by the University. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

At present the number of students in Sanskrit is only 10 , of whom 5 are in the undereraduate and 5 in postgraduate classes. There is only one research student. The request for additional staff in Snnskrit is inspired more by the sentiment of providing for teaching and research in non-Islamic branches of lenrning, than for any genuine need. The provision of one more lecturer in Sanskrit, with, 3 higher start (if a senior men is not otherwise avzilinble, for the teaching of literature) $L$, may serve the purpose. The post of reader in Hindi may be filled up by promotion, if a suitable lecturer is available from among the present members of the staff.

Alicarh being the seat for, the teaching of a number of languages of which Hindi forms an important unit and is popular, a provision of staff recommended in column 3 will be useful for purposes of hieher teaching and research.

As the library is comparatively poor in books in Hindi and Sanskrit Iiterature a specizl provision of Rs. $15,000 /$ - for books, in addition to the usual quota from the General Book Grant for the library, is. recommended.

The university at present has undertaken the teaching of Sounth Indian Langurages of Telugu and Malayalam. A request-wes made for the provision of some teaching staff in Marathi and Bengali. This may wait till the later stages of ...the 3rd plan.





1. . 2.13
2. 


Commerge. Readers - 2 Reader 1 Commerce was so lonig uader

Lecturers 4 Lecturers Researeh Building Equipment Rs. 3.00 lakhs. Rs. $10,000 /-$ Service Scheme Rs. 2.02 lakhs. Museum and Laboratory Rs. 1.36 lakhs. For the institution of Masters Derree in Business Administration:
the Faculty of Arts and became a separate faculty in 1961-62.

This explains the araiety of the Head of the De"ertment for having a seriar ate binld. ing with a museum and iaboratory at an estimated cost of Rs. 4.36 Jakjs. In, View of the fact that the Arts Faculty Brilding is comirg up, much of the floor space now occupied by the Arts subjects will be réeased. Necessary adjustmëtits may then be made foz the zecommon dation of the departmonto in other faculties of the university, the proposal for a separate buliding for Commerce may, therefote, he deferred for the presert. The Vice-Chanceilor sgreed with this view。

The Committee recognises in principle the necessidy of having a museum and a laboratory for the department of Commerce. The actial requirement for this roposal. may, however, be examised separately uy experis in the field to whom itt liey be referred for advice, No amount is, therefore, secommandid on account of museum for the: present.

As Business Adminja'iration is looked upon as a tochoical subject, its development is. subject to the approval of the foI.C.T.E。 This meas also be deferred for the puescnto.

The recommendaticin in gtaff and other factitites in column 3 relate to the generai development of the depzotient of Commerce which is a popular subject both for underg mate and postgraduate clacses at Aligarh, as in, other universities..


Theoivgy.

Arabic \&
Islamic Studies.

Under the scheme Lecturer ${ }^{-1}$ for comparative Research Study of different Fellöws 2 Eeligions: Books, Professor $1, \quad J o u r n a l s$ \& Fecturer 1" Equipment Reséarch $\%$ Rs. $20 ; 000 /$. Fellows 2 Books, Journals and Equipment. Rs. 31, $1000 /$-.

Addition and Additian and $\cdots$. renovation of vanokation of 1 building of the building, Library and including Reading Room - Furniture Rs. 60,000/-. Rs. $50,000 /-$. Books, Manu- Books, Manuscripts, photo-sceripts, etc; stat - : Rs. $15,000 /-$. Rs. $40,000 \%$ Research .Translation and Assistants annotation - in Lecturer's Rs, 25, 000/-. scale for translation $\&$ annotation $=2$.

The department now has got one professor, two readers and seven lecturers. There is provision both for LL.B. and LL.M. Courses.

In view of the growing importance of Law as an academic subject of teaching and research; the sterfi... mentioned in column 3 is recommended.

The Committee suggests that the services of part-time lecturers practising at the Bar may be utilized by the department of Law as $f a 0^{\circ}$ as possible. This would ensure both efficiency ana, economy.

The Committee has not recommended the non-teaching staff, e.g., Clerks, Peons, etc. This. will be met from the normal funds of the university. The Vice-Chancellor agreed with thils view.
Faculty of Theólogy stressed the need for instituting a comparative study of Is?am with major religions of the world, viz., Budhism, Chr istianity ańd Judaism. The idea has much to commend itself, but in view of the papatity of funds, the scheme may begin with the provision of Two Research Fellows working under the. Head or true Ioportment of Theology.

This department has got a very good Iibrary of books on Islamic Studiés. The building was contstructed - with private "đonatinnerecelved by the university. Recentily some additions to the building were made-risth-... the help of funds received from a donor, but the work remains incomplete and some more money is necessary for the completion and renovation of the buillding. As private donations are not now forthcomingy che "en iversity has


5. The university had also a scheme for the

Introduction of Sociology as a separate subject for undergraduate classes. Sociology now forms a part of the syllabus for Political Science. It was considered that the establishment of Sociology as a separate jujbject might wait till towards the end of the 3rd Fifentandan, The question might be considenedafter the different university departments had adapted themselves to the new environment on the completion of the Arts Feculty building.
6. The university had also a proposal for further development of the schemef General Education with technical staff. Wie were, however; told that this staff would be required towards the end of the year 1963. We corisider that it is advisable not to apoint any technical staff now till the scheme of General Education is firnlezed under proper technical. guidance.
7. Many of the departments of the University had put forward schemes for the appointment of a research unitewith an-Assistenitionirector and other staff to $\begin{aligned} & \text { took after the refsearch institutes to be }\end{aligned}$ set up for special research. We,' howerer, think that the establishment of such inits is not conducive to the normal development of the subjects. Teaching, and research, indeed, should go hand in hand, and there should not be any separate staff for research as distinguished from tearhing work. All the toachers of the unixferbity are expected to do both teaching and research. We have not, therefore, recommended the provision of the Assistent Directozs of research as required by some of the heads of departments. The Vice-Chancellor agieed wich our view.
8. The financial liability of the Commission for the development of the schemes, as remmended by us; during the rempang part of the 3rd Five Year Plan, will be Rs. $15,64,000 /-$, ads detailed in appendix A. The spinl over of all the soheme of the II Five Year Plan. which vera dealt with by the Humanities section, including capital projects, e.g., construction.
of roads, sewage, etco, is Rs. 68,17 lakhs. This amount included grants made for eapital projeets which were approved under the 2nd Five Year Plan, but on which no action for implementation was taken during the plan period. A large number of tiese projects involving an expenditure of Rs. $14,30,600 /-$ as shown in appendix B.are the concern of the Municipality and not of the University Grants Commission. But provision of these amenities is certainly ne cessary for the health and strength of the university community and a way has to be found to make them available to the university. In case the amount of Rs. 31 lakhs (Appendix B) approved for municipal and capital projents is dedueted from the total approved amourt which has remajned unutilized, the spill over for development projeots of subjects relating to Humanities will amount to Rs, 37.17 lakhs. Together with the estimated expenditure of Rs. 15.64 lakhs for the implementation of the schemes recommended by us in the 3rd plan the total commitment of the University Grants Commission for development of subjects for the II and III Plan periods will be fs. 52.81 lakhs.
9. We also examined the scheme of Aligarh History of Urdu Literature and of Medieval Indian History. The scheme of the writing of the aligarh History of Urdu Literature was sanctioned in September 1956 at a cost of Rs. $1,23,572 / \sim\left(n_{0} \& \mathbb{N} . \mathrm{A}_{0}\right)$ to be spread over a period of four years. The Commission has so far paid RS. 61,500/-. (R. \& NoR.) towards the implementation of the scheme. Further grants on this scheme are being released. The scheme which vas actually started in March 1957 was to be cómpleted within the period of four years, i.e. by March 1961. In March.


1961, however, the university requested that the scheme might be extended upto 30 September 1961. This was approved by the Commission. But though the major protion of writing of the five volumes of this History has been completed, the work could not be publlshed within the stipulated period as some of the chapters which were distributed to experts in the subject have not yet been received by the university. The preaent position of the progress of the scheme is given below:-

| Volume I | - It is complete and is in the press. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Volume II | - Ont of a total of about 550 pages, 425 arc now ready. |
| Volume III | - cut of a total of 830 pages, 715 pages are ready. |
| Voiume IV | - Out of the approximate total of 670 pages, 590 are ready. |
| Volume V | - Out of a total of about $690^{\circ}$ pages, 640 are ready. |

10. .. Most of the contributions of Volumers II, III, IV and $y$ were recelved during the last five months. They are being edited and their press copies are being prepared. The following is the financial position of the scheme as on 31 December 1961:-
(i) Total amount approved - is. 1; 23,572 (R.\&'N.R.)
(ii) mmount paid .. Rs. 61,500 (.ir. \& N.R.)
(iii) Total expenditure Ps. 75,835.49
(including salary of.; staff upto 31-12-61)

The details, are given in appendix ! $C^{\prime}$ attached.
i11.: One great difficuity of completing such works within the gcheduled time is that the eminent scholars, among whom the work is aistributed, fall to keep to the time schedule. A missing chapter at any stage holds up to the completion of the work regarding compiling, editing and supervising. The press also fails to keep up to schedule: Apart from this, there are even casualties P.T.O.

and illness among the contributors and also resignation for the assignments allotted to them, All these factors have been at work in arresting the profess of the: s che me.
12. . As regards Medieval Indian History, it is gratifying to note that good progress has been made on the publication work undertaken by the university. Three of the monogr aphshave been published, while in the case of two others printing is almost complete, Good progress also has been made with regard to the preparation of an atlas of Akbar's empire ، We recommend that necessary funds may be released towards the publication of the works already completed and for the provision of certain essential requirements out of, the sum approved for this purpose. The amount of Rs. 25, $000 /$ - earmarked for publication, however, need: not be a permanent charge on the University Grants Commission towards the publication of books': by this department. It will be better if the necessary payment within the approved amount is made for the publication of works which have been completed, so that a scheme which has been hanging on for a long time is brought to an end. Fresh schemes may then be considered on the basis of their merit and this department may function like other departments of the university. The research works of the department may be published in the research bulletins in Arts and Science. The publication of these research bulletins may be financed by the University Grants Commission.
13. We would place on record our thanks to the Vice-Chancellor and the university authorities for

- 15 -
giving us necessary facilities to examine the s lhemes ،

The number of students and of the members of the staff in the different departments of the University are shown in Appendix Dland D2.

Dewan Anand Kumar :
B.R. Saksena)
D.N. Sinha:

## (S. Bhattacharya!

APEENIX_-A.
Financial 1dabilities of the Corimission in respect of Development schemes of the Aligarh Muslim University for the 3rd Wive Year Plan.

(2)


## (3)



Rs. $15,63,800$ or say Rs. $15,64,000$.


## APPENDIX B.

ALIGn, RH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.
-

Spill over of Schemes for capital projects approved under tho and Five Year Plan but not implemented during the plan period.

## Scheme.

1. Water supplyReorganisation.
2. Repairs to Roads.

4,93,100
3. Electric supply Reorganisation.

## approved cost.

RS. 6,37,500

3,00,000
$14,30,600$
4. Completion of new Dining

Rs. 72, 356
Hall \& Construction of
attabhed Kitchen and Pantry.
5. Addition and alternation to Rs. 47,860
existing buildings of Dining Hall
of Sri Syed Hall.
6. Establishment of University Press. 1,81,000
7. Polytechnic furniture.

23, 625
8. Engineering Hostel.

13,44,000


APPENDIX - 0 .

Financial position of the scheme of Aligarh History of
Urdu Literature as on 31,12,61.

| Total approved cost of the | Rs. 1, 23,572 (R \& NR) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Scheme. |  |
| Total grants paid so far. | Rs. 61,500 (R \& NR) |
| Total expenditure incurred Rs. $75,835.49$ <br> by the University on the  <br> sohomo as per details below.  |  |



Rs. 75,835.49


## APPEND EX. $n=I$.

A) Zqarh Muslim University .

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NO. OF STUDENTS IN EACH DEPARTMENT 1961-62.

| Department. | Under <br> Graduate. | Post- <br> Graduate. | Ph .D. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PRESENT POSITION OF THE STAFF IN EACH DEPARTMENI UNDER THE FACULTY OF ARTS 1961-62.

Department.

## Prof:

Reader: Lecturers.
Total.

1. Arabic.

1
2. English.

1
3. Economics.

1
1
4. Education.
5. History.

2
6. Political Science. 1

7. Philosóphy \& Psychology.

1
8. Persian.
9. Hindi \& Sanskrit. 1
10. South Indian
-
Languages.
11. Trdu. $\quad 1$
12. General Education.
13. Commerce.

1
$1 \quad 6+3=9$
(1 part time \& $9+2$ (Temps)
2 temporary)
14. Lew.

1
2
(Vacant)
15. Women's College.

7
10
(2 vacant)
合 1 (includitig Principal):

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Meeting 4.4 .62 To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to: assess the requirements of Anhamalai University during the 准II Five fear Plan Period.

The Visiting Committees appointed bs the Commission * consisting of the following members visited the Annamalai University as detailed "below -
A. Science:

Name of the members.

1. Dr. P.L. Bhatnagar,

水
Indian Institute of
Science Bangalore
isth and 2oth February, 1962.
2. Dr. P.N. G.anpathy
3. Dr.B.D. Laroia

Andhra University
University Grants Commission.
B. Humanities:

1. Prof. K.N. Raj
2. Dr. K. "M. George
3. Dr. P.J. Philip,

Delhi University
Sahitya Academy Madras
"University" Grants Commission.

OOM" reports of the Committees are attached as Appendices I \& II.

The University has a spill over of Rs. 19:27 lakhs in respect of the schemes sanctioned by the Commission under the Second Five Year Plan but which could not be completed during the II Plan period. The breakup of thisespill over if as, follows: -
a) Science Departments of the
4. University.
b) Humanities Departments.
c) General Schemes


Total

.Rs. 6.60 lakhs
PS. 8.07 lakhs.

This spill-over will have to be taken into account $r$ while making grants to the University for development schemes during the Third Five Year Plan period. In addition the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of Rs. 7, lakhs for purchase of equipment and a sum of Rs., 3, lakhs for purchace of fibrary, books and Journals to meet the basic needs of the Departments of Science and Himanities during the Third Five Year Plan period.

The financial implications of the recommendations made: by the Visiting . Committees are as under:-

## A. Science Departments

| N ame of the Department. | Builiaing | Equipment | Libr ary | Miscel1aneous | Staff. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physios | - | 1,50,000 | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I R, } 2 \text { I, } \\ & 1 \text { Techn } 1 \text { cian, } \\ & \text { I Glass } \\ & \text { Blower. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Chemistry | $\cdots$ | 1,50,000 | - |  | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{R}, \begin{array}{l} \text { I Me ehan } \\ \text { e, } \\ \text { Qlass } \\ \text { Blower. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |



30,000 I R, IL.
Botanical. Botanieal Garden )



Contd........2.)




[^5]Appendix 3 to Item 18(a) 22 (2)(a)
UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

REPORT OF THE VISITING COMMITTEE FOR ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY. $+t++t$

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee with a view to discuss at site and evaluate the needs of the Annamalai University for the development of higher Scientific education and research during the Third Five Year Plan. The Committee consisted of the following:-

1. Dr. P.L.Bhatnagar, Professor of Mathematics, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.
2. Dr. P.N. Ganapathy, Professor of Zoology, University of Andhra, Waltair.
3. Dr. B. DoLaroia, University Grants Commission.

The Committee visited the Annamalai University
on the 19th and 20th February, 1962. On the forenoon of the 19th February the members of the Committee held :discussions, with the Vice-Chancellor of the University about the priorities which the University assigned to the various development projects submitted to the University Grants Commission. The Registrar was also present during the discussion. The Vice-Chancellor impressed on the members, of the Committee the urgent necessity for providing more staff quarters and hostel accommodation for the post-graduate students. The Committee noted that not much private accommodation is available in Chidambaram which could be hired either by the members of the staff or by the students for residential purposes. In order to retain the staff appointed, it is most essential that highest prority be given for the provision of living accommodation. Similarly as a large number of post. graduate students come from out stations, the discipline
-. 2
and the academic considerations require a post-graduate hostel to be constructed at an early date. The Cominttee agrees with the Vice-Chancellor regarding the urgent need for more'residential accommodation but would like to suggest that in the first instance priority be given to staff quarters meant for Readers in preference to the Professors' staff quarters. The University has already constructed a fairly good number of quarters for professors. It is desirable therefore that a greater emphasis is placed in the Third Five-Year Plan on the Readers' and Lecturers' houses. The Vice-Chancellor agreed with the views of the Committee and assured us that future greater attention will be paid to the construction of quarters for the Readers and Lecturers $\mathrm{l}^{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{preference}$ to the Professors' houses.

The present position about the staff quarters is as follows:-


position when a foreign visitor arrives for whom accommodation must be provided in the campus as no other suitable accommodation is available in the town. We, therefore, recommend that, the priority as desired by the Vice-Chancellor, may also be given for the construction of a Guest House at an estimated cost of RS. 1. 50 lakhs of which the University Grants Commission's sháre will be Rs. 75,000/-.

It will be seen from the above, table that no Readers quarters have been built so farl we therefore; suggest that the Univaity takes up the construction of 24 Readers ${ }^{\prime}$ quarters as against the proposed 15 Readers' and nine Professors' quarters ${ }^{\prime}$ Similarly 30 quarters for Lecturers may be agreed to. To this may be added two Readers' and two Lecturers' quarters to be built at Porto Nov for the staff of Marine Biological Laboratory. The cost of the construction of the staff quarters as estimated is given below:-

1. 24 Readers' quarters @
2. Rs. 34,000 teach ...... Rs. 8,16,000
3. 30 Lecturers ${ }^{\text {i }}$ quarters @
"3". At $5 \%$ for" $1 \in v \in l l i n g$ surrounding lines, approach roads and gardens etc. ... ..... Ps. 2,25,000....

TOTAL RS. $17,26,500$........
On the sharing basis of $50^{\circ}: 50$ the liability of the University Grants Commission will come to Rs. $8 ; 63,250 / \mathrm{m}$.
I.

The University proposes to spend approximately Rs. 8,40,000 on additional hostel accommodation and for the improvement of the existing hostels. on the basis of 50 per cent share of the approved expenditure the


Commission's contribution will come to Rs. 4.20 lakhs This will raisc the amount for the hostels, staff quarters and Guest House to Rs, $13,58,250 /$.

The total approved expenditure for the development of Faculty of Scinnce in innamalai University during the Second Five-Year Plan came o to $b \in R s .22,71,881 /-$ of which the University Grants Commission's share was Rs. $15,84,586 /-$ Against the sanctioned amount, total grants paid did not exceed Rs. 11,23,667/- thus leaving a spill over of Fis.4,60,919/~. The tables Nos. I and II given below indicate details of the above expenditure. The recurring grants which were given on the basis of 50 : 50 were mainly confined to the salaries of staff. During the Second Five-Year Plan the Commission agreed to the appointment of 2 Professors 4 Readers and 3 Lecturers. All the posts were filled up. The total recurring grant paid to the University during the Second Five-Year Plan was Rs. 54-519.74. Table III given below shows the Department wise distribution of the additional posts sanctioned and filled:-
TABLE I.


Non-Recurring
Buildings:

| 1. Science Block | 5,00,000 | 3,33,333 | 3,20,000 | 13,333 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Botany \& Mathematics | 3,00,000 | 2,00,000 | 70,000 | 1,30,000 |
| 3. Botanical |  | , | - |  |
| Garden. | 9,850 | 6,566. | - | 6,566 |
| $\because$ | . |  |  |  |
| 4. Fern House for |  |  |  |  |
| Botany Deptts. | 24,251 | 16,167 | - | 16,167 |




## TABLE II.

A. Scientifie Equipment.

| - 1. Physics | 2,10,000 | 1,40,000 | 70,000 | 70,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Chemistry | 1,80,000 | 1,20,000 | 60,000. | 60,000 |
| 3. Botany | 1,35,000 | 90,000 | 70,000 | 20,000 |
| 4. Zoology | 1,15,000 | 76,667 | 70,000 | 6,667 |
| 5. Mathematics \& Statistics | 80,000 | 53,333 | 45,000 | 8,333 |
| 6., Geology | 75,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | - |
| 7. Marine Biology | 1,05,000 | 70,000 | 63,333 | 6,667 |
| Total for Scientific equipment | 9,00,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,00,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 4,28,333 | 1,71,667 |
| B. Library Books \& |  |  |  |  |
| All Science Department.: | 2,30,000 - | 2,23,334 | 2,23,334 | - |
| Grand Total Non-recurring | $22,71,881$ | $15,84,586$ | 11,23,667 | 4,60,919 |




2 4 3

In addition to above, the Commission also sanctioned the posts of 2 Senior Research Officers, 2 Junior Research Officers, One Laboratory Assistant-cum-Mechanic, One Store-keeper Clerk, one Crew Tindal 2 Fishermen ... and 2 Peons for the Marine Biological Station at Porto.. . Novo. All these posts have bcen filled up excepting . that of one senior Research officér and one Junior Research officer.

## THIRD FIVE-YEAR PLAN PROPOSALS.

Departmental Buildings.
During the II Five-Year, Plan the Commission sanctioned construction of new buildings for the use of the various Departments in science subjects at a cost of Rs. 11, $41,321 /-$. In'implementation of this scheme, the University has put up a new Science Block which has provided additional 3,000 sq.ft. area to. . the Department of Physics, 5,000 sq.ft. to the : Department of Chemistry, 3,000 sq.ft. to Zoology and the rest of the Department of Geology. In another '

new block constructed，provision has been made for additional 9，000 sq．ft．area to be assigned to the Department of Botany．We feel，however，that alloting additional accommodation in a Block far away from main laboratories of the Physics，Cnemistry and Botany Departments is not conducive to efficiency in working． Assigning accommodation to one and the same department in more than one building will not only lead to divided control over stores and even discipline but is also highly to disturb the harmonious and smooth working of each department．Heads of all departments whome we， discussed this matter agreed with us and should that they would prefer to have additional space contiguous to the existing laboratories and where it is not， possible entire department may be shifted to a new building Thus the new Science Block can be assigned completely to one or two departments．We，therefore，suggest that the Vice－Chancellor may jr consiltation with the heads of the departments take up the question of re－allocation of accommodation to various scjence departments keeping in view the fact that the contiguous areas for the same department will lead to grcater efficiency，economy and better discipline。 We may however point out that the additional accommodation made available in the new blocks was sanctioned by the Commission for the Post－ graduate．work only and should therefore utilised only for that purpose。

We regret to point out that the construction of new science block which was sanctioned in 1956 was completed during 1958．The building is not yet fully occupied because of the lack of furniture $e_{0}$ ：The depart－ ments for which the accommodation had been sanctioned are unnecessarily working uraer a strain whereas the

area constructed is lying unused. This situation would not have arisen if the University had earlier planed for the provision def furniture along with the construction of the building, We, therefore, suggest that the university should take up this work on a priority basis and get the building ready with electric connections and other laboratory services and furniture at an early date.
‘Additonal Accommodation: The following departments of the University have asked for the additional accommodation, the list of their requirements is given below:-

Chemistry ... 5000 sq.ft. Botany ... 2400 sq.ft.
Physics ... 4125 sq.ft. Zoology ... 4875 sq.ft.
Statistics ... 6000 sq.ft. Geology ... 4875 sq.ft.
Some of the above departments have put forth their demands for additional space without having occupied additional space now made available in the blocks constructed recently. Until and unless the departments have shifted and occupied the new premises it would be premature to judge the need for more accommodation. We, therefore, feel that it would be more advantageous to await the reallocation of laboratory accommodation to the various departments In Science and leave it to the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor to make up any deficiency of accommodation by placing at his disposal an additional area of $5000 \mathrm{sq} . f t$. for the construction of which grants may be given during the Third Five-Year Plan. We would, however, mention that the departments of Zoology and Geology do not at present need any more accommodation


Whereas the departments of Mathematics and Statisもics require more space. The Department of Statistics is very crowded and has no facilities of laboratory work. We would therefore recommend that an additional area of $6000 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{f}^{\mathrm{f}} \mathrm{t}$. may be built for the Department of statistics in addition to the 5000 sq.ft. left at the disposal of the Vice-Chancellor.

We have drawn the attention of the Viee-Chancellor regarding the extra load which departments of Physics and Chemistry have to carry in order to, provide training for students of Enginéring College. With the additional grants now available for the FiveYear integrated course in Engineering, it should be possible for the University to get funds for making facilities available in the training of Physics and Chemistry at the College of Engineering itself. We understand the All India Council for Technical Education provides, for adequate laboratory accommodation and teaching staff for this purpose. If these facilities could'be provided the Engineering College, the Departments of Physics and Chemistry will get relieved of this additional work.
is : In the Department of Agriculture, facilities for - Work on Microbiology are being specially developed 1.e: Microbiology is taught as a basic science and students are prepared for M.Sc. degree in Microbiology. One or two projects of the department have been approved under P.J. 480 programme by the Indian Council for Agricultural Research. Sufficient funds will be available to the Department for procuring, required items of equipment. The university has already appointed a professor. Urgent need of the department is to have a laboratory of its own. - We, therefore,
suggest that an additional area of $.3000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. may be provided to house the Laboratory in Microbiology and funds may be sanctioned for this. The Department of Botany desires to improve facilities on the agriculture farm for laboratory work. The Head of the department would like to have a small building on the farm for this purpose. We feel that it is not necessary to have a building of the size proposed by then. A block grant of Rs. 30,000 may be made available to this department for carrying out such improvements in the botanical garden as it may deem fit, including the construction of one or two rooms on the farru.

Equipment.
The Commission has already sanctioned an equipment grant of Rs. 7,00,000/- to various departments as follows:-

| Mathematics \& $\ldots$ 50,000 <br> Statistics   | $\ldots$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Physics | $\ldots$ | $1,50,000$ |
| Chemistry | $\ldots$ | $1,50,000$ |
| Botany | $\ldots$ | $1,00,000$ |
| Zoology | $\ldots$ | 75,000 |
| Geology | $\ldots$ | $1,00,000$ |
| Marine Biology | $\ldots$ | 75,000 |

Whereas no additional requirements were
. presented to us by the Departments of Zoology, Geology and Botany, the other departments made out a good case for additional grants. We recommend that a f. further grant of Rs. 1.5 lakhs may be given to each of the departments of Physics and Chemistry. The present grant sanctioned to the Mathematics and Statistics ,

Departments may be split up so as to provide Rs. 40,000 for the Statistics Department and the balance Rs. 10,000 for the Department of Mathematics. An' additional grant of Rs. 15,000/- may however be given to the Mathematics Department' so as to make in all Rs. 25,000/- available for its needs.

## Staff.

The University has a fairly good teacher-puppl ratio, it being roughly i : 10. To cover the specialities, however, a $f \in w$ more teachers are needed and we -recommend provision of the following additional staff to some of the apartments given below:-


While recommending the above addition l staff we would emphasize that the existing posts which are lying vacant , should be filled up as soon as possible The appointment against the additional posts now created should be made only when the vacant posts have first. been filled up.

The Committee has informed the University that the Commission will ask for an as france from the University that the posts now being created will be

continued oven after the University Grants Commission grant ceases after a period of five years. •

## Library

The University has already received a grant of Rs. 1,60,000 for science books and journals. This will not most the demand of several departments for getting back volumes of scientific journals. We, therefore, recommend an additional grant of Rs. 1 lakh for all the science departments to be distributed among then according to the needs of each department. Wo would also suggest in this connection that the University may constitute a Council of Professors for advising the university regarding proper utilisation of the grants given for the development of library, workship and also the foreign exchange.

## Central Workshop.

To help the development of a Central Workshop, we recommend that the university may be provided with additional fund grant of Rs. 50,000/- for the purchase of workshop machines and tools. While recommending this grant, we have in mind that a good use of workshop will be made by the post-graduate students. One of the objectives in creating these workshops is to given suitable training to the senior science students in handling ordinary machines and tools and in helping themselves in the erection of special equipment required for their research work.

We give below in summary form the financial
implications of the recommendations made above:-


## 343

$$
\text { -: } 14 \text { :- }
$$

II GENERAL SCHEMES :


SUMMARY :
Science


Appendix to Item- 18 (0) 22 (2) (1)
Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the development schemes of innamalai University in the Humanities and Social Sciences under the Third Five Year Plan.

The Committee, consisting of the flouring members, appeintean by the Onfversity-Grents Commission g to examine and report on the development schemes of Annamalai University for the Third Five Year Plan visited Chidambaram on 13/14th December, 1961 and had discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar and heads of the departments concerned:-
(i) Dr. K.N. Raj

Professor of Economics Delhi University.
(ii) Dr. K.M. George

Regional Secretary
Sahitya ikadomi
Madras.
(lii) Dr. P.J. Philip, UGC.
2." .. The Committee also went round the campus of the University. Having considered the development schemes of this university: carefully, we have to report as under:-
innamalai University is among the older universities in India and has also the advantage of having its departments of under-graduate and post-graduate studies in one place that is not found in the neighbouring universities of Kerala and Madras.


- Some of the departments of the university have done very good work and need further dovolopmento. sit: several "departments, however;' the problem appears to rus, to be not of strengthening the staff, but of maintaining the quality of the staff. We noticed thrift the qualifications of a number of teachers in the university are rather unsatisfactory, judged by: the standards obtaining in the better universities of India. It $\dot{\ddagger}$ sur feeling that this affects both the teaching and research work of the university in many of the departments. In this connection g we would

$$
p . t . o .
$$

also point out that the Sclection Committces of the university do not necessarily have experts in the subjects concerned to sit on them. This is a mattor which needs inmediato roctification,if the university wishes to improve the quality of the personnel it recruits.

Departmonts of Economics and Commerco:
:...:... The university has proposed tho creation of an additional Readership in Monetary Economics and a Professorship in Cooperation. We found that the teaching of the Aepartment of Economics, which has a staff of one professor and few Lecturers, is not in itself very heavy and would not justify the creation of another post, but in view of the importance of Monetary Economics and the ncod for develnping this subject, the creation of an additional Readérship may be considered desirable, provided a porson of adequate compotence is available. We find it difficult tó support the request for institution of a Professorship in Cooporation in the Departmont of Commerce.

## Departmunt of Sociology:

This department was started during the Second Five Year Plan with assistance from the Commission. The university is anxious to strengthon the department further by appointmont of two Lecturerssand two Tutors, in addition to one Prófessor, One Reader, two Lecturers and one Demonstrator who are on its staff at present. One more Lecturer may be addedfor the timo boing. We discussed the question of a proper syllabus for toaching of Sociology at tho post-graduate level and would suggest that this may be done in consultation with an expert in the field of Sociology.
p.t.o.
:- 3 - :

Department of Enelish:
This department requires strengthening in view of the fact that it undertakes teaching for all kinds of undergraduate students numbering more than 2,000. The university has asked for the appointmont of six Tutors for providing intensive tutcrial work for these students. In view of the fact that the standards of students in English have been deteriorating and will have to be improved, we consider the request to be reasonable. This will also enable the senior teachers to devote more time to research and post-graduate teaching. The existing staff strength of this department is two Professors, one Reader, eight Lecturers and fourteen


## Department of Philosophy and Psychology:

We feel that the time has come for separating the Department of Philosophy and Psychology into.two departments one for Philosophy and one for Psychology. The present head
. of the department who is a Psychologist has specialised in the field of Group Tensions and InterPactal Prejudices. The university, is anxious to develop this aspect of Psychology and has asked for one. Reader, one Lecturer and one Research assistant, in addition to the Professor in Psychology. This may be agreed to. $A$ sum of Rs.10,000/- may also be given for books and back numbers of journals, etc.apart from of Rs.20,000/- for purchase -of
Lequipment for the Psychology department.
Consequent on the separation of post-graduate teaching in Psychology from the composite department of Philosophy and Psychology, the Philosophy Department will have one Reader and two Lecturers. One more Lecturer may be appointed to augment this staff during the Third Plan period and a sum of Rs. $10,000 /$ - given for acquiring of books and journals.


## :- 4 -:

## Department of History and Politics:

We feel that as in the case of Philosophy and Psychology, the composite department of History and Politics also requires separation into a Department of History and a Department of Politics. The department has at present a composite course in History and Politics and if proper courses are to be drawn ip in the two different subjects by the university, assistance will be required for the two separate departments. The existing, staff consists of two Readers and five Lecturers. Of these, one Reader is a specialist in Politics and two more Lecturers may bo added for teaching Politics. The university is also anxious to introduce a gamer in Archaeology and has asked for a Reader in the subject. This may be agreed to. in sum of Ps, 10,000/- may be given for each of the departments of Politics "and History for obtaining books and journals.

## Department of Education:

At present the department of Education offers instruction for the Bachelor of Education degree course. The untreredty desires to upgrade it so as to include the Master's Degree course in Education. The department will develop teaching in Psychometrics, Vocational Guidance and Counselling and Teacher Education. We support this proposal, facilities far postgraduate teaching and research in Education are not available in many of the Teacher Training institutions in the neighbourhood and the Madras University also has no such department. The university has asked for two Readers and one Lecturer for the department. We recommend this proposal for the Commission's favourable consideration.
:- 5 -:

## Department of Oriental Studies;

The innamalai University has three well-developed departments for Tamil, viz., Tamil (Arts), Tamil y (Oriental) and Tamil (Rescarch). There is also a Department of Linguistics where a Tamil bias is justifiably evident. The Tamil (Research) Department concentrates on research projects, the most important being editing and publication of Kama Ramayana. The staff of this department have no teaching work. The main burden of instruction in Tamil in the 'university is shouldered by the department of Tamil (Arts) which functions in the same way as similar departments in other universities. It would appear that the Tamil (Oriental) Department is a duplication; but the justification is that the oriental system of instruction should not be allowed to die out because it has certain values which the modern system cannot claim to possess. However, the present system of the three departments working in watertight compartments seemed to us undesirable. There are good scholars in each of these departments and the benefits of collaboration and planned cooperation between the departments have not been harnessed so far. We have suggested that this drawback should be remedied! Our recommendation is made
in the light of this consideration and the present position of the staff in the three departments, as shown below: $\quad \therefore \therefore$ Department Professors. Readers. Lecturers. Tutor, Research



Considering that Tamil iṣ the regional language of the area and that this university has been established for encouraging teaching and rescarch in Tamil, the following additions are recomended for the Third Five Year Plan:-

Tamil (Arts):
Reader - 1
Lecturer - 1
Tutors - 3
Tamil (Oriontal):
Sanction may be given to the compilation of a Biographical Dictionary of Tamil Men of Letters. One Lecturer and one Roscarch issistant on a temporary basis (for 3 years) may be sanctioned for this department and the work carried out in collaboration with the Tamil (Research) Dopartment.

## Department of Sanskrit:

This department has collocted about 1200 manuscripts.
They are at prosent not prescrved properly owing to lack of space and adequate furniture. In view of the dearth of trained technical hands, it is suggested that these manuscripts may be handed ovor to the main library. Preparation of a descriptive catalogue which has been started may continue with speed. The department has asked for addition of a Reader. is a fair amount of research is being carried out in the department, in addition to post-praduate teaching, this request may be approved.

## Department of Dravidian Linguistics:

The university has asked for one Technical Assistant to operate the scientific instruments which this department has acquired. This may be sanctioned.
:-7-:

Purchase of equipment in the interest of research as stated in the appendix attached may also be agreed to at e. cost of $\mathrm{Hs} .47,000 /-$ (innexure I).

## Building:

The Annamalai University does not have at present a convenient building for accommodating its Arts Departments. The present arrangements are unsatisfactory and for the convenient promotion of teaching and rescarch in the arts subjects, it is necessary to provide a building with a plinth area of 33,000 sq.ft. This may be agreed to. The estimated cost of the building, including internal and external services and furniture, is Rs. 8.91 lakhs. The Committee feel that the request of the university is reasonable in the present circumstances and may be considered favourably by the Commission.

The financial implication of the bove proposals
$7,98.200$
 and $\mathrm{Rs}^{4,77,8,00}(\mathrm{~F})$, of which the share of the commission will be Rs. $6,78,666 /-$ (NR) and Rs. Third Plan period on a sharing basis as all the facilities, e to bo developed pertain to both post-graduate and undergraduate teaching.

(K.N. Raj)<br>(K.M. George)<br>(P.J. Philip)

I
Annexure/to Appendix to Itom 18 -a(0) $2 \cdot 2$ (2) (a)

## LIST OF EQUIFMENT FROPOSED TO BE PURCHASES.

1. Oscillograph and Camora ... Rs.1E,MO
2. Pattern Playback ... Ry.15, 10 N
3. Avometer ... Rs. 1,500
4. Dentists ${ }^{\text {º }}$ foot machine ... Rs. 1,50. and Denture equipment.
5. Palatogram Projector ... , Rs. 1,00
6. Tools ... Rs. 1,n00
7. 2 single track tape-recnrdor ... Ris. 5,ON
 phones.

Rs. T,NA

Thtal
Rs.47,000

Annamalal University.



Contd.....

Summary:

Spill-ive from Seeohid Five Year plan oto ThirdPlan.
A)

Humanitieq . $6,59,844(\mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{N}: \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{A}$....

Genesá 8,07,015 (N.K)

Totan: $\quad 14,66$, 89
B.)
( )

duning the
III PIan. ©. ..

the III Five
Ye plan.

Gre Total $A+B+C$. .

$$
25,3 \% \quad 425:
$$

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Meeting
$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 6.2$,
Dated Fth: March, 1962.

## $22(3)(a)$ <br> Item No TB CO To consider the report of the Visiting 'Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the requirements of Delhi University during the Third Five Year Plan, period. <br> +++++

A Visiting Committee consisting of the
following members visited the Delhi University on 4th and 5th December, 1961.

1. Prof. A。R:Wadia Tat Inst. of Social Sciences.
2. Dr.K. Venkatraman National Chemical Lab. Poona.
3. Rev. Fr. Santa Pau Botanical Survey of India.
4. Dr.N.K. Pannikar Ministry of Food and Agriculture.
5. Dr.V.S.Hazurbazar Poona. University.
6. Dr.B.D.Laoria University Grants Commission.

The report of the Committee is attached as Annexire I

The University has a total spillover or nearly Rs. 18-12 lakhs from the development schemes of Science Departments sanctioned by the Commission during the Second Five-Year Plan Period.,
' This spill over is to be taken into account while sanctioning grants for Development Schemes to the Universities during the Third Five Year Plan period. In addition to this the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of Rec 6.10 for purchase of equipment and Ps. 1.60 lakhs for purchase of library books and journals to meet the general needs of the Science Department during the Third Five: Year Plan Period.


The financial implications of the recommendations for Development Schemes during the Third Five Year Plan period are summarised below:-

SCIENCE DEPARTMENTS:

| Department | Building E | Equipment | Library books | Staff | Misce- <br> llaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | $\dot{2}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | $\dot{6}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 3.5 \\ (16,000 \mathrm{sq.ft.)}) \end{array}$ |  | 3.00 | - | $2-\mathrm{R}$ | 1. Sr .Res. Asstt. <br> 1 Sr.Tech. Asstt. 2. Lab. attendants 2 cleaners 1 Sr. Lab. Asstt. 1 Jr 。Lab. Asstt. |
| 2.Chemistry | $\begin{array}{r} 3.5 \\ (16,000 \text { sq.ft. }) \end{array}$ | 3.00 | - | $2-R$ | ```1-sr. Res. Asstt. I - Sr. Tech. Asstt. I - Sr. Lab. . Asstt. 1-Jr, Lab. Asstt. 2 - Lab. httendants 2 Cleaner.``` |
| 3. Botany | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & (16,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft} .) \\ & 0.75 \\ & \text { (for Glass House) } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1-R \\ & 3-L \end{aligned}$ | 0.30 Lakhs (for Botany Garden) 1. Sr. Res. Asstt. 1-Sr. Tech. Asstt. 1-Artist 1-Herbarian Asstt. 2-Lab. Attendants 2-Clearners. 1-Curatof. |
| 4. Zoology | $\begin{array}{r} 3.5 \\ (16,000 \text { sq.ft. }) \end{array}$ | $1.60$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1-\frac{R}{3}=\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | 1 Rs. Res. Asstt. <br> I- Sr. Tech. <br> Asstt. <br> 1. Photographer <br> 2- Lab. <br> Attendants <br> 2- Clearners |



Total for the 3rd Five Year Plan Period (As U. G.C.Share).


| a) Science | 18.12 | 7.70 | 34.85 | 60.67 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Departments |  |  |  |  |
| Total in |  |  |  |  |
| lakhs of | 18.12 | 7.70 | 34.85 | 60.67 |
| Rupees) |  |  |  |  |

If the recommendations of the Committee are accepted sanction may please be accorded to an expenditure of Rs. 25.35 lakhs as Non-r Sh, recurring expenditure and a recurring expenditure of Rs. 9.50 lakhs for the duration of the Third Five Year Plan period. The amount will be paid total University as and when necessary.

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee for assessing the needs of the Delhi University for the development of Higher Education in Sciences. The Committee consisted of the following members :-

Prof. A.R. Wadia - Chairman
Prof. K.Venkataramon - Director, N.C. I., Poona.
Fr. H. Santapaur - Director, Botianical Survey of India; Calcutta.

Dr. N.K. Panikkar -Director, Fisheries, Ministry of Food \& Agriculture, New Delhi.

Prof. V.S.Huzurbazar - Professor of Mathematics \& Statistics, Poona University.

Dr. B.D. Laroia $\quad$ - Universíty Grants Commission
The Committee visited Delhi University on the 4 th and $+$ 5th December, 1961 and started its"work"at a joint meeting with the Heads of the departments, Professors in various science subjects, and the Registrar held under the Chairmanship of the Vicetthancellor, the late Dr. N.K. Sidranta. The Vice-Chancellor in his statement indicated the more urgent neeđs of the University. Several points of common interest to most of the science departments were also discussed as oulso question of general policy which would guide the committee in its evaluation of the requirements of the varlous departments. The members of the Committee later went round the Science laboratories, and visited the premises. of all the'science departments. on the next day individual members of the Committee visited one or more departments of their special interest and discussed in further detail with the head of the department concerned his requirements in equipment, staff and accommodation. The findings of the Committee are given below :- ir

During the Second Five Year. Plan the Commission sanctioned grants amounting to Rs 41,$83 ; 031 /-$ against which

## .........p. 2

the University has draw only is. $23,70,491 /-$, thus leaving an unpaid balance of Rs . $18,12,540 /-$ to be carried over as a 'spill over' from the Second to the Third Five Year Plan.
 . sanctions conveyed and the amounts utilised by the Univer. $5 才$ no o. sty turing the last Plan period. During the Second Plan, the Commission approved the creation of three posts of Professors, 8 Readers and 6 Lecturers and paid Ss. $^{2,86,403 /-~}$ as recurring grant to meet the salaries to the additional staff mentioned above. Table III given below shows the departmpnt-xise distribution, of the additional posts sanctioned. In addition to the teaching posts, the Commission also sanctioned 11 other posts consisting of some secretariat staff and Class IV employees.

TABLE I
Name of the
$\frac{\text { Total approved }}{\frac{\text { expenditure }}{\text { Rs }}}$


Spillover
$\frac{\text { from Ind } \mathrm{Pl}^{2} \text { an }}{\mathrm{Rs}_{\text {. }}}$ NON-RECURRING:

i) Physics \&
2,59,762.21
2,58,940
…Ghemistry
ii) Botany
li) Zoology
$5,18,702 \dot{2} .21$
$3,40,000$

5,18,7.02.21
$3,40,000$
$3,00,000$
48,600

3,40,000 $\quad 3,40,000$
iv Anthropology
v)Astroinuiny \& Astrophysics
vi) Statistics
(furniture only) 3,000

> | 48,600 |
| :--- | 3,00,000

$, 00,000$
48,600
48,600 -
1,00,000 1,00,00:

3,000
vii) Provision for Temp. control for the Dept tet of Physicics, Chemistry, Zoology and Botany

| 90,729 | 90,729 | 60,729 | 30,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $14,01,031,21$ | $14,01,031.21$ | $9,63,491,21$ | $4,37,540$ |

TABLE II
A. SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT:

| i) Physics | $3,70,000$ | $3,70,000$ | $2,65,000$ | $1,05,000$ | 人 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ii) Chemistry | $3,60,000$ | $3,60,000$ | $2,65,000$ | 95,000 |  |
| iii) Physics (Hons) | 50,000 | 50,000 | -- | 50,000 |  |



|  | . |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| iv) Chemistry 30,000 | 30,000 | - | 30,000 |
| (Hons.) , |  |  |  |
| v)Botany 3,09,000 | 3,09,000 | 2,04,000 | 0 |
| vi) Zoology 3,20,000 | 2,20,000 | 1,95,000 | 1,25,000 |
| vii)Anthropology 90,000 | 90,000 | 55,000 | 35,000 |
| viii) Astronomy \& 8,00,000 | 8,00,000 | 80,000 | 7,20,000 |
| $\begin{gathered}\text { Astrophysics } \\ \text { ix)Statistics }\end{gathered} 12,000$ | 12,000 | 12,000 | - - |
| x)Post-graduate 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | - |
| Diploma courses |  |  |  |
| in Anaesthesia and Ghild |  |  |  |
| Health |  |  |  |
| xi) Central Work- |  |  | - |
| shop 86,000 | 86,000 | 86,000 | - |
| 24,37,000 | 24,37,000 | 11,72,000 | 12,65,000 |

Bo LIBRARY BOOKS AND JOURNALS:

| i) All Science |  | . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , Depar'ments 2,50,000 | 2,50,000 | 1,70,000 | 80,000 |
| ii)Statistics. 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | - |
| iii)Astronomy \& 50:,000 Astrophysics | 50,000 | 20,000 | 30,000 |
| iv:)Medichl sub- 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | $\cdots:$ |
| V) Post-graduate 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | - - |
| Dip.courses in Child. Heal th \& |  | . |  |
| Anaesthesia 3 , 45,000 | 3,45,000 | 2,35,000 | 1,10,000 |

GRAND TOTAL: $41,83,031.2141,83,031.2123,70,491.2118,12,540$
TABLE III
Name of the Deptt. Total Staff Sanctioned
Andointments made

|  | Prof. | Reader | ecture | Profo. | Reader Le | Lectur |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i) Physics (Hons) | $\stackrel{-}{-}$ | 1 | 2 | $\div$ | 1. | 2 |
| ii) Chemistry (Hons) | $=$ | 1 | 3 | $=$ | 1 | 3 |
| iii) Physics. | - | 1 | $\sim$ | - - | 1 | $=$ |
| iv)Chemistry | 1 | 1 | P | Read. appo | oin- 1 | - |
|  |  | - |  | ed agains |  |  |
| v) Botany | - | 1 | $\therefore$ th | post | 1 | $\dot{\sim}$ |
| vi) Zoology | I | 1 | $=$ | 1 | I | - |
| vii)Anthropology | 1 | 1 | - | 1 L | Lect.against | t |
|  |  |  |  |  | this post |  |
| viii) Astronomy \& Astrophysics | - | 1 | 1 | - - | 1 | - |
|  | 3 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 7. | 5 |

.........p. 4

## DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS:

The Department of Physics has as many as 277 students on roll for the B. Sc. Honours courses, 65 in the M.Sc.classes and 34 doing research for Pho. degree ir Physics. In addietion to these, the department imparts training to 370 students in subsidiary classes. The departmental buildings including laboratories etc. cover a total area of $35,400 \mathrm{sq}=\mathrm{ft}$. The fact that the admission into the honours classes has been doubled in the last few years, naturally supports an expectation that much larger number of students will now go in for the Masc. courses too and eventually, and this enlarged admission at M.Scalevel may reflect further on the numbers going in for

- Ph.D. It is essential therefore that the department should improve its physical facilities with a view to meet the larger needs of the growing number of students.

Amongst the demands of the department of Physics, a high priority is attached to the provision of a separate research block, covering a floor area of 10,000 sq.ft。, additional labom ratory space for practical work for the enlarged number of students in the Mosce classes. There is no suitable auditorium at present and the Department desires to have a big lecture theatre where tace 500 students could be seated. General lectures are frequently held when visiting professors come to Delhi. On the basis of about $10,000 \mathrm{sq}$. it. area required for the research block, $6,000 \mathrm{sc}$ oft. for M. Sc. laboratories and an auditorium, provision may be.made for the construction of new buildings over an area rif 16,000 sq.ft。 at a cost of Rs. 3.5 lakhs including furniture and fittings.

EQUIPMENT :
The Commission has already sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1.5 lakhs for the basic equipment needed during the "Third Plan period. But on account of the much larger number of post-graüuate students in this University its need oe compared to an
average university, are naturally greater even for basic equipment. It is, therefore, suggested that another amount of Rs. 1.5 lakhs may be made available for its basic equipment needs and a similar amount of Rs.1.5. lakhs for procuring items of specialised equipment in Nuclear Physics and Electronics. This will raise the total equipment grant to $\mathrm{Rs} .4,50,000 /$. STAFF:

The staff of the Department consists of 4 Professors, 11 Readers and 19 Lecturers. Recently, a number of new Readerships have been created in the $D_{e}$ partment but these have not fully met the requirements of specialized teaching.,in various branches of Physics. Nuclear Physics and Electronics need further strengthening of the staff by the appointment of two Readers. As a qualified person may not be available.for Professorship, we suggest. that sanction may be given for two additional Readers only. ASTROPHYSICS:

The Commission sanctioned during Second Plan, the creation of a separate department of Astrophysics. The University, however, on re-thinking is inclined to propose that the department of Physics be re-named as "the Department of Physics and Astrophysics". This suggestion is made because modern Astrophysics: is more or less based on Physics rather than Mathematics. There is so much common between Physics and Astrophysics that much duplication of effort can be avoided by keeping these two in one and the same department. .

We, therefore, agree with the suggestion of the University that the new department of 'Physics and Aştrow physics' should cater for both the subjects and that the grant sanctioned for Astrophysics during the Second Plan be "permitted to be used by this new Department of Physics and Astrophysics.
$\because-$

## DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY:

As in the department of Physics, so in the department of Chemistry, the number of students has gone up very high during the past few years. The Department is expected to admit 100 students in honours every year making a total of 300 for the honours course alone. At present, admission to M. Sc. courses if confined to 24 only but with the rise In the number of honours students, the admissions in M. Sc. will naturally go up. There are 45 students doing research for Ph.D. degree and this number. will also rise with the increase in the numbers at the lower levels of M. Sc. and Honours. With the inclusion of students taking chemistry, as subsidiary subject, the full load of students on the department is as high as 800。

The present staff of the department consists of 3 Professors, 10 Readers and 22 Lecturers. The total area occupied by laboratories and other rooms is approximately 35,000 sq.ft. As the built $x$ area has increased in nearly three instalments, the growth has been more or' less haphazard. The different sections like inorganic, Physical and Organic are at present interspersed with one another and there is an urgent need that these sections are consolidated in separate sectional blocks with a view to increase efficiency of management and function. In order to do this, additional space must be provided. More laboratory space is also needed for research activities especially in Natural Products sections Taking into consideration these demands the Chemistry Department would need an additional area of 16,000 sq.ft. This should be provided during the current Plan period. Estimated cost of construction work will come to Rs.3.5 lakhs inclusive of services and furniture.

## STAFF :

Most of the staff sanctioned earlier for the department was for meeting the teaching needs only. The department
however, is carrying on research work on a large scale and in fact is counted as one of the outstanding departments of Chemistry in the country. To encourage further research work, two additional Readers may be sanctioned. This will relieve the head of the department of some of the supern visory work as at present he has to supervise the work of over 20 Ph.D. students.

EQUIPMENT:
The Commission has already sanctioned Rs.1.5 lakhs for meeting the needs of the department in basic equipment. As in the case of Phyșics, so in Chemistry the large number of students on roll necessitate larger expenditure on basic equipment. An additional grant of Rs.l. 5 lakh may be sanctioned on this account. Moreover, this department needs items of specialised nature as N,M.R. Spectometer, Electron Diffraction Unit Light Scattering Equipment etc. for which a grant of Rs.I。 5 lakhs may also be approved thus raising the total grant to Rs.4.5 lakhs for equipment.

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY:
The Department of Botany caters for the following number of students :-

| B.Sc. | General | 183 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. Sc. | Subsidiary |  |
| B.Sc. | Honours | 46 |
| $\mathrm{M} . \mathrm{Sc}$. | . - |  |
| Ph. ${ }^{\text {D }}$ |  |  |

The exact area of the building occupied by the departmenties is not known but it is considered to be roughly 20,000 sq.ft. carpet area which would mean a plinth area of about 30,000 sq.ft.

The Department of Botany specialises in Morphology, Eḿbryology, Cytology, Plant Physiology and Biochemistry with special reference to Tissue Culture. The Department is one of the best university centres in botany for basic research and has published about 230 papers during the period 1956-61.
..........po
Amongst the top priority demands of the depart ~ ment the most urgent item is additional laboratory space. More space is needed for various purposes and some of these which justify the request ere :-
(i) there are over 30 students doing research work for Ph.D.;
(ii) during the last five years the department has attracted several scholars from foreign countries who have worked for a year or more in the department. These visiting professors need special rooms for work;
(iii) about 1500 sq. ft. area which was provided during the Second Five Year Plan period to this department as a basement has to be written off as unfit for use because of the seepage and rise in the sub-soil water level;
(iv) the department has only I lecture auditorium and needs at least one more where about 150 students could be accommodated.
(v) additional space for herbarium. This is at present in the basement which is not a suitable place for keeping such specimen;
(vi) additional space is needed for museum and for members of the staff.

To meet these needs of the department, a plinth area of 16,000 squat. at a cost of Rs. 3.5 lakhs may be sanctioned. Roughly, 3,000 to $5,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. of this area will be needed for Tissue Culture work which may need special equipment and furnishings. As the department has no estimates for this, this requirement can be taken up later on when the plans of the building and estimates for other items are ready.

On account of the water seepage, the rooms previously $r$ used as "glasshouse" arc no more available for this purpose. A new glass-housc appropriately air-conditioned for the
botanical work is urgently needed by the department and may be agreed to at an estimated cost of Rs. 75,000/-。 The department has a very nicely laid out botanical garden. For its maintenance and further improvement, Commission may sanction a block grant of RS. $30,000 / \ldots$. STAFF:

As already stated, there are very few universities in India where botanical research of such high standard is being conducted as in Delhi. The large number of students working in the department need senior staff for supervision work. There is only 1 Professor in the Department. He is assisted by 5 Readers and 9 Lecturers We would have liked to recommend the creation of another post of moderexpostrox a Professor, but as the Professors' posts are not easily filled up; we recommend the appoint e ment of one Reader and three Lecturers for the present. The question of appointing a Professor can be taken up later when there is the possibility of procuring the ser vices of a suitable candidate. DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY:

The Department of Zoology is housed in two separate, buildings at a distance of about a furlong from each other. The old building which covers an area of 13,000 sq.f.t. provide accommodation mainly for the under-graduate classes though it has a research wing also. The new building which covers an area of $14,865 \mathrm{sq} . f \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{c}}$ has the museum, the postmgraduate sections and research rooms. Disadvantage of having the department located in two different places are obvious. The new head of the department is also anxious to develop the laboratory along newer lines for post-graduate teaching and research, including an emphasis on experimental zoology. For this purpose adequate additional laboratory facilities are needed. The Committee is confident that it will be to advantage bf the Zoology Department if all its avtivities
.p. 10
could be centralised at one place. The old Zoology building can be utilized for the Department of Mathew matics which is badly in need of more space. The Zoology Department can be compensated to this extent by the extension of new buildings. In addition to this, the department will need further $3,000 \mathrm{sq.ft}$ for research rooms. Thus a total area of $16,000 \mathrm{sq.ft}$. may be sanctioned for the Department of Zoology at a cost of Rs.3.5 lakhs including services.

STAFF:
The staff of the Department consists of 1 Professor, 5 Readers and 11 Lecturers. The number of students are 26. in Ph.D., 20 in M.Sc., 56 in Honours and 120 in Pass cases besides 40 in the subsidiary classes. To meet the needs of specialised teaching, the Department has asked for 3 more Readers, but we recommend 1 Reader, and 3 Lecturers so that the Department could be able to recruit at the lowest level and prepare the lecturers in due course for the higher posts. EQUIPMENT:

The Commission has already sanctioned ifs: 1 lakh for the basic equipment and considering the number of Ph.D.s' working in the Department an addition may be made for the basic requirements by a grant of another one lakh. Additional grant of Rs .60,000/- may also be sanctioned for meeting needs in special equipment for research work making the total grant for equipment Rs. 2.6 lakhs during the Third Five Year Plan period.

## GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF SCIENCE

## DEPARTMENTS:

The Departments of Physics, Chemistry, Botany and Zoology are interested to have an electron microscope. The Department of Chemistry would like to use a Diffraction

Unit with this microscope. It is expected that the instrument. will be kept fully occupied by these departments and will greatly help in developing new lines of work in research. We, therefore, recommend that a grant of Rsi. 5 lakhs may be sanctioned for the purchase of an electron microscope for the joint use of all the science departments.

- Practically all the departments have put up a ... demand for a jeep for various uses including taking parties of students for field work. "Instead of assigning a vehicle to every department, the committee recommends that one jeep may be made available for the common use of the departments in the faculty of science. A grant of RS. $25,000 \%$ - may be sanctioned for the purchase of a station wagon and the post of a driver be sanctioned. NONTECHNICAL STAFF:

The Departments of Physics, Chemistry, Botany and Zoology need in addition to the teaching staff some technical assistants, laboratory assistants, Laboratory attendant etc. The Department of Botany would like' to have a Gardner, a Curator-cum-Artist and the Department of Zoology would like to have a photo-grapher, animal house attendant etc Instead of going into the details of these requirements, the Committee would like that a general sanction may be given to these departments which have a heavy load of research work and a large number of students for the appointment of, non-teaching staff consisting of the following. The appointment should be made according to the actual needs of the Department :-
(1) Senior Research Assistant who could also assist the head of the depth. in general administration work.
(2) Senior Technical Assistant to look after the scientific equipment. He should have good knowledge of instrum mentation.

12
(3) One Artist for the Depth. of Botany.
(4) One Photographer for the Dept. of Zoology.
(5) One Curator for the Depth. of Botany.
(6) One Herbarium Assistant for Botany.
(7) Two Laboratory Attendants For each of
(8) Two Cleaners (including \{Deptt.
(9) One Senior and one junior Laboratory Assistant each of the Depth. of Chemistry and Physics.

WORKSHOP:
With a view to strengthen the workshop, we suggest the addition of machine tools at a cost of Ps. 50, $000 /$ - and the appointment of a superintendentIncharge in the' grade of a lecturer and one mechanic. DEPARTMENT OF ANTHROPOLOGY:

The Department of Anthropology works at a post graduate level only. It has on the roll 30 students in the M.Sc. classes. The staff strength is 1 Professor, 3 Readers and 3 Lecturers and 2 part-tine Lecturers (one in Anthropology and one in Statistics). The Department imparts training both in social and physical Anthropology.

The Commission has previously approved the shifting of the Anthropology Departraent from the present building to that. occupied now by the faculty of law. That will give ample accommodation to the department for its expanding activities.

The equipment needs of the Department will be met by a grant of Rs .50,000/- which has already been sanctioned by the Commission.

The staff of the Department may be further strengthemed by the appointment of two additional Lecturers.

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS:

There are approximately 200 students in the M. Sc. classes in Mathomatics and Statistics and about 35 doing research work for the Ph.D. degree. The staff of the $\therefore$ Department consists of one Professor, 2 Readers and one Lecturer in Mathematics and 2 Readers in Statistics.". As the teaching of the Department is conducted on inter- . collegiate system, fair portion of the teaching load is taken up by college teachers. To strengthen the section of applied mathematics, one additional Reader however may be sanctioned. Similarly, the statistical . Section be strengthened by the addition of 2 more Lecturers. An equipment grant of $\mathrm{Ks} 40,000 /$ has already been sanctioned for Mathematics. - R . $75,000 /$ - more may be sanctioned for Statistical machines, ondequaln essential journals which the Department, : urgently need.

The financial implications of the recommendations made above are, given below:-

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Total approved
25.35
9.50
$-34.85$
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- for Equpt. in III Plan)
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42.55 Total for 42.55 Total for III Plan III Plan

18. 12 Spill over 18.12 Spill Over

GRAND TOTAL :Rupees
(in. lakhs)
-15m

Appendix

Statement showing the number of students in Delhi University.

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Ph. D.

| Arts and Social Sciences | 463 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Science. | 219 |





UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMUTSSIÓN:


Meeting:
Dated Fth March, 1362.
Item 13(a) (J) To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University. Grants Commission to assess, the requiretents (Humanities) of the Delhi Universty during the Third Five Year Plan period:

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of the following members to examine the development schemes (Humanities) of the Delhi
University under the Third Five Year Plan:

1. Prof. A. T. Nadia, Tat Institute $a^{\text {i }}$ of Social Sciences.
2. Prot. V.K. Gokak, Central Institute :" of Friglish.

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3. Dr. A.K, Dasgupta, Midian School of a International studies.
4. Dr. George Kurion, Madras University.
5. Br. A.T. Markoso, Indian Law Institute: *
6. Dr. Viswanath Prasad, Central Hindi Directorate.
7. Dr. F.J.Phllip, Hrivarsity Grants Commission.
8. Dr. S.. Bhattachatya, Firluersity Grants Commission.
The Comate visited Delhintyersty on the
December, 1961 and had discussions with the vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Dean of the Airts Faculty and heads of the various $\cdots($ Appix, I) departments concerned. The report of the Committee. His"attacheqd

The university has a spillover of $\sin 38.18$ lathy on account of development schemes (Humanizes and General) approved by the Commission under the second Five Year Plan.

In addition; the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of 7s.1.40 lakh for purchase of books and journals, in the Humanities during the Third plan period.

The financial imputations of the schemes recommend dod by the Thirsting cominitton-fon implementation under the

That ed Play are as under:-
p.t.o.

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If the recommendations of the Committee are accepted, sanetif may be accorded to a non-recurring expenditure of Ris. 5 : 6ow lakhs and a recurring expenditure of Bs.13.12 Iakhs during the Third Five Year Flan period. The approved amounts. will be paid to the Delhi University as and when necessary.

## Appendix I to Item 18(a) (3).

Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the development schemes (Humanties) of the Delhi University under the Third: Five Vesr"plan.

The Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission consisting of the following members visited Delhi University on Fth, December, 1961 and had discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Dean of the Arts Faculty and Heads of the various departments. In the Humanities \& Social Sciences:

1. Prof AiR. 'Nadia, Director, Tat Chairman Institute of Social sciences, Bombay".
2. Shri V.K. Gokak, Director, Contra - : Member. Institute of English, Hyderabad.
3. Dr. A.K. Dis Gupta, Professor of International Finance, Indian School

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 of International Studies, New Delhi..
4. Dr, George Kurion, Professor of $\because$ Geography, Madras University: $\therefore 7$


R: D. Dr, A.T.;Markose, Director of Research;
$\therefore$ Indian Lam, Institute New Delhi.
6. Dr. ViswanathiPrasad, Director, Cental

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6. Dr. ViswanathiPrasad, Director, Cental... .. . . . . .

4* Whadi-Directorate: Ministry of Fducation.
Te Drop. Philip, University Grants Commission ri
 +4 Commission.
moth The Committee aldo went wound the different departments. toff the purpose of making: a realistic assessment of their requirements under the Third Five Year Plan. The universitivem
 implementation of the schemes sanctioned by the Commission under the second rive Year plan as detainee below-
vi Fro Development schemes of épantments - ps. $16.79 \% 2(\mathrm{R})$
$\cdots$ In Humanttoses social. sciences.
630 Lakhs (NR)

2. General schemes: (hostels, staff: - RS. 25.0 . 1 ankhs (NR)
$\because$ quarters. otc.)
Total -Mr. $B 8.121$ lakhs ( $\hat{R} \& N R$ )


- Gobs mediation, the Commission has already sametroneda a sum of Rat 40 af for purchase of 7 brary"books and


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& \text { ot or } \\
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departments: Whf


 teaching and research in Arts subjects during the third Five

 in the first meeting of the Committee with the Vice-Chancellor
 and other representatives of the university that in view of the
 Third Five Year Plan, the university would put forward only their essential requirements for: Gevelopmentrunder the Third iflan-which, however thad to be in consonance with the status-
 Nt mm br-Afiter careful examination of thenproposalsiaf the University for the development of teaching and research. in Arts
 $\prime_{i}^{\prime} ;$ ' T The Gommittepo herobeon on the whole, well impressed
 the-Commisision during the Second Plan period has been largely ${ }^{2}$ utilised; fesulting-in "bo tor facilities for teaching and
research: "one of the essential features of the working of the
 teaching, work hats 'to" be done by the teachers of constiftugntot. colleges. The remaining $25 \%$ is done by the teachers directly graginted br the university. Though the merit of this system ff inducting postgraduate teaching with the help of college ltedchers (whose work relates mainly to undergraduate courses) is open to question, the university appeared to be unwilling to make a sudden devartiare from the practice hitherto followed though most of the heads of departments were not quite happy with this arrangement. The Committee had to bear this in mind while making its recommendations.

Department of English.
For. rationalising the teaching of Eng wish, a Readership
may be created for English in addition to the existing staff of one Professor and one Reader. Collegiatenteanhers of :a English mo teach compulsory courses in the subject will now have to be trained more in the linguistic description of modern theist usage than in mingish lIterature. Students neӫd training' In comprehension and expression in English, for English has now definitely swung round to the position bf a second language. Provision will; therefore, have to be . made fin the M: A: Course in English for one or two papers for a study of modern frglish usage from the point of view of pronuncfettor, morphology, smtax, vocabulary and idiom. These and also, the history of english language can then be taught by a Reader who is an M.A. in , English, trained in one of the overseas courses in linguistios with reference to English. The department move also be prow ied with or Research Assistant: to help the Professor in his research activities. Modern teaching, aids such as attape recorder, record player etc. $A^{\prime}$, may be provided at a cost of.. Rs. $5,000 /$ (NR)

The department has also asked for assistance: for bringing out bulletins and occas sional papers devoted mainly to the results of its research. work. We on $\because$ ten are of then sew that as the need ron such publications is common to most post-graduate departments in the university, 2 lump sum provision of Rs. $1,00,000 \%$ for the Third Plan period may be made for the purpose for all the departments. our ${ }^{7}$ ofrth1s, sum, assistance may be given by the university to finest the requirements of the different departments on merits.

## Deportment of Economics (Delhi school of Economics re

The department comprises the salians of Emomomice, Economic Statistics, Economic Administration, Business Management and Commerce ard together has ate present 4 Professors, 8 Readers
p.t.n.
-4-
and 11 Lecturers. The university has proposals for further development of studies and research in Fonnomic History - a branch of study in which specialisation is not generally pmvided in other universities. This department has started with a Readership in Economic History and introduced M. $\Lambda$. courses and research in the subject. A Professorship is now required in the subject in order to strengthen this branch of study, in view of the growing importance of the economics of growth as the basis of economic studies in India. The university hes also asked for a Reader in Econometrins, which is an important tool subject and basic to the economics of growth: The department needs an able Econometrician who will help to intraiuce Econometrics in the M. A. course in Econametries and hep research students as well as assist in the teaching of Economicstatistics for the M.A. course. In additron to these two teachers, the university has requested that a Reader in Economics" be appointed to generally assist. in the teaching and research work of this fast developing department. It is understood in this connection that the university will be soon starting an Honours Course in Economics, Political Science and Sociology Involving an expansion of the teaching work of the department. "t ye recommend that the additional posts proposed" by the university may be sanctioned In view of the various developments envisaged. The Commission may also give a grant of Rs. $30,000 /$ to, this department. for building up its library:

Department of Law.
In the initial proposals sent to the University Grants Commission in March, 1960, the demand was for one Professor, two Readers and fourteen Research Assistants in addition to the present. staff of two Professors; four Readers and eighteen fuili-time Lecturers -and priority was to be given to


Comparative Law, Findu Law and Moharmedan Law. But in a later cemmuncation to the university from the Faculty of Law, it was pointed out that the Professorship should be for the aubject of Criminoiogy and a request was made for an additional grant of Rs. $50,000 /$ - for the library.

In the Sacond Plan period, a a third Professorship, earmarked for Commercial Law, was provided by the Commission, but because of lack of qualified persons, it was converted into o Readership.

Taking the teacher-student ratio and other factors, into consideration, we consider it advisable not to add mere persts of Professor but, to give one Reader for Criminal Law. It is a subfect of growing importance and has a function to play in a rapidly industrilising and urbaniging country like India. It is proper that a beginning is made for advancèd.... stoudy in Crimirologr, Fenolagy, Juvenile Dolinquency and related fields. One Research Assistant mav he given to this teachor to help him to prepare readings.

As regards the library, the sum of Rs. $50,000 /$ that was given in the gecond plan has been fully sponto: We feel that In the Faculty of Law the annual recurring budget of: Rs. $4,800 / \ldots$, which is now provided for the same, is inadequate. It is, therefore, recommended that a grant of Rs. 50 fur 'm may be made towards the needs of the Law library during thentird Plan perlöd. Department of Linguistics.

We think that a department of Linguis tic is necessary In Deinf University, because of the discipline by hich studente of any language, classical, modern Indiam, or kodem European, will profit. The course in Lingulstics may ain at prereral i.
 a full-fledged discfpline by itself, a pant patop peiferably from the point of view of descriptive linguidtics; mey be open to students of other languages and even of o o sublects
-6-
such as Anthropology and Sociology. This department should have a Professor, a Reader and two Lecturers. The Professor may preferably be one with a knowledge of Applied Linguistics. We envisage active cooperation between the Linguistics department and the language departments in the university, Research is needed in the scientific teaching of languages to students who study them as second languages i.e. in the application of new techniques made possible by descriptive or structural linguistics. Briefly the teaching
 structurally, grade the vocabulary, sounds and structures in order of difficulty and evolve methods of presenting them suitably to their students with an under-graduate or post-. graduate status. The Professor of. Linguistics may guide and supervise such investigations to be carried out by the language departments.

The Linguistics department may also be given a grant of Rs. 20,000 /- for obtaining necessary equipment for teaching and research work and a grant of Rs.10,000/- for purchase of books and other reading materials. Department of Philosophy and Esvchology.

We are definitely of the view that the time has come for setting up an independent department of Psychology. Some assistance in the form of one Reader, two Lecturers. and one Laboratory Assistant has already been given by the Commission under the Second Plan for starting teaching in Psychology in the university, but no Professorship has so far been created in the subject. We recommend that for the proper organisation of teaching and research in the subject, a suitably qualified Professor in any of the principal branches of Psychology may be appointed. The department may also be given one more r.,., Laboratory Assistant and one Research Assistant, in view or its experimental work, We further recommend provision of $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{a}$ -
-7-
sum of Rs. $30,000 \%$ for laboratory equipment and books.
The: Philosophy Department has asked for a Reader: fr. - to:
In additinn to the existing staff of one Professor and one
Reader for entancing the efficiency of teaching and research $\cdots$, In Fhilesophy. The request is reasonable and may be sanctioned:

Devartment of Sanskrit, Hindi
end Masern Indian Languages.
The department of Sanskrit finds it difficult to carry on its teaching and research activities with the present staff, ponsisting of ofía Profossor, one Reader and one Lecturer and has.asked for one Reader and one Reseaŕchr-Asststant. These may be approved.

Delhi Tniversity has a large departmant. of Hindi. It has a Iarge number of pnst-graduate and research students and has algn undertaken considerable jublication'work. It has beon concentrating so far on modern Hindi (Khari Boli literatupe) and now wishes to develap teachin $\begin{gathered}\text { and reseanch in } \\ \text { in }\end{gathered}$ Brajbhaska iterature; which is the Findi of the sfeas in the neighbourhood of Delhi and the main basis of medieval Hindi IIterature. The present head of the departmentis a specialist In Kheri Boli and Pogtics. In order to strengthen, the Brajbhasha IIterature section, the university has asked for the appointment of a second Professor in Hindi, who is a specialist in this field. Considering the various interests and activities of the Hindi dopartment and the proposal to develop a new section in Brajbhasha literatureg one view considered byethe Committee was that a second Professor may be provided; another view favoured the appaintment of an additional Reader Instead. of a Professar. It may also be necessary to otrengthen the reseafeh work of this department by the appointment of two Researeh Assistants.

In this comoctin tormuldilke ta make onemr two observations. For a variety of reasons, the question of Zaaching Hindi as a secont language has become important in our
p.t.o.
universitiener The teaching of..English as a second, or forelg, language has now developed almost into a regiular science "x borrowing its material from psvchology; educational theeriv, . Inguistics, applied linguistics, etc. The teaching of Hindi has to be developed on these lines. Studies made in phonology, marpholagy, syntax, vocabulary and semantics of modern Hindi. will have to be harnessed for use from this point of risew. This eałls for close collaboration between the departments of Hindi and Iinguistics in the university. If a teacher who is qualified in the modern methods of teaching Hindi as a second language to intending learners is not avallable in the department, a proposal in this regard may be favourably considered by the Commission, If and when received from the university.

We have noted that "Delhí Whiversity has already introduced the teaching of a number of modern Indian languages such as Punjabi, Gufarati, Marathi, Kannada, Tamil and Malayalam. Its situation in the capital of India makes it very desirable that the teaning of modern Indian languages may be further developed here, so as to include four more languages - 'Bengali, Oriya, Sinthi and Telugu. The Committee, therefore, recommend that two Readors and two Lecturers may be appointed for the purposo, the question whether a Reader or Lecturer is to be appointed for a particular language being left to the university.

The Committee have to make one or two recommendations In this connection. The department of Modern Indian Languages is at present engaged in teaching some of these languages to students who take to them as second language. The idea has been to encourage inter-lingual study and contacts." It is presumed that the idea is not to teach an Honours Literary Course in these languages to students who speak them as trover mother tongue. This may come as a later develnument, if necér ssary, but for some-timethe departmerit may concentrate on
-9-
inter-ingual, study. The Committee visualise a number of wender-graduate or post-graduate students studying a modern Indian language, not their own, as a subsidfary course unit. The teachers to be appointed in the depantment will therefore have to toach the languages concermed; as a second Ianguage to the students whe do not know it.

The university is anxious to develop rosearch in the language department. If it is literary research; this wlil have to be qarried on by the teachers themselves. . But there tis here a Presh field of investigation which has a ploneoring slgnificance. Research is neoded. in the scientific teaching of these languages. to students who study them as a sedond language, i.e. In the application of new techniques made posstble by descriptive or structural linguistics. Briefly the teaching staff in the department can analyse the languages structuraly, grade the vocabulary, sounds and structures in order of. difficulty and evinlve methods of presenting them suitably to their students. Thys investigation will have real and active sf gnificance, $\therefore$ beause the staff are faced with a teaching situation which does not srdinarily obtain in regional universities.

The new posts to be, crated in these departments will therefore have to be filled wh these requirements in mind. The qualifications of the incumbents of the se post wif therefore, have to be as under:
(a) An M.A degree ith a good class in the language concerned.
(b) Training in descriptive or structural linguistios which will enable them to apply now linguistic techniques to the teaching of the language.
Department of History.
This department has at present one professor and
two Readers. The department is antious to develop teaching and research in Anciont Indian Hıstory and Möqual Indian History, apart from Modern Indian History, which appears" to be its
p.t.o.
-10-
speciality at present. The university is al so interested in introducing the teaching of American History. The departmont has at present teachers on its staff who have specialised in all the three periods of Indian History. It is suggested that two additional Readers may be given to this department, one in modern Indian History and one in European History. "As regards the appointment of a teacher in American History and Institutions, the Committee painted out that assistance was being offered in this regard to Indian unlversties under P.L. 480 Scheme of the T.S.4. and that a Professor could be secured for teaching the subject from one of the American universities. The university agreed to explore the possibility of obtaining the services of an American Professor.

In the interest of research work in different fields the department many also be given two Research Assistants. A sum of Rs. $50,000 \%$ may be provided for acquiring research equipment and manuscripts for the department. Department of Library Science.

The Commission has already sanctioned the posts of one Reader and two Lecturers for this department under the Second Five Year Plan. The department has asked for an additional Lecturer and a Research Assistant to help in investgatiunarelating to Library Science. This proposal may be favourably considered by the Commission, on condition that the distinctive status of tho department is maintained by the university, we understand that it is at present linked up with the Institute of LIbrary science, which has been set up by the Ministry of Education, to train district librarians and that its Director is also the head of tho university department. "Mile" cooperation between the two institutions is desirable and mutually advantageous, we feel that the . academic teaching of Library Science, which is the concern of the university department will best be fostered by
-11-
separate management of the department.
Department of Human Geographv.
It is our considered vier that the Department of Goography at the Universj.ty of Delhi should not be like any nther department of Geography in the country, but shoula try and specialise in Human Geography, as was intended when the scheme for establishment of a department in this regeiid iwas approved by the University Grants Commission during the Socond Plan period and the department placed in the Delhi School of Fconcmics as an ally of teaching and research in the social sciences. We understand that the name of this department was subsequently chenged by the university to 'Department of Goography'. 'hatever might have beon the reasons for this change, we are of the opinion that the department may be retained as a Depart mant of Human Geoor aphy and emphasis placed on such subjects as demography, distribution of settlements, urban geography, geography of industries and transport, prifit
 be made in this dopartment to mare an intensive study of the development of the regional and ecnomic geography of India.

We are informed that the efforts of the Delhi Univer sity to appoint a Professor in the department has not been successful so far. As it is, there is a great dearth of qualified senior geographers in the courtry and we are told that soveral universities like Osmania, Karnatak, Allahabad and , Chandigarh have all been on the look-out for a suitable person to fill the post of Frofessor in Geography. In the circumstances, it may be necessary to invite a senior Indian geographer , by making the position attractive to him or if this effort fails, to invite a scholar from abroad for a few years. It would also be matter for consiaeration whether it would be possihle to invite a person who has actually retired or is on the threshold of retirement and offer him appointment for 3 or 5 years as the case mav be. Tnless this is done, the department may not he
p.t.o.

able to rise up to the stature that one expects of the Delhi University.

The stafi consisting of one Frofessor, one Reader and two Lectur ins sanctioned by the Commission during the Second Five Vear FIan may be augmented by the addition of cne Reader and one Lecturei and a Gartosraphic-cum-Photographic Assistant undor the Third Five Fear Plan. The additional reador may be a specialist in. any one of the branches of Human Geography 'Iike Demography, Urban Geography or Fconomic Geography and the Lecturer in Cartography. The function of the Cartographic-cumFhotcgraphic Assistant will be to prepare maps and slides in the depariment and to be in general charge of the Geography museum. The department mav also be provided with a Resoarch Assistant for promoting tine research work of the departrient. The university has asked for a sum of $7 \mathrm{~s} .1,50,000 /$ for purchase of equipment as a non-recurring grant. The demand is on the high side and the neeas would, in our opinion, be met by a grant of $75.50,000 /$ - for acauiring maps, globes, wall maps, photographic equipment, etc., requinna by the depariment. Department of Poitical Science.

The depariment has at present one Professcr, tinee Readers and three Lecturers. The university has asked tor two more Professors - one in Political Theory and one in International Affairs. We agree that in view of the importance of the deparjment in the Delhi University, one Readership in Political Theory may be createa during, the Thira Fl an. If a gooa schola" is not avallable on the Reader's scale, the post may ke upgre aed to that of a Professor. The department may also be giren a Lecturer to generally assist in the increasec teaching work of the department resulting from the starting of an Honours course in Fconomics, Folitical Science and Sociology and one Research Assistarit to heip in its research work. SThe department's request for a typermitermay-be-approved and a sum of 7s.1,200/given for the purpose,
-13-
Dopartment of Sociology.
This is a new department which has beon ostablished by the university during the second Plan period. The present staff consists of one professor, one Reader and three Lecturers. In view of the Importance of Sociology in the present context of India's development and the fact that the Delhi University has possibilities of developing toaching and research in this subiect, we $\bar{f}_{\theta \theta l}$ that the present staff has to be expanded. The recently instituted Honour course in Sociology, Political Science and Fconomics has added to the work of the departmental staff. In the circumstances, we recommend that two more Readers and one more Lecturerlappoin-
 ted in the department. A sum of Rs.10,000/~ may be placed at the disposal of the department for field work, as work of this kind being very necessary for proper teaching and research in Sociology.

Department of African Studies.
For a variety of reasons, this department has not been able to show much results so far, either in the field
 of teaching or of research, although it has a large staff of one Professor, three Readers and five Lecturers. The department is research orlented and there is no degree course in African Studies as such, though the teachers are cooperating with two or three other departments in their teaching work. The university stated that if the department is to function satisfactorily, it will be necessary to provide some funds for sending selected staff and students of the department to Africa, but this, has to be very carefully considered by the Commission. The Delhi University has asked for a sum of Rs.I,00,000/ in this behalf. twe are not quite sure whether the proper place of a Department of African Scudies, conserned mainly with research, is in the Delhi University. We fìel that the

-14-
department oxuld function mire efficiently in an institution I Ike the Indian School of International Studies where area studies are undertaken. The fact that the school has been recognised under Section 3 of the U.G.C: net may also be a relevant point to be considered in this connection, as the department of African Studies, if shifted to the school, may not become less important than a department of the Delhi University.

Arts Faulty Building.
The Vice-Chancellor pointed out to the Committee that one of the pressing needs of the university related to piquision of more rooms for the teachers of the Arts Faculty. The Commission had under the Second Flan approved in principle a proposal in this regard, but so: far no action could be taken by the university for implementing it. The present request of the university for provision of an additional area of 10,000 saift: to the Arts Faculty building may, therefore, be favourably considered.

The financial implications of the above proposals during the Third Flan period are estimated to involve a nonrecurring expenditure of Rs. 5.56 lakhs and recurring expenditure of. As. 13.12 lath during the Third Five Year Plan as detailed in the statement attached.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { A.R. Wadis } \\
& \text { V.K. Gokak } \\
& \text { A.K. Das Gupta } \\
& \text { George Kurien } \\
& \text { A.T. Markose } \\
& \text { Viswanath Prasad. } \\
& \text { P.J. Philip }
\end{aligned}
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S. Bhattacharya.
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Finaricial implications nf the Third Plan proposals (Humanities)of-Delhi University.
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- Name of the Dopttin Addl. Staff.

1. Knglistr
2. Ecanomics
3. Law
4. Linguigitics
5. Psychology
e. Fhilaserty
6. Banskrit
7. HIn 11
8. Modery Indian

Languages.
10. Histery

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11. Library Selenoa Leminter I 7,200

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14. Soc1ology Readery 221,600

Inturers 17,800
15. African situciés
16. Addition to Alos Faculty Building, OI 10,070 Sq.rt.
17. Pubilication or Bullotins. ... . -

Spill-rovar from Socind Flve Year Plan to Phird Five Year Plar. Humantiles

Gereral

Total estimated expendicure $\frac{\text { of the share of the U.G.C. }}{(\mathrm{R}) \text { P.A. }}$ 14,700. 5,000 Eqpt. $36,6 \oint Q \quad 3 n, 000$ Books 14,700 50,000 Dooks $21,300 \quad 30, \cos$ Eqpit. 3 10,800 $\quad$

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18,600 -
$36,000 \quad \cdots$

$\therefore$ Menuscriptas
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$21,5001,000$
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UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Meeting:
Dated: 4th April, 1962
Item No. $22^{\prime}(\$)$ - To consider the report of the Visiting Cominittee appointed by the University. Grants Commission to assess the requirements of the Gujarat University for the development of the Faculties of science and Humarities \& Social Sciences during the 3rd Plen.
2. A Visiting Committee consisting of the following rs visited the Gujarat University, Ahmedabad on the 28th February and Ist March, 1962:,

1) Prof. B.D. Jain, Delhi University
2) Prof. A.R. Chavan, Baroda Unịversity.
3) Prof. G.C. Bannerjee, Principal, Elphinstone College, Bombay.
4) Dr. J.N. Kaul, University Grants Commission.
5) Dr. D. Shankar Narayan, University Grants Commission.

The report of the Committee is. attached as. Annexure $I$.

The University has a total spill-over estimated at Rs. 21,41,216/- from the schemes sanctioned by the Commission during the 2nd Five Year Plan period. The break-up of this spill-over is as under:-

1. Development Schemes of ........Rs. 12,34,666/Science Departments
2. Development Schemes of - Rs. 90,350/Humanities Departments
3. General Schemes - Rs. 8,16,200/-

Total:
Rs. 21,41,216/-
In addition to the above spili-over the Commission has during the Third Plan period already sanetioned a sum
p.t.o.

of Rs. 3.25 lakhs for purchase of equip ant and Rs. 2.00 lakhs for purchase of library books and journals to meet the basic needs of the various departments.

The summary of the financial recommendations of the Visiting Committee is given below:-

Building: Equipment: Library books: Staff:


The total grants to be allocated as U.G.C: share for the development of the various faculties of: the Gujarat University during the Third Five Year Plan period will. therefore be:-


The matter is placed before the Commission for
consideration.

Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the development proposals of Gujarat University during the Third Five Year Plan period.

The Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission and consisting of the following members visited the Gujarat University, Ahmedabad on the 28th February and Ist March, 1962:-

1) Prof. B.D. Jain, Delhi University.
2) Prof. A.R. Chavan, Baroda University.
3) Prof. G.C. Bannerjee, Principal, Elphinstone Coliege, Bombay.
4) Dr. J.N. Kaul, University Grants Commission.
5) Dr. D. Shankar Nerayan, University Grants C Comnisaion.

On the 28th February, the Committee first held a discussion on the broad principlos of development of the faculties of Science, Humanities and Social'Sciences in Gujarat University during the Third Five Year Plan period. The ViceChancellor, Deans of Faculties of science and Humanities, heads of the departments and the Registrar were present. Later on, the Committee for Science departments and Humanities and Social sciences visited the individual deચartments and held detailed dişcussions with the heads of the departments and other mombers of staff. The science Committee also visited tḩ site where a number of buildings for science departments are under construction. On the Ist March, the Committee again met with the Vice-Chancellor and other university authoriti.es to finalise the discussions.

## A. SCIENCE

Gujarat University, Schocl of Sciences, mainly
provides facilities for post-graduate instruction and research and co-ordinates with the post-graduate instruction in mofussil centres: but the entire post-graduate instruction
p.t.o.

- 2 -
is under the direct control and supervision of the university. It was only during the End. Plan period that the departments of natural sciences, namely, the departments of Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics and Botany were instituted. All thẹse departments are currently housed in temporary accommodation and the new buildings sanctioned for each of these departments during the and Plan period are under construction and are expected to be ready for occupation before the next academic session starts in July.

The University Grants Commission, during the and Five Year Plan period approved schemes amounting to a total non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 24.22 lakhs and agreed to pay Ps. 16,94,666/- as its shore. The road item-wise break-up of these schemes an the amounts utilised by the university during the and Plan period and the spillover to be carried to the Ord Plan period are indicated below:-


- Against the spillover shown in the last column above the university has during the Inst year of the Bred Plan period drawn an amount of Rs. 2 lakhs for th a building and Rs. 90,000/- for purchase of cquiprent.
In addition to the above nor -recurring expenditure, the Commission also sanctioned teaching stiff fo" the . various departments at an annual recurring cost of

- 3 -

Rs. 1,50,000/-. The details of the staff sanctioned and the staff appointed so far are given below along with the onrolment in each science department:-

|  | Department | Enrolment |  | Staff sanctioned |  |  | Staff appointed |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pos } \\ & \text { grad } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rese- } \\ & \text { arch } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | P. | R. | I. | $\underline{p}$ | R。 | I. |
| 1) | Physics | 34 | nil | 1 | 2 | 2 | ‘ | 2 | 2 |
| 2) | Chemistry | 34 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 3) | Botany | 17 | 4 | 1 | 2 | - 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 4) | Mathematics | 53 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | I | 2 | 2 |
|  |  | 138 | 12 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 8 |

In addition to the spill-over referred to above, the Commission has already sanctioned during the 3rd Plan period a sum of Rs. 3,25,000/- ( 1 lakh each for Physics, Chemistry and Botany and Rs. 25,000/- for Mathematics) for purchase of scientific equipment needed to meet the basic needs of the department and a sum of Rs. I Jakh. for purchase of library books and journals in science subjects.

It was made clear to the university during the course of the discussions that the amounts of spill-over and the ad-hoc grants already sanctioned during the 3rd Plan will have to be taken into consideration while assessing the requirements of each of the departments for the 3rd Plan period and fitțed into the likely overall allocations to the university during the 3rd Plan period。

Before going into the details of the requirements of each of the science departments, the Committee would like to make the following observations:-
1)

The professor in the department of physics has not been appointed and the committee urges, that the university should take immediate steps for the appointment of the professor of physics, if this department is to be organised

- 4 -
on a proper basis to provide instruction along any particular field of specialisation.

2) The practice of admitting students into
different branches of each science subject, particularly admissions in Chemistry made separately to inorganic, organic and physical chemistry groups in the last year of the M.Sc. course and providing for extreme specialisation at the M.Sc. stage itself is generally not desirable. In fact, most of the universities in the country have switched over to a two year M.Sc. course to provide for a broad-based training in all the branches of the subject. It is genuinely felt that the students passing B.sc. examination and going into the M.Sc. class are not fully equipped to pursue advanced study in any one particular field of specialisation only, and usually such training tends to be too narrowed and inadequate for the students to take up to careers of teaching and research. The Committee, therefore, feels that the university may take necessary steps to modify its statutes and admit students to the general M.Sc. course in chemistry. They may allow for specialisation in the final year in the form of providing one elective paper in any of the branches of chemistry. This aspect was discussed in detail with the Vice-Chancellor and Dean, Faculty of sciences, and they have agreed to examine the same and take steps to put the training in M.Sc. on a generally accepted pattern in other universities. 3) The university desires to increase its admissions to the M.Sc. Ist Year class during the 3rd Plan period. It is suggested that the admissions, during the 3rd Plan period, in each department may be limited upto the following numbers:

| (a) Physics | - | 25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (b) Chemistry | - | 40 |
| (c) Botany | - | 20 |
| (d) Mathematics | - | 35 |
| (e) Zoology | - | 15 |

[^6]
4)

The new department of Zoology to be started by the university should be so planned as to provide training to the students in General Zoology and to provide specialisation in the final year in such subjects, which will be useful to meet the regional needs. The Committee feels that this new department should concontrate in providing facilities in one or two fields, such as, Experimental Physiology and Embryology, Endocrinology, Animal Ecology, Limnology and ornithology. It whuild, Ibe desirable if the department is oriented for experimental animal physiology woris, pariicularly because the sister department of botany is simj.larly oriented to plant physiological work and the facilities available ín the latter department may be used,to some exterit, for Animal Physiological work as well. The Commjttee is not in favour of this new department developing facilities in the usual fields of fisheries, Entomology and Parasitology for which adequate facilities for training already exist in the western region, and in 'Gujarat State itself.
5) The department of Statistics is at present functioning as a section of the School of Bocial Sciences. Now that the University School of Sciences las been established to provide for a department of Mathematics, the section of statistics should naturally belong in the school of Sciences and function with the department of Mathematics rather than as a section of School of Social Sciences. The university authorities themselves seem to be anxious to bring it over with the department of Mathomatics. The Committee hopes that this will be done at an early stage.

The findings of the Comittee and recommendations in respect of each of the departments "of science subjects are given below:-

1. Physics Department: The department has at present facilities for teaching X-rays and Elecuronics as special fields of study. This department desires to add Nuclear


Physics and Spectroscopy as additional fíclds. As
already stated the professor in the department of
Physics is yet to be appointed and the Committee feels that the question of additional special papers should not be taken until the professor is appointed. The new field will naturally correspond upon th; speciality of the incumbent to the post. A sum of Rs. I lakh has already been sanctioned to the department for meeting the requirements of the equipnent. An addjional grant of RS. 50,000/- should suffice for meeting all other needs of equipment during the 3rd Plan period. In addjition a sum of Rs. $25,000 /$ - may be given for purchase of iibrary books and journals. An additional nost, of a lecturer may also be sanctioned to strengthen the teaching work of the department.
2. Chemistry Department: The head of the Department of Chemistry has only recently joined and the general comments of the Committee regarding this departmenc are already stated above. In addition to a sum of fs. I lakh sanctioned for basic needs of equipment the Committee recommend that a sum of Rs. 75,000/- may now be giveri. As in the case of Physics, Ps. 25,000/- may be given for this department also for purchase of library books and journals, The adaitional requirements of staff will be fully met if one post of Reader is sanctioned during the 3rd Plan period. The department should tako immediate steps tc fill the posts of Reader and Lecturer lying vacant from the fosts sanctioned in the 2nd Plan period.
3. Botany Department: The department of Bctany is perhaps the only department amongst the science departments which has established itself fully. It has or=ented itse"f to research in experimental Plant Physiology. Tre Comaittee desires that this department may be given adequate assistance to develop this important field of study and research further. contd...

A sum of Rs. 35,000/- may be provided to the department for, providing Photo-Periodic Chambers and a Glass house as part of the botanical garden. A sum of Rs. I lakh has already been sanctioned to meet the basic needs of this department for equipment. The special equipinent required by the department wiII be Light - Temperature-Humidity Controlled Growth Chambers, Tissue Culture and Photographic equipment, Microanalitic equipnent and out-fit for tracer technique. These needs will be fuily met if an equipment grant of Rs. ㄱ. 75 lakhs is given to the department during the 3rd Plan period in addition to the grants already sanctioned. This department. may also be provided with a sum of fs, 25;000/- for purchase* of library books and journals. The additional requirements. of teaching staff of this department will be 2 lecturers and the same is recommended to be given.
4. Zoology Department: This is a new department to be established during this Plan period and would therefore require a new building to be constructed to accommodate this department. The total plinth area recommended for this department is 10,000 sq.ft. The cost of constriuction of this ansa and providing essential services, laboratory fittings and furniture is estimated to be Pso 2.50 Jakhs. The requirements for equipment of the new department can be met if a grant of RS. .2.0 lakhs is provided. Another sum of Rs. $25,000 /-$ may be given for. purchase of books and back numbers of journals etc. to the departmental library for teachindedidesearch:. The staff to be sanctioned for this department may consist of I Professor, 1 Reader and 2 Lecturers. This department although to bẹ newly started will be entirely for postgraduate teaching and research and as such it is recommended that grants for this depantrnent may be given on a 100 per cent basis by the University Grants Commission.
5. Mathematics Departments The only requirement of the

Mathematics Department will be to develop the sectional library for which purpose a sum of Rs. 25,000/- may be sanctioned.
6. Central Workshop: Grants have been provided during the and Plan period for construction and establishment of a Central workshop. . The Committee recommends that a sum of is. 20,000/may be given during the 3 rd Plan period for purchase of equipmont required for the workshop.

The financial implications of the recommendations of the committee are summarised below:
I. Non-Recurring:
A. Buildings:

Total cost in lakhs and U.G.C. share:
a) 10,000 sq.ft. plinth area for Department of Zoology, including all services, fittings and furniture.
b) For Department of Botany for controlled growth Chambers \& glass house and botanical gardens.
B. Scientific equipment

| a) Physics |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b) Chemistry | 0.50 |  |
| c) Botany | 0.75 |  |
| d) Zoology | $\frac{1.75}{2.00}$ |  |
| d) | Es. 3.00 |  |
| d |  |  |

C. Library Books and journals

$$
\text { Rs. } 25,000 /- \text { for each department } \quad \text { Rs. } 1.25
$$ of Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Zoology \& Mathematics)

II: $\quad$ RECURRiNG: STAFF
(a) 1 Reader for Onemistry, 2 Lect- is $_{5} 1.18$ res for Botany and 1 lecturer for physics (for 4 years).
(b) For Zoology Department Es. 1.22*

1 Professor, 1 Reader and
2 Lecturers (for 4 years)

Total:
RS. 11.50
( * Since the new department of Zoology will be entirely for Post-graduate teaching and research, the Committee has recommended that the Commission may give grants on $100 \%$ basis, and with that view has recommended the bare minimum of requirements only)

HUMAN
The Post-graduate teaching and research in the Humanities and the Soial Sciences at Gujarat University is conducted by three Schools, viz., 1) The university school of Social Sciences, comprising of the departments of Economics, Politics, Sociology, Statistics and Labour. Welfare, 2) The University School of Gujarati Language and Literature and 3) The University School of Philosophy and Psychology. This type of organis'ation has the obvious advantage of ensuring coordination in teaching and research of related disciplines.

The Committee noted that the Gujarat University was as much anxious to expand the activities of the three schools as to consolidate the developments which had already taken place. This helped the Committee in reaching general agreement with the proposals of the University.

1. THE SCBOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES:

The present en rolment in the school of Social
Sciences is 251 and the strength of the existing staff is 17 Xone professor, six readers, eight lecturers, one demonstrator and one assistant).
a) The Department of Economics:

The Department of Economics provides for instruction in courses of study leading to the M.A. and Ph.D. degrees. At present the departmert offers three subjects of specialised studies in (i) Industrial Économics, (ii)
International Economics, and (iii) Economic Development and Fluctuations. There is an increasing demand for the provision of instruction in Agricultural Pconomics. Public Utilities and Transport, Demography and Econometrics. The department proposes to make provision for a few papers in specialised studies, particularly Agricultural Economics. The Committee recommends the addition of the following personnel on its teaching staff: 1 reader, 3 lecturers and 1 research assistant..
B) The Department of Political Science:

It present the department teaches 8 papers with only one option for specialisation, viz., Federalism, and even for this the department has to draw assistance of teachers available in the local affiliated colleges. It is proposed now to offer the other options viz., Local Government, for specialised studies. For this, we recommend one professor and one research assistant. The professor will organise and help in the cooperative teaching of History in Group 'A' of the syllabus which is oriented primarily to Politics. If the University is very keen on starting History as a separate department of History, the post may be in History and the holder may assist in the department of Political Science.
c) The Department of Socidiogy:

The Department of Sociology may first concentrate on consolidating the developments already made. Additions to the present staff may be made during the Third $P l a n$ period when and if the existing enrolment and the research activities of the department increase appreci ply.
d) The Department of Statistics:

The Department proposes to introduce advanced courses of instruction in non-panametric methods, decision functions and multivariate analysis on the theoretical side and in Econometrics and Industrial Statistics on the $v$ applied side. The Committee recommends the addition of one reader to the staff of this department for this purpose.
it The Committee also recommends that this department may be taken out of the School of Social Sciences and set up as an independent department assisting the departments of Mathematics, Social Sciences, Education and Psychology.
e) The Department of Labour Welfare:

The Department of Labour Welfare proposes to introduce a 2 year post-graduate diploma course in Social

Work. The Committee was told that it would be possible to secure the assistance of the Department of Sociology, Economics and Statistics for a part of the teaching programme. This should be possible in view of the present organisation of the Schobl of social sciences. The department has not been able to fill the posts already sanctioned during the Second Plan period for want of qualified personnel. Attempts may be made to fill the existing vacancies. The Cominttee thinks that no change in the staff is necessary at present.

## f) The Department of History:

The provision for post-graduate instruction in History is at present being made in the post-graduate centres instituted in the affiliated colleges. The University feels and the committee agrees that better attention to this ${ }^{6}$ important branch of learning could be given if a separate department is instituted in the University. It is, therefore, recommended that in addition to the existing provision of cooperative teaching in History, arrangements may be made for teaching and research in History at the university in at least one or two areas. The University proposes to offer in the first instance History Group 'A' which would require a minimum staff of one reader and one lecturer. "This may be accepted. Subsequent requirements of the department may be assessed if and when necessary during the current Plan period.
II. THE SCHOOL OF GUJARATI LANGUE AND LITERATURE:

The School of Gujarati Language and Literature was instituted in 195. This department is housed in a separate building of its o rm constructed with a financial assistance given partly by the University Grants Commission and partly by the state Government. The School has at present 48 students and a staffotwomenbers; one professor and one reader. The University proposes to develop this school
into asa school of Languages and Literature so as to provide facilities for postgraduate instruction and research in important oriental, Indian classical and foreign languages. To begin with, the University proposes to start the following departments: (i) The Department of English, (ii) The Department of Sanskrit, (iii) The Depart ment of Persian and Arabic, (iv) The Department of Hindi, (v) The Department of Linguistics, associated with the Department of Gujarati Language and Literature.

The post-graduate teaching and research in these subjects was hitherto done at the post-graduate centres in the affiliated colleges and recognised institutions. This will now be under the direct control and supervision of the uni- . varsity. We think this is a step in the right direction.
a) The Department of English:

It is essential for the University to make immediate and adequate arrangements for teaching English as a foreign language. The department of English should work in close collaboration with the department of Linguistics in preparing teaching and reading materials for the pre-university classes, in revising the syllabus of the higher classes so that students will be able to read English books on their optional subjects with ease and express themselves in English when necessary. We recommend one professor and one lecturer for this departmont.
b) The Department of Gujarati Language and Linguistics.

During the Second Plan period, the University
Grants Commission sanctioned ono professor in Linguistics by upgrading the post of a reader. 'But the University has not been able to fill this post. It present 2 more posts, one reader and one lecturer in Gujarati, are also vacant. The University has asked for the addition of a lecturer. We recommend that the University may bo permitted to fill in
the existing vacancies and al so be given one lectureship. This department will be able to help the department of English in preparing materials for remedial work in English, since most of the errors in English are due to the influence of the structure, idioms and pronunciation of the mother-tongue. Further, this departinent proposes to make a linguistic survey of the Gujarati dialects. It is high time that a linguistic survey of the woleocountry is undertaken. It cannot be done because of the lack of trained personnel. In the meantime it is agreed on all hands that universities should undertake such projects wherever they can. We, therefore, recommend that the following grants may be made available for the research projects:
A. Departments of Linguistics
(1) Dialect studies
(2) Comparative studies in Indo-Aryan

Amount for four years
Non-recurring Recurring
Rs. 8,800 . 54,000

24,000
B. Department of Gujarati
(3) Editing of medieval Gujarati texts.

c) Department of Sanskrit:

Since it is a matter of policy to encourage Sanskrit studies at the universities, we recommend that steps may be taken to institute the department as early as possible. The relationship of Sanskrit and other Indian $\perp$ anguages, particular Gujarati, is obvious. The department could ar loo undertake dialectical studies, linguistic surveys and studies on related matters. We recommend one professor and one lecturer for this departinent for the present.
d) Persian:

This department will cooperate with the History department in its researches since much source material exists

in Persian. This dopart ont will also co-operate with the Linguistic department since there is a large element of Persian in the vocabulary of Gujarati. We recomend one reader for this department.

## e) The Department of Vindi :

IIindi has been introduced as a compulsory subject upto the intermediate stage in this University. The provision of proper facilities for specialised studies in Hindi at post-graduate level are urgently needed in this region. This department may meet the demands for the supply of personnel to man the teaching posts in the colleges and also of the administration. We recommend one reader for this d epartment for the present, who may besides teaching, guide and organise co-operative teaching in the affiliated colleges.
III. THE SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY SND PSYCHOLOGY:

The present School of Philosophy and Psychology is proposed to be expanded so as to include education as one of its departments. The present Vice-Chancellor who belongs to this field is very keen on staring the department of education. The Cominttee believes that it is the absence of properly developed departments of education in the universities which discourages experimenis in new methods and techniques and which makes evaluation of experiments where undertaken impossible. We recomiend 8 readers, 2 lecturers and 1 research assistiant for this department which is keen to start child guidance and vocational counselling with the help of the School of Philosophy and Psychology. We further recommend that the department of Educetion may be given Rs. 15,000 for testing materials, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}} .5,000$ for furniture and Rs.25,000 for psychological laboratory which will be instituted specifically for the purpose of child guidance and vocational guidance.

## IV. DEPMRTMENT L LISZRIES:

The Committee recommends Rs. 15,000 each for the

- 15 -
departmental libraries of the new departments viz., English, Hindi, sanskrit, Persian, Education and History and Rs.7,000 each for five existing departments of Economics, Sociology, Politics, Statistics and Labour Welfare.


## V. HOBBY WORKSHOP :

The University had several schemes of small workshops
in different schools and departments. The Committee discussed with the University the possibility of setting up a hobby workshop at the University which could be helpful to students for making the simple apparatus needed for the ir practicals in Science subjects and also in Psychology. The University accepted the idea. We recommend that the usual assistance of Rs. 25,000 for building, Rs. 25,000 for equipment and a recurring grant of Rs. 50 Q 0 per annum for four years for staff may be given to the university.
VI. THE UNIVERSITY GUEST HOUSE:

The University does not have a guest house and expressed a keen desire to have one. The Committee recommends the construction of a guest house at the University at a total estimated cost of Rs.1,50,000 against which the Commission's share would be Rs.75,000/-
VII. THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY:

The Library building which is housed at present in the administrative building of the University cen accommodate at the most 80000 volumes. The library has today a stock of 70000 volumes It was reported that, on an average, 8000 volumes would be added year each/which means that within a year or so the present building will cease to accommodate any more books. The reading and the periodical rooms are often overcrowded and they will become overcrowded when the new departments of Physics, Mathematics,Chemistry and Botany and English, Sanskrit, Persian, Hindi and Education al so begin to function in the University. We, the refore, recommend that the University may be permitted to construct a library at an estimated cost of Rs. 9 lakhs, inclusive of fittings, furniture and services, against which the Commission's share at $2 / 3$ rds will be Rs. 6 lakhs.

The Summary of recommendations is given below:
$-16$

SUMMARY OF RECOMMEIDDATIONS - III PLAN OF THE GUJARAT UNIVERSITY。

## A. ADDITIONAL POSTS

1: Economics . I Reader, 3 Lecturers, IN Research Assistant.
2. Politics I Professor, I Research Assistant.
3. Statistics 1 Reader

4: History 1 Reader, I Lecturer
5. English - I Professor, 1 Lecturer
6. Sanskrit Z Professor +1 Lecturer

7: Persian 1 Reader
8. Hindi $I$ Reader
9. Linguistics 1 Lecturer
10. Education 2, Readers, 2 Lecturers, 1 Research Assistant.

Financial implication for four years Rs.7,12,000/-:

## B. EQUIPMENT \& FURNITURE

Psychology, Philosophy and

Education.
a) Testing material ... Rs: 15,000/:
b) Furnitung ... Rs. 5,000/~
c) Psychological laboratory for the Education Department ... Rs: 25,000/= TOTAL: Rs: 45,000/-
C. RESEARCH PROJECTS

Gujarati and Linguistics
Ps. 1, 13,800/-
D. DEPARTMENTAL IIBRARIES
a) Rs, $15,000 /$ oach for Engineering, Hindi,Sanskrit,Persian, History and Education.

Bs. $90,000 /-$
b) Rs. $7,000 \%$ - each for Economics, Politics, Sociology, Statistics and Labour Welfare

TOTAL:
E. HOBBY WORKSHOP

| a) Building | ... | R8. | 25,000/m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b) Equipment | -•• | Rs: | 25,000/- |
| c) Staff for 5 years | -.. | Rs: | 25,000/- |
|  |  | RS. | 75,000/- |

-: 17 :

## F. IIBRARY BUILDIITG

Total cost $\quad$ Rs. $9,00,000 / \cdots$
U.G.C. share ...... RS:6,00,000/-
G. GUEST HOUSE

Total cost Ps.I,50,000/-
U.G.C. share

- Rs; 75,000/..

GRAND TOTAL
$A+B+C+D+E+F+G$
-Rs. $17,45,800 / \mathrm{m}$.

APPENDIX II

PRESENT NUMBER OF STUDENTS AND STAFF OF GUJARAT UNIVERSITY

## Students Staff

1) The University School of Social Sciences

251
17
2) The University School of Gujarati Language \& Literature

48
'2
3) The University School of Pšychology \& Phillosophy

$$
27
$$

5
(All post-graduate and research)


The $V$ isiting Committee appointed by the Commission consisting of the following members＇visited the Kerala University as detailed below：－
A．Science：


2．Dr．K．N．Raj ：Delhi Univ．
．3．．．．．．．Dr．K．M＇George Sahitya Akadimy Madras．
4．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Prilip ：inersity Grants
 12th Decem． 1961． sppendices I \＆İI．
安
央 The University has a spill－over of RS． 24.49 lakhs
In respect of the schemes sanctioned by the Commission unde the IIfrive Year Plan but which could．not completed during the $I E$ 保an period．The breakup pf this spill over is as follows：－
a）
Science Departments $\because$
／of the University

b），Humanities Departinettis：it
c）General Schemes
燝． $4,8.6,000 /=$
RS． $9,57,000 /-$
Rs．10，06，000／－
Total：－BS．24．49，000／－
（Contd．．． 2 ）．

This spill over will have to be taken into account while making grants to the University for development schemes during the Third Five Year Plan period. In addition the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of Rs. 2 lakhs for purchase of Library books and Journals to meet the basic needs of the Departments of Science and Humanities during the Third Five Year Plan period. The Commission has also. approved a scheme for the establishment of a department of Library Science at an estimated cost of Rs. 63,400/- ( $\mathbb{R}$ ) + Rs. 5,000/- ( $\mathrm{N}_{1}$ ). The share of the Commission is Rs. 31,700/- (R) \& Rs. 3,300/- (Nr) during the III Plan period.

The financial implications of the Recommendations made by the Visiting Committees are as shown below: A:

Science Departments



HUMANITIES.

A. is rnakulame,

B. Calicut.



Humanities


approved sanction may please be accorded to on expenditure of Rs. 27.55 lakhs as nonrecurring and Rs oI $1.8 A_{S}$ lakhs as, recurring expenditure during the III five year plan. The amount will be paid to the Kerala University as and when necessary,

The matter is placed before the Cominission for orders.

## Report of the Visiting Committee <br> for Kerala University

With a view to examine the proposals of the Kerala University for the development of higher scientific education and, research during the Third Five Year Plan and to assess the needs of the university for the implementation of the $\because$... proposals the Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of the following :-


The Committee visited the Kerala University on the 2lstali 22nd February 1962. To begin with, the members of the committee had a meeting with the Vicc-Chancellor, Kerala Univeristy. The Dean of the Faculty of Science and the Registrar of the University were also present In the opening statement tine Vice-Chancellor indicated the desire of the university to establish university departments in various science subjects and also wished that two Mofussil PostGraduate Centres, one at Ernakulam and the other at Calicut be recognised. The members of the Visiting Committee explained on their par', to the university authorities the procedure accepted by the Commission for payment of grants during the Phi sharing ${ }^{i}$ Third Five Year Plan indicating the varying basis on which different grants were to be given. The university was also informed that all fresh appointments to the staff to be approved during the Third Five Year Plan will be on the understanding that university will give an assurance of continuing

these posts even after the U.G.C.'s financial help ceases at the end of the Third Five Year Plan period. In the afternoon, the Committee visited the Department of Botany and held another conference with the Vice-Chancellor, the Dean, Faculty of Science, Registiser and the members of the Standing Committee of the university responsible for planning the development of the university departments during the current plan period, There was some discussion about the number of departments tho university should start and the number of students to be admitted in each course. it present, the university admits only 6 students in those departments which are under its direct control. A view was expressed that this number was too uneconomical and the university could safely increase the number of admissions to 15 or 20. Tho university's proposal for starting departments in implied subjects as Applied Physics, Forest Research etc, also came under discussion and it was generally agreed that in the first instance, the university should concentrate its efforts on the opening of the . departments in basic sciences at the post-graduato level and encourage research rather than spread its energies into a wider field of basic as well as the applied training.

The nowt day the committee visited the departments of Chemistry, Mathematics, Physics, Geology and Biological Oceanography and held discussions with the heads of the departments concerned. The findings of the committee are given below :-

The total approved expenditure for the development of Faculty of Science in Kerala University during the Second Five-Yoar Plan came to Rs. $16,19,900 /-$ of which the University Grants Commission's share was Rso.ll, 07,821/-.
-3-
Against the sanctioned amount total grants paid did not exceed Rs.6,21,936/- thus leaving a spill-ovor of Rs.4,85,885/-. The tables Nos I and II given below indicate details of the above expenditure. The recurring grants which were given on the basis of 50 : 50 were mainly confined to the salaries of staff. During the Second Five Year Plan the Commission agreed to the appointment of one Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer. These posts excepting that of one Reader have been filled up. The total recurring grant pald to the University during the Second Five Year Plan was Rs.26,287/-. Table III given below shows the Department-wise distribution of the additional posts sanctioned and filled :-

TABLE I.

| Name of the <br> Department | Total approved <br> expenditure | U.G.C.'s <br> share | Grants paid Spill-over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| upto 31.3 .61 .from II Plan |  |  |  |

Non-recurring
A.Buildings.
1.Biological Oceanography



## Non-recurring

TABLE
Name of the Total staff sanctioned ippointments made Repartment. Prof. Reader Lecturers Profe Readers Lecturers

| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Statistics } \\ \text { Botany } & \text { I }\end{array}$ |  | 1 | I | - | 'I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |



In addition to above the Commission also sanctioned the posts of 3 Research Officers and 2 Laboratory Assistants for the Department of Biological Oceanography, 2 Field assistants and 2 Laboratory issistants for the Department of Statistics, 1 Biochemist and I Microanalyst for the Department of implied Chemistry and one Artist Photographer for the Department of Botany. 411 these posts have been filled excepting that of microanalyst.

Until 1956, the university was teaching both at the the main undor-graduate and post-graduato levels... / centre of training being the University College, Trivandrum. When this college was taken over by tho government, the university was left with the departments of Applied Chemistry, Biological Oceanography and Statistics: is couple of years later the university started participating in the teaching of Botany also at the post-graduate hovel and appointed a university Professor for which the University Grants Commission gave a grant on the usual matching basis. The university is most anxious how to develop the existing departments and to start others. The University College which is run by the state Government will continue to teach as heretofore up to M. Sc. level. In addition to the existing departments of applied chemistry (now to be name the Department of Chemistry), Statistics (now to be chIs Department of Mathematics and Statistics), Botany and Biological Oceanography, at Trivandrum; the university is anxious to establish Departments of Physics and Mathematics at Ernakulam and Chemistry, Zoology and Botany at Calicut. The need for starting two mofussil centres for postagraduate teaching is considered by the university to be imperative as Ernakulam and Calicut both are fast developing as educational centres. Since the universe sity is located near the southern boundary of the state it is eminently desirable that it ts activities should be extended to
-5-

- ..
other parts of the state as well.

Departmont of Chemistry - The Department started in 1940. $\dot{\text { ilthough named as Department of ispplied Chemistry, }}$ instruction was imparted in all the three sections of chemistry i.e. organic, physical and inorganic chemistry. \& new laboratory building was sanctioned for this department during the Second Five Year Plan. The building is now nearing completion and it is hoped that the major part of the dëpartment will shift to the new buildings in a couple of months. The present staff of the department consists of a Professor, two Readers and one Lecturer:

With a view to devolop this department to its full stature and to enable it to take 15 to 20 students per year, it is suggested that additional staff comprising of 1 Reader. 3 Lecturers and"a Glass Blower be sanctioned. It is also necessary to give special help to build up the Iibrary of the department. A grant of $\dot{R} s .25,000 /$ may be sanctioned for this purpose and an amount of Rs.I. 5 lakhs may be provided for the purchase of equipment.

Depártment of Mathematics and Statistics -. The Department of Statistics was rinstituted in April 1945. Beșides. teaching upto the M.Sc. degree in Statistics, it also provides training in statistics to studentes of Economics and Psychology. Facilities also exist for Ph. P. Work. The. Commission sanctioned a building grant for the department during the Second Plan perịod. The accommodation available. is satisfactory and is sufficient to meet the present needs of the department. But with the devclopment of the mathematical side of the department, it $W i=1$ be necessary to provide more space. We therefore suggest that an additional
area of 4,000 sq.ft. may be provided for the section in mathematics. For the suction of statistics, we suggest a grant of Rs.25,000/- towards the purchase of additional calculating machines. The staff may be strengthened by the addi-tion of one more lecturer in statistics or demography. We would like to stress here the need of filling up the vacant post of a Reader in Statistics. We have noted that a grant of Rs.75,000/~ given to the departmont of statistics during the Second Five Year Plan is still unused and we expect that this amount will continue to be available during the Third Five Year Plan. With the additional grant of Rs. $25,000 /$ - the total grant available to the department of statistics and mathematics for the purchasc of equipment will amount to Rs. 1 lakh. For the mathematics section, the library needs to be further strengthened and we therefore suggest a grant of Rs.25,000/- for the purchase of books and journals. The posts of one Professor, one Reader and two Lecturers may also be sanctioned for the Mathematices section of the "Mathematics and Statistics" Department.

Department of Biological Oceanography - The Department of Biological Oceanography is one of the oldest departments of the university and is specializing in marine biology. The University- Grants Commission approved during the Second Plan an expenditure of Rs.6,50,000/- for a new building to be constructed at Ernakulam (Cochin) and contributed a recurring grant of Rs.41,500/- for additional staff and maintenance of the research vessel which the university is keeping in the Cochin Harbour. The new building at Ernakulam has not had a smooth going in the past. Even during the construction stage of the brilding, some cracks of serious natiure appeared owing to, it was said, sinking of foundations as the sub-soil * was not stable. It is stated that now the foundations have
-7-
stabilised and the building will be ready for occupation by the end of this summer:

One Reader and two Lecturers are stationed at Ernakulam whereas the Professor, a Reader and a. couple of lecturers are stationed at Trivandrum at present. It is expected that the entire staff and the laboratory equipment etc. at Trivandrum will be shifted to Ernakulam, when the new building is ready. At present temporary accommodation at Cochin has been provided for the oceanow: graphic laboratory and facilities for berthing of the research ship' have been provided in tho Cochin Naval Base by the authorities of the Naval. Physical Laboratory.

The Department conducts MiSc. courses in Marine Biology and in Oceanography. For the further development of the Department during the Third Five Year Plan, we suggest that an equipment" grant of Rs. $75,000 /$ may be granted for the purchase of" equipment", Rs. $25,000 /$ for procuring books and journals. The staff may be further strengthened by the appointment of one Reader and a Lecturer.

Department of Botany. - During the second Five Year P: Ian the Commission sanctioned a special grant of Rs. $30,000 /=$ for equipment and agreed to the creation of the posts of a Professor and a lecturer in the Department of Botany. The Department continues to be housed in the premises of the Science College. The miveraity has proposed that this Department may be named as the Department of "Plant Genetics and Plant Breeding." The committee is not in favour of creating departments in 'specialised" areas of basic sciences. If splitting of departments is conceded, there will be soon 'three to four departments' of Chemistry and probably many more in Physics. We would, therefore, suggest that the Department
of Botany should continue under its present mane and should aim at the development of all branches of botany but may give special attention to the study and research in Plant Genetics and Plant Breeding. We recommend that sufficient funds may be sanctioned for the construction of a new building for the Department of Botany. To begin with, a plinth area of 10,000 sq.ft. will suffice. The building including furniture and fittings will cost approximately Rs.2.7 lakhs. The Department has asked for an equipment grant of Rs. 75,000/- which may be agreed to. In addition to this, a grant of Rs.5,000/- may be approved for developing a farm and a garden, particularly, for the new areas in which the department desires.

To lay foundation of a good departmental library a grant of Rs.25,000/- may be sanctioned in addition to the basic grant of Rs. one lakh.

We have stated above, that the commission sanctioned the posts of one Professor and one Lecturer during the Second Five Year Plan period. The posts of two Readers, 3 Lecturers and one irtist-cum-phitographer may be sanctioned during the Third Five Year Plan. This should help the university to develop the Department of Botany in ail its branches and also to specialise in the new fields of Genetics and Plant Breeding.

Department of Geology - When the University College, Trivandrum went over to the Government control the undergraduate section of the Geology Department remained in the college but all equipment useful for post-graduate work and research was retained by the university as also a part of museum and library. This Department is housed in the same building as the Statistics Department. The university desires to develop Geology into a full-fledged post-graduate department as adequate facilities do not exist in the state
for training' geologists. No additional accommodation is . needed for this purpose. To improve and develop the existing facilities in equipment and library a grant of Rs. I lakh may be sanctioned for procuring apparatus and workshop tools and a grant of Rs.25,000/- f.r books and journals may be approved. In addition to the existing staff a Reader and a Lecturer, the posts of one Professor, one Reador and two Lecturers may be sanctioned.

## Post-graduate Centres in Mofussil ireas

We have already stated above that the university is keen to establish centres of postmgraduate studies in mofussil areas particularly at Ernakulam and Calicut so that the activities of the university may cover parts of the State other than the south. Originally the university desired a course in applled physics to be started at Ernakulam and a course in Forest: Rescarch and Entomology at Calicut. We have, however, discussed this point with the VicemChancellor and other members of the university and it is now agreed that the best course forthe university willlbe to develop'a post-graduate centre at Ernakulam for teaching physics and mathematics only. is similar centre may be created at Calicut for the teaching of chemistry, botany and if funds permit in zoology also. The subjects selected for each centre are thoso which will fit in with the existing industrial pattern of the state. We recommend the following grants for the two centres; but as the Departa ments to be started will be altogether new the Commission's share of the approved expenditure will be on the basis of 50 : 50 both for the recurring and non-recurring expenditure.

Frnakulam Centre
Building - 4 plinth area of $10,000 \mathrm{sq.ft}$. for the

Department of Physics and 4,000 sq.ft. for the Department of Mathematics will suffice for the present.

Equipment - in equipment grant of Rs. 2 lakhs for the Department of Physics and of Rs.10,000/- for Mathematics may be approved. Another grant of Rs.50,000/- may be given to .the Department of Physics for the purchase of library books and journals and a grant of Rs. $25,000 /$ - to the Department of Mathematics for the same purpose.

Staff - The new department of physics will need a staff consisting of one Professor, one Reader and three Lecturers. For the department of mathematics post of one Professor, one Reader and two Lecturers may be sanctioned.

## Calicut Centre

Building - The Department of Chemistry will need a plinth area of $12,000 \mathrm{sq.ft}$. and the Departments of Botany and Żology, about 9,000 sq.ft. each. The construction cost at present is approximately Rs. $20 /-$ per sq.ft. To this must be added $33 \%$ of the cost of the building for furniture and fittines etc.

Equipment - is the Department of Chemistry will be altogether new it will need more basic equipment. We, therefore, sugeest that a grant of Rs. 2 lakhs may be sanctioned for the purchase of equipment.

For the same purpose, a grant of Rs. 1.25 lakhs for Botany and Rs.l. 25 lakhs for Zoology will also be necessary.

Library - Library grants to each of the Departments of Chemistry, Botany and Zoology may be given at Rs.50,000/a Rs.30,000/- and Rs.30,000/- rëspectively.

Staff - Each department will need one Professor but
the need for the Readers will vary. We, therefore, suggest 2 Readers for Chemistry and one each for Botany and Zoology. Posits of three lecturers may be sanctioned for Chemistry and two for each of the Departments of Botany and Zoology:

Sharing basis - Whereas at Trivandrum, all the grants recommended are meant for the development of existing departments and therefore will be given on $100 \%$ basis, the grants for the five departments recommended at the mofussil centres which are altogether new will be on the sharing basis of 50 : 50 both for recurring and nonrecurring expenditure. The university has already been apprised of this fact.

A brief summary of the financial implications of the recommendations made above is given below. :m.

Science
I. (Existing Departments)
4. Non-Recurring

Amount approved (To be paid as cent per cent grant)
I. Buildings
a) Total area of 14000 sq.ft. plinth ( $4000 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft}$. for mathematics and $10,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. for botany) at Rs. 20/- per sq.ft. plus services, furniture
$\therefore$ and fittings etc. at 33 pec. of the building cost.

Rs\% 3,76,666
b) Developing a farm and garden for the Botany Depth. Rs. 5,000
II. Equipment :

Rs. 4,25,000
(Statistics 25,000 ; Chemistry
Rs.1,50,000/-Geology 1,00,000/Botany 75,000/- Biological. oceanograph 75,000/-)
III. Books

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { i) Grants already sanctioned } \\
\text { ii) Additional Grant recommended } \\
\text { Total(Rs.1,00,000 already sanctioned }+ \\
\text { Rs.9,61,666/-) }
\end{array} \quad \begin{aligned}
& \text { Rs .1,00,000 } \\
& \text { Rs .1,55,000 }
\end{aligned}
$$



3. Books.

B. Recurring for staff (for 1 gears)

2 Professors ti each in Physics -

| $1,20,000$ | 60,000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 80,000 | 40,000 |

5 Lecturers (3 in Physics and

$\frac{1,20,000}{3,20,000} \quad$| 60,000 |
| :--- |

III. - Calicut centre for teaching
A. Non-Recurring.


## 1. Building

Total area of 30,000 sq.ft. plinth
(12000 sq.ft. for Chemistry and 8,00,000 4,00,000 18000 sq.ft. for Botany \& Zoology)
2. Equipment
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { (Chemistry, } 2,00,000 /-: ~ B o t a n y & 4,50,000 & 2,25,000 \\ 1,25,000 /-; 20010 g y, 1,25,000 /-) & & \end{array}$
3. Books.


SEN/15.3.62.


## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMM SION

Report ot the Visiting, Committee appointed; by the University Grants Commission to examine the developmont schemes of Kerala University in Humanities and Social. Sciences under the Third Five Year Plan.

The University Traits Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of $t$ following members to examine and report on the proposals of Kerala University for development of. Post-graduate teaching and research in Humanities and Social Sciences under the Third Five Year Pl an:
2. Dr, K.N. Raj, $\because \because \cdots$

Professor of Economics,
Delhi University:
3. Dr. K.M. George g:. . .

Regional Secretary, Sahitya. Asademidr Ta,
Madras.
ก' 0 Or
4. Dr. P.J. Philip, U.G.C.

The Committee visited Trivandrum on LIth and lath - December:...
$\angle 1961$ and had discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Deans of the Faculties concerned and Members oi the Syndicate of the University. The Committer also wen' round the
 various departments.

Though Kerala university was estabilshed about 25 years ago, several of its departments are only a few years
 old. It is too early, therefore, to arrive at an assessment of the work of these departments and all that can be attempted at this stage is to imaicite broadly the direction in which they are moving. Kerala University has been functioning largely as an affiliating university and this has resulted in not much emphasis being placed on development of research activities at the post-graduate level. The proposals of the university for the Third Plan, therefore, must be viewed in
p.t.o.
the context of the -need to give more attention to this aspect of the university's work.

The development schemes of the Kerala University may be divided into two categories, on s relating to development of existing post-graduate departments.(most of which have been established with the assistance of the Commission during the Second Five Year Plan) and creation of new departments. Some departments to which grants have been given by the Commission for developmental purposes are situated in the University College at Trivandrum which is a government institution.

After detailed examination of the different proposals of the university, we have to report as under:-

Department of Economics:
Proposals that have been forwarded for the developmen of the Department of Economics are, on the whole, modest, particularly in view of the importance of this subject and the need to strengthen it in the universities. At the moment there is only a part-time University Professor, a Lecturer and a Stenographer in the University Unit of this department. It is now proposed to have a full- imo Professor in Economics as well as ar Reader and also establish a nev section in Agricultural Economics with a Reader, and a Research Officer. There is already butut in the university working in the field of Agricultural Economics, financed by the Ministry of Food and Agriculture and it is expected that the new section of Agricultural Economics in the university would work in collaboration with this unit.
. - : The proposal to have a full-time Professor and a Reader in the university should be welcomed and also the idea of strengthening research in Agricultural Economics. The case for development along these lines is tied up to some extent with the organisation of post-graduate teaching and research in Economics in the university as a whole. At the
moment there are five or six colleges distributed all over Kerala engaged in the teaching of M.A. Economics. In $\nabla$ few of the limited supply of teaching personnel, decentralised teaching at the M.A. Level must be constanred very unsatisfactory. Though it may not be possible to ch inge this situation immediately, and introduce centralised teaching in one or two places, it is evident that there. is not much point in strongthering the department of feonomies in the university, unless along with itertho university stats organising lectures at least for the M.A. students in Trivandrum, if necessary with co-operaion from such other personnel as could be secured from the staff of the University College . university should take the responsibility for the organising of post-graduate teaching and that. the expansion of the departmont of Economics should be tied up with the expansion of its work along these lines.

As far as the proposal for Readership in "Agricultural Economics is concerned, we consider that while, strengthening in Research in the subject is desirable, it: my bo better not to earmark the second Readership specifically for Agricultural
 field of specialisation to berdeefdeal at a later stage. We say this because the staff of thonoxisting uni tefranced by the MinIstry of Food \& Agriculture are dawn son to some extent for teaching in the university t 1 s being done in some other univerities such as Delhi, In the teaching requirement in Agriculrural Economics in the Kerala University can be mot this way, It may be found moreseftif co secure and appoint a Reader in some other fields 114 genomic Development on Econometrics. On the other hand, if ifs found that the research work of the possible to get any assisi on and, consequently, it is not
p. from it for teaching, the university
-4-
would be free to make the necessary appointment.
We are not quite clear about the function of a Research Officer in the university department. If it is intended that there should be some one to assist the Professor and the Readers in research work, we would suggest the appointment of a Research Assistant or Associate.

In view of the need to strengthen research in Economics in this area, development of the library including acquisition of the back numbers of journals should receive high priority and a sum of Rs. $25,000 \%$ may be given for this purpose:

Departments of Psychology \& Politics.
The departments of Psychology and Politics have been established recently. The university has proposed the creation of a Professorship in addition to one Reader and \% two Lecturers in each of these departments. :Ne are on the 1.: whole of the view that the strengthening of these -departments should take place during the period of this Plan by the creation of an additional Readership and appointment of a Research Assistaint in each of them and that the question of, creating a "Professorship" should be left over to be decided: at the end of this period on the progress mad, by these two departments. A sum of kRis. $15,000 \%$ each may be'given to the twa departments as a special grant for purchase of books and journals. The department of Psychology is anxious., to develop its experimental side. In order to strengthen the research activities $\therefore$ of the department, it is suggested that a sum of Rs. $20,000 /-$ may be given to it for acquiring necessary equipment. Development of Póst-graduate wing
Department of Malayalam.
the Kerala University for development of post-graduate



- 5 -
studies and research in the language of the area viz Malayalam though the preamble of the University Act emphasises the promotion and: development of Kerala art and culture and the Malayalam language. This Arawback may be contrasted with the provision that is being made in the other universities of Bouth India to encour age te zching and research in the languages of the regions concerned, Thu: Telagü is being looker after by the 3 universities in Anतhra Pradesh, Kannada by 2 university $\ln ^{2}$ Mysore State, and Tamil by the Annamalai and Madras Universitles. At present post-graduate studies in Malayalam tis undertaken by a government college at Trivandrum, but no facillties for research in the subject have peen, provided and though many studants have made individual efforts to get a doctorate degree in Malayalam .from the Kerala.

University, no one appears to have been sụcessful sorfar.
We therefore recommend that a vary high'priority may be given to tho establispment of $a$ post-graduate department of Malayalam in the university. In view of the importance of Malayalam in the Kerala aroa, it is suggested that the post of a Professor may be created in this department apart from a Iecturershtp. $\bar{x}$ If a suitable scholar is not available,- a Reader may be appointed insteac of a Professor. Department of sanskrit.

The university has a department of Sanskrit which is in charge of a part-time Professor: For the development of this department, the university has aske't for one Professor and one: Reader. It is suggested that for the Third Plan It would suffice if one Professor or Reader and one $上$ ecturer art appointed. If the university is setting up a chair in Malayalam, Sanskrit may have only a Reader. Department of Tamil.

The university has already started a department inTamil (1945) with an endowment made by Dr.Alagappa Chettiyar.

The university has raised the status of the department and agreed to set up postgraduate courses in Tamil. In view of $\rightarrow$ this development, two more Lecturers may be added in addidion to one Reader and one Research assistant already working in the department. This department has undertaken some linguistic studies in Sangham Classics. We are favourably impressed by the work already done and suggest that this may be further developed.

Manuscripts Library
The Kerala University has a first-rate Manuscripts Library consisting of more than 40,000 manuscripts, which is considered to be the second largest library of its kind in India. The manuscripts are mainly in Sanskrit and Malayalam, The research work undertaken by this library deserves encouragement. It should be developed as a first class research centre for the development of oriental languages. The university has asked for two Research Officers in the scale of Lecturer for this library to supplement its present core staff of one Curator, three Research Officers and one Pandit. This may be agreed to and the research ear publication work of the manescripts library may be further strengthened in cooperation with the other language departments of the university. Department of Linguistics.

The Visiting Committee which examined the working of the Malayalam Lexicon project under the Secund five Year ran recommended that the project should be linked up with a department of Linguistics. with the least possible delay. In fact, in the opinion of this Committee, such a department should have preceded a project of this nature and dimension. They have also advised that an etimolugical reconstruction should be attempted in the Lexicon only after a Linguistics department has been set up and the material collected under
-7-
the present project scrutinised by this department. In view of this and in view of the possibilities of development of a Linguistics department in the Kerala University, we recommend that such a department be established urder the Third Five Year Plan. In this departmant.it is nocessary to attract scholars in languages other than Malayalam also though,a Malayalam hias is justifiable. To begin with there should be a scholar each in Tolugu and Kannada. As far as. Tamil and Sanskrit are concerneत, the sorvices of the present head of the Tamil Departmant and Curator of the Manuscripts Library respectively may be obtafned. "ive recommend that this department may have one Professor, one Reader and tro Lecturers, apart from two Reasearch Assistants - one in Telugu and one in Kannade and one frenotypist.

University post-graduate centres à Ernakulam and Cnilcut.

The Kerala University has decided to develop two. mofussil centres - one at Ernakulam and one at Calicut. - for the purpose of strengthening post-graduate teaching.in certain subiects in these places. At prosent the post-graduate work Is largelv confined to some colleges in the headquarters of the University at Trivandrum. $A_{s}$ the: university's jurisdiction covers the whole of the Kerala State and post-graduate facialties are at present concentrated at Trivandrum, whichis situated at the southern end of the state, it is difficult for students in other parts of the state to benefit by thend. The university is anxious to remove this anomaly and has taken the first steps in the direction of develooing post-graduate teaching in two other centres situated in the northiorn part of the state by acquiring campasess apart from a campus at Trivandrum. Departifent of 'Sociol:ogy.

The :university has proposed that the department of Sociology should be located at Ernakulam. It is, however,
our view that it would be in the interest of teachIng of the Social Sciences in the univensity to locate the department of Snciology at Trivandrum, along with the department of Economics, Psychology, Political Science and statistics, where tiere will be fruitful cooperation. We are also of the opinion that departments of this kind which are being newly set up should be organised within the university. The staff appointed by the unjversity can of course make use of the personnel available in any other institutions, but the responsibility for the proper organisation of the department should Iie with the univorsity and the sanctioned staff also should be appointed within the university. The proposal of the university"is to häver one Professor and two Lecturers in the department of Sociology. We suggest the appointment of a Reader and twe Lecturers to begin with.

Department of Hindi.

The university's proposal to establish a
department of Hindi at this centre may be. welcomed. Though in the all India set up Hindi is well looked after, this languago has to be further developed in the southern universities: The university has asked for one Professor and one. Reader for stanting thé department. . We think that one Reader and one Lecturer will suffice to meet its needs during thie Third Plan. An outright book grant of Rs. $25,000 \%$ may "also be given to this department for the Third Plan period.
$\rightarrow 9$
Denartment of Law.
Kerala. University is also anxious to develop postgradate teaching and research in Law, at the. Frnakulam Centre. Hitherto there has been no pnst-graduate teaching in taw (M.I.) and candidates were taking that examination privately: There are two Lawrolleges:- one at Frnakulam and the other at Trivandrum, both of which are managed by tho government. Recentthy provision has been made, at the Law College, Ernakulam for teaching 'Contracts \& Mercantile Lav!' at the post-graduate level. It appears, that stops are being taker for imparting Instruction in some branches, of the M. L. course. The present $\Rightarrow$ proposal to provide in tho university itself las distinct from the colleges) facilities for post-graduate teaching in Law and for legal research are intended to strengthen postgraduate studies in Law in the Kerala University,
-. We agree that the Ernakulam Centre is suited for opentng.a Thiversity Department for post-graduate teaching in Law, because of the fact that the High. Court is located there and other facilities are also available at the place the univer'sty has proposer the appointment of one Professor and one Lecturer at the University Centre. This provision would be - sufficient to start. with, as we understand, that part-time quaifled teachers can be found for supplementing this staff both from the, High Court and from, the Government Law. College. As research facilities are.expanded and p.pst-graduate instruction In Law is imparted in, different branches. of study, one more Header may be: appointed.
" $r$, The dean of the Law, Faulty stated that post-graduate teaching would be in Commercial Law at the Ernakulam Centre. Since M.L. course In Contracts and Mercantile Law has already been opened in the Government. Law College at Ernakulam, it seems desirable to develop the study of a different subject at the University Centre. Some branch of Public Law such as Adminis-
trative Law may be usefully undertaken here. In addition to the M.L. course, it would also be desirable to provide for a Ph. D. degree research course in any of the branches of study at the Master is Degrees level, whether teaching in such branches is imparted by the university or by the t! Government Law College. We also recommend that a sum of on a non-sharing basis Rs. $50,000 /-$ may be made available to the university for purchasing necessary books and journals for the post-graduate department of Law.

Department of Ancient Indian History \& Culture.
At the Calicut Centre, the university has
! 'proposed the starting of a department of Ancient Indian History and Culture. There is at present no provision for the teaching of thin subject in the university and thenefore the proposal to start such a department deserves encouragemont. We agree that the mofussil centre at Calicut, in view of its historical associations, is suited for this purpose and a staff consisting of one Reader and two Lecturers may be sanctioned in this behalf. A sum of. Rs. $30,009 /-$ may, al so be: given by the Commission for bui_fing up a. binary in the slabject. Buildings.

The Kerala University, as pointed out earlier, has acquired three campuses for the development of its teaching and research activities - one. at Trivandrum with an area of 200 acres, one att Ernakulam with an area of 180 acres and one at calicut with an area of 160 acres. The university is anxious to put up modest buildings to begin with in these places.

At $\operatorname{Tr} \ddagger v a n d r u m$ the university departments are at present located in the campus of the overnment college and does not also provide for expansion of facilities required by schemes of development...It: is, therefore, proposed that
－・コー・
post－graduate teaching and research to be undertaken directly by the university should be situated in the campuses．The university departments concerned on the arts side are the departments of Psychology，Politics，Economics and Sociology． Under the Second Plan the Commissiongave a sum of Rs． $36,666 /-$ for the construction of a building for Psychology and Politics which will now be vacated．In view of this，the Commission may meet only $50 \%$ of the cost of the new building to be put up under the Third Five Year Plan．The university has requested that a building with a plinth area of 25,000 sq．ft．＇may be provided during the Third Five Year Plan for this purpose，the estimated cost of which is about Rs，4，00，000／－．The Language Departments of the university，including the Department of Linguistics，will require a new building with a plinth area of about 20,000 sq．ft．， the cost of which is estimated at 302 lakhs．

At the Erpakuiam centre，the departments to be opened ；relate to Law and Hindi．A building with a plinth area sf about ， $13 ; 000 \mathrm{sq} . f t$ ．will be required for these department＇s，including ＊Iibrary facilities，at an estimated cost of about Rs．2，00，000／－． ＇At the Calicut centre the building required is to accommode ．the department of Ancient Indian History and Culture．A building with a plinth area of about 7，000 sq．ft．will be needed for －the department and necessary library facilities at an estimated cost of about Rs．1，00，000／－；

The Vice－Chancellor stated in this connection that at Ernakulam and Caliout the departments are being o＇pen＇ed with the cooperation of some of the local colleges and that they ．will be accommodated in one of the colleges＇at each centre until the university bưildings are ready for occupation．He requested that some assistance may be given to these colleges for expan－ sion of their accommodation which may come out of the normal assistance that will be given by the Commission for development of colleges during the Third Five Year Plan。

Some General Observations．
As a general observation，we would like to draw

University consists almast entirely of persons from the state of Kerala and that there is almost no one from Northern India. This may reflect in part on the difficulty of persuading persons from the north to go to the universities of the south, but in view of the greater mixing that one finds in other universities of India, it is evident that provided adequate encouragement is given, personnel can be found from other parts of India. We feel that $\ddot{a}$ greater degree of representation of the.. different parts of India in the university staff is desirable from many points $\alpha$ view and that efforts should be made by the university in this direction.

We would also like to refer to the Selection Committees and the Committees of Courses that are appointed by the university. Here again, we have found that most of the Committees consists of teachers who are drawn from the neighbourhood of Kerala. We feel that there is much to be gained by bringing teachers from different universities situated in other s.tates and regions and particularly personnel from universities in which particular departments are stroner than elsewhere.

The above proposals are.estimated to involve an expenditure of Rs. 12.00 lakhs (Ni.) and Rs. 8.68 lakhs ( $R$ ) of which the share of the Commission would be Rs. 6.90 lakhs (NR) and RS. 5.98 lakhs (E) as detailed"in, the attached statement.

G.C.V. Subba Rao<br>K.N. Raj<br>K.M. George<br>P.J. Philip.

## UNIVERSITY OF KERATA



## Post-Graduate Mofussil Centres

A. Ernakulam

B. Calicut.


$S_{-} \mathbb{S}_{-} \mathrm{M}_{-} \mathrm{M}_{-} \mathrm{A}_{-} \mathrm{R}_{-} \mathrm{Y}$

1. Spill over of schemes
from Second Five Yoar
Plan to Third Five Year
Plan.

| (i) Humanitics | $\ldots \ldots$ | $9,57,000 \quad(\mathrm{~F} \& \mathrm{NR})$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii) | General | $\ldots .$. | $10,06,000 \quad(\mathrm{NR})$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total :- | $19,63,000 \quad(\mathrm{R} \& \mathrm{NR})-\mathrm{A}$ |

2. Amount already
sanctioned during the Third Five Year Plan. • 35,000 Lib.

Sciencé
3. Additional grants recomended for the Third Five Year Plan.

Rs. 5.98 Lakhs (R)
Rs. 6.90 Lakhs (NR)

Total :Grant Total :-

Rs. 12.88 lakhs ( $R \in \mathbb{N R}$ )

Rs. 33.86 lakhs ( $R \& N R$ ).


UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Meeting ! $\quad 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 62$
Dated: Fth Maroh5-4962:
$222(6)$
Item No. 18(1) $\mathbf{N}^{2} 7$ ): To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the requirements of Madras University during the III Five Yoar Plan Poriod.
$\therefore$ The Visiting Committees appointed by the Commission consisting of the following members visited tho Madras University as detailed below: -

1. Dr.D.C. Pavane ....Vicemancellor,
-Karnatak University.
2. $\because$ Prof. B.R.Soshactiar. ac o Delhi diversity
and \& 3 rd February, 1962.

3. Dr. R.S. Krishman. .... Indian Ingtittate of $\therefore \cdots$, Science, Bangalore.
5 Dr. B.D. Lafota, .... University Grants Commission.
B. HUMANITIES
4. Dr.A.K. Daigupta.

Indian School of
International Studies.
2. Dr. B. Kuppuswemy ......Mysore University. 21st February, 1962.
3. Dr. A: Sharma ..... Osmania University.
4. Dr. P.J. Philip. ..... University Grants Commission.

The reports of the Committees are attached as
Appendices I \& II.
The University has a spitl-over of Rs. 19.29 lakhs in
respect of the schemes sanctioned by the Conmisiston during the
Second Five Year Plan period which could not be completed during

$\ldots: 2: .$.
the 'II Plan period. The break-up of this spillover is as follows:-
a) Science Departments of the University. ... Rs. 7.56 lakhs.
b) Humanities Departments $\quad$ © $\because$.. Rs. 6.73 lakhs.
c) Post-araduate Departments at Madurai Centre of the ":
University
(1) Science ... Rs. 3.78 lakhs
(ii )Humanities.
... Rs. 0.39 lakhs.
d) General schemes. ... As. 0.83 lakhs

Total: ... Rs. 19.29 lakhs

This spillover will have to be taken into account while making grants to the University for development schemes during the Third Five Yoar Plan period. In addition, tho

Commission has already sanctioned a sum of Rs. 7.75 lakhs for purchase of equipment and a sum of Rs. 2.00 lakh e for purchase of library books and journals to moet the basic needs of the Departments of Scionce and Humanities during the Third Five Year Plan period.

The financial implications of the recommendations made by the Visiting Committees are as shown below:-

## A. Science Departments at Madras University Cantiest.


(Contd...3.).

B. Post-graduato Contra at Madurai:--

Name of the_Dapartmont.

Equipment.
Physics: $\quad$ : $1,20,000 /-$
Chemistry.
Zoology.
Mathematics. 40,000/-
Workshop. $\quad 40,000 /-\quad 1$ Mechanic
1 Technician
Total:-...... Rs. $4,00,000 /-$

Staff:

- "
iR, iL, rbarium Astr Foch. $15,000 /-1$ maintenance.

Cartographic Assistant Photographer.

2 P plus 6 R BL

1 Herbarium. Assistant
1 Tech. Asstt. Cartographic 1 Photographer. Rs. 15,000/-
, 6,63,000/:

...: 4 :...
C. Humanities Danartments:


Total of $A+B+C$ :
(Contd...5.).



# UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMIOSION 

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                                    \because%
Report of the Visiting Committee for the University of Madras
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For the assessment of the rogurements of the Madras University for the development of higher scientific education and research during the Third Five Year plan, the Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting. of the following members :


The Committee visited Madras University' on the ind and Brad February 1962 and comonced'its work's at a
discussion with the Vice-Chancellory Dr. A.L. Mudaliar, in an attempt to learn the relative priv ities proposed to to attached by the University to the vario is Schemes submitted by it to the Commission. The Vice-Chincellor gave a brief talk on the major needs of the University and the Chairman Of the Visiting Committee, Dr. D;C. Pavane indicated: the general trends which determine allocations madelyn the Commission during the third Five Year Plan. He ohphasised in particular that the University would be asked to give an assurance in consultation with the State Government, if so desired, to the Comission that all additional posts created on the recommendations of the Visiting Comintec will continue to be maintained by the University when tic Commission's financial assistance towards the salary of the incumbents ceases at the end of the Third plan period. In other words, thess posts will not be fill nd merely on contract basis of
five years. It was also pointed out by the Chairman of the Visiting Committee that any unpaid balances on 31st March, 1961 on schemes sanctioned by the Commission during the Ind Plan but not completed before list April 1962 will be carried over as 'spillover' to the III Plan and will be. included in the overall total grants to be made, available to the university during the current plan period.

Later the Committee met the Heads of the Departments and had a general discussion with them regarding their requirements during the next four years. Some of the items discussed related to the difficulties experienced by various departments in securing import licenses and on that account, finding it difficult to import more specialised items of equipment which are essential for starting work in new areas of research and teaching. There was a general demand for more laboratory accommodation on account of the increasing tempo of research and the expanding admissions. The members of the Committee, on the other hand brought to the notice of the teachers the need for rationalisation in procuring equipment so that. duplication of at least some of the more expensive items could be avoided. Several times the same item of equipment $\angle a s k e d$ for by more than one department. It would be useful if the dopartment intending to make major use of this item could order from its own funds and make it available to other departments for their use as well. This will reduce the requirements in foreign exchange and will, also save money for greater $\dot{x}$ toms of equipment. The other method by which the requirements in foreign exchange can be. reduced is by relying on the import supply of some such items as liquid air, ice, liquid oxygen etc. Such items are more easily available in the market whereas if they aremanufactured in the laboratory the maintenance of the apparatus becomes a big responsibility The total expenditure approved by the Commission for the
development of science departments in Madras University during the Second Five Year Plan came to Rs. $19,36,740 /-$ of which the Commisision's share was. Rs.13,14,492/-, Against this sanctioned amount, total payments made did'not exceed Rs. $5,58,333 /-$ thus, leaving a spill-over of Rs.7,56,159/- to be carried to the Third Plan. The tablt: sk. I giveni below indicate department-wise details of the above.approved non-recurring expenditure.

The recurring grants which were given on the basis of 50 : 50 sharing were mainly confined to' the salaries of staff. During the Second Five Year Plan, the Commission agreed to the appointment of 2 Professors, 4 Readers and 8: Lecturers. All 'the posts were, filled up with the exception of two pastis e.g. $\{1$ Reader and $I$ Lecturer. The total recurring grants paid to the University during the Second-Five Year Plan . !; amounted to Rs. $93,688.77 \mathrm{NP}$ (including Rs. 25,200 as on account recurring grant paid during 1956-57). Table II below shows the department-wise distribution of the additional posts sanctioned and filled up:

```
                                    Table I (IInd Plan)
```

Non-recurring

(1) Addi.accommodation for Deptts. of Inorganic Chemistry, Chemistry and

(ii)Addl.furni.ture and fittings for the Labs: of Organic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry \& Botany 65,000
(iii) Temp.control rooms for Bodany and Biom Chemistry 65,000

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
43,333 & - & - \\
& - & 43,333 \\
43,333 & \cdots & 43,338
\end{array}
$$

(iv) Aquarium \& Water

Supply installation
for Zoology Deptt. 50,000 -4n

Total for Buildings:
3.29.240 2.86.159 ———
$\because$ Scientific Equipment
B. $4 l l$ Science Deptts.

| 1.Physics 1,37,000 | 91,333 | 70,000 | 21,333 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.Chemistry . 30,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | - |
| 3.Organic Chemis-39,000 try | 26,000 | 15,000 | 11,000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4.Physical } \quad 50,000 \\ & \text { Chemistry } \end{aligned}$ | 33,333 | 15,000 | 18,333 |
| 5. Inorganic $\quad 60,000$ | 40,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 |
| 6.Botany - 92,800 | 61,667 | 45,000 | 16,667 |
| 7.Zoology 66,500 | 44,333 | 35,000 | 9,333 |
| 8.Geology in 1,10,000 | 73,333 | 73,033 | - |
| 9.Statistics 25,000 | 16,667 | -4,667 | 12,000 |
| 10.Bio-Chemistryl,37,500 | 91,667. | 35,333 | 56,334 |
| 11.Central Work- 90,000 shop | 60,000 | 60,000 | - |
| Total for 8.37 .500 | ,58,333 | 88.333 | 70.000 |

Q. Library Books \& Journals
. All Science $1,70,000 \quad 1,70,0001,70,000-\cdots-$
D. Creation of Sir
C.V. Raman Professorship

$$
\underline{5,00,000} 3 \text { 3.00,000 } \quad 3,00,000
$$

Grand Total
Non-recurring 19,36,740 13.14.492 5,58,333 7.56,159



|  |  |  | -5- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.Organic Chemistry | - | - | 1 |  |  | $\dot{-}$ |  | $1:$ |
| 4.Physical Chemístry | - | - | 1 |  |  | - |  | 1 |
| 5.Biochemistry | - | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | - |
| 6.Botany ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | - | - | 1 |  |  | - |  | 1 |
| 7.Z00logy | - | - | 1 |  |  | - |  | 1 |
| 8. Geology | - | 2 | 1 |  | - | -2 |  | 1 |
| 9.Mathematics | - | - | 1 |  | - | - |  | 1 |
| 10.Statistics | - | 1 | - |  |  | - | , | - |
| 11.Geography | 1 | - | - |  | 1 | - |  | '- |
|  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  | 3 |  | 7 |

In addition to above, the Commission also sanctioned 7 posts of Research Assistants(one each for the Deptts. of Physics, Inorganic Analytical Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry, Botany, Zoology and Mathematics) and 2 posts of Computors (one each for the the Deptts., of Physics and Statistics) under the Second Five Year Plan. Almost all these, appointments have been made. The Commission also sanctioned a ceiling grant of Rs.45,000 per annum for the maintenance of Ramanujan Institute of Mathematics. w.e.f. 1.4.60 for a period of 5 years.

## Third Plan

The total plan proposals of the Madras University for the Third Plan period work up to Rs.I crore and 60 lakhs. The university expects that the University Grants Commission would contribute at least f upeos 1 crore towards the implementation of these schemes. The university also expects a grant of. Rs. 35 lakhs from the state Government within the duration of the IIIrd Plan period.

As a result of our discussions with the heads of the various departments, the findings of the committee are given below :-

Department of Physics - The department proposes to establish a new section of Bio-Physics and another on Theoretical Physics. Its present activities mainly centre round X-ray and Crystallography. The staff of the department at present consists of 1 Professor, 1 Reader and two Lecturers besides two Research issistants and a Computor. The Department is pretty well
-6-

equipped for its present activities. Some of its additional demands can be more economically fulfilled by collaborating vith other departments in the university. For example, an electron microscope which has been procured under the India Wheat Loan Educational Exchange Programme by the Department of Botany can be profitably used by all those departments including Physics which have research programmes involving the use of. elcctron microscope. Similarly, a microphotometer is available in the department of geology and a workable arrangement could be made by tho departments concerned so that each one can use it for its own purpose.
ins the Physics department is doing good work covering several fields, a provision of Rs.3.0 lakhs would be necessary to meetiits need of improvement and development of available facilities. Out of this amount, the Commission has already sanctioned a grant of. Rs. 1.5 lakhs for this purpose, an
amount of Rs.I. 5 lakhs may be approved. A additional Lgrant of Rs.50,000/- may also be agreed to, to . strengthen the central workshop.

The request of the Physics Department for the purchase of electron computor with accessories at a cost of about $/ 8.8$ lakhs may be taken up at a'later stage when the Commission has taken decision regarding the establishment of centres of advanced research in Physics.

To meet the needs of the new sections of bio-physics and theoretical physics, there will be a need to acquire additional and
 grant of Rs. $25,000 /-$ may be given for the purobase of library books and journals.

The Head of the Department of Physics impressed on us the urgent need for additional laboratory accommodation as for several years, no addition has bcen made to the building in spite of the steady growth of research activities. We feel that an additional area of $7,000 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft}$. would be needod to
$r$-13m
colleges by taking over the responsibility of training these students for one term in each year. In addition to this, the department also helps in the training of personnel for the teachers' certificate.

The staff of the department consists of 1 Professor, 1 Reader and 4 Lecturers including one post of a lecturer. which is yet to be filled. To cover the various specialities in mathematics, the university has requested for the creation of additional posts of' 2 Professors, 1 Reader and 2 Lecturers. Against this demand, the committee feels that the sanction may" be given for the posts of two Readers and 2 Lecturers.

To meet the special needs of the department for additional books and journals, a grant of Rs.50,000/- may be made.

It may be mentioned here that at the suggestion of the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural affairs, the university took over the Ramanujan Institute of Mathematics with the then existing staff. Efforts are being made to appoint the Ramanujan Professor of Mathoratics intima sable hilghersthan thatinow prevailing in the university. The university also proposes to take up a Reader in addition to the present Director(Professor) and two Lecturers.

The university desires that a block grant of Rs.71, B00/per annum may be sanctioned for the maintenance of Ramanujan Institute The committee has not been shown the needs of the Institute in detail. We recommend that the grants being previousId given by the Ministry of S.R' \& C.A. may continue to be given during the Third Five Year Plan period.

Department of Statistics - This department consists of a Professor, a Reader and a Lecturer. The university has asked for additional posts of a Reader and a Lecturer which may be agreed to. A grant of Rs.50,000/- has already been sanctioned for the basic needs of the Department. It is, therefore,

In 1957, the Commission approved the scheme of the Madras University for starting post-graduate centre at Madurai where there are more than half-a-dozen colleges imparting education at the university level. The Commission agreed as an experimental measure to augment the facilities available at the colleges by the establishment of a university centre with a professor in each of the approved departments. It was considered that the Centre will work on a cooperative method of teaching. There are two colleges which enrol students for M.Sc. in Chemistry, two colleges which enrol post-graduate students in Mathematics. There is only one college which is enrolling students for Physics, while there are two more colleges imparting training at the M. Sc. level in Zoology. Another college which was sanctioned help by the Ministry of S.R. \& CoR. for starting MASc. training in Physics could not implement the scheme during the Second Five Year Plan. The scheme has now lapsed and the college is likely to make a request for reviving the scheme. The building sanctioned by the University Grants Commission for housing the postgraduate depart- y. ment of the university at Madurai has not yet been constructed although the sanction was given in 1958 and for the construction of which a grant of Rs. $3,33,333 /$ - was approved. Int present, the existing departments of Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics, Zoology, Economics and Tamil are housed in the building which was constructed for the extension library centre. The library at . . present occupies a part of the building only. This arrangement naturally is not satisfactory.

The experiment of establishing a university sub-centre at Madurai needs a, thorough review. Under the existing system for one subject say, chemistry, not only the university appoints ${ }^{-}$ its own staff ordinarily of one Professor, one Reader and a few Lecturers but the two colleges enrolling students in this " subject also appoint teachers of their own for whom the University

Grants Commission duly gives grants. Similarly, grants are given both for equipment and buildings to the colleges as well as the university centre. It would be much better as an alternative arrangement that the university centre should take up the entire responsibility of teaching at the M.Sc. level, but the colleges may continue to enroll students for M. Sc. courses. The students admitted would enjoy the privileges of college life and will be under the discipline of the colleges but the entire training in the subject would be given by the post-graduate university centre. This will economise in equipment, in building accommodation and also in staff. The college teachers who on their own merit are qualified to teach MaSc. classes should be given facilities for participating in teaching at the post-graduate stage. In fact, they could be given an honorarium for taking part in post-graduate teaching. By this arrangement, the students will get better facilities in equipment, laboratory accommodation and will get. training from teachers of higher qualifications, and at the same time the colleges would have the satisfaction of having, post-graduate students on their rolls without bearing any financial responsibility for providing teaching facilities excepting tutorials etc.

The Madras University desires to establish post-graduate classes in Statistics as well. It will be advisable if the introduction of this new department.is postponed at least for the timembing. funny further extension of the centre should only be considered when the building construction programme already approved is completed. For the maintenance of basic needs of the existing departments, sanction may be given for equipment grants as follows :-


The posts of a workshop mechanic and a technician may


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$$

be created. The working of this aontre may be further reviewed when the departments have occupied the new buildings and present facilities are thereby consolidated.

The university has asked for establishing another centre at Trichur and an additional centre later on at Coimbatore. Establishment of any additional centres of post-graduate teaching may be postponed until further experience has been gained of the Madurai Centre.


Post-graduate Centre at Madurai

| $\frac{\text { Name of the }}{\text { Department }}$ | $\frac{\text { Equipment }}{\text { RS. }}$ | Staff |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Physics | $1,80,000$ | - |
| 2. Chemistry | $1,20,000$ | - |


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## APPENDIX II to <br> Item NO. $+8(8)(7)$ 2e ( 67

Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the schemes of the Madras University for development of post-graduote teaching and research under the Third Five-Year Plan.

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of the following members to assess the requirements of the Madras University for the development of teaching and reserch in the Humanitide and Social Sciences under the Third Five-Year Plan :-

1. Dr. A.K: Dasgupta,

Professor of International Finance, Indian School of International Studies.
2. Dr. B . Kuppuswamy,

Professor of Psychology, Mysore University.
3. Dr. A Sharma

Professor of Sanskrit, Osmania University.
4. Dr. P.J. Philip, U.G.C.

The Committee visited Madras on 2lst Februery, 1962 and had a detailed discussion with the Vice-Chancellor of the University regarding its Third Plan proposals. With regard to the teachers of the university, the ViceChancellor pointed out that since the available resources of the university have been fully utilised for imple. menting the seale of pay recommended by the University Grants Commission under the Second Five-Year Plan and also for introducing a pension-cum-gratuity-cumprovident fund-cum-insurance scheme for the teachers, it would not be possible to revise their salary flurther, if the State Government did not agree to share the expenditure involved during the Third Plan period and to meet the full cost of the improvement thereafter.

Before proceeding to examine the various proposals of the university, the following position
․: $2^{\prime}:-$
regarding the 'spill-over' in respect of schemes (Humanities and General) approved by the Commission under the Second Plan to the Third Plan was broucht to the attention of the Vice-Chancellor and it was pointed out that this amount world be taken into account in determinind the assistance that could be made available to the Madras University during the Third Plan period:-


We would like to make one or two observations about this university before making any recommendations in regard to its proposals for the Third Five-Year Plan. The academic activities of the University have been confined mainly to research nnd the teachers appointed in the various departments have been devoting only a very small proportion of their time to teaching work. Post-graduate students are registered in the colleges and the university teachers merely share in the teaching to the extent of two or three periods per week. We feel that this is not satisfactory and that the university teachers should devote more time to the organisation and conduct of.nost-graduate teachin: at the headquarters of the university. This would greatly benefit the students and would /also act as a stimulant in the research work undertaken by the university teachers themselves. It is also understood that only a few departments are at present sharing in nost-craduate teaching. We suggest
-: 3 :-
that all departments in the subjects in which post-graduate teaching is carried on in the colleges in Madras may participate in the teaching programme. In the light of this view and on the understanding that additional teaching work would be undertaken by the departments, we recommend as follows :-

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS:
There is need for strengthening this department by the appointment of a Reader in any of the branches of Economics in which a specialist is needed and one Lecturer who may be an Econometrician, in addition to the present staff consisting of one Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer and on abolishing the post of one Lecturer-cum-Research Assistant and one Computor sanctioned by the Commission under the Second Plan. This development would also take care of the work of the Unit of Applied Social Sciences Research for which assisttrance earlier given by the For 1 Foundation had come to an: end. With a view to encouraging research work and attracting qualified students for undertaking research work, we suggest that two research fellowships of the value of Rc . 200/- may also be provided. We further recommend that a sum of Rs. 10,000/- may be made available to this department for purchase of books and journals.

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY:
The department has $n t$ present one Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer. In view of the various systems of philisophy for which there is scope of special study and research, we recommend that the staff of this department may be strengthened by the
appointment of one more Lecturer. The department may also be given a sum of Re. 10,000/-for addition of books and journals and some assistance unto a ceiling of PS. $5,000 /$ - for publication of the rescarch work undertaken by the department as and when necessary during the Third Five-Year Plan.

## DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY:

This department has at present à staff consistipg of one Professor, two Readers, one Lecturer and one Lecturer-cum-Research Assistant. "The request of the university for the appointment of a Psychometrician of the status of a: Lecturer in the Department is reasonable in view of the increasing psychometric work undertaken by it. The department may nlso be sarctioned 3 sum of R. 10,00n/- for equipment and Be.l0,000/- for books and journals. Two research fellowships of the value of $R$. $200 /$ - per month may be attached to the department for the furtherance of research in Psychology.

DEPARTNIENT OF HISTORY:
The existing staff of the department consists of one Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer. The university requires one morc Lecturer to teach Middle-East History and in view of the urgent need in this recard, has made the appointment from the beginning of the Third Plan period. We recommend that this appointment may be approved by the Commission and necessary assistance given for the purpose. Regarding the university's proposal for developing the teaching of American History, it was suggested ${ }^{Y}$ that the university may approach one of the American

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-: \quad 5:-
$$

Foundations or the P.L. 480 Fund authorities for obtainning the services of an American Professor for teaching this subject. The department may also be given a sum of Re. $\mathrm{I} O, 000 /$ - for purchase of books and journals. DEPARTMENT OF ANTHROPOLOGY :

The staff of this department at present consists of only one Lecturer, the Professor of Anthroppology who was on contract having felt the university. The university has asked for the appointment of a Reader in addition to the lecturer. This may be agreed to, A sum of Rs. 10,000 may also be given to the department for acquiring books and journals.
 and three Technical Assistants. The university had asked for the appointment a Professor but it was agreed that in view of the difficulty of finding a person properly qualified ${ }^{\text {on g }}$ fill this post, the department might have one more Lecturer.

DEPARTMENT OF TAMIL:
This department is engaged in a number of research activities and it is proposed, during the Third Plan, to undertake a study; of the vocabulary and grammatical structure of the several uncultivated dialects of the Dravidian group of languages in collaboration with the other language departments concerned. The university has asked for one Lecturer in addition to the existing staff of on professor, one Reader and one Lecturer. This may betapproved.

It is further suggested that two research scholarships of the value of Rc. 200/- may be attached to the department for the encouragement of research. A sum of unto Rc. 5,0 no/- may also be placed at its disposal for publication of research works, as and when necessary during the Third Plan period.

## DEPARTMENT OF KANNADA:

*The present staff of this department consists

of one Professor and one Lecturer. It is proposed by the department to take up the revision; enlargement and publication of the Kannada-English dictionary by Rev. Kitted which f is out of print and requires to be brought up-to-date. The department may be given one more Lecturer in view of this scheme, apart from F © . 10, On / - for books and journals and assistance unto P . $10,00 \cap /$ for publication as and when necessary during the Third Plan period.

POSTGRADUATE MOFUSSIL CENTRES:
The Committee then took up the" consideration of the proposal of the university to establish, in addition to the post-gradu te centre, q.t Madurai, which has been set f up with the assistance of the Commission during the Second Plan, 2 more centres - one at Tiruchirappaf́ly and one at Coimbatore - for the promotion of post-graduate teaching. In view of the fact that" the Madras University has to exercise jurisdíction over a wide area and that at present the priơứction of post-gradunte students is disproportionately small as compared to the number of under-graduate Students in the university (post-graduate enrolment is only about $7 \%$ of the under-graduate enrolment as

$$
\text { (cont. }, \ldots . .
$$

compared to the all India figure of about 14\%) it is desirable to strengthen the post-graduate teaching in centres other than the headquarters of the university at Madras. This would also enable the university to exercise a greater control in the interest of standards over the post-graduate work undertaken by colleges at Tiruchirappally and Cimbatore . We, therefore, feel that it is desirable to develop these post-graduate centres and recommend that necessary assistancemay be given by the Commission for this purposed

The academic requirements of a post-graduate centre would be met, in our opinion, for the duration of the Third Plan by the appointment of a Reader and one or two Lecturers. It is funtfer suggested that the head of the department of the relevant department in Madras should have the responsibility of organising the teaching in the mofussil centres. The University staff in each centre should foe responsible for the conduct of post-graduate teaching in the centre in cooperation with such teachers in the different colleges as are qualified to participate in it. We also envisage that teachers would be transferable from the mofussil centers $\dagger$ Madras and vice-versa. This would ensure uniformity and coordination of standards of teaching in the different centres of the university and also enable teachers in the mofussil centres to derive benefits from the facilities available at the headquarters or the university.


The university has proposed that on the Arts side, teaching at Tiruchirappally be confined to . Economics and Sanskrit and at Coimbatore to Economics, during the current plan period.

The new centres would require proper

- accommodation and library facilities. The University has proposed construction of an academic block at an estimated cost of about iso $10,00,000 /-$ for housing both Arts and Science departments at each of the two centres. The Arts portion of the building to be put up at Tiruchirappally is estimated to cost about Rs. 2.5 lakhs and the building for Coimbatore iso 1.5 lakhs, including modest library facilities. The Commission may also make a grant of Rs.50.,000/- for purchase of books and journals for the two centres. It is suggested that the proposal may be approved in principle and details of the necessary accommodation etc., worked out in the light of the needs of the departments concerned. If the experiment is to prove successful, th. is also essential to provide hostel facilities at the two centres. We suggest that assistance may be given by the Commission for providing residential facilities for about 100 students at. Tiruchirappally and Coimbatore. The cost of construction of hostels for this purpose is estimated at Rs. $4,00,000 /-$ * GUEST HOUSE:'

The! Vice-Chancellor invited the attention of the Committee to the urgent need of the University for a guest house to put up visitors. It was costly aria., difficult to arrange accommodation in hotels" in Madras for the guests of the University and consequently ,a guest house should be given a very high priority among the University's schemes. The cost of such a
building is estimated to be about Rc. 1.5 lakhs towards which the Commission's contribution may be limited to R. 1,00,000/- on the usual basis. We recommend this need of the university for the sympathetic consideration of the Commission:

## OTHER SCHEMES_:

The Vice-Chancellor also requested that the Commission's assistance for the Archaeology Department approved under the Second Plan may be continued beyond the period of five years from the date of sanction of assistance by the commission for this department. This request was made on the ground that fere department was established on a regional basis, to serve the need for teaching, research and training in Archaeology and therefore special consideration may be given by the Commission for its continuance. We commend this request to the Commission.

The financial implications of the above proposals are estimated at $\int_{\text {g }}$ 140.90 lakhs (NR) and Ps. 3.80 lakhs (R) for the duration of the Third Plan period (excluding spill-qfer) of which the Commission's share of the expenditure Will be R. 8.40 lakhs (NR) and Rs. 3. 13 lakhs ( $R$ ), as de jailed in the statement attached.


## Madras University




UIIVERSITY GFANTS COMiIISSIOiJ

Moeting:
Dated:April 4, 1962.

Item No. $22(\overrightarrow{(G)}:$ To consider the report on the assessment of the developnent proposals for higher scientific education and rosearch in Marathwada University duri.2s the Third Five Year Plan period.
. . . .

The proposals of Marathwada University for development and establishment of its science deparments during the Third five Year Plan period were assessed by Dr.B.D.Laroia who visited the University on $2 n d$ \& jrd March 1963. A copy of the report is attached as Appendix I.

Duri.g the 2nd Five Yuar Plan á sum of Rs. $80,000 / \ldots$ Was sanctioned to the unive.sity for jurchase of library books for science departments and the samo has beon utilised fully, thus leaving no spill-over to be carried to the 3rd Plan period. During the Third Plan period a sum of Iis. I lakh has already beel sanctioned for purchase of library books and journals to meet the basic needs of the science. dupartmontso inimilarly a sum of Rs.l lakh has also beer sanctioned for jurchase oi books and journals of the Humanities departments. The proposals of the university for humanities departnents and zonesal schemu were assessed earlier
 already been approved by the Comissici durin. the 3rd Plan period.

The avoesment oi the 3rd Plan monosals made in tho report, attached herewith concera the developnelt of the axisting departments of Chemistry, Loolojy ánd Mathenaties and the establishment of the new departments of Physice and Botany in Marathwada University. The total Ion-recurriaj expendituro for construction of laboratory buildin; ${ }_{2}$, purchase of scicatific equipnent, library books and journals and ror the astablimhment of tire centrai workshop amounts to Rs. 16.14 lakhs for the existing departments and Rs.7.35 lakhs for the eotablishment of the new departnents. Similarly the Recurring expenditure fof the next 4 years of the 3rd Plan period amounts to 25.5 .76 lakhs for the existing departments and Rs. 1.58 lakhs for the new departments. Tho Comission's


The matter is placed bofore the Comisuion for its consideration.

## UNIVERSITY GRYTSS COMKIUIIO:

Report on Marathwada University for the development of hizher scientific education during the Third Five Year Plan period.

Marathwada University was established in 1958. At the time of its establishment, 9 colleges in Marathwada which were previousiy affiliated to the Osmania University were brought under the jurisdiction of the new university of Marathwada. The Gevernment of Bombay placed at the disposal of the university the entire building of the New Middle School in Aurangabad alongwith its annexe, for housing the offices of the university and to accommodate some of the university departments in humanim ties and the library, Later, the Government of Bombay acquired the Soneri Mahal site for the university campus with its more than 600sacres of land: The university has prepared a Master Plan showing locations for various buildings both for-academic and administrative purposes as well as hostels, playgrounds, staff quarters; the convocation hall etc.

During the first year of the existence of the university, the Government of Bombay contributed Rs. $1,43,777 /$ tovards a budget of Rs. $2,43 \% 846 /-:$ In the last four years i.e. $1958-62$ the university has received Rs.15,94,990/- as maintenance grant from the State Government. During. the current financial year a second instalment of approximately Rs. 7 lakhs is expected to © be received which will raise the government's contributory grants to nearly 23 lakhs. During the saine period, the State Government bas pipen Rs.5,24,000/-for the capital expenditure including Rs. $2,10,000 /-$ for the purchase of library books and journals and Rs.3,14,000/- for the acquisition of larn.

At present, there are 20 oollorzs arfiliatud to the university, of which, $12 a^{-\cdots} ? ?$ and soience colleges and the remaining 8 are professionit onlo anos including a medical.

college, a college of agriculturu, a college of engineering, 2 colleges of commerce and 2 colleges of education. The list of the affiliated colleges is given in Appondix I. A statement showing the number of students in the various faculties is given in isppendix II(a). Appendix II(b) shows the enrolment of post-graduate students during 1961-62. Out of the entire enrolmenț of 6,454 , the numbor of post-graduate students is 274. The university is running post-graduate departments on the cooperative basis with the local colleges in Aurangabad. The existing post-graduate departments are that of chemistry, zoology and mathomatics in the Faculty of Science. In the Faculty of irts the departments teaching upto post-graduate level are those of Engiish, history, economics, Sanskrit, Marathi and Hindi.

It is understood that to accommodate departments in humanities tac University ronts Commission has already approved the construction of an Arts Block covcring an area of 45,000 sq.ft. and a new building for library, with provision to take in onc lakh volumes. The grants alroady"approved for the library building; an arts Block, a Printing Press and library books are shown below indicating the amounts sanctioned and the sharing basis agreed to :-

Schemes (Humanities) approved by the University Grants Commission of the Marathwada University during IIIrd Five Year Plan.

| Schemes | $\frac{\text { When }}{\text { Sanctioned } \frac{\text { Stimated }}{\text { cost }}}$ | Share of the | $\frac{\text { Basis of }}{\text { sharing }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Library <br> Building | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \& 6 \text { July,Rs. } 9,50,000 \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $6,33,300(\mathrm{NR})$ | at. $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| Arts Block | $4 / 5$ oct. Rs.9,00,000 1961. | 4,50,000(NR) | $\text { at } \frac{1}{3}$ |
| printing <br> Pross | 30/31 Doc. Rs.1,81,000 | 1,21,000(NR) | at $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| Total | Rs. $20,31,000$ | 0 Rs.12,04,300. |  |
| Books (Basj <br> no | ic $\quad$ Rs.1,00,000 | (NR) Rs. 1,00 | (NR) |

$\because$

$-3-$

During the Third Pip．Year Plan period the university desires to develop fully the existing departments of Chemistry，Zoology and Mathematics and to establish new departments of Physics and Botany．

Department nf Chemistry－The post－grucuate teaching in chemistry started during the year 1059－60 on the basis of cooper－ five teaching making full use of the services of qualified staff available in local collects（ In three years the university has spent Rs． $2,54,653 /-$ which includes $k 312,97,746 /-$ is nondrecurring and Rs． $56,907 \%$ as recurring expenditure．．．
－O：There are 8 students taking up chemistry in the M．Sc．previous coons and the same number in the final year of W．Sc．The university expects that this number will go up as soon as more facilities are avinablo and therefore it desires to develop the department on the basis of 30 admissions．On this assumption＇the department Wiling now now Iaboratorizs covering a plinth area of at least 20，000 sq．ft．which at the nato of Rs． $20 /-$ per sq．fte will：cost approximately Rs． 4 lakh es．To this may be added Rs．1， $34,000 \%$ for the＇laboratory services＇ans furniture raising tho totarifoc Rs，雷，34，000\％：No grant for the basic cauipmont has yet been made to this university．If to the basic grant of Ry． .5 lakhs is added another sum of ？s．1， $00,000 \%$ ，it will give ．a fair start to the new department，It，is，therefore，rocominonded that a grant of Rs， 2,5 lakhs may be sanctioned for the purchase of equipment and chemicals．

The university has appointed a professor in chemistry in anti－ cipation of the Univursity Grants Commission＇s sanction．The Professor has joined only recently ie．in February 1962．For the fuller development of this department，there should bo one professor， two Readers and 4 Lecturers．If this is approved，the above posts may be sanctioned on the usual assurance that the univorzjty will kep up these posts even when the assistance＇from the University Grants


Commission ceases.

Department of Zoology - The teaching in the Department of zoology started on the cooperative basis in the year i959-60. Unto February 1962, the university has spent a totcil amount of Rs.2,15,181/- on the development of this department including a ñon-recurring expenditure of Rs.1,92, $\mathrm{CO} /$ /- and recurring expendityre of Rs.23,177/-. Tho department has 14 students in the MaSc. previous class and 8 in tho MaSc. final. So far there were 2 lecturers who jointly with other members of the staff drawn from various college were teaching at the post-graduate level, but just recently a Professor in Zoology has also joined. This appointment has also been made by the university in anticipation of the sanction of a professor's. post by the University Grants Commission. For the fuller development of this department there will be a need of 1 Professor, 2 Readers and 4 lecturers. Two lecturers were appointed by the university and therefore sanction may be given for the post of i professor, 2 . Feeders and 2 additional lecturers:

- For basic equipment in Zoology; the Commission allows ? a grant of Rs.I lakh but as the department is in the initial stages of development, it will nock an additional amount of Rs. $50,000 \%$-, making a total of Rs.1.5 laths for purchase of equipment. This grant will also holp in the creation of a small museum. For building now laboratories for this department approval may be given to construct a block over a plinth area of $14,000 \mathrm{sq.ft}$. The cost of construction including furniture and laboratory services will come to aprovimataly Rs.3.75 lakhs which may be sanctioned.

Department of Mathematics - The Department of Mathematics is being run by tecohers draw h from the colleges only. There are 35 students in the Moa. previous and 8 in the Mon. final. It is
proposcd to increasa acmizsiond to 40 in the next açademic year. For its desirod development, the department will ne.d an accommodation covering a plinth irea of $7,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ff}_{-0}$, the cost of which will come to approximately Rsil. 9 l:nkhs including expenditure on furniture and fittings. An equipment grant of Rs.20,000/- may $b=L$ given to this Department.

A staff consisting of one Professor, one Reader and 2 Iecturers may be aproved in aduition to some lecturers who may be drawn from ćollaces for co-operative teaching:

Department of Physics und Botany - The Departments of Physics and Botany are to bo creatod altogether now. It would however be a good thing if the university starts these two departments durin; the current plan period as that will develop the science faculty in a balancod way, both in physical scienc is and in biological sciences. The departments however being new 'the sharing basis will be 50 : 50 betweon the university/State Government and the University Grants Commission both for recurring and non-recurring expenditure. For the normal development of these two departmants the followind sanctions will be nceded :.

## I- Non-tecurring

(i) Builuings
(a) Physics iopartment - 20,000 sq.ft. piinth area @ Rs.20/-per.sq.ft. - Rs. lakhs
... Cost of furniture $\overline{\text { and }}$

(b) Botany Departmont


- 14,000 sq.ft. @ Rs.20/-per sq.ft. $\quad$ Rs $2,80,000 /{ }^{\text {per }}$ Cost of furniture and
fittingsetc: - Rs $0.95,000 / \mathrm{r}$

Total

$$
=\text { Rs. } 3.75 .12 \mathrm{khs}
$$

(ii) Eauipment
(a) Physics : - Rs. 2.5 lakhs
(b) Botany

- Rs.1.5.it



## Toachins Staff

```
\therefore (a) Physics -. One Profecicor, onc Reacier and two Lecturers
(b) Botuny - Ono Professor, onc Roamer and 2 Lecturers
```


## Iibrary

The univezsity has mare a good start in building a new library. It has acruired iover 55,000 volumes in the Iibrary. The majority of tho books at prosent aro on humanities and social"sejences. During the Second Five Year Plan Rs. 80,000/were gitren for books on sciences also. Under the basic schemes, the Commission has already sanctionad Rs.l, 00,000/for science books and dournals. As all the departments in the univonsity aro alrostobalinins afresh, it, would be helpful if an adiitional grant of Rs.1,00,000/:-is given for the library books and journals on seionce subjocts.

## Workshop

When the departments shift to the new sitte, a central workshop ready to serve the nueds of all science departments will be a nocessity pirticularly because workshop service may not be avialiable in a small town like iuraņabad. For all ordinary type of assistance the university must depend on its own sources. It is, therefore, recommended that a grant of Rs. 50,000 /̈ may be given for the workshop machines and tools and when-the university is ready to construct a building at the new campus a block grant of Rs. $75,000 \%$ may bo given for constructing a shed type building for housing the workshop. The postits of もo mechanics may be sanctioned,

A summary indicatine the financial impzeations of the above recommendations is given below :-

Statement of financial recommendation's for the development of Science Departments during the Third Plan period.

## Marathwada University

I: Non-recurring :
A. Building: Plinth Estimated U.G.C. Sharing area in cost at share basis sq.ft. Rs.20/pore sq.ft. plus cost of furniture and fittings.

B. Scientific Equipment

| Total approved |
| :--- |
| cost |
| 2.50 |
| 2.50 |
| $\$ .50$ |
| 1.50 |
| 0.20 |
| 8.20 |


| U.G.C.'s | Sharing |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Share | basis |  |
| 1.25 | $50: 50$ |  |
| 2.50 | $100 \%$ |  |
| 0.75 | $50: 50$ |  |
| 1.50 | $100 \%$ |  |
| 0.20 | $100 \%$ |  |
| 6.20 |  |  |

C. Library Books and Journals (In addition to' Rs.I lakh' already sanctioned for basic needs) $1.00 \quad 1.00 \quad 100 \%$
D. Central Workshop ":
a) Building



M) Machine tools \& 0.50
Other F"quipment $\frac{1.25}{1.25}$

Physics
Chemistry 2.50
1.25
basis

-IT. Recurring : Staff: (for 4 years)
(a) 5 Professors (one each in Physics, $2.80^{\circ} \quad 2.24 \quad 100 \%$ in case
Chemistry, Mathematics, Botany \& Zoology)
(b) 7 Readers( Two each in 2.80
2.40 of Chemistry Mathematics \& Zoology; 50\% in case of Chemistry \& Zoology; I each in Physics, Botany, Mathematics)
(c) 12 Lecturers (4 in Chemistry and 2 each in Physics, Mathematics, $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Botany \& Zoology) } 3.12 & 2.60\end{array}$
(d) 2 mechanics for workshop 0.20
0.10

## U.C.C. score

Totin: (") for zxiotint

(B) $\underset{\text { ments }}{\underset{\sim}{\text { For }}}$ Depa t- $\quad \underset{R}{N R}$ Total :


$$
\text { Totel:- } A+B=\operatorname{Rs} .30 .83 \text { lakhs }
$$

SUMMARY


UNIVERS ITY GRANTS COMMISSION
Meeting:
Dated 4th April,1962.
Item No. $22(8)$ To consider the Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the development proposals for Higher Scientific Education and Research in Rajasthan University during the Third Five Year Plan perind.'

The University Grants Comission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of the following members to visit and assess the develópment proposals of the Rajasthan Tniversity for higher Scientifice Education and Research during the Third Five Year Plan period:-

| 1. Prof. B.D.Jain | - | Delhi University. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Prof. A.R.Verma | - | Banaras Híndu University. |
| 3. Prof:A.R.Chavan | - | Baroda University, |
| 4. Dr. D. Shankar Narayan | - | University Grants Commission |
| 5. Dr.J. N . Kaul | - | -- - - - - |

The Committee visited the University on the 26 th/27th Febmuary, 1962. The report of the Committee is attached as Annexure I.

The financial impications of the recommendations are summarised below:-
A. SCIENGE DEPARTMENIS:-

Brilding Equipment Library books Staff (Figures in lakhs of Rupees)

| 1. Phystios: | NiI | 1.25 | 0.25 | is | 2 L |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Chemistry | Nil | 1.35 | 0.25 |  | 1 L |
| 3. Botany | Nil | 1.25 | 0.25 |  | 2 L |
| 4. Zoology | 0.30 | 1.00 | 0.25 |  | 1 L |
| 5. Geology | NiI | $\begin{aligned} & 1.50) \\ & 0.50 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 |  | $1 \mathrm{R}, 2 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 6. Mathematics | 2.00 | 0.20 | 0.25 |  | IL |
| 7. Central Workshop | - | 0.15 | - |  | -. |
| Total | 2.30 | 7.20 | 1.50 |  | IR, 9 L |

B. GENERAL SOHEMES

Men's Hostels Staff Quarters
$\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { (Figures in Iakhs C.Share }}$

1.95

Total: $\qquad$ $-2.125$
4.075

- 2 -

SUMMARY:

$$
\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { (Figures in }} \text { lakhs } \frac{\text { U.G.C.Share }}{\text { of Rupees) }}
$$

| A. Science Departments: Non- | 11.00 | 11.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| recurring <br> Staff: Recurring for $4 \mathrm{yrs}$. | 2.74 | 2.74 |
| B. General Schemes: Non- | 8.15 | 4.075 |
| securing. | -21.89 | $\underline{17.815}$ |

With the assessment of the schemes of the' Science Departments and General schemes mentioned in this report the overall allocations of the grants to be made to Rajasthan University during the Third Five Year Plan period comes to as follows:-


The matter is placed before the Commission for its
consideration.

ANNEXUSE I. TO ITEM 22 (8)

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the development proposals for Higher Scientific Education and Research in Rajasthan University during the Third Five Year Plan period.

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee consisting of the following members to visit and assess the development proposals of the Rajasthan University for higher scientific education and research during the Third Five Year Plan period:
l. Prof.B.D.Jain o Delhi University.

3. Prof.A。R。Chavan - Baroda University. . . .
$\therefore$ "4" Dr.D.Shankay Nareyan
University Grants
Commission.
5. Dr.J.N.Kaui - University Grants Commission.

The Committee visited the university on the 26th/27th February, 1962 and held discussions with the heads of the science.: . departments, the deans of faculties of science ard Arts and also held a final discussion on the findings of the Committee with the Vice-Cnancellor on the, 27 tin.

The Departments of Botany and Zoology are presently. . located at Jodhpur and the department of Geology at Udaipur.'The Committee did not visit these centres, but the heads of these departments were present at Jaipur during the course of the discussions. Further, the department of Botany and Zoology are only temporarily located at Jodhpur and are likely to be shifted to Jaipur before the next academic session starts.

During the Second Five Year Plan the Commis sion approved the development proposals of the Science departments of Rajasthan Uni versify mounting to a to out of which the Commission's.share was Rs. 22.5 lakhs. The University, however, could utilise only about Rs.5,34,667/against the capital outiay cf Rs. $20,40,832 /$-thus leaving a spill-

the completion of the projects initiated during the second Plan period. Against this amount, the university has already drawn a sum of Rs.5.31 lakhs during the first year of the current Plan period.

The total teaching staff sanctioned during the Second Five Year Plan period and the appointments made by the University are given belowo Name of the department. Prof. Reader Lecturer Miscellaneous

| 1. Physjes |  | I | 2 | 2 | $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { Workshop } \\ & \text { Engineer. }\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Mathematics |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 4. Botany |  | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 Workshop |
| 5. Zoology |  | 1 | 2 | 2 | Mechanic. |
| 6. Geology |  | - | 1 | 2 | 1 Workshop |
| - |  |  | - |  | Superin_tendent. |
| - | Total | 5 | 10 | 13 | 3 |

Stafi appointed
Name of the Department Exofe Reader Lecturer Miscelleneous

| 1. Physics |  | - | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Chemistry | $a$ | - | 2 |  | 3 |  |
| 3. Mathematics |  | - | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 4. Botany |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  |
| 5. Zoology |  | 1 | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| 6. Geology |  | - | 1 |  | 2 | 1 |
| Total |  | 2 | 9 |  | 12 | 1 |

The donstruction of the physical sciences block approved at a cost of Rs. 8 lakhs during the Second Plan period has now reached the first floor level and the university expects that the building will be ready for occupation by June, 1962. The university,' however, feels that although originally the space in this building was provided for purposes of accominodating the depertments of physics, Chemistry and Mathematics, it is now found that the accommodation will suffice only for the first two departments
and an aiditional third sorey may have to be put up for the department of Mathematics and the department of statistics to be started anew. The construction of the Biological sciences block is yet to start. Tho uriversity, however, hopes that with the transfer or the departinerits of Physics and Chemistry from the present site in the multi-purpose $\mu i g h$ school to the new building in the empris, the eccomnodation in the high school will be made available to tho departments of Botany and Zoology to be transferred from Jodhpur to Jaipur. The plans and estimates of these bionegy departments ane under final scrutiny.

S'he position ae tine spifa-over of schemes approved during the second FIai period and to be completed during the

 Fumanities De vartmorts. .
(b) Jevelopnent schemes of - Rs. 15,06,165
(c) General Schenes

- Rs. 13,63,100

Hot:
$\underline{\text { Rs. } 30,12,032}$
This spillmover in to je tunn - iv voisideration while assessing the cuerall requirements of the university for the current Plan period. In.addition to the above spill..over the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of Pir. 5.75 lains for purchase of scientir -fic equipment for mevting the basic needs, a sum of Rs. 2.75 Iakhs for purchase of library boors and joumals in sciences and Humanitios depertments. Tho Comimsion's share of the schemes for the Hambities varments aiready accepted for the Third Five Year Plan ceriod ariount,s to Rso $10,50,000 /$. Thus the spill over and tho crtenoiture alweacy granitted during the Third Plan amounts to Rs.49.Ir Iatins.

During the course cf: the discussions, it was emphasised that since most of the deparimentis are newly started and are still to nstablish theusolves, the university should intensify and consojidaie these rippartments rather than extensify facilities or airn at stertirg newer branches of study. The


- 4-
present departments have the added responsibility of not only setting up a tradition but also serve as models of standards for the colleges affiliated to the University.

The number of students admitted to the first year MaSc. course in the various science departments at present and the number proposed to betaken during the current Plan period are given below:

1) Physics - 15 to 25
2) Chemistry - 15 т. 25
3) Botany - 10 no 25
4) Zoology - In to 25
5) Mathematics - 40 to 60
6) Geology - I? $\because 0.15$

The proposed increase ir the intake seems reasonable considering the number of stursints passing the B.Sc.Examination and seeking admission to Post. graduate courses in the university. The Committee, however, would like to suggest that this increase i $n$ intake should be phased and the numbers admitted to Botany and Zoology may be limited to 20 in each year and int he case of mathematics need not exceed 50 by the and of the Ord Plan period.

The department of Physics; like ell the other departments has at present a six papers scheme for the M.Sc.degree but from the text academic your will change over to the introduction of a eight papers scheme, ̇̇o provide for specialisation at the final year. It may be desirable for the university to adopt a uniform pattern of number owners taught in the various science departments preferably to wing in the eight-papers pattern as is common in most untursitics. the Committee, however, would like to point our: that the number of lectures. given per paper per week being 4 heirs is rather high; it could be profitably reduced to 3 hours per paper per week. The total number of hours that the students spend at present in
 week which practically leaves no scope for the students to do any collateral reading, reference work, etc., which are essential at
the post-graduate stage. The Committee, therefore, wouid like to suggest that the maximum load of formal teaching given to the student should not exceed 30 hours per week, whether it be on 6-papers or 8-papers pattern. We hope the University will give due consideration to this impor.tant aspect of post-graduate training of students to . encourage the student to learn on his own.

Most of the recuirements made for additional staf is for the: introduction of the tutorials. There. seems to be some confusion regarding introduction of tutorials; particularly at the post-graduate level. During the "course of the discussions it was pointed out that tutorials are generally meant for the under-graduate classes only, where the size of the class is normally such as not to allow contact between the teacher and the taught. In the case of post-graduate classes in science subjects where the number of students is normally small and the teacher comes in close contact with the students both in the lecture as well as in the practical classes for most part of the week, the university need not introduce tutorials. On the other hand, within the frame work of the time-table, provisiôh may be made for providing one or two seminars every week, and the teacher himself should encourage informal discussions with individual students, whenever required: "The Vice-Chancellor has agreed to this suggestion of the . Cominittee.

The findings of the Committee and"the recomnendations - for each of the science departments are given below :1. PHYSICS DEPARTMENT: The department now offens 'wireless' as special paper of study but plans to introduce from the next academic year Spectroscopy and X-rays as additional electives. The professor in the department has not yet been appointed and the university should take necessary steps to fill up this post without delay, and the new
subject to be introduced will naturally depend upon the specialisation of the incumbent to the post. 'It may be desirable that, to begin with, only one of the two new special papers may be introduced now and the third subject may be introduced at a later stage when the department is fully well settled in its new premises. The requirements of space for the department will be fully met in the new building. In addition to Ps. I. 25 lakhs already sanctioned for purchase of equipment we recommend that an equal amount may be given to the department for meeting its additional needs for teaching and research. A sum of Rs .25,000/- may .also be sanctioned for purchase of library books and journals. The present staff of one professor, 2 readers and 2 lecturers may be further strengthened by addition of 2 more lecturers.
2. CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT: The Professor's appointment is yet to be made and the Committee fecls that organisation of the department for any particular branch of specialisation can be done only when this post is filled. A sum of PS: 1. 25 lakhs has already been sanctioned for meeting the basic requirements of equipment of this department. A further amount of Rs. 1.35 lakhs may also be sanctioned for meeting any additional needs of the department, along with a sum of Rs. 25,000/- for purchase of library books and journals. Additional staff recommended for the department is one lecturer. 3. BOTANY DEPARTMENT: The present staff in the department of Botany consists of a Professor, a reader and 2 lecturers. The post of an additional reader sanctioned is yet to be filled and in its place an additional lecturer has been appointed. The department is organised to provide specialisation in the field of Mycology and Plant Pathology and has 6 research students working towards Ph.D. degree. In additron to the grant of Rs. I lakh already sanctioned, the Committee recommends that a sum of $\mathrm{Ps}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{o}} 25$ lakhs may be
sanctioned for this department for purchase of necessary equipment. As in the case of other departments a sum of Rs:25,000/- may be given for enriching the departmental Iibrary. The additional staff required for the department will be 2 lecturers and the same may be sanctioned. 4. ZOOLOGY. DEPARTMENT: The department is currently -organised for providing specialisation in experimental Embryology and Physiology. One of the readers is trained in Radiation Biology and there are two research scholars doing work for Ph.D. degrec. To facilitate the work $\because$ in Radiation Biology a sum of Rs. 15,000/- may be sanctioned for construction of 2 rooms for this purpose. A sum of Ps. $15,000 / \mathrm{m}$ may be given for providing the department with 2 fish ponds and cooling system in the animal room. The requirements of the equipment for the department will be met if a sum of Rs. l lakh is sanctioned in addition to the sum of Rs: I lakh already sanctioned for basic needs and Ps.25,000/- is given for purchase of books and back numbers of journals. An additional lecturese may also be sanctioned for the department. The post of a reader remaining vacant should be filled soon:
5. GEOLOGY DEPARTMENT: The department of Geology located at Udaipur has been sanctioned grants for construction of additional rooms for purposes of providing facilities for training in Applied Geology. The applied geology course is intended to be introduced $\cdots$ as an additional one year course after the two year M.Sc. course in pure geology. A sum of Ps .1 lakh has already been sanctioned for meeting the basic requirements of equipment in the department. The Committee now recommends that for providing facilities in teaching of geology and applied geology an additional sum of ks. 1. 5 lakhs may be given for purchase of equipment and a sum of Rs.50,000/- may be given for purchase of field equipment, camp furniture and a vehicle for training of

may be given for purchase of books and journals. The additional posts recommended are one reader and two lecturers in applied geology.
6. MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT: As already stated above, the physical sciences block was expected to accommodate the department of Mathematics also. The University, however, feels that the accommodation available will not be sufficient for this purpose and, therefore, wishes to provide a third storey to accommodate the department of mathematics as well. as the department of statistics which is to be started newly. It is understood that the Cominitee which assessed the requirements for Humanities departments has already sanctioned the posts of professor, one reader, two lecturers and a demonstrator for statistics department. This Committee, however, is not in favour of starting a new department of statistics. A combined department of mathematics and statistics may function better in the initial stages. With a view to accommodate this composite department, the University may be given assistance to construct the third storey over an area of not exceeding $10,000 \mathrm{sc.ft}$. plinth area in all. The cost of construction of this is expected to be about $1_{\mathrm{s}} 8$ lakhs rupees to which may be added a sum of $\mathrm{Fs} .20,000$ for purchase of furniture. On the whole, the construction of this storey including all fittings, services and furniture should not exceed a sum of Rs. 2 lakhs which is recommended to be given. If the University chooses to put up a separate block within this amount, they may be permitted to do so. A sum of Rs. $25 ; 000 /-$ already sanctioned for purchase of equipment may be supplemented by a grant of another Ps. $20,000 / \ldots$ for purchase of calculating machine: In addition Rs, $25,000 /$ - may be given for purchase of library books and journals. With the staff already sanctioned for the statistics department, the total staff available in the departments of mathematics and statistics will be two professors, wo readers, 4 lecturers
-: $9:-$
and a demonstrator. Since the intake in the department is expected to reach 60 students in each year, one more lecturer may be sanctioned. The Committee would like to mention that the number "of students to be taken for M.Sc. in Statisties should hot exged 12 to 15.

The Committee also recommends that a sum of Ps: 15,000/- may be given for purchase of workshop equipment in the Central workshop during the Third Plan period. GENERAL SCHEMES:

The University has an ambitious plan to construct several hostels for students and a large number of staff quarters during the Third Plan period. The total enrolment in the university at present is about 1,037 and at the most may reach 1,500 by the end of the Third Plan period. The Commission has already sanctioned a men's hostel to accommodate 100 students and 2 women's hostels of 60 students each during the 2nd Plan period at a total estimated aost of Rs. 10.85 lakhs. The hostels are under construction. The university now proposes to construct 5 more hostels for men students at a total cost of Rs.9.57 lakhs. The Committee suggests that the University may be given assistance to construct 2 men's hostels of 60 students each during the Third Plan period at a cost of Fs .3 .90 lakhs, out of which the Commission may agree to pay Rs. I. 95 lakhs.

The University wishes to construct several staff quarters at a total estimated cost of Fs .10 lakhs during the Third Plan period. A good number of staff quarters approved during the 2nd Plan period are under construction. The University may be given further assistance to construct staff quarters (Professors 2; Readers 5; Lecturers 8) at a total cost of Rs.4.25 lakhs out of which the Commission may agree to pay as its share Rs. 2.125 lakhs for the duration of the Third Plan period.

The financial implications of the recommendations are summarised below :-
-: 10 :-

Building: Equipment: Library Staff:
books:
(Figures in lakhs of Rupees)


Summary:
A. Science Departments: $\quad$ I1.00
Non-Recurring:
II.00
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Staff: Recurring } & \text {. } & \\ \text { for } 4 \text { years: } & 2.74 & 2.74\end{array}$


UN IVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION:

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Meeting:
Dated 4 th April, 1962.

Item No. 22 (ф): To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to assess the requirements of S.N.E.T. Foments University, Bombay during the Third Five Year Plan Period.

The University Grants Commission appointed a
Visiting Committee consisting of the following members to visit and examine the development schemes of the SeNoR. Th. Women's University, Bombay elating to science, and the Human ties

 March, 1962. The report of the committee is attached as Appendix $I$. 'The University has a spill over" of Rs. 10.33 lakhs to be til utilised for the implementation of the schemes sanctioned by the Commission daring" the end five Year Plan "period. The

(a) Development Schemes of Humanities Departments:

- RS。7.00 lakhs
(b) General schemes such as students Hostels, staff quarters, etc.

 In addition to the above spillover, the Commission has already $s$ anctioned a, sum of Rs, 2.00 lakhs for the purchase
 of library books and journals to meet the basic needs of the
 departmentsiraf. science: ${ }^{2}$ and humanities during the Third Five Year










 no f iffiversity. Mention may be made of the steps it has taken to strong-
ththen the teaching in English, co-ordinate the, contents of, text-
 books in the different media of instruction of the University


 ii) : In order to, at tract, well -qualified teachers the University has decided, to introduce the revised University Grants Commission scale of NA'. 700 to 1, 100/- for Readers (including Heads of

 years before they care appointed in the lecturer's "stale. iiiju facilities for both under-gráauate and post-graduate s, teaching, are provided by the University at its headquarters at ct "Bombay " hinge, expansion of staff and other facilities proposed for . MCatineriburdiplan pernod relate mainly to post-graduate courses, under. Moi graduate counsels "are deco "expected to benefit it by them.
 $\therefore$ "abtersto change tits 'present arrangement of imparting instruction in the two media - Marathi and Gujarati - in the interest of * maintenance of adequate standards teaching in the post-graduate classes is better conducted in English. "This would also obviate


3 -
the need to appoint two sets of teachers. Students may, however, be permitted to write the examinations through the medium of Gujarati or Marathi.

## II. DEVELOPMENT OF DEPATTMENIS.

A. HMMANITIES.
(a) The present M.A. course in Sociology and Psychology may be re-organised and an M.A. course in Sociology developed in its place, as Sociology is already being taught at the B.A. stage.
(b) The university may; with the assistance of the Central Institute of Enciish at Hyderabad, further explore the possibilities of improving the teaching of Engisish at the under-graduate stage。 As the present M. $\dot{A}$ s course in English is literature oriented, it would be desirable to introducel an optional group in the study of English as a language $\cdots$
(c) The post-graduate courses already provided in Gujarathig Warathi, Hindi and Sanskrit may be developed. The present system of having six papers in the principal language and two papers in one of the allied languages for the M.A. course in the languages may be retained, in view of such a combination being mor for the study of the principal languagere.
(d) The University may take steps to conduct the teaching of tho postm graduate department of Education on weep days and on Saturdays instead of at week ends. The syllabus may also be reorganised, as indicated in the report.

## Library:

(e) The library may be provided with one profossionally qualified staff, one semi-professionally qualified staff and one clerk for dealing with its increasing volume of work. A micromilm reader also may be given to the library.
B. HONE SCIENCE COURSES:
(a) The under-graduate courses in Home Science currently

to the student o a better and broad-based training in basic science subjects and Home Science itself as a whole. There should be no speciam lisation within Home Science itself at the undergraduate level.
(b) The new post-graduate courses proposed to be started should be introduced only when adequate physical and other facilities such as building, equipment, etc., are made ready.
(d) The practice of having part-time lecturers in certain special subjects should be discontinued unless absolutely necessary. (d) The grants are recommended on the ufisual 50 : 50 basis, prescribed for departments having both under-graduate and postgraduate classes. However, since this is purely a women's University, non-recurring grants are proposed to be given on $2 / 3: 1 / 3$ basis.

## PHYSICAL FACILITIES.

(a) The University may be given additional accommodation for carrying on its academic activities in the form of 10 teachers' rooms and a seminar room.
(b) The university also requires expansion of residential
facilities both for students and teachers. Assistance may be given by the Commission for this purpose.

POONA COLLEGE: The Poona College of the S.N.D.T. Women's University is, for historical reasons, considered as a part of the University. The University has asked $f$ r library, laboratory and class-room accommodation for this college as well as one staff quarter. These proposals may be favourably considered by the Commission.

The financial implications of the recommendations of the Committee are given below:-
A. SCIENCE:
(Figuros in lakhs $\frac{\text { Equipment: }}{\text { of Rupees }}$ ) Library books. Staff.
(a) Bombay Centre:
i) Home Science (under
0.50
0.10
$1 R+6 L$. graduate section)
ii) Home Science: Post-


B. HUMANITIES


accommodation 98,300

Poona College

(R)

Summery.

Total Estimated
Cost.
$3,24,300)(\mathrm{NR})$
$4,08.000(\mathrm{R})$
$\frac{4.08 .000(R)}{7.32 .300}$
7.32.300
U.G.C.

(Contd....6. $)$

C.

GENERAL
Building
Equinment
Staff.
Bombay College
Library. - 3,000
Technical staff
2
Clerk - 1.
Staff quarters 1,22,000

Hostel 1,50,000

Poona College.


Summary.

| Estimated cost. |
| :--- |
| $4,85,000(\mathrm{NR})$ |
| $48,800(\mathrm{R})$ |

U.G.C. Share.

3,10,600 (NR)
24.400 (R)
$3,35,000(R+N R)$


The summary of the total financial implications for
the Third Plan Period is given below:-

| Spill-over | Grant. ' | Additional | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| from II Plan | already | amount reco- | U.G.e C. shar, |
|  | sanctioned | mmended by | for III |
|  | for basic needs | Visiting | Plan. |
|  | during III | Committee |  |
|  | Five Year Plan. | As U.G.C. |  |
|  |  | Share. |  |


| Science | - | .50 | 6.11 | or 7.03 | 6.61 or 7.53 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Humanities | 7.00 | 1.50 | 4.26 or 4.5312 .66 or 13.03 |  |  |
| General | 3.33 | - | 3.35 | 6.68 |  |
|  | 10.33 | 2.00 | 13.62 | or $14.91 \quad 25.95$ or 27.24 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.

Report of the Visiting Committee which examined the schemes of the S.N.D.T. Women's University for ... development of teaching during the Third Five Year Plan

The University Grants Commission appointēd a Visiting Committee consisting of the following to examine the development schemes of the S.N.D.T. Women's University relating to "Science and the Humanities under the Third Five Year Plan:

1. Prof.G.C.Banerji, Principal, Elphinstone College.
2. Dr.S.N.Mukherjee, Professor of Education, Baroda University.
3. Dr.N.Mukherjee, Professor of Psychology, Bombay University.
4. Dr.(Miss)Deulkar, Directress, Lady Irwin College.
5. Dr.Justina A.Singh, Principal, Home Science, College, Baroda University..
6. Dr.B.D.Laroia, U.G.C.
7. Dr.P.J.P.ilip, U.G.C.

The Committee visited the university on $8 / 9$ th March, 1962 and had discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Dean of the Faculty of Arts, Principals of the university colleges and Heads of the various departments. The comittee also went round the buildigs of the university.

The University Grants Commission had appointed a Committee in July 1961 under the chairmanship of the late Prof.N.K.Sidhanta, to examine the question of the proper development of the university. The main findings and recommendations of the Committee are contained in Annexure I (attached) . :

The University has expressed its willingness to implement most of the suggestions made by the Committee.. Mention may be made in this connection of the steps taken by the university to improve the teaching of English, co-ordinate the contents of text-books in the different media of instruction of the university, improve teaching in Home


Science and Nursing, etc. We are glad to note that the university has also decided to introduce the revisea"s Unituersity Grants Commission scale of Rs.700-1100 for Readers, including Heads of departments, Rs. 400 to 800 for Lecturers and Rs. 300 to 350 for new entrants who will be on probation for a period of two or three years before they are appointed in the Lecturer's'scale. The new scales are expected to attract better qualified teachers to the university.

The S.N.D.T.Women's University provide's for both under-graduate and post-graduate teaching at its headquarters at Bombay. The university's present proposals relate mainly to development of post-graduate teaching in a number of languages and one or two subjects in the Social Sciences. The expansion of staff and other facilities are expected however to benefit the undergraduate courses also. It may be noted in this connection that in this university Marathi and Gujarati are the media of instruction. The Sidhanta Committee had pointed out that while, for a variety of reasons, this arrangement could not be changed at the undergraduate stage, in the interest of maintenance of adequate standards teaching in the post-graduate classes (except in the languages courses) is better conducted in English. This would also avoid the appointment of two sets of teachers

- for post-graduate instruction. This matter was discussed at some length by the Committee and it was felt that while instruction in the post-graduate classes in the nonlangauge subjects should be in English if adequate standards are to be maintained, the students may be permitted, to write the examinations in Gujarati or Marathi, if they so desire.

Social Sciences: In the field of social Sciences, the university wanted to start post-graduate studies in Sociology and Ps psychology. The university already has an M.A.

- 3 -
course in Sociology and Psychology with six
papers in Sociology and two papers in Psychology. The Committee thought that the practice of offering a major and a minor subject at the post-graduate level was not desirable except in the ianguars. The university agreed to consider this suggestion and reorganise the post-graduate courses in the non-language subjects accordingly.

Sociology is one of the subjects offered at the principal level at the B.A.stage in this university and it is also qu\#ta popular. It would therefore be appropriate to develop an M.A. course in Sociology in the place of the existing combined course in Sociology and Psychology as proposed by the university. . The university has asked for one Reader and two Lecturers in audition to one Reader and 3. Lecturers for this department. The Committee recommendsthat this may be approved by the Cominission, A sum of Rs, $20,000 /=$ may also be sanctioned for books and journals in Sociology to the library.

Though the university had a proposal for starting an M.A. course in Psychology, after discussion, it was agreed that since there is at present no provision for teaching Psychology at principal level at the B.A. stage, the institution of a post.griaduate course in Psychology could be taken up at a later stage. The next step would lie in the direction of starting teaching in Psychology at the principal level for the under-graduate course,

Languages: The university already has facilities for post-graduate teaching in English, Marathi, Gujarati, Hindi and Sanskrit. It is now proposed to further develop these courses. The university has, for this purpose, asked for assistance towards! expansion of staff in the departments concerned.

The university has:introduced some measures to improve and intensify the teaching of English at the

under-graduate level as advised by the Sidhanta Committee. The present Committee would stress the need to continue these efforts, so as to enhance the competence of the students to read and understand books in English in the subjects of their specialisation and also to speak English without difficulty, Only in this way can they be enabled to derive benefit from the writings available in the English. language which have to be studied or consulted. The university should explore the possibility of improving further the under-graduate teaching of English in consultation With the Central Institute of English at Hyderabad.

In the M.A。 course in English at this university there is no provision on teaching English as a language, the present syllabus being literature oriented. The Committee thought that it would be desirable to develop an optional course in the English language, as different from literature, particularly in viewof the urgent need for teachers of English in the schools: and colleges in the State of Maharashtra.

All these developments are expect $d$ to involve additional work on the part of the English department and will require one Reader and one Lecturer in addition to the present staff of one Reader and eight Lectrinem, A. sum of Rs. $20,000 /$ - may also be given for obtaining books and journals in the subject.

For strengthening post..graduate teaching in Marathi, Gujarati, Hindi and Sanskrit, the uris verity has asked for some additional teachers. It. is understood that the departments of sanskrit, and Gujarati have already Readers as their Heads and the departments of Hindi and Marathi do not have any Readers on their staff. The Committee recommends that one more Lecturer may be added to the staff of the departments of Sanskrit and Gujarati and a Reader appointed in the departments of Hindi and Marathi. It was
noted that the M.A.syllabus in these languages consisted of six papers in the principal language and two subsidiary papers in an allied language. The Commattee thought that this system had some merits for the study of the languages and may, therefore be retained. A sum of Rs.5,000/- may be made available to each of the departments of Marathi, Gujarati and Hindi and a sum of Rs. $10,000 /-$ to the Sanskrit department for adding books and journals in thace: Ianguages to the library.

Educ ation : The Committee was not fully satisfied with the working and the pattern of the Master's course in Education. It was felt that in a big city like Bombay, the teaching work could be conducted for at least two hours a day on all working days except on Saturdays which should be a full working day instead of in the evenings er at week ends, as at present. The pattern of the M.Ed.course was discussed in detail and the Compittee recomrends the following frame work:

1. Compulsory Papers (Four papers)
(1) Philosophy of Education and Educational Sociology;
(2) Advanced Educational Psychologyं;
(3) Methodology of Éducational Research (including field-work); and
(4) Comparative Education.
2. Optional Groups: (each group with two papers and a candidate to offer one group only)
Group A: Paper I.- Educational Thoughts;
Paper II- Current Problems of India Education.

Group B: Paper I - Principles of Educational Administration and Administration of Education in India.

Paper II- Administration of Education in Maharashtra and Gujarat States.

Group C: Paper I - Paedometry and Mental measurement; Paper II- Guidance and Counselling.

Group D: Paper I - Child Psychology. Paper II- Childhood Education.
3. Dissertation.

1. Viya-Vocs.


For improving the standard of instruction, it will be necessary to admit only the right type of students and to restrict admissions to about 15 students each year. The universify has adopted both Gujarati and Marathi as the media of instruction, with the result that there is duplication of instruction and specinitration cannot be sufficiently encouraged. As a workable solution, the Comilittee recommends that while instruction may be carried on through English, the candidates may, be given the option to answer the question papers through any one of the two languages,

The' Comisittee commends" that the U.G.C. may give financial assistance on the following items for development of the M. Ed. Course:

1. Staff : Two Readers and two Lecturers- the Readers should be able to conduct courses for Groups ${ }^{\circ} C$ and $D$ of the suggested ${ }^{\circ}$.Ed. course( in addition to the existing staff of 8 recturers)。
2. Furniture and Equipment $\quad$ Rs.15,000/-
3. Books - . . Rs. $20^{\circ}, 000 /$ -

Library:
The university library has at present nearly 40,000 volumes and 122 periodicals. The university has out of its own funds provided a sum of Rs. $45,000 /$ - per annum for adding books and journals to the library apart from the U.G.C. grants. Inclining teachers the library serves a reading community of neaュн g on us wis. The present staff consisting of 7 professionally qualifitu poons and 3 semi. professionally qualified persons and 3 clerks are considered inadequate to run the library efficiently. The university is also anxious to extent the working hours of the library, with a view to encouraging the reading habits of students. In the circumstances, the university's request for one
professionally qualified staff one semi-professionally
 qualjfied staff and one clerk is reasonabie and may be agreed to. The university has al so asked for a micromifm
 "repader which may, be sanctioned.
Physical facilities:
The university does not have accomodation at present
 for teachers! rooms and rooms for conducting windyansoocthe Committee feels that facilitions in this reequare necess ary if the teachin is to be improved It is subgeste theto 10

 provided during, the Third Plan period for postrigredatev teachers, which could also be used for tuto An addtional facility that is urgentiy requipedratatas
 ( ${ }^{2}$.

 Another urgent need of the universíty "relatibestró $\ddagger$ staff quarters. The university 'has a plan of 'addinges istaff
 quarters for unmarried teachers with an arearor 1350 squt. each (consisting of a bed róom, sitting room andren attached bath 'room) and a" "hamily" quarter with fan areatof 1200 sq.ft to' the' college building' at Bombay. "䛼hise max be
 at reasoriabie fent in the city of Bombay and the bexafits - ${ }^{-1}$. $n^{-}$ that accrue from the residence of teachers in the uniyersity. $\because$ 故 Phe facilit"es at present available for the jresjdential accominodation ôe "stu"derts are also inađequate to meet s. present needs int his regard. In the cifunstapes the
 of the college buildings for 30 students at an estimated. cost of Rs.1,50:000/- finw be approved by the Commissiong and assistance on the usual basis extended to the university.


## Poona College:

The requirements of the university college at Poona were also placed before tho Cominttee. This college is, for historical reasons, treated as part of the university. The university has requested that the needs of this?college may be considered as the neeus of the university anu includce in tinc total allocation that may he made available by the Commission during the Third Plan period. As stated by the $S$ dhanta Committee, the college lacks many nacilities and the standards of teaching main. tained by this branch of the university $\begin{aligned} \text { thands in need of }\end{aligned}$ considerable improvement. The immediate needs of the college
 The university has asheci for an alra of 8832 sq.ft. for the Iibrary and an area of 6000 sq .ft. for under-graduate

 these requests to the Ccmmission for sympathetic consideration. The financial implications of the above proposals are estimated to cost Rs. $4,56,800(R)$ and Rs. $8,09,300 /-(N R)$ as detailed in the attached statements,in respect of which the share of the romnission on the approved basis will be
 Third Five Year Plan period.

Development of Studies in Home Science
The S.N.D.T. Women's University has been imparting training in Home Science as an elective subject for the B.A. degree for the last several years. It is now proposed to develop a separate university college of Home Science with provision to impart education in Home Economics both at the under-graduate as well as at post-graduate level, leaving to the degrees of B.Sc. and M.Sc. in Home Science respectively. A beginning, in this direction, was made by the University in June 1960 when a B.Sc. course in Home Economics was introduced. At present, there are two classes ioe.the 1st and 2nd year B.Sc. in the 3-year integrated degree Third Year class will-be added in June, 1962. During the course in Home ScienceL. Third Five Year Plan peri od the university desires to consolidate the under-graduate training in Home Science and to' create a post-graduate department in "Food and Nutrition" to which may be subsequently added a department of "Child Development and Family Relations." There are 160 students in the preuniversity class in Home Science, 70 in the Ist year B.Sc. and 40 in the 2nd year B.Sc. classes. It is intended to increase admissions to the pre-university class from 120 to 160 and accordingly to raise admission to the Ist year B.Sc. class from 70 to 80. Each class of 80 students will be divided into two sections for theory classes and 4 sections for practical classes.

The present staff for the B.Sc. classes consists of a Principal in the grade of Rs.650-900 and 10: Full-time Lecturers in the arade of Rs.300-800/- and 8 part-time Lecturers on an average remuneration of Rs.1,200/- a year. In addition to this staff there are 6 issistent Lecturers or Demonstrators whose basic qualification is B.Sc. in Home Science. They are full-time employees and are placed in a grade of Rs 220-10-260-320/~. The Committee is of the view that even for practicalwork, the univérsity should not employ personnel having lower qualifications than a post-graduate degree in the subject concerned. The Cormittee would, therefore, like that either all the 6 assistant lecturers should qualify by taking M.Sc. degree or should be replaced by better qualified persons with at least M.Sc. degree
to their credit. The Commission may assist the university in meeting $50 \%$ of the recurring expenditure likely to be incurred on creating additional posts of 6 assistant ..... .......... Lecturers in the grade of Rs,300-800/-. To further improve the under-graduete training, it would be desirable that a Reader with high qualifications and experience should be appointed to tone up the standard of teaching at the B. Sc. Level. The Under-gradutte Laboratories in Home Science are pretty well-equipped and ne:d only a little more help to bring them up to the required standard. Some expansion is il so needed to meet the requirements of higher admissions. We, therefore, recommend a grant of Rs.50,000/- for equipment and another Rs.10,000/- for library books and journals.

With a view to meet the expanding demand in schools and colleges
 in Maharashtra state for Home Faience teachers, the University proposes to start postmgraduate training and research in one or two special fields of Home Bionomics. The university has a nucleus in equipment as well as in staff for starting postgraduate training in "Food and Nutrition" and "Child Development and Family Relations". This will enable the group of students from the middle or lower middle class families to go in for higher education in Home Science in Bombay itself instead of going out of the state as they do at present. Several members of the staff have received training and experience in foreign countries in Home Science. On account of the special advantageous position of Bombay as a cosmopolitan centre, the university can rely on the cooperation and assistance from a large number of institutions like Haffikine Institute, the Cancer Research Centre and several other medical laboratories for cooperative teaching. It is in a highly specialised subject where a full-time teacher easier to take a part-time becturerfmay not be available, though
the Committee is not in favour of the appointment of part-time lecturers unless it is imperative -for several reasons, particularly nonavailability on full-tim: basis of really qualified persons in a field of high specialisation.

The university desires to, start post-graduate classes in 1968 only after making adequate preparation for starting new courses and after the laboratory accommodation, equipment and
staff have been satisfactorily arranged. The university has received in the past through some foreign assistance some items of special equipment which would be useful for post-graduate training.

The needs of the post-graduate departments arg assessed as follows :-
(a) Building - The two courses which the university desires to develop at post-graduate level, namely "Food \& Nutrition" and "Child Development and Frimily Relations" will need a building covering a plinth area of 10,000 sq.ft. which will approximately cost Rs. 2 lakhs. To this may be added Rs .70,000/- for laboratory services, furniture and fittings raising the total cost to Rs.

### 2.70 lakhs. .

We understand that the university is trying to acquire a piece of land in Juhu where eventually the home science postgraduate department may be located. st the present, campus's which is situated in the heart of the Fort area of the city is very much crowded and does not permit further expansion. The university is yet uncertain where the new buildings for the postgraduate departments will bo built at Juhu or at the present campus.
(b) Equipment - To the existing department in Home Science, the Commission is giving, as a general rule, assistance pto the amount of Rs.75,000/- for the purchase of basic equipment during the Third Five Year Plan period. In the castile S.N.D.T. Women's University, the department of Home Science is"to be built up anew; and therefore a sum of not less than Rs. 2 latch will be necessary. An amount of Rs. 2 lakhs may be made available on 50 : 50 sharing basis.
(c) The Library \& Workshop - An additional: grant of Rs. $50,000 /-$ may be given for the purchase of books and journals, particularly on the two specialities's in which the Post-graduate education is to be imparted. in grant of Rs.30,000/- may also be given for equipping a small workshop to be attached to the Home

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\end{array}
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Science laboratory. Quite a number of items which are being imported from abroad can be easily made, if a small workshop is attached to the Home Science department. We expect that it would bo possible for the university authorities to set apart a small room for workshop purposes in the new building which is to house the post-graduate department. The services of a mechanic and carpenter will be needed for running the workshop. The two posts may, therefore, be created.
(d) Staff - For competent guidance and maintenance of standards it is desirable that the department of Home Science is headed by a Professor possessing high qualifications and longer experience. The posts should be filled up only if a person of requisite qualification is available. Otherwise for the time-being a Reader can load the department.

For the post-graduate course in Food and Nutrition the posts of 1 Professor, 1 Reader and 2 lecturers may be sanctioned with effect from the academic session in 1963. One additional Reader and two additional lecturers may be added in 1964 if by that time the university, is ready to start the second postgraduate course ie. on Child Development and Family Relations.

## Courses of study:-

In the existing B. Sc. Home Science Programme in the $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{T}$. . Women's University, the course consists of the following 5 groups:-
(1) General subjects including .. 750 Marks
(2) Pure Sciences .. 450 "
(3) Social Sciences .. 200 :
(4) Education .. 250 "
(5) Home Science: (i) Compulsory .. 900 "
(ii) Specialisation 250 "

Total .. 2800 Marks.


In the revised programme for the B.Sc. Home Science, the University has an intention of revising the distribution of marks under various heads as follows:-


The Committee had a lengthy discussion with the Vice-Chancellor, the Head of the Department of Hore Science and the Registrar of the University regarding the new pattern on which the revised courses should be modelled. It was generally agreed that in the new B,Sc. Home Science course a good deal more omphasis should be laid on the teaching of basic sciences. So far as possible specialisation in the under-graduate course should be discouraged and avoided. The training at the under-graduate level should cover breadid $n=$ the entire field of Home Science so that the graduates going out of the university should be able to meet efficiently the demands made on her in a high school Home Science teaching and as a. house-wife for the proper maintenance of her home. We were told that the university authorities intend to hold a seminar for determining the .. expert views before a well-balanced syllabus for under-graduate teaching in Home Science is finally adopted.

## S.N.D.T. Theckersev College for Women. Poona.

S.N.D.T. Women's University actiually arose from the beginnings made at the $S_{\circ} N_{。} D, T$. College for Women, Poona, Historically speaking, the
 Poona College is the foremunner of the university. The college is teaching primarily at the under-graduate level except in few humanities subjects particularly pertaining to the languege group in which training is
the imparted upto/post-graduate level. The only science subject, the course teaches is "Home Science" which constitutes as optional subject in the B. A. Course. At present, there are 50 students in the Fre-university class,


36 students in the first year B.A. class and 10 and 9 in the junior and senior B.A. classes respectively, taking up Home Science as one of their subjects. In other words, the total number of home science students is 105. The total floor area available for the teaching of this subject is about 1,800 sq.ft. which is by no means adequate. The college has one full-time lecturer in home science and 3 part-time lecturers, one in hygiene and the other in chemistry and a third - a medical man - for physiology, etc. There is a distinct need for strengthening staff. We recommend that the 3 full-time lecturers be approved so that two of the purt-time lecturers nay be replaced by full-time lecturers and one additional teacher may be available to meet the increasing teaching load.
. With a. view to improve accommodation in laboratories in home science, we recommend additional accommodation covering a plinth area of 4,000 sq. ft. at a cost of $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{l}$. 20 lakhs including furniture and laboratory fittings.

The College at. Poona is an essential part of the university. It is directly maintained by the university from its own fund and the staff is appointed and admissions controlled by the university, we have included the demands of this college within the scheme of the university development.

As our recommendations cover. the development of both the under-graduate and post-graduate $l e v e l s$ the sharing basis of estiwe'ved expenditure will be 50 : 50 according to the University Grants Commission formula unless the Commission desires to treat the Women's University on special concessional basis and approves to share the expenditure in the ratio of $2 / 3: 1 / 3$.

A summary of the financial implications of our recommendations for the development of Home Science is given below:-

Building: Equipment: Library books: Staff:
A. Bombay Centre:
i) Home Science (Under - $0.50 \quad 0.20 . \quad 1 \mathrm{R}+6 \mathrm{~L}$. graduate section)
ii) Home Science: $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Home Science: } & 2.70 \\ \text { Post-graduate; } & (10,000 \mathrm{sq}, \mathrm{ft})\end{array}$
$0.50 \begin{array}{r}1 P+1 R+2 L \\ (\text { from } 1963-64) \\ 1 R+2 L\end{array}$
Child Development \& Family relations. (from 1964-65)
iii) Workshop:

$$
\frac{-}{2.70} \quad \frac{0.30}{2.80} \quad \frac{-}{0.60}
$$


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Building: Equipment: Library Books: Siaff: (Figures in lakhs of Rupees)

## B. Poona Centre:

Home Science:


SUMMARE:

Total approved: U.G.C.'s share U.G.C.'s share at $50: 50$ at $2 / 3: 1 / 3$ ( $N, R_{0}$ ) \& ( $R$ ) | at $2 / 3: 1 / 3$ |
| :--- |
| ( $N . R$. onlv $)$ |

( Figures in lakhs of rupees)

| Bombay Centre: N. R. | 6.10 | 3.35 | 4.27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R. | 3.54 | 1.77 | 2.77 |
| Poona Centre N.R. | 1.20 | 0.60 | - |
| (Under-graduate only) R 。 | 0.78 | 0.38 | - |
| Total: | 11. 62 | 6.11 | 7,03 |

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-16
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Financial implications of the recommendations of the Visiting Committee of the j.N.D.T. Women's University




The main findings and recommendations of the sidhanta Committee which visited the S.N.D.T. 'Nomen's University in July, 1961.

1) While the Univorsity has decided to confine its medium of instruction to Marathi, Gujarati and Hindi, there is at present no coordination of textbooks in the differrent media for various subjects. It should be necessary to have either translations of the same books in the three langrages or books in English for all the students to ensure proper co-ordination.
ii) The university has. reorganised the syllabus for English at the Pre-university stage with the assistance of Prof. Gokak of the Central Institute of English Studies and has now two papers in Compulsory Finglish: one in Written English and the other in Spoken English. There is, however, no examination in Spoken English. This defect will have to be rectified.
iii) The university appears to be unwiling,for histotical reasons to give units affiliating functions. The Committee got the impression that apart from other considerations some of the colleges affiliated to this university have been attracted to it by the terms and conditions of affiliation which are less stringent than those of other universities. : $\quad$ :

Tho Comalssion mev sumpathetiondmioonsider provosails to be forwarded by, the university for the development of its college at Poona, as the existing facilities in this college fall considerably short of normal teaching requirements.
v) The degree course in Nursing has been improved in the light of the recommendations made by the second Visiting Committee and an experienced person has been appoAnted as the Head of the Department with M. Sc. qualification. The curriculum of the Nursing course will be revised with the help of an Advisory Committee of experts in the field.
p.t.o.
vi) While the recognition of the Bombay Nursing Council is shortly expected, the Indian Nursing Council will be approached for recognition after further improvemont of the Nursing course has been effected.
vii) As the S.N. D.T. Women's University is one of the few centres in the country which provides a degree course in Nursing, the University Grants Commission may consider giving adequate assistance to the university for developing it and sanction grants on a liberal basis. It may he necessary to make a distinction between facilities required for the teaching part of tho course and those to be provided for practical work in the hospital. For the former it may be desirable to give assistance on a hundred per cent basis.
viii) The university has taken a number of steps to upgrade the B. Sc. course in Home Science. Though several teachers with. M. Sc. qualifications have been appointed. there are at least six teachers still with B. Sc. Home Science degrees. As the university is finding it wificult to get sufficient number of qualified teachers with post-graduate qualifications, it is suggested that the university should receuit B.Scs. with Home Science, who may later be deputed for post-graduate studies either in India or in foreign universities.
ix) The difficulty experienced by the university authorities for teachers in Home Science is partly due to the fact that the media of instruction at the university are Marathi and Gujarati. The university may consider adopting English as the medium of instruction In Home Science at the under-graduate level.
x) The university authorities intend to start post-graduate courses in Home Science in Nutrition, Child Health \& Microbiology. The Committee is, however,
-73-
of the view that this scheme should not be undertaken by the university until facilities for the undergraduate courses have been fully developed.
xi) The university should explore the possibility of having day classes instead of evening classes for the M.Ed. course. The question of securing sufficient number of students for this course with the help of scholarships for good students and deputation allowances for experienced teachers should also be examined.
xii) The system of permitting students to take the M. Ed. degree on the basis of the thesis should be given up as there is no proper definition of standard for this purpose.
xiii) The university is anxious to start new post-graduate courses in Arts subjects. The Committee have some misgivings regarding the use of Gujarati, Marathi and Hindi as the media of instruction in the post-graduate level. While the university may continue to make use of the regional languages and Hinei for under-gracuate courses, English would be a more suiteble medium for post-graduate studies.

Meeting :
$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 62$
Dated : Full ifench, 1962.

Item COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE UN IVEIZSITY GRANTS COMMISSION TO ASSESS THE REQUIrEPENTS OF SRI VETHKATSWARA UN IVERSITY. DURING THE THIRD FIVE YEAR PLAN PERIOD:

A Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission and consisting $o f$ the following members visited the Sri Venkatswara University as detailed below: -

Humanities


## Sciences



In addition to the above spill over the Commission has already sanctioned a sum of Rs. 5.80 lakhs for purchase of equipment and a sum of Rs. 2.00 lakhs for purchase of library books and journals to meet the basic needs of the Departments of Science and Humanities during the Third Five Year Plan period.

The financial implications of the recommendations of the Committee are given below:HUMANITIES DEPARTMENTS


## SCIENCE DEPARTMENTS:




## Total for the Third Five Year Plan Period: (hs U.G.C.'s share)



If the recommendations of the Committee are accepted sanction may be accorded to an expenditure of total non-recurring grant of RS. 22.54 (9-30 lakhs for Science Departments and Rs. 1.89 lakh for Humanities Departments and 11.35 lakhs for General Schemes) and recurring expenditure of RS. 5,93 lakhs (Rs. 4.26 lakhs for Science Departments and RS. 1.67 for Humanities Departments) for the duration of the Third Five Year Plan period. The grants will be released to tie University as and when necessary.

[^7]APPENDIX 11 TO ITEM $\dot{\text { IO }(a)}$

Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine and report on the develonment schemes of the Sri Venkateswara University under the Third Five Year Plan.

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee to examine and evaluate the development schemes of the Sri Venkateswara. University for the post-graduate studies and $r e s e a r c h$ in various science subject.

The Visiting Committee consisted of the following members :-

1. Dr. D.C. Pavate, Vice-Chancellor, Karnatak University.
2. Prof. P. Maheshwari, Delhi University.
3. Prof. B. Rn Seshachar, Delhi University, and
4. Dp. B. D. Laroia, University Grants Commission.

The Committee visited Sri Venkateswara University on the 3lst January, and list February, 1962 and had a meeting with the Vice-Chancellor for setting an overall picture of the development schemes of the University for the Third Five Year Plan. During this discussion, the Vice-Chancellor indicated the priorities which the University wished to attach 'to the various schemes submitted by it. The Chairman of the Visiting Committee, informed the ViceChancellor of the recent decision of the Commission regarding the sharing basis of the approved expenditure for various categories of schemes. He also stated that the University Grants Commission will ask for an assurance from the University: that the new posts if created during the Third Five Year Plan will continue even after that plan period, when the financial assistance from the University Grants Commission towards the
(Contd......2..)

salaries of these posts will cease to be operative. It was also nointed to the University authorities that the Committee was not competent at present to take into consideration the schemes for the development of postgraduate studies in medicine and engineering.

Later the members of the Visiting Committee met at a Conference with the various Heads of the Departments in science subjects, under the chairmanship of the ViceChancellor. The question relnting to the esteblishment of an isotope laboratory, the new post-graduste department in"Home Science and the general development schemes of the various departments were considered briefly. The next day the Committee went round the v^rious laborntoriés: and deprotments and had detailed discussions with eech Head of the Department regarding his own schemes. The Vice-Chancellor was kind enough to toke the Committee to the buildines under construction and also round the entire campus. The Committee is happy to note that the campus is fast developing. "The Library building is almost complete and the avonue in front of itt is taking a fine shape, particularly with the old monumental pillars which the University has been lucky to get. These pillars not only give a historical colour but are adorn the campus in an unique way.

The findings of the Visiting Committee are given below :-

The total approved expenditure for the development of the various denartments under the Faculty of Science during the Second Five Year Plan came to Re. 51.83 lakhs of which the University Grants Commission's share was R. 35.15 lakhs. Against the sanctioned amount, total
grants paid to the University during the Second Five Year Plan period did not exceed Rc. 27.58 lakhs, thus leaving an unsued balance of $R$. 7.57 lakhs as spill-over from the second to the thirc plan. The table I given below indicates details of the above expenditure, depar-tment-wise.

## TABLE I


A. Buildings :
(i) Physical and Natural Science Blocks. $37,26,000$
$24,84,000$ 19,60,0no $5,24,000$
( inciuding Rr.
$4,00,000 /-$ paid
. during 1955-56)

B. Sciencific Equipment :

1. Physi.cs

$$
3,15,000
$$

> I, OO,000 paid
> during 1955-56)

16,667



| 5. Geology | $1,50,000$ | 99,833 | 25,000 | 74,833 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| 6. Central Workshop | 45,000 | $, 30,000$ | 30,000 | - |
| Total for Equipment :- | $11,30,000$ | $7,53,000$ | $5,70,000$ | $1,83,000$ |

(Contd.....4..)

C. Books \& Journals :

| All Science Departments : | 2,52,000 | $2,28,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,78,900 \\ & \text { including } \\ & 3,00 n /-190 \\ & \text { uring } 195 \end{aligned}$ | $5 \mathrm{Q}_{2} \circ c ̧ 0$ <br> 56) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Non-Recurring | $51,83,000$ | 35,15,000 | 27,58,000 | 7,57,000 |

The recurring grants which were given to the University were mainly confined to the salaries of the staff members and the Commission's share of the approved expenditure was calculated at 50:50. The Commission agreed to creation of three additional posts of Professors five of Readers and four of Lecturers. All but one post of a Professor and of two Readers were filled up diring , the Second plan. Table 2 given below shows the departmentrwise distribution of the additional posts sanctioned and filled :-

## TABLE II

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $i$$\dot{2}$$3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Physics | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| 2. Chemistry | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| 3. Botany | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 2 |
| 4. Zoology | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 5. Geology | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 |
| 6. Mathematics | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
|  | 3 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

N.B.a- In ad"ition to the 'abotre, the Commission Iso sanctioned the posts of one Suprrintendent mano Mecheni= for
 posts are still lying vacant.
-: 5 :-

Proposals for Third Plan.
The University has submitted schemes for the normal development of science subjects to cost Rs. $26,39,500 / \ldots$. In addition to the improvement and consolidation of the existing departments of study the University has proposed another set of projects involving creation of fresh facilities in newer areas of existing departments and and Engineering establishment of new courses as in Home Science \& Medicine/1 The second set of projects is estimated to cost Rs. $2=0$ lakh:

1. Isotopic Laboratory .. Rs. 5,00,000
2. Museum .. REc. 1,00,000
3. Home science p"st- .. His. 3,00,000 graduate department.
4. Post-graduate Department ... Rs. $1,50,000$ (1.5 of Music. lakhs)
5. Students' Centre ......... Rs. 1,50,000
6. Post-graduate courses in ... Rs. 2,50,000(2,5 Medicine and Engineering. lakhs)
7. Hostels and "staff $\quad \because \quad$ Rs. 5, 00,000 quarters.


As already stated, the Committee is not concerned with the post-graduate studies in Medicine and Engineering, and therefore, has no recommendation to make regarding these. proposals of the University estimated to cost Rs. 2.5 lakhs. The Science Committee is also not dealing with the development of the Music department. This item. will be
taken up by the Committee on Humanities. The proposal of the University for the establishment of musium at a cost of R. 1.0 lakh, is for developing a general musium to cater for the general educ"tional needs of an average student. Howsoever, desirable this project may be, it is not possible to give it a high priority. We feel this proposal should/ until other schemes of higher priority have been implemented.

Hostels and Staff Quarters.
As Sri Venkatesware University is not in
proximity to any big town, its students and members of the staff have to entirely depend on the accommodation private provided by the University as no/quarters can be hired in Tirupati: The Committee, therefore, agrees with the Vice-Chancellor that the scheme for the establishment of new hostels and staff quarters may be given a high priority. The University may be assisted to build 24 Units of staff quanters at an estimated cost of Rs. 6 lakhs out of which the University Grants Commission share comes to Rc. 3 lakhs only.

In the case of students Hostels, the assistance may be given to construct a one men's hostel and two women's hostels at a total cost of Fi. 10.5 lakhs ( 7.0 Iakhs for women's hostels and 3.5 lakhs for men's hostels). The University Grants Commission's share being $75 \%$ on women's hostel and $50 \%$ on men's hostel. wili come to 7.0 lakhs.

The University may also be given financial a assistance for constructing Guest House at a cost of Rs. 1. 5 lakhs and a non-resident student œentre at a cost of Re. 70,000/-. The Commission's share on this expenditure will be Rs. 1.35lakhs.


## Buildings.

During the first and second plan period, the University has received adequate grants from the Commission for the construction of new laborntories for verious science subjects. The science blocks have been completed, furnished and háve been occupied by the departments concerned. Practically almost all the departments are satisfactorily established in the new buildings. The laboratory space and other accommodation are adequate for the present needs of the University and we do not anticipate any further addition to these buildings during the Third Five Year Plan. No recommendation, therefore, is made for any additional, buildings. The position may, however, be reviewed, if necessary, after the expiry of first three years of the present plan:

## Scientific Equipment

The University Grants Commission has already sanctioned the following amounts for meeting the needs of the various departments for basic scientific equipment :-

Total:- Rs. 6,80,000
(Contd....8..)

-: 8 :-

The above grants should suffice for the basic needs, but to meet the requirements of research and of special needs of training in newer areas of study, additional equipment is necessary and we recommend that the following grants may be sanctioned on the $100 \%$ basis :-

Department of Mathematics \& Statistics:
The chief need of the department is for calculating machines for which a grant of Rs 50,000/may be given. The department particularly needs back volumes of journals and we recommend that Re 20,000/should be given to the mathematics and Stastics section from the general grant of Re. 1.0 lakh, which we are going to recommend for all science departments. Department of Physics:

The Department of Physics is equipped for electro-eccoustic, spectroscopicand X-Ray work. The department has asked for a further grant of Rs. 3.0 lakhs for purchasing additional equipment in these branches in addition to the equipment required for ionospheric that
research. We are not sure thoough/the department should equip itself with liquid-air plant at this stage, because a good deal of maintenance will be needed for which additional staff may have to be employed. We, however, feel that an additional grant of Rs. 2 lakhs may be given to the department of Physics for procuring special equipment in the fileds in which it is specializing. We are sure the University will be able to get liquid-air from the market as Madras, the supply centre is not fer off. If, however, the department gives
special priority to the purchase of liquid-zir plant, we have no objection if the same is purchased from the equipment grant of $R s .2$ lakhs which we recommended for the Physics departmentfor the purchase of additional equipment. This is in addition to Rs. 1.5 lakhs sanctioned for basic equipment.

Department of Chemistry.
The Department of Chemistry desires to have an additioniz grnnt for introducing facilities for the teaching and research in radio Chemistry.' One of the members of the staff had already received some experience in this branch by working at the redio chemistry laboratory of the Atomic Energy Commission at Bombay. The Head of the Department has agreed to prepare a revised list of his requirements in consultation with the Head of the Department of Radio Chemistry Atomic Bung Commission. We recommend that a special grant of Rs. 1 1.kh may be given to the department for preparing a suitable room for Radio Chemistry work, we also recommend another grant of Ls. $50,000 /$ for special chemicels which may be needed for research work. Thus an additional grant of Kc. 1.5 lakhs may be sanctioned for the Department of Chemistry for the purchese of equipment and chemicals. This is in addition to Rc. 1. 5 lakhs already sanctioned for basic equipment.

Department of Zoology :
The Department of Zoology desires to start a neuromphysiology laboratory for which it proposes to have three thermostatically controlled cold rooms.
(Contd.....10..)

The rooms will be used for neuro-physiology, cellphysiology and experimental embryology. The department has asked for a grant of Re. 2 lakhs for special equipment including radio isotops. A grant of ks. 1 lakh: has already been sanctioned by the Commission for the basic needs of the departmant. We recommend that additional 1 .lakh rupeess may be sanctioned for enabling the department to buy special equipment porticularly for work on experimental embriology. In addition to this, a grant of Re. 50,000/- may be approved for the museum and for the mObile unit for ficld Laboretory. This would mean an additional grant of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ lakh for the Department of Zoology.

## Department of Botany.

A grant of one lakh has already been sanctionod to this department for its needs in basic equipment. To meet its requirements in special equipment for research and post-graduate tork; we recommend an additional grant of Rc. 1 lakh plus Fc . 50,000/- for museum herbarium and field work. .

## Department of Geology:

A Erant of R. $80,000 /$ - has already been
sanctioned for Geology. Another grnnt of equal amount should suffice for its present needs. The department is yet in the process of developing and will need some time for consolidation before it begins to operate in special fieldṣ.

## Staff

For the Department of Stntistics which requires special strenghening, we sugrest that the

posts of one Professor, one Reader and one Lecturer may be created but the post of Prof. should be filled only if a suitably qualified person is available. The. Departments of Physics and Chemistry each should have additional posts of one Reader and one Lecturer. These may be approved. The. Department of Zoology needs one additional Reader for experimental Embryology, and a Lecturer with a special knowledge in cell-physiology. This may be agreed to . The Department of Botany is well staffed but it needs one more Reader to meet the needs of the special papers which this department is $t$. teaching particularly in plant physiology. Similarly a Reader's post may be sanctioned for the Department of Geology, and that of a Lecturer in GeoChemistry.

## Library

To meet additional needs of the research libraries in various science departments, a grant of RS. 1.0 lakh may be approved in addition to the Rs. 1.0 lakh already sanctioned for library books and journals.

Workshilpse:
The University has got a good building for the workshop but this had to be temporary placed at the disposal of the Engineering College, the buildings of which are not yet ready. We hope very soon the workshop buildings will be available to the science departments. For strengthening this workshop, we recommend a grant of $\mathrm{Rs} .50,000 \%$ for the purchase of machines and tools.

The financial implications of the recommendations are summarised below :-

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(Contd....12..)
```


## I NON-RECURRING:

## $\rightarrow 3$

.1. Building: Nil
2. Equipment:


Total N.R.R. 9. 30 lakhs
4. Additional Staff:

| , $\cdot$. | Prof. | Reader | Lecturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statiotics | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Phyaies | - | 1 | 1 |
| Chomistry | - | 1 | 1 |
| Zoology | - - | 1. | 1 |
| Botany | - | 1 | $\div$ |
| Geology. | - | 1 | 1 |
| - | $\underline{-1}$ | --- | 5 |

Total (@ Fc. 14, 000 per annum for Professor Rs. $10,00 \mathrm{~N} /$ - for-Reader, Ps. 6,500 for Lecturer, for a period of 4 years)


Rs. 4.26 lakhs

Total NR $+R=9.30+4.26=13.56$.
(Contd.......13..)

II GENERAL :

| . .fo - , | ${ }_{7}^{p s_{0}}$ | RS. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Women's hostel | $? .00$ | 5.25 |
| Men's hostel | 3.50 | 1.75 |
| Guest House | 1.50 | 1.00 |
| Non-resident | - |  |
| Student Centre | 0.70 | 0.35 |
|  | 12.70 | 8.35 |

Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the development schemes (Humanities) of the Sri Venkateswara University under the Third Five Year Plan.

The University Grants Commission appointed a
Visiting Committee consisting of the following members to assess. the requirements of the Sri Venkateswara University for the development of Post-graduate studies and research in the university under the Third Five Year Plan:-
(i) Dr. A.K.Dasgupta

Professor of International Finance
Indian School of International Studies.
(iii) Dr. B.Kuppuswamy

Professor of Psychology
My:sore University.
(iii) Dr. A.Sharma

Professor of Sanskrit
Osmania University.
(iv) Dr. P.J.Philip, UGC.
2. . The Committee visited Tirupati and had discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar and heads of the various departments on 23 rid February, 1962. The Committee went round the campus of the university and noted the progress made in the construction of the various academic buildings of the university. A number of buildings were nearing completion and it was evident that the university would soon be in a position to perform its functions more conveniently.
3. At the outset the Vice-Chancellor's attention was invited to the following position in regard to the 'gplll dyor' from the Second Five Year Plan to the Third Five Year Plan on account of the schemes approved by the Commission and it was pointed out that this expenditure would be taken into account in determining the extent of assistance to be made available by the Commission to the Sri Venkateswara University during the Third Five Year Plan period :-

4. We got the impression that in some of the departments of the university not much research work is at present being done and in the circumstances welcomed the proposals put forward to strengthen the research activities of the university in different subjects. We would, however, like to point out that research schemes of the kind presented by the departments, by and large, belong to the area of normal activity expected of the departments and that the quantum of assistance asked for is therefore on the high side. This aspect of the university's proposals was discussed with the Vice-Chancellor and it was agreed that the assistance of the Commission should be directed to facilitate the normal rosoarch work of the departments rather than provide for rescarch in a special way. The proposals of the university have been considered in the light of this view and we have to report as follows:Department of English:

- Among the research projects which the department placed before us, we thought that priority may be given to a "Comparative Study of Medieval Romances in English and Telugu". The department has now one Professor, six Lecturers and three Tutors and may be given one Research Asṣistant to help in the research activities of the Professor and the department generally and also a steno-typist. We further recommend that a sum of As. 10,000/- may be given for tho purchaso 'mon boóks and journals and Rs.l,200/- for obtaining a typewriter.


## Department of Telugu:

The needs of this department may be given some special consideration in view of the fact that Telugu is the regional language of the area in which the university is situated. The department has a scheme for publication of an English-Telugu dictionary which deserves encouragement
and support. The Commission may approve the appointment of three Research Assistants, in addition to one Professor, one Reader, six Lecturers and two Tutors and provision of a sum of Rs.5,000/- for office equipment, stationery, etc., for this purpose. The sum of Rs.2,500/- requirad. for books and journals may also be sanctioned. Assistance may be given for printing of the dictionary after the work is completéd.

## Department of Sanskrit:

This department is anxious to take up a number of projects involving editing and translating of classical Sańskrit works. To enable the department to do so, the existing stäff of one Reader, three Lecturers and one Tutor may be strengthened by the appointment of one Research Assistant. A sum of Rs. 15,000/- also may be given for the purchase of books and manuscripts. A suitable grant for publication of some of the research works of the department may be considered,as and when necessary, on the university approaching the Commission for this purpose during the. Third Five Year Plan.

## Department of Hindi:

A department of Hindi in a South Indian University, such as Sri Venkateswara University, deserves encouragement. It has a number of proposals to promote comparative studies in Hindi and Telugu as well as to undertake translation of existing Hindi classics into Telugu. In the circumstances, the post of a Rescarch Assistant may be added to the existing staff of one Professor, three Lecturers and one Tutor and a sum of Rs.15,000/- given for purchase of books and journals to the department.

Department of Urdu, arabic and Persian:
It is encouraging to find that Sri Venkateswara University has given a place for the teaching of Urdu, irabic and Persian in its programme. The department is interested in research work relating to the early connections of the indira State to these languages and we recommend that one Rescarch $\Perp s s i s t a n t ~ m a y ~ b e ~ a d d e d ~ t o ~ t h e ~ d e p a r t m e n t ' s ~ s t a f f ~$ of one Professor and three Lecturers and a sum of Rs.15,000/given for books and equipment for its furtherance.

## Department of Philosophy:

The university has put forward a proposal for the preparation of a dictionary of Indian Philosophy. This work is of an all-India character and has to be undertaken by a board of editors. The university may organise the work with such assistance as may be given to it by the Commission. We recommend that the department's staff of one Professor, trio Readers and three Lecturers may be enlarged by two more Research issistants and a sum of Rs.2,000/- per annum may be allotted for giving TAis. to experts who may be invited from different parts of the country for participating in the work of preparation of the dictionary. Remuneration for pundits and other contributors will require Rs. $20,000 /$, , $\sim$ a,

## Department of Psychology:

The staff of the department consists of one Professor, six Lecturers and two Tutors. The university desires to develop, an animal laboratory for this department. This has not been done in any other centre so far and therefore merits encouragement. ss the animal laboratory will be helpful in conducting fundamental research in Psychology, the scheme may be encouraged and the following assistance given for
the purpose:-

| Recurring | Non-recurring |
| :---: | :---: |
| Research 山ssistants - 28 | One Typewriter - Rs. $1,200 \%$ |
|  |  |
| Steno-typist - 10 | Laboratory Equipment \% |
| inimal Keeper - 10 | including ones of Duplicator |
| Technical issistant - 18 | Books \& Periodicals - Rs.20,000/-. |

## Department of History:

This department has a number of research schemes which relate to the History of indhra Pradesh. One such a number of scheme concerns the compilation of larchaeological inscriptions of indhra Pradesh. ins this would be a work of !source-talue', we commend it to the Commission and suggest that the department may be given assistance in respect of the following:-


There are at the moment one Professor, one Reader and six Lecturers in the History, Department.

Department of Economics:
This department has not becn so far undertaking any specialisation, its work being confined mainly to teaching a number of papers in Economics. We.feel that it is necessary to specialise at the Moi. level. We suggest for the consideration of the university a system of teaching optional subjects with two papers for each optional paper, as recommended someretimenago by the

Committee of Economists appointed by the Ministry of Education. The department may be given a steno-typist

p.t.o.
5. The Vise-Chancellor also explained the need for construction of a Guest House and provision of quarters for the teaching staff of the university. The university had approached the Commission earlier for 24 quarters yin addition to an equal number of quarters for the construction of which grants were given by the Commission under the Second Five Year Plan. It was proposer that the 24 quarters newly to be built may consist of 8 quarters for Professors, 8 for Readers and 8 for Lecturers, the estimated cost of which will he in the region of Rs. 6.00 lakhs. The university is agreeable to meet " $50 \%$ of this expenditure. The Committee recommends that this request may be favourably considered by the Commission in view of the crucial importance of residential facilities in a place like Tirupati where accommodation for teachers is not easily available. The situation of the university in an out of the way part of the country also justifies provision of as many staff quarters in its campus as possible.
6. Implementation of the proposals enumerated above is estimated to cost Rs.9.39 lakhs (NR) and Rs. 1.67 lakhs (R) during the Third Five Year Plan. is all these schemes pertain mainly to development of research in existing departments, the full cost on this account may have to be met by the Commission during the plan period. Including the cost of the Guest House and Staff Quarters which are to be shared, the contribution of the Commission (excluding spill over) to the Sri Venkateswara University during the current plan period In respect of the development schemes will he about Rs.5.89 lakhs(NR) and RS.I. 67 lakhs (R) as detailed in the attached statement.

## Sed Vankateswara Univarsity




Confidenti.EI

## University Grants Commission Raft Marg, Now Delhi.

Mooting:
Date
Time
Place
Dated th April, 1962.
$10.00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$.
University Grants Commission: Office.

SUPFLBMGTTADY AGED
: Add l. Item 1: To receive the report of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to look into the Reports of the Visiting Committees and other matters.

Addle. Item 2: To consider a letter received from the Vice..-Chancellor, Visva-Bharati regarding revival of Rebindra Shaven and continuation of Sheri Probodh Chandra Sen as Professor of Bengali. ser w he the of 65 .

Add. Item 3: To consider a proposal from the Delhi $\mid$ University for assistance for the ostablishment of a Library Extension Centre in New Delhi.

Kamatak
Add. Item 4: To consider the proposal of Bharwr ar minivarsity for construction of two hostels.

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMAISSION

Meeting：
．Dated：4th April， 19.52.

Add．Item I：－To receive the report of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to jook into the Reports of the Visiting Committer $s$ and other matters．

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The Commission appointed a Committee consisting of Dr．D．S．Kothari，Sheri S．Bhoothalingam，and Shri P．N．Kirpal to 100 into the following matters：
i）the report of the Committee appointed to determine the Broci－Grant far the Indian School of International Studies；
ii）the pay scales of teachers in technical institutions as recommended by the A．I．O．T．E．；
iii）the Reports of the Visiting Committees plac ad before the Commission at their meeting held on Fth March， 1962 under Item 18（a）（III Plan schemes of Universities）．

The Committee has given its report on all these questions which is enclosed（Appendix＇$I^{\prime}$ ）for the consideration of the Commission．


APPENDIX I to Additional Item: 1
Minutes of the meeting of the Committee appointed by the Commission to look into the reports of the Visiting Committees and other matters.

The meeting of the Committee was held on 24 th March, 1962 at 2.30 P.M. in the room of the Chairman, U.G.C. The following were present:-
2. Dr. D.S.Kothari.
2. Shri S,Bhoothalingam.
3. Shri P.N.Kirpal.

I- Indian School of International Studies - Block Grant
The Committee felt that, though when the Schooi was affiliatẹd to the University, it might have been covered by a block grant as for the university, in its present stage of development, it may not be best to lay down a block grant. We may consider the requirements of the School annually according to its actual. needs.
2. The Committee noted that up to the end of the Second Plan period, in addition to the varjous grants that were available to the Schocl through various Foundations e.g. Rockefeller Foundation, Ford Foundation, Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, etc., the University Grants Commisston aiso gave a subvention on "cover the deficit" basis subject to a maximum of one and a half lakh of rupees per annum. In addition to the specific schemes approved during the Second Flan period, the assistance that was available to the School for various purposes, e.g. professorial and other perconisl, library material, etc., through these Foundations having stopped or being likely to stop in the near future, the need for piacing rosources at the disposal of the School, to cover these purposes had to be examined. The Committee was of the view that the activities of all the sections of the School could not yet be described as being of a permanent nature; some of them e.g., Department of Nepalese Studies, Central Asion History and Institutions and other Asian regions might be comparatively-speaking permanent, but the position was not the same in regard to all other schemes.

The help of the Reserve Bank, it was noted, would be continued unto May 1966 for Studies of International Economics. Though, apart from an Honorary and Visiting Professor, two posts of Professor - one for International Relations and one for West Asian History and Institutions - had been sanctioned, only one post of Professor in International Relations had been filled up and the second one was vacant and a post of Reader instead had been filled up under Rs. 1.5 lakhs scheme.
3. a) From an overall point of view, the Committee held that all non-acaderic posts sanctioned under i. 5 lakhs or Second Plan and earmarked grants be continued on a parmanent basis. For any additional staff the School should send proposals to the University Grants Commission for scrutiny and sanction.
b) In addition to the academic posts sanctioned under 1.5 lakhs, the School may have three Visiting Professors/Reader of whom one may be from outside India during any year. The Visiting Professors from India may be appointed for a period of one to three years on terms and conditions to be settled in consultation with the University Grants Commission and, to the extent possible, the appointment of Honorary Professors may be discontinued altogether.
c) With regard to the academic appointments sandtioned for the Second Plan period, the Chairman was requested to discuss with the Director to determine which of them could be treated as on permanent basis and which should still continue to be on "development" basis.

It was also suggested that each scheme under the earmarked grants may be examined by an expert for the information and guidance of the Commission.
d) The following decisions were taken in regard to certain detailed features:-
(i) The School should not accept without the prior approval of the Commission any assistance as for an
"earmarked project" or "gift" if it involves any permanent liability later;
(ii) Research Assistants: The total number of Research Assistants to start with may be nine and they may be placed in the scale of Rs. 300-25-350 plus usual allowances (as for Central Universities). These Research Assistants, in addition to helping the Professors/Roaders in their research, would carry on research for submission of their own doctorate theses;
(iii) Part-time Lecturers appointed by the School may continue to be paid as at present;
(iv )The provision of Rs. $50,000 /-$ per annum recombmended by the Committee for Research Material was accepted;
(v) Scholarships: The School may at any given time have ten scholarships of tho value of Rs. 200/- per month for students who are admitted immediately after passing M. A. Examination and in addition there could be not more than ten junior and senior fellowships at any given time of the same value as in the case of similar fellowships of the U.G.C. (Junior Fellowships - R. 300/- P.M. and Senior Fellowship Rs. 500/- P.M.). The eligibility conditions for these fellowships will be the same as those prescribed by the U.G.C. for their fellowships.
(vi) Field Work: The provision of Rs. 20,000/- pea. recommended by the Committee was accepted.
(vii) In regard to other normal operating or adminis.
tration expenses, in view of the fact that the grant will bo paid on the basis of annual budget, the school should get its budget for these items approved by the Commission;
(viii) No re-appropriation should be made from one head to another without the prior approval of the Commission. 4. The above decisions will take effect from the year 1961-62.

The Committee considered the decision of the A.I.C.T.E. that university technical institutions need not be divided into Classes $A$ \& $B$ (post-graduate nd graduate) institutions for the purpose of salary revision but be permitted to offer either class $A$ or $B$ scales according to the qualifications and experience of the teachers and decided as follows:-
a) The Committee noted that in the case of Central Universities the Commission has already decided (Resolution 25 , 5th and 6th July) that the scales of pay for different categories of teachers in all faculties including teachers in technical departments (excepting teachers in Polytechnic) be the same and that, wherever in exceptional cases it becomes necessary, a small number of selection posts in the scale Rs.1600-1800 (or higher scale) may be created with the prior approval of the Commission. The above decision, the Committee thought, would meet also the requirements of the Faculty of Engineering \& Technology. The Committee also felt that the present decision of the A.I.C.T.E. would not serve the vary purpose for which it had prescribed separate scales earliar for teachers in post-graduate institutions: b) The Committee was of the opinion that as the Principal of a technical institution should primarily be a Professor and would be so in practice, he may be given an administrative allowance of Rs. $2 x 0 / \sim$ p.m. in addition to his pay as Professor.
c)

State Universities which are desirous of introducing the Central Universities scales for their technical teachers may be permitted to do sc and the Committee's recommendation about creating a small number of selection grade posts may also apply to them.
$-5-$
d)

The Committee decided that while fixing the safarlies of technical' teachers in the Central University scales the dearness allowance drawn by them may be taken into account i.e. the teacher may be given the benefit of the next higher stage over the basic salary plum D.A. dram by him.
e) The Committee also agreed that the scales of pay of teachers in nontechnical and technical subjects in the Aligarh Muslim University Polytechnic may be the same as in other faculties.

## III- Visiting Committee Reports

Out of the Pl an provision of Ps. 37 crores (which includes spillover) about Rs. 19 crores will be required;for Revision of scales of pay (Bs. 2.5 crores), Tree Years Degree Course, (Rs. 4 crores), Post-graduate and Under..graduate Education in Affiliated Colleges. (Rs. 6.5 crores), Centenary Grants (Rs. 1. 81 crores), Medical Colleges ( 0.9 crores), Students' Welfare Scheme etc. There is therefore roughly Rs. 18 crores available for schemes of the kind recommended by Visiting Committees.
2. When proposals relating to the first 21 Universities were considered by the Committee, the expectation was that those schemes plus similar schemes for the remaining Universities could be more or less accommodated within Rs. 18 crores. Further studies reveal that $\angle a l l$ the recommendations of the Visiting Committees are accepted and implemented within the Plan period, and the needs of the other remaining Universities are also taken into account on more or less the same basis; the total requirements are likely to be of the order of about Rs. 27 crores. It is, therefore, likely that some pruning will become necessary by the application of triopities. This might be so even if allowance is made for a spillover into the Fourth Plan on the one hand and the possibility of more funds being available on the other. There is
also the possibility of re-allocotions in the light of actual progress of work and expenditure. In view of these factors the Committee considered that final allocations $c$ an be made only after a study of the recommendations in regard to all the Universities.
3.

Meanwhile it is necessary to give some advance
indication to the Universities of the funds likely to be made available if the progress of work is not to be slowed down. For this purpose the Committee decided that a communication may forthwith be addressed to all the Universities in the following manner:-
(1) For implementing the recommendations of the Visiting Committees and the spillover on similar items already sanctioned a sum of Rs. will be required.
(2) A preliminary review indicates that only about $70 \%$ of the sum mentioned above can be now promised as formally available.
(3) After a further review it may be possible to allocate some additional funds. In later years re-allocations may also be possible in the light of actual progress of work and expenditure.
(4) Universities are, therefore, advised to select for implementation schemes requiring $70 \%$ of the funds indicated in (1) and go ahead with those projects. The Commission may be informed of the selection, Universities are requested to observe the following order of priority as far as possible:-
(a) Work already commenced under spill-over.
(b) Staff
(c) Equipment
(d) Buildings.
4. With regard to the Campus Projects of the

Central Universities, it was agreed that schemes for each of the four Central Universities should be prepared and . submitted to the Committee.
5.

It was felt that the Visiting Committees
Reports in their present pattern do not furnish sufficient
$-7-$
information by way of evaluation of the work done in the universities. Thiṣ was partly because of the short time available to the Visiting Committees. 'It was agreed that after Visiting Committees have visited the universities in connection with the financial allotinents under the Third Plan, separate committees may be appointed to evaluate the work. done by the universities and make suggestions for the improvement of the level and standard of teaching and research work. These reports would be of value the theman sion not only in determining such additional assistance as may become possible during the later part of the Third Plan period but also in connection with the formulation of requirements for the Fourth Plan.


UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.
Meeting:
Dated 4th April, 1962

Addl. Item:2. To consider a letter received from the Vice-Chancellor, Visva-Bharati regarding revival of Rabindra Bhavan and continuation of Shri Probodh Chandra Sien as Professor of Bengali after the age of 65.
$+++++$
The Vice-Chancellor, Visve-Bharati'in his
letter dated the 18th February, 1962 informed that some years ago, for reasons not known to him, the former Rabindra Bhawana was converted from an academic department into Rabindra Sadana - a museum of paintings, different editions of literary works, newspaper clippings and other. personal belongings of Rabindra Nath Tagore. The University authorities now think that it will serve a useful purpose if the old Rabindra Bhawana is revived as a separate additional acadenic Bhawana (College), as it previoug $\ddagger \mathrm{y}$ was, and the museum attached to it is kept for purposes of research. This will necessitate the creation of a new post of Professor attached to Rabindra Bhawana in addition to the present post of Professor in the department of Bengali of the Vidya Bhavana or the University College of frts. In case the proposal for having a new Professorship in Bengali at Rabindra Bhawana is not acceptable to the Commission, the existing Professorship in the Vidya Bhawana may be transferred to Rabindra Bhawana and an additional post of a Reader in Bengali may be created for Vidya Bhavana. In that case the Vidya Bhavana will have at the head a Reader instead of a Professor in Bengali.
2. The Vice-Chancellor has further stated that the present Professor of Bengali, Shri Proboah Chandra.

- 2 -

Sen, who has attained the age of 65 , may be permitted to continue as Professor of Bengali and heiad of the Rabindra Bhawana for a further period of three years. as he is physically fit and mentally alert. He is , also described as a recognised authority in Bengali literature in general and in Rabindra literature in particular. It will be extremely difficulty, it is stated for the University to find a suitable teacher of Bengali to be appointed as Professor in place of Shri Probodh Chandra Sien. Moreover, Professor Sen wad Head of Rabindra Bhawana when it was a separate academic department. 3. To sum up, the proposals contained in the letter are as follows:-
(a) That Rabindra Bhavana may be revived and the Rabindra Sadana may be attached to it as a museum for purposes of research and for collection and exhibition of the literature, artistic works and personak belongings of Rabinara Nath Tagore.
(b) That the Rabindra Bhawana so revived, may be placed under Shri Probodh Chandra Sen as its Professor and head who will carry on and guide research in Rabindra litetrature.
(c) That one more post of a Reader in Bengali may be created for Vidya Bhavana in the plact of the Professorshipheldhithorto. by Shri Sen.
(d) That Shri Probodh Chandra sen who will attain the age of 65 in April, 1962 may be appointed as Professor for a period of three ycars on a fresh contract.
4.

It may be montioned in $t$ is connection that in anticipation of the Commission's approval, the Executive Council of the University has already extended the term of Prof. Sen by one year beyond the age of 65.
5. This question was also discussed by the

Vice-Chancellor, Visva-Bharati, with the Chairman of the University Grants Commission when it was pointed


- 3 -
out that the continuation of the services of Professor Sen beyond the age of 65 might/create an awkward peccant and lead to difficulties for the Commission if similar requests come from other Universities. But keeping in view the eminence of Prof. Sen, it might be possible to give him an honorarium of is. 4,000/- pea. under the scheme of retired University Professors/Readers already approved by the Commission.

In reply, the Vice- Chancollorhas stressed that the University finds it impossible to find a worthy successor to Professor Probodh Chandra Sen and in case the request of the University in giving a fresh contract for a term of 3 years to Professor Sen is not accepted. by the Commission, the University might have to do without a Professor of Bengali vide copy of letter enclosed.

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.

SEN /30.3.62.


Encirosure to Add. Itel Meeting dated S.4.1962.

Copy of the d. 0.7 Jotter dated 18th March, 1962 fro Shr S.R.Dass, Vice-Chancellor, Visva-Bharati Univ Santiniketan addressed to Dr. D. S. Kothari, Chairman. University Grants Commission; New Delhi.

1

## Re: Rabindra Bhavana - Prof. Probodh Chandra Sen.

This' is to acknowledge receipt of your two letters of the 9th and 13th/l4th instant which are certainly disconcerting for us. I trust you will forgive me if, in my reply, I appear to be rather insistent in the matter.

As you will readily appreciate, Bengali is one of the major departments, if not the major department, of Visva-Bharati. The teachers employed therein teach the Bengali language ard literature in general and Rabindra literature in particular. Prof. Probodh Chandra Sen was the Head of the Rabindra Bhavana when it was a separate academic Department and had several research scholars under his supervision. Later on when Rabindra Bhavana was merged in the department of Bengali in the Vidya Bhavana Prof. Sen was transferred to that department as its Head. He is certainly recognised as an authority on the subject and is one of the two or three top-men. He has got a number of publications to his credit. When Prof. Sen was about to attain the age of 60 years in 1957, Prof. S.N, Bose, who was then the Vice-Chancellor of Visva-Bharati, recommended and in view of the excellent merit of Prof. Sen the $\mathrm{V}_{\text {isva-Rharati }}$ University reemployed Prof. Sen on a special contract of service for 5 years and he continued as the Head of the Department of Bengali.

The term of 5 years will expire in April next when Prof. Sen will attain the age of 65 years. I have looked round and I find it impossible to get a worthy
 mentally alert. That will be a calamity which I shall be loath to contemplate.

I may inform you that my Executive Council at its meeting dated 21.1. 1962 in anticipation of your approval, extendud the services of Prof. Sen at present for a year with a further assurance of considering his case sympathetically, if a new Rabindra Chair could not be established for him. It may, in this connection, be also noted that there are precedents for the continuation of the services of eminent educationists even after the attainment of the age of 65 years. The cases of Dr. Sushil Kumar " Dey and Prof. Guha, both of Jadavpur University, may be cited as instances. There have been similar instancef even in Visva-Bharati. The cases of Prof. Mohini Mohan Bhattacharya and the late Tejesh Chandra Sen and Shri Nitai Vinode Goswami, Lecturers, are in point. It is also to be remembered that, apart from academic excem llence, there arc other qualities which have also to be taken into account in judging the merit of teachers in a residential University, particularly of the type of Visva-Bharati. Prof. Sen is thoroughly in tune with the ideals of Visva-Bharati and its corporate Ife. It will, in the circumstancos, be extremely awkward, if you do not, on a reconsideration of the matter, approve of my suggestion. I would not have pressed the matter in the way I have been doing, had I not been convinced that in the best interests of Visva-Bharati, it is necessary to continue the services of Frof. Sen for at least 3 year:

University Grants Commission

Meeting :
Dated 4th April 1962
Addl. Item 3 : To consider a proposal from the Delhi University for assistance for the establishment of a Library Extension Centre in New Delhi.

The Delhi University have with the cooperation of the Ramakrishna Mission, New Delhi, Leet up a Library Extension Centre in the premises of the Mission at New Delhi. The University have paid a grant of Rs. $79,810 \%$ to the Ramakrishna Mission for the construction of Library Building to which the Ramakrishna Mission have also added some amount and now the Library constructed will provide for reading room facilities for 360 seats. The University have requested that a grant of Rs. $74,000 /-$ may be made to them for the following purposes in the same connection :-

1) Books - Rs .50,000
2) Furniture - R's.20,000
3) Installation - Fin. 4,000
of fans

The University have; ensured that if at any time the, arrangement entered into with the Ramakrishna Mission of having a Library Centre at the Mission is discontinued the books, furniture and the fans that may be acquired and accommodated in the new Library Building will be returned to the University.

The matter is placed before thu Commission.

University Grants Commission

Meeting：
Dated：4th April 1962

Addl．Item 4－To consider the proposal of Karnatak University for construction of two hostels．

The Karnatak University had，in the Third Five Year Plan proposals submitted to the Commission， included the construction of two hostels for 200 students at an estimated cost of Rs． 6 lakhs and furniture for the same costing is．50，000／－；the Commission＇s share at $50 \%$ being Rs． $3,25,000 /$ ．The proposal for the hostels was not considered by the Visiting Committee which visited Dharwar and the Commission in their meet－ ing held on 7.2 .1962 decided that the requirements of all Universities with regard to hostels and staff quarters may be placed before the Commission at a later meeting in a consolidated form．A comprehensive note regarding the assistance to the Universities for hostels and staff quarters is being prepired and will be placed before the Commission shortly as soon as complete or nearly complete information is ready．In the meantime the Vics－Chancellor，Karnatak University has requested that，in view of the urgency for the hostels，the Commission may sanction the construction of these two hostels for 200 students．If the proposal of the University is accepted，the grant will be paid on the usual sharing basis．

The matter is placed before the Commission．


[^0]:    NOTE: The pay with reference to wich the allowance will be given .) while the Govt. servantis un ex suspeasion or on leave will be the pay admissible to him at the tifme he was placed - under suspension or procee.ed on leave.

[^1]:    215. S. B. Gardw College Laborary \& B. P. Baria Science Building.
    $82,902 \quad 55,268 \quad 38,000 \quad 12,000$ Institute, Navsari.
[^2]:    *Kaushik*/22-2/62.

[^3]:    *Kaushik*/28-3/62.

[^4]:    - 

[^5]:    *M.D.Mishra*
    5/3/1962.

[^6]:    (this department is to be started anew during tre 3rd Plan period.)
    contd...

[^7]:    *M.D.Mishra*
    5/3/1962.

