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DIRECTORATE  
OF  
ECONOMICS  
& STATISTICS,  
GOVT. OF  
GUJARAT

**KEY STATISTICS  
OF  
GUJARAT STATE  
2009-10**

Publication Branch

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# **GUJARAT-DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE**

## **1. Location**

Gujarat state came into existence as a separate State on 1<sup>st</sup> May 1960.

The State is situated on the west coast of India between 20° - 6' N to 24° - 42' N north latitude and 68° - 10' E to 74° - 28' E east longitude. It is bounded by the Arabian Sea in the West, by the State of Rajasthan in the North and North-East, by Madhya Pradesh in the East and by Maharashtra in the South and South East.

The State has an international boundary and has a common border with the Pakistan at the north-western fringe. The two deserts, one north of Kachchh and the other between Kachchh and the mainland Gujarat are saline wastes. The State has a long coast-line of about 1600 kms. and is the longest among all States of country. As per 2001 population census, Gujarat State comprised 25 districts, sub-divided into 225 talukas, having 18066 inhabited villages and 242 towns. Gujarat has geographical area of 1.96 lakh sq. kms. and accounts for 6.19 percent of the total area of the country. At present state comprises 26 districts. A new district Tapi has been carved out from Surat district with effect from 27<sup>th</sup> September, 2007.

## **2. Demography**

According to the Population Census 2001, the population of Gujarat stood at 5.07 crore. The population of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the State have been reported at 35.93 lakh (7.09 percent) and 74.81 lakh (14.76 percent) respectively. The decadal growth rate of the decade 1991-2001 has increased in comparison to 1981-1991 from 21.19 percent to 22.66 percent. The density of Gujarat was 258 persons per sq.km. in 2001. The sex ratio i.e. females per 1000 males was reported at 920 in 2001. The effective literacy rate in the State (excluding children in the age group 0-6 years) has increased from 61.29 per cent in 1991 to 69.14 per cent in 2001. About 37.36 per cent population of the Gujarat state resides in urban areas. Out of the total population of 506.71 lakh in the state, 170.25 lakh (33.60 per cent) were main workers, 42.31 lakh (8.35%) were marginal workers and 294.15 lakh (58.05 per cent) were non-workers. According to the population census 2001, the total number of households were recorded to 96.44 lakh.

POPULATION			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	Total Population (2001)	'000	50671
(a)	Males	"	26386
(b)	Females	"	24285
(c)	Rural	"	31741
(d)	Urban	"	18930
(e)	Percentage of Rural Population	%	62.64
(f)	Percentage of Urban Population	%	37.36
2	Density of Population	Per Sq. Km.	258
3	Effective Literacy Rate (excluding population of 0 - 6 age group)		
(a)	Males	%	79.66
(b)	Females	%	57.80
(c)	Persons	%	69.14
4	Sex Ratio (Females per 1000 Males)	Nos.	920
5	Decadal Growth Rate, 1991-2001	%	22.66
6	(a) Total workers (main + marginal)	Lakh	212.56
(b)	Percentage to Total Population	%	41.95
7	(a) Cultivators (main + marginal)	Lakh	58.03
(b)	Percentage to total workers	%	27.30
8	(a) Agricultural Labourers (main + marginal)	Lakh	51.62
(b)	Percentage to total workers	%	24.28
9	(a) Workers in Household Industry (main + marginal)	Lakh	4.30
(b)	Percentage to total workers	%	2.02
10	(a) Other Workers (main + marginal)	Lakh	98.62
(b)	Percentage to total workers	%	46.40
11	(a) Main Workers	Lakh	170.25
(b)	Percentage to Total Population	%	33.60
12	(a) Marginal Workers	Lakh	42.30
(b)	Percentage to Total Population	%	8.35
13	(a) Non-Workers	Lakh	294.15
(b)	Percentage to Total Population	%	58.05
14	(a) Population of Scheduled Castes (2001)	'000	3592.72
(b)	Percentage to Total Population (2001)	%	7.09
15	(a) Population of Scheduled Tribes (2001)	'000	7481.16
(b)	Percentage to Total Population (2001)	%	14.76
16	Effective Literacy Rate Among S.C.(2001)		
(a)	Males	%	82.56
(b)	Females	%	57.58
(c)	Persons	%	70.50
17	Effective Literacy Rate Among S.T.(2001)		
(a)	Males	%	59.18
(b)	Females	%	36.02
(c)	Persons	%	47.74
18	No. of Households (2001)		
(a)	Total	Lakh	96.44
(b)	Urban	"	37.58
(c)	Rural	"	58.86

### 3. State Income

According to quick estimates, **Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP)** of Gujarat State at factor cost at constant (1999-00) prices in 2008-09(Q) has been estimated at Rs.228460 crore as against Rs.213092 crore in 2007-08(P), registering a growth of 7.21 percent over the previous year. At current prices, GSDP at factor cost in 2008-09(Q) has been estimated at Rs.337217 crore as against Rs.303734 crore in 2007-08(P), showing an increase of 11.02 percent over the previous year.

The State Income i.e. **Net State Domestic Product (NSDP)** at factor cost at constant (1999-00) prices in 2008-09(Q) has been estimated at Rs.191932 crore as against Rs.177871 crore in 2007-08(P), showing an increase of 7.90 percent over the previous year. At current prices the NSDP in 2008-09(Q) has been estimated at Rs. 281266 crore as against Rs. 255780 crore in 2007-08(P), showing an increase of 9.96 percent over the previous year.

**Per Capita Income** (i.e. Per Capita NSDP at factor cost) at constant (1999-00) prices has been estimated at Rs.33608 in 2008-09(Q) as against Rs.31594 in 2007-08(P), registering a growth of 6.37 percent over the previous year. The Per Capita Income at current prices has been estimated at Rs.49251 in 2008-09(Q) as against Rs. 45433 crore in 2007-08(P), showing an increase of 8.40 percent over the previous year.

Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value		
			2007-08 (P)	2008-09 (Q)	%age growth over previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>1</b>	Gross State Domestic Product				
(i)	At Current Prices	Rs. Cr.	303734	337217	<b>11.02</b>
(ii)	At Constant (1999-00) Prices	Rs. Cr.	213092	228460	<b>7.21</b>
<b>2</b>	Net State Domestic Product				
(i)	At Current Prices	Rs. Cr.	255780	281266	<b>9.96</b>
(ii)	At Constant (1999-00) Prices	Rs. Cr.	177871	191932	<b>7.90</b>
<b>3</b>	Per Capita Net State Domestic Product(Per Capita Income)				
(i)	At Current Prices	Rs.	45433	49251	<b>8.40</b>
(ii)	At Constant (1999-00) Prices	Rs.	<b>31594</b>	<b>33608</b>	<b>6.37</b>

## 4. Agriculture

The major food crops in the State are Rice, Wheat, Jowar, Bajra, Maize, Tur, Gram and Groundnut, while major non food crops are Cotton and Tobacco. In the year 2004-05, the Gross Cropped Area and Net Cropped were reported to be 112.57 lakh hect. and 97.47 lakh hect. respectively. In the year 2004-05, the total net irrigated area was 35.28 lakh hect. in the State. As per the Agricultural Census, 2000-01, the average size of land holding was reported to be 2.35 hectare.

The production of total foodgrains based on final forecast during the year 2008-09 was estimated at 63.45 lakh tones. The production of cotton and total oil seeds were estimated at 70.14 lakh bales (each of 170 kgs.) and 39.32 lakh tones during the year 2008-09 respectively.

As per triennium average ending the year 2008-09, the production of the total food grains, cotton and total oilseeds were estimated at 68.11 lakh tones, 77.22 lakh bales (each of 170 kg.) and 38.84 lakh tonnes.

AGRICULTURE			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	Gross Cropped Area, 2004-05	Lakh Hect.	112.57
2	Net Area Sown, 2004-05	Lakh Hect.	97.47
3	Reporting Area, 2004-05	Lakh Hect.	188.12
4	Net Irrigated Area, 2004-05	Lakh Hect.	35.28
5	Percentage of Net Area Irrigated to Net Area Sown, 2004-05	%	36.19
6	Gross Irrigated Area, 2004-05	Lakh Hect.	42.80
7	Percentage of Gross Irrigated Area to Gross Cropped Areas, 2004-05	%	38.02
8	Percentage of Net area sown to reporting area, 2004-05	%	51.81
9	Area under food crops to Gross Cropped Area, 2004-05	%	43.49
10	Area under non-food crops to Gross Cropped Area, 2004-05	%	56.51
11	Cropping Intensity, 2005-06	%	114.74
12	Net Cropped Area per Agricultural Worker-2005-06	Hect.	1.91
13	Average size of Land Holding (2000-01)	Hect.	2.35
14	Consumption of N.P.K. fertilizers, per hectare, 2007-08	Kg.	162.33
15	Area Under Principal Crops (Average of triennium according to final forecast – 2006-07 to 2008-09)		
(a)	Rice	'000 Hect.	732

(b)	Wheat	..	1146
(c)	Total Cereals	..	3386
(d)	Total Pulses	..	831
(e)	Total Foodgrains	..	4217
(f)	Groundnut	..	1872
(g)	Total Oil seeds	..	2861
(h)	Cotton	..	2383
16	Production of Principal Crops: (Average of triennium)		
(a)	Rice	'000 Tonnes	1306
(b)	Wheat	..	3074
(c)	Total Cereals	..	6176
(d)	Total Pulses	..	635
(e)	Total Foodgrains	..	6811
(f)	Groundnut	..	2603
(g)	Total Oil Seeds	..	3884
(h)	Cotton	'000 Bales	7722
17	Yield of Principal Crops (Average of triennium )		
(a)	Rice	Kg./Hect..	1781
(b)	Wheat	..	2664
(c)	Total Cereals	..	1817
(d)	Total Pulses	..	763
(e)	Total Foodgrains	..	1609
(f)	Groundnut	..	1390
(g)	Total Oil seeds	..	1358
(h)	Cotton	..	551

## 5. Animal Husbandry

Animal Husbandry and Dairying have played a vital role in the rural economy of Gujarat. As per the results of livestock census 2007, there were 237.94 lakh livestock population (including dogs) in Gujarat State. As per the estimates of the survey of major livestock products, during the year 2008-09, the production of milk, eggs and wool were estimated at 83.87 lakh tonnes, 12675 lakh eggs and 28.54 lakh kg. respectively. During the year 2008-09, the total fish production was recorded at 7.66 lakh tonnes.

<b>ANIMAL HUSBANDRY</b>			
Sr.	Item	Unit	Value
No.			
1	2	3	4
1	Livestock Census – 2007		
(a)	Total Livestock (including Dogs)	Lakh	237.94
(b)	Total Cattle	..	79.76
(c)	Total Buffaloes	..	87.74
(d)	Total Sheep and Goats	..	66.42
(e)	Other Livestock	..	4.02
2	Estimated Major Livestock Product – 2008-09		
(a)	Milk	Lakh Tonnes	83.87
(b)	Eggs	Lakh Nos.	12675
(c)	Wool	Lakh Kg.	28.54
3	Estimated Fish Production -2008-09	Lakh Tonnes	7.66

## 6. Irrigation

The ultimate irrigation potential through surface water as per the latest estimate is assessed at 39.40 lakh hectares, which includes 17.92 lakh hectares to be irrigated through Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project. The total irrigation potential created up to June, 2009 is worked out to 64.88 percent of ultimate irrigation potential. The Maximum utilization comes to 76.77 per cent of the ultimate irrigation potential (excluding indirect benefit through check dams).

<b>IRRIGATION</b>					
Sr.	Item	Unit	Ultimate	Irrigation	Maximum
No.			Irrigation	Potential	Utilisation
			Potential	Created upto	upto
				June, 09	June, 09
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Surface water				
1.1	Major & Medium Irrigation Schemes	Lakh Hect.	18.00	15.59	12.59
1.2	Sardar Sarovar Project	"	17.92	4.87	2.53
1.3	Minor Irrigation Scheme	"	3.48	3.03	1.70
1.4	Indirect Benefit through Minor Irrigation such as percolation tanks, safe storage etc.	"	-	1.14	1.10
1.5	Indirect benefit through check-dams	"	-	5.49	4.66
	Total (I)	"	<b>39.40</b>	<b>30.12</b>	<b>22.59</b>
2	Ground Water	"	25.48	-	-
2.1	Government Tubewells	"	-	0.87	1.27
	Total (II)	"	25.48	0.87	1.27
3	Grand Total (I+II)	"	<b>64.88</b>	<b>30.99</b>	<b>23.79</b>



## 7. Industries and Mining

Since 1991, the state has received acknowledgements of 9216 Industrial Entrepreneurs Memorandum (IEM) filed by entrepreneurs till September, 2009 having proposed investment of Rs. 576196 crore. The state has also received 1415 Letter of Intents (LOIs) having proposed investments of Rs. 64508 crore in the state.

The Board of Approval (BoA) in MoCI, New Delhi has accorded approvals to 60 SEZs in Gujarat at the end of September-2009. The total proposed investment by the SEZ Developers is around Rs.267374 crore.

The cumulative number of registered Small Scale Industry (SSI) units has crossed the figure of 3.12 lakh at the end of September-2006. After implementing the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (MSMED) Act-2006 from 2nd October, 2006, up to September-2009, 44712 units have been registered, having proposed investment of Rs. 21225.51 crore and potential employment of 647657.

As per the final results of Annual Survey of Industries 2007-08(P), there were 15107 registered working factories which cover entire registered factories except the factories under the control of Defense Ministry, Oil Storage Depots, Technical Training Institutes, Hotels/Cafes and factories registered under section 85 of factory act, 1948 for important selected industry groups in the Gujarat State. These factories together had a total fixed capital worth Rs. 145390 crore, provided gainful employment to 10.45 lakh persons. The value of output at current prices of all registered factories covered in the survey was recorded to Rs. 446429 crore whereas the net value added by factory sector was recorded to Rs. 60297 crore in 2007-08.

According to Directorate of Industrial Safety & Health, the number of working registered factories in the State were 23942 having daily employment of 11.75 lakh persons at the end of the year 2008(P).

At the end of October, 2009, there were 57104 registered Joint Stock Companies in the state having an authorized capital of Rs. 60798 crore.

The important minerals of the state are Bauxite, Maganese ore, Limestone and Lignite. As per provisional estimates for the year 2007-08, the value of Oil & Natural Gas, major minerals and minor minerals were Rs. 4378 crore, Rs. 1455 crore and Rs.

726 crore respectively. The total value of all mineral products was Rs. 6559 crore during the year 2007-08(P).

<b>INDUSTRIES AND MINING</b>			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	Factories		
(a)	Working factories, 2008 (P)	Nos.	23942
(b)	Average Daily Employment, 2008(P)	Lakh	11.75
2	Results of Annual Survey of Industries - 2005-06		
(a)	Factories	Nos.	15107
(b)	Total Fixed Capital	Rs. Cr.	145390
(c)	Total persons engaged	'000	1045
(d)	Value of Output	Rs. Cr.	446429
(e)	Net Value Added	Rs. Cr.	60297
3	Joint Stock Companies		
(a)	Companies at work, 2009-10 (upto Oct.2009)	Nos.	57104
(b)	Authorised Capital, 2009-10 (upto Oct.2009)	Rs. Cr.	60798
4	Value of Minerals – 2007-08 (P)		
(a)	Oil & Natural Gas	Rs. Cr.	4378
(b)	Major Minerals	Rs. Cr.	1455
(c)	Minor Minerals	Rs. Cr.	726
(d)	Total	Rs. Cr.	6559

## **8. FIFTH ECONOMIC CENSUS-2005**

The Fifth Economic Census was conducted in 2005. All economic activities (agriculture and non-agriculture), except those involved in crop production and plantation, related to production and/or distribution of goods and/or services other than for the sole purpose of own consumption were covered.

The main highlights of the Fifth Economic Census-2005 are given below:

- 60.99 lakh persons were employed in 24.26 lakh establishments engaged in different economic activities other than Crop Production and Plantation in the State.
- Out of 24.26 lakh establishment located in the State, 15.32 lakh (63.17%) were Own Account Establishments and 8.93 lakh (36.83%) were Establishments with Hired Workers.
- Of the total establishments, 13.63 lakh (56.18%) establishments were located in rural area and 10.63 lakh (43.82%) were in urban areas.

- Out of the total establishments in the State, 7.11 lakh establishments (29.31%) were involved in agricultural activities and 17.15 Lakh (70.69%) were engaged in non-agricultural activities.
- 22.73 lakh (37.27%) persons were employed in Own Account establishments and 38.26 Lakh (62.73%) persons were employed in Establishments with hired Worker.
- 28.80 lakh (47.22%) persons were employed in rural area and 32.19 lakh (52.78%) persons were employed in urban area.
- 13.91 Lakh (22.81%) persons were employed in agricultural establishments and 47.08 lakh (77.19%) persons were employed in non-agricultural establishments.
- 31.36 lakh persons were employed as hired workers, out of which 10.96 lakh were working in rural areas and 20.40 lakh were working in urban areas.
- 2.47 lakh (7.90%) hired workers were employed in agricultural establishments and 28.88 lakh (92.10%) were employed in non-agricultural establishments.
- Out of 1.46 lakh agricultural establishments, 1.37 lakh (94.03%) establishments were located in rural areas and 0.9 lakh (5.97%) were in urban areas.
- The major activity group in non-agricultural establishments was Retail Trade with 46.23% followed by Manufacturing with 17.27% and other Community Personal Services with 9.49%.
- Out of 47.08 lakh persons employed in Non-agricultural establishments, the concentration of persons working was more in Manufacturing followed by Retail Trade sector with 14.68 lakh and 13.77 lakh respectively
- Out of 24.26 lakh total establishments, 9.30 Lakh establishments were owned by SC, ST and OBC persons in the State. The number of establishments owned by S.C persons were 0.57 lakh (2.38%), S.T. persons 1.00 lakh (4.14%) and OBC 7.72 lakh (31.83%).
- The number of establishments in the size class of 1-5 employment accounted for 99.40% of the total establishments. A similar trend had also been observed in both rural and urban sectors under the same size class of 1-5 employment.
- The percentage of female workers in agricultural establishments both in rural and urban area was 11.07% to the total workers during 5th Economic Census while it was 10.14% during 4th Economic Census.
- The details of establishments by location and type and employment therein are presented below.

Fifth Economic Census-2005						
Distribution of Establishments by location and by type						
(Figures in absolute number)						
Sr. No.	Type of Establishment	Rural		Urban		Combined
		Number	%	Number	%	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>1.</b>	<b>Establishments</b>					
	Agriculture	137290 (34.57)	94.03	8719 (1.76)	5.97	146009 (16.34)
	Non-Agriculture	259839 (65.43)	34.76	487582 (98.24)	65.24	747421 (83.66)
	<b>Total</b>	<b>397129</b>	<b>44.45</b>	<b>496301</b>	<b>55.55</b>	<b>893430</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>Own Account Establishment</b>					
	Agriculture	540009 (55.91)	95.59	24933 (4.40)	4.41	564942 (36.86)
	Non-Agriculture	425848 (44.09)	44.01	541802 (95.60)	55.99	967650 (63.14)
	<b>Total</b>	<b>965857</b>	<b>63.02</b>	<b>566735</b>	<b>36.98</b>	<b>1532592</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>All Establishment (OAE+EST)</b>					
	Agriculture	677299 (49.69)	95.27	33652 (3.17)	4.73	710951 (29.31)
	Non-Agriculture	685687 (50.31)	39.98	1029384 (96.83)	60.02	1715071 (70.69)
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1362986</b>	<b>56.18</b>	<b>1063036</b>	<b>43.82</b>	<b>2426022</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>Employment</b>					
	Agriculture	1312135 (45.56)	94.32	78994 (2.45)	5.68	1391129 (22.81)
	Non-Agriculture	1567909 (54.44)	33.30	3140485 (97.55)	66.70	4708394 (77.19)
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2880044</b>	<b>47.22</b>	<b>3219479</b>	<b>52.78</b>	<b>6099523</b>
Note: Figures in bracket show the percent						

## 9. Electricity

The total installed capacity for the state including central sector project has increased to 9864 MW at the end of the year 2008-09. The generation of Electricity in the state including the generation of private sector and central sector share was 68962 MUs in 2008-09. The total consumption of electricity was 55610 MUs during the year 2008-09. The per capita consumption of electricity during the year 2008-09 was 1446 units as per CEA's revised formula.

<b>ELECTRICITY</b>				
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value 2007-08	Value 2008-09
1	2	3	4	5
1	Installed Capacity	MW	9827	9864
2	Electricity Generated	MUs	65656	68962
3	Consumption of Electricity	MUS	46001	55610
4	Per Capita Power Consumption	Units	1424	1446

## 10. Transport and Communication

The total length of roads (except Non-Plan, Community, Urban and Project Roads) in the State was 74038 kms. at the end of the year 2005-06. At the end of March 2009, the total no. of vehicles registered in the State were 109.99 lakh and vehicle density i.e. no. of vehicles per sq.km. worked out to 56.

<b>TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION</b>		<b>(At the end of )</b>	
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	Total Railway Length	Kms.	5309
(a)	Of which Broad Gauge	Kms.	3100
(b)	Of which Meter Gauge	Kms.	1422
(c)	Narrow Gauge	Kms.	787
2	Highways		<b>2005-06</b>
(a)	Total Length **	Kms.	74038
(b)	Of which Surfaced Roads	Kms.	71183
(c)	Of which National Highways	Kms.	2867
(d)	Of which State Highways	Kms.	18702
(e)	Road length per '00 Sq. Km.	Kms.	37.77
			<b>2009</b>
3	No. of Motor Vehicles Registered	Lakh	109.99
4	Vehicle Density per Sq. Km.	Nos.	56
5	No. of Post Offices	Nos.	8972
6	No. of Telephone Connections including WLL- (BSNL) (As on 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2009)	Lakh	21
7	No. of Cellular Connections (As on 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2009)	Lakh	293

\*\* Excluding Non-plan, Community, Urban & Project Roads.

## 11. Ports

The State of Gujarat, located on the West Coast of India, has 1600 km. long coastline, representing about one third of the nation's water front. Gujarat is strategically positioned to serve the vast north and central Indian hinterland. The State has 41 minor and intermediate ports geographically dispersed across

South Gujarat (14 ports), Saurashtra (23 ports) and Kachchh region (4 ports). There is also a major port of Kandla, under the administrative control of the Central Government in Gujarat State.

During the year 2008-09, the major port Kandla handled the total cargo of 722.25 lakh tonnes and intermediate and minor ports of Gujarat handled a total cargo of 1528.14 lakh tonnes.

<b>PORTS</b>			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value 2008-09
1	2	3	4
1	No. of Ports		
	(a) Major Ports	No.	1
	(b) Minor Ports (Intermediate & Minor)	No.	41
2	Cargo Handled		
	(a) Major Ports	Lakh Tonnes	722.25
	(b) Minor Ports	Lakh Tonnes	1528.14

## 12. Health

As per Sample Registration System (SRS) as on March, 2008, the estimated Birth Rate, Death Rate and Infant Mortality Rate was 22.6, 6.9 & 50 respectively.

As on March, 2008 in the state, the total no. of Community Health Centre (CHC), Primary Health Centre (PHC) & Sub-center were 282, 1084 & 7274 respectively and the average no. of villages served by Primary Health Centre, Community Health Centre and Sub-center were 16.73, 65.93 & 2.48 respectively.

<b>HEALTH</b>			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	Vital Statistics(Based on SRS-As on March, 2008)		
(a)	Birth Rate (Per '000)	Persons	22.6
(b)	Death Rate (Per '000)	Persons	6.9
(c)	Infant Mortality Rate (Per'000)	Births	50
2	Primary Health Centres As on March, 2008	Nos.	1084
3	Community Health Centres As on March, 2008	Nos.	282
4	Sub Centres As on March, 2008	Nos.	7274
5	Average No. of Villages Served by (As on March, 2008)		
(i)	Primary Health Centre	Nos.	16.73
(ii)	Community Health Centre	Nos.	65.93
(iii)	Sub Centre	Nos.	2.48
6	No. of Doctors registered with State Medical Council (End of March, 2007)	Nos.	42855

## 13. Education

The number of educational institutions imparting primary education in the State was 42035 in 2008-09(P). The number of pupils enrolled in these schools were 85.72 lakh and the no. of teacher were 242916. In the year 2008-09, the students/teacher ratio worked out to 35.29. The dropout rate for the Std. I to V and Std. I to VII was 2.29 & 8.87 percent respectively in the State for the year 2008-09.

The institutions imparting secondary and higher secondary education, the students enrolled and the no. of teacher were 9015 and 29.90 lakh and 84401 respectively. In the year 2008-09, the student-teacher ratio worked out to 35.25.

The institutions imparting higher educations, the students enrolled and the no. of teacher were 995, 4.78 lakh and 9103 respectively. In the year 2008-09, the student-teacher ratio worked out to 52.63.

EDUCATION				
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value 2007-08	Value 2008-09
1	2	3	4	5
1	Primary			
	(A) Institutions	Nos.	41370	42035
	(B) Students	Lakh	84.36	85.72
	(C) Teachers	Nos.	239073	242916
2	Secondary/Higher Secondary			
	(A) Institutions	Nos.	8328	9015
	(B) Students	Lakh	27.72	29.90
	(C) Teachers	Nos.	78645	84401
3	Higher Education			
	(A) Institutions	Nos.	995	903
	(B) Students	Lakh	4.78	5.23
	(C) Teachers	Nos.	9082	9103
4	Dropout Rate			
	(A) Std. I to V	%	2.98	2.29
	(B) Std. I to VII	%	9.87	8.87
	(C) Std. VIII to X	%	27.74	26.96
	(D) Std. VIII to XII	%	63.32	50.10

## 14. Employment

During the year 2008-09, the total 3.31 lakh persons were registered in employment exchanges working in the state and 2.09 lakh vacancies were notified against which the total 1.63 lakh persons were placed in employment. The no. of persons on live register at the end of March, 2009 were 8.25 lakh.

In the organized sector covered under the Employment Market Information (EMI) scheme total employment worked out to 19.04 lakh at the end of March, 2008. As on March, 2009, employment in the public sector establishments and private sector establishments was recorded to 7.98 lakh and 11.06 lakh.

<b>EMPLOYMENT IN ORGANISED SECTOR</b>			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	No. on Live Registered (2008-09)	'000	825
2	No. Placed in employment(2008-09)	'000	163
3	No. of Vacancies notified (2008-09)	'000	209
4	Total Employment (end of March, 2009)	Lakh	19.04
a)	Employment in Public Sector (end of March, 2009)	Lakh	7.98
b)	Employment in Private Sector (end of March, 2009)	Lakh	11.06

## 15. Banking

The number of commercial bank offices in the State were 5792 at the end of June, 2009. The aggregate deposit of these commercial bank offices amounted to Rs. 196984 crore and the total credit advanced was of the order of Rs. 132943 crore. The Credit-Deposit Ratio (CDR) of the State was 67.49 per cent.

<b>BANKING</b>			
(As on June, 2009)			
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Value
1	2	3	4
1	Bank Offices of Commercial Banks	Nos.	5792
2	Deposits with Scheduled Commercial Banks	Rs. Cr.	196984
3	Advances by Scheduled Commercial Banks	Rs. Cr.	132943
4	Credit- Deposit Ratio	-	67.49



## 16. Finance

As per the final accounts, the expenditure during the year 2008-09 was Rs. 51920 crore which was higher by Rs. 9216 crore than the year 2007-08. Revenue expenditure was higher by Rs. 5202 crore and capital expenditure was higher by Rs. 4014 crore than the previous year. The revenue deficit for the year 2008-09 was Rs. 66 crore.

As per revised estimates for the year 2009-10, the total receipts and the total expenditure were estimated at Rs. 58439.72 crore and Rs. 59553.03 crore respectively. The deficit within consolidated fund of Rs. 1113.31 crore was estimated for the year 2009-10. As per the budget estimates for the year 2010-11, the total receipts and the total expenditure are estimated at Rs. 67497.47 crore and Rs. 68705.91 crore. The overall deficit of Rs. (-) 1208.44 crore is budget estimate for the year 2010-11.

GENERAL BUDGETARY POSITION						
Sr. No.	Item	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10 (R.E.)	2010-11 (B.E.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>I</b>	<b>Revenue Account</b>					
A	Revenue Receipts	31002.22	35689.85	38675.71	43448.91	49476.53
B	Revenue Expenditure	29232.13	33539.51	38741.46	47805.41	53978.55
C	Surplus (+) or Deficit (-)	1770.09	2150.34	(-) 65.75	(-) 4356.50	(-) 4502.02
<b>II</b>	<b>Capital Account</b>					
A	Capital Receipts	7748.58	8919.57	10507.81	14990.81	18020.94
B	Capital Expenditure	9989.99	9164.07	13178.42	11747.62	14727.36
C	Surplus (+) or Deficit (-)	(-) 2241.41	(-) 244.50	(-) 2670.61	3243.19	3293.58
	<b>Surplus (+) or Deficit (-)</b>	(-) 471.32	1905.84	(-) 2736.36	(-) 1113.31	(-) 1208.44
	<b>Within consolidated Fund</b>					
<b>III</b>	<b>Contingency Fund (Net)</b>	73.61	(-) 7.44	(-)24.03	0.00	0.00
<b>IV</b>	<b>Public Account (Net)</b>	19.75	(-) 1784.76	2903.32	1250.00	650.00
	<b>Total Net Transaction</b>	(-) 377.96	<b>113.64</b>	<b>142.93</b>	<b>136.69</b>	(-) 558.44
	R.E. = Revised Estimate,		B.E. = Budget Estimate			

## 17. Planning

The Tenth Five Year Plan outlay for the state had fixed at Rs. 47000 crore, against that an expenditure of Rs. 49415.54 crore incurred during the plan period.

The proposed outlay for the Eleventh Five Year Plan of the state has been fixed at Rs. 111111.00 crore by National Development Council which is 136.40 percent more than Tenth Five Year Plan (Rs. 47000.00 crore). The Eleventh Five Year Plan, aims to achieve the annual growth of Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Agriculture and Industries at 11.02 percent, 5.5 percent and 14.0 percent respectively.

The annual plan for the year 2009-10 was fixed at Rs. 23500 crore, against that an expenditure of Rs. 21690.31 crore has incurred during 2009-10 (P).

Sr. No.	Major Heads of Development	Eleventh Plan (2007-12) Outlay	Annual Plan (2007-08)		Annual Plan (2008-09)		2009-10 Outlay	2010-11 Proposed Outlay
			Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure(P)		
1	Agriculture & Allied Services	831558	91817	89057	160486	138824	174586	206280
2	Rural Development	344304	50247	47022	78916	56691	84684	113973
3	Irrigation & Flood Control	2952808	475449	481453	560520	787242	557020	567020
4	Energy	442426	61328	63672	83050	80212	93550	175991
5	Industry & Minerals	406672	52115	42825	77266	63457	75224	104582
6	Transport	1004626	152627	118304	185670	168326	217925	319800
7	Science, Technology & Communication	71410	13201	8472	12685	11362	34425	67529
9	General Economic Services	262968	33469	35314	49765	40744	71233	89083
10	Social Services	4715074	667605	679339	885616	821396	1028028	1289061
11	General Services	17703	1073	689	3606	2115	1713	2481
12	Border Area Development Programme	61551	1069	1900	2420	5999	11612	14200
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>11111100</b>	<b>1600000</b>	<b>1568047</b>	<b>2100000</b>	<b>2176368</b>	<b>2350000</b>	<b>2950000</b>

## 18 Human Development Index for Gujarat and India

The Planning Commission, Govt. of India, has prepared a National Human Development Report 2001. This report is an attempt to map the state of human development in the country, in which, the quality of life and the level of human being have been traced across states at different points of time over the last two decades.

Human Development has been defined as a process of enlarging people's choices, as well as raising the level of well-being. There is, today, a broad-based consensus to view human development in terms of, at least, three critical dimensions of well being. These are related to longevity – the ability to live long and healthy life, education – the ability to read, write and acquire knowledge; and command over resources – the ability to enjoy a decent standard of living and have a socially meaningful life.

Human Development Index is a composite index of diverse indicators related to Human well-being.

At the national level, HDI, which takes a value between 0 and 1 has improved from 0.302 in 1981 and 0.381 in 1991 to 0.472 in 2001. The HDI value of Gujarat was 0.479 against 0.472 of all India for 2001.

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX FOR – ALL INDIA AND MAJOR STATES						
States	1981 HDI	1981 Rank	1991 HDI	1991 Rank	2001 HDI	2001 Rank
Andhra Pradesh	0.298	9	0.377	9	0.416	10
Assam	0.272	10	0.348	10	0.386	14
Bihar	0.237	15	0.308	15	0.367	15
Gujarat	0.360	4	0.431	6	0.419	6
Haryana	0.360	5	0.443	5	0.509	5
Karnataka	0.346	6	0.412	7	0.478	7
Kerala	0.500	1	0.591	1	0.638	1
Madhya Pradesh	0.245	14	0.328	13	0.394	12
Maharashtra	0.363	3	0.452	4	0.523	4
Orissa	0.267	11	0.345	12	0.404	11
Punjab	0.411	2	0.475	2	0.537	2
Rajasthan	0.256	12	0.347	11	0.424	9
Tamil Nadu	0.343	7	0.466	3	0.531	3
Uttar Pradesh	0.255	13	0.314	14	0.388	13
West Bengal	0.305	8	0.404	8	0.472	8
<b>All India</b>	<b>0.302</b>		<b>0.381</b>		<b>0.472</b>	

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