# MINUTES OF THE $199^{\text {TH }}$ MEETING OF THE UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION HELD ON $19{ }^{\text {TH }}$ DECEMBER, 1977. 

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## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMISSION

Minutes of the 199th meeting of the University Grants Commission held on 19th December, 1977.

The following were present :
Professor Satish Chandra - Chairman
Professor B. Ramachandra Rao - Vice-Chairman
Shr: G. Ramachandran

- Member

Professor R.P. Bambah

- Member

Projessor s.S. qaluja. . . Member. .
Processor (Miss) a d. Dastu_ - Member
Professor S.Gopal - Member
Professor S. Maqbool ahmed - Member
Professor B.M. Udgaonkar

- Member

D:. Amrik singh Cheema

- Member

Skri R.K. Chhabra - Gecretary
Shri P. Sabanayagam and Dr. Chandran D.S. Devanesan had expressed their inability to attend the meeting.

SECFETARIAT -
Tint Secretaries
Dr. J.N. Kaul
Sr.ri S.Viswanath
Deputy Secretaries
DT: S.C. Goel
Dr: S.P. Gupta
Dr. T.N. Hejela
Stri Y.D. sharma
Sirr: A.B.Gupta
Skri M. P. Balakrishnan
Srri I.R.Mal
Finence ofejcer
Strri B.S. Tyle
Item $\mathbb{N o}$. 1: Toreceive minutas of the meeting of the conmission held on 7th and 8th November, 1977.

The minutes of the meeting of the commission held on November 7-8, 1977 were confirmed.

## : 2 :

Iten No. 2: (a) To approve the action taken on certain matters.
(b) To receive the items of inforation.
(c) To approve the statement of proposals which cout not be accepted by the Commission.
(a) The comission approved the action taken on items list
in appendix.I.*
(b) (2) The Commission was of the view that there should be nc difference in the scales of pay of teachers in technical and non-technical departments of the same institution. This matte: should be taken up with the Government of Gujarat.

Item No. 3: To approve the suatement of grants released after the meeting of the commission held on 7 th and 8 th November, 1977.


The Comnission approved the grants released after the
 Appendix. II*

Item No. 4: To receive the statement of expenditure incurred by the University Grant.s commission during 19"\%-'y upto 30th November, 1977.

This was noted.
Iten No. 5: To receive a statement indicating the progress of issue of utilisation certificates during the period ending 30th November, 1977.

This was noted.
Iten No.6: To receive the Annual Accounts of the University Gr Commission for the year 1975-76 as presented to the Parliament under Section 19(4) of the U.G.C. Act, 19

This item had been withdrawn.
Item No.7: To consider further draft policy statement on adult education.

The Comission endorsed the draft policy statement on Adult Education (hoondixIII) and desired that this may be circulated to the universities. It was noted that the details the programes would be formulated by the standing coumittee $c$

Acult/Continuing Education. Thereafter, the policy statement and the programmes recomnended by the committee may be discussed in conferences to be organised on a regional basis.

The Commision agreed to make necessary provision for the establishment and strengthening of dopartments of Adult/ Continuing paucation in the universities. It was further noted that the Ministry of Education had agreed to provide funds for field work and functional literacy programes that might be undertaken by the universities.

Item NO. 8: To consider the recommendations of the 5th Plan Visiting Committee for the development of Engineering and Technology at Bombay University.
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The Commission gensrally acce-pted the recommendations 0 or the visiting committee and agreed to provide grants to the University of Bombay for the development of Engineering and Technvlogy as indicated in Appendix-IV, on the usual sharing basis. The Comission further desired that the following may be brought to the notice of the University:
(a) Obsolete equipment being used at present should bo gradually replaced;
(b) Grants provided to the university for equipment under general developmer.t, scheme should be utiliserl for procuring equipment which is required for mainly teaching purposes.

Ir this connection, the commission desired that to ensure proper development of the J.J. School of Architecture, the existing buildings may be transferred by the State Government to the Bombay University. The science laboratories of the Polytechnic located in the campus of the J.J. School of Architecture nay 2 Iso be shifted and the building made available to the J.J. School of Architecture.

Iten $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ 2 :To consider the report of the visiting Committee appointed to assess the development proposals of the $\mathbb{D} e$ partment of Pharmaceutical sciences, Sagaur University, Sagar luring the vth Five Year plan.

The Commission desired in the first instance that the comments of the Saugar University may be obtained on the cbservations made by the Visiting committee and the report brought uj again along with the comments of the University.

## : 4 :

Item No. 10 To consider the report of the Visiting Comm appointed tu assess the Fifth Plan proposal Faculty of Engineering and rechnology, anau University.

The comission desired that the coments of th University on the observations/made by the Visiting Coun be obtained. For the present, grants recommended by th Visiting Comittee for construction of building, equipa books and journals and seminars may be allocated to the University to enable it to augment the Physical Facilit in the department (hppendixV).

The requirements of the staff may be considered the comments of the University on the observations of $t$ Visiting Conmittee are available.

The University may be requested to consider the desirability of merging the different sections in Scien subjects of Electrical and Mechrical Engineering in the - Departqont.s .of Engineering \& Lechnology.

The University may also consider the requiremen the development of the Muthiah Polytechnic and send the for the consideration of the Comission.

Item No. 11: To consider the repoit of the Visiting Co appointed to examine the Fifth Plan prop the Faculty of Engineering \& Technology, Musim University.
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The Commissiun generally accepted the reconmen of the visiting Comittee appointed to assess the requi of Engineering \& lechnology and Polytechnic of the Ealig Muslim University. The Commission agreed to provide as to the University as per dotains given in fppendix VI。

The Comission further desired that the questi the facculties of Engineering and Technology in biligarh Muslin University and Benaras Hindu University having separate departments in basic sciences may be examined
'which should finalise its report within two months.
by a comittee/ The question of providing additional positions in these departments at the Aligarh Muslin University may be considered only after the report of comittee is cunsidered by the comission.

The comission culd not agree to (a) provisic of a geparate hostel for the faculty of Engineering \& nology and (b) provision of one Sr. Researcin \&ssistant one library attendant to be attached tu each staff memk

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## : 5 :

the deprortaent of Mechanical Engineering. While agreeing to prowile assistance for the technical and labomtory staff, the commissionwas net in favuur of providing assistance for the mimisterici and class IV staff as part of the general developant programes of the faculty.

Item No. 12: To consider the report of the visiting Comittee appointed by the University Grants Comaission to examine the proposal of the Nligarh Muslim University for staff for the library.

The Comissior noted that it had already agreed to the creation of one post of Deputy Librarian and three posts of Assistan= Librarians in the Aligarh Muslin University. The Comission agreed $t$, the creation of a post of Curator in the gade of RS. $1100-1600$ and two posts of Punchers. The Commission further desired that the views of the univorsisy may be invited on the different recomendations made by she Comattee so as to enable it to cinsider the additional requirenerts of the library. The question of providing a separate conputer programe-cum-system analyst for the Iibrary may be refend to the Computer Comittee for advice.

Iten No.:3: To consider a proposal of ahivaji University, Kolhapur for additional grants during Vth Plan.

The Comissior agreed tu provide the additional grants to the Shivaji University during the Fifth Plan as given in AppendixVII.

The Comission also agreed to the starting of a postgraduate course in Marathi with the provision of the following on the usuel sharing basis:

Recurring:

| Professor - | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reader |  |
| Lecturer | $-\quad 2$ |

Non-Recurring

| Equipment | - R.s.10,000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Books \& Journals | - Ris.75,000 |

While instituting this courze, the University should ensure that there is no overlapring in the areas of specialisation mongst the universitites in the state.
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## : 6 :

The Comission could rot at this stage accept the tional requirenonts of the University for atatistics, Come Biocheaistry and degree course in Jurnalisa.

Item No. 14: To consider the proposal of the Universitty of Delhi for collab ration between the North Bastern Hill University and the Delhi University。

The comission accepted in principle the propossal Sociology Departinent of Delhi University for colilaborantive arrangenents with the Departments of Soiciology and Annthro of the North Eastern Hill University and dosired that the details of the project may be discussed with the Univeisis

Item No.15: To consider the question of approving the? completion cost of phase I of the construxctia of building of centre of $/$ divanced study in Sociology, Delhi University.

It was agreed that the grant for completion cosit of Phase I of the construction of building of the centre :of Advanced Study in gociology, Delhi University ray be paid on the basis of rocomendations made by the Central P.W.D.

Item No. 16: To consider the proposal of the Aligarh Muslin University for removing specialisation forr the post of Profossor approved in the Department Geology.

The Comission accepted the proposal of the Aliggarh Muslin University for treating the post of Prufessor in the Department of Geology as open.

Item No. 17: To consider a proposal received from Indian Institute of science, Bangalore, for the grant of Rs. 25 lakhs for Students Hostel during "Wh $F$

The comission accepted, as a special case, the prof of the Institute for the construction of additional husstel accomrodation for 150 men and 100 women students and aggreed to provide assistance of Rs. 25 lokhs for this purpose ovel and absve the Fifth Plan allocation of the Institute.

Iten No.13: Tu consider the proposal of Jawahar Bharatti, Kavali for financial assistance under the University Grants Comission scheme of restructuring of courses.
-....
The Comission accepted the proposal of Jawahar Bhal p.t.O..

## : 7 :

Keveli under the scheoe of restructuring of courses and agreed to provide to the college assistanco arounting to Ris. 1,67,700 as detailed in sppendix VIII.

The college may be advised tu secure the services of tiachers for the new cuurses on deputation from the appropriate institutious.

Iten NO.12: To consider the proposal of the Government L.C.S. College, Anbagarh Chowki, M.P. (Ravi Shankar University $\check{x}$ for the construction of Men's Hostel.

The Commission accepted the proposal of the Governcent L.C.S. College, hmbagarh Chowki, M.P. for the construction of o: Men's hostel for 60 students on the usual shering "basis uder Rs. 5 lakh scheme.

The Comission felt that there was inadequate staff in tue college and it would be well advised to appruach the Comission for support for additiunal staff.

Iten No. 20: To consider the proposal of the Delhi School of Social Work, baspd un the recommendations of the Seminar organised by the Sch ol on Integrated Approach to Rural Developnent with social Justice.

The Commission desired that the Delhi school of social Work be advised to approach the Department of Social Welfare, Governnent of India, for assistance for implementation of the recomandations made at the seminar.

Item Now 21: To consider certain establishment matters of the University Grants Commission. Proposal resaraing termination of Agreement entered into with the UGC Cycle Stand Contractor. The Comission greed that the contract with Shri Erishna Nand Sharma be terminated and alternative armangenents nade. The Cumission alsu agreed that the amount which canot be realised from the contractor be written off.

Iten No, 22: To censider the question of relief assistance to colleges which have suffered seriously from the Cyclone in the suthern stetes of indhra pradesh, etc.

It wh agreed that this may be further discussed with the Government of India.

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p.t.o.
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Item No. 23: To cunsicer the repurt of the Review Conaittee the University Erants Comission.

Consideration of this item was postponed.

Item No.24: To consider the report of the Committee appointe by the University Grants Comission to examine t proposal of the Department of Political seience, Osmania University, Hyderabad for participation in the University Leadership Programe..
....
The Comission agreed to invite the Department of Political science, Osmania University, for participation in the University Leadership programme and agreed to provide assistance as indicated in kppendix.TX.

In this connection it was noted that a committere is already luoking into the question of supporting the universi for additiunal staff/honorarium for University Leadership Programe. The Comission desired that the work of this. comittee may be expedited and in the meantime the universit having University Leadership programmes in the Wumanities an Social Sciences, may be provided with assistance for staff recomended by the Visiting committees.

Item No,25: To consider the report of the comittee appointer by the University Grants Comission to examine proposal of the Rajasthan University, Jaipiur, fo participation in the University Ieadership Progr

The Comission agreed to invite the Department of Political Scicnce, Rajasthan University, for participation in the University Ieadership Programe and agreed to provide assistance as indicated in foperdix-

Iten No.25: To consider the report of the Comittee apmointed by the University Grants commission to examine t proposal of the Department of Philosophy, Calcut University, Calcucta for participation in the University Leadership Programe.

The Comission agreed to invite the Department of Prila Calcutta $\quad$ Oniversity, for participation in the University Leadership Frograme and agreed to provide assistance as indicated in inppendix-XI.

Item No. 27: To consider sume observations made by the Panel. on Law at its meeting held on September 12, 1977. ....

It was agroed that the Chairman will diseuss this matter with the Panel on Law.

Item No. 28: To cunsider the report of the visit to DEI womens Training College, hara and Radhas may Educational Institutc Degree College, Agra under the scheme of Restructaring Courses.

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The Comission accepted the proposals of Radhaswany Educational Institute Dogree College, hgra and DEI Wmen's Training College, fgra, under the scheme of restructuring of cuurses and.afeed.to provide grants as detailed in . mppendix:XII.

In this connection, the Commission noted that no honorarium would be paid under the programme to any of the existig staff members of the colleges concerned.

Item No.29: To consider the report of the UGC Committee on the proposal of the S.N. Bose Institute of Physical Science of Calcutta University for assistance for post M.Sc. programme being conducted at the Institute.

It was agreed that the recommendations made by the Committee may be further examined in the light of the observations made by the $V$ Plan Visiting Committee of the University and the matter decided by the Chairman.

Item No.30: To consider the report of the UGC Committee on introduction of LI.M. Course at Calcutta University and conversion of some posts of part-time Lecturers into posts of full-time Lecturers in Law.

It was agreed that the recommendations made by the Comittee may be further examined in the light of the observations made by the V Plan Visiting Conmittee of the University and the matter decided by the Chairman.

Item No. 31: To consider the report of the visiting committee which examined the proposal of the Geography Department Panjab University, Chandigarh for departmental support.

The Comission accepted the recommendations of the
committee and agreed to provide support to the Geography Department, Panjab university, as given in Appendix.XIII.

Item No. 32: To consider the report of the Visiting Commi to the department of Zoology, Panjab Univers for inviting the department to participate i the programme of 'Special Assistance to selected Department'.

It was desired that this may be brougrt up before the Commission again after the University had filled up $t$ vacant post of Professors in the Department.

The University may be advised to fill in these jos in the specialisations of Earasitology and Cytogenetics.

Item No. 33: To consider the reconmendations of the worki Groups on Student Welfare Prograrme.
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The Cornmission considered the recommendations of $t$ working Group on Student Welfare Programme and agreed as . .follows .: .

1. Assistance may be proviled for improvement/develon of play fields in the universities and colleges irrespect of the fact whether they were assisted in IV Plan for thi purpose.
2. The requiremet minimum enrolment of students for construction of gymasium may be lowered from 1,500 to 1,000.
3. The Universities and colleges be assisted for setting up of career advising units on the basis indicated below :
A. Universities Rs. 10,000 p.a. (UGC share) Rs. 5,000 p.a. (State/University share)

Total
RS. $15,000 \mathrm{p} . .$. of this, not more
Rs. $5,000 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$. to be utilised for working expenses and Rs.10,000 p for personnel services.

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p.t.o.
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B. Colleges Rs. 4,000 p.a. (UGC share)

Total Rs. 6,000 p.a. out of this not more than Fs.2,000 p.a. for working expenses and Rs.4,000 p.a. for personnel services.

Colleges with an enrolment of 2500 and above may be considered for assistance on the same basis as the universities.
4. The Universities and colleges be assisted to encourage cultural activities among students on the basis of financial limits laid down by the Group and on sharing . . basis of $75: 25$. The guidelines of the scheme to be implemented would be clearly spelt out before this is communcated to the universities.
5. The Commission could not accept the recommendation of the Group for providing assistance for construction of tube-well/over-head tanks.
6. The Commissionwas of the view that if assistance is to be provided to the Central Universities for purchase of crockery and other facilities for messes, it should be propided out of the non - plan funds, and not plan funds.

Item No.34: To consider the recomendations of the Committee appointed to suggest model courses for defence studies at undergraduate and postgraduate level.

The Comission was not in favour of providing facilities for defence studies at the undergraduate level. It was agreed that before a decision is taken with regard to proviäing facilities for defence studies at post-graduate and research level, the matter may be discussed with the Ministry of Defence.

## Item Nos. 35 to 51

Consideration of Items Nos. 35 to 51 was postponed to the next meeting.

Item No.52: To consider a proposal of the Banaras Hindu University for bind persons to appear privately at all the univ ersity examinations.

This was noted. It was agreed that the decision taken by the Banaras Hindu University may be brought to the notice of other universities for providing similar facilities to
p.t.o.
blind students.
Item No. 53: To considrr the proposal of the Allahabad University for the establishment of the mu in the department of Ancient Indian Histor. Culture and archaeology.
....
Consideration of this was postponed to the next me
Item NO.54: To note the date and place for the next me of the commission.
....
It was noted that the next meeting of the commissis will be held on December 29, 1977 at New Delhi.

Item No. 55: To consider recommendations made by the Sitanding Committee on Gandhian Studies.
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- •The Gommission acceptad. the recommendations made the Standing Cominittee on Gandhian Studies as per Appendix XIV.

Item No.5E: To consider a proposal from the calcutta University for financial assistance toward the acquisition of land for Calcutta University on $100 \%$ basis.

Considering the fact that the West Bengal Governme was providing land to the Calcutta University at a concessional rate, the Commission agreed to provide a gr of Rs. 46.15 lakns to the University on a 100 per cent basis towards acquiring 19.07 acres of land in the Salt Lake area for the use of the second campus of the Calcut University. It was further noted that the amount would be provided out of the total allocation of Rs. 1 crore 'f this campus during the surrent plan period.

Item No.57: To consider a reference from the Governmer of Irdia, Ministry of Information \& Broadcasting regarding Honoris Causa' degree tc treated at par with a regular doctoral deq awarded by recognised universities.

Honoris Causa' degrees are awarded by Universities honour people from different walk of life. A Ph.D. dek which entitles a person to be called a Doctorion the other hand, a rocognisetion of research/academic work Hence, these two are different in nature, and by conven; in universities persons who are given 'Honoris Causa' di are not address-ed as 'ivocisor'. The Government of India; may bc informed accordingly.

## : 13 :

Item Nos. 58 to 60
Consideration of Items Nos. 58 to 60 was postponed to the next meeting.

Item No.61: To consider the recommencation of the Commitice appointed to consider the question of relaxation of qualifications of teachers retrenched by privats management due to various reasons i.e. discontinu* ation of certain courses, reducation in enrolment etc., consequent upon the revision of scales of pat
. . The Commission accepted the recommendations of the commitee appointed to consider the question of relaxation of qualification of teachers retrenched by private management and agreed that the lecturers who are retrenched due to various reasons may be considered for re-appointment as lectures in other colleges/ institutions provided the incumbent had been confirmed in his oub-stantive post and had at least five years teaching experience. The revised qualifications laid down consequent upon the revision of scales of pay may not be insisted upon in case such an incumbent fulfils the qualifications prescribed by the University at the time of initial appointment to the post of lecturer.
(R.K.CHEADRA)

SBUCETLARY
( B GT INH CHANDRA)
CHA ITMAN

UNIVERSITY ADULT AND CONTINUING EDUCATION

Universities cannot confine their concern to the expansion of the frontiers of knowledge and to its dissemination to fulltime post secondary students. Their activities should also include (a) organisation of educational programes, including literacy for illiterate adults, to enable them to play a self-reliant and active role in their own development and in the development of their environment; and (b) organisation of special programnes for different groups of people at various levels.
2. For all classes of people-high and low, rich and poor the well to do and the deprived-education should become a life-long process. Besides it should also be understood that the urgent need is to prepare the vanguard for effecting social chenge from the centre outwards and from the top domwards. The idea is to reconstract the vision of a new society and the universities are uniquely suited and well provided to work for this purpose. In this perspoctive the universitits should re-examine their past experience and future responsibility in the field of adult education and should prepare a plan for action based on an assessment of their capability and the learning needs of adult men and women. Therefore, every university ought to recognise that adult education can no more remain the concern of a department or of a limited number of its teachers; it must extend to the entire faculty and, what is even more important, to the students.
3. An area with which universities are becoming increasingly familiar is extension of an continuing education. The present status of these programes in Indian Universities with the exception of agricultural universities and some other institutions, is marginal in the system of higher education. However, extension and continuing education activities can provide a new dimention to the programes of the universities, as well as new insights. The courses devised for formal full-time instruction can be opened up to make them easily accessible to adults:

- through correspondence methods,
- by making access conditions elastic activities.
- by bringing the university and commity closer to each other for problem solving situations and breaking social barriers.

Besides, efficiency of the work-force (including white collar sections of the middle class) can be upgraded by organisation of well_conceived and systamatic programmes, including programes which would equip the community for the future. Orgenised on a wide scale, and with proper emphasis, continuing education might facilitate a far-reaching change in the universitysystem-making it more open in regard to access, methods, curricula, certification etc.
4. Prograrmes of extension and continuing education, however - are variable in the higher education system.and.are saldon able to . include, within the scope of university activity, the vast mess of people who are the most disadventaged. In the changing emphasis in educational priorities, the importance in university adult education must also shift to organisation of adult education activity aimed at extending educationsl facilities within the next five years to about 10 crore illiterate persons in $15-35$ age-group. There are two main areas to which universities might address themselves in this connection (a) various programes of professional develoment and rosoarnh and
(b) involvement of teachers and students in organisation of adult education programnes for the illiter te youth.
5.

Progrannes of professional development might include regular degree and post-graduate courses in adult education. Such courses have to be inter-disciplinary and liberal as well as related to the adult education needs of the comnunity. Their importance lies in the fact that they would prepare the future teachers for other universities when they set up their centres or departments of adult and continuing education. Besides, universities could organise a number of courses designed on the basis of the field requirements. These could include courses in training methodologies, preparation of carricular of teaching/learning materials, animation techniques, use of mass modia and problems of comunication, producing literature etc. Universities also
have a responsibility in orgenising innovation and experimentation for developing tools for use by others on a mass scale; considering that in mill nass programes of education there is, inevitabiy, considerable departure from the desired norms, evaluation assures a speci l significance. Universities can provide the needed evaluation techniques as well as the machinery therafor. In addition to innovation and evaluation, other research areas can also be identified University research in adult education could vary from action-oriented projects, such as methods to survey the needs of learners in various situations, to complex research problems such as motivation for adult learning.
6. In the context of the massive progranme of adult education now contermplated, it would not be desirable for universitiss to restrict their role to profession:l development, evaluation and research, Every university should commit itself to directly organising adult education progrannes, with an indispensable component of literacy, for illiterate youth. In doing so each university will have to decide the most appropriate means for involvement of its teachers and students.
7. Students are a nost dynamic and vital element in the university. The efforts made in the past to involve students in adult education programes have not been sustained or systama_tic and, therefore, had limited success. One importent reason for that has been insufficient, involvement of teachers. The full involvement of students in such activities is hardly feasible without the involvement of teachers. It would be highly desirable that all teachers should be drawn into these prograrmes by adopting flexible methods for the purpose. Teachers associations, the Association of Indian Universities, the UGC and the leadership within the university would have to exert their inflnence to persuade teachers to participate in the programe with vision and enthusiasm and to ensure that teachers funstion with students not as supervisors and directors but as co-workers.
8. Involvement of teachers and students can be either (i) by adopting study-service method with well-defined and qualified social service beconing a part of the credit programe or (ii) by making necessary nodification in the National Service Schene so that every
student undertakes service for a certain minimum hours or (iii) by providing institutional incentives and linking of grants with institution's performance in this field could also be considered by the JGC.
9. Involvenent of universities in this mancor with the most significant concerns of comunity life holds the promise of basic structural and curricular reform in the whole system, of higher education. Application of a large section of the Faculty and the student comrunity to pruposeful comrunity service will, inevitably, affect-the tone and discipline of the universities, the curriculan and methods and general relationship between the students and teachers on the one hand and the entire university commmity and tho society on the other.

## 

Appendix I V to Item No.
I. Department of Chemical Technciogy:

Equipment
mudio-visual aids
Space
Fooks \& Journals
Likrary Equipment

32,85,000
1,00,000
$1,00,000$
4,00,000
$\frac{80,000}{39,65,000}$

- ---

Pecurring:

| Frofessor | 2 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Reader | 1 |
| Cthers | 3 |

I. Sir J.J College of Architecture:

Books and Journals
3,50,000
Equipment
7,50,000
11,00,000
Recurring
Frofessor 1
Readers 2
Cthers 6
©I. Hostel (Common)
7,50,000

Appendix iV to Item 10.

1. DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINE URIVG
(i) Additional Acrommoriation including furniture Rs.
(ii) Equipment
(iii) Books \& Journals
(iv) Seminars, Symposia etc.

## $\therefore$ DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(i) Additional accomodation including
firniture
(ii) Equipment
(iii) Seminars, Symposia etc.
3. DepartMent of mechanical engineering

| (i) Iquipment | Rs. | 15.00 | Lakhs |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| (ii) Library Books and Journals |  | 2.00 | $" 1$ |
| (iii)Seminars, Symposia etc. |  | $\underline{0.15}$ | $"$ |
|  |  | $\underline{17.15}$ | Lakhs |

+- DEPARTMENT UF TECHVOLOGY
(i) Additional accomodation including furniture
(ii) Squipment
(iii) Library Books \& Journals
(iv) Seminars, Symposia etc.
Rs. 14.15 Lakhs
5. SCIENCE \& HUMANTITES DEPARTMENT

| (i) Equipment <br> (ii) 3ouks \& Journals |  |  | Rs. | 2.00 | Lakhs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 0.65 | " |
|  |  |  |  | 2.65 | " |
|  | GRaND | total | Rs. | 60.20 | Lakhs |

## Appracix VI tn Item: [1

Zakir Hussain College of Engineering \& Technology
Aligarh Muslim University

## Items

1. Spill over programues
II. Department of Civil Engineering
2. Books \& Journals Rs. 1.00 "
3. Equipment Rs. 13.00 l
4. Building - Structural
5. Additional Staff:

Professors Readers Others.

- 2 in Structural Engineering

1 in Hydraulic Engineering

1 in Soil Mechanics \& Foundation Engineering

Approved Allocation Rs. 19.33 lakhs
:. . testing $4,500 \mathrm{sft}$ Rs. 2.00 "

2 in Structural - 2 Tech. Asstts. Engineering

2 in Hydraulic $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { Survey Instrument } \\ & \text { Engineering }\end{aligned}$
1 in Soil isr. Mechanic Mechanics
1 in Foundatior. Engineering
1 in Public Health Engineering
III. Departmont of Mechanical Engineering:

1. Repair to old building
furniture and fittings Rs. 2.82 lakhs
2. Books and Journals

Rs. 2.50 lakhs
3. Equi.pment

Rs. 10.25 lakhs
4. Replacement of obsolate equipment

Rs. 4.00 lakhs
5. Additional Staff: Professors : .. Readers

2 one in Fluid 4 in Fluid Mechanics Mechanics and the Machinery and Combusions other in combusion Engineering. Engineering.

III Derartment of Fivectrical Engineering:
Items Approved Allocation

1. Building
2. Equipment
3. Replacement of obsolate equipment
4. Firniture
5. Books \& Journals

Addi.tional Staff:
Professors Readers Others
1 in Area Commination

Rs. 4.50 lakhs
Rs. 12.10 "
Rs. 2.00 "
Rs. 0.25 "
Ris. 0.75 "

2 One in Power Electronics \& the other in BiomElectronics

Vo Nepsritment, of Chemical Engineering

1. Building
2. Furniture
3. Equipment

Is. 6.00 Iakhs
Rs. 0.60 lakhs
Rs. 5.40 lairhs

- Addition Sl Staff; . .

| Professor | Reader | Lecturer | Others |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. in Chemical | 3 in Mass Tran | 4 in Fluid Tech. | 1.Foreman |
| Engg .Plant | Heat Transfer/ | Mechanical | Tech.Asst |
| Design or | Fluid Mechanics | Technology/ | Mechanic/ |
| Petroiium | Reaction Engg./ | Transport | Builer |
| Refinery Eing. | Transport Phenomenafletrclium | Fhenomena/ Chemical | Attendant/ Draghtsman |
|  | Technology to be specialised in atileast two of the above. | Engg.Design |  |

Working Expenses
Rs. 35,000
Contral Facilities:

1. Library furniture and equipment Rs. 1.80 lakhs
2. Additional staff

Rs. 1.02 "

* (1 Librarian; 6 Professonial
$2^{\text {Ssistants }}$ and 2 Library Attendants)

3. Werksinop

Rs. 1.50 II
4. Additionaiclass room
?s. 2.40 "
5. Furniture for class rooms

Rs. 0.60 "
6. Iniversity Polytechniv

Equipment and acconmodation ?s. 14.00 " for job sinulation centre
7. Women's Polytechnic
as. 5.00
(Detailed Scheme to be prepared)

Bcons \& Jonerng7s:

| Science | Rs. 2 lakhs |
| :--- | :--- |
| Humanities \& | Rs. $\frac{1 \text { lakhs }}{\text { Social Sciences }}$ |
| Total | Rsa 3 lakhs |

Equipment

| Botany | Rs. 1 lakh |
| :--- | :--- |
| Physics | Rs. $3,50,000$ |
| Zoology | Rs. $1,00,000$ |
| Economics | Rs. $\frac{10,000}{\text { Total }}$ |
|  | Rs. $5,6 e, 20,2$ |

## Puilding

| Library Extension | Rs. 37 anho (UeC Sla:e) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Museum | Rs. 65,000 |

Technical Staff:
Field Assistant 1
Fieldman 1

Appendix VIII to Item no. 18 of UCC meeting dated December 19,1977.

## Horticulture:

Non-recurring

1. Sinking of well and installation of motor etc.
2. Raising 5 acres of orchard.
3. Purchase of garden tools.
4. Organisation of horticulture lab.
5. Library boo's.
6. Fruit and vegetable preservation lab.
7. Erecting fencing, wind breaks, etc.
-Total:
Recurring*
Teaching staff

| 1. year | Rs. 9,600 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2nd year | Rs. 9,600 |
| 3rd y.ar | Rs. 19,200 |
|  | Rs. 38,400 |

Dairy science
Non-recurring
Equipment, glass ware
Rs. 10,000
Dairy unit (Buffaloes and Cows)
Milk product euipment.
Books and journals

Pecurring
Teachers Pay Rs. $O 6,(1) \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{n}$.

Total: Rs. $30,000+9,600 \times 3 *=$ Rs. 58,800 . (1978-79, 1979-80 and 1980-81)

Grani Total: $(R+N R)=$ Rs. $1,67,700$.

Appendix IX to Item no. 24 of UGC meeting dated 19th December 1977.

Support approved and recommended by the J.G.C. for the Department of Frlitical Science, Osmania Tniversity, Hyderabad, for participation in the University Leadership Programme.

## Recurring

2. Reader - one Ris. 19,000 p.a.
3. Documentation Officer - one Rs. 9,500 p.a.
(Rs.480-900)
3.. Seçretarial assistance. . . Rs. $10,000 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$.
4. Refresher courses, workshops and

Rs. $30,200 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$.
seminars.
5. Provision for TA/DA for exchange and

Rs. 5,000 p.a. visits of college teachers to the university department and viceversa.
6. Stationery and postage.

Rs. 10,000 p.a.
7. Contingency.

Rs. 5,000 p.a.

Total:
Rs. $88,500 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$.

Total recurring for three years: Rs.2,65.500.

Non-recurring

1. Teaching aids and books to 70 Rs. 1,75,600 cnlleges @Rs.2,500 per year.
2. Books \& joumals for the

Rs. 50,000
university department.
3. Equipments (including complete desk

Rs. 50,000 duplicating centre, calculator, projector etc.).

Total: Rs.2,75,000

Grand total (Recurring + non-mecurring) $=$ Rs. $5,40,500$.

Appendix $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{N}}$ to j.tem no. 25 of the UGC meeting dated 19th December 1977.

Support approved and recommended by the UGC for the Department of Poiitical Science, Rajasthan University for narivipation in the University Leadership Programme.

## Recurring

1. One annual visiting Professor.
2. One Reader
3. One Lecturer (Translation)
4. TA/DA for exchange and visits of college teachers to the university department and vice-versa.
5. Adminỉstrativè support (inclusive of documentation services).
6. Departmental library grant.
7. Cyclostyling and stationery.
8. Postage.
9. Contingency.
10. Annual summer institute.
11. Short-erm seminars and workshops.

Total:

Rs. 30,000 p.e.
Rs. 19,000 p.a.
Rs. 1 , , COS p.a.
As. $6,000 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{a}$.

- Rs.20,000 p.a.

Rs. $10,000 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$.
Rs. 10,000 p.a.
Rs. 5,000 p.a.
Rs. 5,000 p.a.
Rs. 30,000 p.a.
Rs. 5,000 p.a.
Rs. 1,54,000 p.a.

Total recurring for three years $=\mathrm{Rs} .4,62,000$.

## Non-recurring

1. Library books for colleges at Rs. 2,500

Rs. 1, 87,500
per college for 25 colleges per year.
2. Typewriters.

Rs. 5,000
3. Cyclostyling duplicating machine.

Rs. 12,000
4. Equipment (automatic stencilling,

Rs. 35,000
cutting and processing machine etc.)
Total:
Rs. $2,30,500$

Grand total (Recurring + non-recurring) $=$ Rs•7,01,500.

Support apnroved and recommended by the UGC for the Department of Philosophy, Calcutta University, for participation in the University Leadership Programme.

## Recurring

1. Professor - one
2. Lecturer - one
3. Visiting Professrirs
4. .Administrative and technical•staff: •
5. Seminars, refresher courses, summer institutes, etc.
6. Stationery (paper, stencils etc.)
7. TA \& DA to the staff.
8. Contingencies.

Total:

Total recurring for three years:

## Non-recurring

1. Books \& journals for the colleges at Rs.2,500 per college for 50 colles.
2. Furniture \& equipment.
3. Typewriters (one English and one Bengali).
4. Electric Stencil Cutter.
5. One cyclostyling machine.
6. Books $\&$ journals for the department.

Total:

Grend total $(R+N R)$

Rs. 21,000
Rs. 10,000
Rs. 2 Lu,000 p.a.
2s. 14,000 p.a.
Rs.25,000 p.a.

- Rs. $15,000 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$ :

Rs.20,C00 p.a.
fis. 8,000 p.a.
R. $5,000 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{a}$.

Rs. 5,400 p.a.
Rs. $1,16,000 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{a}$.

Rs. $3,48, \mathrm{COC}$

Rs. 50,000

Rs. $2,27,000$

Rs. 5,75,000
j) Grants Recommended:

## R.E.D. Degree College

Course

1. Practical Electronics and

- Lab. instrument•handling.

2. Chart, micro-techniques model 25,000 1,000 7,200 makins and zarine and texidermy.
3. Soil testing
4. Banking techniques.

Total:
Grand total: Rs.
$\underset{\text { Equipment }}{\frac{\text { Nonring }}{\text { Rs. }}} \frac{\text { Sooks }}{\text { Rs. }} \quad \frac{\text { Staff/Honorarium }}{\text { per annum }}$
$15,000 \quad 3,000 \quad 3,00$

3,600

| - | 2,000 | 3,600 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55,000 | 3,000 | 18,000 p.a. |

$60,000+$ Rs. $18,000 \times 3=$ Rs. 1, 14, 000
D.E.I. Women's Training College

1. Commercial Art, Designing painting etc.
2. Fruit preservation, bakery tailoring, hosiery etc.

Total: $40,000 \quad 5,000 \quad 38,400$

Grand total: Rs,45,000 $+38,400 \times 3+$ Rs.1,60,200

## Appendix XIII to Item No. 31.

## A: Rearrixg for three years

| 1. Sr.Research Fellows | 3 | Rs. 600/- per month |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Jr.Research Fellows | 6 | Rs. $400 /-" \\|$ |
| 3. Cartographic Assistants |  | Rs. $7,000 /-$ per annum |
| 4. Lab. Attendants | 3 | Rs. $50000 /-$ per annum |
| 5. Jeep for field work |  | Rs. $15000 /-$ per annum |
|  |  |  |


9. Computer Programing Rs. $2002 /$-pex-aimun

B: Non-recurring:

1. Laboratory / Cartographic Equipment

Rs. $1.37 .2 a k 2,3$

## Appendix XIV to Item No 55

Recommendations made by the Standing Committee on
Gandhian Studies.
Commission may appoint a few small Visiting Committees with two or three members, to review the working of all the existing Gandhi Bhawans. Members of the Standing Committee may also be associated with these review committees.
(b) That while Gandhi Bhawans could be the Centre for organising Community action and community programmes like NSS, adult education, non -formal education etc. research in Gandhian Studies will have to be an integral part of the general research programme of the University. For research on -Gandhian Studies to 'thrive in the Universities; it'is • important that it would draw the talents and resources available in all departments, including science departments.

2: That there would be no single formula for promoting Gandhian Studies in the universities and colleges. The important points is to awaken and stimulate interest in this area of national importance. Broadly, there would be two approaches first universities and colleges may be given faculty positions and other appropriate facilities for studies and research Gaindinian thought, They may decide tacet up a Centre for this purpose to coordinate the working of the programme which will be implemented through various departments or they may expertment with a departmental set up. It was, however, agreed that the Centre concept would be made feasible in the Indian set up.

The second thrust of the programme should be to encourage the departments themselves to integrate Gandhian thoughts and studies in their own teaching and research programmes. For this purpose support could be provided for fellowships books etc.
3. That the Commission's concern for the promotion of Gandhian stales may be conveyed to the universities and proposals for undertaking studies and research in Gandhian thought and ideclogy in the light of the recommendations made by the Committee may be invited from the Universities.
4. That sone machinery should be provided for bringing together Gandhian Scholars in the universities and from outside to take stock of the present situation in the country and to indicate priorities of research in Gandhian Studies. In this connection, it was noted that 3 or 4 university centres should be identified for preparing reading materials for courses on Gandhian Studies and for indicating lines of future research in this area. This work could be undertaken by a team of scholars and the UGO may provide, if necessary scholarships and fellowships and other needed facilities to support this programme.
5. That four Surmer Institutes in Gandhian Studies may be held at the following Institutions:

1. Gujrat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad

2, Allahabad University
3. Nadurai University
4. NEHU, Shillong.

It was emphasised that each Surmer Institute should provide for expert and scholars from outside the region and that field work and project report should be considered as an essential part of the Summer Institute.
6. That the scheme of National fecturers nay be extended to G̈andhian Studies.

## CONFIDEITTIAL

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

|  |  | Meeting : |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | : | 19th December, 1977 |
| Time | : | $10.00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. |
| Place | : | U.G.C. Office, New nelhi. |

## A G E ND.A

Item No. 1 : To receive minutes of the meeting of the Commission held on 7 th and 8th November, 1877:

Item No. 2 : (a) To approve the action taken on certain matters.
(b) To receive the items of information
(c) To approve the statement of proposals which could not be accepted by the Commission.

Item No. 3 : To approve the statement of grants released after the meeting of the Commission held on 7 th and 8th November, 1977.

Item No. 4 : To receive the statement of expenditure incurred by the Jniversity Grants Commission during .1977•-78 upto 30th November, 1977.

Item No. 5 : To receive a statement indicating the progress of issue of utilisation * certificates during the period ending 30th November, 1977. p.1-2

Item No. 6 : To receive'the Annual Accounts of the University Grants Commission for the . year 1975-76 as presented to the Parliament under section 19 (4): of the U.G.C. Act, 1956. p.3-4

Itern No. 7 : To consider further draft policy statement on adult education.5-8.

Item No. 8 : To consider the recommendations of the 5th Plan Visiting Committee for the development of Engineering and Technology at Bombay University. p.9-28.
p.t.o.

Item No. 9 : To consider the report of the Visiting . Committee appointed to assess the development proposals of the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Saugar University, Sagar during the Vth Five YEar PLan. p.29m4

Item No.10: To consider the report of the visiting Committee appointed to assess the Fifth Plan proposals of the Faculty of Engineering. and T:chnology, Annamalai University. $p^{\prime}+5-77$.

Item No. 11: To consider the report of the visiting Committee appointed to examine the Fifth Plan proposals of tine Faculty of Engineering and Technology, Aligarh Muslim University.p.78-173

Item No.12: To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the university Grants Commission to examine the proposal of the Aligarh Muslim University for staff for the library.p.174-181.

Iten No.13: To consider a proposailof Shivaji University Kolhapur for additional grants during Vth Plan.p.182-222.

Item No.14: To consider the proposal of the University of Delhi for collaboration between the North Eastern Hill University and the Delhi University.p.223-232.
Item No.15: To consider the question of approving the completion cost of Phase I of the construction of building of centre of Advanced Study in Sociology, Delihi University. p.233-237.

Item No.16: To consider the proposal of the Aligarh Muslim University for removing the specialisation. for the post of Professor approved in the . Department of Geology.p.238-265:

Item No.17: To consider a proposal received from Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, for the grant of RS. 25- lakhs for Students Hostel during Vth Plan.p.266-267.

Item No.18: To consider the proposal of Jawahar : Bharati, Kavali for financial assistance under the Univ ersity Grants Commission scheme of restructuring of courses. p. 268-273.
p.t.o.

## : 3 :

Item No. 19 : To consider the proposal of the Government L.C.S. College, Ambagarh Ghowki, M.P. (Ravi Shankar University) for the construction of Men's Hostel:P.274.

Item No, 20:To consider the proposal of the Delhi school of Social Work, based on the recomendations of the Seminar organised by the School on Integrated Approach to Rural Development with social Justice.p.275-292.

Item No, 21 : To consider certain establishment matters of the University Grants Commission.p. 293

Item No. 22: To consider the question of relief assistance to colleges which have suffered seriously from the Cyclone in the Southern Suates of Andhra Pradesh, etc. p.294-298.

Item No. 23: To consider the report of the Review Comaittee on the University Grants Commission.

Item No. 24 : To consider the report of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the proposal of the Department of Political Science, Osmania University, Hyderabad for participation in the University Leadership Programme: p. 299-306.

Item No. 25: To consider the report of the Committ-e appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the proposal of the Departinent of Political: Science, Rojasthan University, Jaipur, for participation in the University Leadership Prograinme. p. 307-326

Item No. 26: To considèr the report of the committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the proposal of the Department of Philosophy, Calcutta University, Calcutta for participation in the University Leadership Programme. p-327-334

Item No. 27: To consider some observations made by the Panel on Law at its meeting held on September 12, 1977. p.335-336.
Item No. 28: To consider the report of the visit to DEI Nomen's Training College, Agra and Radhaswami Educational Institute Degree College, Agra under the scheme of Restructuring Courses.p.337-344.
p.t.o.

Item No. 29:To consider the report of the UGC Committee on the proposal of the S.N. Bose Institute of Physical Science of Calcutta University for assistance for post M. Sc. programme being conducted at the Institute. p. 345-364

Item No. $30: T 0$ c nsider the report of the UGC Committee on introduction of LL.I.c urse at Calcutta University and conversiun of some posts of part-time lecturers into posts of full-time lectarer in Law. p.370.384'

Item No. 31 :TO consider the report of the Visiting Comittee which examined the proposal of the Geography Jepartment, Panjab University, Chandigarh for departmental support. p.385-393
Item No, 32 :To consider the report of the Visiting Committee to the department of zoology, Panjab University for inviting the department to participate in the programe of 'special Assistance to Selected Department'. p.394-403. . . .

Item No. 33 :To consider the recommendations of the Working Group on Student Welfare Programme. p. 404-412.

Item No, 34 : To consider the recommendati:sns of the Committee appointed to suggest model courses for iefence studies at undergraduate and post-graduate level. p.413-467

Item No. 35 : To consider the recommendations made by the All India Council for Technical Education with regard to constitution of Managing Committees for Non-Government Technical Institutes.p,468-4.70

Item No. 36 :To consider further the proposal from the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare regarding the establishment of University in Goasp.471-480

Item No. 37: To consider a reference from the Ministry of Education and social Welfare, whether the M.B.A., LL.B., B.Ed: and B. Lib. Science courses should be treated as undermgraduate courses.p.481-483

Item No: 38 : 'ro consider a proposal of the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare for taking over of Hindi Translation Cell at Banaras Hindu University and the Delhi University• p.484-497.

Item No. 39 :To consider the reconmendations of the NCC Evaluation Committee appointed by the Ministry of Defence p. 498-506.
Item No. 40 :To consider relaxation of the minimum qualifications for the fellows to be qppointed under the scheme of Preparation of University Level Books by I clian Authors in Medicine and mengineering and Technology subjects. p.507-509.

Item No. 41 :To consider further the question of providing financial assistance to full-time Resuarch Scholars/Junior Research Fellows working in universities and colleges for visits abroad either in connection with the research work. or for attending International Conferences. p.510-5i1.

Item No. 42 :To consider note on the qualifications prescribed for the posts of lecturers in the Universities and colleges.p.512-514.
Item No. 43 :To consider the question of prescribing minimum qualifications for recruitment to the posts of lecturers in the universities/collectes relaxation for candidates belonging to the category of Scheduled Castes/Sicheduled Tribes.p.515-518.

Item No. 44 :To consider a request received from Jawaharlal Nंehru University for grant of fellowships to Phind. students until the submission of thesis and the declaration of results.p.519-520

Item No. 45 :To consider the proposal of the Andhra University, watiair for financial assistance towards the introduction of Correspondence courses at the postgraduate level.p.521-533.

Iten No. 46 :To consider the proposal of Gujarat University? Ahmedabad for financial assistance towards the introduction of Correspondence courses at under-graduate level. p. $534-5.35$.

Item No. 47 :To consider the proposal of S.N.D.T. Women's University, Bowbay fur assistance towards instructional material for the benefit of external/private students. p.536-537
p.t.o.

## : 6 :

Item No. 48 : To consider the proposal subnitted by the Bombay University for collaboration between the centre of Advanced Study in. Applied Chemistry, Department of Chemical Technology University of Bombay and the University of Manchester, Institute of Science and Technology (UMIST) and the Department of Colour Chemistry, University of Leeds under the IBUC Programme. p.538-545.

Item No. 49 : To consider a proposal of the Kalyani University for opening of an M.Ed. course in Physical Education. po 5

Item No. 50 : To consider a proposal of the Utkal University for the establishment of Centre of Regional studies, p.583-603

Item No. 51. : To c.nsider the proposal of Sri Venkateswara University to include the U.M.T. Sanatorium under section $2(f)$ of the UGC Act, 1956 which is a recognised institution of the University .p. $604^{\circ} \cdot$

Item No. 52 : To consider a proposal of the Banaras Hindu University for permission to blind persons to appear privately at all the University Examinations. p. 605.

Item No. 53 : To consider the proposal of the Allahabad University for the establishment of the museum in the department of Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archeology•606-619.

Item No. 54 : To note the date and place for the next meeting of the Commission.

Any other item.

## CONF IDENT TAL

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

## Meeting:

| Date | $:$ | $19+$ h December, 1977. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time | $:$ | $10.00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. |
| Place | $:$ | UGC Office, |
|  |  | New Delhi. |

## AGENDA

Item No. 55 : To consider recommendations made by the

- Standing Committee on Gandhian Situdies. p. 620~628

Item No. 56 : To consider a proposal from the Calcutta University for financial assistance towards the acquisition of land for Callcutta University on 100\% basis. p.629-637

Item No. 57 : To consider a reference from the Government of India Ministry of Information \& Broadcasting regarding 'Honoris Causa' degree to be treated at par with a regular doctoral degree awarded by recognised universities. p. 638
Item No. 58 : To consider the request of the Amrit Kapadia Navjivan Women's College, Hyderabad for improvement of undergraduate educational facilities during vth Plan period- Relaxation in eligibility conditions - regarding. p.639-640.

## UNIVERSIT'GR/NTS COMMISSION

| Date. | 19th December, 1977 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Tíme. | 1O.00 A.M. |
| Place. | UGC Office, Now DeIhi |

## $\triangle G E N D A$.

Item No. 59 To consider the report of the Visiting Committee which examined the Departmental Resorch Project for Departmental Support submitted by the Nucicar Physics

Item No. 60 To consider the proposal of C.I.E.F.I., Hyderabad for the construction of Library building outside the fifth plan allocation of R. 100 Iekns,p 648-657.

Item No. 61 To consider the recomendation of the Comittee appointed to consider the question of relaxation of qualifications of teachers retrenched by private managemont due to various reasons i。e. discontinuation of certain courses, reduction in en rolment etc, consequert upon the revision of scales of pay.p 683-659.

## UNTYERSITY GRATHS CCMASSEION

Winutes of the 198th meetine of the University Grants Conmission held on Nowember 7-8, 1977.

## The following were present:

```
Professor Satish Chandra
- Chairman
Professor B. Ramecnandra Rao
- Vice-Chairman
- Member
.Shri P..Sabanavagam.
Professor S.S. Saluia
Professor (Miss) \therefore.J. Dastur
Professor S. Gopal.
Dr. Imrik Singh Cneema
Professor S. Magbool Ahned
Professor B.M. Ud,̧aonkar
Dr. Chendran D.S. Devanesen
Shri R.K. Chhabra
- Member
- Member
- Member
- Member
- Member
- Member
- Member
- Member
- Sacrotary
```

Shri G. Ramachandran and Profescor F.P. Bambah had expressed their ability to attond the meeting.

SEGRTARIAT
Adcjtional Secretary
Dr. D. Shankar Narayan
Jojnt Secretary
Dr. J.N. Kavi
Shri S. Viswanath
Deputy Secretaries
Siri I.C. Menon
Dr. S.C. Goel
Dr. S.P. Gupta
Dr. T. M. Hajela
Shri Y.D. Sharma
Shri M.P. Balakrishnan
em No. 1: To receive minutes of the meeting of the Commission held on October 17, 1977.

The mimutes of the meetinp of the Commission held on October 17, 1977 were confirmed.

Item No. 2(a): To approve the action taken on certain matters. -••

The Commission approved the action taken on items listed in Appendix I*.

Item No. 3: To approve the statemont of grants released after the meeting of the Commission held on October 17, 1977. coo

The Comission aproved the grants released after the last meeting of the Commission hold on October 17, 1977 (Appondix II:).

Item No. 4: To receive the statoment of expenditure incurred by the UGC during 1977-78 urto October 30, 1977.

This was notod.
Itom No. 5: To consider a paper on $\operatorname{sReforms}$ on the educational systen".

Lho Comission considered a draft paper entitled "Developmont c Highor Education in India : A Policy Frame", and desired that the paper as finally approved and as given in Appendix III may be further considered in the light of the discussion in the meeting.

Item No. 6: To consider an approach paper for the noxt Plan. -••

The Comission was gonorelly in agreement with the approach paper for the next Plan. The pancr as adopted by tho Comission is given in Apperrix. IV,

Arising out of this, the Commission observed as rollows:
(a) A paper may be prepered on the aharing basis for assistance to be provided to the universities and colleges in the next Plan period and brought up before the Comission.
(b) All the Junior Research Fellowships including those now administered contrally may be allocated to the uriversities henceforth and th question of monitoring the implementation of the scheme and subsequent eniancement of value to Rs.500/- pam. at the end of two ycars period nay be examined with the help of a Comittee.

Item No. 7: To consider the report of the Review Committee on the U.G.G.

Consideration of this item was postponed to the next meeting.

[^0]Itom No. 8: To consider certain establishent matters of the UGC.
(i) Reconmendations made by the Staff Inspection Unit on the staff requiremente of the U.G.C. and proposals for additional stafi to strengthen the scerotariat $0 f$ the Commission to meet the immediate requiroments.
(ii) Creation of a Cell in the office of the U.G.C. to assist the Liaison Officer in the offective implementation of reservation orders in favour of Scheduled Cestos and Scheauled Tribes.

- (i) - The Commission considerad the recommentations made by the staff Inspection Unit on the staff requirments of the U. G. C: and the propdsals made for additional staff to strengthen the secretariat of the Commission and decided as under:
(1) To accept the rouort(s) made by the Staff Inspection Unit and adopt the assessment of staff requiroments made by it as on 1.4.1976 (inpendix V).
(2) Not to rosort to retronchment of the surplus posts arising cut of the SIU recomendations as identificd on 1.4.1976 but to adjust these rgainst idertifiable items of work.
(3) To consider for adjustment against surplus posts specific proposels for additionel posts to take care of the increase in work load, etc. durine 1976-77 and 1977-78, identifying the areas and the extcnt to which strenrthening is proposed over and above the strongth fixed as on 1.4 .1976 by the Stafi Inspection Unit.
(4) To consicer proposals for additional posts related to specific new areas or itern of work for adjustment against the surplus posts as on 1.4.1976 or creation of the new posts as the case may be.
(5) To create the following now posts for S.R. and H.R. Divisions to deal with the specialised nature of work on en ad hoc basis to be filled by contact on contract/deputution bisis; the necessary supperting staff reguired for these posts will be provided by adjustment of surplus posts as on 1.4.19r.6 to the extent possible:
(a) Junior Research Officers $\begin{aligned} & \text { (R.1100-1600) }\end{aligned}$
(b) Assistant Research Officers ...2 (fs.700-1300)
(ii) The Commission accepted the proposal for creation of a Cell in the office of the U.G.C. for the effective implementation of reservation
p.t.o.
orders in favour of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in pursuance of the recomendation of thie Parliamentary Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and clecided that the following posts may be provided in the first instance to cope with the present work by adjustment of surplus posts as on 1.4.1976:

| 1. Assistant Secretary | $\ldots$. | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Section Officer | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| 3. Assistants | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| 4. U.DoCs. | $\ldots$. | 2 |
| 5. L.D.C./Typists | $\ldots$ | 2 |

(iii) The Chairman apprised the Comaission of the present position (incluajng comunicetions roceivod from the Ministry of Education \& Social Welfare) and the steus taken to fill up the posts of Consultants in pursuance of the docision taken by the Comaission at its mocting held on Jaruary 31, 1077 as well as the recomendations made by a Cormittee of the Commission in this regard. The Cormission after due consideration decided that Fr. L. Pereira, Principal, St. Xavier's College, Bornbay be appointed against the post of Consultant as detailed below:

1. Continuous service, based in Dellii, from November 10, 1977 to Decenber $15,{ }^{\circ} 1977$ with $\cdot a$ 'fixed honorarium of $\mathrm{fs} .1,500$ for $\cdot$ the whole period.
2. Non-continuous service during January 1978 to May 1978 the period from the first Monday to the second Friday each month to be spent in Delhi with an honorarium of Rs.750/each month.
3. Lir travel to and from Bombay for the purpose. The position recarding the prosont appointment would be roviowor in mpril 1978.

Item No. 9: To note the date and place for the next meeting of the Comuission.

It was noted that the next neetine of the Comission will be held in New Delhi on December 19, 19r7.

Item No. 10: To consider the procedings of the meeting of the UGC Standing Committoe on New Universities and University Centres held on November 1, 1977.

The Comission considered the recomnerdations of the Standing Cormittee on New Universities and University Centres and agreed as follows:

1. The proposal of the Goverment of West Bengal for the establishment of a taching-cum-affiliating University at Midnapore having
p.t.o.
jurisdiction within the district of Midnapore may be accepted and the State Government be advised to constitute a Planning Board in consultation with the UGC for the proper and intograted development of the new University. It was noted that:
(a) with the establishment of the University, the entire postgraduate teaching should be done only within the University tcaching departments; and
(b) any assistance from the Comaission towards this University would be payable only after the University has been declared fit undor Section 12L of the UGC Act.
2.     - The Comission desifed that the Gciverment of India be infomed . that the Andhra Pradesh Goverrment be requestad to send the proposal for the establishaerit of a University at Anantapur in accordance with the guidelines laid down by the Comission for setting up of new universities.

Item No.11: To consider the question of opening an account with Anerican Express International Banking Corporation, New Delhi, for operating, the erant of $\$ 3$ lakhs offered by the Ford Foundation for the developnent of the Aren Studies Programe.
"Resolved that the Secretary, University Grants Conirission is hereby authorised to operate on the account to be opened by the Ford Foundation (U.S.I..) in the name of University Grants Comission with the Anerican Express Intemational Banking Corporation, New York, for the purpose of issuing cheques

- to universities and scholars in collars for utilisation of the grant to be provided by the Forl Found ation for special training of Indian scholars under the irea Studies Progrenme".

Item No.12: To consider the draft poljey statement on adult education.

Consideration of this iten was postiponed to the next neeting.
R.K. Chhabra

Secretary
'Satish Chandra Chaiman

# Appendix.III to Item No. 5 

## Develorment of Higher pducation in India

APolicy Frame

## Qbiective

1.01 The main objective of this paper is to suggest a policy frame for the devilopment of higher education in Incia over the next ten to fiften years. As education at all stages forms an integrated whole, and as the university has a significant role to play in school and adult education, this task has bean actompted against the beckground of $=$ perspective for the development of education as.a. whole during the seme period.

## SECTION II : DETELOPMYNT OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

2.01 Achievements and Foilures: The history of Indian education is a picturc of light and shade, of sone outstanding achievements as well as of many eque?ly (or even more) outstanding failures. During the last 150 years, we heve creatod a syster of education which has now more then 120 universities (or similar institutions), 4500 affiliated colleges, 4,000 secondary schools and 600,000 elenentary schools, 3.5 million teachers, 100 million students, and an annual expenditure of Ro. 25000 million which is next only to that on defonce. It has givan us a high level trained man-power whose size is the second largest in the world and the top-lovels of which aro comparable to those of lading countrics in tho world. It is this men-power which now provides the key-personnel in s.ll walls of our national lifo and also onables us to help sevoral othur doveloping countrics.
2.02 Unfortunatuly, the systim has also devaloped threo major weaknessos.
(1) It still continues to be dominatod by modals and velue-systoms adopted during tho colonial regime. for instence, it lays greater omphasis on narrow individunlism, unhoelthy competition to the n.glect of sceisl good, verbeil fluency (especirlly in pnglish), and mere acquisition of information while it negl cts social objectives, cooporation manual work, training in akills and building up of character. It pleces on alrost exclusive omphesis on the formet school (with its singlo-point ontry, ennusl soquential pronctions, insistance on full-time attendence, end alnost cxciusivo usc of full-time toachors) and neglects both non-formel and rccurrint oducation. The cducr.tionel institutions function in isoletion from the commity as woll as from ons enothor. Tho systen is a gigentic monolith, very difficult to nove or change; and in spite of its achievments which are by no meons inconsidarable, it has proved itsulf to be inaduquato to moot our netional needs and aspirations.


#### Abstract

-2- (2) Tho syston mainteins n set of double standerdse A smill minority of education institutions at all levels is of good quality and compares favourably with tho se in developed countries. But access to thom is 'selective' and is mostly availed of by the top social groups, either because they ecn afford the costs involved or bocause they show 'morit: whicn, on the basis of the existing nethods of selection, shows a high correlation with social status. But this coro of grod institulions is surrounded by a large penumbra of institutions where standards are poor but an iopon-door' access is provided. It is these institutions thet aro mostly aveilod of by th, large maicrity of the poople inclu ling the weaker scctions. This dualisn leads to undesirable social segrogation and to a porpetuction and strongthening of incgalitarin tronds in our socicty.


(3) Even in quantite.tive tems, it is the uppor and middle classes thet are the beneficiaries of the sysuon which does not roach tho pooplo at $=11$. Sixty per cont of the populetion
 none of its benefits; of every 1,0 children of six yoers of ago, 20 never go to schcol and 55 othirs drop olit, sooner rather than leter, so thet only abcut 25 complete class VIII; and 70 per cunt of the seets in secondery schocls and 80 per cont of the seats in highor oclucation are taken by top 30 per cent of the incone groups.
2.03 Whet the systan noods, therefore, is a drastio overm heul: a transfometion of its charector, threugh the introduction of $\varepsilon$ modern scientific outleck andothor essential neasures, to suit our netional needs anc. aspirations; c. substantial inprovernunt of stondards; an extonsion of its covorage so that the education of the pacple becones, not a periphorel pursuit, but a contral objective. . It is in these threo mein directions thet educetionel reconsuruction in Indic. will heve to be vigerously pursued in the yeers ahead.
2.04 Transfometion of the Educstional SVstan: Porhaps the most urgent and significant reform noedod is to trensform the value systam, and the basic structure and processes of the educationel system, to nake it flexible and dynanic, and nove in the ultimate direction of providing opportunifies for lifo-long lerming to avery individual. This tronsformetion will emphasize ethieal values end hunn welfare enriched by science and to:hnology. It will also inply the shifting of cmphasis from teaching to leaming, from individual to scciel objectives, che from mere acquisition of infometion to the devijopnont of skills and cherecter-
formation based on lnowledge. Thero would bo multiple points of entry, flexible and studentioriented curricula, en equal cmphasis on all the three channels of study (fullertine paritine or ow-tine), use of all the toching resources of the comruntty (buth human and institutional) rather then dopend ing only on the schecl or profussionel teechers, nd every facility for recurrent ociucation so thet an indivicual cen join or stop off the form-1 systum as and when necessary, adopt eny chennel of stucy theit suits hin, and loom at his own best pece and from whonsoever he chooses, werk and oducation (which will be closoly linked to productivity) would run concurrently throughout the lifo of on indivicurel; and education and doveloment would be linied tegethor, education assisting socio-uconomic trensformetion and participation in progromu of such transfometion bocaing a neciun of education itsjul.
2.05 Improvenont of stancords: The stenderds of education need to be defined in the wider sonse of the n11-sidod dovelopnont of the porscnality of the individuel ond his connitriont to social objoctives; and these wald $h$ ve to bo substentially inproved and continually raisod to suit the changing needs of the country. The systom of double stenierds in oducationel institutions-ono for th; rich and the will-to-do and the other for the large mejority of the poople-shculd be done oway with. All childron should rub shouldors in a systen of comion schocls e.t tho elenentary stege; and in all postmelenentery education, access to the peco-setting institutions should bo aveileble tc ell telented childron irrespective of their social or cocnonic status. Mothods of identifying telent by tosts which do not discrininate ageinst children from disndventaged background should bo dovisod; and a pronium should be given to theso fron disadvanteged backgrounds oven if their 'telent..rating' is lower. For such childron, speciel renedial coaching and training will heve to be provieod, enc! the epproprete nethodology ovolvad with core. It is true that the maintinenci anc improvenent of stondards noods physical inputs like goor twachers anc bettar leaming tools and fecilitius. But they depond more basicelly on disecvery and cultivation of telant and the croction of a climete of dodicatod hard work in all educationel institutions. It is these progremies that neel to be doviloped on the basis of a high priority.
2.06 pxpansion: If the coverage of the aducational system is to bo inproved and if the lerge najority who now ranain outsicle it is to becono its principal concerm, high priority will heva to bo gi wn to the following three programes:
(1) Acult Educstion: The oducation of adults has recaived very low priority so far. But in view of the fact that it yields rich and onrly dividonds, it sheuld
be accorded the highest priority in the yo ars ahond; and oven anong adults, the educetion of the $l_{\text {crga }}$ nurabers of poor and illitorate persons should receive utnost attention. The main cbjoctives of this progrenio should be to educeto end nobilize the nasses and to involve thon meoningfully in national developuent. It should also strive to nelke all cdults (perticularly in tho age group 21-35) functionally liturato and lay the greatest aphesis on the non-formel oducation of youth (age-grcup 15-21). it massivo programe of notivating adults and enthusing and training vcluntary wurkers and institutions will heve to bo developed for the purpose.
(2) Universsl menontary mucation: The objective of this programe shouli bo to provide freo and ecmpulsory education fcr all childron (age-group 6-14). The tnsk is vory difficult beceuse the nen-attonding childran now ec nsist ncstly of girls ane children of schuduled cestes, schertulod tribes, lendloss agricultural 1 ,bourers and other wenke: sections of the sccicty. An enrly sclution of the preblen, which is closely rcletod to thet (fiadult education, needs a deop politicel comitnent, a mess movoment, and a large invostriont of resources. It will also be necossary to bring about a radical-transformetion of tho existing oucationel. systen by. . . the introduction of a multiple-entry systen, pertutino oducation and use (f non-professional tarcherso In addition to th. existing chennel of full-tinc formel education in the agom group 6-14, which will have to be strongthenod and expended part-tine classes should be run for children in the ago-group 9-14 who ro roquirod to work and do not therofore go to schacl, or drop out of it e.t en early stage. The principlo tc be followod will be thet every child shall continue to learm, fron tho ege of 6 to the age of 14, on a full-tire $b_{\text {asis }}$, if possible, ond on a part-tinc besis, if unavoidablu for councinic roasons. The standerds of elonontary sencols should be improved, schocl tinings ence $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{c}}$ antictis suitebly e.ltorod, and the programe of frociniluday neals axpandod so thet thoir attracting and holding powor is substentielly incruessed. Tho content of olonentery ecucetion should bo radically cltored by the irtroduction of sceinlly useful productive work and sciel servico es integrel parts of oducation ane by rolating tho curriculun to the locel en viron$n$ ntiz end the ccimon schrol syston of education should be adopted to promoto sociel zohesion and notionel integration. side by side, low-cost prozranos of pro-sch ol oducation sheule bo devolopod, especinily for tho children of the poer in rural areas and urben sluris, with the use of locel porscnnel and metorials.
(3) Spocicl focilities fer Postmpuntery Rucntions The access of a large majority of pocplo, anc. aspecially the poor, to socondary and highur education should bo increased. Fron this point of view, the speciel fecilitios which are now given to tho schodulod cestes en... schoduled tribes should oontinue and should genorelly be extonded to all poople below a prescribod income levol, irrespective of caste, region or sox. Speciel efferts shuld bo made, et all stages of oducation, to discovor talentod childran frun the econcnicelly hondicappod farilios; and as this talent is our bost $n_{\text {ational }}$ asset, they should be treated as wards of tho state and assisted, thrcugh scholarships and burserios, plecenent, inflivinuil'tuition'an? guid-rec, to rociva the highast. . . odt cation thoy are espabloof.
2.07 Sucondary Educetion: The significenco of stenderds in secondery orlucation is obvicus: it supplies the teachers : : for olonontary oducation and the studonts for higher educotion an? thoreby controls the stencrace in ? th the stagos. Yot, in Inclien oduceticr, seccndary education has riways romeined the weakest link. This siturtion cells for irmediete and vigorcus rometiel nctirn.
T. 08 The fcllowing me-sures are suggested for irmproving the standerds of soecndary ecluestion:
(1) as in the new pattorn, elenontary and secondery education should cover twolve years sc that secondary ecu-. cetion can prepare for ontry into work at $\varepsilon$ large variety of skilled lovels and also sene up nore nature and better prom pered studonts to the universityo
(2) At present, thero has beon a vory hapheizerce growth of seoondary schocls, neny of which aro of such smell size that thoy cen bo noither eccnonic nor officiant. It is nuossary to plen the lecetion of now socondery schocls with eroat core an. to rabicnalisu thet of the oxisting onos to the extont possibte. Fffort shurd also bu nede to sue that all sucond ry schocls ruech anoptirum size which nckes then eccnonically an? acadoricolly viable.
(3) The curriculun of scondery schools should be drasticelly reviscc. Werk an acciel sarvice shculd boconc its integrel parts. It is nimessary to aistinguish between tho wrk-lcad on studonts and standeras of atioinnont. Todey, the work-load is honvy and the stoneards lowe Good planming, gad teachers an gecd nothods of tonching and ovaluetion can ronec work-lead ant jet inprove stadards ane this is the diroction in which wo sholld work. Till class $X$, there is
neod to adjust tho curriculer load in crder to find noro time, not only for work and social sorvec, but also for physical uducation, ganes on? sports and cultural activities so as to dovelcp a complotu pursonality. In class XI-XII the highor sucondery level, adequate stops towarcis difforentiaticn ane diversification she uld be teken and the programe shculd be intensive oncusht to prepere students either for the univorsity or for ontry intc the werld of work, as the cess may be. It is also nocessary to mphasizo that everything included in the curriculun neod not be a subject for exminetion. In fact, all curricula should hevo some cloments which exist for their own sole and are not rolated to exmmin?tirns.
(4) Great cmphnsis shul be laid on teacher inprovenent, provision of edequato fecilitios (including improved tonching on? loaming maturials), acoption of progressive anr dynmic meth ds of teachine and evaluation an? croation of $r$ clineto of dolicetod herd work.
(5) Every effort sheuld be made to identify talontod children. nt the olamentary stege and troy she ule be rssisted in e:ll ways pcssible an? nocussery; includine the provision. . . of burseries, tc continue their oducation at the secendary stage.
2.09 The present syston of public (and siniler) schocls, run by priveto bodies and charging hieh feos which restrict thom to the children of the effluent is inconsist nt with an egalitarian scoiety. There is a noed for Govt. to ostablish mony nore quality schocls so thot the pocr talonted chilcron may be plicou thore, ance clso to requiro that every existing institution of this kinc actrit at least hrlf of its sturonts fron arong the $t$ lanted but economically hendicopped stuents, and give freeships to them.
2.10 snother mejer proeremre at the secondary stage which needs nttontion on a prinrity basis is vocotionsilizotion which will give us midrla level sonimskilled and skilled nenpower in all walks of life. The progrome will link ecucation closely with productivity; and whet is ovon noro important, it will recucu pressures on the universities. In tho presont oducation il systom, ecch stage is is troctod es a prepretion for the noxt higher stage of education. Instoar, the curriculum at onch stefe must be dosigned keoping in viuw the fact that the stege nay be tominnal ficr r. lerge fraction of stucents. Vocationalization will, therefore, heve to be attompted at three levis: (1) at the end of the elonontary stage; (2) at tho end of class $X$; anc (3) at the end of cless XII. It should be clenrly releted to the employment opportunities aveileble (incluting programios of solf omployment) and should be
school-based, industry/agriculture-bised, or of a sandwich type, depencing upon the circumstances. The ultimate objective should be to divert about half the youns persons in appropriate vocational courses; anc a successful implemuntation of the programe will neud the cooporation of industry and agriculture, and active participation of all agencies of covt. It must also be comphasized that the extent to which students will opt for these courses will dopend upon the development of the oconomy and the availability of jobs, the narrowing down of the wag-structure botween differont livels of workers and especially as betweon the blue and white collar categorios, the extent to which the admission to the academic course prep ratory to the university bocome more selected or the studunts who opt for vocational courses are assurcd of opportunitiss for furthor cducation and vertical mobility; and the discontinuence of the prosent practice of proscribing higher qualifications than actually roquircd for porforming the dutir: of middlolovol jobs.
2.11 Those significant roforms will convort the oxisting systum of education into a new systam su: tod to our needs and aspirations and will also involve a rajor sociomeonomic transformation. Obviously, tho developmont of higher edu cation and research over the nuxt ton or fiftoun yoars will heve to conform to the directions of this oducational and sociel transformation. What is avon more importent, the university system itself will have to play a leeding rele in bringing about this transpometion. The details of this programe will be discussed in the noxt section. But before leaving the subject, we would like to omphasizo one isstic; no oducational transformetion can be brousht about in a vacuum because oducation is a sub-systom of the socioty as atole and becense the social end educational structures support and strengthon onc enothor. curs is a ducl socicty in which coonomic andpolitical pow $r$ is msinly concentrated in the $h_{n}$ nds of a small class at the top; and this roflects itsolf in a dual educational systim in which the accuss to the bost oducational institutions at all stages is mostly limited to the same top class. on this other hand, it is onr dual educational systom that stren thens and porpotuates our dual society. If this vicious circle is to be broken, action on the oducational front alons will not bo onough and will not succeed. Whet we nood is a radical, similtaneous and complementary action, for educational as will as for social tronsformation.
2.12. While implementing tho abo ede educationel rofoms, therefore, wo must also mount up a big programe of sociel, conomic, politicol and moral action to roduce povorty and inequnlity. This will inciude the minimization of all forms of exploitation, imposition of limits and ourbs on the
consumption of the rich and rell-to-do and rovision of a basic minimum standard of livin to all the peoplr through an amphasis on the increased production of goods and services needed by the common men, a zuarantee of jainful employmont to all ablewodi ed persons willing to vork, and the crganisation of nation-wide and officiont public distribution system of food-stuffs and other essential commouitios. It is alss obvious that this attempt at a simultaneous educational and social transformation will not succeed unless we also develop a mass movement in supnort of these objectives and involve the pronle themselves in these programmes. The backdrop of a nation-wide and comprohensive mass movement and mass involvement thus becomes indispensable for the educational advance of the perple as mell for national development.
S.BCTICN III: ESVLCHMAT (F HI:
3.01 The Role of the University System: The university system
has fmportant respons: bilities to the socitety. if a whol: as.well as to the education system itsolf. Tho significance of the traditional functions of acouisition, preservation, dissemination and extension of the fronticrs of knowledge, the balanced education of individuals, and the training of high lovel personnel for all walks of life is obvious. But a modern university, espacially in a developiny country like ours, has to undertake several other functions as well. It must, for instance,

- inculcate and promoto basic human values and the capacity to chonse between alternate value systems;
- preserve and foster our great cultural traditions and blend them with essential elements from other cultures and peoples.
- proniote a rational sutlook and scienti fic temper;
- enrich the Indi an languages and promote thoir uge as important means of communication and for national dovelommat and unity;
- promote the develorment of the total personality of students and inculcąte a commitment to society through involvement in national service prorsrammes;
- act as an objective critic of society and assist in the formulation of national objectives and prosrammes for their realization.
- promote comitment to the pursuit of excellence;
- promote the development of sci ance and technolozy and of an indisenouis capability to apply it effectively with special emphasis on national problems; and above all
- contribute to the improvoment of the entire educational system so as to subserve the commanity.
3.02 Access to Higher iducation: Adnission to postelementary education should be linked to talent and aptitude. We should not also deny the right of an individual to $1:$ felong learning or to study to the highest extent he is capable of, although the state has every rigit to decide how its subsidy for such education is to be regulated on the bisis of talent and social fustice. Cur policy in relation to further expansion of all pest-elementary (and especially hisher) education has therefore to be based on several conflicting considerations. On the one hand, we cannot ignore the increasing demand for higher education from all sections of the poople and especially from the weaker sections who consider it an almost exclusive channel of vertical mobility. On the other hand, we cannot also ignore or under-fmphasize some aspects of the situation such as the inability of the econ my to absorb its products, the growing spectre of educated unemployment, $1_{\text {ack }}$ of resources in men; materials and money which often make expansion lead to dilution of standards, and the unacademic considerations that drive thousands of young persons to the universitics.
3.03 The policy to be adopted in this regard should therefore consist of the following: (1) adoption of mengures which wll reduce pressures on the university syetem such as effective vocationalization at the secondary stage, delinking most of the jobs from degrees, and changing the present recruitment policies which virtually make a degree a minimum qualification for any zood job; (2) exercising rreat restraint in the establi shment of new institutions which should not be set up at all (excopt in backward areas) unless their need is clearly established on sound acadonic sonsiderations and unless adequate resources in terms of men, materials and money are available; (3) planning the location of new institutions very carefully and rationalising that of the existing ones to the extent possible (4) by adopting selective adnissions to fulltime institutions of higher education at first degree and postgraduate levels on the basis of merit with reservation of atleast half the seats for all weaker sections; (5) by enabling talented but econ omically weaker students to puraue their studies on a whole-time basis by ensurinc to them the full cost of their education throu;gh appropriate bursaries, for which funds may be ralsed from public and private bodies; (6) by providing facilities for expansion of higher education through channels of non-formal education like correspondence courses; and (7) by opening Board and university examinations to private candidates to encorirage self-study.

The policy outlinad ibove will create the essontial basic conditions for the pioper development of higher edication. It will also ensure that expansion of facilities in post elementary education will rot be at the cost of quality (which is what often happens at present), that non-formal postelementary education where unt cost of education is appreciably lower, shall be available to all who desire it and

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-10-
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qualify for it, and that the access of the meaker soctions to secondary and higher education will increase rather than decrease and that it would be adeouately subsidized from State funds. The programe outlined above will largely depend for its success on the quality of leadership provided by University and Colloge teachers. The terms and conditions of service should be attractive enough for some of the best minds in the country to join the profession. At the same time, the facilities for acauisition of further knowledge and addiaing to it should be provided. Also, it will succeed better if there are adequate job opportunities for those who have not been selected, if the formal and non-formal channels of education are tronted as equal in status for purposas of employment, andif due concessions (including ase relaxations are allowed to ensure that those who adont a method of recurrent education (1.e. transferring themselves from school to work and vice-verse according to needs) arr at least not at a di sadvantage in comparison vith these who complete their education at one stretch.
3.03 The Undergraduate Stase: A major programe of reform of higher education is the restructuring of courses at the underyraduate stage to make them more relavant and sisnificant, not only to the students, but alsc to the nation as a whole by assistins social transformation and $n_{a t i}$ onal development. It is absolutely essential that' every undergraduato.student should. be given a groinding in four important areas: (1) a set of foundation courses rhich are desi sned to croate an avareness of areas such as Indian History and Culture; history of freedom strusgle in india and other parts of the worlds social and economic life in indi a including concepts ard processes of development; scintific method includins the role of scionce and technolozy in develoment; alternative value systems and societies based thereon; Oultures of Asia and Africa (selected countries); and sandhian thmagt; (2) a set of core courses which will give the student an opportuntty of accuiring a broad familiarity with some chosen disciplines. including a study of one or more of them in depth; (3) some applied studies projects/ field activity which will form an interral activity of the course and will be carried out in the finglypari and (4) involvemont in a programme of national or social service for the first two yoars. This will provide a more rounded and richer education. To get the full advantage of this reform, several important measures will have to be adopted. For instance, the courses should be diversified, especially to cover newly emergent and intermisciplinary areas; a greater freedom should be allowed to the student, through the adoption of the semester sy stem, and to choose the courstes best suited to his interests and capability, unit courses and modern and dynamic methods of learning and study should be adopted; and examination reform should be carried oit with viscour and determination.
3.04 It is also necessary to provide liberal and wellplanned assistance for the improvement of affiliated colleges which do most of the underaraduate teaching. Frometais point of view, the central programmes of assistance to affiliated colleges should be diversifind and expanded. fn effective machinery should be created at the state levisl for grants-in-aid to affiliated colleges, and the state grant-in-ald codes shouid be modernised and improved for use as tools of improving standardso side by side, adequats and firm measures should be taken to improve the managemont of colleges.
3.05 Fostgraduate Sducation and Research: The postgraduate stase assumes the highost sigrificance for maintaining educational standards and for prorammes of develoment. fis its objeotivas is to takea. student to the threshold of new knowiedse, it is assential that the teachers and students at this stase are themselves activoly involved in the creation of nev knowledse and its technicues, i.e. in research. Juery institution providing postgraduate instruction must therefore have competint staff actively engaged in resear and adequate research facilities in torms of laboratory equipment and research journals. It therefore follows that the responsibility for post gracuate education must, by and lirge, be directly assumed by the universities themseives.

At present about 50 per cont of postgraduate students and about 11 per cent of research students are studying in colleges. wiff a few colleges have outstanding research and teaching departmonts, most of them are poorly ecuipped for posisraduate instruction. Their situation should be revifwed in terms of the norms established by the University Grants Commission, and those having the potentiality of coming up to the norms within a few yrars should be assisted to do so as soon as possible, while the others should dis-continue postgraduate instruction in the interest of standards. Collaborative efforts by colleges, which may not individually be viable units of post jraduate instruction but may be able to form viable units collectively, should also be encouragedo The University Grants Commission, Universities, and State Governments will have to take concertod steps in this regard.
3.06 Other measures requirfd for tho development of higher education include the folloming:
(1) with the rapid increase in the number of universities, there is a need to ensure that all the University Departments themselves satisfy the norms as viable units of teaching and research.
(2) Mile inter-disciplinary courses should be introduced at the undergraduate level also, special pfforts must bp made in this regard at the postgraduate and research level.

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(3) Individuals, sroups and departments in universities arid colleges should be supported, on merits, in carrying out high quality research. Special encouragemont should be given to collaborative research efforts by a group, drawn from one or more departments, on the basis of poolnd resources.
(4) High quality experimental rescarch demands the develonment of inditenous instrumentation capability and culture. Bfforts in this direction shoula be encrurased through support of research schmes and the creation of university instrumentation and service centres and regional instrumentation centres.
(5) Thile universities will continue to br involved in fundamental research, apelication oriented research, especially in collaboration with $n_{a}$ tional laboratoriss and inchestrios need to be specially encouraged in univorsities. Both fundamental and applied research ronuire the hi gh-st intellectual qualities.

Fundamental discoverien in science lead to technological advances, whife progress in technology provides the scien.tist. 暲th sophisticated tools and instruments and enables them to make fundamential di scovfores. as such, . both in teaching and research; it s sec ssary to see that the best talent in the country is harnessed for develonment sci ence and technology. Nor should we neglect most modern and sophisticated technology which is very essential in certain areas like heavy industifes, defence, communications, transport, energy, etc.
(6) In order that universities may be able to onntribute to the social development and change, they have to go outside the four walls of the cliass room and get involved in a porticipatory understanding of some of the societal problems. Such research programmers as contribute to soci al develorment, especially to rural development, should be encouraged.
(7) Mile fostering knoniedge of science and technology at the highest theoretical level and spreadin. it in the rural areas, there is a growing nead to develop technology relevant to emergent national needs, Such a development would also, demand an appropriate interaction between the institutions of higher leaming and the productive processes and organs of society.
3.07 Diversification: as enrolemnts increase and the student community gets larger, it is cssential to diversify, the courses and models of higher oducation, and to create new processes and models to suit the emerxing needs. In fact, we should move in a dir ection where institutions of hisher education represont a very wide spectrum of which the classical type is only one, althourg an important illustration.
3.08 Decentralisotion: It is equally essential to move awey from the existing system of the affiliating university or centralization of academic authority and external examinations. The system as it works creates very dialatory procedures. The rigidity of the affiliating system also deprives the gcod teachers of the opportunity to take initiative for creative, imaginative and more fruit ful action. It is, therefore absolutely essential to decentralise authority and confer autonomy, from the university administration to the university departments, and from the universities to colleges. The existing bureaucratic and centralised structures of the universitios have to be radi cally altered to avoid delays, to evade attempt at rigid uniformities, to create an elastic and dynanic system and to promote innovative initintives and reforms.
3.09 Autonomous colleses: The concept of autonomous colleges is of special significance in this context, futonomy for a college implies that the college and its toachers assume full responsibility and accuntability for the acadenic programmes they provide, for the content and quality of their teaching, and for the admission and assessment of their studentso Unless this basic condition is first met, it will not be possible to tackle the problem of "relovance" satisfactorily or to diversify and $r$ ato curricula to local needs and conditions, and what is even more important to wive a greater individual attention to the students on the basis of their needs and aptitudes. This alone of 11 make it possible for institutions of higher cducation to become communitins of teachors and students ensased in an agreed and mutually satisfactory joint pursuit of truth and excellence. However, it mould be necessary to ensure that the telms and conditions of service for teachers prescribed by the Government and tho University Grants : ©ommission continue to apply to these institutions, and that the institutions continue to subserve the needs of national integration and develoment. The concept of autonomous college does not imply permanent cetegorisation of an institution under a separate label for a higher formal status but it requires an institution to be continuously subjected to justify its recocntition as an autonomous colleges with periodic review and should be liable to lose the recornition if the conditions of hieher academic excellence as well as its contribution to socisty are not matntained at the expected level. In short, such a privileye will have to be continuously earned and sustained through perfomances. Over the years, we should move in a dirfction where altonmy becomes, not a reward for excellence, but the minfmum condition for the very existence of the college. It must also be emphasized that, in the interest of rood education and in the $l_{\text {arger }}$ interests of socinty itself, each institution has to seek itsidentity in its ofon unicue fashion, consistent with its local situation and the acedomic perspectives of the local community .
3.10 Eis a step tovards the development of this programme, it is necessary to survey carefully all the colleges in every district and to identify one or two colleges per district which can become academically viable through guidance for plannins and financial assistance. These colleges should be assisted to raalize their potential and fiven autonomy to develop new courses in relation to the needs of the local region and its development. The programme can, over the yearsz be extended to other colleges as they show a desi re and potential to develop on these lines.
3.11 Academic Freedom: To be an objective critic of society is an important responsibility of the university system, This can be discharged satisfactorily only if the aciademic freedom of the teachers and students to express their viem freely and fearlessly is adequately protectrd. This freedom also deserves to be exercised nore widely and ably.
3.12 extension: If the University system has to discharge adequately its responsibilitios to the entire educational system and to the society as a whole, it must assume extension as the third important responsibility and fiye it the same status as research and teaching. This is a nev and extremely significant arna which should be developed on the basis of high priority. As can be easily imazined, the ext in sion programme of the university system will fall into two broad categori es.

## (1) Ixtension Services to schools and collegesi

The universities should work with the colleges which, in turn, should work with the secondary and elementary schonls in their neighbourhood and help them to improve standards by in-service education of teachers, sharing of factlities, provision of enrichment programne to studenta and di scovery and cultivation of talent ${ }_{\text {a }}$ The development of a proper Research and Development (R\&D) programme for the education system is also a special responsibility of the universities.

## (2) Extension Service to the Community:

The university system also has a great responsibility to the society as a whole. ill universitios and colleges should develop close rolationships of mutual services and support with their local communitifs and all students and teachers must be involved in such programmes as an integral part of their education. The National Service Schome (N.S.S) prozramms should be expanded and improved, utlimately to cover all students. The funciamental purpose of these and other student programmes should be to implant a sifirit of cooperation and social comnitment inter-related to moral develorment. It should be the obligation of the teaching community to give extension lectures to interpret recent trends in their fields
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to the community, to create scientific awareness, to participate in adult cducation and workers pdication programmes, etc. Universities can also help in the preparation of develomental projects for the comunity around them including the rural community. Buch involvements will also help in bringing greater rolevance into the courses at the undergraduate and the postraduate levels and into the research programmos.
3.13 Standards: It will not be proper to continue to judse standards, as in the past, on the basis of academic performance only. In viow of the new concept of the roles and functions of the universitios and the acceptance of research, teaching and extension as equally important responsibilities of the universities, standards of higher educt.tion will have to be judred, not only on the basis of the acadehic achieviments of its alumai and teachers; but also in relation to their social comnitment and their contribution to social and national develonment ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Morenever, attempts will have to be made, on the basis of the highest priordty to improve siandards. The prosrames to be developed for the purpose will include faceity development, provision of essontial equipment, buildings and ather facilitise and orsanisation of an adequate programme of students cervices. These will need consicerable investment in men, materinls and money a But even mort importantly, they need commitment and competence on the part of the teachers, gooc motivation in students who should be selected for their capacity, and a climate of sustained and decilcated hard work. A selective approach, proper planning and concentration of resources are also equally essentiol to achieve good results.
3.14 The problem of the medium of instruction is of spectal significance in this context. At th" undergracluate stas̃e, the process of transition from wglish in regional lanyuages is already well under way. It must be expedited and assisted through the production of the necessamy fext books and other learning and teaching materials. At the nostgraduate and research stase, where the process is mostly of self-learning, a medium of instruction is of less signt ficance and what really matters is the capacity of the student to directly acquire the growing knowledse in the world in the field of his specialisation. It should be emphasized however that the growing use of the Indian languages increases, rather than decreases, the need to study English mhich will continue to have a significant place in our education。 Obligatory passing in English should not be required at the undergraduate stage. Adequate arraryments shouid, horever, be made for specialised intensive courses in Fnglish in every college on an optional basis.

Learning of English language should be promoted not by way of creating an impediment to any student for this or by
further studies but should bf available as a positive help in the form of reading service at every stage of education including postgractuate level or even after that. English should be used for building knowledge and not for buildinf status. If this role of Bnglish language as a positive instrument of knowledse is accopted, then facilities for its learning in various forms and consent should be made availaole to fach group of students according to their own needs. This type of an approach will be an approach of service rather than subjecting everyone under a un pattern, irrespective of its need。

At the post yraduate stase, the student nends to have a sood workin knowledge of an international $l_{\text {anguage }}$ so that he may have direct access to the specialiged and growing knowledge in the rorld in his oun or othor fields. yassing a competence test in Enzlish may be remired of a student seeking admission at the Master's level, dopending on the neads of the field he wishes to study. Full encouragement should also be given to the study of foreign lancuades otior than English.

Special rrouns may be appointiod to examine the problem of switch-over to regional lanenages in the fipla of professional. education.
3.15 The Role of the U.G.C. Thr coordination and maint $-n$ ance of $s t_{\text {andards }}$ in institutions of hipher education and research is a central respongibility. The $U$ is has been created by an fact of prerliament to look after this responsibility and empowered to take, "in consultation with the universitifs and other bodios concorned, all such steps as it may think fili for the promotion and coordination of university pducation and for the determination and maintenance of standards of teaching, examination and research in universities (Section 12 of the UGC fet)". To discharge this responsibility adeguately, the UGC has to assume several rolos and functions. For instance, it has a major role of providins leadership and impetus for reform and development. Tpwards this purpose, the Cormission must continuously revi av the emorging problems of education, the status of teachin and research in different disciplines and the standards of teachine and research in the universitios. It should through its committees and panels and other means evolve a consensus rithin the aczdemic communty regarding desirable changes in hi zher education.
3.16 It is the responsibility of the $U$.is. $C$. to strive to provide leadership to the fntire educational system and assist it to bring about tho needed transformation. This can be done by encourajing the universities to play an increasingly nctive role in improving the ouallty of education in colleges and schocls, by intensifying the $R \& D$ effort in education and by pronoting the philosophy of extension whereby teaching, research, service of the community and the building of character beocme an integrated activity.
3.17 U.d.c. has to play an increasing role in promotion of hish quality research in universities brearse of the symbiotic relationship between teaching and research. fot the same time it must promote applied research which has an immedtate impact on the social and economic conditions of the people.
3.18 The U.ïsi. should strive to remove regional imbalances in the development of hisher education in different parts of the country and to relate such develoment to the programmes of sociomeconomic advance and cultural growth of the people in the regions.
3. 19 The U. .J.C. should activaly iromote throurg tho creation of an appropriate pattern of recognition and approciation, the main+enance of values in the acadomicCommunty so that its commitment to the pursuit of truth and excollence is enhanced an' it is enabied better to discharas its responsibilities to society.
3. 20 The leadership and catalytic role of the U.3.f. has to be supported by the creation of appropriate arsanization at the university and state lovels. These rouldinclude a mechanism for the surveys of undergracuate colleres in relation to welldefined norms and suidelines so as to ensure that further proliferation of sub-viable colloges is arrested, and for similar surveys of postgraduate colleges in as to onsure that they satisfy the U. I. C. norms and maintain certain minimum standards. It would also be necessary for the U. A.C. to persuade the universities to establish academic planning, evaluation and implementation boards to look after the postrraduate and research programmes in a lonsterm perspective, and College Developm'nt Councils to advise and guide the colleges to improve their academic stindards with the heln of various $U_{0} \hat{s}_{0}$. . schemes.
3.21 Conditions Essentiol for Successi The system of higher education is now in a crisis, due to uncontrolled and unplanned expansion, inadrauate ipputs in terms of money, materials and talent, falling standards over a large proportion of institutions, weakening of student motivation, increase of educated unemployment, weakening of discipline and dysfunctionalities created by tho advurse effect of socio-economic problems, a $l_{\text {ack }}$ of relevance, and significance, and undue/interference by subjocting universitios tu political and partisan pressures and lack of national policy of consensus in dealing with such situations. It is obvious that universities cannot function smoothly wi thout adequate support from the iovernment. This crisis continues to ciepen with the passage of time and snreads, not . only to the entire educational system, but back arain into the society itself. If this crisis is to be rfoolvad ouickly and successfully, three basic conditions will have to be fulfilled:
(1) The Bovernment should take mad decisions on delinking most of jobs from degrees, provision of larte
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additional investment needed to discover and develop talent and to provida satisfactory conditions of work, revision of recruitment policies, etc. It should also support the universities in taking hard decisions in selective admissions, regulation of opening of nev colleges, provision of satisfactory conditions of work and protection of university autonomy.
(2) The teachers and students should carry out their part of the responsibility through intonstve efforts to imnrove standards and the whole acadamic community should strive to serve society, throush sustained, dedicated work, and comitment to the pursuit of knowledse, excellence, and national devolopment; and
(3) A nation-wide effort should be orsanised to achieve a simultaneous brak-throijh on the social as well as educationil fronts.

The tasks of educational reconstruetion thus require an internsivé, conrinhate\& and collabrative effort on the part of all the ajencies involved, viz, the Centre, stites, pubiic, . teachers, students and adninistrators. Instead of trying to blame each other (and each one of these has its own share of achievements as well as failures), all these agencies work together for bringing about an edicational and social transformation on a scale commensurate with tine size and complexity of our problens. If this can be done, there is no doubt that we shall soon be able to croate a new educational sy stem and a new sosiety.

## Appendix. IV to Item No. 6

University Grants Commission
...
Approach to Development of Higher Education for the Plan period: 1978-83

## I. Background and General Ferspective:

1. The University Grants Commission has statutory obligations under the UGC Act 1956 (Act No. 3 of 1956) and the U. G.C. Amendment act 1972 (Act No. 33 of 1972) to take 1 all such steps as it may think fit for the promotion and coordination of university education and for the determination and maintenance of standards of teaching, examinations and resorch in universities" (Section 12). For this purpose, the U.G.C. may "recommend to any university the measures necessary for the improvement of university education and advise the university upon the action to be taken for the purpose of jmplementing such recommendations" (Section 12. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ). Finally, the U.G.C. is empowered to wi.thhold grants from any uiversity which contravenes or fails to comply with the ITGC's recommendations within a reasonable time (Section 14 ).
2. In 1976-77, the U.G.C. had to deal with a higher educational system including 1C: universities, to deemed universities, 9 institutes of national importance, and 4,580 colleges (out of which 3200 were Arts, Scicnce and Commerce Colleges) with over 2.5 million students ( $25 \%$ of them women's students and $10 \%$ at postgraduate and research level. This large system has institutions at widely varying stages of educational development. In recent years, opinions have been frecly expressed by the general pubiic, and also their elected representatives, that the CGC's financial support should become available to almost every institution of higher education and possibly in equal measure as well. Such a notion is academically untenable and in practice, makes it extremely difficult for the UGC to cormly with its legitimate obligations of maintenance and improvement of standaris of higher elucation. It is well known that
more than $50 \%$ of the Arts, Science and Commerce colleges in the country have enrolments less than 400 students in degree classes and above, and most of these colleges have inadequate buildings, staff, equipment and books essentially required for imparting higher education. A large number of them are located in and around large cities and therefore compete with one another for their enrolments. The location of a college at a place where the natural feeder system of high schoois cannot provide an adequate number of students, is yet another factor which makes a college sub-viable. An academicaly sub-viable college, even if located in a rural area, cannot cater adequately to the rural needs. If colleges spring up freely owing to pressures other than academic needs, and without reference to any planned development of higher education or without the knowledge of UGC, it cannot be fair to insist that such institutions should be given public funds including JJGC support.
3. Colleges enrol over $80 \%$ of all the students and perheps employ an equal percentage of teachers in the context of present university system. The prevailing univorsity structure of an affiliating system makes it obligatory for all these affiliated colleges to be entirely dependent on the university concerned, for laying down syllabi and courses of study, conduct of final examinations and award of degrees. There is little doubt that such an affiliating system, which is botil outdated and distorted, inhibits any effort at experimentation with new educational concepts and ideas, including the introduction of socially relevant courses by individual institutions, irrespective of their strengths and motivations, and is largely responsible for the unsatisfactory standards in our educational system.
4. It would indeed be difficult for the UGC to deal with such a large systom of universities and their colleges in the matter of maintaining
proper standards, without substantial collaboration from the universities themselves and from the State Governments concerned. Such a collaborative effort is essential, not only with regard to implementation of various developmental activities and maintenance of standards in existing institutions, but also in the matter of opening of new universities and colleges. The various agencies concerned, viz., the UGC and other bodies of the Government of India, as well as the State Governments, have to take concerted steps to arrest indiscriminate and unplanned proliferation of universities and collcges, in order that our higher educational. . . system may be able to maintain a certain minimum level of standards.

The above implies the creation and/or strengthening of the planning capability and also of the implementation machinery at the institutional level, in colleges and the universities, and also at the State Government Ievel:
(a) Effective State level planning machinery for higher education will have to be provided through legislation. The State Governments should clearly indicate the resources available for higher education in any plan and, through this planning machinery, define how they will be used for supporting existing universities and colleges in relation to approved progranmes of their development, and what funds would be left for the support of new universities and colleges, if any, to be established. The State Governments may also have to legislate that no new colleges would be established against the spirit of guidelines to be laid down by the UGC.
(b) Each university must set up an \&cademic Planning Board to look after the functions of perspective planning as well as implementation of planned programmes. In a situation where the Vice-Chancellors are often largely occupied with routine operations, there is often no other machinery in the university charged with the responsibility for long-term perspectives,

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of effectively implementing approved programmes, as well as making sustained efforts to introduce academic reforms, such as, restructuring of courses or examination reforms, or of taking a comprehensive view of the research activities in the various departments and faculties of the university, fnd of looking after the general development of the cileges. (c) Affiliating universities must set up one or more College Devilopment Councils (one each for about 25 to 30 colleges) on the lines indicated recently by the UGC; through these College Development Councils the University should provide effective academic guidance to the colleges to deve7.op themselves.
(d) The UGC may consider having field officers worling in different regions for purposes of establishing a continuous academic dialogue with the institutions and for dissemination of information, interacting with -institutions more closely and providing the necessary feedbeck information for the UGC so that it may develop and orienc its activities in relation to the needs of different regions.
5. In recent years, there has been a serious questioning about the relevance and usefulness of the present educational system in reiation to the needs of trained manpower and employment opportunities. There is also an apparent mis-match between the large output of our edunational system and the problems of national development, particularly those of rural development, which have remained unsolved. While the need for maling besic changes has been recognised by all concerned, it is extremely difficuly to bring about such reforms and to sustain them, in a monolithic system such as our universities. There is, therefore, need to bring atbout a substantial amount of decentralisation as well as diversification of educational programmes, so that individual universities, their departments, and the colleges may experiment with new ideas, rather than follow a
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uniform programme. This implies considerable autonony and academic freedom to be given to the constituent departments and colleges of a university. The JGC has to play a significant role in this regard. 6. The role of the university system is not only to acquire, preserve and disseminate knowledge but also to promote a sense of social responsibility amongst the students, privileged to receive higher education, by inculcating in them desirable values and attitudes towards social problems, so that the knowledge and skills acquired by them "wiilile in the university . could be usefully employed for the benefit of the society. It is, therefore, important for universities to take up programmes of extension and public service as a legitimate activity by involving both students and teachers. The students' and teachers' bodies have to play an equally important role in mobilising academic opinion and bringing about essential changes in the value system within the academic community, in favour of involvement in programmes related to national development.

## III UNTYERSITIES

The universiites represent a wide spectrun with respect to growth and development; strengths and weaknesses; goals and objectives; financial and human resources and inputs; as well as capabilities to discharge their functions effectively. It is, therefore, neossary (a) to distinguish the well developed universities/departments fror the rest, and define different and appropriate strategies for UGC support to these universities;'cepartments, representing different levels of growth and development and (b) to evolve, in consultation with the State Governmenta, a pattern for ensuring adequate maintenance grants which are essertigi for different universities to function optimally There is also a considurable regional imbalance in the development of facilities for
 a few state universities at a time for intensive support, similar to that available to a central university. The selection would be based on appropriate criteria, such as, the present stage of developnent of a university, the quality of its programmes and activities, its involvement in educational reforms and innovative programies as well as community activities and extension, and the potential for functioning as an institution maintaining good standards. Such intensive support to selected universities would imply certain additional ailocations to the UGC while distributing funds for higher education between the State Goverrments and the Central sector. Other State Universities would be taken up for such intensive support and developnent in successive stages. (2) In the case of the well-developed universities, UGC would adopt a policy of minimising the general developmental support (for additional staff or building) to those departments which have already develuped to an optimum level, and of giving such general development support only to those departments whi ch have not yet reached a critical or viable
size so as to enable them to develop to an optimal level. More particularly, in the case of well-developed departnents, (a) a better integration of plan and non-plan resources would be necessary, (b) an adequate maintenance grant will have to be ensured. (c) the need for senior positions in such departments would be taken care of by the personal promotion $\varepsilon c^{7 .}$ eme, (d) irtioduction of new specialisations in such departrinents should, by and large, be taken care of by making judicious use of non-plan positions when they fall vacant or by reorientation of existing facuity, (e) while no new positions may be given to such a departizent, it could be given some fixed temure positions in order to enable injection of fresh talents from time to time, $(f)$ the needs of such departments with regard to technical and supporting staff and maintenance of equipment will have to be looked into, (g) the additional plan support to such departnents should be corelated with specific quality programmes, such as research (CAS, department of special assistance, departmental support) or needs of a university leadership project (ULP) or in general any other activity which will lead to a qualitative impromement of the educational systern as a whole, (h) within such well-developed departnentw, growth of a few viable research units must be encouraged when they are given support along the lines suggested above. Such viable research units within a department, while sharing comon facilities, should have a degree of independence and freedom for interaction with other educational and research institutions as well as with the comrunity. In this way, major thrust areas could develop in each department. On the other hand, unless this is done, the tendency for larger departments to break-up into smaller departments will continue. (3) The TGC will also have to consider ways by which acceptable conventions would be established for universituies to consult UGC prior
to ppening of new departments in a university (irrespective of thether additional finances are needed or not) and for definding an optimum number of students to be admitted at the postgracuate level, including number of Ph. Ds scholars working in a department.
(4) In view of the fact that snall or sub-viahle departments contimue to exist and get created in universities, the UGC will define norms for all optimum size facilities and infrastructameessertial for the parpose and existing university departments would be sneibledto grow to this optimum level.
(5) The subject panels have been requested to wris out individual departmental profỉes and based on them, suggest eppropriatie strategies

- for overall. improvement. of the sub-viable cepartmeris, and in the case of viable departments, indicate directions of futme activities. Each subject panel will make a short list of well developsd departments which would be visited by expert comittees to help then to develop the strength and thrust of their academic programmes during a pian period. Tha additional inputs into such well developed departments would be mainly in terms of defined objections and time-bound programmes and accountable activities whether related to teaching, research, extension or development of colleges through the ULP.
(6) During the last five years, UGC has intraduatilofor improvement of undergraduate instruction in Colleges: the COSIP-ULP programme, under wid ch all colleges affiliated to a given university are helped to inprove the facilities and teaching in a given subject, with the help of the university department in that subject. This programe has been revieved recently and needs to be pursued with renewed vigour in view of the good and beneficial results it has already yielded. wriking for college developnent under the ULP programe implies that a teacher in the university has to take tine away from his nomai teaching and research


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$\because \sim$ as to help the college gistem. This should be regarded as the normal responsibility of a university teacher. However, for an overall improvement of the college systen, it is inportant that more and nore universi ty departnents be encouraged to undertake ULP type of activites and the ULP culture must be spread throughout the University system. From this point of view the UGC may provide additional staff and other incentives to those university departments which would be willing to take a continuing commitment of the ULP type.
(7) The Commission has so fap supported universitien only.in relation. to the acalemic components of their needs, while the administrative and management aspects have not received much attention, with the result that the objectives of various UGE programmes have got locally distorted or defeated, The Comission will, therefore, look into question relating to the strengtinening of the acministrative and planning infrastructure in the universities so as to make it adequate for (a) perspective planning, including academic reforms and extension programmes, (b) efficient implementation of the plan programmes, (c) academic and administrative support to the Vice-Chancellor, (d) administrative support to the departments (e) development of colleges, (f) interface with the State Goverment so as to ensure that its Commitment matches with the Commitment of the UGC and the University, and (g) maintenance of proper information systems. The Commission has to look into the question of creating units of efficient management within universities. Towards this purpose, it proposes to initiate a management review of structures and procedures wi.thin the uriversities so as to enable them to function more erfecinvely The purely routine functions of the university (enrolnents, prescribing syallbi, conducting examinations, affiliation of colleges etc.) must be separated from the truly academic functions, especially those relating to p.t.o.
postgraduate teaching and research, quality inprovement programmes, basic restructuring of courses, development of interaction with the community through extension work, etc.
(8) Every academic position or research scheme given to a university has an impact on the over-head expenditure in the University, in terms of the space, facilities, technical and administrative staff required or various other aspects of maintenance expenditure. These need to be given a much more serious coniideration than has been possible so far and the Commission may either give part of its plan support for the overmeads or ensure that the state Government does indeed take care of its responsibilities in this regard (either currenily or at the end of the plan period).

## Research:

(9) The UGC support to University Departments under the GAS and DSA programmes has been extended during the $V$ plan period to inciude departaental support for building the infrastructure in promising departmentsa Furhter, the UGC has also started during this last plan period, in an effective manner, supporting individual research workers and groups in their research programmes, on the basis of research schemes submitted by then and assessed by the subject Panels with the help of incependent referees. These programmes of increasing the University rosearch effort, both in fundamental and applied areas of $R \& D$ dignificance, will contimue to be strengthened so as to increase the tempo and contribution of research activities in the universities. Steps have already been taken by the UGC to introduce a suitable monitoring mechanisn for the research support given by it.

Research in our universities tends to be largely individualistic. Efforts by a group from one or more departments, to pool the intellectual resources of several individuals and physical facilities so as to nake
a massive effort in a well-defined thrust area will be particularly encoura.ged.

High quality experinental research demands the development of indigenous instrumentation capability and culture. Efforts in this direction must contimue to be encouraged through support of research sabenes having an emphasis on instrumentation building, and the creation of university instrumentation and service centres, and regional instrumentation service ountres.

It would be necessary for the UGC to evolve a mechanism for assessment of the PH.D. Theses accepted in the university system. This will help in ensuring the maintenance of standards at the $\mathrm{Ph} . \mathrm{D}$. level, especially at a time when the Ph.D. has been made a requirement for appointrnent to university teaching positions.

The UGC would also review the programe of research of research followships awarded by it, with regard to (a) effective utilisation of the fellowships, in terms of the perontage of them which lead to $\mathrm{Ph}_{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{Ds}_{\mathrm{s}}$ and research publications, and (b) machinery for selection of research fellows and the assessment of their progress, (c) need for complete decentralisation of the award of fellowships and (d) UGC role in ensuring high quality of research training and output.

While universities will continue to be evolved in fundamental research, application-oriented research, especially in collaboration with national laboratories and industries need to be specially encouraged in the universities. What distinguishes pure research from applied research of quality, is not the quality of intellectual input, but only the objective. Applied research including action-research directed towards problems of social change should, wherefore, find increasing plase in universities and be recogrised for the award of the Prs. De. The UGC will try to get various Govermment agencies and Ministries and industries interested p.t.c.
in promoting applied research in Universities and allocating earmarked funds for this purpose。

In order that universities may be able to contribute to the social development and change, they have to get outside the four wails of the class-room and laboratories and get invloved in relevant societal problems. Action research programes of this kind, especially in relation to rural development, will be encouraged. Both social and naturel scientists could play an important role in this regar uis

There is a growing appreciation of the need to develop employment intensive technologies appropriate to our needs. Development of such technologies would demand an appropriate intemaction between the institutionsiof higher learning and the productive processes and organs of society. Such action-research programes will also be oncureacd.

In general, the ethos of research in universities has to be changed to give due credit to research ofintinnereas and directions relevant to national development.
(10) Extension:

If the university systen is to discharge adequately its responsibility to the entire educational system and to the society as a whole, it mast assume extension as the third important responsibility and give it the same status as research and teaching. This is a new and extrerely significant area which will be developed on the basis of high priority. Extension programmes will be directed to schools and colleges, or to the $l_{\text {arger }}$ outside commuity and will enclude programes of adult education. Other programes:
(11) During the Fifth Plan, the UGC has started in an experimental way, a scheme of Science Education Centres. The Science Education Centres is expected to be a university activity, which would spread science into the corrrunity around the university and contributed to the
building up of scientific temper. This programe needs to be promoted more vigcrously during the next plan period.
(12) During the Fifth $P l_{\text {en }}$, the UGC had plenned to set up a few regional library centres, which should provide extensive library facilities to universities and colleges in their respective regions. This scheme has not yet got off the ground, the UGC will take early steps to implenent it during the next Plan period.

## ITI COLTEGES

1. There are 64 affiliating universities, and the lcolleges of these universitiostook after over 80 percent of the total enrolment of students at the undergraduate level, 51 per cent at the postgraduate level and 11 per cent at the research level. Any attempt at improving standards and achieving coerdination in university education will, therefore, have little impact unless the college system is covered effectively. Tinis is ell the more so, from the point of view of the competence, attitudes and values $\cap \dot{f}$ the university products; for 85 per cent. of whom the Bachelor ${ }^{1}$ s . degree is terminal.
2. The UGC has several on-going programes for
development of colleges. Thay include:
General development of colleges
Support to colleges in backward regions, Women's Colleges, Colleges with large S.C/S.T, students.

Students amenities, book banks etc.
COSIP/COHSSIP
Support to PG colleges
Support to lead colleges.
Support to autonomous colleges.
Faculty Improvement Programe
Support por innovative programmes; like corrse restructuring•

Research grants to individual teachers etc.
The interaction between these programmes will be strengthened so as to evolve a dynamic strategy for the integrated and acoordinated development of colleges and to improve the cverall training and charactermbinding of atudents in the college system.
p.t.o.
3. The UGC expects to evolve a systems approach which, on the one hand tries to take into account the difficulties of the colleges at various stages of development, and on the other hand integrates the vrrious schemes it has towards a common purpose viz.: the improvement of academic standards in colleges. The aim would be to raise the academic level of a large number of colleges in such a way that over a period of time, more and more colleges are enabled to atrain an autonomous status. Autonomy should, in fact, be the goal for every college, and through the graded/layered support under various shemes; plus appropriate advice; all colleges. will be helped to plan their development with this objective. 4. It is difficult task for the UGC to deal meaningfully with over 4,580 colleges of which 3200 are Arts, Scionco, Commerce Colleges spiead around the country. The UGC has been oriticised for supporting orly a fraction (nearly 2000) of these colleges. The question to be asked is whether it is the responsibility of the UGC to give support to all colleges, in particular sukmviable colleges, which continue to be created without consultation with the UGC or whether the State Government should not have a major responsibility to them. The support which the UGC can give to a college out of its Plan grants, represents only a fraction of the total amount spent by the college during the plan period. Therefore, the ability of a college to utilise the plan grant very much depends on the status of its development. Colleges in affiliating universities are at various stages of development, and most of them need advice and guidance, in order to develop around sound
pot.o.
lines, making use of the support from the Swate Government and the various schemes of UQC. This function will be served in a decentralised fashion through the College Development Councils that are being promoted in universities by the UCC. It would be argued that the UGC's main assistance to sub-riable colleges should be by way of advice and gridance through the College Development Councils etc., so that they may become viable. However, major financial support from the UCC may primarily be focussed on those colleges which have the caparity to make effective use of the grants to develop and maintain high academic standards.
5.. . .UGC .w771 take early steps to provide guidelines defining conditions under which fresh coileges may be allowed to be started by State Governments. Thise guidelines may be finalised in, consultations with the C.ASB.E., so that all state Goverments may adopt an agreed policy in this regard. The financial responsibility and academic structure of the college right from the initial stage must be appropriately determined (the specific responsibilities of private management/State Government/UGC if at all), so that any new college starts off on a proper footing and does not remain a sub-viable drag on the system for too long. It is even desirakle to consider whether at the present stage of development of the college system, the initiative for starting any new collego should be solely restricted to the State Goverament or a Universicy,
p.t.o.
rather than allow indiscriminate proliferation through tho privato managoments.
6. A large fraction of colleges romain tomporarily affiliated for several yoars, because heving been started without adequate preparation and provision, they are unable to muster resources required for satisfying the conditions of affiliation. Fach affiliating university would be requested to make a systematic study of this problem, through its College Fevelopnant Councjl, and come up with a Plan for ensuring that the existing colleges do satisfy the conditions of affiliation, within a reasonable period. Within any State, this should have a priority over the starting of new colleges, and the UGC, in cooperation with the State Governments, will ensure that these 'steps are taken, in the interests of maintenance of some minimal standards of collegiate education, 7. Colleges in many States have had difficulty in finding matching grants for schemes approved by the UGC. This problem also needs to be sorted out, so thet the State Governments and the UGC together may be able to help colloges develop along the right lines. In view of the difficulties which manycolleges have in finding the matching grant share for grants available from the UGC, there have beon suggestions that they may be given grants on a hundred per cent basis. However, there are several difficulties in this regard. It has been noticed that non-academic considerations are often involved in the starting and rumning of a large number of colleges, and in their appointment of teachers; such colleges
are unable to plan effectively their academic development. Such colleges often renain academically and financially sub-viable and even though they are large in number it is difficuli to consider public support for them on a 100 percent basis without ensuring some degree of Government/ University control on their management. The UGC will, therefore, have to evolve a suitable management. structure for colleges. The Commission may also consider the question of redefining the minimum capital incestment and endowent which any new college must provide in order to qualify for support from public funds, including the UGC. Whether the State Governments take full responsibjility for sub-viable colleges or the UGC shares Dar' of it. the task has to be performed in a decentralised fashion, and the UGC have to make effective use of College Development Councils for this purpose. In addition to creation of the College Development Councils, it will be desirable for the UGC to establish some Regional/Field Offices to serve the widely-spread system.
8. A possible de-limitation of the resp nsibilities of UGC and the State Governments vismarviscolleges could be the following: The UGC may concentrate its effots on the develnment of colleges lying in the quality sector or tho which have been developed to a stage, where additional nort from UGC would help them move into the quality sector within a reasonable period of time, or those which have been selected jointly hy the State Government, the University and
p.t.o.
the UGC as lead colleges. The problem of mediocre or sub-viable institutions spread over the country is only partly one of funds, but largely one of academic and financial management and leadership. The latter type of colleges would need constant supervision and advice, including visits by university academics, which function has to be decentralised and should properly belong to the State level body mentioned earlier and to the College Developnent Council of the University. UGC would help in this regard by helping in the creation of College Development Cơncils, with some funds that may be channelised through them. However, the major responsibility for seeing a college through the initial period uditil it becomes viable should lie with the State Goverment.
9. Once a College Developnent Council has been established in a university it should be expected to maintain a standard uptodate data base on the colleges affiliated to that university, and to assist each college to prepare a long-term perspective plan for development, in terms of which it may approach the UGU for support. UGC support mat then be related to the status of development of the college and its programes, taking into account any special progranmes the college may have, related to its imnediate environment. Depending upon the status of development, the college may get a grant either under the general support and/or COSIP, COHSSIP , autonomy etc.
10. University departments which play an active role in the the development of the college system through the College Development Councils or
p.t.o。
otherwise, may be given special grants by the UGC, for additional staff, books and journals, equipment etc. Teachers who have been successful in organising effective ULP programmes should be associated with the work of the College Development Cazncil.s wherever possible.
11. Aount a thousand teachers are already taking part in the teacher fellowship programe of the UGC. This number may be increased so as to have at least ayo teachers on the teacher fellowṣhip role at any given time. Such a programme implies the availability of sufficient number of university departments or national laboratories where the teachers may be given adequate facilities and guidance. In particular, it implies:
(a) creation of teachers' hostels and faculty facil. y corplex especially at those universities where a large number of teachers may expected to join under the GFIP, and
(b) strengthening certain University departments in relation to their will ingness to accept teacher fellows.
12. The FIP has now got momentum, and j.t will be consolidated The time has also come to make UGC's grants to a college corelated with the interest taken by the college in FIP. It is also necessary to streamline the FTP programme, so as to avoid hardships to teacher fellows, and to define criteria for deciding which teacher fellows may be allowed the benefits of a full three-year teacher fellowship. 13. Every college should be required to prepare a five-year Plan for utilising the teacher fellowships under PIP, so that it may systematically upgrade the quairications of its
p.t.o.
faculty, on which ultimately depends the academic strength of the colleges. The teachers concerned should know these Plans well in advance, so that they may plan their academic programe and absence from their families appropriately. Wherever possible, teachers may also be encouraged by the College and the College Development Council to take advantage of the minor and major research schemes of the UGC, and programmes like national associateships. .
14. What is discussed above is a systems approach to college development. The college has to show initiative, good management and internal motivation in order to qualify for UGC support (berring possibly some besic grants for books and equipnent). The UGC should help the college in creating a certein capability for planning with the help of its College Developrent Unit and the College Development Council at the University, and then provide the neceasary support for the Plan programmes so generated.
15. Through such a systens approach in which a college is helped to utilise the different schemes of the UGC to improve its acadenic status, every college in principle should be expected to be able to march towards autonony. The scheme of autonomous colleges has been dlayed in implementation. The process has recentily got off the gound in a few universities (e.g. $M_{a} d r a s$ and Madurai), and it will now be vigorously pursued by the UGC in the next Plan period. The ain would be to prepare at least about 500 colleges to become autonomons by the end of the next Plan. In that case, the schene will roach almost
half the college student population.
16. The COSIF/ULP programe has recentl" been reviewed by the UGC, and it abould be pursued vigorously taking into account the recommations of the Standing Gomittee on COSIP.
17. A few colleges in the country are known for their high academic standards, and some college departnents have even been supported under the CAS scheme by the UGO. Surh colleges may be given further special treatment by the UGC so as to maintain their excellence.
18. With the introducwetion of a twelve year schooling and strengthening vocationalisation (often called the $10+2 \%$ scheme). enrolment trends in the colleges must be watched carefully so as help evolve a policy. Statewise surveys should be conducted to identify criteria and possible locations of any new colleges that may be required to started, ii at all, during the next five to ten years (a 10 year Plan for establishing new colleges to be formulated). The surveys should also help in the identification of existing sub-viant colleges and in evolving a policy for them (closing, merger, conversion into junior colleges, effots to derelop a linited number among them into lead colleges in terms of well-defined criteria etc). Planning may be made on a districtwise basis, and where several sub-viable colleges exist in a given district, efforts may be made to develop at least one of them into an academically viable institutions (lead college) through guidance for planning and financial assistance. Such a lead ccillege may ultinately be given autonomy to develop new courses in relation to needs of
local/region development. In a coilege selected as a lead college, enhanced hostel facilites and stipends may be provided so as to enable deserving students fron difforent pirts in the district to pursue higher education.

The importance of this districtwise approach based
upon a systematic sxvay jointly by UCC and State Governments cannot be overemphasised. Today there are a large number of colleges which have small depertrents with only one or two teachers in a given subject. Such teachers then have no academic interaction with others in the sane subject. ilso, colleges find it difficult to maintain adequate Iibraries if they have to provide instruction in a large number of subjects, some of which may be taken by a few students only. $O_{n}$ the other hand, if different colleges were encouraged to concentrate only on'a few subjects or subject combinations in which they could have academically viable teaching units, the systen would be in a better position to do justice to the students, and to evolve cotross appropriate to the regional needs. When the UGC gives grants to new colleges or to the existing colleges for new departments, it should take into account the overall picture of the district emerging out of the above survey. The sane should be done by a University when granting new affiliations.
19. The JGG norms for Postgraduate departments in colleges were circulated 3 or 4 years ago, and universities were requasted to conduct surveys in the light of the norms. A few surveys have in practice been carried oute \& notabie one
p.t.o.
amongst them led to the closure of all the P.G. instruction outside the University departments. Sone surveys have been carried out in Tamil Nadu and Kerala, and have recently been the basis for support of their colleges for P.Ge in: ruction by the UGC. UGC will pursue vigorously the surveys in other States, so that any support for P.G. instruction in colleges is corelated with the potentiality of the colles to fulfil the UGC norms within a few years with the help of the support being given by UGC. Where such potentialitiesdo not exist, the UGC should continue the recently accepted policy of not supporting such departments for P.G. instruction. The surveys have brought out the necessity of an intensive. FIP. in many. of the PG. colleges which do not have staff with research qualifications. Such colleges will therefore have to be encouraged to implement such programes. The Visiting Cominittees have also recoimended appointment of additional teachers in many of these colleges, so as to help them fulfil the UGC norms. This matter will have to be pursued with the State Governments, so that the recomendations in this regard are actually implemented.

2C. PG instruction in colleges takes different forms in different universities:
a) An individual college taking an entire responsibility for $F G$ instruction in certain subjects.
b) Inter-collegiate cooperative procrames by a cluster of colleges under the aegis of ti 1 universities.

In either case, the norms of the UGr. for a $P G$
Instruction Unit rust be satisfied, wherever a cooperative $P G$ programe exists among several colleges, efforts will have to be
made to ensure that the collective laboratory and library facilities and the staffing are adequate to run them fectively. In other places where such collaborative programmes do not exist at prosent, efiorts may be made by the UGO to encourage the colleges concerned to get together to evolve a cooperative PG programe. While doing so, colleges undertaking such cooperative programe may be encouraged to evolve courses which are not a mere replica of the courses in the University. departments. .
21. To sumarise sone of the importat suggestions above.

A possible strategy to be adopted by UGC could have the following ingredients:
(a) sta ollogea which qialify for support may receive some basic grant_on two counts: first, a books plus equipment grant and, second, a grant for faculty improvenent, to enable teachers to better thenselves academically through study, conferences, degree programes and research prograrmes. These basic grants would be on a 100 percent basis.
(b) is general devel opment grant would be made available to all colleges satisfying prescribed qualifying criteria, and showing some potential and capability of becoming viable.
(c) Finally, both a general development grant and a quality prograrme grant (on the lines of COSIP/COESIP) should be offered to all institutions eligible for UGC assistance, which have shown themselves to be truly capable of utilising UGC grants effectively. \& list.cf such institutions will be drawn up, following appropriate criteria. Such a list will
pot.o.on
include not only about colleges of the type likely to becone autononous in the course of the next five years, but also about 500~700 "lead colleges"(i.e. 1 or 2 per district) chosen from the point of view of planned removal of regional irmbalances in the spread of quality education. If there are about 1000-120 colleges in this list, they will take care of 65-70 percent of the total student population in the colleges.
22. It will be necessary to look into strengthening the staffing in the UGC Secretariat and field offices that are 1 -oposed, so that the UGC may play a more effective role in.advising and helping the college. system. .
23. In orr country, it is important that institutions of higher learning should not confine their rctivities merely to teaching and research. They have an additional function to fulfil more directly towar ls the society. These may include remedial programes for sudents from disadvantaged background, programes for adult education, prograrmes in neighbouring slums or other field work, keeping their libraries open for the neighbouring community, intensive social work, and extension service based upon systematic surveys etc. is college may even adopt $a^{r}$ area, in whieh case the work for its development will have to be included in the academic credit of the student and the workload of the teacher. In this way, we may be able to promote the energence of our own land armies. UGC may encourage
colleges to embark upon such programes, and provide support for them. Efforts may be made to integrate such extension work in colleges and universities with the various national programes of eradication of illiteracy, adult education, area planning, integrated rural development etc.
24. Lt a time when restructuring of the courses at the undergraduate level has been going on under the $10+2+3$ scheme, it is noticed that teachers are often not able to participate in a meaningful fasinion in the discussion of new programes because of a feeling of insecurity. It is, therefore, important that the security of teachers be ensured through the evolution of an instmument of Rights and Reposibilities of Teachers and defining their service conditions in an appropriate fashion. With the recent improvenent in salary scales, and early steps that should be taken to irprove the service conditions, one should loolr forward to teachers playing their rightful role of leadership in the tasks of educational and social reconstruction.

## IV . STUDENTS

Our nation's reatest natural resource is the boundless energy and enthusiasm of our students joined to the wide variety of talents which these young pecple possess. Although higher education rightly concentrates on the training of the mind and on the intellicent application of skills required by difficult study, it is the "whole man" that mun be taken care of. From this poin of view, it becomes essential that care is taken to ensure:
(a) that sil cood institutions, have plaving fields, gymnasia and other facilities for vigorous bodily exercise;
(b) that cultural activities of every sort are stimulated amory the students of this land whose music, theatre, art and dence are today the focus of much international int rest;
(c) that suitable material amenities are made available to students to permit the type of austere comfor', which allows young people to concentrate on higher educational goals.

Appendix-V TO ITEM NO.8-(1~N)

| Sl. No. Name of the post | Existing <br> Sanctioned <br> Strength | Adopted <br> SIU <br> Lssess | Surplus |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. | Assistant Librarian | 1 | - | 1 |  |
| 29. | Senior Statistical Assistant | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 30. | Production Assistant | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |
|  | Assistant (including Cashier \& Hospitality Assistant) | 89 | 73 | 16 |  |
| 32. | Receptionist | 2 | 2 | - |  |
|  | Stenographer (including Hindi Stenographer) | $\begin{gathered} 12+1 \\ (\mathrm{Hindi}) \end{gathered}$ | 10 |  | 1 (Hindi) |
|  | Junior Stenographer (including Hindi Junior Stenographer) | $\begin{gathered} 25+1 \\ (\mathrm{Hindi}) \end{gathered}$ | 26* |  | This include Leave resery but does not include Hind Junior Stene grapher. |
| 35. | Statistical Assistant* | 13 | 4 | 9 |  |
| 36. | Technical Assistant | 1 | 1 | - |  |
| 37. | Library Assistant | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 38. | Caretaker | 1 | 1 | - |  |
| 39. | Junior Library Assistant | 2 | 2 | - |  |
| 40. | Upper Division Clerk | 72 | 53 | 19 |  |
| 41. | Assistant Draftsman | 1 | 1 | - |  |
| 42. | Coder | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 43. | Key Punch Operator | 5 | 3 | 2 |  |
|  | Sorter Operator | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 45. | Supervisor Machines | 1 | - | 1 | To be aboli <br> in due cour |
| 46. | Proof Reader | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | , in dus cour |
| 47. | Telephone Operator | 2 | 2 | - |  |
|  | Lower Division Clerk | 92 | 80* | $12$ | Inclidéing 1 leave reser |
| 49. | Staff Car Driver | 5 | 4 | 1 |  |
| 50. | Copy Holder | 1 | 9 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 51. | Despatch Rider | 2 | $\frac{2}{1}$ | - |  |
| 52. | Roneo Stupervisor | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 53. | Senior Library mittendant | . 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |
|  | Junior Library Attendant | . 1 | $\stackrel{-}{-}$ | 1 |  |



## －GNA Lemin．

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Meeting：<br>Hatew ： 19 th Becember， 1977

Item 2（a）：－To approve the action taken on certain metters
（1）Gchemes of coileses accejted uncier w． 5 lakh scheme．

The following pioposals of colleges have beєn approved by the Commission financial assistance unde．．． 5.00 lakh scheme during the Fifth $E l_{\mathrm{e}} n$ riod：

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Negree olluge, azamgarh.

## Bund alkhand University

10 Ft:.J.I.N. College
Bundw (UV)

Const- accepted in
2.10 .1977
ruction principle

- of bibrary builiding.

Grhwal University
11 Day~n.na Womun's Truining Collego Dehradun.

| Construction of cinss rooms | - $43,458 /-$ Accepted in principle |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -quipmunt | 动 $3,000 /-$ | $\cdots$ | 2,250/- |
| inclucing |  |  |  |
| Linguphane |  |  |  |

## Meerut University

12 N.N. Degree Cuingeni unuti
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13 kanohar bat ria; Ia mahavidyai-ya hicerut

9 winahi Smuruik Bocks \& w. 40,000/~ we 30,000/- 2.11.1977
Teucher Feliowship tu Smt. Shanti oingh Approved: ${ }^{2.10 .1977}$ for working for rh.D. at kashi Vidyapith. Approved: E. uipment is. $1,07,154 / \sim$; *. $30,365 / m 18.10 .1977$ for $w 1$ nepurtments.

Journ is iquipment
bui iding.
2 3 4

IErut University (Conta. $)$
M. iN.

College, Lhelara
M.L. Uirls

College,
Lhaziabcid.

Ch. Chóttu Ram -egree ollege Muzaffarnagar

ノ.A.V. Colllege
Muzáffarnagar.

Sothok. Jain
Desree college, Khatauli

Whand University

Earcilly Coilege Bareilly

Barei 11y Coilege
Bareilly
ric University f.S.in. Sarma Follese, Ongole

要.W.\& N. College
burasaraopet

hrcepted in
UGC share
2.11. 1977
principle
max imum
w. $35,000 /-$

Books \& , .. 1,00,000/- . . . 75,000/- 2.11.1977
Journals
Suuipment
$\frac{\text { s. } 60,000 / \rightarrow}{\text { en. } 1,60,000 /-15,000 /-}$
Construction -
of two ciass Accepted in 9.11 .1977 rooms. principle
... : 9,631/- approved to Dr. V.r. sagrawal \&
19.11 .1977
Di. Bana for attendinis Incian Scienco

Congress at ahmedbad undor Fuculty
Improvement programme (is. 5 jakhs scheme)
Visiting $3,000 \%$
Te\&cher
wisd of Teachers rellowship to Shri S.
2.10.1977

Findey und ihri iome mgarwal in Fhysics
\& Lhamistry approved.
Tuacher Hilowshlp to Shri h.j. Srivastava 18.10 .1977 \& shri V.in. Mihandru (conditiona1) approved.

| Teaching |  | 1,26,670/- | R8 | 84, 446/- | 22.10 .1977 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ccommo- |  |  |  | 4inge | iuns |
|  |  | $\therefore 0$ |  | 1ux cupde | Eevised |
| Library | * | 2,21,037/- |  | $1,009000 \%$ | $=\frac{15}{47.4787}$ |
| Builaings |  |  |  |  |  |
| \& extension |  |  |  |  |  |
| Of cluss |  |  |  |  |  |
| ruoms |  |  |  |  |  |
| N.E.- C. | ds. | 85,000\% | $\therefore$ * | 35,000/ | 35,000/- |



* Eurliar rejorted unaer item 2(a) Nos. 1/8 di.teu 3-5 June, 1976

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Fovt. College,
pazole.

|  | \% | 43,650/- | wo. | 35,000/ | 19.1ט. 1977 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Horkshop Shed | - | 1,12,600/- | bo. | 34,000/ | " |
| workshop Zquipment | 25. | 94,800/- | \%. | 66,000/ | " |
|  |  |  |  | 35,000/ |  |

> (ochemes worth is. $84,540 /-$ (UGC's share stan a iready accepted vidi Item 2(a) $1 / 2$ dited 26.6 .1977 ).

## Lí University


Govt. College Ahammam

|  | its. | 43,65u/- | us. | 35,00\% | 7.11.1977 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rorkshop <br> shed | む. | 1,12,600/- | No | 34,000\% | " |
| Wurkshop Equipment | Wio. | 94,800/ | $\omega_{0}$ | 66,000/- | " |
|  |  |  |  | 35,000/- |  |

(Schemes worth ... $1,05,000 /-$ (UuC's shre) stand aireaay accepted vicic iter 2(a) No. 1/1 duted 15.11.1976).

Yenkiteswaru University

| Sri Padmivithi bomen's voillege Tirupati | Extension of cl.ss rooms | $\therefore 1,92,000 / \therefore$ | L. $1,28,300 /-$ | 7.11.1977 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .- | Noinos.C. | W. 1,24, $000 /$ - | s. $35,000 /$ | " |
|  | Animal House | is. 39,000/- | is. $26,000 / \sim$ | " |
|  | workshop <br> shed | i.. $40,000 /-$ | 心. 33,000/ | " |
|  |  <br> Juurnus | is. 1,00,000/- | is. 75,000/ | " |
|  | Lub. Equip. | $\cdots$ a, 1,20,000/- | sis. 90,000/- | " |
|  | varkshop <br> Byuipinent | +6. 3u,000/- | $\cdots 30,000 \%$ | " |
|  | F.f.r. | S. $35,000 /-$ | $\frac{35,700 /-}{4,}$ | " |


O. Sri Sarvodaya coilege, Nilluro.


## erwla University:

1. Union Christic.n

Nofrov.C. w. $35,000 /-35,000 /-27.1 C .1977$
Coliege, Alwaya
2 St. Teresa's
Coiliege, urnikulan

3 Mar Ivanius
Coilege,
Trivandrum.

| stuff quarters | Nis. $2,65,250 / 0$ | د. $1,32,625 /-$ |  | di. $1,32,625 /-$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teaching uccomradation | is $2,84,000 /-$ |  | - |  | 1,22,300/- |
| Bocks \& Journeils | 2. 1,00,000/- | E. | 45,000/- | bso | 75,000/- |
| Lub. Equpt. | S. 1, 57,368 | iso | 60,000\% | 15 | 1,13,000/- |
| workshop <br> shod | is. 35,970/- | * | 30,002\% | is. | 33,400/- |
| torkshop. equipnent | $\therefore \quad 30,000 /-$ | ** | 30,000\% | \% | 30,000/- |
|  |  | ais | 97,625\% | む。 | 5,31,325/- |

[^1]$2 \longrightarrow 3$
alour University

| T.iv.b. Collee | Bouks 3 | s. $1,30,000 /-$ | iso | 97,500\% | 3.11 .1977 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bhegcipur | Juurnils |  |  |  |  |
|  | Zab. Bquij. | ins 2,00, 000/- |  | :50,000\% | " |

Kwan uniyesity

| Suri Vicuyasagar <br> Coileğ́, suri | 2ub. <br> Builưine | L. | ¢9,004/- | $\omega$ 。 | 60,062/- | 17.11.1577 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Librury <br> Buslaing |  | 6,567/- | is. | 77,578/m | " |

2cutta University
rajurondrar mill rith women's collega.

8 Drubchund Wuld.ar College, Dikshin

- Baras ${ }^{t}$.
- New inipore college C.incutte:
construction wise $0,30,520 /-\quad$ as 2,22,200/- 18.10.1977
Terching
accomodation

Librciry $\quad \therefore$ i, $42,575 /-$ ive $95,050 /-23.10 .1977$
Builuing

Class rooms i.. $2,07,822 /-\quad$ w. $1,03,911 /-12.10 .1977$
ibrugarh University
0 J.B. College, Jorhat

40 Lat. college yolagnit.

## ithila University

11 Bali Ram Bhugat
Coilege, Sumstipur

## Magain Univergity

42 BoN. sinhu
coilese,
wars ilgenj
 of cluss-
rcoms
Hostel is. $1,57,000 /$ if. 55,519/- 27.10.1677
building
-xti=nsion $\quad$. $53,587 /-$ wi. $50,573 /$ 27.10.1977 of men's Hustal

Lub. Squis. $\quad . \quad 60,000 / \sim$ iv. $45,000 /-\quad$ "


Magadh University (Conta.)

| 43 | N. College | construction is. | 76,100/- | - | $5 \cup, 733 /-$ | 1.11 .1077 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ratna | af cantoen |  |  |  |  |

## North Bengat University

```
44 Rajganj College
    i-jganj
```

| Bocks \& Juurnals | 心, 1,80, $000 /$ | N. $1,35,000 /-$ | 24.10.1577 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .quidimunt | د.ت. 1,40, $000 /-$ | $\ldots .1,05,0,0 /-$ | " |

Fionchi University

| 45 | Wahi ia College Chuibusa |  <br> Journ is | 1. | 50, 000/- | W. | 37,500/- | 11.11 .1977 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Lab. .xuip. | is. | 50,u00/- | LSo | 37,500/- | " |
| 46 | S.S.L.N.T. Co slege Lhanbiac. | Bouks \& Journ is | 1.5. | 40,0w/- | No | 30,0v0/ | 8.11 .1977 |
|  |  | Lab. -quip. isorkshop shed is zqui | sis. | $00,000 /-$ $.65,000 /-$ | * | $\begin{aligned} & 75,000 /- \\ & 65,000 /- \end{aligned}$ | " |

## Sambiduur University

47 L.m.V. College Titilag-rh

Inb. Equip. we 80, vou/t is. 60,60/人 28.10.1877

Utkil University
48 D.1. Colleg
$4 \mathcal{G}$ Bhadrik College Budrak

50 Dhenkunal College Dhenhanal

Books is. $60,000 / \mathrm{L}$ is.000/ 24.10.1977
N.K.n.C. $\quad$ is, $45,000 /$ - iw. $35,000 /-\quad$ "
 Journ is

 Workshop shed is. $70,000 /-$ [5. $70,000 /$. " \& Equip.

Stciff ciurters $2,68,348 /-\quad$ - $1,34,174 /-\quad$ "

cirls iu. $1,41,125 /-$ U. $1,05,8 \pm 3 /-\quad$ "
Hostel
workshop s. 65, UUC/- bie 65,000/- 10.11 .1977 n_uipm $\leqslant$ nt
(2) Schemes of College accepted for development of P.G. Departments.

The following proposals from colleges for development of postrraduate departments received so far have been examjn... and grants on $100 \%$ basis have been approved to the colleges as per details given below:


Bundelkhand University:
3. Pt.Jawaharlal Nehru College, Banda.
$\begin{array}{rrr}\text { i) } & \text { Inglish } & 23 \\ \text { ii) } & \text { Sociology } & 58 \\ \text { iii) } & \text { Tcomics } & 63 \\ \text { iv) Political } & \text { Sc. } 62\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}10,000 /- & - \\ 10,000 / & - \\ 10,000 / \cdots & - \\ 10,000 / \ddot{ } & -\end{array}$
Meerut University
4. J.V.College, Baraut

| i) | Chemistry | 50 |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
| ii) | Physics | 22 |
| iii) | Botany | 29 |
| iv) | Zoology | 33 |
| v) | Bconomivs | 102 |
| vi) | Political | Sc. 113 |

i) Drawing \&

Painting
ii) Economiss
iii) English
iv) Geograp'y
v) Hindi
vi) History
vii) Politic: IL .
viii) Sanskric
ix) Sociolosy
10,000/- 20,000/-10,000/- $\quad 20,000 /-$ $\begin{array}{ll}10,000 /- & 15,000 /- \\ 10,000 \% & 15,000 \%\end{array}$
10,000\% - $\frac{10,000 /-}{60,000 /-} \quad \overline{70,000 /-}$
10,000/- 10,000/-

| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| :---: | :---: |
| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| $10,000 /-$ | $10,000 /-$ |
| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| $10,000 /-$ | - |
| $0,000 /-$ | $20,0007-$ |

(3) Kerala University-Establishment of new Study Centres during 5 th Plan period:
....
The University Grants Commission vide its letter No. F.22-11/76(CP) dated 8.3.1977 invited proposals from the Universities for establishment of new study Centres during the Fifth Plan period. Accordingly, the proposal of the Kerala University for establishment of 3 new study Centres as indicated below has been accepted by the Commission in accordance wj.th the norms and conditions laid down for the purpose, and the University has been informed of the decision vide letter No. F.79-4/77(DIa) dated the 1st November, 1977:
a) Palai (Govt. College, Rajamundhry)
b) Kottayam (The Kottayam Public Lib.)
C) Alleppey (S.D. College, Santhanapuram, All cppey)
(4) Assistance for Construction of Staff .quarters during. 5th Plan period.

In October, 1976, the Universi.ty Grarıts Commission had requested Universities/P.G. Centres to forward suitable proposals for construction of Staff quarters on $50: 50$ sharing basis to cover about $50 \%$ of the number of additional teaching posts approved by the Commission in the 5th Plan Period.

As against the additional posts sanctioned to P.G. Centre, Anantapur, under I priority - 2 Professors 9 Readers and 8 Lecturers, the proposal of the centre to construct 6 type I quarters for Professors/Readers and 4 type II Qrs for Lecturers at an estimated cost of Rs. 7,17,140/- has been accepted out-side the 5 th Plan allocation of the P.G. Centre subject to the usual terms and conditions. The P.G. Centre has been informed accordingly vide letter No. F. $37-3 / 77$ D D -1(a) Dated 24.10.1977.

> . -11-
(5) Sri Venkateswara University, Timpati Establishment of new Study Centres during 5th Plan period.

The University Grants Commission vide its circular letter No. F.22-11/76 (CP) dated 8.3.77 invite proposals from Universities for the establishment of new Study Centres during 5 th Fl an peirod.

Accordingly, the proposals of Sri Venkateswara University for the establishment of 5 new study centres as indicated below has been accepted by the Cormission in accordance with the norms and conditions laid down for the purpose and the University has been informed of the decision vide letter No. F.18-1/76 D-1(a) dated 25.10.1977.

Name of the Gity

1. Middapah
2. Kurnool
3. Chittoor
4. Nellore
5. Kavah

Location
Red Cross Building
Silver Jubilee Govt. College
Govt. College
. V.R. College
Jawahar Bharati
(6) Approval of Candidates under the scheme of National Associateship.

The University Grants Commission instituted the National Associateship scheme during 1970 to enable outstanding and young teachers upto the age of 35 years, from Universities and colleges engaged in research to visit and work for short periods at University Centres, Research Institutions, National Laboratories etc. which liave special facilities relevent to their respec تive field of study and research.

There are 300 posi ions available under five years scheme and 100 postions under one year schesse at a time. The Commission at its meeting held on 10th December 1973, inte:alia decided that the selection of National Associates may be done in consultation with relevart subject panels. Accordingly, the nominations received from various universities were referred to various subject panels and they
-12-
recommended 61 more candidates for the award of National Associateship as given below:-

| S.No. | Name of the subject panel | Number of candidate recommended by the Panel pive years One year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Bio Sciences | 712 |
| 2. | Chemistry | 15 |
| 3. | Physics | $7 \quad 12$ |
| 4. | Commerce | 2 |
| 5. | Economics | 3 |
| 6. | History | $1 \quad 1$ |
| 7. | Linguistics | 2 |
| 8. | Modern Indian Longuages | $1 \quad 1$ |
| 9: | Political Science | 2 |
| 10. | Psychology | -3. |
| 11 | Social Work | 1 |
|  |  | $19 \longrightarrow 42$ |

Since there is no panel on Fine Arts, the application of Kum. Kiran Agrawal, Lecturer in Painting \& Drawing, D.J. College, Baraut was sent to Professor Lalmani Misra, Professor \& Head of the Department of Fine Arts, Banaras Hindu University who recommended her for the award. As such she has been awarded the National Associateship for one year w.e.f. 1.6.77.

The panel on Bic-Sciences at its meeting held on 16th \& 17 th April, 1976 recommended Dr. Shailja Nigam, Reader in Audionogy, speech and Hearing, All India Institute of speach \& Hearing, Mysore for the award of National Assoziateship. Since the Instituttion was not included under Section $2(f)$ of the UGC Act, it was not entitled to receive grants from the Commission. Subsequently it has now been brought under Section 2 ( $f$ ) of UGC Act and as such Dr. Nikam has been awarded National Associateship for one year w.e.f. 1.7.77.

The total number of positions filled in so
far, including 63 positions as mentioned above is as under:

| Total Positions | Positions filled <br> un. | Positions <br> available |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 year scheme | 300 | 182 | -18 |
| 1 year scheme | 100 | 74 | 26 |

A list of Candidates Selected for the award is given in Annexure $I$ and $I I$.
(7) Regularisation of the visit of Dr. Bkagwan Das P . ressor \& Head of the Department of Statistics Indore University, under the Scheme of National Associateship.

D\%. BHegwan Das, Reader and Head Department of Mathmatics \& Statistics was awardel a National Associateship for a period of 5 years from January, 1974.

According to rules governing the scheme of National Associateship, an awardee under the schema is expected to undertake at least one. visit to the Institution in first two years of the award and if he fails to participate in the programme wi thin three years, his name is taken off from the rolls of National Associateship. In the case of Dr. Bhagwan Das the period of two years expired on 31 st Ducember, 1976.

In May 1977 Dr. 3hogwan Das informed that he would be visiting T.I.T.R. Bombay from 20th May, 1977 to 14 th July, 197\%. Since the proposal was received incomplete, no action could be taken.

In July 1977, Dr. Bhagwan Das informed that he visited T.I.F.R. Borlbay from 20th May, 1977 to 4th July, 1977 (both days inclusive). Since the visit had been undertalen already and the T.I.F.R. certified it, the visit; has been regularised as a special case and the grant due to him has been paid.
(8) Allahabad Inivorsity -Establishment of University Service \& Irstrumentation Centre during the fifth plan period.
. . . .

On the recommendations of the Standing Committee of the UGC on 'Instrumentation Centres', the setting up of University Service \& Instrumentation Centre of level II has been approved at Allahabad Uriversity and the following assistance has been approved outside the fifth plan allocation:-

1. Equipment ifor Mechanical Shop Rs. O. 30 lakhs
2. Equipment for Ellectronics Shop Rs. 1.20 lakhs
3. For Glass Blowing including Lathe Rs. 0.50 lakhs
4. Components, contingencies, Rs. 1.00 lakhs consumables \& tools
. Rs. . 3.00. lakhs
(9) Centenary grant to Agra College,Agra. .....

On receipt of a proposal received from the Agra College, Agra for assistance for its post centenary Golden Jubilee Celebration, the Commission under its scheme of Centenary grant to Colleges/ Universities has approved, in principle, the proposal of Agra College, Agra for the construction of (i) Library hall in women's wing \& (ii) an Auditorium-cum-Assembly hall in women's wing on $100 \%$ basis subject to the maximum of papees one lakh as UGC assistance.
(10) Appointment of one Professor in accountancy in lieu of 1 Reader and 1 Lecturer in the Faculty of Commerce, University of Saugar. -••••

The Saugar University informed that there was only one Professor in Commerce Faculty which
is one of the biggest faculties of the University having 200 post-graduate students and 50 research scholars besides running the new M. Phill Course under the Faculty Improvement Programme. Thus another post of Professor was essentially required in the Faculty of Commerce. The University proposed to appoint 1 Profrer in Accountancy in lieu of a Reader and 1 Lecturer in Commerce approved for the V Plan Period.

The proposal of the University has been approved.
(11) Approval for the write off of books and equipment purchased out of the University Grants Commission grant by Dhamtari Science, Arts and Commerce College, Dhamtari (M.P.).
....

An amount of Rs. $62,750 /-$ was peid to Dhamtari Arts, Commerce and Science College, Dhamtari for the purchase of Lib. Books and Lab. Equipment under different schemes viz. T.B.L. Basic Grant for the purchase of Library books ; Brox" Gran't 1969-70", 1970-72, Establishment of Book Bank and Equipment grant etc.

The College informed the University Grants Commission that due to accidental fire in the College, all the books and equipment, purchased out of the University Grants Commission Grants had been destroyed and also requested the Commission for its approval for writing of the value of Books and enuipment from the books of account.

The reports of the Police and Fire Brigade were obtainel in this regard. The matter was referred to the R.S. University Haipur for verification. Finance of ficer, Rav:. Shanker University verified the matter of fire damage and reported to tal loss at Rs. 1,10,860.84 paise of which University ${ }^{-}$ Grants Commission's share has been reported to be Rs. 41,194.00 only. On the basis of these reports it has been agreed to accord approval for writing off an amount of Rs. 41,194.00 out of the University Grants Commission grants.

## (12) Alocation of Junior Research Fallowship to Universiłjes.

The question of making available Junior Research Fellowship of the value of Rs. $400 /-\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. to such Universities to whom fifth plan visiting Committees have not recommended any allocation has been examined. There are 13 Universities where Visiting Committee reports do not contain any recmmendation for allocation of Junior Research Fellowship during fifth plan period. The Visiting Committees which visited these Universities were perhaps not aware that the allocation of Junior Research Fellowshin was within their purview. It has therefore being decided to allocate 154 Jr . Fellowship at any given time to the following Universities during the $V$ plan period:
Sl

N2. University \begin{tabular}{ll}
Fellowships <br>
allocated by <br>
RF Division

$\quad$

Followship <br>
proposed to be <br>
allocated by
\end{tabular}

1. Allahabad 6432
2. Kurukshetra 24
3. Gorakhpur : 20 : 10
4. Guru Nanak Dev 8 4 University.
5. Himachal Pradesh 8. 4
6. Lucknow ti4 32
7. Meerut 20 10
8. $P$ anjab 80 +0
9. Punjabi 20 : 10
303 $\quad 154$
(13) Approval of Additional Grants to the Department of Molecular Biophysics, Indian Institute of Science, Bagalore under the special Assistance Programme.

The Department of Molecular Biophysics of Indian Institute of Sciunae, Bangalore was invited to participate in the programme of Special Lssistance by the Commission at its meeting heid on 23 rd lugust, 1976 (Item No. 10) and grants approved.

Un a specifle requesu hrum une defarimenl, additional academic post- One Professor - 2 Readers and One Lecturer and a grant of Rs. 15,000/- p.a. has been approved for supporting dministrative and Technical Staff for a period of 5 years vide orders dated 6.5.1977.
(14) College Science Imp rovement Prog ramme University Leadership Project - Approval of grants for the extension of followup activities to the Department of Physics, Rajasthan University.
-••••

The commission at its meeting held on 17th October, 1977 (Item No.6(46) ) while considering the recommendations made by the Standing Committee for COSIP, interalia agreed that the ULP departments which nave completed the initial phase and follow up phase successfully may be encoiraged and assisted to maintain c ontinuous contact and interest in the COSIP.

The proposal received from the Department of Physics, Rajasthan University for extension of the follow-up phase by another one year has been considered and an addi ional adhoc grant of Rs. 2,00,000/- has been aprroved and released and an expert cominttee is being consiituted to evaluate the progress of the work done by the department under follow-up phase (vide orders dated 27.10.77).
(15) Approval of grants for follow-up activities to Colleges.

The approval of grants to 35 Colleges for undertaking follow-up activities have already been reported to the Commission.

Proposals from following Colleges have since been examined and grants approved for undertaking the follow-up activities during the next two years.

| Name of the Solleges | Liffiliated to University | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grant } \\ & \text { approved } \end{aligned}$ | Date of approval |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Veerasaiva College, Bellary: | Karmatak | $3,00,000 /-$ | 1.10 .1972 |

2. S.P.College, Poona 2,00,000/-22.10.197\% Poona
3. Jagannath Dibrugarh 1:50,000/- 1.11.197\%\%
Barjoah College,

Barooah College,
J rrhat
4. Maharaja's Cochin $1.50,000 /-\quad 18.11 .1977$

College, Ernakulam.
(16) Financial Mssistance to Teachers in Universities and Colleges for Minor Research Projects in Science subjectsselection for one year 1977-78.

- A. meeting of the expert Committee appointed by the Cormission to examine the proposals received under the scheme, "Financial hssistance to Teachers in Universities and Colleges for minor research projects in Science sxbjects" was held in the office of the Commission on the 5 th and 6 th November, 1977. Total number of 1826 applications were received in different subjects that of which 1093 proposals have been recommended by the Committee and a total grant of ..s. 41,61,974/- has been
approved vide orders dated 27th November, 1977,as detailed below:

| Sl Subject $\quad$No. of teachers <br> Selected$\quad$ Grants approved |
| :--- |

1. Physics
2. Chemistry
3. Mathematics
4. Botany
5. Zoology
6. Geography
7. Geology
8. Ingineering
9. Agriculture
10. Medicine
11. Anthropology
12. Home Science
13. Miscellaneous

TOTAL :
148

$$
7,39,000 /-
$$

$461 \quad 12,96,080 /-$
$94 \quad 3,79,300 /-$
e8. 5, 54,640/-
178
46

$$
1,29,150 /-
$$

25

$$
1,26,600 /=
$$

31

$$
2,00,540 /-
$$

8

$$
36,500 /-
$$

10
8

| 1 |
| ---: |
| 1103 |

$$
6,47,664 /-
$$

$$
48,470 /-
$$

$$
35,000 /-
$$

$$
15,500 /-
$$

$$
2,000 /-
$$

$$
4 \overline{2,10,444 /-}
$$

The entire grant for the implementation of the approved projects in each case is being released in full.
(17) Approval of additional grant to the department of Chemistry, Sardar Patel University under the programme of ispecial Assistance to Selected departments'.

The Commission at its meeting held on 20 th June, 1977 vide resolution No. 23 agreed to invite
the department of Chemistry, Sardar Patel University to participate in the schme of 'Special Lssistance to selected Departnents' and approved the grants for different purooses including an Equipment grant of Rs. 2.5 lakhs only.

Prof:-RoD. Patel, Vice-Chancellor, Sardar Patel University vide his letter dated 9 th September, 1977 informed that the non-recurrine assistance approved is much less than asked for in the original proposal of the University. He reguested that an additional grant of Rs. 5 lakhs would be required for the purchase of a small Angle X-Ray Diffraction Unit and a unit for studying dynamic mechanical properties in the department.

In view of the urgent need for the cquipment asked for and since the assistance approved was much less than the ceiling trant suggested, The request was agreed to vide orders dated the 14 th November, 1977.
(18) Sanction of grant to the Kerala University for organising a World Conference on Malayalam Language and Kerala Culture organised from November 1-7,1977.

The Kerala University requested for a grant of Rs. 1,40,000/- for organising a world Conference on Malayalam language and Kerala Culture. The Total estimated expenditure of the above Conference was R.s. $10,50,000 /-$ against which the state Government of Kerala had sanctior ed a grant of Rs. 5 lakhs. The Government of India also agreed to provide a sum of ks. 1 lakh for the purpose. The university had sought a grant of $\mathrm{Fs} .1,40,000 /-$ for organising the seven seminars on (1) Malayalam language, (2) Malayalam Literature, (3) Kerala History, (4) Society and Culture (5) lirts of Kerala (6) Philosophy and Religion and (7) Development of Kerala with special emphasis on overseas Malayalees. On this occasion, normally, the Commission provides a grant of Rs. $30,000 /$ - maximum to the universities for organising such International Conferences. Since the Conference which was to be organised by the Kerala University covered seven seminars, a grant of Rs. 50,000/-was providad to the University for this purpose as a special case. The sanction of the Commission was conveyed to the University vide letter No. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ 3-55/77 (FIP) dated ist November, 1977.
(19) Applicakility of the orders regarding cash payment in lieu of unutilised earned leave at the credit of the Central Government employees on the date of retirement on superannuation to the employees of the University Grants Commission.

The orders contained in the Government of India, Ministry of Finance ( Department of Expenditure ) Office Memorandum No. P-14028/1/77-I.IV(A) dated the 29 th October, 1977 regarding cash payment in lieu of unutilised earned leave at the credit of the Central Government employees on the date of retirement on superannuation on or after 30.9.1977 have been made applicable to the employees of the University Grants Conmission, subject to the conditions contained therein. ('vide orders dated the 11th November, 1977)
(20) Payment of additional dearness allowance to the employces of the Lniversity Grants Commission.

The Government of India's orders contained in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure) Office Memorandum No. 13017/3/E.II (B)/77 dated the 19th November, 1977 regarding payment of additional dearness allowance to Central Government Frnployees with effect from the 1st September, 1977 have been made applicable to the employees of the University Grants Commission with effect from the same date viz. 1st September, 1977 ( v:.de orders dated the 28 th November, 1977).
(21) Representation of Mrs. Pushpa Lirora, Senior Librery fittendant for promotion as Junior Library Lssistant.

In pursuance of the decision taken by the Commission at its meeting held on the 26 th September, 1977 (Item No. 44) on a reference made by the Commission, the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare vide its letter , No. Fo Ricc. $0-11023 / 8 / 77 /^{\text {T }}-7$ dated 31st October, 1977 has informed that the certificate in Library Science awarded by Raja Balwant

Singh College, Ligra is not recognised by the Government of India for employment purmosusunder the Central Government. This position has also been confirmed by the Directorate of Education, Delhi Administration.
2. In the light of the reply received from the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare and the Directorate of Fducation, Delhi Administration as well as the discussion at the meeting of the Commission when the case of Mrs. Pushpa Arora, Senior Library liteendant for promotion to the existing post of Junior Library Assistant was considered, it has been decided (vide orders dated 24.11.1977) not to consider her for promotion to the post of Junior Library Assistant on the basis of her existing professional qualifications and to reiterate to her the earlier advice to improve upon these to become entitled for promotion as Junior Library Assistant in accordance with the provisions of the Cadre and Recruitment Rules for the post. Nacessary action is being taken to fill up the post in accordanco with the provisions of the Cadre and Recruitment Rules.

Ram:

Name of the Candidates selected during the period March, 1977 to November, 1977 for the award of National Associateship for five years.

| S.No. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Name of the } \\ & \text { awardee }\end{aligned}$ | Subject | Name of the University. | Date from Which the award is effective. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Dr. N.H. Singh | Biocheristry | Haryana hgril. University. | 1.6.77 |
| 2. Dr. S.S.Kandam | -do- | Marathwada agril. University. | 1.6 .77 |
| 3. Dr. Ashok Kumar | Bio Sciences | Himachal <br> Pradesh University. | 1.6.77 |
| 4. Dr. P.S. Dubey | Botany | Vikram University. | 1.6.77 |
| 5. Dr. P.A. Khan | -do- | Berhampur University. | 1.11 .77 |
| 6. Dr. Asim K. Ray | Physics | Visva Bharati | 11.6 .77 |
| 7. Dr. P.K.Mukherjee | -do- dom | Burdwan University. | 1.6 .77 |
| 8. Dr. h.K. Chaudry | -do- | bligarh Muslim University. | 1.12 .77 |
| 9. Dr. S.N.Thakur | -do- | Banaras <br> Hindu <br> University. | 1.12 .77 |
| 10. Dr. $\mathrm{AN}^{\text {N Mantri }}$ | -do- | -do- | 1.12 .77 |
| 11. Dr. S.K. Singh | -do- | Aligarh <br> Muslim <br> University. | 1.12 .77 |
| 12. Dr. B.C. Venkatereddy | -do- | andhra University. | 1.12 .77 |
| 13. Dr.ti.s. Narain | Zoology | Gorakhpur <br> University. | 1.6 .77 |
| 14. Dr. M.Z. Khan | -do- | Poona Jniversity. | 1.6 .77 |

p.t.o.

## : 2 :

| 15. | Dr. HGopabandhu Behera | Chemistry | Sambalpur <br> University. | 1.11 .77 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16. | Dr. I.S. Swami | Hindi | Rama Krishna Puramhans Mahavidyalaya | 1.9 .77 |
| 17. | Dr. H.P. Ray | History | Jawaharlai Nehru | 1.9 .77 |
| 18. | Shri J.K. Baral | Poz. Sc. | University. Berhampur University | 1.8 .77 |
| 19. | Shri V.R. Chitoori | -do- | Andhra <br> University. | 1.8 .77 |

> Name of Candidates selected during the period February 1977 to November, -1977 for the award of National Associateship for one year.

| d.No. | Name of the awardee | Subject | Name of the University. | Dete from which the award is effe::tive. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| 2. | Dr. P.R. Sudhakaran | -do- | Kerala University. | 1.6 .77 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. | Dr. A.K. Singh | Botany | Jodhpur | 1.6 .77 |
| 4. | Shri N.S. Visht | -do- | University. | 1.11 .77 |
|  |  |  | versity. |  |
| 5. | Shri S.K. Gupta | -do- | - | 1.11 .77 |
| 6. | Shri P.C. Malik | -do- | Jodhpur <br> University | 1.11 .77 |
| 7. | Shri Rajeev Dhashmana | -do- | Garhwal University. | 1.11 .77 |
| 8. | Dr. Santosh Kumar | Physics | Agra College, Avra. | 1.12.77 |
| 9. | Dr. D.S. Srivastava | -do- | Aligarh Muslim University. | 1.12 .77 |
| 10. | Dr. D.s. Parman | -do- | -do- | 1.12 .77 |
| 11. | Shri , Vinod Kunar | -do- | D.B.S. College, Dehra Dun | 1.12 .77 |
| 12. | Dr. A.K. Bhattacharya. | -(10- | Holker Sc. College, Indore. | 1.12 .77 |
| 13. | Dr. Resi. Kasana | -do- | Indore Univer sity. | 1.12 .77 |
| 14. | Dr. V.P.Gupta | -do- | Jammu University | 1.12 .77 |
| 15. | Dr. H.N. Sharma | -do- | JNU P.G. Centre, | 1.12 .77 |
| 16. | Dr. Qutender Kumar | -do- | Regional Rngg. College, | 1.12 .77 |
| 17. | Dr. C.D.K. Virmani | -do- | Srinagar ${ }^{\text {Bareilly }}$ College | ,1.12.77 |
| 18. | Lr. M.P. Das | -do- | Sambalpur |  |
|  |  |  | University. | . 12.77 |
|  | Dr. G.s. |  | Univ. of Agrl. | 1.12 .77 |


| 12 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20. Dr. P. Ramakrishnan | Zoology | Govt. Arts \& Sc. College, Calicut, | 1.6 .77 |
| 21. Dr. Si.R. Reddy | -do- | Bangalore Univ. | 1.6.77 |
| 22. Dr. J.R.F. Alfred | -do- | N.E.H.U. | 1.6 .77 |
| 23. Dr. K. Shakuntala | -do- | Bangalore Univ. | 1.6 .77 |
| 24. Dr. V.S.Krishna Nair | -do- | Calicut Univ. | 1.11 .77 |
| 25. Dr. V.K. Shinde | Chemistry | Shivaji Univ. | 1.5 .77 |
| 26. Dr. H.S. Pathore | -do- | Aligarh Muslim University. | $1.11 .77$ |
| 27. Dr. C.L. Kırtania | -do- | Dum Dum Moti Jheel College, | 1.11 .77 |
| 28. Dr. K. Durai Raj | -do- | Calcutta. Sh. Josephs College, Tiruchirapalli | 1.11 .77 |
| 29: Dr. Rampar singh Rajput | -do- | Bareilly College, Bareilly. | $1.11 .77$ |
| 30. Dr. Shailja Nikam | \&udiology <br> and <br> Speech. | All India Instt. of Sipeech \& Hearing Mysore: | $1 \cdot 9 \cdot 97^{\circ}$ |
| 31. Sh. R.D. Pathak | Commërce | Himachal Pradesh University. | 1.7 .77 |
| 32. Sh. M. Chandra Sekher | -do- | Lndhra University. | 1.7.77 |
| 33. . Sh. G. Ramachand rudu | Economics | -do- | 1.7.77 |
| 34. Sh. Radha Krishan Nair | $-\mathrm{d} \mathrm{S}^{\text {m }}$ | Karnatak University | 1.7.77 |
| 35. Sh. K.R.G. Nair | -do- | Hastinapur college Delhi. | 1.7.77. |
| 36. Km. Kiran bgarwal | Fine Arts | Digambar Jain P.G. College, Baraut. | 1.6 .77 |
| 37. Km. V.N. Handiekar | History | J.M. Patel College, $\mathrm{Bh}_{\mathrm{a}}$ ndra. | 1.9 .77 |
| 38. Sh. C.M. Daflaur | Psychology | Magadh University | 1.7 .77 |
| 39. Sh. S.W. Despande | -do- | Poona Univ. | 1.7.77 |
| 40. Dr. B.K. Singh | -do- | Magadh University. | 1.07 .77 |

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## Conficenticl

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION.

## Meetins :

Dated : 19th December'77
Iten No, 2(b) : To receive the items of information.
(1) The Fieservation of $1 /:$ vacancies for Blind.

1. deaf and orthopaedicaliy handicapped on Central Services.

The Ministry of Education and Social WeIfare have sent a cory of the letter ( 1.0 No. 12-62/77-NI dated 23rd August 1977) addreswed to Vice-Chancellors by the Inion fiducetion Minister recarding reservation of $1 \%$ vacencies eacil for the Blind, the ceaf and the orthopaedically handicepped in rroup ' $C$ ' and ' $D$ ' posts in Central Services and in comparative posts in Governient of Incio public sector undertakings Enaexure. The State Governamts have also been requested to take sumilar action.
(2) Revised scales of pay of Teachers in the Universities and Colleses -implentation thereof by the Governaent of Gujrat. ....

A copy of the Goverment of Guiarat, Fducation Department Resolution No. NIS-1077-3226-IN dated 20.8 .77 regarding tine implumtation of the revised salary scales of teachers of technoloky and engineering, M.S. University of Baroda is enclosed Annexure. The scale su fested by Gujarat Gcrernment are smewhat different from those recomendation by the Comission.

Copy of D.O.No.F.12-62/77-NI dated 23.8.77 from $\mathbb{D r}$. . Pratap Chandra Chunder, Minister of Education and Social welfare, Government of India, to the Chairman, University Grants Comaission.

It is the avowed policy of the Governent of India to extend assistance to all weaker sections of the comunity. Physically handicapped people constitute one of the weakest segments of our poptilation and deserve special attention. with this in mind, the Government of India have recentily decided to reservo $1 \%$ vacancies each for the blind, the deaf and the orthopaedically handicapped in $g$ :oups ' $C$ ' and ' $D$ ' posts in Central Services and in comparable posts in Government of India Public sector Undertakirss. All the state
. Governments have also been reauesifect to take similar . . . action. Indeed, several Stait covernments have already reserved vacancies for the physically handicapped in certain public services.
2. For more than two decades, the Government of India have also awarded substantial scholarships for all stages of education, including University education. Unfortunately, however, we keep receiving reports from physically handicapped students about reluctance of various Universities to admit them. Now that wider employment opportunities are likely to be available for the physically handicapped, it is of $t$ e greatest inportance that every obstacle in the way of their education should be removed. I would, therefore, suggest that you day be good enough to reserve $3 \%$ vacancies for physically handicapped students. A vackeround note, giving full information is enclosed mpendix.

[^2]
# Gppendix <br> RESERVATION OF SEaTS FOK PHYSICムLLY HAND ICAPPED STUDENTS IN UNIVERGITIES 

## BLCKGEOUND NTE

The human organism is composed of numerous systems each of which is succeptible to damage through injury or disease. Those with physical Empairments include the blind, the deaf, the crippled or the orthopaedically handicapped, the diabetic, the cardiac, the epilleptic and a large number of others whose handicaps do not give rise to educational probleas. In our country, however, the constraint of resources has made it necessary for us tr focus attention largely on three categories of physically handicapped people the blind, the deaf and the orthopaedically haruicapped.
2. The pronote the education of herdicapped children, an important step taken by the Department of social Welfare as curly as 1955 was to launch a scheme for the award of scholarships. The number of scholarships awarded by the Government of India has risen from 50 in 19550
56 to 2744 in 1976-77. Many of these scholarships are awarded for University education, 4 number of state Governments have also initiated their own scholarship programes.
3. The table below gives sone idea of the number of physically handicapped students awarded scholarships by the Central Governaent sinje the commencenent of the fcurth rian period:-

Period

Blind $\frac{\text { Categories }}{\text { Deaf }$|  Orthopaedically  |
| :--- |
|  Handicapped  |}

| Fourth Flan | 610 | 32 | 2822 | 3464 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $197+75$ | 181 | 51 | 734 | 966 |
| $1975-76$ | 196 | 11 | 790 | 997 |
| $1976-77$ | 261 | 11 | 795 | 1067 |

4. Ihe traditional approach to the education of handicapped children was to place them in spesial residential schools. such schools do have an important role to plays and are continuing. It is being increasingly realisef, however, that the best olace for a nandicapped child to be educated is the ordinary school where he can interact at ease with ordjnary children. The Government of India have, therefore, launched a centrally sponsored scneme under which $100 \%$ assistance is offered to the State Governments for initiating integrated education programmes.
pot.io,

## : 2 :

5. ill these steps have. led to an increasing number of physically handicapped students seeking adrission to Universities. Unfortunately, handicapped students often complain of being refused adrission to various institutions of learning on grounds of their physically disability.
6. Fiealising that a similar situation existed in the field of employwent, the Government of Irdia have recently decided to reserve $1 \%$ vacancies each for the blind, the deaf and the orthopaedically handicapped in groups'c' and 'D' posts in the Contral services and in comparable posts in the Governnent of India public Sector Undertakings, subject to an over-2li ceiling of $3 \%$. It has also been decided that in posiz cunsidered specially suitable fur the physically handicapped they will be given preferance even in excess of the prescribed quota of $3 \%$.
7. It is felt that the time has come for similar action by var_ous Universities. According to rugh estiw mates, India has 16 to 20 miliion physically handicapped people belonging to the categories ws have in mind. They constitute roughly $3 \%$ of the population, It is proposed, therefore; that $3 \%$ seats may*be reserved•for physically. . . handicapped students in the various Universities.
8. A probable reason for reluctance to admit physically handicapped students may be apprehension that they may cast a heavj burcien on the teaching staff or fellow students. Thjs is not borne out by facts. Blind students can take notes in Braille or reconc. some of the lectures on pocker tape recorders. Deaf students can usually lip-read effectively or supplement their work hy additional reading. Orthopaedically handicapped studente do not usually ri..... special educationai aids: Huwever, blind and orthopaddically handicapped students may have to be occasionally escorted by fellow stirdents. Experience has shown that many students are g.ad to lend a helping hand. Thus; the apprehension that admission of physicaily andicapped students in substantial numbers in Triversities may cast an unbearable burden does not appeii to be well founded. Nor is it likely that standards of acaderia excellence will be adversely affected by the admission of prysically handicap ed students. To illustrate, this year of the 20 students placed on the merit list in the Higher Secondary Fxamination of the nelhi Board, four were blind, giving an unmistalrable evidence of the intellectur? ability of physically handicapped students.

## Annexure to Item No.2(b)(2)

Revision of salary scale of teachers of Faculty of Technology and Engineering, M.S. University of Baroda, Baroda Vth Five Year Plan Suheme.

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Government of Gujarat Gducation Defurtinent, Resolution No.MIS-107.7-3226-KH, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar. Dated the 20th Augusic 1977.
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Reaía- Letter No. 19-36/74-T-S- dated 30.9.1975 for the Government of India, Ministry of Education and Soc̣ial. Welforre, New. DeThị. .

Resclution No,MIS-1075-494r, Khn, Guucu -utu Nuvember, 1976.

Resolution:-
Government of India, Ministry of Pacation
and Social Welfare under their lєtter No. 19-36/74-T.S. dated 30-9-1975 have extended the revision of salary scales of the University Teachers sanctioned on the recommendations of the Sen Commission to the Technical Teachers ir the Engineering Colleges. Accordingly the ruestion of extending the pay scales on the University Teachers sanetioned under Govt. Resolution, Dducation Fepartment No.MIS-1075-4947-Kh dated 23.11. $\because-5$ to the Tecmical teachers in the Faculty of Technology and Enginetring, M.S. University of Baroda, was under the consideration of Government. After careful consideration Goveament is pleased to extend these revised pas scales to the teachers in the Faculty of Technology and Ensineering, M.S. University of Baroda excluding the teachers (Technical and non-technical) in the Folytechnic of the said University as under:-

## UNIVERSITY:

1. TECHJICA
2. Demorstrator/Tutor
3. Lectrer
4. Readir
5. Profitsor

Rs. 500-20-700~25-900
Rs. 700-40-1100-50-1300assessment 50-1600

Rs. 1200-50-1300-60-1600assessment 60-1900

Rs. 1500-60-1800-100-2000-125/2-2500

## II. NON-TECHNICAL

1. Demonstrator/Tutor
2. Lecturer
3. Professor/Reader/

Associate Prof.etc.

Rs. 500-20-700-25-900
RS.70.7س40-1100-50-1300-assessment-50-1600

Rs. 1200--50-1300-60-1600-asseasment-60-1900

The above pay scales are subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in the Government Resolution dated 23-11-1976 and its appendices wi th the modification that the qualifications prescribed in Appendix $1 A$ ' \& ' $B$ ' should be supplemented by Appendix ' $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{P}}$ \& 'T'. The Non-Technical teachers shall be governed by the qualifications prescribud in Appendix ' $A$ ' \& ' $B$ ' to Government Resolution No.Mis-1075/4947-KH dated 23-11-1976 and as may be modified from time to time.

The teachers shall have the option to come to the revised scale from 1st January, 1973 or the date convenient to them thereafter. As regards the next increment, the procedure as specified in Appendix ${ }^{\prime} C$ of G.R.E.D.NO.MIS-1075-4947-Kh dated 23-11-1976 will be followed. The teachers will be renuired to exercise their option by 31 st Cctober, 1977 and the option on 0 exeicised shall be final.

This issucs with the concurcence of the Finance Departruat under its dated 19-8-1977 on Educaliun Department file No.F.S.6027/MIS-1077-3226-Kh.

By order aild in the name of the Govenor of Gujarat.

Sd/-
(GoR. Rao )
Joint Secretary to the Govt. of Gujarat Iducation Department

## $\mathrm{APPINDIX!}$

> THZ QULLIFICATIONS PRESGRIBED FOR THE EXISTING LECTURERS/PiOFASSOR IN TECHICAL SUBJECTS IN THE
UHESEITY OF RLROA.

The existing Lecturers in the above facultits: shall heve to acquire a Master's dogree in first class in the rulevent subjoct provided they have not already accuired Master:'s degree within. a. period of.five yoars, failing . . which they shell not be allowed to earn incramonts. Prcfessors, Assistent Professers and Readers shall be ruqu. red to obtain a first dass Master's degree or a Doctorate degree 17 the relevant stibject within a period of five yoar failing which thoy shall not be allowod to $e_{a} m$ the incroments.

Note:- Tho period of 5 years will be rockened from the date of these orders.

## APPENDIK IT:

QU.LTMTCATIONS PRESORIBED FG TRGGING PCSTS IN THTNTG.L SUBJECS IN THE R..OULY OT TRONCLOGY HIVD ENGIHNTRING M.S. UNIVERSITY W B4KODA FRR MUNURE RECRUITS.
.......

| 1. | professoz: | First class Master Degree/Doctorate Defres in appropriate field with minimum 7 to 10 yeers distinguished experience in tesching/resesroh in Insititutior" oir Theiversity" standerd at port greduate level. Specialised know?edge in me more specified fields with experience in guiding research, profession $1 /$ sciuntific work of outm standing merit would be preferred. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | Assistant Professor Associate professor/ Reader: | First class Master's Dogrea/Doctorate Degree in appropriete field with minimum of five years experience in teaching/research in Institutions of University stemdard. Specialised knowledge in one or iore specificd fieles/subjects with outstanding teaching research experience and Doctorate perree or published work of equal itandard would be preft |
| 3. | Lecturer: | Firct class Master's Degree in a ppropriate ficld, with two yuars in industrial research experience in any Institution of University standerd, poctorate Degiec or publisheu worl of equal standerd desixable. |

## CONFIDENTIAL

UNIVE SITY GPANTS COIMISSION

Meeting :
D•ted : 19th December, 1977.
Item No. 2(c): To receive the statement of proposal wiach could not be accepted.

The proposals of the following colleges have not been a pproved by the commission under Rs. 5.00 lakhs Scheme during the fifth Five Year Plan period;


Osmania University

1. S.V.E.S. Telugu Teaching Rs.2,25,000 26.5.77 Low Kalasala, AccommodaHyderabad. tion.
students enrol
ment
(350)

Andhra University
2. Sri L.B. Colrege, Extension

Iow
Vishakhapatnam. of Class
Facx: Ity
room. Rs.5,36,918 18.4.77
(12 to ers)
Gauhati University
4. S.S. College, Hailakandi,

| theatre |  | Enrol- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ment |
|  |  | less |
| Boys FiostelRs, 5,62,000 |  | than |
| irls |  |  |
| Hostel |  |  |

Sambalpur University

Journals

## CONF IDENTIEL

## UNIVEESITY GFANTS COMMISSION

## Meeting:

Dated : 19th December,77

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Item No. } 3: & \text { To approve the statement of grants } \\
& \text { released after the meeting of the } \\
& \text { Coamission held 7th \& 8th November, } 1977 .
\end{aligned}
$$



1. Agra University.

Organisation of seminar on - 8,000
Surdasa as follow up up action programme for celebrating the 400 th Anniversary of Ram Charit Manas- Sanction of UGC thereof.

## Affiliated colleges

| R.B.S. College, Bichpuri, Agra. | University Grants Commission Assistance for the research project entitled "Study of Whistiers and VIF Emissions at low-latitudes submitted by Dr. Birbal Singh, RB.S. College, Bichpuri. | 17,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shri THka Ram Kanya Mahavidyalaya, mligarh. | Payment of Salary to Staff <br> S.Qudeer Lecturer in <br> Chemistry appointed as a <br> Substitute in place of Smt. <br> Namita Singh Teacher Fellow. | 10,000 |
| St. John's College, ugra. | Payment of Salary to Prabhakar Singh; Lecturer in Physics appointed as a substitute. | 11,718 |
| P.C. Bagia College, | Additional graņt for Book Bank - | 12,500 |

## : 2 :

2. Aligarh Muslim University

| University Grants Commission | 26,800 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assistance for the research |  |
| project entitled study of |  |
| Effects of Environmental and |  |
| Etching conditions on charged |  |
|  |  |
| Dr. D.s. Srivastava, Physics |  |
| Section, ZH College of Engg. and Technology. Aligarh |  |
|  |  |
| Muslim University, Aligarh. |  |
| University Grants Commission | 4,800 |
| Assistance for the research |  |
| project entitled A study |  |
| of microfossils from the |  |
| the shelf region off Goa |  |
| and Kerala. |  |
| Develop.nent of Higher Technical- |  |
| Education under vth Plan - <br> purchase of Books \& Journali: III 3,00,000 |  |
|  |  |
| Research Associateship in |  |
| Science/Humanities including |  |
| Social Sciences/Engineering |  |
| \& Technology - Extension in |  |
| Associateship tenure- payment |  |
| of Associateship to Dr. S.P. 8406 |  |
| Verma. | 8.400 |
| Research Associateship in |  |
| Science/Humanities including |  |
| Social Sciences- payment of |  |
| difference of Associateship | 2,709 |
| Assistance for employing part |  |
| time teachers for undertak:ng |  |
| courses in languages in the |  |
| centres of advanced study in |  |
| History. | 10,004 |
| Development of Higher Techiical |  |
| Education under Vth Plan - <br> princhase of Equipment. III 8,00,00 |  |
| University Grants Commission |  |
| Assistance for the research |  |
| project entitled influence |  |
| of Transition metal carbides |  |
| on the corrosion Behaviour of Iron |  |
| Base Allloys Submitted by Ir. |  |
| Anees Uddin Malik, AMU. | 17,800 |

p.t.o.

## : 3 :

Aligarh Muslim university ' (Contd $\}$
Junior Research Fellowships in Humanities including Social Sciences in Technology \& Engg. payment of Fellowship to Miss Famida Khan. - 9,600

Junior Researcir Fellowships
in Sciences - payment of Contingency grant.
955.90

Establishment of centre of Continuing. Adult Education purchase of a Jeep sanction of grant for. 60,000

University Grants Commission Assistane for the research project entitled Desalination Membrane Phenomena) submitted by Dr. iN Beg, Department of ChemistryAligarh Muslim University.

National Associateship Scheme-Shri HAS Zafri.

Writing of University level books/monographs. $6,236.40$

Production cum training centre at the Polytechnic of the Aligarh Muslim University Aligarh. Ist 2,00,000
3. Allahabad University.

$$
14,63,292.30
$$

| Award of Teacher Fellowship | $4,463.70$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| to Brajeah Kumar Lecturer |  |
| in Hindi at DV (FG) college |  |
| Orai Jalaun. |  |
| UgC assistance for the |  |
| research project. | 7,800 |

p.t.o.

## Allahabad University (Contd)


p,t.o.
A.1lahad University (Contd)

Grant in aid for purchase
of Fqui ment- 6th
-Demrlopment grants as per 5th
Plan visiting Committee Report.
Junior Research Fellowships in
Humanities including Social
sciences and Engg. - Payment
of Fellowsaip to Misss. Habib.
$10,00,000$
of Pellowsnip to Mis
University Grants Cormmission
Assistance for the research
project entitled Studies on
Electron. Spin Resonance Absorption
Spectra of solids and Liquids
submitted by Dr. B.N. Mishra
and others - Allahabad University. 52,500
University Grants Commission
Assistance for the research
project entitled accustic
and Themodynamic properties of
liquid mixtures by Dr. Sheo
Prakash, Allahabad University.
7,800
University Grants Commission
for the research project entitled 27,000
Physical properties of imperfect
crystals submitted by Dr. Bal
Krishna Agrawal, Allahabad University.
Mriting of University level
books/Monographs. 2,000
Affiliated Colleges

| TS Mehta College, | Payment of Salary to Shri <br> Bharwari, <br> Chandra Mohan. | 6,361 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Eving Christian | Grant towards the loan of books | 4,660 |
| College,   <br> Allahabad.   <br> -dom Additional Grant for book 12,500 |  |  |

$$
12,58,025.45
$$

4. Andhra University.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Research Fellowship in } \\
& \text { Engineering and Technology, } \\
& \text { payment of fellowship } \\
& \text { 6,000 } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Junior Research Fellowship in } \\
\begin{array}{l}
\text { Science- payment of contin- } \\
\text { gencies grant. }
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

fundhra University (Contd)

University Grants Commission assistance for the research projexts "htmospheric wave Disturbances over India and Neighbourhood during the Monsoon Pre and Post-Monsoon Sasons submission by Dr. R. Ramanadham, Dr. I Subramanya and Dr. D?V. Bhaskar Rao, Andhra University, Waltair. 74,400

Grant in aid .or the purchase of equipment for science \& Humanj.ties under IInd Priority during the Vth Plan period-release
of first instalmént- regarding $5,00,000$
Grant in aid for the purchase of equipment for Science and Humani.• ties Departuents under Ist
priority during Vth plan period
release of grant regarding. 9,00,000
\&ffiliated colleges
$-d o-\quad:$
A.University.
-do
-do-
G.COllege

Gudiwada.
V.S.R. College, Construction of Gymnasium 2,500

Utilisation of services of
outstanding retired teachers
payment of grant in respect of Dr. B.S.M. Dutt 2,000

Development of Engineering and
Ter.hnology during Vth Plan
Crant for purchase of Books III 3,70,000
Univers ty Grants Commission
hssistance for the Research project entitled spectroscopic studies of Diatomic Molecular Radicals and Ions of hstrophical Interest by Prof. P. Tiruvenganna Rao, College of Science \& Tech. andhra University, Naltair. 88,000
Utilisation of services of o/s retired teachers. 1,000
: 8 :
affiliated Colleges (Andhra University ) Contd.
D.N R. College, andhra.

Bapatla College
of Ertg \&
Science,
Bapatala, Andhra.
-do-

CRCollege
Chilkaluripet

- Guntur.
mindhra Pradesh.
Bindu College,
h. P.

Bindu College,
4.P.
-do-
-do-
" 20,000 -do-.

H 50,000
n 15,000
Besan̂t Theasophical National Associateshipp Scheme 1,200

Soil Health Care workers programmes- release of grant

40,000 Grants towards the loan of books

4,000
Vth Plan Development proposals release of first instalment towards the constrintion of workshop shed \& wimal house- 20,000 -do-

Ist 70,000 release of first instalment towards faculty improvement programme- Engineering.
-do-
Ist 10,000
n 60,000 College,
Madanapalle.
Andhra.
J.K.C. college,

Guntur.
hndhra Pradesh.
A.N. Rao

College,
Gudivada.

|  | -do- | -do- | 2,500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| JMJ College for |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| Women, | -do- | 2,500 |  | College, Andhra.



Endhra University (Euffiliated Colleges)(Contd)

Mrs. AN.N. College, Payment of Salary tu Sh. B.V? Gopalarao Vishakhapatnam. Lecturer in Chemistry at hrs. AVN College, Vishakhapatnam. 5,847

Endhra Loyola Organisation of serdinar on College, Vijayawada tindhra Pradesh.
re structuring of Practicals relevant to Theory.

8,500

25,32,793
5.\&nnamalai University.

University Grants Coinmission Assistance for the research "project entitled Construction of Ar Plus Ion Lacer submitted by Dr. K. Ramaswamy Dr. K. Balasubramanian and sri D. Shanmugasundaram Annamalai University.

49,600
University Grants Commission assistance for the research projentitled studies on the Marine Antagoinistic Streptomycetes of Dr. D.Chandramohan, Centre of Advanced Study in Marine Biology, Annamalai University annamalainagar, Fifth Five year plan Release of the 5th Instalment of grant. 5,000

Research $\mathrm{Fe} \perp$ lowships in Science payment of Fellowship
$1,502.32$
Development of Schemes under Vth Plan period purchase of equipment and Bouks and journals.

2,999.96
University grants Commission Gssistance for the research project entitled Culture of the prawn penaeus Indicus submitted by Dr. K Krishnamurty Annmalai University.

14,600

Annamalai Wniversity (contd)
University Grants commission Assistance for the research project entitled studies on the Marain Antagoinistic S.teeptonycetes of Dr. Chandramohan, Centre of Advanced study in Marine Biology, Ennamalai University. 5:000
6. \&.P. Singh Univers.ty

> Basic grants to affiliated colleges fur purchase of essential library books and laboratory equipment for improvement of instructional facilities.
hffiliated colleges
brts \& Commerce college Hanumana
Rewa. (M. P.)
laya, h. (Rewa)
Degree College, Niwari, Tikamgarh.

Janta Mahavidya Students aid fund" 1,503.
Grants to affiliated colleges for loan of books to students setting up of books

1,500

Financial assistance to affiliated colleges for the expansion of Book Bank scheme during 76-78 second allocation. 3,0003,000

Chhatarmal
Maharaja
-do-
2,250
Degree College, Maharajpur. Madhya Pradesh.

| S.V.Mahavidyala |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hewa. | -do- | 3,000 |
| $\cdots$ | $6,13,250$ |  |


| 7. شivadh University. <br> -..-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lffiliated Colleges. |  |  |
| Sh.L.B.S.College, Gonda. | Development of undergraduate educas:-is during the vth plan period purchase of books and Journals. | 22,000 |
| -do- | -do- | 18,000 |
| B.N.K.B. Degree College, Ekbarpur. | payment of Selary to Shri Mithilesh, Lecturer in Geography at B.N.K23. Degree College, Akharpur, wizabad. | 7,269 |
| Pratap Bahadur <br> Degree College, Pratapgarh. | Financial assistance to the college for the development of play field and purchase of ancessories. for games and sports during Vth plan period. | 5,000. |
| M.L.K. Degree College, Balrampur. | Additional grant for book | 7,030 |
| -do- . | Establishment of Book bnak | 4668 |
| T.N. Degree College, Tanda. | -do- | 2,813 |
| -do- | -do- | 4,218 |
|  |  | 70,998 |

## 8. Bangalore University.

Univirsity Grants Commission assistance for the research project entitled synthesis of Peptides of Biological interest of Dr. K.M. Sivanadaiah. 20,600

Development S.chemes under Vth Plan period.

2,00,000


Bangalore University (Contd)


Gward of Teacher Fellowship
under the F.I.P. allocated
to the Department of Chemistry Bangalore University- payment of grant for.

Basic Grants to affiliated
colleges for purchase of essential
libæary books and laboratory
equipment for irprovement of
instructional íacilities.
Affiliated Colleges.
Rural College
Kanakpura.

National
Inprovement of Undergraduate
Educational facilities during 5 th Plan period.

70,000
Payment of salary to staff
2,005
College,
Bangalore.

| Fiutral College, | Book Bank | 591 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kanakapura. |  |  |
| S.N.Wollege, | Science Improvenent programe | 14,506 |
| KIE Society ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  |  |
| IInd Block |  |  |
| Rajajinagar, |  |  |
| Bagealore. |  |  |
| V.Evening | Students lid fund to colleges | 500 |

College of frts
and science Commerce
College.
Bangalore.

| VC of \&rts \& SC. and Commerce Bangalore. | -do- | 3,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V.College, Bangalore. | -do- | 3,050 |
| S.h.College Bangalore. | -do- | 4,034 |
| B.N.S.Collefe for | -do- | 2,800 | Women North Tomple Street Bangalore.

Bangalore.

5. Banaras Hindu University

| Gsard of T-acher Followship |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| to the Department of Zoology |  |
| Banaras Hindu University |  |
| Payuent of grant for. | 22,750 |
| Award of Trabher Fellowship |  |
| to Sh. V.K. Sharma Lecturer |  |
| in Psychology at D.A.V. |  |
| College, Muzaffarnagar. | 3,141 |
| Lward of tuaher felluwship to |  |
| MNP Tiwarif Lecture $\dot{r}$ in History |  |
| at Gandhi Degree College, |  |
| Maltari, Azamgarh. | 2,375 |
| -do- | 25,000 |
| -do- | 1,625 |
| -do- 3, | 3,725 |
| University Grants Commission |  |
| Assistance for the research |  |
| projec ${ }^{\text {c }}$ 三ntitled Genetic Improvem |  |
| ment of Nitrogen fixation |  |
| capacity of Blue-green inlgae |  |
| submitted by Dr. ${ }_{\text {mok }}$. Kashyap |  |
| Dr. S.P. Singh and Dr. D.N. |  |
| Tiwari of Banaras Hindu |  |
| University. | 69,600 |

Banaras Hindu University (Contd)

> University Grants Comassion
> Assistance for the resenrck.
> project entitled Electrunie
> batteries using organic
> charge-transfer compleres Nr.
> SN. Bhat, Department of Chenistry $\quad 15,000$

Junior Research fellowsinips ia
Science - payment of FGilowshir 2400
-do- 2,400
Writing of University Ievel books monographs

3,600
Development of Mining Engineering 10,00,000
Research Project entitled
Dieletric Horn antennas -payment of grant

50,000
Onivier'síty "Grants Commission disistanne. . for the research project entitled Chemotherapy of Malaria submitted by Dr. SN Pandeya Department of Chemistry Institue of Technology Banaras Fiindu Uגiversity. 7,800

University Grants Comaission
Assistance for the research project entitled synthesis of some Biologically active heterocyclic analogs of Benzimidazoles subwitted by Dr. K. Ranganayakulu, Departt of Chemistry, Banaras- Hiadu University,

Jniversity Grants Comaission
Assistance for the research project entitled Analysis of sessional
fluctuation of gonadotrupic content and its effect on reproduction in some important food fishes of Eastern Uttar Pradesh subnitted by Dr. T.P.Singh, Departinent of Zoology, -Banar s Hindu University, Varansi.

Banaras Hindu University - Purchase of Books and Journals for the Institute of Medical sciences during Vth Plan period. VIII 2,00,000

4th National Convention on Enviromental Engineering

$$
5,000
$$

Basic grants to colleges for purchase of essential library books and laboratory equipment for japrovement of instructional facilities.

$$
5,800
$$

-dom

$$
10,90
$$

-do-

$$
15,000
$$

$$
15,52,2.16
$$

## Berhampur University,

| Lward of $T シ a c h e r ~ f e l l o w s h i p ~ t o ~$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| S.P. Rath |$\quad 2,975$

- National Associateship Scheme 1,800

Writing of University level books 7,800
Lffiliated Colleges
SKCC College Orissa.

Siudents aid fund in the colleges
323

11. Bhagalpur University

Research Fellowships in $s c$
1,512
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Lward of Tuacher Fellowship to } & \\ \text { Krishan Kumar, Lecturer in Chemistry } & 3,411 \\ \text { at Muraka College, Sultanganja. } & 3,241 \\ \text {-an } & 3,047 \\ \text {-do- } & 4057\end{array}$
p.t.o.

$$
\text { : } 18 \text { : }
$$

Bhagalpur University Contd.

| hward of teacher fellowship | 1,500 |
| :---: | ---: |
| - do- | 3,578 |
| -do- | 3,000 |
| -do- | 3,419 |
| -do- | 2,550 |

## 4ffiliated colleges.

Sahibganj College, Development of of play fields and Sehibganj purchase of accesiories.

5,000
Marwari College, Financial assistance during Vth Plan. Bhagilpur. period.

5, 100
-do- -do- 2n.000

## 12. Bhopal Universityo

Safia College, Junior Research Folloships in sc. 2,400 Bhopal.

Rogional College, University Grants Comission assistance of Eoucation, for the research project entitled Bhopal. Bicohemical ispects of Fish Productvity and their application in Madhya Pradesh of Dr. G.K. Lehri, Departiment of zoology, Regional College of Fducation, Bhopal - Fifth Five Year Plan period- Release of the 5 th instalnent of grant. 4,800

Gort. College, Financial assistance tø affiliated Ganj Basoda. colleges for the expansion of Book Bank scheme during 1976-78 5,000

Gandhi Medical Travel grant to dr. SZ Islam. 5,399 College, Bhopal.

Hawidia Lirts SchoZarship for post graduate studies. 3,000 Cownerce College Bhopal.

## Bhopal University (Contd)

H.S.L. Jain College Science mprovement prograpme. JC,CBJ ollege, idia
70,599

## 13. Bihar University.

\&ward of Teacher Fellowship to C.K. Pandey, Lecturer in Hisotry 2,911.25 -do-

3,081
䩻filiated Colleges
B.R. A.Prasad
students Adif fund in the colleges
14. Bombay_university
illocation of unassigned grant during during the 5th $\mathrm{Pl}_{\text {an }}$ period.

24,000
Establishment of study Cutre-Ramnirajan
Jhu jhunwala College, Ghatkopar,
Bombay.
3,000
Junior Research Fellowship in Science. payment of Fellowship

2,400
Award of Tacher Fellowship to Shri
J.C. NKJUMDAF, Lecturer in Chemistry
at Gurucharan Collate, Silchar.

## Qffiliated Colleges.

Institute of $\quad$ wward of Teacher Fellowship $\quad \therefore 1,500$

## Science,

Bombay.
Wilson College, Bombay.
£ward of Teacher Fellow ship
1,500

Fifth Five Year plan Improvement of undergraduate educatinal facilities. . 4C,000
p.t.o.

Bombay University ( Affiliated Colleges)
St. Xavior's Payment to staff on a/c of salary. 7, +反, 3 College,
Bombay
Sophia College, Purchase of Canteen equipment for Women
BOMBEY.
College of hrts Grants towards the loan of Books 8,000 and Science for Woemn,
Goa.
Smt. Bhangirathibas Book Bank

Mahavidyalaya,
11, Krishan Kunj,
wancha
Gandhi Road,
Bombay.
Fi.P. Gogats College
-do-
of Arts \& Sc.
R V.Jagalakar College of comerce
Ratangiri.
st. Xviar College, -do

2,000 Bombay.

Shri Chinal College, -do5,930 Commerce and Economics, Bombay.
DassKirti -do-

440
Doengursee College, Bombay.

Chetana's M.B. -do-
College of
Cormerce \& Economics
Bandra Esst.
Bombay.
Sardar Patel College of mngineering.

Writing of university level books

## : 2.1 :

15. Bundel Khand University.

Junior Research Fellowship -
payment of fellowship
Basic grants to colleges for pruchase of essential library books and laboratory equipnent for japrovement of instructional facilities. 20,000
Financial assistance to the colleges for the development of play fields and purchase of ascescories for games and sports during the Vth Plan period. 5,000
-do-
4,0000

## Affiliated colleges.

Bipin Binari $\quad$ Gdditional grant for book bank
College,
Daya Nand Vedic UGC assistance to research proj.
Post-graduate Post-graduate college,
Deai.
Pt: J.N.College, Students aid fund. 6,800 Banda.

$$
49,318
$$

## 6. Burdwan University

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { University Grants Comission } \\
& \text { Assistance for the research } \\
& \text { project entitled Systematic Investigation } \\
& \text { on the selectivity of Diketond allied } \\
& \text { thio-keto compounds to various matal } \\
& \text { ions of commercial importance submitted } \\
& \text { by Dr. Jyotirmoy Das Department of } \\
& \text { Cheaistry Burdman University. } \\
& \text { 7,800 } \\
& \text { bward of Fellowship to teachers" ."101 } \\
& \text {-do- 15,000 } \\
& \text { University Grants Commission } \\
& \text { Assi tance for the research project } 15,600 \\
& \text { p.t.o. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Burdwan University (Contd)

| Junior Research Fellowships, in |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Science- payment of Fellowship | 2,400 |
| -do-. | 2,400 |

Grant in aid towards the construction of an extension of Zoology Building -5 th Plan scheme 40,000

| -do- | 5,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| -do- | 50,000 |

Extension library and laboratory building during Vth Plan period 11,500

Participation of stucent Youth in
Soil Health Care workers
Financial assistance durinis - 25m000 vth Plan periods for Development Scheme -
-do-

15,000

## Affiliated colleges.

| S.College, Birbhum. | Grant for the constructi $n$ of oaboratory building during Vth Plan | 20,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Katwa College, Katwa | Purchase of Laboratory equipment | 30,000 |
| A.K.P.C. Mahavidyalaya, Subashnagar. Hooghly. | -do- | 40,000 |
| -do- | -do- | 10,000 |

-do- Students aid fund in the colleges 5,149
-do-
-dom 2,068

Bidhan chandra Krishi Viswavidyalaya, Kalyani.

Participation of stu ent Youth
in Soil Health Core 10,000
18. University of Calcutta.

University Grants Commissiion Assistance for th' research project
entitled Investigation on the
Growth and Improvement of an ${ }^{\circ}$
Edible Mushroom with a view to
Determine its Suitability for
Cultivation of Dr. R.P.Purkayastha,
Department of Botany, University
College of Science, University
of Colcutta, Calcutta. 6,000
Award of Tracher Followship to
Km. Ira Mitra, Lecturer in
History at Kala MLK Woemens
College, Midnapore. 4,702
Award of Teacher Fellowship 7,250
-do- 4,416
-do- 8,500
University Grants Commission
Assistance for the rescarch
project entitled Carebellar influences on Gastric
Function submitted by Prof.
Ajit Kumar Maiti of Calcutta University •

51,800
University Grants Commission
Assistance for the research project entitled Afferent innervation.
of the abdominal viscera in
birds submitted by Dr. Juthika.
Koley, Department of Physiology, University College of Science,
Calecutt University. 9,800

```
        : 2F:
Calcutta University (Contd)
-』-॰-.-.-.-.--.....-.
    Universi ty Grants Commission 72,000
    Assistance for the research
    project entitled A Study of
    mirror reactions 6Ii ---
    and 6li .... submitted
    by Prof. P.C. Bhattacharya
    University Gollege of Science,
    C`lcutta University, Calcut£a
    University Grants Commission
    Assistance for tle research
project entitled Research on
    Microwave avalancie Transit
    time consillators and corresponding
    develomment of the device and
    circuits scbaitted by Dr Roy Institute
    of Fiadio Physics & Electronics,
    Univers ty of Cllcutta and
    Dr.W.S.Khokle, Central Electronics
    Engineering Fi.search Institute,
    Pilani.
                                1,48,400
Fellowships.in Science · ' 2,400.
```


## Affiliated colleges

Ramakrishna
Mission Resi-
dential College,
Narendrapur,
Parganas.
sripat singh
-do-
10,000
College,
Murshidabad.
st. Xavier's
College,
Calcutta.
Hooghly Mohisn UGC assistance for the research Proj. 21,800
College,
Chinsurah,
Hooghly.
Shivsagar
FA to teachers in the research work
500
College,
Nadia.
MM Chandra
College,
Calcutta.
Participation of Sturent Youth in Soil health

10,600
,

                    .
    

Affiliated Colleges,
SS Mahavidyalaya, Students hid Fund in the colleges 3,500 Midnapore.
Prabhu Jagathandhu
$-\mathrm{CO}$
2,272
College,
P.O. findul

Calcutta.
Womens coll ge,
bgartala,
Tripura.
C.Memorial College,
of Education,
24 Pargana,
West Bengal.
Prabhat Kumar
-do-
Gollege,
Midnapurre.

- Indititute of Education $\cdot$
- -dom .
2.000
for women,
Hastings House
Alipore,
Calcutta.
S. College,

Nandigara

| West Bengal. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hindu College, -do- | 8,500 |

Hindu College,
-do-
2,000
MG - Mahavidyalaya,
.-dom
2,000
-do-
7,500
-do-

West Bengal.
19. Calicut University

Establishment of Examination Refora
50,00
UGC assistance for the post of Developisent officer

11,004
Utilisation of services of $\mathrm{o} / \mathrm{s}$ retired teachers.

University of Calicut (Affiliated Colleges)

| Sree Kerala <br> Verma College, <br> Trichur | Utilisation of services | 2,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | of outstanding retired |  |
|  | teachers- paywent of |  |
|  | grant in respect of |  |
|  | Prof. P ${ }^{\text {G }}$. P.S. Pilla. |  |
| Govt. College, Kerala. | Pinancial assistauce to college for the development of Play fields \& purchase of accessories for games and supports in colleges during Vth Plan period. | 5,000 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Siryed College, | Grant for the construction |  |
| Taliparamba | of Animal House Vth plan |  |
| Kerala*.j.a |  |  |  |
|  | Graduate Educational facilities. | 15,600 |
| P.S.if.0. College, | Improvement of undergraduate Educational facilities, construction of N.S.C. Buildiug. |  |
| Kerala. |  |  |
|  |  | 12,000 |
|  |  |  |
| Sree K.V. College, Trichur. | Basic grant for purchase of Booms and Journals |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ```Little F Flower College, Guruvayoor, Puthampalli.``` | Improvement of undergraduate educational facilities. | 70,000 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | Students aid fund | 3,500 |
| Ottapalam. |  |  |
| Nirmalagiri | -do- | 2,000 |
| College, |  |  |
| Birmalagiri. |  |  |
| Kerala. |  |  |
| Vimala College, | -do- | 3,400 |
| Kerala. |  |  |
| Sir Syed College, | -do- | 2,000 |
| Taliparamba. |  |  |
| Kerala. |  |  |
| Sree Karala, | -do- | 4,97e |
| Verua College, |  |  |
| Trichur, |  |  |
| Kerala. |  |  |

## Affiliated Colleges, <br> Calicat University.

Little Flower College, students aid fund in Guruvayur
Kerala.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mercy College, } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Students aid fund in } \\ \text { Palghat }\end{array} \\ \text { the college }\end{array}$
Kerala.
M.E.S. Kalladi
-do-
1,912
College,
Mannarghat
College,
Palghat kerala.
Govt. College,
-do-
2,988
Chittur.
Kerala.
-do-
setting ap of Book Bank 2,000
20. Chander Shekhar Azad University.

Utilisation of services of outstanding retired teachers payment of grant in respect of Dr. Indra Gupta.
21. Cochin University

Hesearch Fellowships in
Science- payment of
Fellowship.
2,400
University Grants Commission
Assistance for the research
project entitled studies on
the Helminth parasites of marine organisms of the nearshore and offshore waters subwitted by Er. Mohandas, Departaent of iarine Sc.

$$
-5-20:
$$

University of Cochin Contd.
Writing of Unive level Books 3,600
22. University of Delhi

Univer, ity Grants Commis sion Assistance for the research project entitled Histouphysiological investigations concerned with the fibre architect.re differentiation, energy metabolism and its regulation in mexed and un-mixed vertabrate skelteal muscles, Dr. C.L. Talesara Department of zoology, University of Delhi. $15,<=0$

UGC Assistance for the research
project entitled synthesis of
nitrogen heterocyclis, their
electrochemical and pharmelogical
studies by Prof. G.S. Sahria,
Department of Chemistry, Delhi
University~ Release of grant. $\quad 9,600$
Utilisation of services of outstanding retired teachers payment of grant in respect of Prof. F.C. Auluck. 6,825

Writing of Uniersity level book 2,000
University Grants Commission assistance for the research project entitled some transition netal derivatives of Polydentate Tertiary Phosphines- Head of the Department of ehemistry, Delhi University of Delhi.

University Grants Commission mssistance for the research project entitled studies on metal chelate of Macrocyclic liganda s submitted by Prof. i.P. Singh Department of Chemistry, Unidversity of Dehw. 14,600
p.t.o.
: 30 :
University of Delhi (Contd)
-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-
University Grants Commission
A sistance for the research
project entitled Electrochemical
Studies of some acid soils in
relation to soild Genesis submited
by D. B.S. Kapoor, Department
of Chemistry, University of Delhi 20,800
-dom
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Construction of Building for } \\ \text { the Faculty of Husic. } & 50,000 \\ \text {-do- } & 1,00,000\end{array}$
Award of $T$ acher Fellowship to Jagan Das thgre Lecturer in Physics at Hindu College Moradabad.
-do-

- University Grants Commission

Assistance for the Research . . project entitled Physiology of Reproduction by Prof. M.
R.N. Prasad, Department of

Zoology Delhi University Approver of grants. 41,200

Centre of Advanced Study in Chemistry_ Uni ersity of Delhi- Release of Nonrecurring grant for oonstruction of Vertical extension of Chemistry Blöck 75,000

> Indo Bulgarian Cultural Exchange Programme - Salary of Buggariar Language Teacher.

Firll 'ime LL.M. Courses. 3,003
University Grants Commissiun Assistance for the research project entited o ganisation, ulteastructure and sessional behaviour of Cambium and pholem in some Indian trees by Dr. G.S. paliwal, Department of Botany, Delhi University- release of grant.

## \%14:

University of Delhi (Contd)
-.-.-...-......-...-
Indo Folish Cultural
Exchange Programe - 11,340
Indo Yugoslav Cultural
Exchange Programme- Mrs. Gordane Dickie.

14,324
Junior Research Fellowship in Humanities including Social Sciences- payment - of Felilowship. to•Mis. Kanta Bhatia.

4,800
Senic: Research Followships in Sicience- Payment of contingency grant.

2,000

| -do- | 1,500 |
| :---: | :--- |
| - dn-. | 1,500 |

University Grants Commission
Assistance for the rexearch project entitied Organisation Ultrastructure and Sieasonal behaviour of Combium and Pholem in some Indian trees by Dr. G.S. Paliwal, Departaent of Botany, Delhi University. 4,80C

> University Grants Commission Assistance for the research project entitled study of the swrface effects in metal -ferroeleciric metal and metal ferroelectric-semiconductor.

UGXC As istance for the rexearch assistance for
experimental study of some Biomolecules. by-Dr. N.K. Fiay of Delhi University and Dr. R.K. Mishra, All
India Institute of Medical..
Sciraces. 91,103
Su port for advanced
Research in the Humanities and Social Stciences, 10,000
: 32 :
University of Delhi (Contd)
-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-....
Support for advanced Research in the humanities and Social Sciences. Ist

UCC assistance for the research project entitled the Study of the transport propericies of group II VI and III $V$ semiconductors submitted by Dr. 2.C. Hathur, Deptt. of Physics \& Astrophysics, University of Delhi.

Seminar on the Reform of Company law.

UGC As sis'tance fot the research. project entitled phase Transitions in Polytypic Crystals at Kigh and low Temperatures submitted by Dr. G C . Trigunayat. University of pelhi.

Affiliated Colleges,
Delhi College of Engineering, Kashinere Gate, Delhi.

Hamdard College
UGC assistance for the research 75,550 project
of warmacy, Tugalagabad依dangir, New Delhi.

| -do- | -do- | 14,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rajdhani College, | -do- | 20,000 |
| Rajagraden, |  |  |
| King Road, |  |  |
| New nelhi. |  |  |
| P.G.D.A.V. | -do- |  |
| College, |  |  |
| Nehru Nagar, | 180 |  |
| Ring Road, |  |  |
| New Delhi. |  |  |

Affiliated Colleges, Delhi University

Bharati Mahila
College, link Road, KarolBhagh. New Delhi.
P.G.D.A.V.

College,
Nehru Nagar,
New Dihi.
Miranda House, Patel Chest Marg, Delhi.

Shyam Ial College, Day Class es

Kmla Nehru College, New Delhi.

St. Stepjens college, Delhi.

Ram Kal Anand
College,
Evening College,
Anand Jiketan Marg,
New Delhi.
-do-

Shri Arvindo
College,
Malviya Nagar,
New Delhi
Institute of Home
Science.
Zakir Hussain
College,
Delhi
Hindu College, Delhi.

Establishment of Students
Aid fund for the year 77-78

Developjein of play fields \& Purchase of accessories for grames sport.319

Spesial repairs to the Principal's Bunglow.
replacemenu us wusil vul water fitting and provision of water storage tank in the Science Laboratories.

5,000

$$
\begin{array}{lc}
\text { Grants to affiliated } \\
\text { colleges } & 3,344 \\
\text { Colleges affilated to Delhi } & \\
\text { University- Establishment of } \\
\text { Stuents Aid Fund Payment of } \\
\text { Grant for 1977-78. } &
\end{array}
$$

| -do | 3,500 |
| :--- | :---: |
| -do- | 4,500 |
| College Affiliated to | 5,992 |
| Delhi Univeristy <br> Eid Fund |  |


2,00

Scholarship for P.G. Students 300
Writing of University Level Book

Affiliated colleges
DeIhi University.
Dr. Zakir Hussain
Memorial College, Formerly Delhi
College,
Ajmeri Gite,
Delhi.
23. Dibrugarh University

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { University Grats Commission } \\
& \text { Assistance for the research } \\
& \text { project entitled inision } \\
& \text { and Ketardation of Polymerization } \\
& \text { of Vinyl monomers submitted by } \\
& \text { Dr. N.N. Dass, Dopatt of Chemistry } \\
& \text { Dibrugarh University Dibrugarh. } 75,000 \\
& \text { Rolease of grant for construction } \\
& \text { of Class room } \\
& \text { Fwlease of grants to J.B. College, } \\
& \text { Jorhat for (a ) construction } \\
& \text { of Women's Hostel, (Purchase } \\
& \text { of Books \& journlas, (c) } \\
& \text { Laboratory equipment and (D) } \\
& \text { Extension of Library Building. 1,60,00 } \\
& \text { Financial assistance to colleges } \\
& \text { under students welfare } \\
& \text { programme fordevelopment of } \\
& \text { Pday fields and purchase and } \\
& \text { of accessories for games and } \\
& \text { sports. } \\
& \text { Payment of salary to staff }
\end{aligned}
$$

Affiliated Colleges, Assam.

| DMD Co lege, | Book Bank | 1,25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Assam. | Students aid fund | 2,004 |
| do- |  | $3,08,13$ |

- 24 . Gaugati University

| Award of Teacher Fellowship | 1,5n0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Junior Research Fellowship in |  |
| Science lumanities including |  |
| Social sciences to students | 1,300 |
| -do- | 5,482 |
| Grant in aid towards purchase of |  |
| stationery for the computer centre IDC . 316 | 20,000 |

Affiliated Colleges
Nalbori College, Purchase of Books and Journals
Assam;
didelaboratory Equipment.
50,000

Kokrojha College, Participatiun of student youth Kokrajhar. in soil Health Care workers Goalpara. progeanme.

10,000

Arya Vidyapeeth Development of P.G. Studies 30,000 Gauhatt.

Churechandpur Construction of Mens hostel 20,000 College, Churachandpur.
KarimGanj College, Payiment of salary to staff 4,414 Cachar
Assam.

Nalbari College, Studentsaid fund 3,500
Kamrup

| Marigaon | -do- | 1,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College, |  |  |
| Nowpong. |  |  |
| A.ssam. |  |  |
| Dakshin Kamrup | -do- | , , 1,500 |
| College, |  |  |
| Mirza |  |  |
| Assam |  |  |
| Karimganj | -do- | 2,000 |

College,
Cachar.

Gauhati University, Gauhati_ (Conid)
Karimganj College, Cachar.
Assam.
setting up of Book Bank in
colleges during 5th Plan.
3,250
$1,54!44.6$

25 SGarhwal University (Garhwal)
Basic grants to affiliated colleges for purchase of essential
library books and laboratory equipment.
for improvement of instructional
facilities.

## Affiliated Colleges.

-K:M. P. Post- . . . Dewelopuent of undergraduate Graduate colleze, studies during the vt h plan Dehra Dun. period purchase of Equipment.

15,090
6
S.G.iR College, Fayment of Salary to Staff

12,000 Dehradun.

Dayanand
Basic grant for development Brijendra of $P G$ studies in Jumanities 10,000 Swaroop College,
Deharadun

-do- | Assistance for library |
| :--- |
| facilities. |$\quad 8,545$

| DBS College, | Payment of Salary to Shri <br> Dehradun | 11,718 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

DAV Colleze,
Grants to affiliated colleges
5,625 Postgraduate Dehradun.

c:37:<br>26, G,B. Pant University of Agriculture \& Technology

```
Writing of university level books 3.,600
```


## 27. Gorakhpur University

| University Grants Commission | 32,800 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assistance for the research |  |
| project entitled organise |  |
| derivatives of. Phosphorus and.allied. |  |
| compounds subaitted by Dr. R.N. Narain |  |
| Gorakhpur University. |  |
|  |  |
| University grants commission | for |
| the research project entitled |  |
| studies on the synthesis of |  |
| Post-control IV.Heterocycles |  |
| submitted by Dr. S.C. Bahel, |  |
| Department of Chemistry |  |
| University of Gorakhpur. |  |
| University Grants Commission |  |
| Assista ce for the research |  |
| Project entitled studies on |  |
| Endocrine Glands Releated to |  |
| Plasma |  |

Univer ity Grants Commission Assist nce for the research project entitled excologícal and Physiological factors affecting mating behaviour and subsequent reproductive progranmeing of certain economically imporing phytophagous insects pests by Dr. ©.S. Krishna, University of Gorakhpur, Korakhpur. 58,600

University Grants Commirsion assistance for the researoh Studies on Mucorales Gorakhpur unive sity of Go akhpur. 12,600

Basic grants to affiliated colleges for purchase of essential library books and laboratory equiprent for improvement of instructnonal facilities.

$$
15,00,000
$$

Gorakhpur University (Contd)

$$
\begin{array}{lc}
\text { Utilisation of services of } & \\
\text { Outstanding retirod teachers } & \\
\text { payment of grant in respect of } & 266 \\
\text { Dr. B.D. Sinh. } & \\
\text { Construction of cantesn building } & \\
\text { under Students amenities duriag } & 15,000 \\
\text { Fifth Plan period. } & 11,937 \\
\text { Payment of salary to staff } & 11
\end{array}
$$

## Affiliated Colleges.

Gulab Devi Mahila Grant for purchase of equipment $\Omega, 00$, Mahavidyalaya, Ballia.

| Gandhi Samiti $\quad$-do- | 15,070 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Samarak |  |
| Mahavidyałaya, . |  |
| Koilsa, |  |
| Azamgrah. |  |

Lal Bahadur
-do-
$82 m 000$
Shastri Smarak
Degree College, Anandanagar, Gorakhpur.

Baput Degree College,-do-
Pepeganj,
Gerakhpur.
B.I.D. Degfee

College,
Deoria. -do-

2,000
Budha Post graduate -do-
34,000
College,
Deoria.
Gulab Devi Mahila -do-
15, 000
Mahavidyalaya,
Ballia.
Gandhi Samarak
Mahavidyalaya,
35,500

## Aiffilated colleges.

Gorakhpur University.

| Bapu Degree college,  <br> Peppeganj,  <br> Gorakhpur. and journals. |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Udaipartap College, |  |  |
| Varanasi. | Writing of University level <br> books | 660 |

Shri Dajrang Degree Coolege
Dadar Ashram
Bikandarpur
Ballia.
'G.S.S.Degree
-do-
35,000

College,
Koilsa,
Azàmgarah:
Budha Postgraduate
College,
D,eoria.
-do-

Shri Gandi Degroe
College:
Maltari,
Azamgarh.
Gandhi Shantibadi
Samarak
Financial assistance to 8,000 colleges for development of Postgraduate studies in Humanities and social Sciences during Fifth Plan period.

Grant for construction of Lib. Building.

Grant for construction of lib. building

50,000
Mahavidyalaya,
Kolisa
Azamgarh.
-do- Additional class room 40,000
Tilakdhari College, jaunpur.

Teacher Fellowship Programme Department of Botany-Banars Hindu University-Payment of Substitute teachers salary release of on account grant. 13,600
p.t.o.
: 4 ?
Affiliated Colleges (Gorakhpur University)
Buaha Postgraduate College Kuahinagar, Deoria.

Grant for construction of cante $n$ /cadetaria cinder students amentities. 25,000
S.S.S.Vidyapith

Additional grant for book bank 937 Degree College, Chasivur. U.P.
-do- Situdents aid fund in the colleges.

## 28, Gujarat University

Construction of Class IB Qra. 20,000
Borine an additional Tube well40, COO
Basic grants to affilitec colleges for puchase of essential library books and laborátory equipment for improvement of instructional facilities.

## Affiliated colleges.

Gujarat College, Anmeひ̉abad.
S.R.P.Arts \& K.D. Commerce, College, Khambhat
L.D.College of

Engineering Aninedabad. manedabad:

Financial assistance to Teachers for research/learned work in Humanities and social Science-Payment of Secord Sciencempayment of
instalment of grant. i,500
11353
payment of salary to $\$$ taff

[

Travel grant to Dr. R.C. Sonpal.
29. Gujerat Agricultural

Unirersity, Ahmedabad.

Pinancial assistance to students

1,500
30. Guria Nanak Dev University
Award of racher Fellowship . . 9,305
-do-
$403 \cdot 26$
Organisatioh of Sunmer Institute in Linguistics in Collaboration with the Central I stitute of Languages, iysore-Payment o. Grant.

10,000
Affiliated colleges,

Baring Union College Humanities and Social Christian College, Sciences.
$30,734.08$ Batala.
Khalsa College, Regional conference of COHSSIp 18,00n Amritsari.

| Lyallpur Khalsa Development of PG Studies |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| College, | $20,00 J$ |  |
| Jullundur. |  |  |
| Ramgarhia College, Improvement of Undergraduate |  |  |
| Phagwara | 15 igno0 |  |

DAV College,
Jullunderu
-do-
20,000
Khalsa College Students aid fund 2,000
for Women
Amritsar.

| Hans Raj Mahila | Grants towards the loan of <br> Jullundar | Books |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$1,37,742.34$
31. Haryana Agriculture University

Writing of University
Level Books / Monographs 3.600
Visit of Dr. D.N.Garg, Sirlogisi, Department of Bact. \& Hygiene to U.K. under the
Programme of Exchange of Vis its
by Younger Scientists between
India andU.K. during 1977-78
32. Himachal Pradesh University 15,706

Junior Research Fellowships in Sciences - payment of contingency grant.

3,000
National Associateship Scheme

- Dr. K.C: Sharma

Last \& final payment

## Affiliated Colleges


33. Hyderabad University

| Guha Research Conference, 1978 | 3,000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| Unassigned grant for $1977-78$ | 15,000 |
| 1 ist instalment |  |
|  | $\overline{18,000}$ |

$$
-43-
$$

## 34. Indore Universtyy

| National Associateship scheme - Dr. Bhagwan Dass | 080.90 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Indo-USSR Cultural Exchange |  |
| Programme 1976-77- |  |
| Reimburs ement of salary of |  |
| Russian Teachers | 2,100 |
| Salaries to the Additional staff approved during V Plan |  |
| for Teaching Department | 1,25,000 |
| Construction of Printing |  |
| Press - V Plan proposals | $\begin{gathered} 25,000 \\ \text { instalment } \end{gathered}$ |
| UGC Assistance for the |  |
| research project "Synthesis |  |
| and fabrication of hologra- |  |
| phic lenses, zone-plates, |  |
|  |  |
| their applications ; espe |  |
| cially of Optical Informa- |  |
| tion Processing submit tod |  |
| by Ir. R.S. Kasana, Univ. of Indore | 21.300 |
| Basic grants to affiliated |  |
| colleges for purchase of |  |
| essential library books |  |
| and laboratory equipment |  |
| for improvement of |  |
| instructional faciliti es | 2,40,000 |

Affiliated Colleges

$-4$.
35. Jabalpur University

Reccarch hssocisteship in Science / Humanities including Social Sciences

- payment of difference
of Associateship @ Rs. 300/per month

2,700
Research A socateship in
Science / Humaniti-s
incirding Social Sciences/
EnEineering \& Technology -
Extonsion in Associateship
teniare - payment of
Assoc: teship to Dr. JToti Prakash Sen

13,200
UGC Assistance for the research project entitled
" Electrical properties
of organic molecular
crystals and polymeric thin
films with special reference. .
to electrical conduction
and electret effects and possible applications of polymeric foil-electrets in research and industry" submitted by Dr. S.C. Datt, Univer sity of Jabal pur $\quad 5<, 000$

Basic grants to affiliated colleges for purchase of essential library books and laboratory equipment for improvement of instructional facilities $\quad 2,80,000$

## Affiliated Colleges

Navyug Arts and
Conmerce College,
Jabal pur (M.P.)
Hawabagh Women's
College, Hawabagh
Govt. M.H. College of Home Science for Women, Jab al pur

Reimbursement of Students
Aid Fund in the Colleges Grant for 1976-77223

Students' Aid Fund in the
Colleges - Grant for 1977-78 1,600
Grants to affiliated colleges
for extension of Library
building

$$
\text { शु } \quad-
$$

36. Jadaypur University

| University Ieadership |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Project in Geology | $3 C, 20 n$ |
| Research Associateship |  |
| in Science / Humanities |  |
| inctuding Social Sciences |  |
| - Payment of difference |  |
| of Associateship @ PG 200 | 1,800 |

Research Associateship in Science / H:manities including Sotial wiences $\% /$ Engg: \& Technology - Payment of felloship and contingency grant - Dr. T. Nammalvar 11,600

```
Junior Research Fellowships
in Humanit*es including
Social Sciences - payment
of Fellowship
4,800
```

UGC assistance for the research project entitled " Kinetics of the exidation of so me organ ic compounds by complexions derived from rarer platinum metals" by Dr. K.K. Sen Gupta, Deptt. of Chemistry, Jadavpur Univ., Calcutta 32 - Fifth Five Year Flan Project - .

9,500
Effiliated Colleges
Smt. J.D.B. Instt. of Home Science, Calcutta-20 (WB)

Financial assistame during Vth Plan period for the purchase of Library books and Journals

10,000
2nd instalment
67800
37. Jammu Univiersity

National Associateship
Scheme - Dr. R.K. Singh
800
Award of Teacher Fellowship under the F.I.P. allocated in the Deptt. of Maths, Jammu Univ. payment of grant for

| - | 46 . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Junior Research Fellowships in Science / Humanities including Social Sciences payment of Fellorship | ir, BC, |
|  | Introduction of Correspondence Courses at the Undergraduate level | 50,000 |

Affiliated Colleges

| M.A.M. College, | Financial as sistance to <br> Jammu | teachers in the Universi- <br> ties and colleges for |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | undertaking minor resoarch <br> projects in Science - |  |
|  | Payment of grant in Humani- <br> ties \& Social Sciences | 5,000 |
|  |  | $\boxed{64,100}$ |

8.     - Jawaharlal Nehru Inive ris ity

| Junior Research Fellowships |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Fellowship | 2, +00 |
| Junior Research Fellowships |  |
| in Science - Payment of |  |
| Fellowship | 2,400 |
| Award of Teacher Fellowship to Sh. Kanchan Singh, |  |
|  |  |
| Lecturer in Geography at |  |
| Mesrut College, Meerut | 3,100 |
| Provision 'of furniture |  |
| for students Hostel Blocks |  |
| in Sec..I of the Jawaharl al |  |
| Nehru University Campus and |  |
| Married Research Scholars |  |
| Living Rooms |  |

Scholarship for post-graduate studies in Arabic / Persian -
1976-77 - Shri A.H. Siraj Ahmed

Jawaharlal Nehru Univ. (Contd。)
University Gants Comiscion
assistance for the research
project entitled "Dinitro-
gen fixing procaryotes in
the intestine of Termites
and their influence on the
biocoenosis of protozoa in
situ" submitted by Dr. A. $\bar{K}$.
Varma and ProfoP.N. Sri-
vastava, School of Life
Scimces, Jawaharlal Nehru
University
32,050
Writing of university
level books / monographs 800
Purchase of books and
Journals for the Jawaharlal. .
Nehru University Post-
graduate Centre at Imphal
during Vth Plan period $2,00,000$
9tr. instalment
Indo-Mungolian Cultural
Exchange Prograrme -
Reimbursement of the
selary of Mongolian Language
Teacher
$\frac{8,002}{3,2 c, 0,2}$
39. Jawaharlal Nehru Technology University, Hyderabad.

## Affiliated College

Regional Engineering Research Fellowships in
College, Warangal. Engineering \& Technology payment of contingency grant.

1,000
1,000
40. Jiwaji University

Junior Research Fellowships in
Science - payment of Fellowship
2,400
-do-
-do-
2,400
2,400

$$
-48-
$$

## Jiwaji University (Contd.)

Award of Teacher fellowship to Km . Archna Parmar, Lectuer
in Chemistry
Constructicn of Central
workshop - 1st instalment 25,000 1st instalment

Construction of Botany
Harbarium - VPlan proposals 50,900
1st instalment
Financial assistance towards construction of $70010 g y$
Museum - V Plan proposals 30,000
Purchase of books and journals during V Plan

Purchase of Scientific equipment for Central worksh op

$$
1,00,000
$$

Higher Sducation \& Research Lerrelopment Schemes of the Universities for the Vth Plan period - Grant-in-aid for the purchase of Accessories for games and sports under NSO programe 1st instalment

## Affiliated Colleges

| Govt. College, <br> Morar (Gwalior-6) | Financial assistance to teachers in the univs. \& colleges for undertaking minor research projects in Science Payment of grant (Code No. 7683) | 2,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.L.B. Arts \& Commerce College, Gwalior | Award of Teacher fellowship to Sh. S.C. Sharma, Lecturer in Political Science | $4,188.1$ |
| Govt. Science College, Gwalior | Award of Teacher Fellowship to Sh. M.S. Chhabra, Lecturer in Chemistry at Govt. College, Datir | L2, 194.8 |

Contd...

## Jiwaji University（Contd，

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Govt. Ccllege, } \\ & \text { Morar (M.P.) } \end{aligned}$ | Grants to affilinated colleges for the purchase of laboratory equipment and library books－$\quad$ 60，000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| M．J．H．B．Mahavidya－ laya，Bhind（M．P．） | Development of Post－ graduate Studies in Humanities and Social Sciences／Science subjects－Department of Botany，Geography，Mathe－ maties＇Politi cal Soience，． Ecorsmics，History and Hindi－sanction of grant for the purchase of labora－ tory equipment and books 80,000 1st ins caiment |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Govt. College, } \\ & \text { Datia (M.P.) } \end{aligned}$ | ```Grants to affiliated colle- ges for development of unjergraduate facilities dur in⿱亠⿴囗口⿺乚一\mp@code{the Vth plan 60,000} period 1st instalinent``` |
| Govt．Science College，Gwalior | Grants to affiliated colle－ ges for the development of under graduate facilities during the Vth plan period 4 2nd instalment |
| Govt．Nehru Degree College，Ashoknagar （Guna）M．P． | ```Grants to affiliated colle- ges for the establishment of Book Bank IInd & final instalme1t``` |
|  | 6，78，583．07 |

41．Jodhpur University
Jnnior Research Fellowships
－Extension in Fellowships tenu re－payment of fellow－ $\operatorname{ship}$ to Shri B．L．Shiarma
$10,774+19$
Award of Teacher Fellowship under the F．I．P．allocated to the Deptt．of Zoology， Jodhpur University－ Payment of grant for 18，000

- ij -

Jodhpur University (Contd.)
U:G.C. assistance for the research project entitled "Physiological and enzymological effects of ervironmental and coemical stresses on certain crop lants of deserts" submitted by Dr. M. N. Tewari, Univ, of Jodn pur 37,900

Junior Research Fellowships in Fumanities including Social Sciences - payment of Fellowship to Shri Ajit Kumar 2,250

UGC assistance for the research project entitled
"Investigation of the Metal Chelates of Polydentates derived from Homocyclic and He eerocyclic Carbony
Compoünds and fmíno Acids $"$

- Dr. R.K. Mehta -

6,800
UGC assistance for the research project entitled "Fluorescence studies on Dye-surfactant systems and fluorometric micro analysis" submitted by Prof. R.C. Kapoor, Jodhpur University, Jodhpur
$1+, 600$
UGC assistance for the research project entitled "Studies in Unsolvated Aluminium Hydrides and Organometalic Compounds of
Almunium and Boran as
Rocket Fuels" submitted by Dr. Krishna C. Mathur, Univ. of Jodhpur

Construction of Science
Block - II Phase - II
(Botany and Zoology Block) 25,000
42. University of Kalyani.

Writing of University level
book on "Electrodynamics"
urder the supervision of
Dr. Padmanabha Dasgupta 10,444.13
Publication of learned /:
Research work including
Doctoral Thesis during the
5th plan period - Grant-in-aid for.

2nd instalment
$30,4440,13$
43. Kakatiya University

> - Sr /Jr. .Res.arch. FellowShips. in Science /Humanities including Social Sciences/ Re search Fellowships in Tingineering \& Technology - phyment of fellowship Jr. Research Fellowship in Science - payment of Fellowship.

Affiliated College
Lal Bahadur College, Construction of cycle-shed
'arangal (A.P.) - 4th plan scheme ${ }^{\text {P }}$,231.93 first \& final ins'salment

9,031.93
44. K.S.D. Sanskrit University

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Grant-in-aid towards } \\
& \text { construction of Hostel } \\
& \text { for P.G. Men Students - } \\
& \text { 5th plan scheme }
\end{aligned}
$$

45. Kanpur University
```
- 52 -
```


## Kanpur University

Affiliated Colleges


$$
-5^{3}-
$$

## Kanpur University (Contd.)

Dayanand College of fidditional grant for
Law, Kanpur (U.P.) Book Bark. 1 , 500
Juhari Devi Girls -do- 7,500
Degree College,
Canal Road, Kanpur

| D.B.S. College, | -do- | 4,638 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Gcvind Nagar, |  |  |
| Kanpur (U.P.) |  |  |
| -do- | -do- | 5,300 |
| Cane Growers' Nehru | -do- | 5,000 | Degree Gollege, Gola Gokaran

(Kheri) U.P.)

$$
\text { -do- Grant for Book Bank } \underset{\substack{\text { 2nd \& final } \\ \text { instalment }}}{ }
$$

Arya Kanya Mahavid- -do- 1,500 yala, Nandói (U.P.)


Janta Mahavid alaya, Financial assistance to the
Ajitmal (Etawah) college for the development of play fields and purchase of accessories for games and sports during
Vth plan period

Bhagwandin Arya -do- 3,750 Kanya Mahevidyalay a, Lakhimpur Kheri

Feroze Gandhi Payment of salary to
College, Rai Bareli
Shri Rake sh Sinha, Lect.
in Botany, appointed as
a substitute in olace of
Shri P.S.Pandej

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -5+- \\
& \text { Kanpur University (Conta.) } \\
& \text { A.N.D. Mahapalika Payment of salary to } \\
& \text { Mahila Mahavidyalaya, Km. Madhu Nigam, Lecturer } \\
& \text { Harshnagar, Kanpur in Music, A.N.D.M.N. Maha- } \\
& \text { vidyalaya, Kanpur } \\
& 16,488.6 \\
& \text {-do- Payment of salary to } \\
& \text { Sh. Yogmaya, Iecturer in } \\
& \text { Sanskrit, A.N.D.M.M. } \\
& \text { Mahavidyal aya, Kan pur } \\
& 16,488.4 \\
& \text { Feroze Gandhi Payment of sal ary to } \\
& \text { College, Rai Bareili Sh. Pradeep Kumar } \\
& \text { Srivastava, Lecturer in } \\
& \text { Chemi stry. }
\end{aligned}
$$

46. Karnataka University


$$
-55-
$$

Kamat ka University (Contd.)
Starting of M.B.A. course during the Vth Plan period

- Payment of grant for
faculty development 5,000 1st instalment
-do- 45.000
Purchase of 1 ist instalment
Furniture \& equipment
UGC assistance for the
research project entitled
"Studies onvphysical Proper-
ties of Certain Nenatic
Iiquid Crystals" submitted
by Dr. K. Suryanarayana
Rao. and Dr. D.K.Deshpande,
Farnataka Uni., Dharwar
35,000
Jr. Rosearch Fellow ships
in Science - payment of Fellowships 2,400

Development Schemes under Vth Plan period

40,000
isfiliated Colleges araja Lakhama- "College Science Improvegouda Science Instt. ment Programme - Selected Belgaum. Colleges Project - Grant-in-aid
$12,4 i+3.39$
Kamataka Regional Research: project entitled Engr. College, "Bacterial leaching of low Surathkal, Kama- grade Copper ore of India" taka. state, Srinivasr igar.
S.B. College of Payment of salary to Shri

Science, Gulbarga S.V.'Kalaməth, Lecturer in Botany, S.B. College of Science, Gulbarga
$5,443.55$

| -do- | Payment of selary to Shri <br> M.B Krishnappanvar, Lect. <br> in Zoology, S.B. College |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | of Science, Gulbarga | $5,540.32$ |

B.V.V. Sanghis Establishment of "Book

Basaveshwar Commer - Bank
1,875
ce College, Bagalkot

$$
-56
$$

## Kamataka University (Contc.a)

K.M.T. Divakar Establishment of Book College of Commerce, Bank Karwar (MoK.)
K.R.E. Society's

Kar-natak College
of Commerce, Bidar
Smt. A.B. H. College
for Women, Gandhinagar

| B.R.D. College of | St'גdents Aid Fund iu |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Comerce, Raichur | colleges for the year <br> (Kamatak) | 2,000 |
| 1977-78 |  |  |



- 5 -

Karnataka University (Contact)


## 47. University of Kashmir

Organisation of workshop
in Commerce
48. Kerala University

|  | Seminar on Malayalam |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | literature, Kerala History, |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | Society \& Development of |  |
|  | Kerala and other aspects along with the first. World |  |
|  | along with the first.world Conference on Malayalam |  |
|  | Language and Kerala culture | - 50,000 |
|  | UGC assistance for the |  |
|  | res arch projact entitied |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | menses of the Musk shrew |  |
|  | suncus Murinus Virides- |  |
|  | cens" undertaken by Dr. K M Mexander | 13,400 |
|  | Jr. Research Fellowships |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | in Humanities including |  |
|  | Social Scinces - Payment |  |
|  | R.Jay anthi |  |
|  | Establishment of Study |  |
|  | Centres | 73,712 |
|  | Procurement of Computer |  |
|  | by Keral a University |  |
|  | Writing of University |  |
|  | level books / monographs | 3,300 |
| Affillated Colleges |  |  |
| Medical College, Jr. Research Fellowships | Jr. Research Fellowships |  |
| Trivandrum | In Science - payment offellowship |  |
| Loyala College of |  |  |
| Social Sciences, | bocks / monographs by |  |
| P.O. Trivandrum- | Indian Authors - Extension |  |
| 17. | of the book writing fellow- |  |
|  | sinpoirhri K.E. George a, |  |
| Alphonsa College, | Books and Joumals - 5th |  |
| Palai (Kerala) | plan development scheme 15,00 |  |

## Kerala University (Contd)

Affiliated colloges.
Alphonsa College, Books and Journals -5th Plan

Palai, Kerala
St. Xaviers College for Women, Alwaye.

Catholicate
College,
Pathanamathitha Kerala.

Mar Ivanois
College,
Trivandrum.
-do-
-do-
Daselius College, Kottayam
Kerala.
Maharaja's College, Ernakulam.
Post Memorial
Training College, Mavalikara
Kerala.
Assumption College, Chenganacherry Kerala.

Fatima College
Mata National
College,
Quilon
S.India.
M.S.S. College, Tilamal.

College, Kottayan.
Kuriakose Ellas -dom 2,000 Development Scheme.

15,000
Equipnent -Vth Plan 50,000

Inprovement of Undergraduate Educatiodal Facilities.

50,000

Basic grant for purchase of 10,00C books and Journals

| -dom | 10,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| -dom | 5,000 |

Construction of Lecture and class Rooms

35,000

Students aid fund in the colleges 4,964 -do- 240

4,064
-do-
-do-
7,500
-do.
2,060
2,000
8,58,111.02
49. Konkon Krishi Vidyapeeth.

> | I'inancial assistance to Teachers |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| in the universities and colleges |  |
| for undertaking minor research |  |
| projects in science subjects.-payment |  |
| of second instalment of grant |  |
|  | 1,000 |

50. Kurukshetra University.

> University Grants Conmission Assistance for the research project entitled Search for Wew Ieducing Agents subritted by Dr. C,P. Garg and Dr, R.P. Kapur, Deptt of Chemistry, Kurukhetra University:

University Grants Commission
Assistance for the research project entitled Taxohomic studies of Elateriae (Coleopetra: Insecta) submitted by Dr. I.K. Vats of B.N. Ohakravarty University• 9,80

Grants to purchase of equipment during vth Plan period 10, (े, 000

Writing of University level books

2,000
University Grants Commission
Lssistance for the research
project entitled synthetic studies
on Bridge head nitrogen Heterocycles
as Potent Antheldinties of Dr.
H.K. Pujari Department of Chemistry

Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra Fifth Five year Plan period. Release of 4 th instalment of grant.

7,300
UGC Asistance for the research project

37,200

$$
: 6: 1:
$$

Kurukshetra University_ (Aiffiliated Collcges) Conid.
Dayal Singh
Construction of four class rooms
10,000

College,
Haryana.
BBR College, Payment of Salary to staff 6,112
Sidhrawali, Gurgaon, Haryna.
S.D.College,

Palwal.
Teacher Tellowship Programme
in the Centre of Advanced study
in Mathematics Panjab University-
payment of substitute $t$ wacheers!. salary- release of ton account. regarding.

8,952
Guru Nanak Girls dø Financtal assistance to teachers 4,000 College,
Santpura,
Yamunanagar.
R.K.S.D. College, Grants towards the loan of books $\quad, 800$ Kaithal
Govt. College, -do- 2,813

Mohindragarh.
Haryana.
-do-
B. N.C. Govt.

Setting up of book a nk
$1+, 200$

College,
Bhiwani.
Fateh Chand
College for
women,
Hissar.

| Ahir College, | -dom | 1,406 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rewari. |  |  |
| LN Hindu College, | -do- | 1,875 |
| Rohtak | - dom | 1,500 |
| BPSM Girls |  |  |

College
Kahnpur Kalan
Sonepat.

## Affiliated Colleges.

Kurukshetra University.
J.V.M.G.R.R.
college,

Charkhi Dadri.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { D.A.V. College, } \\ \text { Ambala City } & \text {-dom } 3,500-\end{array}$
Haryana.
Govt. College, -do- 2,000
Kalka

Ha ryana.

| Dayal Singh <br> College, <br> Karnal, <br> Haryana. | -do- | 5,500 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Maharaja <br> Mgrason | Students aid fund |  |

Agrason
Callege,
Jagadhri

| Technological | -do- | 2,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Institute. |  |  |


| I.B.College, Panipat | -do- | 3,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S.D.College, Panipat. | -do- | 5,500 |
| F.K.S.D.College, Kaithal | -do- | 4,500 |
| Hindu college, of Education, Sonepat. | -do- | 1,500 |
| Kamala Memorial <br> College, <br> Marwara, <br> Distt. Jind. | -do- | 2,000 |
| Dayanand College, Hissar. | -do- | 4,014 |
| -do- | -do | 2,250 |

## : 63:

1. Kumaon University.

Org nisation of seninars on
Science \& Rural Development
in Mounting. 15,000
|ffiliated Colleges,
$\begin{array}{lcc}\text { ladhey Hari Govt. } & \text { Basic grants to colleges } & 10,000 \\ \text { legree College, } & & \\ \text { Ioti Ram } & \text {-dom } & 20,000 \\ \text { 3abu Ram Degree } & & \\ \text { oollege, } & & \\ \text { laldwani. } & & \end{array}$
Jpadhi Mähȧvldyalaya. . -do- . 10,0000.

Pilibhit-
Amora College,
\&imora.
College science
Improvement
50,000

1,05,000
;2. Lucknow University

| University Grayts Commission Assistance to research proj. | 7,800 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2nd Conference of the Indian |  |
| Societies ${ }^{\text {af }}$ Endorrinology | 5,000 |
| research Fellowships in | 6,300 |
| Humanities ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| -do- | 1,500 |
| - ${ }^{\text {do- }}$ | 2,4 |
| UGG Assistance for the research Project. | 8,500 |
| -do- | 29,100 |

Affiliated colleges.
BSI of Falaeo Botany, -do-

3,191 University
Road, Lucknow.
SJD College,
Students aid fund 7,438 Lucknow.

## 53. Madras University

Writing of university 1,714-29
level books/monographs.
University Grants
Commission assistance for the research project
entitled "Gauge Theory"
submitted by Dr。G.
Rajasekasan, University
of Madras, Madras. 42,000
Basic Grants to affiliated colleges for purchase of essential library books and 1 aboratory equipment
for imp rovent of
instructional facilities. 21,00,000
Affiliated Colleges
Madras University
St. Joseph's College,
Tiruchirapali-2.
Sri Avinashilingam
Tome Science College
for Women,
Coimbatore
College Humanities \& 4 th
Social Sciences
Improvement Programme ins-
Payment of grant for ment 36,200

Sri Avinashilingam
for Women,
Coimbatore
Implementation of
National Service Scheme
release of grant for
$1077-78$.
-do. . Improvement of Undergraduate Educational
facilities during 5th Plan perlod.

1,00,000
A.V.C. College, Development of PostMayur am-609305

| Development of post- |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Graduate Studies in |  |
| Humanitios \& Social |  |
| Science, and Sciences |  |
| during VPlan period. | 31,000 |

Pachaiyappa's College Teacher Fellowship
Madras-600030 Programme in the depart-
ment of Physical.
Chemistry - University
of Madras - Special
Assistance Programme -
Payment of substitute teacher's salary -
release of 'on
account
regarding.
grant - 13,000
p.t.o.

## Madras University (Contdu)



Soothalarsnmi Ramaswami College, Tinuchirapalli.
-do-

$$
2,375
$$

The New College,
49 Peter, Tiona.
Madras-6004
Madras Science Coinege, Madras-3:

Gobi Arta College,
Gobichettiycil asran

Nirmal a College for
Women, Red Fields,
Comen, Red Fields, coimbatare

Schclarship for post-
graduate studies in
AGable … Shxil Abdat
Cader Jajuanis,-19p7-73. 3, 000
Gcaats 亡 Lowards. the Ioan
of boohs - settirg up
of Bcok Baris during jtin
pari period.
$1+.000$
Improvement of underm graduate educatzonal
facilities during 5th
plan period purchase of Iab. equipment \& book, 47 ,0co
Establishmert of Book Bank Scheme. 1,425

Presidency College, Madras Teacher Fellowsitip Program
in the CAS in Chemistry -
University of Delhi -
Payment of substitute
teachoris salary - release
of 'on account' grant. 5,956
Arigoar Aan Govt, Arts College, Cheyyar, N.A. Dist。 (Tamil Nadu)

Faculty imp rovement \& wo tkshop equipment 45,060

Sri Sarada College for

Loyola College, Madras
Development of Post-
graduate educational
facilities during 4 th
Plar.
5,303
UGC Assistance for the research project
entitied "Influence of
the effect of added
elect mo-cn binary systems
contraining amines" submitted
by: i)Dr Mathew Jo Moolel,S.J.
ii) Dr,Sebastian Kalarickal,
iii) Dr. R. Raghavan of Loyola College, Madras. 55,600

Madeas Uuiveisity (Contd.)

Jawaharlal Institute of P.G. Medical Education \& Research, DhanwantríNagar, Pondicherry.
St. Josephis College, Tiruchirapalii.

Internationail worikshop
on Fiman Genetics.
10,000

UGC Assistance for the research project entitled "The carnatic flora project:" by Drok.M. Mathew, St.Josepins s Colisge, riruchirapalli. $23,27 E$,
repejopmont of ocr studies in Hamaities \& Eciance departments during TPian. 5,000

Establishment of Book
Baris Scheme Final 2,375
Students Aict. Fund to .
bileges for the year
1977:93.
35,000
...do 2,000
-do-
3,173
-do- $\quad 1,500$
$\cdots$ do $\quad 3,500$
Extension, Vellore.
Govt. Arts College for
Women, North Madras
Sri Vasavi College, Erode-628316
Sri RAK。Mission Vidyalaya Arts College, Coimbatore
PSG Arts College,
Coimbatore
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { K.K. Govt. Arts College, } \\ \text { Tiruvarur }\end{array} \quad 2,30-\quad 2$
C.Abdul Hakeem College,
Melvisharam, NA

Kandeswami Kandaris -do-
College, Ve VELUR (ALBM)
Govt. Medical College, $\quad-\mathrm{do}-$ Chengalpattu.
-do - 3,686
-do- 3,500
-do.. 2,825
-do- 7,500
Clo- 2,398
-.do-
3,500
4,500
1,228

Madras University (Contidu)

Govt, College for
homen, lunbakenam (TNi)
Holy Cross Conieres Tiruch ir apalli-2
Gobi Art: CoIlege, Gobichuttipalayam, Karattudivalay am Dogo ArtsiGort. ) College for Women, Mayuram (TU')
Magani Tiem Coligege, Ambur (in.l. De,
Gutto Are Dolaege: Ariysilu"
 Pushopam College. EOOND (Thanazi Dist.)

| Tivekananda Lomjege, Mylapre, MadTas | - 20. | 4,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D.3: Jal 00j10ge Jyaturagar, Madias | -do- | 2,000 |
| AuA, Govi. Arts Gollege Cheyyar: N.A. Iistt. | -do- | 2,354 |
| Cojieg on Engjneering GUINDY, Madras | -do- | 2,200 |
| Govt. Arts College, OOTACAMUND | -do- | 220 |
| Fajan Serfoji Govt, College, Thanjavar | -do- | 3,244 |
| Govt, Nedical College, | -do- | 2,74.4 |

Staderis Asd find to
College for trie year igirr.
$2,3,6$
.-do- 6,500
-do2:000
-domer $\quad 2,00$
...dc- $1 ؟ 500$
..de $-\quad 1,500$
$\therefore--10:-$
9590.

Viveramand. coluege,
Mylapone, NedTan
D.3. Jai: UoJIoge

Jyatinagar, Madias
AoA, Govt. Arts Gollege
-do-

$$
2,35+
$$

Cojieg af Engineering

- Cl -

2,200
GUINDY, Madras
Govt. arts College,
-do-
220
Fajah Serfoji Govt,
-do-
3,944
Govt. Nedical College,
-do-
2, 74.4

Combatore-14
Seethalakshmi Eanaswani
College, lí ruchirapalli
PSG College of Arts \& Science, Coirbatore
Ayya Nadar Janaki Anmal
College, Sivakam
Fayment of salary to
Km.P。G: Barumatini
5,000

Sri Paramakalyani
College, Alwarkurichi
Vivekanand College,
Ma.jras.
G. Verkataswamy Naidia College, Kovilpatti.
-do-
Dr, K.V.N. Saxena 8,264-19
do-
Sh. A. Fiajamathavakalanithi 5,692-50
Sh. T.V. ${ }^{\text {-do- }}$ Gopalan $\quad 4,752$

- $\mathrm{Co}-$

Sh. KeN. Ranganathan 6,129-64t
-do-
Sh.s. Paulsamy. $\quad 12,670$

## Madras Universty（Contda）

| Vivekananca College， Mylapor，Madras． | Payment of Salary to Im．K。Pathasarthy | 6，237－89 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sir Theagaraya College Madras－60002－： | －do－ Km．P．Krishnamirthy | 6，911－22 |
| The M．T．D．Hendu College， Pettai（Tórunevali）ToN。 | －do－－ <br> Sn．M．G。Sarikavalingam | 8，280－ |
| Ayya Nadej Janaki nimmal Cullege，Sivakashi， NN | －do－ <br> Sh．A，Rajanatravakal an | $7,839-54$ |

Lemanomu Unversity
SWerd of Teacher Fellow－ ship to Sh，R．Tanlasidas， Lecurer in mysics at Govens College． Kovil pati．
$1,852-79$
National Associateship Schome－Dr．SoK． Mohanlall 2，000

UGC Assistance for the researcin project． entitied＂Infiuence of endocrines on Immunity＂ submittea by Dr， $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{c}}$ Pitchappan，Dept．of Immunology，Madurai Univ．29，800
Junicr Research Fellow－ ships in Science－pay－ ment of fellowship．

UGC Assistance for the research project entitled
＂Development of Immune
Functions in Flshes＂of $D r_{9} V, R$ ，Mathokkaiuppan， Dept．of Biological Sciences，b́th Five Year Plan period－release of the 5 th instalment of grant．
Affiliatod Colleges
Madurai Univ。
Scott Christian College， Wagercoil（ IN ）

College Humanities \＆
Social Sciences Improve－ ment programme．2nd 69，70C

| Affiliated Collegos(CONTD.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Madurat [riv. |  |  |
| Sarah Bucker CoJlege, Tiruneiveli (TN) | College Humanities and |  |
|  | Sccial Sciences Improve- |  |
|  | ment Programme - Payment |  |
|  | of grant for. | 7i,700 |
| VoO. Chicambram College,Tuticorin (S, India) | Constraction of Resj.- |  |
|  | dential Flats to teachers |  |
|  | during IV Plan period. | 50,000 |
| Periyar F . V. P. College TiridChirapalis | Improvement under..graduate |  |
|  | educational facilities - |  |
|  | Construction of Workshop |  |
|  | Shed. .mst 30,000 |  |
| Aditner College of Arts |  |  |
| \& Science, Virapandiarpatnam Tirucherdar (TN) | Murchase or leboratory |  |
| A - CO - | Purchase of Eooks \& 1st Journails instalme | $\frac{20,000}{\text { at }}$ |
| Hoston TrainjngCollege Madras | Improvement of Teachers |  |
|  | macational facilities |  |
|  | during V Plan. | 10,00u |
| The Sethupatini rovt。 | Establishment of Book |  |
| Arts College, | Bank. | 1,870 |
| Ramasuthapuram (TN) |  |  |
| Dr. Zakir Husain College Ilayangudi | -do- Final | 1,460 +7 |
| Poineer Kumara Swamy | -do- Final | 1.250 |
| College, Nagercoil |  |  |
| Saraswati i Narayanan College, Perungadi Maduras | Purchase of Books \& , 500 |  |
|  | Journals Vth Plan | 1,500 |
|  |  |  |
| Thiagarajar College, Madurai-9. | Basic Grant for |  |
|  | purchase of Books \& Journals for P.G. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Department during Vth |  |
| -do- | Support for Advanced |  |
|  | Research Humanities |  |
|  | and Social Sciences 1st | 10, 0 co |
| N.M.S.S.V. Nadar College,Madurai | Payment of Salary to |  |
|  | Shri.R, Baskaran, |  |
|  | Physics appointed in |  |
|  | place of T. Lakshman. | 7,869-99 |

## Affiliated Colleges (Contd.) <br> Madurai Jniversity

Madura Coliege
Madurai.
Payment of Salary to Shri S.K. Ramesh, Lecturer jn Physics arpointed in place of M.Krishamoorthy. 3,773-26
S.M. Govt. Arts College
for Women, Madurai-2.
Payment of salary to Miss K。G. Shantha, Lecturer in Fhysics, appointed in pJace of Mis. Georgia Mary. 5,945-50

Payment of Salary to
The Ainertcan College, Madurai

Shri. KovoNo Sarma, Lecturer an Fiyctics appointea in piace of Shen. Re Augustins John Víjaikamar.
payment of salary to Sk, S, Hajendran, Lecturer in Fhysics in place of Shri Eapapavinasa

Sundents Aid Find to

| Ieges for tho yea ...7. |
| :---: |
|  |  |

Madurai
Golieges fon tho year
-do-
5,500
Thiagarajar Ccllege
of Engircering, Madurai.
The W.D.T. Hindu College -do- 2,856
Petal-Ti runelveli (TN)
Yadava College,
-do-
3,500
Madurai
The Standard Fireworks Rajaratnam College for Women, Sivakasi (S.India)
Sree Devi Kumari Women's -do- 2,000

College, Kuzhithurai
Kadakumari Dist.)
Virudunagar Hindu Nanar's - do- $\quad 6,500$
Senthikumara Nadar College
VIRUDOON $A G A R$

| Alagappa Chettiar College | -do-. | (46 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| of Engg, \& Tech. |  |  |
| Karaikudi $(T N)$ |  |  |
| Sadakathaliah Appa College, | -dor | 3,316 |
| Palayamkettai, Tirunelveli-11 |  |  |

p.t.o. $\quad \underline{4,38,128.82}$

## 55．Megadh University

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Award of Teacher Fellow- } \\
& \text { ship to Sh. A.R.P. Sinha } \\
& \text { Lectivere in Bntany, } \\
& \text { Govit: College, Port } \\
& \text { Blair。 } \\
& 4,711 \cdots+2 \\
& \text { Awar: of Teacher Fellow. } \\
& \text { ship to Sh. A, E.P. Sinha } \\
& \text { Award of Teacher Fellow. } \\
& \text { ship to Shatagat Narajn } \\
& \text { Süng, Zecturer in } \\
& \text { Geoloens at Gaya College, } \\
& \text { Gaya. } \\
& 1,500 \\
& \text { Shapory for. Alvanced } \\
& \text { Hesearon in the } \\
& \text { Fwanities \& Social } \\
& \text { Scionoes. 1st 2,000 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Affil jatec Colzeges
Magach Unversivy
Sos．College，
Jananabad（Gaya）
Bihar．

T．PAS．Gollege， Patna

Financial assisuance during 万th Pian Feriod． purchase of Laboratory
Equapment．1st
40,000
Financial assistance during V Plan period－ Purchase of iaboratory equipment for
Eychology Department．1st 8，000
S．S．College，
Jahanabad（Gaya）Bihar

Maharaja College，
M，B．R．R．PG．Singh
College，Arrah（Binar）
－do－

Financial assistance during $5^{\text {th }}$ Plan period for Books \＆Journals．1st 30，000

Financial Assistance
during $V$ Plan period－
Books \＆Journals 1st 20，000
Financial assistance
during V Plan ．
Laboratory equipment 1st 40，000

p．t．o．
56. Marathwada University

| Visit of Dr.G.S. Kayyar. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Kai in Economics, to U.K. under the Progamine of |  |
|  |  |
| Exchange of visits by |  |
| Youncer Scientists between |  |
| India ard UeK. ducing |  |
| 1975-7\%. | 64 |
| Finarcial ascistance to |  |
| postucctoral fellow for |  |
| partapation tn |  |
| Trtemational Conferene wread .. DromeMc Harumanta. 7.456-50 |  |
|  |  |
| Support for Advanoed |  |
| Research in the |  |
| Humarities and Social |  |
| Sciences. ist | $60 \%$ |
| Financjer Assistance to |  |
| teachers in the unirer- |  |
| sities and colieges tor |  |
| Luastuedting mbor peserma |  |
| projects in Himanities \& |  |
| Social Science, | 2,000 |

Affinoted Coljeres
Maratinada University
Nanded Elu cation
Society's Peoples
College,
Nanded (Maharashtra)
M.E. Arts Commerce, \& S.C. Science
Mah avidyalaya,
Warud Distt.
Amravati (Maharashtra)
L.B.S. Mahavidy al aya
Dhamabad, Distt,
Nanded (Maharashtra)
A.N. College of

Science, Arts \&
Commerce, Warora,
Distt. Chanda (MS')

Govt. College of Education, Nanded

Fifth Flve Year Plan - Inprovement of Undergraduate educational facilities، 2nd 40,000

Payment of Salary to
Km . A.P. Bhugal, Lecturer In Botary

5,000

Payment of Salary to
Shri SoK. Pasarkar
Lecturer in Botany. : 9,920-10
Payment of salary to
Shri SeR。Kzíirsagar
Leaturer in English
appointed in place of Shri K.K. नeddy.

$$
4,210-24
$$

Students aid Fund in
colleges - Grant for 1977-78.

200-0C

$$
p=t .0 \text {. }
$$

## Afflliated Colleges (Contde)

Marathwada University

| S.B.S.S. College of | Students Aid Fund in | 4.700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arbs \& Commerce, nurangpura, Aurangabad | Conjeges - Arate for |  |
| PFS Pratishthan | -.do- | 1,700 |
| Mahavidyalay Paithan |  |  |
| (Distt, Aur angabad( MS ) |  |  |

MSP Mandal's Shri ado. 3,130

Shivaji College of Arts,
Scjence \& Commerce, Parbhani.

KGP Mandals Shivaji - - 0 - 3,500
Mahavidyal aya Udgij).
Distt。 Aurangabad.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Lal Bahadur shastri } & \text {-do- } & \text { 1:90 } \\ \text { Mahavidyalara } & \\ \text { inarmabad (Dist. } & \\ \text { Nanded (Mo. }) & \end{array}$
Davanand Commerce $\quad$ do. 2,000
College, Itatur
(Maharasitra)

| PES is Williad College | Scudents fid Fund in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Colieges - Grantfor |  |
| Aurangabad. | 1974-75. | 1,932 |


| Maharash | Setting up Bocs Bens - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nil l ga, Distt, | Sanction Oi grant. II \& | 1.900 |
| Osmanabad (MS) | Final |  |
| Dharmabad Shikshah | -do- | 1,900 |

Sanstha's irai Bahacur Shastri Mahavidyalaya Dharmabad (S.C. RIy) Nanded.

| Maulana Azad College of arts \& Commerce | ..-do - | 2,750 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Post Box No. 27 |  |  |
| Aurangabadw |  | 93,362 |
| 57. Maharshj. Dayanand University Affiliated Colieges |  |  |


| Chhotu Ram College of | Students Aid Pund in the |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Education, Rohtak | Coliege - Grant for |  |
| (Haryana) | 1917-78. | 2,000 |

$$
p_{0} t_{0} o,
$$

Affiliated Colleges
Wharsh Jaranand
University
Stadents Rid Fund in
Nehru Coniege,
Jhajjar (Haryana)

A-I Jat A. Memorial. Jhajjar (Haryana)
the College - Grant for
1977-78
3,500
-do -
2,000
College, Rohtak
(Haryana)
Vaish College,
58. Mosomarersity of Baroda

Anard of Teacher Fellowship ander the - F.I.,P. alpocated to thae. Deptte of Botany, Mas. Baroda University - Payment of grant for.

Award of Feliowship sanctioned for the Fifth Elan period unaer Devel opment S cheme . 10,000

Organisation of All India workshop on the problems of teaching and research on History of Arts in Indian Universities.

Organisation of Seminar on Surdas as follow up action programe for celebrating the 40@th anniversary of Ram Charit Manas. 4,5\%

Post.-graduate scholarship in Arabic/ . Persian - Km. Naseem
Barid Nasirmiya -1977-78。

Publication of Critical
Edition of VishnuPurana.

40,00

## Mos．Uriversity of Baroda（Contda）

```
Allocation of Un.
assignod gnart during
the 5in Five IEar plan
Períod - 1975-77. Fínal 18,509
    Allocation of Un-
    assigned grent durrma
    the 5tw fotye yean plan
    Feriod - i`7%-%@. 21,000
    Constructovon of Arts
    Biock Butiding Final 8,133
    rgri Anassconce tor the
    IEOE2noh project.
ervirucu: "mfodies on
    polyamines and phytare
    in meiation to thetr
    m:Le in seed phyeiology"
    submitied Ojr Dres.K.
    G:ivastava, iepartment
    of Biochemistry. 22,000
    Constmuction ui a build-
    fng for the Facujty cf
Law P踓nai . 5,000
```

    \(1,69,120\)
    59．：Mithja Iniversity
Junjor Research
Fellowships in
Humanities including
Social Sciences to
Smt．Neeta Jha．2，400
Award of Teacher
Fellowship to Sh．L．K．
Sinha，Lecturer in
Physics at Lis．College，
Muzaffarpui。
$4,194-89$
－don
to $\mathrm{Sh}_{4} \mathrm{~S} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{S}}$ ．Tha，Inecturer
in Folitical Science at
Gumla College，Gumla．113－10
－do－
to Sh．L．Pandjt，Lecturer
in Chemistry，Cis．College，
Samastipur。
$3,653-23$

Affiliated Colleges IN Mitaia University
L.N. Janta College
(forme rly Janta College)
Jhanjharpur
K.,P, College, Murliganj, Binar
C.M. Science College
(Scierice \& Law)
Darbhanga (Bihar)
A.M.Ps College,

Shanplir - Factory P:O.
añ Dist. Sonastupir. (Bihar)

Rosera College, Rosera, Samastipur

Kunwar Singh College, Lahoriasarai. Distt. Darbhanga Binar

Fimancial assistance diring V Plan period for development scheme - 10,000 Purchase of Books \& Journals.

Construction of Additional Teaching
Accommodation -... rejease of grarit for:37,850

Construction of
Additional reaching focommotation Assitance during Vth plà. 25,000

Students hid Siand in
the Coliege - Gant for 1977.-78。

4,500
Setting up of Book Benk in Colleges dueing
-9976277: 1,000.

Setting u.p of Book Biark in Colleges during IVth Plan. Final 3,250

Setting up of Book Bank in Colleges diring 1976-77.

90,961.22
60. Moerut University

Unassigned grant 1977-78

24,000
Award of Teacher
8,000
Fel.lowship under the F.I.P. allocated
to the Dept. of
Mathematics, Meerut
University.
Award of Teacher
Fellowship to Sh.Tripal
Singh, Lecturer in
Physics. J.V. College, Baraut.
p.t.o.

Moerut University (Ciontd.)

$\because 78$ R

## Affiliateal Colyeges (Contar) <br> Meemurgruastive

| M.M.H. College; Ghaziabad (Ui) | Awat of Teacher <br> PeIlowship to Sh, S,K. <br> Rastog. Lecturer in <br> Folsicuénce, N.A.S. <br> Gollege, Meerut (UF) 1,139-80 |
| :---: | :---: |
| J.V. Jain College, Seharampur | ```Award of Teacher Fellowship to Sh.S.N. Pandit, Jecturer in Reonorics, MDV (PG) Cosiege, BuIandshanr ( 2,984-76``` |
| Raghunatin Girls College, Neerut (UE) | Fineneidel astistares to culeges for develomaent of postgraduate stades in Furanities and Social Sou mes \& Sciences daring 5th plan period.10,000 |
| $\therefore \mathrm{dio}$. | $\cdots \mathrm{de}$ - 40,000 |
| Meerut Colitege, Meerut | -do 25,000 |
| $\cdots \mathrm{Al}-$ | -do- 25,000 |
| -do- | -do- 45,000 |
| Jain Kanya Pathishala Degree College, Muzaffarnagar (UP) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Improvement of } \\ & \text { undergraduate edu- } \\ & \text { cational focilities } \\ & \text { under the vtb Five } \\ & \text { Year Plan - Eurchase } \\ & \text { of books \& joumals. } 10,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| R.S.S. College Pilkhawa (Meerut) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Additional grant for } \\ & \text { Book Bank. } \end{aligned}$ |
| -do- | Grant for Book Bank 1,875 |
| Maharaj Singh College, Sharanpur | ```College Science Improvement Hrogramme - Selected Colleges Project Grant-in-aid4th30,000``` |
| B.S.M. College, Roorkee | Students Lid Fund in the College - Grant for 1977-78. 1,544 |
| Gochar Mahavidyalaya <br> Rampur Manhyaran <br> (Sharanpur) | -dom 1,030 |


| Arfilizted coleges Meerut University |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.M. College, Modinagar (UF) | Grant towards the loan of bocks to students - <br> Secting up of Book Bank. 2nd | $9,375$ |
| Sanatam Dharam College, Muzarfarnagar | Payment of salary to Or. Bratima Wani, Lecturer in Botany: <br> S.Dn College. <br> Mizejfamagar. | $5,977-76$ |
| D.A.V. Ccliege, Muaffanasar (Un) | Wamentof salary to Fim: Tma Kant: lecturer AnMaberitios aprointed as suostitute fripaco of Snri S.f. Sya, Tsacher Fellome | 8,620-84 |
| Deva Nagarj College, Meerut (TJF) | Fayment of salary to Ghri $\mathfrak{G} . \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Seth}$ Lecturer in Mathematics appointed as a substatute in pIace of Chri Pattan Lal Gupta. | 2,877 |
| Digambar Jair College, Baraut (Meerut) | Payment of salary to Sh. A.K. Shukla, Lecturer in Mathenatics, appointed as a substitute in place of Shrj. R.K. Gosain. | 6,929-54 |
| Meerut College, Meerut | Payment of saisery to Snt. Ranjan: Agesiwal Leaturer in Geography appointed as a substitute in place of Sn. Kanchan Singh. | 6,265-47 |
| D.A.V. College Muzzafarnagar (UP) | Payment of salary to Kim. M. Sharma Lecturer in Psychology as a substitiate in place of Shri VoK. Sharma. | 6,29744 |
| M.M.H. College, Ghaziabad. | Fayment of salary to Wh. Ram Kumar, Lecturer in Geography, appointed o.s a substitute in place of Shri NoK, Agnihotri U.G.C. Teacher Fellow | 6,009-73 |

$$
p . t=o .
$$

## Affiliated Colleges

deerit Tridersioy

Mihir Bhoj Degree Collega, Dadri

Raghunath Girls (PG)
College, Meerut

Minjr Enaj Degree
Cojuege, Jedri

Payment of salary to Dr. RoF. Gupta, Lecturer in Mathemacics; appointed aj a substitute of Gnit Vov: Rastogi, Teacher Fellow

Fayment of salary to
Km . Sonita Singhal
Lecturer in History.

$$
7,455-45
$$

parment of salary to
3.- Bisinan Chend Lecturer
$\therefore$ : meristry apponted as
3. subtitute ir piace of

Shre Jagua e ghgh UGC
Teariner Fellow.
$7,814-52$
Envment of salary to
mindiv Kuratr Gupta • . . . . . .
Lecturer ir Commerce appointed as a substitute in pace of shat Sushil
Kinar Gupta,
Payment of selary to
M. Jaibir Singh,

Lecturer in Geography
substitute of Shri Govind
Singh, Teacher Fellow
$7,455-45$
Fayment of selary t'o
Shri Amn Kumar, I.ecturer in Chemistiy, S.D. College Muzaffarnagar.

6,073-67.
Payment of Salary to
Shri O.P* Garg, Lecturer
in Mathematiocs appointed
as a substitute in place of Shri R,C. Towar.
$5,630-26$
Payment of Salary to
Km. Rekha Agarwal, Lecturer in Zoology, Meerut College, Meervet

Fajment of salary to Shri dij Chauhan, Lecturer in Statistics, appointed as a substitute in place of Shri S.N. Gupta.
$5,537-45$
p.t.o.

Afciictod Gineges Meerut University

Durga Darshad Degree College, Anupshahr.

If gambax Jyin College Baraut (UP)
-00-

Payment or saiary to
Shnckok . Agganwal,
Lecturer in Finysics appointed as a substitute in place of Shri S.S. Dhal. 2,877

Fayment of cinary to
Sh. Natri Singh, Lecturer
in thysics, apointed
』e a substitute in
Place of ther S.S. Tayal 7,54-8-26

- Paymen ot sanciry to

Bari Sino Mehrotra Lecturex in Physics, Empointed as a substitute an place of Shri B.S.
sharme.

$$
12,\ulcorner 7,188.89
$$

61. Mrsore University

Development Schemes under Vth klan period Excavations etc. for
the Deptt. of Arcient 1st
History aind Amobacology. 25,000
Unassigned grant for
the year 1977-78 other
than the UGC Unit. 10,000
Allocation of grant for UGC Unit
(un-assigned grant)
for 1977-78. 1st 10,000
Development Schemes
under Vth Plan period
Books and Doumals
for PG: Centre,
B=r,alole。 IIIrd 2,00,000
Basic Grants to affiliated colleges for
purchase of essential
library books and lab.
equipment for improvement
of instmictional
facilities.

$$
9,40,000
$$

Mysore University (Contd.).

| Award of Teacher |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fellowship under the F.I.P |  |
| allocated to the Dept. of |  |
| Chemistry, Mysore Univ. | 31,000 |
| Award of Teacher |  |
| Fellowship under the F.I.P. |  |
| allocated to the Dept of |  |
| Zocjusy, Mysore Univ. | 1,500 |
| TGC destistarce for the |  |
| research project entitled |  |
| riasic Research on |  |
| Liquads Crystals ${ }^{\text {a }}$ of Dr.D. |  |
| Krascnamurthy, Dept. of |  |
| Pliysies, Univo of Mysore |  |
| Fwith ijuve Year Plan |  |
| period. 3rd | 16,200 |

Afflioted Colieqes
Mysore University
St, Aloysitus College Bangalore

Construction of Animal
House during the 5th
Plan period. 1st 15,000
The National Instt. of 越gineering Mysore.

Teacher Fellowship
Programine in the Dept. of Inorganic \& Physical.
Chemistry -. Indian Inst.
of Sc. Bangalore -
Special Assistanee Programe
Payment of substitute
teacher's salary - relaase
of 'on account' grant. 6,450
J.S.S. College of Grants towards the Ioan

Arts \& Science, Karnatak

Bharati College,
Kalamuddana Doddi.
of books - setting up
of Book Bank. 1st 2,800
Estblishment of Book
Bank Scheme. Ind 1,500
M.G.M. College,

Udupi.
Kilagres College,
Kalianpur S. Kanara
Sri J.C.B.M. College, Sringeri

Students Aid Fund
to College for the year 1977-78.

1,500

Affiliated Coileges Mysore Tinivenctity

Sri poornaprajna College, Udupi.

Sri Bhuvanandra
College, Karkala
Suctop. College, Harian
D.R.T Science

Colyse, Devangore
Govinda Dass Col20se
Suッatinal (S.K.)
Manctma Gandhi
Memorial College, Udupi。
62. Nogrur Wiversity

Support for Adrailced
Fesearci in the
Hamanities \& gooian
Scierces.
3,000
UGC Assistarice for the research project entitled ixfctivation analysis of some Bìologically important Elements present in Indian Food Stuifs" submit ted by DroM.N. Pay

6,800
Avard of studentship of the value of Rs. $250 /-$ p.m. to the $P G$ students of Applied Geology Course
ith Plan Development
Schemes.
22,500
p.t.o.
hrillated colieges NaGTG UNVESTI
L.BoA。Mahila Mahavidyalaya, Yavatmal.

Lokmanya Tilak Mahevidyalaya Want
.iO-
-do-
N.M.D. liǎaviāyalaya Gondia
-do-
M.S.S. Institute of Social Work, Nagpur.

Dr Anbedkär College, Nagpur.

Grants to affiliated
colleges for Book Bank

Grants to affiliated
colleges for the purchase
of books \& joumals
under Rs. 5 lakhs scheme. 20,000
Grantis to affiliated
coneges for the purchase
of lab. equipment under
Rs. 5 lakhs scheme. 2nd 20,000
Grants to Colleges
for construction of
library building under
.Es. 5 Iakhs. scheme. .1st. 60,000
Grants to affiliated
colleges for the
purchase of lab.
equipment under
RE. 5 lakhs scheme.
25,000
Grants to affiliated
colleges for the
purchase of books \&
journals under
Rs. 5 lakis scheme. 30,000
Grants to affiliated
colleges for the purchase
of books \& Journals 2r.d
under Rs. 5 lakhs scheme. 10,00n
Financial assistance
to Teachers for
research/learned work
in Humanities and
Sccial Sciences. Final 2,500
Shri Shivaji College Akot, Distt. Akola

Students Aid Fund in
the Colleges - grant
for 1977-78
Chanpoth Arts,
Commerce \& M.P. Deo
Memorial Science College, Nagpur.
p.t.o.

63. North Bengal University

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Award of Teacher } \\
& \text { Fellowship to } \\
& \text { Smt Goyatri } \\
& \text { Bhattacharya, } \\
& \text { Lecturer in Bengali } \\
& \text { at Rajganj College, } \\
& \text { Rajganj. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Nortr Bengal Unuorsty (Contdu)

National l.ssociateship
Dr. K.C. Das
Nward of Teacher
Fellowship ander the
FoI.p allocated to the
Deptr, of Chemistry,
North Bengal Univ. $\quad 30,800$
owam of Teacher
Neliowship tinder the
7.I.P. allooeted to the

Deptt, of Fhysics,
North Bengal Univ.
12,000
WGC intance for the
Rosearch Project entitied "Study of
 by X-xay". $1^{1}+, 500$

Grant-in-aid - purchase
of Books \& fumiture 2nd \& for the Student Home. final9, 000

Nward of Teacher
Fe:llowship under the F.I.P. allocated to the Deptt, of Physics, North Bengal Univ.

6,500
UGC Assistance for the research ppoject entitled "Inamacognosy Cultivation and Improwament of Solasodine Yielding Plants of the Fastern Himalayas" submitted by Dr. Prabhat Kumar Basu, Centre for L-ife Sciences, North Berigal Univ.

Affiliated Colleges North Bengal Univ.

| Balurghat College, | Fimancial Assistancie to |
| :--- | :--- |
| Balurghat, W.B. | Teachers for research/ |
|  |  |
|  | learned work in Humanities |
|  | and Social Sciences Final 1,000 |

## North Bengal Univarsty (Conta )

| National Lssociateship Dr. K.C. Das | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| lward of Teacher |  |
| Fellowship under the |  |
| F.I.P, allocated to the |  |
| Depti, of Chemistry, |  |
| North Eengal Univ. | 30,800 |
| Wwart of Teacher |  |
| Pejliovehip under the |  |
| FoI.P. allocated to the |  |
| Deptt. of Fhysics, |  |
| North Bengal Univ. | 12,000 |
| UGC Asststance for the |  |
| Research Project entitled "Study of |  |
|  |  |
| encitied "stucy of <br> Figuid Crystal Ordering |  |
| by X-ray". | $1^{\prime}+, 500$ |
| Grant-in-ajd - purchase |  |
| of Books \& furuiture 2nd \& for the Student Home final9,000 |  |
|  |  |
| Award of Teacher |  |
| Fellowship under the |  |
| F.I.P. allocated to |  |
| the Deptt, of Physics, |  |
| North Bengal Univ. | 6,500 |
| UGC L.ssistance for the |  |
| research project |  |
| entitled MYanamacognosy |  |
| Cultivation and |  |
| Improvement of Solasom |  |
| dine Yielding Plants |  |
| of the Rastern Himalayas" |  |
| submitted by Dr. Prabhat |  |
| Kumar Basu, Centre for |  |
| L-ife Sciences, North |  |
| Berigal Univ. | 32,800 |

Iffiliated Colleges North Bengal Univ.

Balurghat College, Balurghat, W.B.

Financial Assistance to
Teachers for research/ learned work in Humanities and Social Sciences Final 1,000

## : 87 :

## Afiliated Colleges (Conta)

incth Bengal Univ.
Bailurghat College, Setting up of Book Balurghat W:B. Bank in Colleges during 5 th Pian.

4,000
Majda Women's College, Financial assjstance Foo. lialda, Inistt. for construetion of Malda (W.B.) Women's Hostei during V ilve Year Flan. 75,000
-do- Stactents hid Tund in the colicoges ..

gt. Joseph's College Students iid Find in F.O. North Foint. Derriecizng.
the Colleges ~ Giant for 1977-78. 3,500

Ifnhata Crllege Payment of salary to Dinhata, PO. Sari Subumata In mhete. Wistt. Fanchanan, lociurer in Cooci-Lehar. Cienistry, appointed as a substi tute in place of Shei Ranit Kumar Sarisar.

$$
8,726-66
$$

$1,94,826,66$
64. North Eastem Hi 11 University

Scholarship for post graduate studies to
the students belonging
to the Border Hill
Areas -- 1977-78 -
Shri Besterwell
Kharbuli.
3,000
Scholarship for post graduate studies to
the students belonging
to the Border Hill
Areas - 1977-78 -
Miss Janet Nariana
Fugh.
3,000

## Nontinsetern Fig Univerity (Conta)

Setting up of Study
Centres at Kohima \&
Aizawl .. N.Fi.H.U. 1st $\in 0,000$
Junior Research
Fellowsinips in Humani-
toes including Social
Griences to Shri D.
Bhat tacharjee.
24,000
Gho? arshiy for Fost
g raduate stacies in
Science/Humanitics
inciuãng Social
Soitaces to tre students
belonging to the Eorder
Hil Ireas - Miss Betylda
Mary Jyrwa
3,000

Aftivacdradeges
Woxhendern EilI University

| St. Edmund's College | Participation of <br> Shillong | Student youth in Soil |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Health Care Workers |  |
|  | Programe | 10,000 |

St. Inthonyis College Financial assistance
Shillong.
to St. intheny's
College- Shitiong
during V Plan -
(a) Construction
of Science Block
(b) Purchase of lab. equipment and
(c) purchase of books \& journals.

2,75,000
St. Mary's College, Release of Grant for Shillong.

Dinapur College,
Dinapur.
Jowai Gov. College,
Jowai. -do-
20,000
library and lbaoratory building. IIIrd
Students iid fund in the
colleges - Grant for 1977-78
1,500
1,165
4,00,665
65. Osmaniathiversity

| Orgnisation of workshon in Public siminstration。 | 20,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Utillsation of sergices of outstanding retired tenchers-riment of gimnt in. respoct of Prof. Do Weikatavadhani. | 8,900 |
| Uitilisation of sorvices of cutstanding retired teachers...pymbrt of grant in respoct of Prof. S.S. Whini. | 9,075 |
| Grani-:Tmad $f$ the pamase of entipum for the sicume benatment Arivig jth piza. | 70,000 |
| Awam of Tewher Follorship unler the F.I.P. ailesatel to the Dopariment of Chemisi,ry. | 173 |
| nititige of univorsity Iorel books/ monugmphe. | 3,600 |

Uffiliated_Colicur
S.N.V. Mahavidyalaya Fiderabad.

Fingncial issistance to colleges for tho development of pliy fields \&

5,000 purcinase of ancessories for guos and sports in colleges during Vth plan porixd.

Nizan College
Hyderabad
UGC assistance for tine rosonroh
17,800 project entitied Shysabcochomical studites of the metal complexes of Nucleosides a nd Nucleotides in Solution submitted by Dr. F. Fa bindra Nizam College, Hyderabad.

JSC . ssistance fr the resenrch $\quad \therefore 6,800$
project antitlad Irvestigation of
Platinua group metal complexes of purine, pyrinidine mucleosides a nd maclootides and their antitumour activity subnitted by Dr 。(Mrs.) Ba dar Tay-ui Khan-

College of arts \& Sc.
5th Five Yoar Man-Improvement of 95,000 Kamuredty, Distt. Nizemibad.

Osmania Uniyousity (Contc.)
Affiliated Colleges (Contd,)

Govt. Comprehensive
College of Education, Hyderabad.

Nehru Momorial Arts 8 Science College, Jogipet Distt. Medak.

Amrat Kapadia Navjivan Women's College, Hyderabad.
Sarojini Naidu Vanita Mahavidyalaya
Hyderabad.
Mumtas College, Hycerabad.
S.V.E.S. Telugu

Kelasala (Evening)
Vidyanagar,
Hyderabad.
College of Arts \&
Science, Kamareddy
Distt. Nizamabad.
Vivek "ardhini evening College, Hyderabad.

Osmania College Kurnool
-do-
1,625
5th Plen Period.- Tmorovement
6,500
of under-araduate ediucotional
facilities.
Purchese of Equipment.-Fgymert 2,500 of grant.

Development of Post.agraduate 12,500
Education during 5th plan period.

Students' Aid Fund in the 4,300 Colleges-Grant for 1977-78.

Setting up Book Bank-
2,499
Sanction of grant.
-do-
3,250

| -do- | 3,250 |
| :--- | :--- |
| -do- | 1,625 |

Payment of salary to Shri
6,834
B.S. Rao, Lecturer in

Economics, V.V. Evening College, Hyderabad.

Grants towards the loan of 8,000 books to students-Setting up of Book Bank.

$$
2,84,356
$$

66. Panjab University

Panjab University (Contd.)

| Junior Research Fellowshipsin fumanities including | 2,400 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Social Sciences - Dayment of |  |
| Fellowship to Shmi Hargur |  |
| Meet Singh. |  |
| Junior Fesearch rellowships | 2,400 |
| in Sciences. |  |
| A"sd of Tea-her Fellowship | 3,374 |
| t. Shri Amarjit Singh Verma, |  |
| Lecturer in English, L.P.M. |  |
| Coiliege, Jaqaraon. |  |
| Firancial Assistance to | 7,000 |
| colleges for the development |  |
| of play fields and purchase |  |
| of accessories for yames and |  |
| sports in universities during |  |
| $\checkmark$ plan period. |  |
| Purchase of Psychology Mobite | 4,000 |
| Van in collaboration with the |  |
| Education Department. |  |
| Assistence to universities | 2,000 |
| towards fields training in |  |
| Geolocy during the Fifth |  |
| Five Year Plano |  |
| Establishment of Students 158 | 158 |
| Aid Fund in Universities- |  |
| 1976-77. |  |
| Establishment of Students: | 12,500 |
| Aid Fund in universities- 12,500 |  |
| 1977-78. |  |
| Establishment of Study Centre 10,000 at Chandigarh-irant for the purchase of books. |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Centre of Advanced Study in 25,000 |  |
| Mathematics-Release of an |  |
| 'on account' grant for 1977-78 |  |
| Teacher Fellowships. |  |



## Punjabi University (contd.)

## Affiliated Colleqes:

D.A.V. College
Sunport for f.dvanced Reseatch $\quad 6,000$
in the Humenities and Social
Sciences.
in the Humanities and Social
Sciences.

3hetinda.

Bovt. College for Nomen, Patiala.

Rajindra Govt. College, Bhatinda.

Public College, Samama (Patiala)
S.D. Kenya Mahavidyal aya Mansa (Patiala)
A.D. College for Women, Sangaur ( Pb )
Jawatharlal Nehru Memorial Municipal College for Girls Mandi Gobindgarh

Improvement of undereraduate educational facilities during the 5 th Plan Period-Purchase of Books and Journals.

Development of undergraduate education during the Fifth Flan period-Furchase of Books and Journals:

Payment of salary to Shri Gian 89 Singh, Lecturer in Economics.

Establishment of Book Bank. 1,875

Students: Aid Fund in the 2,000 Colleses-Grant for 1977-78.

Grant towards the loan of bonks to students--Setting up of Book Bank.

5,000

```
-do1,500
                                    -do-
```

4,500

Orranisation of Summer Instt.
5,119 in Statistics for College
Teachers during 1977--sanction of an 'on account' grant
for Teachers during 1977.

Patna University. (Contd.)

Affiliated Colleges
Patna Science Collegr Patna
--הn-

Junior Research Fellowships 2,400
in Humanities including
Social Sciences-Payment of
Fellowship to Miss Neena
Chancra.
Junior Fesearch Fellowship 2,400
In Science-Payment of
Fellowship.
Award of Fellowship under 27,000 F.I.P. allocated to the Department of Physics, Patna University.

Fourth Pl an development 4,494
schemes:-salaries of daditional staff in science department.

Award of Teacher Fellow- 27,000
ship under the F.I.P. allofated to the Department of Botamy University of Patna-Payment of grant for.

Financial Assistance dur- 80,000 ing Fifth Flan Period for the purchase of Books and Journals.

Financial Assistance dur- 1,20,000 ing $V$ Plan period for the purchase of laboratory equipment.
69. Ponna University

| Award of Teacher Fellowship | 3,006 |
| :---: | :---: |
| -dom | 20,000 |
| Assistanceto Decan College, Postgraduate and Research | 20,000 |
| Support for hadvanced Research in the Humarities and §ocial Sciences | 20,000 |
| Ful. time. EI.M. Caurse | 3,000 |
| Special Assistance Programe | 8ry000 |
| Proposal for Dacan College | 20,000 |
| Centre of Advanced situdy in Sanclerit, | 50,000 |
| -upport for advanced Research | 8,000 |
| Basic Grants to affiliated |  |
| Colleges for purchase of esse lib. Books | ,00,000 |

Aiffiliated colleges.
C. llege of

Education
Jalgaon.
D.N.Efahavidyalaya. - -dem 8,0,000

F'aizpur.

| K I of Social |  | 1,250 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Science |  |  |
| Hillside, |  |  |
| Karanagar, |  |  |
| Poona. |  |  |
| SVP Sansthas | Utilisation of services of |  |
| Lrts and Mrw | outstanding retired teachers |  |

p.t.o.

## :96

Affiliated colleges,
Poona 保iversity (Contd)

- -......-.--.........
P.V.P. College, Grants to affiliated colleges Ist 50, 000
of Arts and
Commerce.

| -do- | -do- | 20,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -do- | -dom | 70,000 |
| SSVPS Arts | -dom | 90,000 |

and MrMA.
Commerce College
Dhulia
PGGVP Mandal:s
Science Cominerce
and S.I. Patil arts
colzege.
Shahada.
Daccan college
Postgraduate and
Fesearch
Institute,
Pooua.
Ahmednagar College, Sc. improvement Programine 80,000 Ahmednagar.
-do-

St. Miras
College for Girls
Poona.
GC of Commerce
Karve Road
Poona.

Affiliated Colloges;
poona Universjty (Conta)
Ahmednagar College, Siucients ind Iund in the colleges 6,960
Rhnednagar.
Bhusawal Lurts -dom 5,500

Science \& P.O.NO. Commerce College
Bhusawal Poona.

| N.V.P.M. Arts .C. tnc and Commerce | -do. | 1,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College, |  |  |
| Iagalgaon, |  |  |
| Nasik |  |  |
| College of sducation | -do- | 2,000 |
| Shivaji liagar, |  |  |
| Gangapur Road, |  |  |
| Nasik |  |  |
| Maharashtra |  |  |
| S.S. Mahavidyalaya, | -dom | 2,682 | poona

College of
-do439
Edu:ation
Dhulia.
A.E.Society's College, -do- 560
of rducation,
Vishram Laugh
thnaednagar,
Maharashtra.

| R.V. Narayanarao | -do- | 2,800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boravike |  |  |
| Colluge, |  |  |
| Shrirampur |  |  |
| Distit. Ahmednatar |  |  |
| Maharashtra. |  |  |
| Follege of | -do- | 602 |
| Educationi |  |  |
| Mandubar. |  |  |
| S.S.V.P.S.Arts and M.P.M.b C Ilege Dhulia. | -do- | 7,500 |

p.t.o.

## : 98 :

```
iffiliated Colleges
    Poona University (Contd )
```

    -.-.-.-.---.a..................-
    | Y S Grts | Students aid fund in the colleges | 3,500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| and Comerce |  |  |
| College |  |  |
| Shulia |  |  |

SPDM Arts -do- 3,500
S.B.B. \& S.IN.D.
Commerce,
S.M.A. Science,
College Shivpur.
Arts and commerce -dom 1,320
College
Charagaon.
Lrts and comperce,
\& Science College,
ammednagar.

| S. S. B. College | mdo- | 1,500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| of Fiduation |  |  |
| Shrirampur |  |  |
| Distt. Ahmednagar. |  |  |

HPT Arts and
Payment of salary to staff ..... 5,750

Science College, Nisik

| Pratap college, | -do. | 5,374 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Hinalner |  |  |
| SSB College | FA to affiliated colleges |  |
| of Education |  | 4,000 |
| Shrimampur |  |  |
| Distt. 4 hmednagar. |  |  |


| College of ducation | -fo- | 2,500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dhulie. |  |  |
| NVPM brts college | -do- | 2,500 |

(Hasik。
Wadia College, -dom 2,500
Poona.
BES Hodern coll ge, -do- 6,000
Pune.
20,79,51.

## : 99 :

70. Rajenara Agricultural University, Pusa.

| Research Fellowships in Science. | 2,400 |
| :---: | :---: |
| - do- | 2,400 |
|  | $-\overline{4,800}$ |

71. University of Rajasthan.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {. Award of situdentşhip to. students 7,891 } \\
& \text { Vth Plan Development Scheme 50,000 } \\
& \text { Release of grant towards the } \\
& \text { construction of Teaching Accomodation } \\
& \text { Class room 80,000 } \\
& \text { Witing of university level books 3,600 } \\
& \text { Continuing Sochemes of the 3rd } \\
& \text { year Plan Staff for Research wing } 730 \\
& \text { Development of Higher Education } \\
& \text { and Research -Vth Plan Development } \\
& \text { Schemes. } \\
& \text { 5,00,000 } \\
& \text { University Grants Connission } \\
& \text { Assistance for the researdn project } \\
& \text { entitled Studies on Eiectrogenerated } \\
& \text { Reagents in organjc synthesis } \\
& \text { submitted by Dr. RoA. Misra, } \\
& \text { Raiasthan University. } \\
& \text { Uhiversity Grants Commission Assistance } \\
& \text { for the Research project entitled } \\
& \text { Ternary complexces of metallic } \\
& \text { Elements with Polydentate Iigands } \\
& \text { in presence of phosphate and } \\
& \text { Polyphosphates submitted by Dr. } \\
& \text { P.C. Vyas, University of Rajstahn } \\
& \text { Jaipur. } \\
& \text { 14,500 } \\
& \text {-do- . 25,600 } \\
& \text { College Science Improvement } \\
& \text { Programme - University Ieadership } \\
& \text { Project in Chemistry. } \\
& 1,50,000 \\
& \text { p.t.o. }
\end{aligned}
$$

```
                                    : 100:
University of Fiajasthan (Contd)
Higher ducation and Research Deve-
lopment Schemes of the Universities
for the vth Plan period (1974-79)
purchase of Scientific Equipment. 5,00,000
Writing of University level book 3,600
University Grants Commission
Assistance for the research
Project entitled The Chemical
Invest* ation of some Indjan
Plarts ased in Ajurvedic medicine
submitted by Dr. Ialit Prakash.
Financial Assistance to teachers
in the universities and colleges
for undertaking minor research
projects in Payment of grants.
                                    2,500
Award of Teacher Fellowship under
the F,T.P. aliocated to the
~Depargment of Rajasthan University,
payment of grant. 25,500
    ~dO- 6,500
    ~dom 15,000
    -do- 3,000
COSIP - UTP in Physic- Fellowup
activities-Gahoc graut iu aid.
2,00,00c
University Grants Commission
Assistance for the research
project entitled Electrolysis of
Heterocyclic compounds An application
of Electro organic synthesis
by Dr, (Miss) K, Zutshi- Release of
Grants.
    2.5,000
Writing of University level book 40u
```

: 101:
Affjliated Colleges (hajasthan University)
Government College, Purchase of books \& Journals 25,000 for bojs
Sringarnagar.
Rajasthan.
Sophis Girls College, -do- 5,000
Ajmer.
Rajasthan.
G.P. College of Financial assistance to

Educaticr,
Bagar
college for the development

- play fíElds

10,60C
Majas.than.
Mos.V. Government
College, Bhilwara, Bbilwara,
Rajasthan.
Goyt. College, Eajgarh.
S.G.N.Kh_고a College, Sringarnagar. Rajasthan.
M.S.G. College, Bharatpur.

National Associateship
1,531

Utilisation of services of outstanding retired teachers payment of grant in respect of Dr. Kamanand Tiwari.

9,00
-do- 29,80
Ial Bahadur
Participation of student 10,000

Construction of Students hostel $4,00($ Shastri College, Tilak Nagar.


吘havidyalaya, Jaipur.

Banasthali -dom
$6,5: 77$
Vidyapith Gyan -
Vignari Mahavidyalaya,
Fajasthan.

```
        : 102 :
    Affiliated Colleges (Raj. University)
    Setn G:FB. Podar Students aid fund in colleges 3,500
    College.
    Hawallgach
    Rajasthan
    Rajasthan Vidyam -dom
    peeth Bijay Singh
    Path:ik Sihramjovi
    College,
    Ajmer:
    Sari Parashnath , wo
    1,060
    Umed Nahzoidyaiaya,
    F'aina,
    Rajasthann.
    S.B.K.Government odo- 336
    College,
    Jaisalmer.
- Govt. CoIMege; -aom. -553
    Jalore.
    Kanoria Mahila -do- 2,223
    Mahavidyalaya,
    Jaipur.
    Ragesthan.
.G.P.CGollege. F-W.at 1,500
    of Education
    Bajar .
    Govt. College -dom 2,000
    Sirohi
    Rajasthan.
                                    17,89,88
```

72. University of ranchi

Award of Teacher fellowship
to Km. A.Yadav Lecturer
in Physics, $P_{\text {tha }}$ tricience
College, Patna
3,304.

```
                    : 103:
Ranchi miversity (Conta)
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
Award of \(T\) acher Fellowship & 3,200 \\
-do- & 3,604 \\
-do- & 3,141 \\
-do- & 3,419
\end{tabular}
```

Affiiiated Colleges
Mahile cojuege, Conraxtion of Nonmesident Chaibasa.
Bihàio.
St, Xavier:s C Colleqe. Fanch

$$
\text { student centre- Relaase } \quad 15,000
$$

Participation of student Youth in S̃oil Health Care Workers

10,000

41,968
73. Ravi Shankar University

Affiliated Colleges.
GMD Post
Graduate College, Payinent of salary to staff
Bilaspur.
Govt. Girls DegreeGrants to affiliated colleges
Gollege
BRaipur. BRaipur.

| Govt. Arts \& Sc. Students Aid Fund | 4,696 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Qollege, Durg. |  |


| -do- | -dio | 1,280 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -do- | -dom | 5,500 |
| -dom | \% ${ }_{\text {co }}$ | 2,264 |
| -do- | Grants to affiliated colleges | 2,963 |
|  |  | 26,850 |

74. University of Roorkee

| UGC assistance for the Research | 17,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Writing of Univ. Ievel books | 3,600 |
|  | $-\overline{20,600}$ |

75. Rohilkhand University: gailiated colicges
Hindu College,
Hicudabad (U.P)
Financial assistance to collegcs
for developnent of postgraduate
studies in Humanities and Social 40,000 ,
Sciences \& Sciences during the
Fifth Plan Period- Purchase of
equipraent

Subhayawati Bai Deni Mahila
Mahavidyaleya, Dhampur, - do-
Bijnor (U.P)


| K.G.Ko College, | -do- | $40,000 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Moradabad (U.P) |  |  |


| S.M. Uollege, <br> Chandausi (U.P) | -dom | $30,000 /$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S.V. College, |  |  |
| Bijnor (U.P) |  |  |

Contd...2/-

| S.J. College, Najibad (U.P) | Basic grant to colleges for purchasc of essential library books and laboratory equipment for improvement of instructional facilities. | 20,000\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N.M.S. College, Bedaun (U.P) | -dom | 15,000 |
| Govt. Baza College <br> Rempris (TO OP) | , - - ${ }^{\text {dom }}$ | 40,000; |
| Kog.K. Postgraduat colleges Koradakad | (UeP) . - - dqu. | 1,500/. |
| Bareilly College, Bareilly (Us, P ) | Payment of salary to awarded a Teacher Fellow. | 2,808-5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { V. College } \\ & \text { Bijnor }(\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{p}) \end{aligned}$ | -do- | 5,568-30 |

$S_{0} V_{=}$College: Development of undergraduate educational
Bíjnor (U.P) facilities during Vth plan period-
Purchase of books \& journals. 25,000/..
S.V. College, Purchase of equipment 20,000/~ Bijinor (U.P)

S.J. College, Establishment of Book Bank 2,813/w Najibabad (U.P) Release of graint.
S.J. College
Najibabad (U.P)
Sanbalpur University: $\quad$ Grant of Book Bank $\quad 4,218 /-$

Sambalpur University, University Grants Commission for Burla(Sambalpur) Orissa.
the research project entitled Growth
production and energetics in comercially inportant Indian Frog" by Dr.M.S.Dash. Release of $g$ rant14, 800/…

Wriging of University level books/monographs.

15,296/.
Research project in connection 9,000/ with sixth Parliamentary election.

## Sambalpur University Conta:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Grant-in-aid towards the field } \\
& \text { trips for the department of } \\
& \text { Sociology \& social dinthropoloty. } \\
& \text { Collection of Manusdripts in the } \\
& \text { departnent of History } \\
& \text { U,000/ } \\
& \text { UGC Lssistance for the researeh } \\
& \text { project entitled Electronic and } \\
& \text { Magnetic Froperties of Solid Surfaces:" }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Afficiated

goIseges

| R.E, College, | Hward of Teacher Fellowship | $1,500 /=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rownelaissa) |  |  |
| G,N, College, | -dom | $2,561-\varepsilon$ |

- SExdeatpan.

Fujgengrum College, Setting up of Book Bank in oolleges
Rajgangpur(Orissa) -5th Plan. $1,500 / \mathrm{m}$


Surdergarh(p.G.)
Students hid Find in the colleges. Orissa)

| Sonopur College, |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sonapur |  |
| Bailiangir $)$ | -dom |

Sonapur(Baifangir)
Orissa.
Sonepur College, Book Bank
Sonevtar. (Balangir) Orissa.
Sonepur College,
Sonepur (Balangir) Book Bank
Orisse.
B.B. College, Rairakhol, Payment of salary
Distt(Sambalpur) $\frac{4,000 \%}{97,331.83}$
77. Sardar Patel University:

UGC Assistance for the research 13,600/= project entitled Synthesis of organomenrucrials and therr hntifungal Activities"

## Gardar Potel Univorsity (Contd)

| Payment of Teacher Fellowahips | 2,400: |
| :---: | :---: |
| Payment of Hmmities | 4.000: |
| hwherd of Teatiner 파.Jlowship | 6,500. |
| Salary of staif for the deptt. of Edooetion durirg the Fifth plan. | 10,000 |
| Desearch project on Intigration district Lairy Co-operation in Cujarat: | $o f_{1,020}$ |
| Eurchase of equipnment | 11,770; |
| Swnthesis of isocounarine and s of their physiological activity | $\frac{7,80 c}{}$ |
| Xwray mopograplio stiadies of single crystalo. | 76:300\% |
| Purchase of library books and Jaboratory. | $2,00,00 \mathrm{C}$ |
| National Conference on Crystalination. | 5,000; |
| Salary of Staff. | 15,006; |

## affiliated Colleges

| L.C. College, Anard (Cajarat) | Students Lid Fund in the Colleges. | 2,000, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N,S.P, A, College, |  |  |
| P.B. INo. 39 | - do- | 3931 |
| Anani(Gujarat) |  |  |
| P.B.P K. College, |  |  |
| P. Box.No. 39 | - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1,250, |
| Anani(Gujarat) |  | 3,57,033 |

78. Sampurnanand Sanskrit University:

Scholarships for post graduate studies in Sanskrit
$\frac{3,000}{3,000}$

## 79. Sergar University:

| Assis tance for the researo entitled "The fungi of MoP。 Award of Ps. Sohoiershjp in Writing of minverisity jevel wexa/monograpas. <br> Organisation of Eeainar on ons Scmajo |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Short, term Course in Geomorphology-15,00 \&' phologelogy:

Writing of univeroity level booksthonographer.

Award of Teacher Fellowships. 16,50
Award of Postgraduate Scholarship 46,50
in Engg. in Engg.
Purchase of Gestetner Eleetronics 15,000
University Gmants Comission
hssistance for the research project 7,80 (
entitled.
Award of Research Fellowship 96,324
Programmes of Speaial assistance to selected departments

12,00

## Lffiliated Cclleges.

| Govt, lirts \& ScjenceCollege, Durg ( NP ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Govt.Science Collegc |  | 6,071 |
| Durg (MoP) | - do- |  |
| Govt, Science College, Drurg (MP) | - dom | 5,837 |
| Govt College, <br> Kanpusa. (Distt Manshour(MF) | - do- | 422 |


| Un:ursity College Book Bank. of Education, Sagar(MP) |  | 4,500\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Govt, Degree Colleggevelopment of urier graduate |  |  |
| Naraindpur(M) | Development of urcer graduate facilities. | 20,000/. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GoF.Go College, } \\ & \text { Ealaghat }(\mathbb{N P}) \end{aligned}$ | Purchase of Iibrary books. | 1,00,000\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & M_{\infty} G M_{0} \text { College, } \\ & \text { Itars. } \left.M_{0} P\right) \end{aligned}$ | Students hid fund in the y, oleges. | 2,248/ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GoPoGo College, } \\ & \text { Bealaghat (MS) } \end{aligned}$ | Stodent Aid Frud in the Colleges. | 2,300\% |
| S.H.S.G. Mahavidyalaya, |  |  |
| Sagar ( $\mathrm{M}_{\sim} . \mathrm{P}$ ) | Grants of affiliated colleges', | , 1,500/m |
|  |  | 4,91,076. |

80. Squastra University:

University Grants Comission hssistance for the researeh project entitled "Ecological studies of hrid regions of Kutch and 24,800/Sabrashtra (Gujerai State)

Support of Ladvanced Reserrch 18,000/~ in Humaities ance social sciences.

University Grants Comnission Assistance for the rescarch entitled "Physiological and biochemical changes associated $21 ; 600 \%$ with Cotton hair development" submitteed by Dr. Kr.D. Singh Department of Bio-Sciences, Saurashtra. University, Rajkit.

Basic grants to affiliateed. colleges for purchase of essential library books and
liboratory equipment for , 0,00,000/ m liboratory equipment for improvement of instructional facilities.

$$
\text { -: } 110 .
$$

## Gaureshtra University（Conte）

dilocetion of Unassigned grant
and grant for UGC Unit－release
$14,2998-45$
of grent 1976－77．
Unassigned grant for the year
1977－78．
$24,0000 /-$
Scheme of hssjistance for the
Prolication of Tearned／Research
horis including Doctoral Theses
metag fifih plan period－Grants
10\％the jears 1975－76 and
19\％6－77。

## Afiliatod Colleges



Lrts and Commerce College，Ranjoclhpur．

M．P．Sheh M，College， of Commerce and Law Jamnagar（Gujarat）

Grant to College Libraries for Iona of Books to students Book Benk．

Expension of Book Bank
$80) 7-25$

M．V．M．College， Arta \＆Science Rajkot＇Rajkot）

Scholarship for poss graduate studies in Sanskrit 1977－78． Kn．Pratime Tholakia。

81．S．IV．D．T．University：
Basic grants to affiliated colleges for purchase of essential library bokolss and laboratory equipnent for $2,40,0000 /-$ inprovenen＇t of instructional facilities．

$$
:-111:-
$$

## S.N.D.T.University Contd:

Grant-in-aid for the Establishment of a Study Sentee at Sir Vithaldas Nagar - Santa Cruz Bombay. 23,810m5z

Lant for the purchase of bocks win journals during. the 5 th

- Five Year Plan Perioca. $30,000 \%$

Grantwin aid for the Establishment Sis a study centre at Snt. FoN. 19,850-07 Ioshi Women's Women ${ }^{\text { }}$ s college, Ghatkopar, Bombay

Purchase of books and .journals. . during the 5 th five year plan 77,000/-period-Centrel Library.
-dom 38.000/-
Appointment of additional staff in the departnent of $\quad 30,000 /-$
Education, Bompay. Sanction of grant for.

Afiliated Colleges
Snt.N.C.G. ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{BV}$.G.M.
frts \& Comerce Student hid Fund in the colleges College, 883 Diamong grant for 77-78. Chowk Bhavnagar.
82. Shivaji University:

3,500/-
$4,62,160.53$

Placenent of Russian language Teacher.

University Grents Comaission
issistance for the rescarch project entitled "Studies on the 2,400/Diagnostic Role of Esterase in Experinental Nephrotic Syndrane Edena"

## Shivaji Unjversity (Conta)

| Purchase of Sojentific 5 | 5,00,000/- |
| :---: | :---: |
| Equipment during , the 5 th FiveYear Plan Period. |  |
|  |  |  |
| hward of Frellowships sanctioned <br> for the Fifth Plan Period under 31,200/.. <br> novelopanit schernes. |  |
|  |  |  |
| constmotion of voxkiop $V$ in Plen soheme. | $508000 /-$ |
| h.wace of Tcaoher Fellowships madr the FLe ailocated to the Fertt. of koolagy. |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Grant-in-aid towards the oonstruction cf wom's Fostel for 50 studente. |  |
| Establishment of Study Centres at Kolhapur and Suh-lapur. | 37,589/8 |

## Affiliated Colleges:

Chintaman Rao College of Conmerce, Sangli Bork Bank

7,500/(Mos, )

Pandharpur Colleges Purchase of books and journals 50,000/Pandharpirer (MoS.) under Rs. 5 lakhs sahem.
Rejja Ran College, Payment of Fellowship.
Kolhapur.

Raja Ranrao Mehavidyalaya,
Jat.
Distt. Sangli,
Book-bank
$1,500 /-$ Maharas边tra.

College of hrts \& Comerce (Maharashtre

Book bank
3,230/• State)

## hffiliatel Colleage(Contc)

| Ial Bahadur Shastristudents lid Find in the College, Sairsa(MS) Colleges. |  | 3,600\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Io.B.P.Dayi nani |  |  |
| Colilege, of l.rts | -do- | 3,420\% |
| \&: Scjence. |  |  |
| Saolapur(ivis) |  |  |

- Cotrege of Ergince...ag .

Ants and Conmeroe -dom 2,000\% ha

2,000,

| Ded. V. Veitankar | -do- | 3,280\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Colteges Eiolapur |  |  |
| (Maharaishtre State) |  |  |

Rajaran College,
Kolrapur
S.M.T. College, of $\quad-\mathrm{dom}$
Edneation, Kolhapur ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{S}$ )


Soionce College,
Kajad,
Distit. Satars(IMS) -dom
83. South Gujarat University:

> Basic grants to affiliated colleges for purchase of essertial library books and $\quad 4,00,000 / \mathrm{m}$ laboratory equipnent for inprovement of instructional facilties.

## Somp Cojamet Intyersity (Conta)

Pelease of grant of purchase 75,000/-
of equipnent for workshop during
the Fifth Pive Year Plan Period.
Grant for purchase of Jubrary
Bonks and jonmais durtng the $1,90,000 /-$
$\because$ Fitre Year Plan Pesiod

## Affiliated concegen

MoR. Arts \& S-jerce Stunerid hid Pund in the colleges
-Coliege, Pe jpila. . . . Grant. for 19.77.-78.
$.3 .500 / 7$.
(Broach) fadarat)
 (Gujara!)

| MoT.Da firtz Nollege: Surat, | $\cdots \mathrm{dom}$ | 2,864/- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shri JoS: Bhakta $\mathrm{E}_{\text {\% }}$ |  |  |
| Shri K.M, Binarta hats College, | $-d o \infty$ | 498im |
| \& Shri AcN. Shah Science College, Kholad(Gujamt) |  |  |


| JM Shah Aatis \& Connerce | do- | $2.000,--$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| College, Janbular |  |  |
| (Broach) Gajarat |  |  |

Govt. Lurts \& Doience
College, Dasn, Via Vapi,
Lrts \& Comerce College,
Chikhli (Valsad)Gujarat
$-\mathrm{dom}^{\mathrm{m}}$
2,880/-

Lrts and Comerce Grant to affiliated colleges for the
College, Chikhii(Valsad)construotion i) addithonal teaching
 Library Buildinso
84. Sri Venkateswara University:

Writing of university level 3,470-97
books/monographs.
Annual Conference of the Indian Psychological Assnciation. 5,000/-
Faculty Improvenent Programe1,00,000/-
"tady Centres at Tirupati and 77.313.22 snantapur- Fayment of Recurring grant during Fifth Plan Period.

Stewring committee nee- Jing on the Islamic Colloquium. 8,440/-

Award of Teecher Fellowship to 3,354-8: Shri KoVenkata Siva Sarma, Lecturer in Physics, Govt. College, Raja Manhuri.
dward of teacher fellowships 4,333-33
tward of Teaeher Fellowships to $116 /-$
V. Chandraya, Lecturer in Comerce
at Jawaher Bherati, Kavali.
Junior Research Fellowships in 2,400/-Science- Payment of Felnowship.

Support of Advanced Research in 1,500/the Humanities and Social Sciences,

Grants-in-aid for the purchase of books and journals for Bio- $20,000 /-$ chemistry Departments during 5th Plan Period- regarding-

UGC hssistance for the research project entitled "Social state 1,07,000/ and laster spectoscopy Submitted by Prof. S.V.J. Lakshman, S.V. University.

Contd...
S.V.Univesistr(Conta):

University Grants Comnission
lissistance for the research
project entitled "Solid State $1,07,000 / \sim$ and Laser Spectroscopy:"
submitted byProf。S.V.J.Iakshman, S.V.University.

Moc isssistance for the resecrch whect entjlted growti of Single crostal scmicnaduetor eilas (by 48,100/recrystallization)for thin film devices"
hssistance towards Sever.
Feilowships approved by the 10,500/-Coremission-contingencies.

Fostgreduate - Cerise Anantapurs
Unassigned grant for 1977-78. 15,000/-
Contrustion of Animal House during
5 th Plan Period-regarding. 1,00.000/-

## Affiliated Colleges

Jawahar Bharati, Kavali (L.P)
B.T. College,
Hyderabad $\mathrm{h} . \mathrm{P}$ )

Jawahar Bharati,
Kavali-524202(AP)
Govt. Comprehensive
College of Education
Nellore ( $\mathrm{A} . \mathrm{P}$ )
V.R, Colicge,

Nellore(A.P)
S.V. Arts College, Tirupati.

Purchase of books and
journals for the department 10,000/of Economics and Comerce.

Purchase of accessories for gamez
and $s_{n} 0 r t s$ in colleges during Vth Plan Period.
Payment of Salary to Shri 1,581-94 O. Lakshminarayana،

Book-Bank-Release of 2nd and 459-71 final instalment。

Grant-Regarding.
3,250/-
Grants towards the loan of books
to students - setting up of 4,000/Book Bank.
185. Udaipur University

| Release of Unassigned grant | 32,168 |
| :---: | :---: |
| UGC Assistance for the research |  |
| Transition Metal Complexes of | 7,800 |
| Hydroxytriazenes, submitted by |  |
| Dr. D. . Purohit. |  |
| UGC Assistance for the rese-arch |  |
| project entitled 'Study of Iono- |  |
| spheric irregularities and itis | 65,600 |
| staty and dynamic characteristics |  |
| subistied ky tmornk. Raic and |  |
| Shrj S.K. Vijayvergia, School |  |
| of Easic Sciences and Humanities |  |
| Scholarsip for pot- graduate | 3,000 |
| studies in Sanskrit-1977-78- |  |
| Shri Shueeniwasan Ayyar. |  |
| Introduction of Correspondence | 50,000 |
| Courses at the under-graduate |  |
| level. |  |

ffilioted Colleges
Modavaris Mahavidyalaya anpur, Distt. Puri

Payment of salary to Sh. B.P. 4,975 Mohanty, Lecturer in Chemistry
appointed as a substitute in place of Shri B.P. Nishra.

$$
1,63,543
$$

University of Agricultural
Sciences
UGC Assistance for the research project entitled 'Survey of
Medicinal plants of Karnataka: 14,600
by Dr. G. Boraiah, College of Basic Sciences \& Humanities.
87. Utkal Univeisity.


## Affilieted Colleges

| Narasingh Choudhury College, Jaipur | Purchase of Library Books | 2,900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benki College Distt. Cuttack | Financial assistance for purchase of Books \& Journals. | 8,000 |
| -do- | Purchase of Laboratory Equipment | 25,000 |
| Fakirlmohan College Balasore | Financial Assistance for purchase of books and journals. | 30,000 |
| -do- | Finencial Assistance for purchase of laboratory equipne $n t$. | 10,000 |
| S.V.M. College Jagatsinghpur | -do- | 65,000 |
| -do- | Financial assistance for the construction of Science Laboratory during V Five Year Plan. | 30,000 |

Utkal University (Contd.)

## Affiliated Colleaes

S.V.M. College Jagratsinghpur

> -do-

Rave nshaw College Cut.tack

> -do-

Vidya Bhavan
Govind Ram Selosaria
Toachers College Udaipur.

Uoendra Nath College Sore, Balasore

Rairargpur College
Rairangpur
Udala College
Udala
K.B.D.f.V. College

Nirakarpur
Gopabandhu Science
College, A.thgarh
Fakir Mohan College
Bolasore
S.C.S. Ccllege

College of Accountancy Management Studies Cuttack

```
Assistance for the construction 10,000
of Staff quarters.
Nssistance for purchase of books 30,000
and journals
Utinisation of services of out- 9,000
standing retired tea hers.
Award of Teacher Fellowship to 3,258
Shri Ch. Nalinikanta Sarane,
Lecturer in Chemistry at S.V.M.
College, Jagatsinghpur.
Writing of university level 2,916
books/monographs.
ll}\begin{array}{ll}{\mathrm{ Setting of Book Bank in }}&{2,000}\\{\mathrm{ colleges. }}&{2,00}\\{-do-}&{4,000}
```

Setting up of Book Bank in 1,000
collehes during Vth plan
Stuclents Aid Fund in the 1,000
colleged
-do- 1,500
-do- 4,298
-do- 3,814
-do-
288

Utkal University (Contd.)
Effiliated Colleges (Contd.)

Godevari Mahavidyal zya Banpur

Payment of salary to Smt. Sulo.- 4,‘318 chna Devi, Lecturer in Chemistry
88. Vikram Uriversity

| UCC assistance for research rroject entitled Studies on fish growth and metabolism by Prof. :i. Swarup | -3,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| National issociateship schome Dr. V.V. Bhaquat | 1,373 |
| Assistance for publication of thesis including research work. | 20,000 |
| Grant for purchase of books and journals. | 2,30,000 |
| Award of Fellowship under the F.I.F. allocated to the Deptt. of Chemistry. | 40,000 |
| -do.- Department of Botany. | 13,750 |
| UGC Assistance for research project entitled 'Chemical |  |
| Investigation of the Esse ntial | 7,800 |
| Oils of the Malwa Region Plant |  |
| of Fof. M, M. Eokadia, School of |  |
| studies in Chemistry, Virakm |  |
| University. |  |
| Basic grants to affiliated | ,00,000 |
| colleges for purchase of essential |  |
| library books and laboratory equipment. |  |

Mifiliated Colleqes.
Govt. College
inandsaur
Grants to affiliated colleges for the develooment of undergraduate facilities.

1,00,000

Vikram Iniversity (Contd.)
Affiliated Collese
Madhav Mahavidyalaya
Ujja in.
Govt. Girls College
Wjja in.
Madhev College
Wjjain
Mehm. Govt. College
Agar-Malwa
Covt. J. Degree College
Barwaha

| Payment of selary to Dr. K.K. Haldar <br> Substitute of Shri R.N. Rivari | 7,912 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lecturer in G.,olozy, |  |

6人, Visva-Bharati Iniversity


1 Bicla Instituta of Technology \& Science, Pilani.
Whiting ef university level book
tithed Mectromagnetic Therry
under the supervision of Dr. J.S.
Verma.


2tablisimont of s tudents aid fund
8,43?

2 Gujarat vidyowith,

- Ahmedabad.
Unassigned grant for the year

| $1976-77$ |
| :--- |
| 2,236 |
| 2,236 |

3. Indi?n School of Mines, Dhanbad

| Construction of 200 seated hostel | $5,00,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Construction of Open well a Pump <br> House Store room and an overhead <br> Thnk | $2,00,000$ |
| Construction of 24 units of typo -II <br> q uarters | $5,00,000$ |
| Construction of 20 units of Type-I <br> cuarters | $5,00,0,0$ |
| Unssigned grant for the yea r <br> 1976 m77 | 5,000 |

17,05,000
4. Indian Instrutute of Scimes, Benglons

| Award of Teacher Fcllowship | 4,165 |
| :--- | :--- |
| wader F.I.P allocatod to the |  |
| Department of Prysics, |  |
| Rasearch Fellouship in Engineering |  |
| A Technoloev | $\$ 96$ |

Resc moh Asso ofateship in Scionce/
Hmentrios inclutas Docial Soioneos/ $\quad 12,600$


Dasuch Isso ciatosite in soience/, Hromities 2,100
 moncmaphs.
$\qquad$
5. Jamis Mijlia islania Ned DeIhi

## Aumhase of Library Bocks if Jou-rmals

$$
1,00,000
$$

6. Tata Instt of Sucial Sciences

Bombsy

| Parchase of Library Bocks \& Joumils | 1,00,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Whitine of university level books/monographs | 12,790 |
| Purchase of equipment for Data Proessing Unit | 85,000 |
| Construction on exiension of Library Auilding | 50,000 |
| Unassigned grant and grant for UGC Unit | 21,000 |
|  | 2,68,790 |

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ches ractucing
- 124 -
```

7. Indian Insit. of Technolopy

Bombay

| Ormanisation of Scminrr/Sympo-sia waing 1977-76 | 8,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Organisation of Soccial ndvanced |  |
| Lovel tinter schocl in troo retucak |  |
| Chemistry during Dec. 1977 | 1.5,000 |

8. Indinn Instt. of Tec mology

Now Dolhi
Internationsl Symposium 20,000
Angni f Toacher Felloship under the F.IP, allocated to the Dep.rtment of Eyysics

5,500
-dom Departmont of
Chamistivy
$.6,500$.

32,000
9. Indinn Instt. of Technology

Kanpur
Writing of university level bocks/monographs

3,700
hward of Tencher Followship undor
F.I.P. allooatod to the Department of Mathematics.
3.679
10. Indian Instt. of Technology Mhramur

Triting of University Level Bo ks/ monographs

1,800
-do.
10,712
11. Indian Instito of Tochnology M-dras

Writing of Thivarsity Level Bonks/
Minozraphs

-12. Central Pice Research Instt。 guttack

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - Bo Co Nanjeua-iki, Lecturar in Eotany } \\
& \text { at fejendra College, Daiangir. }
\end{aligned}
$$

13. Indian Instt. of Mrnagoment Calcutta $\qquad$
Writing of University Levil Books/
Morographs

14. Indian Instt. of Public adminstration: New. Delhi $\qquad$
nward of TEwSher Fellowship to
Inxi S.N. Gupta, Lecurer in
Statistics, Meerut College,
Meerut,
$\frac{-\frac{1}{23}}{4,11,93,898.98}$

NON - PIAN
DeIni iniversity.
Affiliated Colleqespintenance Giant for 1977-78

| McCollege, N.Delhi. | -do- |
| :--- | :--- |
| SPM.College, | -do- |

3rd 3,01,000
. 2,28,00

| SPM.College, New Delhi. | -do- | " | ,49,00! |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mirande | -do. | 1 | 4,07,00 |
| House. Delhi. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| M.S.college, New Dilhi. | -do- | 9 | 8,00,00 |
| SL College, Delhi. | -do.- | " | 00,000 |


| J.M. College, New Delni. | -do- | 4th | 1,12,006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| s.t. S.College, Delhi. | -do- | 3 fa | 1,50,000 |
| M.L.N. Collega, New Delhi. | -do- | " | 1,41,00d |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.College, } \\ & \text { New Delhi. } \end{aligned}$ | -do- | " | 7,53,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { H.College, } \\ & \text { Delhi. } \end{aligned}$ | -do- | " | 4,44,006 |
| B.M. College, New Delhi. | -do- | " | 1,74,006 |
| R.T.R.College, New Delhi. | -do- | " | 31,000 |
| I.Colle., e, Delhi. | -do- | " | 4,05,009 |
| K.N. College, New Delhi. | -du | " | 3,00,0006 |
| 2.H. College, Delini. | -do- | " | 1,95,000 |

## : 127:

Delnj University Affiliated contd。



| Gyan Devi Salwan Collige, Mew Telthia | $\cdots$ - | " | 1,74,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deshbanchu Coliege, New jelhi. | -6.0m | " | 97,658 |
| Sri VoCollege, ivew pelhi. | -do- | 1 | 35,825 |


| Desth Entidial | -do.m | $8,17,002$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College, |  | , 1, |
|  |  |  |


| K.M. College, Delhi. | $\sim$ so- | 4 th | 5,37,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| s.V.college, New Delni. | - 0 | 7 | 3,17,000 |
| S.R.Coilege Delni. | - ${ }^{2}$ | \% | 3,31,000 |

JD Mahavidyalaya, $\quad$-do-
New Delhi.

| Famias College,Delhi; | -dom | " | 5,50,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| MLN College, |  |  |  |
| New Delini. | -do- | " | 5,00,000 |
| DAV Co lege, |  |  |  |
| New Delhi | .do- | n | 1,81,000 |
| PGDAV College, New Delhi. | -do- | " | 2,26,000 |

```
Delhi University (Affiliated Colleges) Contd.
```

Moti Ial Negra College, Moti Bagh
New Delhi.

| Hans Fiaj | -dom | " | 4,100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College, |  |  |  |
| Drahj. |  |  |  |


Grant in aid for Non Plan for
1977-78 SIEF'L Hyderabad. 10,00,000

Tata Institute of Social
Science, Bombay.

Maintenance grant for 1977-78- Payment of grant

3,00,000

Total Non Plan
$-1,15,32,583.00$
Total Plan - 4,11,93,898.98
Grand Total
$5,27,26,481.98$

$$
10,00,600
$$

$3,00,000$
$3,00,000$

# CONF DENT IAL 

## UNIVENCITY GRANTS COIIISSIN

-•••
Meeting:
Dated: 13th December,77
Item No. 4: To receive a statement showing expenditure incurred by the University Grants Commission during the year 1977-78 (upto30-11-1977)

Spection I - Non/Pran
Budget Estimates
1977-78
(ks. in lacs) 69\%11
A. Administration Charges

Provisional Expen*
diture upto 30-11-1977
(hso in lacs)

$$
44.25
$$

i) Grants to Central Univ. 2020.00
1519.01
ii). Grants. to. Instt. . deemed to be universities.
359.76
281.75
iii)Grants to State Universities for specific purposes
9.00
3.00
C. Maintenance Grants to Delhi Colleges.
850.00
642.48
+24.65
D. Grants not covered under

Block Grant Health Service Sucheme 10.63
Total Section-I $\quad 3318.50$
24.90 .49
*24.65

Section II-Plan Projects
A. Grants to Central \& state

Universities for Hunanities $\quad 453.00$ 193.40
B. Grants to Central \& State Universities for science
948.90
352.06
C. Grants to Central \& state Univ.
@ 647.00
84.40
for Eingineering \& Trch.
D. Grants to constituent/affiliated Colleges
685.00
318.62
$* 0.14$
E. Grants to Central \& State Univ. 1732.00
420.92 *0. 83
. . Misc. Expenditure
Unesco Coupons
Total section-II

Total section I\&II

| 64.00 |
| :---: |
| 4529.00 |

$$
18.36
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1387.76 \\
* 1.02 \\
\hline 3878.25 \\
* 1.02
\end{array}
$$

(a) Rus. 547 lakhs for Fingg. \&Tech. for 1977-78 plus Rs. 100.00 lacs to be provided by the Deptt. ofCoal
(b) Rs. 3882 lakhs for development. Schemes under plan for 1977-78.
p.t.o.

Section III-Expenditure out of grants received from Govt. of India and the other sources for specific purposes.

SCHEME UNDER OPERATION BY THE COMMISS ION
A. Out of Grants rec@ived from Ministry of Education \& Social Welfare
i) Evaluation of Books

1i) Fellow for Writing of Books
iii) National Award of Prizes
@14,213
iv) National Service Scheme
$1,50,000$
v) National Sports Organisation Programme (Continuing Scheme)
a) Construction of Gymnasium

$$
1,4.6,621
$$

b) Play fields

$$
12,174
$$

B. Qut of grant from N.C.E.R.I.
i) National Survey on Higher Education
C. Out of grant from Gendhi Samarak Nidhi
i) Construction of Gandhi Bhavan in Universities
D. ' Out of Interest received on Endowment Eunds.
i) Hari Om Ashram Trust Endowment Fund
-
a) Science
: b) Life Science
ii) Dr. Zakir Hussain Memorial Lectures 7,400
iii) Shri Aurbindo Memorial Lectures 700
iv) Ram Charit Manas 10,000
v) Dr. Ambedkar Memorial Lectures -....8,272

SECTION IV DEPOSITS \& ADVANCES


Expenditure during 1976-77 upto 31.11. 1976 was as under:
(Rupees in lakh)
Section I Non-Plan Project

$$
2,365.89
$$

Section II Plan Projects
$-\frac{1,152.57}{3,518.46}$
Total Section I \& II

## CONFIDENT IAL

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Meeting :
Dated: 19th December, 1977.
Item No. 5 : To receive a statement indicating the progress of issue of utilisation certificates during the period ending 30th November, 1977.

The Comission desired (Resolution No.5) dated
the 12th May, 1975 that it. should be.kept.informed of . . the progress of clearance of utilisation certificates after two months bringing the statement upto date i.e. upto 1973-74. The statement showing clearance of Plan and Non-Plan items for the period ending 30th November, 1977 is given in Annexure.*
P.T.O.

## *SIK*

# Annexure to Item No. 5 

OUTSTANDING UTILISATION CERTIFICATE
(2)

PIAN Amount in lakhs of Rupees

| Year to | Outstanding as on | Outstanding as on |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| which | 1.10 .1977 | 1.12,1977 |
| pertains | No. of Amount | No of. |
|  | Items | Items Amount |


| 1958-59 | 64 | 21.78 | 61 | 21.14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1959-60 | 93 | 23.98 | 90 | 23.46 |
| 1960-61 | 205 | 32.86 | 201 | 32.45 |
| 1961-62 | 334 | 83.26 | 320 | 82.02 |
| 1962-43 | 814 | 116.67 | 795 | $11+.78$ |
| 1963-64 | 1075 | 173.20 | 1054 | 172.38 |
| 1964-65 | 1686 | 186.54 | 1675 | 181.52 |
| 1965-66 | 2039 | 240.51 | 2026 | 237.86 |
| 1966-67 | 1892 | 252.93 | 1886 | 251.80 |
| 1967-68 | 2703 | 337.99 | 2689 | 336.41 |
| 1968-69 | 3236 | 369.03 | 3218 | 367.64 |
| 1969-70 | 5011 | 313.77 | 4986. | 307.87 |
| 1970-71 | 6112 | 928.65 | $6085^{\circ}$ | 921.36 |
| 1971-72 | 7058 | 1101.09 | 7021 | 1087.99 |
| 1972-73 | 5406 | 1287.70 | 5353 | 1271.54 |
| 1973-74 | 4621 | 1067.98 | 4582 | . $356 .+9$ |
| Total | 42349 | 6537.94 | 4.2042 | 6466.97 |

Item Cleared: 307
Amount cleared: Rs. 70.97 lakhs.


Year to which pertains

Outstanding as on 1.10.1977
MO of Amount Arems Amonit

Amount in Lacs of Rs.
NON - PIAN
Outstanding as on 1.12.1977

| 1969-70 | 1 | . 80 | 1 | . 80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970-71 | - | - | $\because$ | 5"50 |
| 1971-72 | 3 | 5.50 | 3 | 5.50 |
| 1972-73 | 6 | 8.23 | 3 | 88.23 |
| 1973-74 | 30 | 289.09 | 30 | 289.09 |
| Total | 40 | 303.62 | 40 | 303.62 |

Items Cleared: Nil
Amount cleared : NiI
Meeting :
Dated : 19th December, 1977

Item No.7: To consider further draft, policy statemert on Adult Education.

The University Grents Commission Standing Committee on Adult and Continuing Education at its meeting held on August 30,1977 considered the draft policy statement on Adult education and desired that the specific role of universities in adult literacy/education programmes may be discussed at a joint meeting of the Standing Committee and. the .Executive Camittee of. the. Indian University . . . Association for Conv ailing Educrtion.

The joint neeting held on November 3,1977 discussed the policy statement and requested Dr. Mohan Sinha Mehta, the Chairman of the Standing Committee on Adult/Continuing Education to finalize the statement for consideration by the Commission.

The metter was placed before the Commission at its meeting held on 7th and 8th November, 1977 (Item No.12). The Commission desired that the matter may be brought up again in the next meeting.

The statement finalised by Dr.Mohan Sinha Mehta is attached (Annexure $P(6-8)$. If this statement has the approval of the Cominission, it will be ciroulated to the universities to enable then to draw up their plans accordingly.

The matter is placed before the Comission.

## university adult and Continuing education

Universities cannot confine their concern to the expansion of the frontiers of knowledge and to its dissemination to full time post secondary students. Their activities should also include (a) organisation of educational programmes, including literacy for illiterate adults, to enable them to play a self-reliant and active role in their own development and in the development of their environment: and (b) organisation of special programmes for different groups of people at various levels.
2. For all classes of people-high and low, rich and poor the well- to do' and the deprived- unction should become a lifelong' process. Besides it should also be understood that the urgent need is to prepare the vanguard for effecting social change from the centre outwards and from the top downwards. The idea is to reconstruct the vision of a new society and the universities are uniquely suited and well provided to work for this purpose. In this perspective the universities should re-examine their past experience and future responsibility in the field of adult education and should prepare a plan for action based on an assessment of their capability and the" learning needs of adult men and women. Therefore, every university ought to recognise that adult education can no more remain the concem of a department or of a limited number of its teachers; it must extend to the entire faculty and, what is even more important, to the students.
3. An area with which universities are becoming increasingly familiar is extension of an continuing education. The present status of these programmes in Indian Universities with the exception of agricultural universities and some other institutions, is marginal in the system of higher education. However, extension and continuing education actinvities can provide a new dimention to the programmes of the universities, as well as new insights. The courses devised for formal full-tine instruction can be opened up to make them easily accessible to adults:

> - through correspondence methods,
> - by making access conditions elastic

| 6 - | by organisation of part-tine and own-tine <br> activities. <br> by bringing the university and comunity closer to <br> each other for problem solving situations and <br>  <br> breaking social barriers. |
| :--- | :--- |

Besides, efficiency of the wor collar sections of the middle class) can be upgraded by organisation of well-conceived and systamatic programmes, including programmes which would equip the community for the future. Organised on a whde scale, and with proper emphasis, continuing education might facilitate a farmeaching change in the universitysystem-making it more open in regard to access, methods, curricula, certification etc.
4. Progranmes of extension and continuing education, however are variable in the higher education system and are seldon able to include, within the scope of university activity, the vast mass of people who are the most disadvantaged。 In the changing emphasis in . . educationel priorities, the importance in university adult education must also shift to organisation of adult education activity ained at extending educationel facilities within the next five years to about 10 crore illiterate persons in 15-35 age-group. There are two main areas to which universities might address themselves in this connection (a) various programmes of professional development and research and (b) involvoment of teachers and students in organisation of adult education programes for the illiterte youth.
5. Progranmes of professional development might include regular degree and post-greduate courses in adult education. Such courses have to be inter-disciplinary and liberal as well as related to the adult education needs of the comnunity. Their importance lies in the fact that they would prepare the future teachers for other universities when they set up their centres or departments of adult and continuing education. Besides, universities could organise a number of courses designed on the basis of the field requirements. These could include courses in training methodologies, preparation of carricular of teaching/learning materials, anination techniques, use of mass media and problems of comunication, producing literature etc. Universitics also
have a responsibility in organising innovation and experinentation for developing tools for use by others on a mass scale; considering that in all mass programmes of education there is, inevitably, considerable departure from the desired norms, evaluation assumes a speci-1 significance. Universities can provide the needed evaluation techniques as well as the machinery ther $\epsilon_{\perp}$ or. In add"tion to innovation and evaluation, other research areas can also be identified University research in adult education could vary from action-oriented proiects, such as methods to survey the needs of learners in various situations, to complex research problems such as motivation for adult learning.
6. In the context of tie massive programme of adult education now contomplated, it would not be desirable for universities to restrict their role to professional development, evaluation and research Every university should commit itself to directly organising adult education programmes, with an indispensable component of literacy, for illiterate youth. In doing so each university will have to decide the most appropriate means for involvement of its teachers and students.
7. Students are a most dymamic and vital element in the university. The efforts made in the past to involve students in adult education programmes have not been sustained or systamamtic and, therefore, had limited success. One importent reason for that has been insufficient involvement of teachers. The full involvement of students in such activities is hardly feasible without the involvement of teachers. It would be highly desirable that all teachers should be drawn into these programes by adopting flexible methods for the purpose. Teachers associations, the Association of Indian Universities, the UGC and the leadership within the university would have to exert their influence to persuade teachers to participate in the programe with vision and enthusiasm and to ensure that teachers function with students not as supervisors and directors but as comorkers.
8. Involvement of teachers and students can be either (i) by adopting study-service method with well-defined and qualified social service becoming a part of the credit programe or (ii) by making necessary modification in the National Service Scheme so that every
student undertakes service for a certain minimum hours or (iii) by providing institutional incentives and linking of grants with institution's perfornance in this field could also be considered by the UGC.
9. Involvenent of universities in this memor with the most significant concerns of community life holds the promise of basic struetural and curricular reform in the whole system of higher education. Application of" a large section of the Faculty and the student comrunity to pruposseful ommuity service will, inevitably, affect the tone and discipline of the universities, the curriculam and methods and general relationship between the students and teachers on the one hand and the entire runiversity community and the society on the other.

## CONFIDENTIAL

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS CQMISSION

## (9)

Me eting:
Dated : 19th December, L:7

Item No. 8 : To consider the recommendations of the 5th Plan Visiting Committee for the $\therefore$-development of Engineering and Technology at Bombay University.

The University Grants Commission appointed a Visiting Committee to examine the Fifth Plan proposals of the Department of Chemical. Technology and Sir J.J. College of Architecture, Bombay University. The committee consisted of the follconing:--

1 Prof. D.K. Guha
Department of Chemical Engincering
Indian Institute of Technology
Khar agpur. 2
2 Shri J.M. Benjamin
Chief Architect, C.P.W.D.

Government of India
New Delhi.
3 Professor M.K. Sarkar
Head
Department of Chemical Engineering
Indian Institute of Technology Delhi

4 Dr. S.P. Gupta
Deputy Secretary
Univarsity Grants Commission.
The Committee visited the Bombay University on 5th-6th September, 1977 and held discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Directorsi, Heads of the Departments, students etc. The Committee also went round the laboratory, library, workshop hostel and other facilities.

Background Information:
Department of Chemical Technology:
The Departme: nt of Chemical Technology offers
the following courses:

```
B.Sc. (Tech..)
B.Chem. (Engg.)
B. Pharn.
M.Sc. (Tech..)
M.Chem. (Engy.)
M. Pharm
Ph.D. (Tech..)
M.Sc. & Ph.D. (.ic.)
M.E. (Mech)(Plastic Engg.)
```

At present there are in all about 650 students and about 250 research scholars including candidates for postgraduate degrees. The Department is wellequipped for chemical and technological research. In addition to the Director, who is also a University Professor, the to aching and research staff consists of 17 Professors, 29 Readers, 15 Lecturers, 6 others and 27 Associate Lecturers and Demonstrators. In addition, there is a total of 124 skilled and unskilled supporting staff for the various laboratories of the Department.

## Sir J.J. College of Architecture:

Sir J.J. College of Architecture is situated in the Sir J.J. School of Ants Campus and is the oldest institution impart ting architectural education not only in India but also in the whole of Asia. The College was affiliated to the University of Bombay in 1952 for the $5 \frac{1}{2}$ years full-time course leading to the degree of BBachel or of Architecture. Since May 1973 the College has come under the management of the University of Bombay. Adhoc grants have been made available from University Funds to meet the immediate needs off the College. The library of the College has about 6700 books. The present facilities include a workshop with basic tools and equipment.

The main observations and recommendations of the committee are given as under:-

## 1 Department of Chemical Technology:

The committee was impressed with the amount and quality of work and activities and research programmes conducted in the various sections of the Dejartment. The seetions of the Deportment are also very active in R\&D and consultancy activities. This Department as it appears today is like an institution having enormous activities in various sections equivalent to full-fledged Departments.

The Committee observed that a lerge number of old and obsolete equipment not conducive to present day needs for instructional purposes are housed in different laboratorics. Though quite a few of them are still in working order and occasionally used for instructional purposes, the committee feels that gradual replacement of these by smaller (Labor toryscale size) and more advanced ones should be undertaken vith immediate effect.

In view of the very advanced level research work done by the Department, the committee feels that a number of costly and sophisticated instruments should be added to the Department as a contralised facility to facilitate the work of various advanced research groups that are already existing in the Department.

The proposal for starting a new 3-year 3.Sc. (Tech.) course in 'Rubber Technology' and for 2 year post-graduatc course in 'Plastics Engineering' may be deferred for the time bcing in view of inadequate preparations made by the Department in this direction.

## II Sir J.J. College of Architecture:

This college though the oldest one in the country for imparting educatior, in architecture has been languishing for some time for want of adequate support and funds. The college could not stort à regular postgradiate degree course or research and development activities though the need has been felt for a leng time. The committee wont round the institution and was satisfied that scope exists to expand the activities. Therefore, the committee supports the proposal of the
college to start a regular post-graduate degree course in 'Housing for Developing Countries' and of research for Housing and Environmental Sciences. The committee was informed that the courses for (i) part-time Diploma in Architecture and (ii) Diploma course in Town Planning are being progressively discontinued. The space thus ma de available should be suitably utilised to conduct the new post-graduate courses.

The committee observed that the College is situated in buildings which are le ased by the State Govt. and no additional constructions could be permitted on the existing campus. Efforts should be made to house the College of Architecture in a suitable locality at the new campus in Kalina where proper hostel accommodation both for boys and girls should be made available.

Lack of hostel accommodation is great handicap to the improver nt of the College. At present, the college has one hostel situated at Sandra which is ab ut 16 km . from tho college. The students therefore face under difficulties in reaching the college' as well as in using the college facilities e.g. studios, library etc. beyond the working hours.

Summary of the financial recommendations:
I Department of Chemical Ichnology:
A. Equipment
B. Audio-visual aids
C. Space
D. Books and Journals
E. Library Equipment
$\frac{\mathrm{Bs} ._{.}}{-}$
$32,85,000$
$1,00,000$
$1,00,000$
$4,00,000$
80,000

## Recurring:

Professor 2
Reader, 1
Others 3
etc.
$\frac{2,35,000}{-42,00,000}$

II Sir J.J. College of Architecture:

Books and Journals
3,50,000
Equipment
7,50,000
Recurring
Professor 1
Readers 2
Others

- etc:

$$
\frac{1,49^{\circ}, 000}{12,49,000}
$$

Grant Total (UGC share) Rs. 61.99 lakhs.
The Commission has made an allocation of inst 60 lakhs for the development pf Engineering. and Technology at Bombay University. A copy of the report of the committee is given as Annexure...

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.

## MNEXURE TO ITEM NO. 8

Report of the Fifth Plan Visiting Committee for the Department of Chemicel Technology and the Sir J.J. College of irchitecture, Bombay University.

The University Grants cormission appointed a Visiting Comattce to examine the Fifth Plan proposals of the Dupartment of Chemical Technology and Sir J.J. College of Architecturc, Bombay University. The Committec consisted of the following:-

1 Prof. D.K. Guha
Departmint of Chemical Engineoring
Indian Institutc of Technology
Kharagpur-2.
2 Shri J.M. Benjamin
Chief Architect, C.P.W.D.

Government of Incia No:, Delhi.

3 Prof. M.K. Sarkar
Head
Department of Chemical Engineering Incian Institute of Technology Dolhi.

4 Dr. S.P. Gupta
Deputy Secretary
University Grants Commission.
The Committee visited the Bombay University on 5-6th Soptember, 1977 and held discussions with the Vice-Chancellor, Directors, Heads of the Department, students ctc. The Committee also went round the laboratory, library, workshop, hostel and other facilities.

Backgr ound Information:
Dopartment of Chemical Tcchnology:
The Dopartment of Chemical Technology offers the following courses:
B.Sc. (Tech.)
B.Chem. (Eng.)
B. Pharm.
M. Sc. (Tech.)
M. Chem. (Eng.)
M. Charm.

Ph.D. (Tech.)
M. Sc. \& Pho. (Sc.)
M.E. (Mech.) (Plastics Eng.)

The B. Sc. (Tech.) course is of threc-year duration and is offered in 7 technologies viz. textile chemistry, food technology, technology of intermediates and dyes, technology of plastics, technology of paints, technology of oils, technology of pharmaceuticals and fine chemicals. The total number of seats in this course is 115 , out of which 39 seats are reserved for candidates from States other than Maharashtra. B. Chem. (Eng.) course is of 4 years duration with an annual intake of 60. The 3 . Pharm course is of threfeycar duration with an intake of 15 . The duration of the M.Sこ. (Tech.) course is 4 terms. The M. Chem. (Eng.) course is given partly by paper and partly by thesis. The duration of the course is again 4 terms. The M. Sc. (Tech.) in metallurgical engineering and M. Pharm. course are purely by research and are of 4 terms or 2 calendar years. The RE (Mech.) plastics engineering is of 2 year duration. The number of students admitted to the course is only 2 at present. For the Ph. D. (Tech,) degree the number of candidates to be admitted is 19 .

Qualified persons intending to proceed for the degree in the faculty of science by research work within the purview of the Department of Chemical Technology may also be admitted. No intake capacity is fixed for these degrees which depends on the availability of accommodation every year.

At present there are in all about 650 students and about 250 research scholars including candidates for postgraduate degrees. The Department is wellequipped for chemical: and technological research. In addition to the Director, who is also a University Professor, the teaching and. research staff consists of 17 Professors, 29 Readers, 15 Lecturers, 6 others and 27 Associate Lecturers and Demonstrators. In addition, there is a total of 124 skilled and unskilled supporting staff for the various laboratories of the Department.

The total number of stucients who have graduated since the foundation of the Department is nearly 3,535. In addition, about 275 scholars have obtainer, Ph. D. and about 635 the M. Sc. degrees by research in the faculties of technology and science from the Department. The staff and students of the Department have so far published about 1600 research papers. Numerous schemes of research have been sponsored by CSIR, ICMR, Bombay State Industries Research Committee, Department of Atomic Energy, PL 480, Indian Central Oil Seeds Committee and other Government organisations. The results of the investigations carried out in the Deportment have been of great value to the progress of industrics'in the country. 'The Departmont has done pioneering work in various fields of chemical technology and a dyestuff factory has been started based on the work carried out in these laboratories. The Department has attracted numerous endowments from individuals, corporations, industrial firms and grants from State and central Governments.

The Department of Chemical Technology was selected by the UGC as a Centre of Advanced Studies in Applied Chemistry with special reference to Polymers, Fibres and Dyes. The Centre started in October, 1964 and has produced some excellent work since then. The centre was included in the UNESCO Assistance Programme since 1965 and from 1970-75 it received assistance under the UK Govt. Assistance Programme. The Centre has been ranked as excellent by the Reviowing Committee of the UGC and financial support amounting to Rs. 20 lakhs has been granted for the Fifth Pl an period (Appendix-I). Recently the Ministry of Overseas Development UK has approved the proposal of the Centre for collboration with British Universities under the UndoBritish Universities Collaboration Programme.

The University! hostels at the site of the Deportment have accommodation at present for about 200 students.

## Sir J.J. College of Architecture:

Sir J.J. College of Architecture is situated in the Sir J.J. School of Arts Campus and is the oldest institution imparting architectural education not only in India but also in the whole of Asia. It was founcled in 1896 to of fer initially a
draftsmen course. The Government Diploma Examination in Architecture (GD Arch.) was held for the first time in 1923. The College was affiliated to the University of Bombay in 1952 for the $5 \frac{1}{3}$ years full-time course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Architecture. Since May, 1973 the College has come under the management of the University of Bombay. The syllabus leading to the B. (Arch.) degree was revised and reorganisation of staff has also taken place. Adhoc grants have been made available from University Funds to meet the immediate needs of the College. The library of the College has about 6700 books. The present facilities include a workshop with basic tools and equipment. However, there are no laboratory facilities having photographic, accoustical, climatology equipment and audio-visual aids.

The annual intake in the full-time B. (Arch.) degree course is 80 , while in the part-time diploma course in Architecture, it is 40 and in the parttime postgraduate diploma course in Town Planning it is 20. However, the part-time diploma courses are being cis -continued progressively. The staff consists of

Principal \& Professor 1
Professor of Architecture 5
Assistant Professor 7
Lecturer in Architecture 2
Lecturer in Sociology 1
Workshop Instructor 1
Workshop Assistant 2
Curator of Survey Instrument 1
Laboratory Assistant 1
Part-time Staff:
Professor 2
Lecturer Technical 5
Studio Assistant l
Studio Assistant • 9

## Fifth Plan Proposals:

The Commission has made an allocation of Rs. 60 lakhs for the Department of Technology and Sir J.J. College of Architecture. An amount of is. 10.50 lakhs for equipment and Rs. 3.92 lakhs for books and journals has been given as basic development grant within the Fifth Plan allocation. The University has sent Fifth Plan proposals involving an amount of Rs. 42 lakhs for the Department of Chemical Technology, Pis. 13 lakhs for the Sir J.J. College of Architecture. The proposals include consolidation and development of the departments and starting of new course i.e. B. Sc. (Tech.) course in Rubber Technology, Postgraduate course in Plastics Engineering and M. Arch. course in Housing in the developing countries.

## Observations \& Recommendations:

## I DEPRTRENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY:

The Committee was impressed with the amount and quality of work and activities and research programmes conducted in the various Sections of the Department. The Sections of the Department are also very active in R \& D and consultancy activities. This Department as it appears today is like an institution having enormous activities in various sections equivalent to full-fledged Departments. It is learnt that an earlier committee. had recommended conversion of the Department into a ful-freciged Institute of Chemical Technology, but the implementation of the recommendation was perhaps bogged down by legal and extra academic difficulties. The committee recommends that further efforts should be made in this respect. In view of the very useful work carried out in the various sections of the Department, the committee recommends that necessary stops may be initiated both at the University level as well as other appropriate quarters to give a new status to the present Department of Technology and designate this Departmont as an Institute of Chemical Technology.

The Committee observed that a large number of old and obsolete equipment not conducive to present day needs for instructional purposes are housed in different laboratories. Though quite a
few of them are still in working order and occasionally used for instructional purposes, the committee feels that gradual replacement of these by smaller (laboratory-scale size) and more advanced ones should be undertaken with immediate effect.
: It was felt by the committee that the laboratory practicals conducted in the technological discipline have become very expensive to run mainly because of high cost of contingent materials. Consequently, the quantum of practical instructions is on the decline which is of: some concern:

In view of the very aclvanced level research work done by the Department, the committee feels that a number of costly and sophisticated instrumeats should be added to the Department as a centralised facility to facilitate the work of various advanced research groups that are likely existing in the Department.

- The committee found that the M. Pharm. course. . . conducted in the Deportment is essentially by research and consequently tho output has been as low as loss than 5. This mode of training for Master's degree is outdated and the committee recommends that the M. Pharm. partly by papers and
partly by research as is followed in M. Chem. Engineering and similar courses.

The Committee noted that the existing farcilities for the storage of solvents required by all the sections of the Department is rather inadequate and the committee recommends that necessary steps for storing solvents with fireproof and explosion-prcoi arrangements be made available to the Department.

It was brought to the notice of the committee that the funds made available for books and journals and back volumes has also been rather inadequate for the research students and staff of the Department and that from restricted funds it has become extre mely difficult to procure books and journals and also maintain them which includes binding of back volumes.

The Committee also noted the absence of Xerox Copying Machine and reprographic facilities.
(Tech.) The proposal for starting in new 3-year B. Sc. year post-graduate course in 'Plastics Engineering' may be deferred for the time being in view of inadequate preparations made by the D.ortment in this direction.

The committee had a discussion with the student representatives and learnt about the inadequacy of various types of student amenities. Tine students were of the view that there should be more facilities for residential accommodation, library books under book bank scheme sports and common-room facilities etc. The committee thinks it desirable to recommend a hostel for the Unvinsity which may accommodate 100 students of the D. rtment of Chemical Technology, Sr J.J. College of Architecture otc.

## II SIR J.J. COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE:

This college though the oldest one in the country for imparting education in architecture has been languishing for some time for want of adequate support and funds. The college could not start a regular post-graduate degree course or research and development activities in housing though the need has been felt for a long time. The committee went round the institution and was satisfied that scope exists to expand the activities Therefore, the committee supports the proposal of the college to start a regular post-graduate degree course in 'Housing for Developing Countries' and of research for Housing and Environmental Sciences. The committee was informed that the courses for (i) E:ごt-time Diploma in Architecture and (ii') Diploma course in $T: A_{n}, \quad$ ny are being progressively discontinued. The space thus made available should be suitably utilised to conduct the new post-graduate courses.

The committee observed that the college is situated in buildings which are leased by the State Government and no additional constructions could be permitted on the existing campus (Appendix. II). Efforts should be made to house the college of Architecture in a suitable locality at the new campus in Salina where proper hostel accommodation both for boys and girls should be made available.

Meanwhile, it is recommended that the space available under Physics and Clicmistry Laboratories should be given over to the College of Architecture to take care of their immediate needs, particularly in connection with the space urgently needed for studios for senior under-graduate and post-graduate students.

The workshop is at present situated in a temporary building and much of the space is occupied by old and unnecessary equipment. This should be immediately disposed of so that this valuable space is made available for workshop purposes.

The committee also observed that there are no recreational facilities for students at the college. The canteen is at present serving the students of the several institutes on the campus and is extremely inadequate and also unhygenic. Efforts should be made for its improvement.

Lack of hostel accommodation is a great handicap to the improvement of the college. At prescind , the college has one hostel situated at Bandra which is about 16 km . from the college. The students therefore face undue difficulties in reaching the college as well as in using the college facilities cog. studios, library, etc: beyond the working hours.

The committee recommends that the sharing of the teaching load between the permanent faculty and the visiting faculty should be rationalised.

The committee recommends that the college should take advantage of Quality Improvement Programme conducted at the various Universities and I.I.T's for the improvement of the Faculty.

The committee also noticed that the library facilities are invade fate: the number of books and journals is insufficient and there are no facilities for documentation and reprography. The committee has recommended grants for augumentation of these facilities in the college.

Summary of the Financial recommendations:
I Department of Chemical Technology:

## Non-Recurring:

A. Equipment

$$
\underline{\mathrm{Rs}_{.}}
$$

B Audio-Visual aid, films, etc. 1,00,000
c. Space for Solvent Room
(fire-prcof, explosion-proof) 1,00,000
D. Library
a) Equipment for Documentation . 80,000
b) Books and Journals

4,00,000

## Recurring:

A. Staff:
a) Teaching

65,000
) Professor 2 (Process Eng. and Fermentation Tech.)

Reader 1 (Pharmacology/ Phytochemistry)
b) Technical 35,00n

Statistics 2 Draftsman 1
B. Working expenses $1,00,000$
C. Faculty Improvement Seminars etc. 35,000 Total RS.


II Sir J.J. College of Architecture:
Non-Recurring:
1 Books \& Journals
2 Equipment7.5
(a) Studio equipment
(b) audio-visual aids, slides etc.
c) documentation, reprography, photography
d) Workshop
e) building technology equipment
f) Accoustics, climatology, materials museum etc.

## Recurring:



$$
\text { Total - Bs. } 12.49 \text { lakhs }
$$

Research Fellowship 2
III. University Hostel for 100 students - Rs. 7.50 lakhs (UGC share (8) $50 \%$ )

Grand_Total (UGC shore) $三$ Rs. 61.99 lakhs
The committee wishes to place on record its sincere thanks to the Vice-Chancellor, Director, Principal and members of staff for the cooperation and assistance extended to it in the successful completion of its job.

Centre of advanced Sud dy in Applied Chemistry, Department of Chemical recinology. Bombay Univarsjaymth Plan Grants.

## NON-ANOUSK ${ }^{2}$

Equipment (including basic grant of tiv 2,00,000)
is. 120200000
Books and Journals (including grant of wal, 00:0,0)
is. $1,00,000$
Total:
480 $13.20,000$
EXCORTIG. ( in addition to existing allocation ) up to 31.3.1981。

1. academic Staff - additional one post of. a. . . . . . Grant to cover Professor: actual expenses
2. Two Research associates ( (iv, 700-1300) on salary plus admissible allowancesoActual as par axpenditore on posts fill $d_{0}$
3. Adm. G Technical Staff.
4. 'ŕraval.
5. Working expanses
6. seminars.
ks. 30,000 pea.
ts. 2,000 pot.
did $36,000 \mathrm{p}$ aa.


## Appendix II

Sir J.J. Collego of Architeciu:c, Bombay
Transfer of the - to the University of Bombay

GCVERNMENT OF RHHARASHTRA
Education Department
Res.lution No. JJC-1771/107023-K
Sachivalaya innexe, Bombay-32
Date 19th May, 1973.
READ:- Government letter, Education Department No. JJC-1771/107023-K, dated the 2Oth May, 1972.

Letter from the Registrar, Bombay University No. Aff./Rccog/13530 of 1972, dated the 25 th July, 1972.

Resolution, Education Doportment No. JJC-1771/ 107023-K dated 5th September, 1972.
D.O. letter No. JJC-1771/107023-K dated $28 \mathrm{t}_{11}$ September, 1972 from the Sccretary to Govt. Education Department, addressed to the Registrar, Bombay University.
D.O. letter No. 5067 datad 6th March, 1973, from the Registrar, University of Bombay.
D.O. letter No. JJC-1771/107023-K dated 27 th April, 1973 from Sccrctary, Education Dopartment addressed to the Registrar, Bombay University.

## RESOLUTION:

The gusstion of texansfer of the managoment of the Sir J.J. Coljege of architcetrire, Bombay to the University of Bombly was under considcration of Government for some time past. Government has now, in consultation with the Univorsity of Bombay, deciced to transfer the management of the Sir J.J. College of Architccture, Bombay with effoct from'21st May, 197', to the University of Bombay along with Degree course ̇. frehitecture; and the Diploma courses in Architcoture and Town Planning on the following torms:-

## 2. Accommodation for the collcqe:

The University shall, for the present, beloccupation of the present builcing of the college for a poriod
of three years in the first instance on lease on a nominal rent of is. $1 /-$ per annam. The maintenance of the building will continuo to be with the Building and Communications Department, as at present.

## 3. Property:

Other items including books, furniture, equipmel fixtures, fittings etc., comprising property of the said college should be reckoned wo. to agregate cos of various itcms af their original book value and should be entrusted to the University for the manage. mont poncing final trans for of the 'property' to it, on the condition that it should not be encumbered or alienate c by the University without prior approval o Govt.

## 4 Hostel hceomnodation:

The hostel of the Sir J.J. College of Architect located ot Kola Nagar, Brnc'ra (East) Bombay-5l will continue to remain. with. Government. . However, the. same number of seats as are being allotted to the students of the college of Architecture at present, shall continue to be placed by Govt. at the disposal of the University of Bombay for allotment to the students of the college.

5 Trans fer of staff: • .
The Director of Technical Education, Maharasht State, Bombay has already been requested ti ascertai: the willingness on otherwise of the staff (teaching as well as $\operatorname{dminstrative,~ministerial~and~class~IV)~}$ for the: dormant trans fer to the University of Bombay Pending exercise of option by the staff of the col.i.ge of irchicecture, Government is pleased to direct that the existing staff of the college (teaching, adminstrotave, ministerial and class IV) should be treated dj on temporary deputation to the University of Bomber on the terms and conditions, as mentioned in the for and: An accompanying this Resolution.

## 6 Hostel staff end contingencies:

The hostel stiff of the college as mentioned in Appendix ' $B$ ' and hostel 1 contingencies should be transferred to the establishment of the Director of Technical Education, Maharashtra State, Bombay
with effect from 2lst May, 1973. The provision for hostel staff and hostel contingencies existing in the current year's budget should hereinafter be operated by the Director of Technical Education, Maharashtra State, Bombay.

7 Consequent on the trans fer of the college to the Bombay University, Government is pleased to accord sanction to the payment of a grant of Rs. 3,50,000/- curing the current financial year to the University of Bombay as per details given below, so as to enable the University to meet the expenditure involved on account of maintenance of the college, purchase of deficit equipment and stationery, upgradation of the pay-scales of teaching staff, etc:
i) Maintenance grant 2,20,000/-
ii). Purchase of aciaitional • .
equipment 1,00,000/-
iii) Purchase of st-tionery 25,000/-
iv) Minor alterations and repairs to the college building.


The University shall also be allowed to retain the income of the college on account of tuition fees, book bank and other receipts, during the year 1973-74 and onwards.

8 Government scholarships which are at present open to the students of the college will continue to be paid by the Director of Technical Education, as in the case of other-non Government Technical Institutions.

9 The expenditure involved in the proposal should be debited to the head indicating below and should initially be from the advance of Rs. 3,50,000/sanctioned under Government Memorandum Finance Department No. CNF-1173/43/B-I coated 16-5-1973.
(i) Non-Plan:
"28-Education-E-Technical Education-Q-Grants-in-aid contributions etc.-Q-6-Grants to nonGovernment College of Architecture-Demand No. 52".
(ii) Plan:
:23-Education-E-Technical Education-W-Grants-in-aid-Contribution ctc-Q-5Schemes in the Five Year Plan-Q-5(4)
Grants to non-Government College of
Architecture-Demand No. 52".
10 A supplementary Demand for recoupment of the advance should be presented to the Legislature, at it's ensuing Session. The Director of Technical Education, Maharashtra State, Bombay should be requested to submit monthly statement of expenditur from out of the contingency Fund to the Accountant Gendral, Maharashtra, Bombay, the Finance Departmont and the Education Department.

11 This Resolution issues with the concurrence of the Finance Donortment, vide uso. No. 20173/ 673/F-6 dated 18-5-1973.

By order and in the name of the Governor of M:harashtra.

SC/- H. Gonsalves
Under Secretary to Government

## CON IDENTIAI

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMAISSION

Meeting:
Dated : 19th December, 77

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Item No. 9 : To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed to assess the development proposals of the Department of Pharmaceutical Scierices, Saugar University, Sagar during the Vth Five Year Plan.
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: The assess the proposals received from the Saugar University for the development of its Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences during the Fifth Five Year Plan period, the Comnission appointed a visiting committee consisting of the following:-

1 Prof. G.B. Singh
Department of Pharmaceutics
Institute of Technology
Banaras Hindu:University
Varanasi.
2. Prof. A.K. Dorle

Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences
Nagpur U niversity
Nagpur.
The Committee visited the Srugar University on 29 th -30 th September, 1977.

In June, 1976 the Commission invited proposals from the Saugar University for the development of its Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences during the Vth Five Year Plan. The University was requested to frame croposals withina ceiling ofRsl5 lakhs drawn in two priorities viz: 75\% under first priority and $25 \%$ under second priority. In June, 1977 the University submitted proposals involving an expenditure of Rs. $11,40,000 /$ under first priority and Rs.3,60,000/under second priority as detailed below :m

Ist Priority

Total $\quad$ - R̈s.11,40,000/-

IIPriority
1 Equipment :
2 Medicinal garden
. including Green House implements.
3 Books and Journals
Hs: 2,50,000/-
Rs. $\quad 10,000 /-$

Maintenance

| Rs. | $84,000 /-$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rs. | $16,000 /-$ |

Total
A copy of the report. of the Visiting Committee
is enclosed as Annexure. *
The general observations of the Visiting
Committee.are as. under:m.
1 From 1977-78 the University has introduced an admission test for admissions to B. Pharm courses. However, the Committee found that even a student who obtains. 3rd division in his higher secondary examination could juin B. Pharm course.
2: The University is not spending anything from its own resources on purchase of books and journals. The Committee feels that atleast the income from the admission test should be ploughed back into the development of the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences.
3 There is a communication gap between the teachers and the head of the department.
4 Only a few teachers are enģaged in active research work. It is desirable that the other teachers also be pursuaded to take interest in research work.
5. There is a lot of inbreeding in the departnent, so much so that at the level of readers/professors more than $90 \%$ posts have been filled in by persons from within the department.
6. The University should review the position of Science teachers in the department. It may be better if the teachers in science subjects are borne on the strength of the main science departments of the University.
7. Admissions to M. Pham.curse have been made just to fill the 20 seats available with the result that it has created many problems for the university regarding award of fellowships etc. It is desirable that. for. M. Pharm. c surse atleast, no student with • less than $60 \%$ marks in the degree course is admitted even if a few seats remain vacant. This is the practice at many other universities.
8. Library facilities are rather poor and there is urgent need for dalogue between the department and the central library to improve the library facilities.
9. Text books section of the Library needs to be strengthened.
10. The accommodation meant for students amenities should be used for the puroose for which it was meant.
11. In the system of examination, there is no relationship between the marks obtained by a stadent in theory and in sessionals. The examination system has been

- so much watered down that even if a student gets $30 \%$ marks in theory, he could have a general score of $60 \%$ by getting $90 \%$ in the sessionals. The Committee was informed that the system has come to this stage dide to persistent demands of students.

12. The syllabus of B.Pharm.course does not compare favourably with the syllabus adonted by other institutions conducting Pharmacy courses. There is urgent need to up-date the syllabus. In fact there was a demand to this effect even from the students.

The surmary of the financial recommendations of
the Committee is given below:

## Non-Recurring

1. Additional buildings ( including furnitüre)
2. Equipment Rs. 4.00 lakhs
3. Gas Plant

Rs. 0.75 lakhs
4. Library Books \& Journals

Rs. 2.00 lakhs Rocurring
i) Reader Two
ii) Technical Asstt. Two
iii) Technicians Two
iv) Van Driver One
v) Animal House keeper. One
vi) Mali One

viii)Seminars, Symposia etc.

Ps. 0.10 -do-
ix) Research Fellowships: Three at any given time. of Rs. 500/-p.m.

The report of the Visiting Committee is placed before the Comission for consideration.
$\dot{A} S(S A) / D S(C E)$

Ram:

Report of the Visiting Committee on fifth five year plan proposals of th? Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Sugar, Sugar.

To assess the proposals received from the University of Sugar for the development of its Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences during the fifth five year plan period, the UGC appointed a visiting Committee , consisting of the following:

1. Prof. G.B. Singh,

Department of Pharmaceutics,
Institute of Tectinology,
Banaras Hindu University,
Varanasi.
2. Prof. A.K. Dorle,

Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences,
University of Nagpur,
Nagpur.
3." Sheri B.R. Kwatra,

Assistant Secretary,
University Giants Commission,
Bahadurshah Zafar Marg,
New Di?hi.
The Committee visited Sugar University on 29 th-30ith September, 1977. It met the Vice-Chancellor, the Registrar, Head, other faculty members and students of the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences. The Committee also went round the department and saw the class-rooms, laboratories, workshop and the library. Members of the Committee also saw the hostels occupied by the students of the department of Pharmaceutical Sciences.

In June, 1976, the UGC invited proposals from the Sugar University for the development of its Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences during the fifth five year plan period. The diversity was requested to frame proposals within a ceiling of Rs. 15 lakhs drawn in two priorities viz. $75 \%$ under first priority and $25 \%$ under second priority. In June, 1977 the University submitted proposals involving an expenditure of Ps , $11,40,000 /-$ under first priority and FF. 3,60,000/-under second priority as detailed below:-

## I Priority

1. Additional buildings: furniture etc.
2. Equipment

Rs. $5,32,000 /-$

Rs. 3,00,000/-
3. Books \& Journals
4. Additional Staff

## II Priority

1. Equipment
2. Medicinal garden including
. Green House implements.
Rs. $10,000 /-$
3. Books \& Journals

Ais. $84,000 /-$
4. Maintenance

Ps. 2,50,000/-

Ps. $\quad 16,000 /-$

Ps. $84,000 /-$
is. $2,24,000 /-0.2$.
Rs. $11,40,000 /-$

Rs. 3,60,000/-
Total: Rs. $11,40,000 /-+$ Rs. $3,60,000 /-=$ Rs. $15,00,000 /-$ :
During the fourth five year plan (1972) the UGC on the recommendations of the AICT 3 approved the following grants for the development of postgraduate courses in Pharmacy at Sauger University:

Non-recurring:
(i) Building
(ii) Equipment
(iii )Books \& Journals
Recurring:
(i) Additional Staff
(ii) Supporting Staff
(iii) Maintenance
iv.) Scholarships (Total)
(v) Library
(vi) Research Work

Rs. 1,46,000/-
(later revised to Rs. 2.20 lakhs)

Ps. 2,20,000/-
Rs. $10,000 /-$

One Professor,
Two Readers and
two Lecturers
$15 \%$ expenditure on teaching staff.

As. $20,000 /-$
Rs. 1,20,000/-
Rs. $5,000 /-$
Rs. 3,000/-

Since the 'Thiversity got State Government's assuranse to maintain the above posts permanently after the nonavailability of Comissionss assistance at the end of five years in 1973 only, it decided to implement the above scheme from 1974-75 only i.e. first year of the fifth five year plan. Inspite of the fact. that the AICTE/ UGC had approved the above grants on the condition that the department would adrit only 10 students per annum to M. Pharm. Course, the University admitted 20 students in the very first year of the implementation of the scheme without providing the renuisite faci.lities.
A. s.tatement shawing the grants approved for the. . development of postgraduate courses in Pharmacy during 1972 but to be paid in fifth plan, the adhoc-sanctioned and paid during the fifth plan for equipment and books is enclosed as appendiy.

Background:- The teaching of pharmaceutical subjects was started by the Saufar University in July, 1952, under the department of Chemistry. The courses at first consisted of B.Sc.(Pass) derree with Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Industrial Chemistry and pure chemistry as main subjects followed by one year course leading oo B. Pharms. (Tech.).

In September, 1955, the AICTP recommended substantial grants for buildings and equipment and the department was recognised in November, 19.57 as a separate department providing facilities for a 3-year B. Pharm. degree course. Simultaneously, a two year M.Pharm. course was started and some students were also registered for the Ph.D. Frm July, 1964, a four year integrated course for B. Pharm. degree with higher secondary examination or its equivalent as the adraission cualification was introduced and the department was redesignated as Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences. The Scmester system of examination was also introduced but was discontinued,

The Scheme of M. Pham. Course included one examination at the end of first year and thesis in the final year. In the revised patiern, there are four papers and thesis with specialisation in one subject. Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical Chemistry or Phamacogony. The UGC has been providing assistance towards the award of studentships to all M.Pharm. students @ Rs. 250/- per month earlier now raised to Rs. $400 /-$ per month, who obtain $60 \%$ or more marks in B. Pharm. The existing courses with their intake capacities are shown below:-

1. B. Pharm. four year integrated degree course with minimun admission qualification as higher secondary with Physics, Chemistry, Mathenatics or Biology or equivalent or Diplona in Phamacy Preliminary or Part I examination recognised by the Pharmacy council of India. Intake-32.

- 

2. M. Pharm. Two year course after B.Pharm. Intake-20. The enrolment and out-turn of students during the last three years was as follows:

Admissions
(a) B. Pharm.

| Part I | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Part II | 32 | 34 | 29 |
| Part III | 31 | 30 | 34 |
| Part IV | 30 | 32 | 30 |

(b) M-Phom.

| (Previous) | $\cdot 10$ | 18 | 20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (Final) | 9 | 11 | 17 |

Out-Turn.
B. Prom.

| Part I | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part II | 32 | 32 | 34 |
| Part III | $\Xi 1$ | 31 | 30 |
| Part IV | 30 | 30 | 32 |
| M. Pharm. | $\ddots$ |  |  |
| (Previous) | 10 | $\ddots$ | 10 |
| (Final) | 10 | 9 | 20 |

The Students admitted to the B. Pharm. course during 1977-78 include 1' first divisioners, 11 second divisioners and 1 third Aivisioner. For M. Charm. course, the students admitted during 1976-77 include 13 first divisioners and 7 second divisioners. During 1977-78, 15 first divisioners and 5 second divisioners were admitted to the M.Paarm. course.

The sanctioned strength and the staff in position are as follows:

Post
Professors
Readers
Asstt. Professors

Sanctioned
2
5
8

In position
2
2
11 Three against the posts of Readers

Instructors
3
Under the scheme of development of postgraduate courses, the UGC had agreed to upgrade one of the two posts of. Readers to that of a Professor: However, the Committee was told that the State Government had not agreed to this. The University had advertised the posts of Readers and the three posts against which Assistant Professors are working at present, are likely to be filled in soon.

The faculty on the whole, is well qualified. Four persons hold doctorate degrees and two are registered for $\mathrm{Ph} . \mathrm{D}$.

Only three teachers are guiding research work. The Comittee feels that other members of the staff should also take active interest in research work. The departmont has no research project in hand at present.

Categorywise, the Committee feels that all the three sections viz. Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical Chemistry and Pharmacognosy should be headed by a Professor. This is necessary keeping in view the research work and the content of M. Pharm.courses, The Committee, therefore, strongly recommends that the University may again approach the State Govemment to clear the upgradation of the post of a Reader to that of a Professor already agreed to by the AICTE and the VG.

Moetin; with the Teachers: The teachers by and large appear to be satisfied. Some teachers pointed out that workshop $p$ and glass blowing facilities are needed. It was also mentioned that the departmental garden was earlier getting water supply from the Tube-well of the Botany department but the same had been disconnected on the ground that the UGC had provided funds for this purpose to Botany Department only. The Committee feels that water supply should be restored to the garden of the Drartment of Parmaceutical Sciences.

Some teachers pointed out that very few journals were being acquired by the department. The Committee feels that this is a serious situation as without latest journals, it would not be possible to keep the teachers up-to-date in their subjects. Gaits are being recommended for this purpose to enable the department purchase back numbers as well as current journals. It hopes that full use would be made of these journals.

## Meeting with the Students:

Ir: a meeting with the student 2 s, the students pointed out that they have to incur a lot of expenditure on their educational tours; there were no free boarding and lodging facilities during training programme, vol few recreation facilities etc. Tie major grievance of the students however, relates to nonavailability of Junior Fellowships of Rs. 400/-p.m. to those students who have secured less than $60 \%$ marks in B. Pharm. This is a peculiar pronlen with Phemacy Department, Sugar University as this is perhaps the only such department where even those students who secure less then $60 \%$ marks in B. Firm. are adm toed to M. Pharm. course. I\% the interest of acadeniostandards; the . . . Committee is not in favour of lowering the eligibil: ty condition of $60 \%$ marks in B. Pr. ra. towards Junior Fellowships for M. Pharm. Students, Moreover, lowering of eligibility condition at Sauger will have repercussions on Plamacy departments in other parts of the country.

## Fifth plan proposals and recommendations:

Te Demartment has at present, a total built up area of 34,300 sq.ft. However, due to lack of planning, the following facilities which every Parmacy depurtment is supposed to provide, need to be provided. immediately:

| 1. | Ascetic Zoom |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. | Library |
| 3. | Research Lobs. |
| 4. | Animal I use |
| 5. | Workshop |
| 6. | Seminar Room |

The Committee feels that by adding an additional accommodation of about $500 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{mts}$. and by making suitable adjustments within the existing area, the department will have sufficient accommodation to cater to the needs of undergraduate and postgraduate teaching and doctoral research programme. For this purpose, the Committee recommends an expenditure of is. 3 lakhs (including furniture, fittings and alterations) out of which the UGC's share will be Rs a 1.5 lakhs.

The Comittse has noted with concern that the equipment grants recommended during the fourth plan and basic grants given by the Commission during fifth. . . . . plan have not bach utilized so far: The Comilttee feels that many of the items need replacement and some additional itens considered essential for a department of Pharmaceutical Sciences need to be provided immediatell. For example Microscopes (with oil immersion lenses) Chemical Balances, Potentiometric Titration assembly, PH Maters, Fluorimeter, Lathe etc. need to be provided immediately. For research work the scholars and staff of the department should use the sophisticated instrurents in the central instrumentation facilities centre bring set up at the Sauger University.

The Department has well organised pharmaceutics section in which the research facilities are up to the standard. Another branch which is full of promise to grow is Pharmacognosy. The area around Sager abounds in medicinal plants and poor efforts have been made to exploit those resources for their potential medicinal use. The Chema-taxonimic study of such potential medicinal plants has been attempted and can be further expanded advantageously. The department deserves complement in research work in giving lead in this discipline. In order to further strengthen this discipline, the Comittec recommends that the following be provided for the systematic survey of the flora, its identification and further exploration as potential medicinal constituents.

1) mobil van with facilities for mobile Chemotoxanomic laboratory including a van driver and mobile laboratory facilities for which the non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 1 lakr, and recurring expenditure of Ps. 5000/-p.a. be proviced.

The Committee also noted with concern that the facilities for teaching Pharmacology have been unfortunately neglected by the Department. No qualified teacher of any category has beer appointed so far with specialization in this subject.

It is suggested that the University may ensure that some of the vacant-posts are filled in by persons having specialization in Pharmacology. In order to build up this discipline in the department, the Comittee recommends a
provision of $R S \cdot 50,000^{\prime} /$ for purchase of equipment in this subject.

So far in Pharmaceutical Chemistry, the emphasis has been only on the natural products. A survey of the pharmacopoed reveal that the natural products constitute only 10\% of the pharmocopocal monographs. Research in the area of evaluation of drugs and the synthetic approach which constitute a very import nt aspect of pharmaceutical chemistry also may be undertaken. A provision of RS. 1.00 la for equipment is recommended in order to bring up the facilities in this area.

The grants recommended by the committee for equipment are as follows :-

1) Pharmaceutics
2) Pharmacognosy

- Re 1.50 (including mobile
M. . Chemotoxanomy lab.)

3) Pharmocology

- Is. 0.50 lakh

4) Pharmaceutical

Chemistry

- Fr. 1.00. lakh (including fixt for ascetic rs
,
$\rightarrow$ -
- Lis. 1.00 lakh

Tatal-Rs. 4.00 lakhs

## Library.

The Library facilities in the department are very poor. The total number of books available are stated to be 2,500 and the number of journals being actually subscribed is mort negligible. since the library facilities and the. journals form the heart of any academic institution, immediate steps should be taken to strengthen libary facilities by purchasing more books, back number of journals and current journals. since books in Pharmacy are very costly and students cannot easily afford to buy them atleast five to six copies of each text book should be purchased and loaned to the students. The books purchased from the funds allocated to the department should be kept in a separate section meant for the staff and students of the department of Pharmacy. This may, however, be worked out by consultation between the university librarian and the head of the department. The Committee recommends and assistance of Rs. 2.00 lakhs for purchase of books and journals by the department.

## Staff:

The present staff pattern in the department is $2 P, 5 R$ and $8 L$ and 3 instructors. As already indicated the post of a reader has already been agreed to by the UGC to be converted into that of a professor. This should be got cleared from the state Government. With this, the number of readers in the department will remain four. The Committee feels that while each section should be headed by a professor, there should be two readers in Pharmaceutics and an additic nal, reader in Pharmaceutical analysis which is common subject at M. Pharm. examination. The three posts of instructors be upgraded to lecturers. The final staff strength in the department shall then be 3P (one each in Pharmaceutics, . Pharmacognosy and Pharmaceutical Chemistry) 6 Pone each in Pharmaceutics, Pharmo-Chemistry, Pharmacognosy, Pharmacology, Pharm. Engineering and Pharn. Analysis) and 11 L.

## Supporting Staff:

The Committee recon mends following additional supporting staff.
Technical assistant- 2

Technician - 2
Animal House Keepr - 1
Mani (for Drug Garden)...!

## Gas Plant:

The teaching and research work in the department is greatly handicapped for want of a continuous supply of Gas, as it is dependent upon the department of Chemistry for the supply of Gas. The committee recommends a provision of Rs. 75,000/- for installation of gas plant in the department

## Drug Garden:

The department has maintained a drug garden with a green house which is nearing completion. A provision of Rs. $30,000 /-\mathrm{p.a}$. is recommended for its further development.

Seminars, Symposia etc to be held at Sager or $t$, enable teachers attend at other place

Rs. 10,000/
(including contingency).
Research fellows -3 at any given (one in each branch). time.
p.t.o.

General observations:

1. From 1977m 78 the University has introduced an admission test for admission to B. Pharm. Courser. However, the Committee found that even a student who obtains third division in his higher secondary examination could join B. Pharn. Course.
2. The University is not spending anything from its own resources on purchase of books and journals. The Committee feels that atleast the income from the admission test should be ploughed back into the developant of the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences
3. There is a wide communication gap between the teachers and the head of the department.
4. only a few teachers are engaged in active research work. It is desirable that the other teachers also be pursuaded to take interest in research work.
5. There is a lot of inbreeding in the department, so much so that at the level of readers/professors more than $90 \%$ posts have been filled in ky persons from within. the department.
6. The University should review the position of science teachers in the department. It may be better if the teaches in science subjects are bore on the strength of the main science departments of the University.
7. Admissions to M. Pa rm. course have been made just to fill the 20 seats available with the result that it has created many problems for the university regarding award of fellowships etc. It is desirable that for M. Pharm. course atleast, no student with less than $60 \%$ marks in the degree course is admitted even if a few seats remain vacant. This is the practice at many other universities.
8. Library facilities are rather poor and there is urgent need for dialogue between the department and the central library to improve the library facilities.
9. Text books section of the Library needs to be strengthened.
10. The accommodation meant for students amenities should be used for the purpose for which which it was meant.
p.t.o.
11. In the system of examination, there is no relationship between the marks obtained by a student in theory and in sessionals. The examimtion system has been so much watered down that even if a student gets $30 \%$ narks in theory, he could have a general score of $60 \%$ by getting $90 \%$ in the sessionals. The conmittee was informed that the system has come to this stage due to persistent demands of students.
12. The syllabus of B. Pharm. course does not compare favourably with the syllabus adopted by other institutions conducting Pharmacy courses. There is urgent need to up-date the syllabus. In fact there was a demand to this effect even frum the students.
The summary of the financial recommendations of the. . . Comrittee is givon•below:
Non-recurring: U.G.C. Share.
(1) Additional buildings (including furniture)
R.. 1.50 lakhs
(2) Equipment
(3) G:s Plant
Rs. 4,00 Jakhs.
Rs. 0.75 "
(4) Libiary Books \& Journals
Recurring

| (i) | Reader | Two |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (ii) | Technical Asstt. Two |  |
| (iii) Technicians | Two |  |
| (iv) Van D iver | One |  |
| (v) | Animal House |  |
|  | keeper | One |
| (vi) Mali | Ore |  |

(vii) Maintenance of Drug Garden Rs.0.301akhs upto 31.3 .79
(viii)Seminars, Symposia atc. Fs.0.10 " "
(ix) Research Fellowships of ris. 500/-p.m. - Three at, any given time.
The grants requested for equipment, books \& journals are inclusive of the basic/adhoc grants approved/paid by the Commission during the fifth five year plan.
The Comittee is thankful to the Vice-Chancellor, the Registrar, the Head and other staff members of the department of Pharmaceutical sciences for their hospitality and-co-operation extendec. in iڭs work.

SAUGAR UNIVERSITY
STLTESENT/SPILL OVER FFOM IVTA PIAN TO VTH PLAN PERID


Development of Postgraduate
Course in harmacy.

| 1. Building | $2,20,000$ | $2,20,000$ | - | $2,20,00$ | $1,20,000$ | $1,00,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2. Equipment | $2,20,000$ | $2,20,000$ | - | $2,20,000$ | 25,000 | $1,95,000$ |
| 3. Library Books | 10,000 | 10,000 | - | 10,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| 4. Teaching Staff | $1,01,000$ p.a. | $1,01,000$ p.ar | $5,05,000$ | $1,25,000$ | $3,80,000$ |  |

bahoc grant paid to the University
for Equipments \& Library Books
during vth Plan Perind.

| 1. Equipment | $2,25,000$ | $2,25,000$ | - | - | 75,000 | $1,25,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Linrary Books | $84,0 r 0$ | $\cdot 84,000$ | - | - | 30,000 | 54,000 |

## CONFIDENTIAI

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION



Meeting:
Dated : 19th December, 1977

## Item No. 10: To consider the re?ort of the Visiting Committee appointel to assess the fifth plan proposals of the Faculty of Engineering and Technology, Annamalai University

To assess the froposals received from Annmmalai. Thivers 1 ty for the development of its faculty of Fhgineering and Tecmology during the Fifth Five Year Flan, the Commission set up a Visiting Committee consisting of the following:

1. Professor B.V. Panganathon

Department of Civil Engineering indion Institute of Scionce Bangalore.
2. Prof. V.S. Rajamoni

Department of 피ertric. 1 ingineering Indien Institute of Technolosy
Now Delhi.
3. Prof. L.R. Govil

Dep.irtment of Mechanical Fngineering
Institute of Techmology
Banares Hindu University
Varanasi.
4. Prof, Gopal Tripathi

Department of Uhemical Engineering
Institute of Tecanology
Banarns Hindu Universi ty
Varanasi.
The Committee visited the innamalai University on 29th30th July, 1977.

The innomiai thiversity wis reruested to send proposals within a ceiling of $\mathrm{R}, 75 \mathrm{I}$ akhs in two priorities i。e. 75\% under Ist priority and 25\% under 2nd priority. The University firsi submitted propos als worth Rs. 82.46 lakhs which were later revised at the time of the viait of the Comit ce. The report of the Visitins Comittee is enclosed as nnoxure**

The main observations of the committee are as follows:-

1. The University has a great handicap in getting matching funds to implement the schemes sanctioned by the UGC.
2. Against the approved intake of 180 students at the degree level ( 60 each in civil, Electrical and Mochanical Engineering) the college has been admitting more than 200 students every year during the last three years. In the department of Technology, more than 60 students are being admitted as against 45 rec mended by the AIOTE, Moreover, instead of assigning a specific branch to students at the very time of admission, the students are branched out into the fields in the third year only. This has resulted in pressures being put on the uni-versity fur more employment oriented branches and imbalances in the student teacher ratio of various departments.
3. The Committee is of the opinion that the total intake of students should be 180, 45 in each of the four
. . disciplines vizu Civil , electrical (including. Wectronios.) Mechanical and Chemical Engineering and the students should be assigned their branches at the time of admission.
ta There are a number of posts lying vacant for a period of more than five years, with the result that only about 65\% of the sanctioned strength has to carry the entire workload. Immediate steps should, therefore, be taken to fill up the vacant posts.
4. There is a lot of inbreeding as me: 3 than $90 \%$ of the faculty are either students of is faculty or joined, this facility as lecturers non then became Readers or Professors.
5. Degree course in electronics which has already been started may be approved.
6. The postgraduate course in Production mineering in the Department of Mechanical Engineering may bo started but without any addition of intake. Instead of the prevent postgraduate course in Heat Power Engineering admitting 10 students, the department should admit 5 students to each of the two post.graduate courses.
S. Faculty Traprovement Programme introduced by the UGC should be extended to teachers of Whgineering and Technology.
7. The University should france a comprehensive proposal for students welfare programmes and apply to the UGC for necessary assistance.
8. The maintenance of the buildings is very poor and needs urgent attention.
9. The department of Technology y should be redesignated as department of Chemical Engineering \& Technology and the sections in the Engineering Department be designated the as Civil, Mechanical \& Electric al an Electronics engineering $f$ fit would be in conformity kith the practice in other universities.

A Summary of the financial recommendations of the Committee is given below:-. .

Department Inst Purity II Priority
1 Department of Civil Rs, \&,00,000/- Rs, 2,10,000/Ing g.
Department of Rect.
Rs. $15,05,000 /-$ Rs. 2,50,000/-
The.
3 Department of Mech. Rs. $14,80,000 /-$ Rs. $4,45,000 /-$ Eng
4 Department of Chem. Rs. 12,50,000/- Rs. 3,30,000/tEnge.
5 Science and Humanities Rs. 2,00,600/- Rs. 65,000/Departments.
6 Bus \& Driver
Rs. 75,000/ -
7 Furniture for
Hostels
Rs. $1,00,000 /-$
cols

| Rs. $5,00,000 /-$ |
| :--- |
| Rs $_{0} 59: 80_{8}(000 /-$ |

The report of the Visiting Committee is placed before the Commission for consideration,

Report of the Visiting Committee on Fifth Five Year PI $n$ proposals of th. Faculty of Engineering and Technology, nnamplai University, Annemalainagar,

To examine the propose's received from An nama li University for the development of its faculty of engineering and Technology during the Fifth Five Yer Ply Period, the University Grants Commas sion set up a Visiting. Committee • • . consisting of the following members:-

1 Professor B, V. Panganathan
Department of Civil Winesring In ian Institute of Science Bangalore.

2 Professor V.S. Rejamani
Donstment of metrical Domineering
Indian Institute of Technology
New Down.
3 Processor L,R. Govil
Department of Mechanical mgineering
Institute of Tecinology
B nares Hindu University
Varanasi.
4 Professor Gown Tripathi
Department of Clerical Engineering
Institute of Technology
Bin res Hindu University
Varonasi.
5 Sheri B.R. Kwatra
Assistant Secretary
University Grants Comiasion
New Delhi.
The Committee visited the Annmalai University on 29-30th July, 1977. On 29th July the Committee met the Dean, Heads of departments, other teachers and students of the Faculty of engineering \& Technology and went round the class rooms, laboratories, workshops, library and students Hostels. On 30th July it also met the Vice Chancellor and Registrar, Annamal ai University and had final discussions with them.

In June, 1976 the Thrive. Sty Grants Commission had requested the Innamalai University to send proposals for the development of its Faculty of Engineering \& Technology during the fifth five year plan period to the extent of Rs. 75 lakhs divided into two pori reties viz, unto 75\% under the first priority and unto $25 \%$ under the second priority. In response
to this, the University submitted proposals involving an expenditure of hs. 82.46 lakhs - Rs. 60.90 lakhs under the first priority and Rs. 21.56 lakhs under the second priority as detailed below:-


A statement showing the spillover of various schemes approved during the earlier plans and the grants sanctioned and paid during the fifth five $y_{i} \mathrm{gr}$ plan is enclosed as Appenaix-1.

BACKGROUND:
The Annamalai miversity is a residential University. It is situated in Chidambaram down abort 250 kms 。 from Madras on the Madras Pameshwaram line. It was founded in 1929 by the munificence of the late Dr. Raja Sir Mma-malai Chettiar of Chettinad. The departments of Engineering and Technology were started in 1945. The University is also running
a Polytechnic named as Mithial Polytechnic. ill these constrtate the Faculty of Engineering and Technology. In 1961-62 the scheme of 5 -yea $r$ integrated degree courses in Civil, Electrical, Electronics, Mechanical and Chemical Engineering were introduced: Postgraduate courses were started as early as 19540 $\mathrm{M}_{0}$ Sc. degree by research was offered nd more than 30 candidates obtained degrees under this scheme. From 1963, two year postgraduate courses Leading to M. Sc, (Engineering) and M.E. (Chemo) degrees were started.

The student enrolment a nd out-turn during the last four years a $t$ degree a nd postgraduate levels were as follows:

Admissions
1973-74 1974:75 1975-76 1276-71

## I - higinecring

(a) Undergraduate 210213212
(b) Postgraduate

| Civil | 1 | 1 | 1 | $*$ ( $* 6$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| electrical | 7 | 2 | 4 | $*$ for all |
| Mechanical | 3 | 1 | 1 | the |
|  |  |  | three |  |
|  |  |  | branches) |  |

II Technology

| Undergraduate | 66 | 76 | 62 | 64 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Postgrarluate | 10 | 12 | 8 | 8 |

Out_thm
I Engineering
B.E. (Civil)
P. Z. (Elect
Elect tonics) $\quad 40 \quad \begin{array}{llllll}38 & 19 & 15 & 32 & 29 & 13\end{array}$

| B. T. ${ }^{+}$tonics) | (Mech.) | 49 | 43 | 38 | 26 | 18 | 17 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



II Technology

| Undergraduate | 79 | 76 | 61 | 54 | 60 | 57 | 54 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Postgraduate | 19 | 19 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 |  |

The minimum percentage of marks secured by the candidates admitted to the degree courses has been as follows:-

| Year_. | Bu R Genera | B. S, Chem |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Unto 1969-70 | $60 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| From 1970-71 to 1974-75 | $55 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| From 1975-76 onwards | $60 \%$ | $60 \%$ |

The number of research scholars including staff members registered for Ph. D. during 1973-75 were as follows:-

|  | 1973 |  | 1974 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Engineering | 2 |  | 4 |
| Technology | 1 | 1 | 3 |  |
|  | 1 |  | - |  |

No Ph. D. was awarded in Engineering or Technology during the last three years.

The University has no set policy to admit a specified number of students for various branches of the degree courses in Civil, 且ectricals and Flectronics and Mechanicol Engineering. The specialisation is decider? after the scone year and due to the large flexibility allowed to the students to choose a particular branch, great imbalance is created in the workload of teachers.

The po sition of staff sanctioner and the staff in position as on 1.7.1976 is as follows:-

Department $\quad \frac{\text { Sanction ad Strength }}{\mathrm{P} \frac{\mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{O}} \quad$| Staff in position |
| :--- |
| $\frac{\text { as on 1.7.1977 }}{\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{R} \frac{\mathrm{L}}{0}}$ |

Thgineering

| 1 | Civil | 6 | 6 | 15 | - |  | 3 | 5 | 8 | - |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | electrical | 2 | 5 | 8 | - | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | 11 | - |
| 3 | Mechanical | 3 | 8 | 12 | - | $\cdots$ | 2 | 5 | 8 | - |
| 4 | Physics | - | 2 | 3 | 2 |  | - | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 5 | Chemistry | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | - | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 6 | Mathematics | 1 | 2 | 5 | - |  | 7 | - | 5 | - |
| 7 | \#nglish | - | - | 1 | 3 |  | - | - | 1 | 1 |

> P.T.€.


Technology

| 1 | Chemical | 3 | 5 | 7 | - | 2 | 3 | 5 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Mechanical | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | ELectrical | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| 4 | Mathemntics | - | 7 | 2 | - | - | $\square$ | 2 | - |
| . 5 | Physi s. | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 6 | Chenistry |  | 2 | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | 2 | 1 |

Sone of the posts are understood to be lying vacant for the last more than five yea $r s$ : Moreover, more than $90 \%$ of the staff at the senior level joined this college as Lecturers.

The Department of Mechanical Engineering has some research projects in the ficll of solar merey, finsnced by tine Department of Science \& Technology, A. TUC 316 computer acquired by the University with the financial assistance provided by the $U, G, C$, is being installed in the Department of Flectrical Wingeering。

The proposals of the University for the development of various departments and the recomendations of the conmittee are as follows:

## General Remarks:

In this era of Science and Tor hr. ${ }^{7}$ ogy, $i \pm$ looks a little olld to designate welleestablishe disciplines like Civil, Mechanical, Electriceal end Flertiomijs Figineering as more sections and club then together i, 'y a Department of Enginearing. It is time that the University reorganized these disciplines into separate Departments, each Department heine headed by a Professor. The headship may also go by rotation among the Professors of the Department. It is Iso anamalous to designate tho Department giving degrees in Chenical Rogineering as Department of Technology. The Department ray nore appropriately be redesignated as Departmont of Chenic.al Thgineering and Technology, which will be in conformity with the practice in other universities.

The Departnent of Bngincering and the Department of Technology have their own independent faoilities of staf $f$ and laboratories otc. for the teachirg of the ancillary
subjects．This leads to duplication of facilities and wastage of funds．It is suggester that the staff attached to the Department of Tochologer in Vothematios，Physios，Chemistry Mochoical a ne Electrical phrineering，be tramerod to the corresponding sections in the Department of Engineering． Such a stop will rot only provide better opportunities of promotion for the staff but also help in raising tho standard of teaching．

## Intake：

It is seen that the intake of Undergraduate stuatents has been fluctuating between 153 to 192．The postgraduate strength is very poor．Looking to the prosont position as well the facilities available in the Departments and hostels the committee is of the opinion that the total intake of undergraduate students．shorld be 180， 45 in each of the four disciplines viz Civil，Mechanical，皿ectrical and Chemical Guginearing and they should be given their branches at the time of admission．This would enable the teachers to devote．more attention to the development of．postgraduate ．． courses and research while at the same time removing the imbalances in teaching loped，Special efforts have $t$ be made to make postgraduate courses more attractive．If the number of students in PoGoccurses is less then five， advisability of ramming such courses should be considered by the Universjuy．It is possible that other specialisations in the subject may attract students．

## Research Activity：

The research activity is hampered and has not attained significant stage primarily due to the heavy teaching load and the essential prerequisite for $t \geqslant$ departments to get seriously involved in research is to $k$ ing about a drastic reduction in tea－ching lad by filling up ？pp．existing vacancies and by recruiting a few more talented academic staff trained in identified research ai wee frontiers of knowledge，This is highly desirable in order to tone up the quality of teaching as well as to make the departments research centres capable of developing technology appropriate to improvise the material well－being of the becker rural environs in which the University is situated．It is also felt that the departments will then be in a position to meet the xquirments of the region through sponsored research and consultancy，

It is suggester that UoG．C．scales of pry in keeping with the recommended high acadomis norms should be implemented at the earliest in order to attract qualified ${ }^{\text {a }}$ competent faculty．Further tic creation of modern facilitios with the
financial inputs of U.G.C. will go a 1 mg way in attracting and st strinine well quale fified motivated and competent fackivo

## Department of Civil Engineering:

Deaderic Courses:
The Department of Civil Wherineering was the largest department for a long time from inception, 1945. The intake of undergraduate stulents in Civil Erie in 1945 was 57 cut of 100 for all the three branches of engineering, whereas currently it is 4.5 out of the total intake of 180 . It was tie first introduction postgraduate course in structural. - Etafinering "in 1953 "though' it was discontinued soon. In addition to reviving the postgraduate programme in structural engineering in 1964 in accordance with $\triangle I C T E$ recommendations, three more programs, namely (i) Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, (ii) Hydraulic engineering and (iii) Fulilic Health Figineering were also started. But these three programed were discontinuerl at different stages ( 7 batches in soil Mechanics ord Foundation Fagineering, 2 batches in Hydraulic Engineering and 1 batch in Public Health engineering) and the intake in structural mgineering was one student per butch owing to the decline in admission to postgraduate programmes in Civil Fhginecring probably because of greater employment opportunities relative to the smiler numbers graduating in Civil Engineering those days. However, since this general trend is already reversed $07 l$ over the co untry, every effort should be made to roving a $n$ reinvigorate these programmes introducing innovative modifications relevant to the regional and national needs.

Research Work:
The Department of Civil Wine $n_{c}$ ind undertaken research studies in both basic and app i.. fields. The major ficl? of research is: Structural Engineering centres round concrete-concrete technology, reinforced concrete shell struck + utes and prestressel concrete beams. idequ, te experimental facilities hive been establisher l for static tests' of concrete structures/structurel elements such as premstressing bed, self-straining loading franc, load and strain measuring Novices. There is, however, no facility whatsoever for dynamic tests. The research work in Hydraulic Engineering is in the find. of her Resources (surface and ground water) and some of the studies conducted are stochastic models for multistraz flows, stage discharge relations in reservoirs and rivers, and Markets approach for wet and dry days in imnam-lai Nagar. Soil stabilization using fly ash from

Neyveli Lignite Thermal Station an foundations in expansive solids are two research studies in the field of soil seinering which beano relevant to tine region c

## 2. Staff:

The staff position in the Department of Civil Engineering is as follows:-

Desimation \begin{tabular}{lccc}

| Post |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| sanctioned | \& | Staff |
| :--- |
| position | \& | Existing |
| :---: |
| vacancies | <br>

Professor \& 6 \& 3 \& 3 <br>
Realer \& 6 \& 5 \& 1 <br>
Lecturer \& 15 \& 8 \& 7
\end{tabular}

mong the sanctioned strength of 6 Professors, there had always been some vacuncy or other in the last decade - ant the pros ut, three. vaconcies.are. there. for over three. years. In order to bring this department to a prominent position, it is highly desirable to get those vacancies filler up with very competent and well. qualifiol acarlemics with doctorate degree $\mathrm{an}^{\prime}$ ? reputed research experience. The fiolds of specialisation could be among the following: (i) Soul Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, (ii) Building Science in? Housing Systems (iii) Weer Resource Engineering (iv) Structural Dynamics (v) environmental Engineering.

Among the posts of Readers, there is one vacancy. Since the strength of an essentinlly teaching department lies in the quality of men in this middle level, there is justified need to raise the strength of Readers to a minimum of 9 by sanctioning three aditionel posts. E orts are to be made to recmit four more energetic (enthusiastic) and bright acatomics with doctorate degree an roseamh publications. Based n the specialisations of the existing professors and Sealers, the existing one vacancy of Reader is identified for Soil Mechanics ant Found lion Engineering. Among the three allitionnl posts of Readers, one is identified for strengthening structural Engineering, another for Manning and architecture and the third post is to be filled up from among the following areas of specialisation Surveying, Estimating ar ? Technological Forecasting, Construction.
Technology, C: vil mgineoring system.
Seven post of Lecturers remain vacant over appreciable perio' causing heavy overload on the staff and hence th first comitment should be to get these vacancies filler up
to reduce the workload of the academic staff. Then it will be possible to create the conducive atomosphere for research work besides enatilng some to be spared under quality Improvemont rograme for acquiring doctoral degrees at Higher Institutes of Technology and science. While filling up the existing seven vacancies, attention may be given to permit
 System 3ginearing; Transportation $3 n$ engineering; Rock Mechanics: rater Resources mokneertng: environmental engineering including הleclogy it Industrial Structures; Bifitiag science and Technology.

Four staff members are registered for Phi $D_{0}$ degree cf the University. with the addition of modern facilities and recmituent of veld qualified senior faculty with reputed research experience; many mors; could be encouraged to do research leading. to tho $D_{0}$ conferments. To ensure positive. success of this programme, work load on a couple of staff members registered for Ph 。D, could be taken off completely so as to allow them full time for research, By activating tins programing, the research tempo of the department will also grow fast in addition to helping the faculty to grew.

## 3. Laboratory space:

The Committee felt that the laboratories are widely scattered and hence there should be rational regrouping of laboratories to make them more compact for effictort use and management. This process in itself will warrant additional space, Further the hydraulics laboratory is highly congested. Hence additional space of about $10,000 \mathrm{~s} \pi$. ft . would ba needed to achieve the above stated needs as well as to house now equipments. The additional space envisaged should include improved facilities such as store rooms, laboratory instruction, class rooms and toilets.

The drawing halls in the second floor of the main engineering college building have a. mstos roofing which have very poor thermal properties. These fils also serve as examination halls. Horne there is imperative need to replace them with flat roofs of ${ }^{\prime}$ adequate quality and thickness. To make the engineering college library serve effectively the present and projected needs of all the engineering departments, additional space contigens to the existing cecomes necessary. (Incidentally this library needs to be better managed with well qualified/tratned library assistants and helpers). There is also identified need to have at least one modern (well designed lecture hall fitted with projection and other facilities o serve the needs of special lectures and symposiac that will get organised in the engineering college.

The laboratories are equipped adequately for undergraduate instruction though additions and rolacements ars essential to up-date the graduate teaching, to kecp pace with the modern technology and to serve the needs of rescarch, Impor ant amory the addtetonal entipmente meeced are those for
 vibration plek-ups, multichannil rocorders, oscilloscopes etco In the field of hydraulics, modarn equipments such as pressure probes, sediment sanpler, tilting slumes, piectrical point gauges etc, are needed. A small wind tunnel wil be taseful in studies of fluid mechanies and wind effects of gousing systems. Modexn testing mechandes (UTM, Hardness and Impact Testing inachines) and sophietioated survey instrments are needed as replacements of their older counterparts, Anecuate financial support is to be mode availabio to develop and fabricate necessary experimental set-upsa.

## 5. Laboratory Supoorting staff:

The prosent levol of technical support being grossly Inadeauate, eight additional positions (draughtsman-I, skilled mechanics-3, laboratory technicien-1, laboratory helpers-3) are to be created. These positions are to be filled by open advertisement with personnel having ITI cualifications and adequate skivi and expertencr. Without this'support it wil. . . be difficult to improve the guality of experimental woria (instructional and resfarch work). Their servicos become necessary also to commission and maintain modern test facilities/ equipments proposed for addition.
6.

Starting Neq Courses - B. \&é (Civil) - Structural Zngneortr
The unanimous view of the committee is to stren rthen and consolidate the existing Bis. programmes in Civil, Mechanical and alectrical moineering and not to start new programmes as this may be unnecessary duplieation of courses already started elsephere in the country with no est : "ished national need. But specialisation/diversification witr..n the three existing branches could be made possible by offexing suitably planned electives in the prefinal and final yonw. If, howner, for any reason: ary excsption for this unamimous view is to be made, there is considerable force and justification in the arguments presented for starting the $B$. 3. programe in struciuxal Engineering. The specific reason, that the trained Civil $3 n g i n e e r i n g$ graduates (with spectalisation in structural Ingineering) will get better enipioyed in modern civil mgineering Industries; is auite valied. It is also to be pointed out that the programme envisages to better trajn them for Cent ral mgineering service examinetions. Honce the modified programme is recommended for serious trial.

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p t . o
$$

The following assistance would be required for the development of this department during the fifth plan:

## 1 groxtty <br> 



## Dexamiment of electrical 3oxneering:

## General:

The Department runs a Bachelor Degree course in
slectrical domineering with an anal average intake of about 30 to 40 students. It also runs a $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{Sc}$. course in Power systems with an annual average intake of 5. The staff position is as foll owes:-

Designation
Sanctioned Staci
Stein position
professor
1

Ruder 5
Lecturer 8
11

The Department has a laboratory space of $16,700 \mathrm{sc}$. $f t$. of which early $25 \%$ is verandah space not functionally useful.

Almost all the eleven lecturers in position at the moment have taken their degrees either at $\mathrm{N}_{\text {aster }}{ }^{\text {s }}$ level or at Bachelor:s level in Annamalai University itself. The only Reader has also had his degree from this Univerisity and had been promoted from lacturersinp. It can, thereforey bo sean that thers is onsiderable amount cesmopeding in the Dreartmerto
 contains tracitional subjects in Mackines and Eower sy stems besides electronics and circuits. The Masteres Degree cuurse is oriented towards power system.

## 

The Dopartment has one Professoris post and four Reader's posts lying vacant for more than 12 years it has been unable to attract paople with Docterai qualefeations mainiy on account of the low remuneration and non-implementation uf the Ur versity Grants Commission's scale of pay to the teachery of this University, Vary few of the staff members have registered for Loctoral Degmee on account of heavy academic load and lack of factilities. The publications-record of the academic staff is also poor.
-It is suggesited that the University or ants Cominssion's scale of pay be implemented immediately and ajl vacant posts be filled up by recuuting hishiy qualified poonie wisth poctorate Degree fron outside the University. Jough facilitips and opportunities shouid also be provid do the existing Faculty for obtaining their voctoral Degrees.

## Fhupmon wand Labor tory pactitics:

The condtee folt that the existing laboratory facilities of the Department are very much inadeauate to cope up wh th the demands imposed by the raptdly changing technology in the field of Dlectrical and Thectronics Engineering. While the equipments in the machines laboratory may be considered adequate and do not require supilime ing; the facilitios for
 wave laboratory and control laboratery sed to be very much ak jonted, kibile the deyartment has aske ? for a grant of Re. $5 / \mathrm{M}$ laks; the commitere feels ithat this grant should be
 ilotteg to First uriority items aid 2 lakhs for sacond oriority items.

Tr $\xlongequal[\text { Departiment has already started, ponding Univorsity }]{ }$ Grants Commission's a poval, Bachelor's Degree courses in

Blectronics and instrumentation with an annual intake of 30 students. The committee fe rs that the starting of such a course is desirable from the point of view of meeting the country's requirements of instrumentation engineers. while the importance of starting this new discipline from the point of view of the country's requirements is being recognised the
 at the uaderstaduate ipvei and hence the stadats graduating tn the course should be given a degree in electrical and ajectronic Engineering with the name of specialisation vico. Kiectrunic Instrumentation being mentioned in the degree certificate. The con nt tee also feels that the existing academic staff and the laboratory facilities are totally inadequate to meat the additional burbs of this new coarse undies the following staff having Doctoral aualittcations and mperixmee in moctrontos and Instrumentation area is sanctioned and filled up
Professor 1

Readers 2

Lecturers 3
The syllable for the subjects of this now programme should be drawn up by an expert committee involving persons from industries and other academic institutions of national importance.

To cater effectively to the reeds of the students in this programme it was felt that additional four space to the extent of 5000 sq. ft - be sanctioned so that the Instrumentation Ehoratory be located in it. It is also recommended that a not-recurring grant of $l$ 。 $5 l_{\text {ah }}$ in first priority be made available for buying new equipments for this laboratory.

Me Sc. Course in Control and In strumertation:
The Cominttee feels that the starting of this course with emphasis on control sis -ns is not desirable since a large namer of other institutions ire already turning nut siaduates in this area and employment opportunities of these graduates are int very satisfactory.

However, the committee felt that the Department should start bilildins the necessary infrastructure required for starting an $x_{0}$ sea level course in "Digital nicotronics and Instrumentation". The experience gained at the $B_{,} 3_{6}$ level by the starting of the course in abctronic Instrumentation can be used for this purpose. After acquiring the necessary expertise a proposal can be mad, by the Department for inclusion in the vi th Five Year plan.

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p . t . o_{0}
$$

Laboratory Space:
The Department has a total laborntory space of $16,700 \mathrm{sc}$. ft. out of which nearly $25 \%$ are varandah space and hence functionally useless. This leaves effectively a $l_{\text {aboratory }}$ space of nearly $12,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. which is considered insliffcient for admustay arommodatims eron the grtstars laboratories. An auditional ficoor space of 5000 se . fic to accommodate suitably the exfsting lavoratories is, therefore, recommended. It is also feit that the entire laboratory space should be under one roof to provide for eptimim utilisation of available equipments and also ta cater for effective supervision and control of other supporting technicai staff.

Summary of Recommendations:

| 1. | Additional staff | 1. Professor <br> 2 Reader <br> 3 Lecturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. | Audditional daboratory Floor-space | $\begin{aligned} 10, \text { cco sq. ft. } & (5000 \text { for existir } \\ & +50 \mathrm{co} \text { for } \\ & \text { Instrumentation } \\ & \text { Laboratory }) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $f$ P 2050. 1 1akhs as USC. above. |
| 111. | Quipments Grant (15 $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{a}} k h s$ ) | a) Pr. 10 lakhs ( 71 in the first prionity +2 in the second priority for the existing labs. |
|  |  | b) 5 lakhs (first priority) for Instrumentation $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{ab}}$. |
| IV. | Sminars, Symposia, Donferences etc. | P. 15,000/- |

## Deparsment of Mochanical Enginesce o Tecinoloxy:

This department has a sanctioned strength of 3 lerofessors; 8 readers and 12 lecturers, Against these, posts of 1 Professor: 3 readers and 4 leuwiwrs are vacant. It is necessary to fill up these posts in order to ease the load of the present staff, so that they can concentrate on research aind do justice with the teaching also.

The department feols several sister departments and it has itself 83 stucients in final year, 80 in pre-final and 111 in the third yoar. The out turn in $k_{s}$. curses has beon $6,4,4$ and 2 students in 1973, 1974, 1975 and 1976 rospectively.
p.t.o.

The response to $P . \hat{U}_{\text {. }}$ classes has not been enough. But this reflects on the job potentialities of the undergraduate students. The department is doing a good work with respect to research. It has produced a number of good papers in the field of solar energy utilisation and production engineering. It has also projects from $D_{n} S_{s} T_{7}$ and Ministry of Food and Acrasiture aid some private firms also. In order to do full justice to the undergraduate students not only the 8 vacant posts should be filled in but to give them a specialised training in production mgineering. It is suggested that at least 3 posts of teaching staff ide., 1 professor in Kachina Design and another Reader, in Production angneoring and 1 Lecturer in Industrial sintering be sanctioned.

The Department has got good laboratory but sone sections do not have even the standard equipment needed for common use/research like I.C. Engines Laboratory, Metrology lab. and Thebe machines lab. etc. The workshop has good equipment but lacks modern facilities. The postgraduate laboratory for Heat Power students is not equipped with modern equipment and instruments.

## 1. Ce manes Laboratory:

The equipment like Gas Chromotograph and a variable compression engine wi th electronic engine indicators and al so some instrumentation facilities are absolutely essential $L_{2}$ Hence a laboratory grant of $\mathrm{P}, 3$ lakhs may be sanctioned in order to fulfil the above needs.
production Laboratory/morkshop:
This hes got adequate facilities; yet, special modern machine like spark erosion: machine, gear hobbing, centreless grinder, welding equipment and necessary measuring instruments are very essential. The Foundry also needs renovation, In order to have minimum facilities in this new field of present day importance 2 sum of E:. 5 lakhs is recommended.

Turbomachines Liborawry:
It is desirable to have at least a wind tunnel with necessary equipment which may need about $\mathrm{R} \cdot 2 \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{a} k h s .}$. It should be used by Civil engineering department also.

## Metrology Laboratory:

This is on 2 of the most essential laboratories in these days. It has hardly any equipment worth mentioning, and needs completely to be rigged up. Airconditioning of this
p.t.o.
lab. will also be essential, and as such a grant of R. . 2. 5 lakhs will be sufficient to bring this in orders. Qthex laboratories like pefigenation and Atrconcitioning, steam laboratory mecnaaleal control laboratory, Heat transfer and solar Energy laboratory and Motallurifical laboratory may be exantec a sim of about p. 50,000 each thus bringing a trial of P. 2.5 lakhs for these five laboratories.

The Department of Mechanical Snsineering does not have a store-keeper (except for workshop)。 It is absolutely necessary to sanction at least one Assistant Storekeeper for the department in a Junior grade with a helping hand in the grade of a literate peon.

It is essential to have good Trochntians in the various fields. As such the following. Technicians may be . . - satictioned in the Junior grades only.

## Technicians:

IC ingines Laboratories 2
Production Laboratory/torkshop 2
Metrology Laboratory I
refrigeration and Airconditioning and Heat Transfer

1
solar merge Laboratory I

7 Nos.

Drawing Falls:

They are in a very bar situation on the first floor with asbestos robing without wei ne fans, It is really a very troublesome affair for the students especially in summer: it is excranely felt that before any $n=w$ building is conctioned at all for the college $\therefore$ must be renovated first with a puca roo and the ceiling fans must be provided.

## ESSt-graduate Courses:

Four candidates are registered for Ph. D. in Heat Lower mongering ard arodiction mognooring. Intake strength
 which on $y$ or less students are being admitted. The Departmerit may start c. Postgraduate course in Production engineering in addition to Heat power Engineering with an intake of 5 students in each ccirse.
p.t.o.

Books:
A sun of Ks. 1.5 lakhs in 1st Priority and Rs.0 lakhs in the and Priority may be sanctioned as this department feeds several sister departments.

The grants recommended for this department are as follows:


## Additional Staff:



## Department of Technology

While the Department of Engineering forms one part of the Faculty of Engineering $\&$ Technolgoy, the Department of Technology forms the second part. Both tho departments of Engineering and Technology have separate sections in Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and English.

The department of Technology whose main section is Chemical Engireering conducts courses for the B.E. and M.E. degrees in Chemical Engineering.

$$
\text { pot. } ? .
$$

The undergraduate course in Chenical Engineering, which was originally a four year course was changed into the five year Integrated course in 1961. The semester systen was introduced in 1970.

## Faculiys

The departhent of Technology has a sanctioned faculty strength of 3 Professors, 5 Readers and 7 Lecturcrs in Chemical Engineering. However, the prosent working strength is 2 Profossors, 3 Readers and 5 Lecturers. It is also found that none of the Readers holds a Ph.D. degree. Two of the Readers and all the five Lecturers are fron the Annamalai University holding M.Tech. degree. It is also observed that the posts of Reader in Mechanical Engineering and Mathematics have not been filled. Out of the two posti of Reader in Chemistry, only one has been filled. The teaching is being carried on by Lecturers in these subjects. In Physics, even the Lecturer's post has not been filled. The Physics and Chemistry Sections have also one Demonstrator cach. The total strength of teaching staff is 18 and that of the skdents is 329. The number of staff and students regiotered for Ph.D. is eight (8), of. whom. onc is due . to submit his thosis. It is observed that for the last three years no student has got Ph.D. in Engincering and Technology Faculty.

The faculty memers are also engaged in consultancy work and have taken up a number of industrial projects.

Curment areas of rosearch are Vaphur-Iiquid equilibria, Heat Transfer, Reaction Kinctics and Thermodynamies.

## Cnurscs:

The under-graduatc syllahus mentions four electives, nancly Petroleum Engineering, Fertilizer Tochnology, Nuclear Engineering, and Electrom Cherical Technology But the department has developed facilities only in Petroleum Engineering and Fertilizer Teshnolgy. However, the elective in Fertilizer Technology has been discontinued. Thus there is only one elective subject, Petroleun Engineering that is available at present. At the postgraduato lovel, the courses framed do not conform to the AICIE pattern, which provides for core and specialization. In place of specialization clectives have been prescribed. Only elective namely, Petrolcua Engineering is availabie, at present.
p.t.o.

## Building:

Some of the laboratorics of the Department of Technology are located at sone distance from the main boilding. It will be desirable to have those laboratorits within the main building. The departnent also requires additional building space for cstablishing laboratories in Frocess Dynamics and Control, Thermodynmics and Kinetics, Petroleum Engineering etc. Kecping all these requirements in view an additional building space of 10,000 sq.ft. is rocommended.

## Staff:

The faculty position in the Department is not very happy. Ore post of Professor; two posts of. • Reader ard two posts of Lecturer have been lying vacant. Immediate steps should be taken by the University to fill these posts. In recruiting staff for the vacant posts, suitability of the candidates for teaching the core subjects should be the guiding principle. Transport phenomena is an important area of study in Chemical Engincering and should be given due emphasis in the curriculum. One of the vacant posts of Reader nay be earmarked for this subject.

None of the Readers has a Research degree. Further all the Readers excopt one as well as all the Lecturers arc M.Tech. degrue holders of the Annanalai University. It would be desirable to avoid such a large scale in-breeding. Further, Readership is a senior post and the incumbent is expected to guide rescarch work and projects at the postgraduate $f$ and doctorate levcl. The ninimum essential qualification, therefore, for a Reador's post should be the Ph.D. degree.

The dopartment has put up a demand for additional faculty position, v : i. i) Reader in Petrochenical Engincering, ii) Jfor urer in Environmental Engineering, iii) Itecturer in Nuclear Engineering. To start a coursc in Nucloar Engineering with appropriate facilitics of laboratory etc. will require the permission of the Bhabha Atonic Research Centre. Environemtal Engineering at present is too nebulous a subject to be included, in the curriculua at the cost of more inportant subjucts.

The departisnt had been running an elective for five ycars in Fertilizer Technolog: at post-graduate level which has boen discontinued now. Development of facilities for elcotives takes time, money and effort and once developed, should not be given up easily.
p.t.o.

The Department will do well to concentrate on the conduct of not more than two electives. Petroleum Engineering is already being offered as an elective. The other elective may very well be Process Dynamics and control and system simulation and optimization techniques,

The Committee hence feels that teaching in
i) Petroleum Engineering, ii) Process Dynamics and Control and iii) Reaction Enginocring and Thermodynamics and Transport Phenomena should be strengthened and so recommends the sanction of three posts of Readers namely:
i) Reader in Fetrolcu: Engineering
ii) Reader in Process Dynamics and Control with Specialization in simulation and system analysis comprter aided design and otpimization.
iii) Reader in Reaction Engineering and Thermodynamics.

One of the vacant Reader's post may be advertised for specialization in Transport Phenomena. The readers
tEnts be well versed with recent advances in the subject. and modern trends of research activities in the respective areas and must have Ph.D. degree and research publication. Desirable qualification nay be Industrial experience 。

These new posts should, however, be released only after the University has filled all the vacant posts in the Departracnt. The two posts of Demonstrator in Physics and Chemistry Look anachronistic in a University nowadays end may bo upgraded to those of Lecturers and the present, incumbents, if appropriately qualified, may be considered for the lecturers posts.

The Committee also recon nos the following posts for the Process Control I oratory.

1. Instrument Technicians (Two)
2. Lab. Attendant

## Laboratory Equipment:

In order to strengthen the existing laboratories through replacement of old and obsolete equipment as well as purchase of additional equipment and also for establishing laboratories in Process Dynamics and Control, Instrumental Analysis, Petroleum and PetroChemicals and Thermodynamics and Kinetics, a sum of Rsol2 lakhs is recommended.
p.t.c.

The committee feels that the department should develop and consolidate its laboratory facilities for the existing core courses and electives before considering the introduction of new electives like Biochemical 1 Engineering. Efforts should be made to fabricate as many equipments as possible. . The following. grants abe recommended for this. . . department:

p.t.o.

The University has asked for grants for the development of Sciunce Departments both in the department of Engineering and the Department of
 college of Fneinocring and the Department of Technology. The Department of Mathematics in the - These of Engineering has submitted a proposal for starting a MaSc. course in Applied Mathematics. It looks odd that in the same faculty separate science and humanities departments should have to be maintained for Fnisnecring and Technology particularly when the two departments are less than 1 km . away from each other, The committee suggests that immediate steps should be taken to provide common facilities for these subjects to the students of Engineering and Technology. It would also be advantageous if the staff in these subjects is borne on the strength of the parent departments in the University which are also nearby. This would ensure facilities for teachers in these subjects to do research and postgraduate teaching. Most of the sophisticated items and equipment asked for by Physics and Chemistry departments. would be. really-usefral in the parent science departments and not in the faculty of Engineering and Technology. For strengthening undergraduate teaching of students of the facially of Engineering and Technology in Science add Humanj.ics subjects, the committee recommends the following assistance:

I Priority II Priority

1. Department of Chemistry

| Equipment |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Books \& Journals | 15,080 |
| $2,8: 880$ |  |

2. Department of Physics

Equipment
75,000
25,000
Books \& Journals5,000
3. Lepartinent of Mathematics

Books \& Journals
15,000
5,000
4. Department of English

Books 5,000
The above assistance may be used for science and humanities departments of both Engineering and Tuchnolney.

Muthiah Polytechnic:

The University has neither asked for nor the Committee recommends any grants for the Muthiah Polytechnic.

## Library

The Library of the faculty of engineering and technology is neither well equipped not well staffed with books and journals. However, the central library which is also nearby is being used by the students of faculty of negincering and technology. This library provjddoc reading seats and 24 research cubicals. The library remains oven from 10,00 a. in to $5,00 \dot{p}, \mathrm{~m}$. for 363 days in a year. On an average 230 students visit the library daily and about 30 to 100 books are issued everyday. Anrual budget of. the library is $\operatorname{Rs}$ :82,500: It has a staff strength of Librarian 1, Deputy Librarian 1, i.ssistant Librarian 1, and other 31. 11,167 books are available in the central library for engineering and technology.

With the grants recommended for library books and journals it is expected that a large number of copies of text books would be purchased and loaned to the students on long term basis. The control library would also le in a position to send one of the trained persons to work in the faculty library, the salary being met from within the provision of $5 \%$ allowed by the U.G.C. with tho library grants.

## Meeting with the Teachers:

A majority of tho teachers complained that there are practically no facilities for faculty improvement programe. This is particularly so because of the vacant posts in the university and the resultant extra workload of th. teachers. With the implementation of recomendatichs of this committee it is hoped that the workload of the teacherwowould be brought to an optimum level and they would be able to go for quality improvement programmes. There is also need for exposure of teachers to the latest developments in each field because Annamalai Nagar is a cut off place and the teachers do not get facilities to go to other places for attending seminars, symposia, etc. Grants are being recommended for this purpose and it is hoped that the teachers will not only be able to go to other places but it would be possible for the departinents to organise seminars, symposia, etc. by inviting experts from other places.

The UGC sales have not been fully implemented in Tamil Natl so far. This is a consistent dis-
satisfaction among the teachers. However, it is understood that the Tamil Nadu Government has already taken a decision to implement the U.G.C. scales and necessary orders would be issued shortly.

## Meeting with stucionts:

The members of the Committee also met students of the faculty of Engineering and Technology. The students put forth the following demands:

1. Lack of practical training facilities
2. Transport for going to industry
3. Now-Resident Sturent Centre
4. Kente shortage of hostel accommodation
5. Living room, furniture in hostels
6. Lack of funds in tho drawing halls
7. Need of changing the roofs of drawing halls
8. Educational tours.

The committee feels that most of tace demands are reasonable and justified and, therefore, efforts should be made to provide necessary facilities. Grants have been recommended separately for provision of funds and o banging. the roofs of drawing halls. For providing necessary fumitione in the students hostels, the $\cdots$. comititee recommends an amount of Rs. 1 lakh. An amount CI Rs, 75,000 is also recommended as Cominission's $50 \%$ share for the purchase of a bus and salary of driver during the Fifth Five Year Plan. Since some rooms of the students hostels are occupied by as mare as 8 students and there is acute shortage of accommodation even in Chidambaran Town, there is urgent need for the constimetion of an additional hostel for students. The Comittee rocomencls a grant of Rs. 5 lakhs as UGC share for this purpose.

## General Observa+ions/Recomm nations

1. The University has a great handicap in getting matcining funds to implement the schemes sanctioned by the UGC.
2. Against the approved intake of 180 students at the degree level ( 60 each in civil, Electrical and Mechanical Engineering), the college has been admitting more than 200 students every year during the last three $y \in a r s$. In the department of technology, more thar. 60 students are being admitted as against 45 recommended by the AICTE. Moreover, instead of assigning a specific branch tn students at the -ry time of admission, students
are wienched out into three ficlds
in the third year only. This has rosultod in pressures being put on the university for more cmployment oriented branehes and imbalances in the stuient teacher ratio of various dopartments.
3. The cominittee is of the opinion that the total intake of stucents should be 180, 45 in each of the four disciplines viz., Civil, Electrical, Mochenical and Chomical Enginecring and the students should be assigned their branches at the time of admission.
4. There are a numer of posts lying vacant for a period of more than five years, with the result that only about $6 \%$ of the sanctioned stricrigth has to carry the entire workload. Immediate steps should, therefore, be taken to fill up the vacant posts.
5. There is a lot of inbreeding as nore than $90 \%$ of the faculty are either students of this faculty or joined this faculty as lecturers and then become Readers and Professors.
6. Degree coursc in Electronics which has already been started may be approved with an intake of 30 students.
7. The postgraduate course in Production engincoring in the Departincnt of Mechanical Engineering may be started but without any addition of intake. Instead of the prescnt postgraduate coursc in Heat Power Engineering admitting 10 students, the department should adnit 5 students to cach of the two postgraduate courscs.
8. Faculty improviment prosamme introduced by the UGC sholi? d be extended to teachers of Engintering and Technologr
9. There is an acute shortagc of water supply on the campus.
10. Scicnce teaching of undergraduate sturents of Engineering \& Technology needs complete reorganisetion.
11. The Jniversity should frame a comprehensive proposel for students welfare programmes and. apply to the UGC for necessary assistance.
p.t.o.
12. The maintenance of the buildings is very poor and needs urgent attention.
13. The department of Technology should be redesignated as department of Chemical Engineering \& Technology and the Sections in Eng Dept. be designated as depts of Civil, Mech. Electrical and Electronic Ene. . This would be in conformity with the practice in other universities.

## GRANTS RECOMMENDED (in lacs of Rs.)




## STAFF



The grants recomencled for equipment and books are inclusive of the basic and ad hoc grants already approved/paid by the Comission during the Fifth Five Year Plan.

The Committee is thankful to the ViceChancellor, the Registrar, the Dean, and other staff members of the faculty of Engineering \& Technology, Annamalai University for their hospitality and cooperation extended in its work.

1. Professor B.V. Fianganathen

Sd/-
2. Professor V.S. Rajanani

Sd/-
3. Professor L.R. Govil Sd/-
4. Professor Gopal Mripathi

Sd/-
F: Sheri B:R: Kwatra• •
$\mathrm{Sc} /-$

## ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY



Muthiah Polytechnic purchase of Library Books \& furniture.
Const. of Building and additional facilities for U.G. and P:G: course in . . Eng g. and Technology Cont. of building for P.G. course in Civil and Mechanical Eng g.
P.C. course in Eng. $4,00,000 /-1,00,000 /-3,00,000 /-2,30,000 /-$ and Technology purchase of Equipmont.
P.G. course in Eng. $3,20,000 /-1,00,000 /-2,20,000 /-1,10,000 /-$ \& Technology staff and Maintenance.
$V$ Plan Grant $\underset{\text { Equip- }}{\text { Rent }} 11,00,000 /-\quad$ - $\quad 7,50,000 /-$ mont Books
Basic grant Equipmont.
Books
P.G. course in

Chemical Engg. purchase of Equipme: 1; (F.7-1/68(T)
P.G. course in Chemical Erg. (staff \& maintenance) (E.7-1/69 (T)
$6,99,550 /-4,66,000 /-2,33,550 /-2,25,000 /-$
$4,23,430 /-2,60,000 /-1,63,430 /-1,60,000 /-$

2,20,780/-2,00,000/- $20,780 /-\quad 5,000 /-$ 4,13,000/- - 2,76,000/-2,00,000/- - $1,00,000 /-$ 50,000/- - $50,000 /=$ $1,80,000 /-1,5 \cup, 000 /-30,000 /-30,000 /-$

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63,380 /-\quad-\quad 63,380 /-\quad 63,380 /-
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\text { F. } 1-1 / 09(1)
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12,76,000 /-10,31,140 /-19,99,380 /-
$$

## CONF IDENTIAL

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMAS ION

Meeting:
Dated : December 19, 1977.

> Item No.zl To consider the report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the Commission for assessing the developmental needs of the Faculty of Engineering \& Technology, Aligarh Muslim University, during the Fifth Five Year Plan.
. . . The Commission constituted ra Visiting Committee to . . . . examine the needs for development of teaching and research in Engineering \& Technology at the Zakir Hussain College of Engineering \& Technology as also the University Polytechnic and Women's Polytechnic, Aligarh Muslim University during the Fifth Five Year Plan. This Committee visited the University during luth - 16th July, 1977 and held discussions with the staff, students, Vice-Chancellor, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Dean and Principals of the College and Polytechnic. The Vice-Chancellor presented before the Committee some of the urgent problems of these institutions.

The report of the Visiting Committee prepared in conformity with the Commission's guidelines is given in
Annexure The main recommendations of the Committee department-wise in particular reference to the urgent needs for improving the functioning of the various departments are as below:

## 1. Department of Civil Engineering:

(1) The Department has proposed diversification at unciergraduate level which have not been clearly identified. These should be Structural Engineering, Hydraulic Enginering, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Public Health, Engineering and Advanced Surveying and Photogrammetry. Subjects, 3 in each group, should be selected for diversification.
(2) The pro-osal of the University to bring about rationalisation and consolidation of courses has been welcomed but subjects like Architecture and Tow Planning, Building Planning should be dropped in order to accommodate more relevant subjects as indicated by the Committee. The Committee has not supported postgraduate courses in underground structures including ground-water hydrology and oil
p.t.o.
field development as there are several subjects proposed by the university which can adequately take care of these activities in the fields of Structural Engineering, Hydraulic Engineering, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering. These fields should be the major fields of activities at the postgraduate level for the university for several years to come.
(3) The existing postgraduate courses of building engineering should be reorganised by offering courses coming within the ambit of Structural Engineering, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering.

## 2. Department of Mechanical Engineering:

(1) In order to rationalise and consolidate the teaching, the heat power and industrial engineering postgraduate courses should be bifurcated and postgraduate courses may be offered in 4 streams - Heat Power (Thermal), Heat Power (Turbo matter), Industrial Engineering and Machine Design. The changes can be offered with least expenditure. The undergraduate laboratories need renovation and many obsolete and archaic pieces of equipment need to be discarded and new equipment substituted.
(2) The workshop which is a central facility is in a very poor shape and has to be reorganised by attaching to the Mechanical Engineering Department which will also help the Industrial Engineering course.
(3) There is not much research or development work in this department except in Fluid Mechanics and Design and Dynamics. These areas need strengthening. In order to bring real life experience to the students, the department may invite experts in industry to lecture to the students on the problems of production. The design and development. cell, fluid mechanics laboratory and the design and dynamics area needs strengthening.

## 3. Department of Electrical Engineering:

It is essential to bear in mind that proliferation of cours s are detrimental to the interests of both student: and teac rs. Fewer courses covering basic material with typical modern applications must be planned. A heartening feature of the department is the absence of infighting or rancour amongst the colleagues and inputs given will, therefore, achieve better results. Though the original undergraduate programme was biased heavily fomelectrical power engineering, the present programme has a fair content of light current engineering and the postgraduate programme are in 3 areas of control, instrumentation and power system:
p.t. o.

## 4. Department of Chemical Enaineering:

(1) The Committee supports the new broad-based undergraduate programme in Chemical Engineering introduced by the university but the annual intake should be restricted to 30 to begin with. Professor Guha of the IIT, Kharagpur has drawn up a model syllabus, with course schedule and also norms for staff requirements and space requirements for consideration of the university authorities (the

- Vice-Chancellor had made a specific request to the Committee to help the university by doing this). The relevant details are given in Appendix-III to $V$.
(2). The Committee has welcomed the proposal to start Petroleum Technology course with financial support from the U.A.E. However, the Committee has suggested that the starting of such courses should be deferred till such time when the funds are actually received by the university authorities and the programmes in this sector should be directed more towards Petroleum Refining and Petrochemicals production than to Petroleum Reservoir Engineering. Proposals of the university should be scrutinized by a Committee including the organisations in the field like Indian Institute of Petroleum, Dehra Dun, Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, Indian Petrochemicals Corporation Itd., Fertiliser Corporation of India, Bharat Refineries, Representatives of Chemical Engineering Departments of two of the IITs and representative of the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals as proper co-ordination is very much required while launching such a programme which should be related to the national needs.
- (3) The modernisation of the workshop of the Engineering Colleges has to be completed expeditiously. The Committee noted that this work has been tiken on hand by the university authorities.
(4) Since the programmes drawn up for the Women's Polytechnici were considered inadequate by the Committee, it was suggested to the university that a programme with in Rs.5.00 lakhs may be drawn up for consideration of the Commission.
(5) The Committee has brought to the notice of the universi- : authorities the functioning of the Principal of the Ccalege of Engincering and the Dean of the Faculty of Engineering \& Technology. It was indicated that the present practice was not considered a good arrangement and the Committee felt that it would be useful if the university authoritaes could review the position which will help in implementing the programes suggested more expeditiously.
p.t.o.

The financial implications of the recommendations are as below:

Inst Phase nd Phase
(Rupees in. lakhs)

1. Spill over programmes ... 19.33
2. Department of Civil ... 19.30 6.10 Engineering.
3. Department of Mechanical ... 25.87 7.50 Engineering
4. Department of Electrical ... 19.60 2.90 Engineering
5. Department of Chemical ... 13.28 3.22 Engineering
6. Department of Applied : ... 2.38 0.50
-Sciences - Physics . Section


Including spill over, the first phase of the programme without taking into account the fellowships and postgraduate scholarships would cost Rs. 145.11 lakhs and the second phase Rs. 31. 12 lakhs against the total allocation of Rs. 150. OC lakhs.

The matier is placed before the Commission for consideration.

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION



Report of the Visiting Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission for examining the development needs of the Zakir Hussain College of Engineering \& Technology along with the needs of the University Polytechnic and Polytechnic if or Women during the Fifth Five Year Plan.

The University Grants Commission appointed a
Visiting Committee for examination and assessment of the requirements for development of teaching and research in Engineering \& Technology at the Aligarh Muslim University for the Fifth Five Year Plan with the following members:
1.' • Professor' D. K. 'Gula;

Department of Chemical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur.
2. Professor S. Venkateswaran, Department of Electrical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur.
3. Professor P.K. Som Department of Civil Engineering, Jadavpur University, Calcutta-32.
4. ; Professor P. Srinivasan, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.

## Officers of the Commission:

5. Dr. S.K. Dasgupta, Joint Secretary.
6. Shri M. P. Balakrishnan, Deputy Secretary.
7. The commission had invited proposals from the uṅversil, within an allocation of Rs. 150.00 lakhs excluding postgraduate scholarships. In its letter No. F. 30-4/76(T) dated 15th June, 1976, the Commission requested the University authorities to prepare its Fifth Plan proposal: for development of teaching and research in Engineering and Technology covering undergraduate and postgraduate courses within an allocation of Rs.150.00 lakhs keeping the following guidelines:
p. t. o.
2.1 "The main thrust for the development of the undergraduate courses in the plan should be on consolidation and development of the existing courses including. improvement of laboratory facilities and faculty development. Within the total sanctioned intake, there should be flexibility for introducing diversified courses provided necessary facilities are available and no major appointment of additional teachers is involved. New courses should be provided only after taking into consideration the need for such a course, the training facilities already available and the employment potential. No provision may be made for additional intake."
2.2 "As regards postgraduate courses, fuller utilisation of the existing facilities has to be ensured. If a

- particular course is not -attracting the students; such courses may be recommended to be discontinued. The requirement of introducing postgraduate courses should be determined on the basis of national needs and special needs of the region. An attempt should be made to see that courses on the same specialisation are not repeated by all the Engineering Institutions of the universities within the same State."
2.3 "While suggesting appointment of new teaching staff, a clear indication of area of specialisation needs to be given.
2.4 It should be the general approach of institutions to create central facilities in collaboration with Science Departments so that costly and sophisticated instruments and equipment are fully utilised by all the departments of the. Institute and are properly maintained with the help of suitably trained personnel. For this, it would be necessary for the universities to take an integrated view of the undergraduate and postgraduate courses as well as of the facilities available fo other Science Departments while preparing the development plans."
2.5 "The requirements and facilities for part-time diploma course for diploma holders in engineering and technology may also be examined on the merits of such cases."
2.6 The university was further advised to send its proposá.s within Rs. 150.00 lakhs in two priorities $75 \%$ un ir the first priority and $25 \%$ under the second priority. The university was also advised that the programmes to be covered within Rsol50.00 lakhs may not include the funds to be provided for award of postgraduate scholarships against approved intake for which funds would be provided separately.
pot. o.
2.7 The university was also required to send a statement indicating the amount payable to it by the Commission for the schemes sanctioned in the earlier plans, the funds for the completion of which could not be paid or drawn before Ist April, 1974.

3. The University accordingly drew up its proposals for development during the Fifth Five Year Plan covering the Zakir Hussain College of Encineering \& Technology, the University Polytechnic and the Women's Polytechnic. In the rase of Zakir Hussain College of Engincoring \& Technology, the proposals of the University included those of the Departments of Civil, Engincering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical EngineerEng and Chomical
Engineering as also the science dopartments and for other . .facilities。. .
3.1 The development proposals of the university polytechnic covered the needs of Civil, Electrical, Mechonical, Electronics and Tele-communication Enginecring Departments as also the development of its workshops and tools.

In the case of the Women's Polytechnic the development proposals submitte: by the University included all the programmes for developing its various departments with a view to consolideting them and also modernising the existing facilities and for development/certain new courses. It was noted that the programmes of the Women's Polytechnic were olso receiving assistance from the Government of India separately.
3.2 A summary of the proposals received from the university for consideration of the Commission is given in Appendix-I.
4. The Committee which visited the university during l4th - 16th July, 1977 visited all the departments, held discussions with the staff, students, Vice-Chancellor, Pro-Vice-Chancellor: Dean and Principals of the College and Polytechnic before undertaking the visits and after completing the discussions and visits to the departments, the Committee had also a final round of talks with the Vice-Chancellor, Pro-Vice-Chnncellor as also the Principals Dean of the Enginecring College as well as the Polytechnic.
5. T.e university authorities wanted the Committee to . particularly take note of the difficulties faced by the university and the past neglect in respect of the development of engineering and technology sectors of the university ir: the Third and Fourth Five Year Plans. While noting that the ceiling allocations for enginecring and
p.t.o.
technology would be only Rs. 150.00 lakhs it was suggested by the university authorities that the entire programme that would be recommended need not be show as first and second priority as suggested by the UGC and the university may be sanctioned a programme at least for Rs. 150.00 lakhs excluding spill over in an attempt to telescope its development needs, which were not fully taken into account in the earlier plans. The Vice-Chancellor particularly invited the attention of the Committee to the fact that for the development of engineering and technology, the assistance received from the UGC during 1957-71 had been very meagre. According to the figures quoted by the university authorities, only a sum of Ps. 18.00 lakhs were paid to the university during the 14 years intervening between 1957 and 1971. The University authorities and the Vice-Chancellor in particular wanted the Committee to take note of this, while making allocations for the various programmes.
3.1. The university authorities further'requested the. • Committee to make its recommendations regarding development of courses in Petroleum Technology for which some foreign assistance has also been committed and in this connection a suggestion was made that the assistance from the UGC may be for the undergraduate courses of Chemical Engineering and the development of postgraduate courses in Chemical Engineering in the Petroleum Technology area could be expected from the U.A.E. Some uncertaintity was, however, expressed in getting the same level of assistance which was previously expected for this purpose. It was further suggested that some assistance would be required from the UGC for this sector, too by way of seed provision for the development of Petroleum Technology course.
6. The Committee had a meeting among the members themselves to decide how it would assess the work and allocate the available resources among the various departments and units. It was noted that the spill over amount as indicated by the university came to Rs.19, 415 lakhs. (Appendix-II). The university subsequently has informed that the actual spill over would work out only to Rs.14.40 lakhs and a sum of Rs, 4.93 lakhs incurred by the university for purchase of imported equipment may be adjusted against Fifth Five Year Plan grant of UGC and the sam may be paid to the Ministry of Education. With this, th " total spill over amount would come to Rs.14.4C lakhs plus Rs. 4.93 lakhs amounting to Rs. 19.33 lakhs. The Committee, however, suggests that the figures supplied by the university may be reconciled by the UGC while making the financial sanction to the university.
6.1 The Committee thereafter' considered the development requirements of various departments for the current plan after detailed discussions with the faculty members.
7. Department of Civil Engineoring:

### 7.1 Present Status: Intake:

It was noted that at the undergraduate level the department has a sanctioned intake of 60 students. The average for the last four years show that the actual intake has been to the tune of 100 . At the master's level in the field of Hydraulic structure as against a sanctioned intake of 6, the actual intake has been 11 and for building.
-engineering against a sanctioned intake of lo the average intake has been 17.

### 7.2 Faculty:

The Committee further noted that against the sanctioned posts of teachers, the teachers in position have been as below:

| Category | Sanctioned | Actual in <br> position | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Professor | 3 | 2 | Out of 2 one is on <br> lien. |
| Reader $6+1$ | 6 | Personal <br> Promotion is on leave <br> without pay working <br> in Libya. |  |
| Lecturer 20-1Personal <br> Promotion | $15+4^{*}$ | *on study leave |  |

### 7.3 Accommodation:

Regarding accommodation, the Committee noted that the Department had an aggregate building space of about 19,700 sq.ft. for laboratories, class rooms, teachers' rooms. For the various activities of the Department, space $w$ s inadequate for laboratories as well as class rooms.

### 7.4 Equipment:

In th: case of equipment, it was noted that the Department had mostly old items of equipment which needed
p.t.o.
replacement. A sum of Rs.3.00 lakhs was put as the value of the items of equipment which needed immediate replicemen

The Committee noted that the undergraduate curriculum provides contact periods of 31-32 periods a week.

### 7.5 Postgraduate Research:

The main postgraduate activity of the Department has been concentrated at the master's level. A postgraduat programme is carried on with the member of the staff only. There is evidence of fair amount of industrial/sponsored research activities in structural engineering, soil mechanics and foundation engineering, public health engineering and hydraulic engineering. Research activities at M. Sc. level and Ph.D. level are distributed as follows:

Mo sc.
Structures . 18. thesis
Hydraulic Engineering
12 "
Soil Mechanics and
5 "
Foundation Engineering
Phi. (in progress):
Structures 3 "
Hydraulic Engineering 2 "

### 7.6 Departmenta... Tibrarr:

The departmental library has just a collection of 3,000 books. The Committee noted that adequate space had been allotted for students by way of reading room facilities to utilise the departmental library. However, the number of text-books. kept in the library needed to be increased.

### 7.7 Recommendations of the Committee:

The Department has proposed some diversification at undergraduate level which are, by and large, welcome. But the main fields of diversification are not reasonably identified. These should be:

Structural Engineering
Hydraulic Engineering

$$
\text { 亚 }-7-
$$

Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering
Public Health Engineering
Advanced Surveying and Photogrammetry
Subjects 3 in each group, should be selected for diversification.

## 7. 8 Tutorials and Project Work:

Tutorial classes, at least unto pre-final year stage should be conducted by dividing the students into small groups of say 15 .

Project work for final year .students. should be . carried out with a view to preparing the students to make engineering design and detail, to take off quantitites and draft specifications. They should he given 10 periods per week for their project work under able guidance.
7.9 Rationalisation and Consolidation of Courses:
(a) Subjects like Architecture and Town Planning, "Building Planning" should be dropped in order to accommodate more relevant subjects in the aforementioned fields.
(b) Proposed postgraduate courses in: Underground structures including groundwater hydrology and oil field development are not recommended at this stage.
(c) But there are several subjects proposed in the first course of study which can be adequately taken care of if the activities are developed in the following fields:

Structural Engineering
Hydraulic Engineering
Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering.
And these fields should be the major fields of activity at pos graduate level for several years to come.
(i) No new courses are recommended now.
(e) In this connection, it is recommended that the existing postgraduate courses of "Building Engineering" should be reorganised by offering courses which will come within the ambit of:
pet. o.

Structural Engineering
Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering

### 7.10 Financial Implications:

In the above context, a total non-recurring grant of Rs.21.00 lakhs and recurring grant of Rs.4,40,800/- as detailed below are recommended for the development need; of Civil Engineering.
(a) Non-Recurring:

1. Building Structural Rs. 2,00,000/-

Testing floor 4,000 sq. ft.
.2. . .Equipment: .
i. Strength of Materials Rs. 75,000/Laboratory.
ii. Hydraulics Laboratory Rs. 2,00,000/-
iii. Concrete Laboratory Rs. 1,00,000/-
iv. Stress analysis Rs. 4,75,000/laboratory.
v. Structures laboratory. Rs. 4,00,000/-
vi. Public Health Engineering Rs. 50,000/Laboratory.
vii. Highway Engineering Rs. 30,000/Laboratory.
viii. Soil Mechanics Rs. 1,70,000/Laboratory.
ix. Survey equipment and Rs. 3,00;000/drawing equipment.

Rs.18,00,000/-
3. Books and Journals

Rs. 1,00,000/Total: Rs.21,00,000/-
(b) Recurring (2 years):
(a) Professors ( $4 \times 2 \times 23000$ )
2. Structural Engineering

1. Hydraulic Engineering

1 Soil Mechanics \& Foundation Engineering)
(b) Readers

2- Structural Engineering $\underset{6 \times 2 \times 19000}{ } \quad$ Rs. 2,28,000/-
2- Hydraulics Engineering
1- Soil Mechanics \&
1- Foundation Engineering
1-. Public. Health Engineering . . ................
Rs. 4,12,000/-
2- Technical Assistants $2 \times 2$ Rs. 28,800/-
1- Survey Instrument Mechanic)
1- 7,200 Survey Instrument Mechanic)
1- Senior Mechanic with Workshop experience

Rs. 1,84,000/-
,
Structural
6x2x19000
Hydraulics Engineering

Rs. Rs. 4,40,800 or
say Rs.4.4 lakhs

$$
\underset{\mathrm{R}_{5}}{\text { Inst Phase }} \quad \frac{\text { nd }}{\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{R}}}
$$

Non-recurring
Recurring

| $16,00,000 /-$ | $5,00,000 /-$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $3,30,000 /-$ | $1,10,000 /-$ |
| $19,30,000 /-$ | $6,10,000 /-$ |

Grand Total: Rs.25.40 lakhs

### 7.11 $\underline{R}$ search Fellowships/Seminars etc:

In order to accelerate the postgraduate research activity for proper utilisation of infrastructural facilities to be created with the new fund the Committee recommends 4 Senior Research Fellowships at Ph. C. level.
p.t.o.

Reasonable grants for attending seminars and conferences (at least Rs.10,000/-p.a.) should be sanctioned.
7.12 Construction of class rooms and teachers' sitting rooms are recommended as follows but the fund provision has been made under central facilities:

| Postgraduate class rooms | 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Undergraduate class rooms | 3 |
| Tutorial class rooms | 3 |
| Drawing hall | 1 |

Staff members' sitting room may be so designed as to accommodate small size tutorial class rooms. This will economise space.

## 8. Department of Mechanical Encineering:

The Mechanical Engineering Department is permanently engaged in undergraduate teaching with an estimated intake of 400 students for undergraduate and 42 students for the postgraduate courses with a staff of 43 .
8.1 It is running two postgraduate courses in Heat Power and Industrial Engineering. In order to rationalise and "consolidate the teaching, it is pro,josed that these two . courses be bifurcated and postgraduate courses may be offered in 4 streams as follows:

1. Heat Power (Thermal)
2. Heat Power (Turbo matter)
3. Industrial Engineering
4. Machine Design

These changes can be offered with least expenditure and effort. The funds required are indicated at the end of this section.
8.2 There is not much research or development work going on in this department except in some isolated pockets like fluid mechanics and dynamics. These potential areas need strengthening and recommendations made are in this direction.
8.3 The undergraduate laboratories need renovation and many obsolete and archaic pieces of ecui mont need to be discarded and new equipment substituted.
3.4 The workshop winch is a central facility is in very poor s ape. If it is attached to the Mechanical Engineering Depart. ant it might help the industrial engineering courses they are offering and also the apparatus, design and development cell, will be in a much better position to deliver the goods. The proposals in this connection are set out in the fad.

### 8.5 Space Requirements:

The existing overall accommodation of $17,736 /-\mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. is detailed as follows:

| Laboratories | $15,289 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. |
| :--- | ---: |
| Store rooms | $831 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft}$. |
| Office | $545 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. |
| Teaching staff space | $1,071 \mathrm{sq} . f t$. |

No new buildings are proposed. The 10,000 sq.ft. of floor area, the Electrical Engineering Department. will, release,. . 'when they move out to their new location may be allocated as follows:

Staff: $\quad$ 3,300 sq.ft.
Store rooms
Off; ce
Laboratories

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3,300 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft} . \\
& 1,600 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft} . \\
& 1,000 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft} . \\
& 4,100 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{ft} .
\end{aligned}
$$

### 8.6 Basis for the above allocations:

$75 \%$ of the staff at present have no place to sit which means: 33 staff members have to be provided some place to sit. Assuming that $100 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. is provided for each staff member, the total requirement comes to $3,300 \mathrm{sq} . f t$. The accommodation for the store and the office has been doubled within the available released space.

Since the buildings are very old ( 42 years) they require renovation and repair. Taking the repairs at Rs.10/sc.ft., a sum of Ps.l.00 lakh needs to be provided. Providing every staff member with a table, a chair and a cup-board (table with a cum-board) and taking Rs. $400 /$ - as the cost, the total expenditure would come to Rs. $400 \times 33$ or Rs. 1.32 lakhs. Furniture and fittings for office and store would cost Rs.50,000/-. In summary the requirement recommenced is as below:
(1) Renovation/repairs to the building Rs. 1,00,000

Furniture (staff) Rs. 1,32,000
Furniture and fitting for the Rs. 50,000 office and store.
Total: Rs. 2,82,000

Non-Recurring: Rs.2,82,000/-.
(a) Staff : (Teaching) Post-graduate courses

Total number of teachers Professors Readers

| 43 |
| ---: |
| 4 |
| 9 |
| 29 |
| 1 |
| 43 |
| 448 |
| 400 |
| 42 |
| 6 |
| 448 |

Lecturers 29

Associate Lecturer 1
Total: 43
Total number of students 448


The teacher-student ratio is 1 : 10 while it is adequate for undergraduate courses, it is proposed to provide 6 more staff members for the postgraduate courses (Professors 2) one in the area of fluid mechanics and one in combustion Engineering and Readers 4 also in the area of fluid mechanics, machinery and combustion engineering which according to the norms laid down, would cost Rs. 2. 4 H lakhs (Ps. 23,000/- per annum for Professor and Rs. 19,000/- per annum for Reader).

Since the faculty members are expected to be involved in research projects, in their areas, it is proposed to provide one Senior Research Assistant and one Laboratory Attendant to each staff members :

## Senior Research Assistants

## Laboratory Attendants

 6The expenditure involved is Rs. 90,000/.
(Rs. 500/- per month for Senior Research Assistant and Rs. 150/- per month for Laboratory Attendant)

Recurring expenditure recommended as above coma to :

| Teaching | Rs .2.4+ lakhs |
| :---: | :--- |
| Supporting | $\frac{\text { Rs. } 0.90}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Total (R) | RS. 3.3 .34 |

Resides
© is proposed to sanction 3 posts as follows:
Account ant .. 1
Typists .. 2 as supporting
staff for administrative purposes at the rate of Rs. 500/- per month par post.
8.8 Library and Seminars : Costing ks. 36,000/- for few years. The total recurring expenditure thus works out to Rs. 3.7 lakhs.

## Books :

The total number of books in the departmental library is only 1200. In order to strengthen the undergraduate teaching and post-graduate courses, it is proposed to add the holdings ny at least another 1200 books. These books should be apportion d between undergraduate and postgraduate course s in the ratio of 4 : 6. Besides for procurring 26 journals indicated by the Commitiqe and for having the required furniture and fittings, a provision of Hs . 2 lakhs is recommended by the Committee. Further the library may also be sanctioned 2 Research assistants to help in the proper utilisation of books and journals by students (Rs. 24,000) at the rate of Rs. 500/- per month per Research assistant. The Committee also recommended Rs. 26,000/- for purchase of audiovisual aids like overhead projector and microfilm retie etc. making a total provision of Rs. 2.5 lakhs.
8.9. Visiting Professor's for Industrial Engineering Design :

In order to bring real life experience to the students, the department may invite experts in industry to lecture to the students on the problems of production n. Assuming that each expert spends one afternoon per week ( 3 hrs . per weak) for two years, a provision for Rs. one lakh is recommend for arranging such lectures at the rate of Rs. 50 per lecture. A sum of Rs. 30,000/- will also be required by way of T.A. to the guest lecturer from outside.

## 8-10 Apparatus : Design and development cell for research and development work :

To provide facilities for developing instruments and apparatus required for various experiments pertain ing to research and developments. Equipment pro posed by the university in the development proposals to the tune of Rs. 3 lakhs is recominended.

### 8.11 Fluid Mechanics Laboratory :

The research potential of the department seems to be in this areas, judging fron the output indicated. In order to strengthen this activity, a sum of Rs. 1.25 lakhs is recomended for equipment.

### 8.12 Design and Dynamics:

Another area wher.e.research. potential-exists. is. • one of desigh and dynamics. In order to strengthen the research activities in the above area, a sum of Rs. 1 lalch aay be sanctioned for equipment.

### 8.13 Postgrajuate courses :

In order to acquire equipment for the two new postgraduate courses in iachine design and heat power (Thermai) and to strengthen the existing postgraduate courses, the following allocation is suggested:

1. Industrial Engineering
2. H/C Design .
3. Heat Power (Theral)
4. Heat Power (Turbo-matter)
RS. 1.25 iakhs
Rs. 1.25 lakhs

RS. 1.25 lakhs

Rs: 5.00 Iakhs
8.14 Replacement of obsolete
equipment (undergraduate)

The department has got equipments to the tune of Rs. 4 lakhs wich are old ana obsolete. A sum of Rs. 4 lakhs is reconinended to replace at least $50 \%$ of then which are
to be immediately replaced taking into account the present cost. The equipment to be replaced may be identified by a Committee of experts.

### 8.15 Second Phase :

After the complete utilisation of the 1 st phase programes, the following may be sanction e $d$ to the university in the second phase.

Apparatus, design, and development cell. . . Rs. 1.00 lakh
Thermal turbo machine Rs. 1.00 lakh
Fluid mechanics Rs. 1.00 lakh
Mechanism and Dynamics Rs. 0.50 lakh
M/C tools metal cutting lab.
Rs. 1.00 lakh
Heat transfer. Refrigeration
thermodynamics
Ps. 2.00 lakhs
Working expenses
Rs. 1.00 lakh

Rs. 7.50 lakhs

A sum of Rs .25 .87 lakhs has thus been recommended for the first phase and R.7.50 lakhs for the second. phase for the Department.

## Department of Electrical Engineering

-9.00 The Electrical Engineering Departinent has a sanctioned capacity of 90 undergraduate and 25 postgraduate students every year. The original under-graduate programe was biased heavily on eLectrical Power Engineering but the present programme has a fair content of Light Current Engineering.- There are postgraduate programmes in the three areas of Control, Instrumentation and Power Systems.
9.~1 An A.I.C.T.E. Visting Committee had recommended an in ${ }^{+}$ks of 30 students every year for an electronics/ stream and made suitable additional assessment for space equipment and staff. The department has 15,000 sq.ft. of area in a new building, and on the ground floor, and
$10,000 \mathrm{sq} . f t$. in the old build ding. It was to have acquire additional 20,647 sq.ft. way of first floor and second floor in the new build ding but this did not happen owing to a drop of intake in the III Five Year Plan. Space in the old building was then to be used by others.
9.02 The departiaent has at present a strength of 4 professors (one of whom is yet to join) in the areas of control/ computers, Power Systems/Blectrical Machines, Instrumental (and Devices). 8 Readers cover further specialisations as well except $\mathrm{P}_{\text {over }}$ Eiectronics/Biom Electronics. There are 21 Lecturers.
9.03 The Department has introduced ane new courses and listed several elective courses based on University of foorkee Curriculum Model and Faculty interest.
9.04 It is essential to bear in mind that proliferation of courses including laboratory courses are detrimental to the interests of both students and teachers. Fewer., . mor.e.anpealing laboratory courses that cover basic material with typical modern applications must be planned. This will give more free time to the students to study on his own and to the faculty to pursue consultation/project/ research/book writing.
9.05 The strength of faculty for Hectrical Engineering Department for its intake of Undergraduate and Postgraduate students works out as $20 \times 3$ or 27 for
undergraduate and 25 x. 2 or 7 for postgraduate programme.
With a Professor : Reader : Lecture er ratio of 1:2:4 this yields a total of 5 professors, 10 readers and 19 lecturers
9.06 Comparison with existing strength gives the additional requirement of 1 professor (area communication and 2 readers (in areas of communication: Power Elect-ronics/Bio-Electronics). In the area of Bio-electronics there is already 1 lecturer and a Project with the Faculty of Medicine of the University. Several faculty members who completed research work elsewhere continue to pursue their work here because of not meeting specialized equipment. The laboratories and library faci lities as they exist are woefully inadequate for the M. Sc. Bit nearing programme, not, to intention about more serious research programmes.

9.07 A heartening feature about the department is the absence of infighting or rancour amongst colleagues. Inputs given to the departiont will, therefore, achieve better results.
9.08 In addition to the 1 profess or, 2 readers, 2 Sr . Technical Assistants and 3 Instrument Mechanics ans recommended. Rupees 2 lass are due on loan equipment. obsolete equipment need replacing especially in the Power Laboratory. A generalised electrical machine for teaching purposes way be acquired for which ks. 2 lass are recọiuenduct.
9.09 Faculty exchange programe needs a small input of 0.30 lass. Research fellowships hay be obtained separately.
9.10 Major equipment for Signal Processing Laboratory includes a Process Control Computer for ECIL. Com. and Digital Laboratory equipment include minimal content of equipnont for Bioelectronics.
9.11 Building first floor on top of ground floor in new build ding with a floor area of 15,000 and is to be taken in 2 phases of 7,500 sq. ft. each. Additional requirements include furniture, library capital
expenditure and recurring expenditure on journals, books and stores.
9.12 The total non-recurring expenditure for first phase is 19.60 lass and for second phase is 7.55 lacs. The recurring expenditure for first phase (for 18 months) is Rs. 2.90 lass and nil in second phase. The total requirerents is 22.50 macs in first phase and 7.55 lacs in second phase. Details of recommendations are provided in the Tabular form given below:
9.13



## Chonical Engineering

10.00 A. Introduction

The Acadenic Council of the University approved the establishment of a separate Deparment of Chemical Engineering under the Faculty of Engireering. A comintee constituted by the Northern Regional Centre of Technical Education want through the proposal and suggested that a Lroad based undergraduate programe in Chemical Fingineering at Z.ino College of fingineering be started during the middie of the Fifth Plan period. Thus initiatea. the University. on its. own admitted students to B. Sc. (Engg.) Course in Chemical Eng:neering from the Session 1976-77.

### 10.01 B. Academic Assessment

With the emphasis given on the development and growth of Cheiical Industries during the Fifth Plan period, the employment potential of chemical engineering is now among the highest in the country. Hence, there is good justification in starting the undergraduate course in Cheaical Ingineering at the Z.H. College of Engineering and Technology, This course will be a broadbased one without any specialisation and of five years duration in line with other B. SC. (Engg.) courses. The annual admission to this course shoula be restricted to 30 to start with. Adiission qualifications will be the saide as prescribed for other disciplines in engincering.
10.02 Some relevant details with regard to this course are given in Appendix III-V.
i) Model syllabus (course schedule ) - Appendix III.
ii) Space requirents(Iaboratyrwise) - Appendix IV.
iii) Staff requirements (teaching and non-teaching)

- Appendix V.
:0.03 C. Recomendations
The following financial recamendations are adde so as to enable the University to take appropriate action for initiating the Course.
I. Non-recurring
$\frac{\text { Rupees in lakhs }}{\text { Inst Phase and Phase }}$
a) Build ling (1st phase, $12,000 \mathrm{ft} 2) \quad 6.00$
b) Furniture, $10 \%$ of above
0.60
c) Equipnent
5.00
1.40
d) Installation of equipment including freight, etc. ( $8 \%$ of C ) 0.40
e) Books, furniture for departmental library
$\frac{. . . . . . . .0 .50}{12.00}$

Total N.K. : Ks. 13.90 lakhs
2. Recurring (per an man basis)
a) Teaching Staff

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { i) Professor - one } \\
& \text { Specialisation-Chea. Engs. } \\
& \text { Plant Design } \\
& \text { Or } \\
& \text { Petroleuil Refinery Ing. } \\
& \text { Qualifications: } \text { Ph.D. in Chen. } \\
& \text { Engineering } \\
& \text { with 10 years } \\
& \text { teaching } \\
& \text { experience in } \\
& \text { a University. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { ii) Readers - Three }(1+2) \quad 0.19 \\
\text { Specialisations-(Ph.D. in } \\
\text { Chemical } \\
\text { Engineering } \\
\text { with teaching } \\
\text { experience in } \\
\text { 2 or more of } \\
\text { the topics } \\
\text { following) }
\end{gathered}
$$

1) Mass Transfer
2) Heat Transfer
3) Fluid Mechanios
4) Reaction Engg./Tran sport Phenomena/Petroleum Technology
iii) Lecturers - Four $(2+2) \quad 0.20 \quad 0.20$

Specialisaticul - M. tech. M.E. in Chenical Engineering with teaching or research

- experiance).

1) Fuel Pechnology
2) Cheaical Technology
3). Transport Phenomena/Transfer Operations.
3) Chemicel Engineering Design.
4) Non-Teaching otaff

Supporting staff $50 \%$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { of the above. } & 0.31 & 0.29\end{array}$
i) Foreman
ii) Clerks/Typists
iii) Tech. Asstts/Mechanics/Bifler

Attendants.
iv) Draftsinan/Store-keeper
v) Attendants


Grand Thtal : Rs. 16.50 Iakhs.
10.05 Petroleum. Technology

A proposal to start an Institute oi Eutrol cur Technology at the aligarh Muslin University was drawn up at the instance of the President of United. Arab Guirntes during His Expel ency's visit to Wo Ho College. Proposals worth Rs 1 crore have been submitted to the Government of India for onward transmission to the President of U.A.E. A cheque for U.S. $\$ 2,00,000$ seems to be ready for despatch as a first instalment payment which the University has come to know fr the good offices of the Indian Ambassador at U.A.E. No fund, however, has been received so far by the Alig rh Muslin University.
10.06 Observation and Recodiendations

This proposal should be deferred till such time when the fund support for its initiation and growth is made available to the $2 . H$. College fran the U.A.E. The proposed activities of this Institute/School should then be directed more towards, the !P str ole eur refining and 'Petrochemicals production' than to 'petroleum Reservoir. Engineering!.

It is suggested that a Committee consisting of members from the following organisations should scrutinise the proposals after the necessary fun is have been released:
T. Indian Institute of Petrol duna, Dehradun.
2. Indian School of Mines, Dhonbad.
3. Indian Petrochemicals Corporation Lt a.
4. Fertiliser Corporation of India.
5. Bharat Refineries Ltd.
6. Representatives from I.I. Ts. (2 Members). - Chemical Engineering Departiaent.
7. Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals and Fertilisers.
11.00 Department of Applied Sciences

The Department of Applied Sciences of the 2.H. College of Engineering and Technology was started in 1956. During the Fourth Plan period the Departiaent was bifurcated into three independent sections as :
i) Physics Section
ii) Mathematics Section
iii) Chemistry Section

All the three sections have their own Board of Studies.
11.01 Section of Physics

## A. Introduction

The Section handles first and second year undergraduates of all tue engineering disciplines. In addition, third year electrical Finginoering students compul gorily take physics. curses. Fifth year Mechanical and electrical Engineering students also take sone optional papers of the Departiant. In all, the teachers are engaged in 169 hours/ week of teaching load. The total faculty strength being $10(i P+2 R+7 L)$, this amounts to about 17 teaching hours per week. Some teachers of the Department are also engaged in research.

## B. $4 c a d e m i c$ assessment

The Department has necessary facil time for carrying out undergraduate teaching programme for engineering students for the B. Sc. level. The teaching load as it stands now is not low and will be increased further due to the introduction of new Chemical Engineering course. Thus, there is some genuine shortage of faculty positions.
C. Recommendations

1. Non-recurring
$\frac{\text { Ass in 7. I mas }}{\text { I Phase II Phase }}$
2. Equipment
a) Consolidation of U.G. $L_{a b}$. (1st and ind years)
0.25
b) Ord year B. Sc. (Eggo) Lab.
0.80
3. Building (Spaces) for jud year Lab. (70m2)
4. Fumiture

| - | 0.50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.05 | - |
| 1.10 | 0.50 |

Total Rs. 1.60 lakhs
2. Recurring

## For 1.5 years

a) Teaching Staff
i) Readers - 3 Nos. $0.19 \times 3 \times 1.5=0.86$

## Specialisation:

1. Theo-Physics
2. Nuclear Pr-sics
3. Solid St-te-physics.
b) Non-teaching Staff
sst. (Lab) - 1. No. $0.06 \times 1.5=0.09$
c) UGC Fellowships (Jr) 2 Nos.

d) Books and Journals $0.10 \times 1.5=0.15$
e) Grant for attending seminars. $0.01 \times 2=0.02$
f) Working expenses
$0.05 \times 2=\frac{0.10}{1.28}$
Total N. Rs and Rs $=$ Rs. 2.88 lakhs.
10.02 Section of Mathematics
A. Introduction:

With a faculty strength of $13(1 P+3 R+9 L)$ this section offers 9 courses for the undergraduate students and 7 courses for the postgraduates. The total teaching load is $238(201+37)$ hours per week which come to a out 18.3 hours/week. The section is very active in the pursuit of research and has produced $8 \mathrm{Ph} . \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{s}$ during the last five years. The section is keen on starting practice oriented "Computer Programming and Methods" course for the engineering students under its own supervision as the Computer Centre of the University is already overloaded with their own schedule.

## B. Academic assessment:

The teaching loads of the Section is on the highside and will be further increased af'ter the introduction of new chemical Engineering course. The Section has undertelien a number of research programmes and it would be desirable to provide fund support to ena le the seetion to pan its research and acadeinic programmes (particulariy in Computer and Statistical Labs.) in this important section of the Z.H.College.
C. Recommendations:

1. Non-Recurnino:

> hs in lakhs
> $1 s^{\text {thase }}$ End prase

1: Equipment
a) Card Punching Machines .- 2 Nos. 0.70 --
b) 貱ectronic Calculators 6 Nos. 0.0 -
2. Building
a) Computer Lab. $700 \mathrm{ft}^{2} \quad 0.40$--
b) 4 Cabicles for tutorial class 480 ft 0.30 -
c) seminar, Library $500 \mathrm{ft}^{2} \ldots 0.30$
3. Furniture ( $10 \%$ above) 0.10 --
4. Books and Journals (Back Volumes)0.24 --
1.800 .30

Total Rs. 2. 10 lakhs.
2. Recurring

$$
\text { For } 1 \frac{1}{2} \text { years } 1 \text { pt phase and phase }
$$

a) Teaching staff
i) Professor - 1 No. $0.23 \times 1.50 .35$--

Specialisation : Numerical analysis.
ii) Reader - 2 Nos. $0.19 \times 2 \times 1.50 .57$--

Specialisation : Fluid Mechanics
or
Bnasticity
Statistical Quality control.
b) Non-teaching staff
i) Technical Asstt. $1 \mathbb{N o}$. $.0 .07 \times 2 \times 1.5$

## 1st phase 2nd phese

Lab., Card punching machine
and Elcetronic Calculators.
ii) Lab.ittendant - 1 No.
$0.04 \times 2 \times 1.5$ -
c) UGC Fellowsh-ps - 4 Nus.
$0.06 \times 1.5$ with Rs. $1,500 /-$ yr 0.09 -for each.
d) Grant for attending seminars

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { ant } 15 \times 2 \\
0.15 \times 2
\end{array} 0.03
$$

e) Working expenses $.0 .05 \times 2$ 0.10

Total T.47
Grand Total : N. R $+R=2.10+1.47=$ Rs. 3.57 Fiakhs. $^{\circ}$.
10.03 Section of Chemistry
4. Introduction:

The Section of Chemistry as a part the Lpplied Science Department was established in 1958. The Section has a total staff strength of $14(1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{+}+\mathrm{R}+9 \mathrm{D})$ and is concerned with the teaching of Chemistry to first two years of general engineering stduents. In addition, it offers courses on "Material Science" and "Chemical Instrumentation" to both undergraduate and postgraduate Engincering students. Main research fields in which the Section is very active are (1) soil Chemistry, (ii) Ion Exchange and (iii) Organic Solid State Chemistry.

The average teaching load of the Section varies between 10 to 17 hours per week. The section has received equipment (mostly instruments) worth Rs. 2.5 lakhs from 12 million Dollar loan grant.

## B. Academic lissessment.

The Scction offers well balanced courses and has introduced new concepts in the assessment of Sessional tests and university examinations which includes setting up of objective type of questions.

This Section has made commendable work and progress in research activities on soil chemistry particularly. With the introduction of Chemical Engineering as a separate discipline in the $\mathrm{Z} . \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{Colle}$ ge, this section should need augmentation in all its programmes both research and academic.
C. Recommendations:

1. Non-recurring Grants.

i. Equipment
a) Consolidation of existing laboratories. 1.50
b) Replacement of obsolete iténs.
$0.25^{\circ}$
ii. Building, 500 sq. ft. - 0.30
iii. ${ }^{\text {F }}$ furniture.

| 0.05 | - |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.80 | - |
| .30 |  |

Total N.R. $=$ Rs. $\quad 2.10$ lakhs
2. Recurring grants
(Rs. in lakhs)
Inst phase Ind Phase
a) Teaching Staff:
i. Professor 1 No. $0.23 \times 1.5$

Specialisation:
0.35

Coil Chemistry or
Physical Chemistry.
ii. Reader 2 Nos. $2 \times 0.19 \times 1.5$

Specialisations:
-
0.57
( nalytical/Physical/Organic
Chemistry of
Inorganic Chemistry/
Material Science.
b) Non-teaching staff.
i. Technical Assistant 1 No.
$0.07 \times 2 \times 1.5$
0.21

Qualifications: Diploma in Engg. or B.Sc. with experience.
ii. Lab.Attendant 1 No. $0.04 \times 2 \times 1.50 .12$
c) U.G.C. Fellowships 4 Nos. with.EB.1500/- per year for 0.09 each fellow 0.06x1.5
d) Grant for attending Seminars $0.15 \times 2 \quad 0.03$
e) Working expenses $0.10 \times 2$

Total fecurring: $\quad 1.57$
Grand Total : N.R. + R
$=2.10+1.57=$ Rs. 3.67 lakhs

Grant for 3 Science Sections

|  | Ist Phase | 2nd Phase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physics | 2.38 | 0.50 |
| Mathematics | 3.27 | 0.30 |
| Chemistry | 3.37 | 0.30 |
|  | 9.02 | 1.10 |

$$
\text { Total: } 9.02+1.10=\text { Rs. } 10.12 \text { lakhs }
$$

### 11.00 Central Facilities

. The development proposals of the Zakir Hussain College of Engineering and Technology have been submitted under the constituent Departments, Sections and Folytechnics. In addition, the Committee received the following proposals from the Dean's and Frincipal's Offices of the College, majority of which may be considered under central facilities.

1. Library.
2. Workshop.
3. Iess rooms.
4. Staff and miscellaneous.

- .5. Training and Placement. and. Consultancy Cell. .

6. Transport.
7. Students Hostel and amenities.
8. Humanities and Social Sciences.
9. Chemical Engineering and Petroleum Technology Courses.

The proposals regarding fund support for initiation and development of a new undergraduate course in Chemical Engineering and Post-. graduate section on 'Petroloum Technology have been dealt with separately.

### 11.01 Library:

The Engineering College Library caters to the need of about 1200 students and 150 staff members. It is at present looked a.fter by a teacher designated as Hony. Librarian. It . has a stock of 39225 books and is subscribing a large number of journois. The tibrary is kept open for 13 hours in two shifts between $9.00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}_{0}$ to $10.00 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. by a skeleton staff sanctioned quite sometime back.

### 11.02 Observations and recommendations:

The space requirements for the library have already been sanctioned by U.G.C. There is some need of furniture for the sanctioned area of 470 sq.metre. I Zerox machine and a fire fighting equipment will also be necessary acquisitions. There is some justification in the demand for additional staff strength. The need for a full time Iibrarian cannot be over-looked.

> P.T.O.

## (ii)

Financial recommendations:

## Non-recurring

$\frac{\text { (Rs, in lakhs) }}{\text { Est Phase }}$

1. Furniture
2. Zerox machine
3. Fire Fighting Equipment

Total N.R.
0.75

Recurring
Staff.

1. Librarian 1 No. $0.12 \times 1.5 \quad 0.1 \varepsilon^{\circ}$
2. Processional assistant
( 6 Nos.) $0.08 \times 1.5 \times 6$
3. Library Attendants
( $2 \mathrm{Hos}$. ) $0.04 \times 2 \times 1.5 \quad 0.12$
Total $R=\quad \overline{1.02}$

Total $\mathbb{N R}+\mathrm{R}=1.80+1.02=$ Is. 2.82 Melts

### 11.03 Workshop:

Modernisation of the Engineering College Workshop has been taken on hand as per the F.E.C. letter No.D-1272 dated 21.7.76 under which a lump sum grant of Rs.5.0 larks have been made available. Additional fund of Rs. 1.5 lakhs is provided under the present estimates.
$N_{0}$ R. grant $=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}} 1.5$ lakhs.
11.04 Z. $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ College Class Rooms:

The main college is housed in a building which has once a market both class room and laboratories of this building are lacking in modern a unities.
P.T.O.

4 Class rooms and lecture theatre with 1200 sq.ft. space for each are urgently needer.

|  |  | (Rs.in lakhs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1st Phase |
| N.R.Grant: | cpace 4800 sqft. | 2.40 |
|  | Furmiture | 0.30 |
| - | Replacement of furniture in old class rooms. | 0.30 |
|  |  | . .3 .00 |

Financial roquirements for Principal's and Dean's Offices.
The Principal draws the same salary as any Professor of tre College. The question of providing a separate scale to the Principal of the College and additional omoluments to the Dean of the Engineering Faculty may be considered by the University and the U.G.C.

Net Recurring Grant: (covering working expenses in
two Offices, creation of new posts of Cyclostyling
Operator, issistants, in the Training and Elacement
Section and Fxmination Cell).

$$
\text { - Rs. } 0.50 \times 1.5=\text { Rs. } 0.75 \text { lakhs }
$$

### 11.05 Humanitics Eection:

The following recurring grantsaice recommended in order that this section may work smoothly.

1. Reader in English $0.19 \times 1.5 \quad$ Rs. 0.38
2. Lecturer in Eurabic $0.10 \times 1.5$

Rs. 0.15

Total: Re.C. 53
11.06: Student imenities:
is canteen is uncier construction for the Engineering Collc ge students. A lump sum grant of Rs. $30,000 /$ is recommended for furnishing this canteen. $A$ grant of Rs.1.1 lalch is also provided for purchase of a mini bus.
N.R. grant : Rs.1. 40 Iakhs.
P.T.O.

## Recommendations (1st Priority) Rs, in lakhs.



## UNIVERSITY POIYTYCHYIC

11.08 In view of the present day trend in vocational education, the Conmittee recormends that the University Polytechnic activities mey be sustained and expanded on the lines proposed by the university for which a sum of Rs. 24 lakhs is recomended. Rs. 16 lakhs in the first priority and Rs. 8 lakhs in the second priority. The Comittec observed the $t$ at present the Polytechnic is offering the traditional courses in Civil, mechanical and electrical engineering areas and there is need for the Polytechnic to take up diversification of courses so that new courses could be started by it. The abstract given by the University indicated an estimated cost of Rs.28.18 lakhs as in the Appondix-I. The Conmittee recommends that a sum of Rs. 24 lakhs as below may be allocated to the University:

### 11.09 <br> Staff:

On account of the stagnation in the staff, the Committee agrees that 9 posts of Reeders may be created out of which one of thom may be designated as Placementmommemployment Officur. In addition pos+ of Lecturer may also be agreed. in sua of Rs.2.01 lakhs has thus been recomnended for this purpose. The Committee is of the viow that the 9 posts of Readers recommendod may be filled up by upgrading the existing posts of lecturers and the Polytechnic may heve two Feaders each in the Mechanical Engineering Section, Civil Enginecring Section, Electrical Engineering Section and 4 pplied Science Section. The ninth post which may belong to the Civil Enginecring Section could be utilised as a p Placement-cum-imployment Officer for the entire Polytochnic. The Corrnittee has not recomnended any other posts for the Polytechnic. It has also not recomended separately any provision for students' amenities as this may be found from the general allocetion the university has for students welfare programmes. The proposals made by the Polytechnic for consolidation of the existing facilitics and the need for equipment and the accommodation requirement for the the Job Somulation Centre end for starting new courses the sum of Rs. 14 I. Nhs allocated for equipmont in the first priority and Rs. 8 lekhs in the second priority may be utilised. While starting new courses and while taking of modernisation of existing facilities and the main requirement - for diversilication would be on the equipment side. Fence the Committee has specifically recomnended Rs. 14 lakhs for this purpose in the first priority and Rs. 8 lakhs in the second priority.
11.10

### 11.10 Wonen's Polytechnic

The Committce notod that in the abstract of dovelopment proposals fir the Women's Folytechnic the university authorities had only proposed a run of Rs. 167 lakhs. This was considered totally inadequate for
P.T.O.
the development of women polytechnic. The university authorities agreed with the Committee and accordingly on the basis of the discussions a proposal for consolicieting and diversifying the courses of the Women's Polytechnic was sought to be forwarded to tho Commission within an allocation of Rs. 5 lakhs. The Committee recommends that on the basis of such a proposal, the UGC may sanction Rs. 5 lakhs for the development of Women's Polytechnic.

## Summary

In the discussions which the Committee had with the Faculty and the Vice-Chancellor, the functions of the Principal of the College of Engineering and the Dean were briefly discussed. It was suggested that the present practice, was not considered a good arrangement and tho Committee felt that it would be useful if the University authorities could review the position. This will help very much in implementing the programmes suggested by the Committee more expeditiously. In summary, the financial recomendetions of the Committee are as below:
$\frac{\text { Is Phase }}{(\text { Rs. in lakhs })} \frac{\text { and Phase }}{}$

1. Spill over programmes.
2. . Department of Civil Engineering:
3. Department of Mechanical Enginecring.
4. Department of Electrical Engineering. 19.60
2.90
5. 
6. Department of Chemical Engineering. $13.28 \quad 3.22$
7. Deportment of applied Sciences Physics Section.
2.38
0.50
8. Mathematics Section
3.27
0.30
9. Chemistry Section
3.37
0.30
10. Central Facilities
7.70
2.30
11. Hostel facilities
10.00
12. Polytechnic
13. Women's Polytechnics
Total: $\overline{145.11} \quad \overline{31.12}$

## APPTNDIX-I

## Proposals made by the University

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

 was established in 1940 with an intake of 25 students to the B. Sc. Engg.(Elect.) courses. The intake was subsequently increased to 30 in 1958. Major development activities in the Department started during the 3 rd Five Year Flan when the intake was raised from 30 to 90 . The instructions, during that time, were mainly in the high current area. postgraduate courses in Instrumentation and Control Systems with an intake of 10 , were introduced in 1964. An additional intake of $15^{\circ}$ students at the postgraduate level in Systems Engineering, was approved during the IV Plan period.

Over the last five years, the Department has constantly been making efforts to improve the quality of its staff. At present there are 10 staff members with Doctoral qualification and 22 with Master's degree as compared to the position in 1972 when there were 2 with Doctoral degree, 17 with Master's degree and 7 with Bachelor's degree.

Efforts have been made to improve the syllabic and methods of instruction, feasible wi thin the present resources of the Department. The syllabi of the undergraduate programme have been radically revised.

Students both at the undergraduate and postsraduate levels are encouraged to take up project work on individual basis, which is selected in consultation with the members of the staff.

Research and development activities in the Departinent have also been expanded considerably during the last five years. A number of staff members are actively engaged in their Ph.D. programme.

Interdisciplinary research and development work particularly in the area of Bio- \#lectronics, is also being carried out. Department of Medicine and Surgery are working with the Department of Electrical Engineering in area of mutual research and development.

Many deficiencies and short comings are to be overcome, if the Department is to continue further with its developments. Additional
laboratories are needed to strengthen the theory courses and to carry in research and development activities. There is a shortage of staff in the senior cadre, in various fields of specialization. Library facilities are inadequate and the Department is hardly able to subscribe for the important periodicals. Obsolete and unserviceable equipment which was purchased long time back needs raplacenent.

Teaching Staff as on July, 1976:

Designation
Professors
Readers
Iecturers
Denonstrators/
Associate

- Leeturers.


## Specialization of existing staff:

## Professors:

1. Control Systems and Computer Technology
2. Power Systems \& Flectrical Machines
3. Instrumentation
4. Devices.

Readers:

1. Wlectronics
2. Electrical Machines \& T.M. Theory
3. Control Systems
4. Electrical Machines
5. Power Systems
```
            6. Circuits & Syystems
7. Instrumentation
8. Communication Systems \& Signal Processing
9. Circuits \& Systems
NonTeaching staff as on July, 1976:
Designation
1. Draughtsman
2. Foreman
3. Instrument Mechanic
4. Mechanic
5. Radio Mechanic
6. Head Mechanic
7. Sectricians 3
8. Wi roman .. 1
9. Fitter 1
10. Tuner
11. Laboratory Assistant
12. Mechanic Helper .. 1
13. Laboratory Attendants
14. Instrument \(\quad\).. 1
Non-technical staff:
Designation
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
1. perk Grade I & \(\ldots\) & 1 \\
2. Clerk Grade II & \(\ldots\) & 2 \\
3. Stenographer & \(\ldots\) & 1 \\
4. Store-Keeper & 1 \\
5. Asst. Accountant & \(\ldots\) & 1 \\
6. Peons & \(\ldots\) & 1
\end{tabular}
p.t.o.
```

            Intake and Outturn B. Sc. Engg. (Elect.):
    | No. of students |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| en rolled in |  |
| 1976 | No. of students <br> graduated in |


| III Year |  | 62 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IV Year |  | 55 |
| Final Year |  | 52 |
|  |  |  |
|  | Total: | 169 |
|  |  |  |

Intake and Outturn M. Sc. Ing g. (elect.):
No. of students

enrolled in 1972 | No. of students |
| :--- |
| who obtained |
| M. Sc. Eng. Degree |
| in 1976 |

List of projects at the
Postgraduate level 1975-76:

1. Digital Indicator for the speed of Rotating machine.
2. Pulse Rate Motor
3. Transistorized Power Factor Motor
4. Measurement of Load Angle
5. Realization of Active Filters
6. State -variable Realization of General Second Order Active R.C. Filters
7. Design and study of Symmetric active Roc. Notch Filter
8. Karanaugh Map Display
9. Electrical Impedance Plethysmograph
10. Abrolute Determination of Dom by Lorenz's Method
11. Recurrent Sweep Generator
12. AJ-K.V.T. Flip Flop Using NAND Gates as the Determination Frequency Iimitations
13. Variable Frequency P.W.M. Invertor for Induction Motor Speed Control
14. Design Fabrication Testing of Active Impedance Transformer for Optimum Perfornance Using (a) Transistor, (b) JBET
15. Computer Control of a Power Generation Plant.

## Laboratories:

At present the Department. has five different laboratories for undergraduate and postgraduate studies e.g:

1. Applied Electronics
2. miectrical Machines and Power System
3. Measurement and Circuits
4. Control Systems

5\% Advance Measurement

## Departmenta? Workshop:

The Department has its own workshop for the repair and maintenance of equipment for fabrication of undergraduate and postgraduate projects and research etc.

The Department is burdened with obsolete and unserviceable equipment costing about Rs. 2 lakhs.

## Seminar Library:

Seminar Library is intended mainly for postgraduate and final year of the undergraduate students. It also caters for the needs of research scholars and staff members. Following are the details regarding the library:

| Total Number of books | .. | 1604 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Number of Bound | .. | 492 |
| Journals |  |  |
| Average Daily Attendance | .. | 40 |
| Number of perimeicals .. | 16 |  |
| Subscribed |  |  |

p.t.o.

Timings : (Week days)

Staff:
Allocation of Budget
1975-76
7.30 to 14.00 hrs . and 16.00 to 22.00 hrs .

1 (Clerk Grade II).

Rs.15,500/- (recurring)
Rs. $10,000 /-$ (UGC non-
recurring)

## Research and Development:

Research and development activities in the Department have been started recently. The use of Department facilities has been optimized as far as possible in order to carry out the research and development work. Use has also been made of research facilities from outside the Department wherever possible.

## Major Research Projects in the Department

Ph. D. Projects:

1. Development of Electronic Circuits of or digital tranduction of variables senses by physical quantity sensors.

Note: The project has been completed and thesis submitted:
2. The Stage Inductive Voltage Divider
3. Online System Identification Techniques
4. Theory and Design of Electronic Circuits using practical Op. imps. and suitable for hybrid, IC implementation.
5. Application of transformer bridges in biomedical systems.

## Development Projects:

1. Design and fabrication of Electrical Impedance Preumograph
2. Design and fabrication of linear transversal digital filters for pulse compression
(Note: Supported by CSIR Junior Fellowship)

Fabrication of Equipment:
Follow ing is the list of major equipments fabricated during the last two years:

1. Solid State Temperature Controller
(Note: Knowhow taken over by the Hicks Thermometers Ltd., India)
2.. Linear Sweep Generator
2. Remote mectronic Pressure indicator with ferromagnetic Transducer
(Note: The above project was awarded the Invention Fromotion Boards: National Award of 1976).

Inter-aisciplinary and Collaboration work:
Inter-inisciplinary work:
The Department is cmrhasizing on interdisciplinary courses, research and development programes. The activities in this area have considerably increased during the recent past. Courses on Biomedical Ingineering have been introduced at the postgraduate level. The Department is conducting joint research with the Departments of Medicine and Surgery. One of the staff members from Electrical Engineering Department is acting as Co-guide for the M.D. Degree in Medicine. Some of the Electrical Ingineering students are working in the area of Biomedical Engineering。

Considerable emphasis is being given to the development of new instruments as well as import substitutes with a lmost $100 \%$ indigenous technology. An instrument for the measurement of blood flow and respiration is already at an advanced stage of completion.

## Collaboration work:

The Department is trying to collaborate and help as many industries and organizations as possible. At present the Department is colla"orating with U.P. State Electricity Board and Atomic Power Plant at Narora. It has also been approached by Deectra Ltd. Meerut for help in testing of Figh Voltage transformers. Small scale industries in and around diligarh are also being helped in solving their technical
p.t.o.
problems. The Departmeent has started Inctrument Servicing Centre to cater for the needs of local and regional industries and institutions.

Research Publications:
Papers published/accepted from 1973 till date number 59.

Stevs taken to improve teaching and examinations:

Teaching:

1. Semester system introduced at the undergraduate and postgraduate level
2. Syllabi revised and brought upto - date ${ }^{\circ}$
3. Rnphasis laid on conceptual rather than descriptive teaching
4. Introduction of seminar lectures by postgraduate students
5. Home assignments and tutorials
6. Individual projects rather than collective projects. .

## Examination:

1. Sessional Tests
2. Objective type of questions
3. Internal:assessment
4. UGC circuia "Examjnation Reforms - $\Lambda$ Plan of action" implemented.

## Difficulties faced by the Department

Following are the major difficulties which the Department faces in carrying out the teaching, research and other development activities:

1. Non-availability of funds
2. Non-availability of equipment
p.t.o.
3. Non-availability of proper library facilities
4. Difficulties in typing and reproduction
 work
5. Non-availability of foreign exchange

## A. Formal (existing) Developments:

## 1. Carry over plans:

These proposals include those developments for which grants were approved in the earlier plans but were not made available to the Department for one reason or the others

1. An area of $20647 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. out of that sanctioned during the Third Five Year Plan has rect been constructed due to the nonavailability of funds. The financial estimate for the construction at the rate of Rs.60/-per sq.ft. comes out to be Rs.12,38,820/- and is included under the head "proposals for Head quater".
2. Staff


One post of Senior Technical Assistant sanctioned in the th Five Year Plan.
3. Maintenance

Grant sanctioned for postgraduate courses in the 4 th Five Year Plan Rs .42,000-00

Total:
Rs.63,368-00
Total of Recurring and non-recurring

Rs. 63, 368-00
II. Diversification and modernization of undergraduate and postgraduate courses:

The Department has already taken some steps feasible within its present resources, to introduce additional courses in the area of light current
engineering both at the undergraduate and postgraduate levels. Following are the additional requirements to cover up for the deficiencies being encountered to a chieve complete diversification and modernisation of courses and laboratories:

Non-
Recurring

Recurring for two years

1. Equipment:
(i) Line Comnuni-

Rs2,00,000-00 cation Laboratory
(ii) Radio Communication Rs. 3,00,000-00
(iii) Signal Processing Rs.8,50,000-00 Lab.
(iv) Bio-ilectronic Lab. Rs.3,00,000-00
(v) Digital Rlectronic Rs.2,00,000-00

- Lab:

2. Furniture:

Rs. 50,000-00
3. Teaching Staff:
(i) Professors: Two (one Prof, in Coirm. Systems and one in Powerl Systems)
(ii) Readers: Five
4. Technical Staff:
(i) Senior Tech. hssistant - 5
(ii) Lab.Assistants-5
5. Non-Technical Staff:
(i) Office Supdt.-1
(ii) P.A. to Head -1 8
6. Maintenance:

$$
45,360-\infty
$$

$4,23,000-00$

2,09,000-00

2,00,000-00
p.t.o.
7. Library:

$$
\frac{1,00,000-00}{\operatorname{Rs} .21,00,000-00}
$$

$$
1,00,000-00
$$

Total of Non-recurring \& recurring:

Rs. $30,78,060-00$
III. Replacement of Obselete and unserviceable equipment:
Non-Recurring

RS. $\frac{$|  Recurring for  |
| :--- |
|  two years  |}{RS.}

The equigment which $\quad 2,00,000-00$
has either become
ovsojete cr j.s
unserviceable needs
replacement.

| Total of Non- |
| :--- |
|  |
| Recurring: |

IV. Grant for the equipment already purchased:

Grant is needed for the 2,00,000-00
payment of equipment purchased under * 12 million Loan Scheme

Total of NonRecurring \& Recurring:

$$
\text { Rs. } 2,00,000-00
$$

V. Additionil grant for
the conopetion of bon voltage laboratory

Some equipment has already been purchased for the high voltage laboratory: Following are the additional requirements in order to complete the High Voltage Laboratory:

1. Equipment

$$
2,30,000-00
$$

$$
5,000-00
$$

3. Staff
One post of
Senior Technical
Assistant


> Total of Nonrecurring \& recurring $\quad$ Rs. $2,76,368 \cdots 00$
B. New Developments

1. Establishment of Instrumentation

Centre:
The Centre is meant for
the repair of Electrical \&
Electronic Instruments.
in various departments of
the university. Following are the requirements:

1. Equipment

1,45,000-00 --
2. Furniture 5,000-00
3. Staff

Sr. Technical Asstts-2 .- 52,200-00

Total of NR \& R:
RS .2,02.200-00

## II. Ph.D. Programme:

Four Ph. D. scholarships, 2 under GIP scheme and 2 as university scholarships

Estimate for 4 scholarships and maintenance grant

> Total:


Total of Non-Recurring \& Recurring:

Rs. 76,800-00
p.t.o.

## III. Faculty Development:



For the exchange of staff - 30,000-00from other institutions on a reciprocal basis:

Total of non-recurring \& recurring:
$R \mathrm{R} .30,000=00$
Financial estimate of existing developments:
$27,35,000-00 \quad 10,82,796-00$
Total of non-recurring \& recurring:

Rs. 38, 17,196-00
$1,50,000-00$ 1,59,000-00
Financial estimate of new developments

Total of non-recurring:
Rs. $3,09,000.00$
Total financial estimate
$28,85,000-00$ 12,41,796-00
Total of non-recurwing
\& recurring:
Rs .41,26,705-00
Total estimate including
the constructional cost
of the building
(Item A, 1 above)
RS. $53,65,616 \ldots 00$

## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### 1.1. Existing facilities

The Department of Civil Engineering was established in 1943 with an intake of 40 students. The intake since 1973 has increased to about 100 students due to the continued bright employment position. In addition to the undergraduate course the Department also gives postgraduate c courses in hydraulic structures which was instituted in 1965 and building engineering which was started in 1970. So far about thirty students have received M.Sc. engineering degrees. The department has fairly deva oped training facilities in structural engineering, hydrauli?s, soil mechanics and surveying. The laboratory facilities include those in strength of materials, structural engineering, concrete technology, soil mechanics hydraulics, public health engineering and surveying. to date research has been carried out on thirty $\mathrm{M} . \mathrm{Sc}$, engineering projects.
p.t.o.

## -

Research is also being carried out on seven doctorate level research programmes.

The department also provides assistance and collaboration in the design and development programmes to industry and field organisations.

The department has the benefit of well qualified staff in different specializations It has three professors, 7 readers and 20 lecturers. The research experience of the existing staff has helped in the growth of the research activities at the M. Sc. and Ph. D. levels. In recent years atleast six staff members have improved their qualifications under the QTP (quality Improvement Programme).

As pointed out earlier the department offers the following two postgraduate courses:

1. Hydraulic structures
2. Building engineering

The structures of these courses are given in Chapter IV The sanction ed intake for these courses. . postgraduate scholarship of Rs. $400 /-$ per month is -

$$
\text { Hydraulic structures: } 6
$$

Building engineering: 10
The information about the number of students admitted to these courses over a period of last ten years is given in Table 1.1.

Table: 1.1. : Postgraduate intake position since 1965-69


In recent years, there has been a steady growth in research, in curriculum development and in collaborative design and development work. Undergraduate course has been diversified by the introduction of electives at the final year level. These electives
p.t.o.
provide distinct strengthening in the streams of water resources engineering, structural analysis, building design and transportation engineering.

### 1.2 Past Financial L11ocations:

The total non-recurring grant to $Z . H$. College of Engineering \& Technology for the purchase of equipment for undergraduate courses in all discipline since 1945 comes out to be about 28.02 lakhs. This includes the grant given for the 5 year integrated course ( 0.09 ) in 1969, and the grant for double intake ( 6.89 lakhs) given 1963. Out of this amount the entitlement of the Department of Civil Engineering on the basis of the AICTE nome comes out to be 9,16 lakhs. However, out of this grant the actual allocation to the Department of Civil Engineering is only 6.06 lakhs i.e. about 3.10 lakhs short of its due share. In 1955 a grant cf 3 lakhs was sanctioned to consolidate the postgraduate courses.
 allocator to the Department of Civil Engineering This allocation was too inadequate to establish any worthwhile facilities in the Department. However, unlike this position some of the departments in the faculty have been getting non-recurring grants which are more than their due entitlements.

### 1.3 DEVGLOPMENT EROPOSALS:

### 1.31 Undergraduate Courses:

a) Double Intake:

The Department of Civil Engineering was established in 1943 with an intake of 40 students. In 1961 this intake was increased to 60 and since 1973 it has bulged to 100 students per year. This intake is almost double the number adopted by the NICTE Committee 1964. The trend of pressure for increased seats in Civil Engineering has been sustained by a - continuation of bright employment prospects in the Civil Engineering disciplines. It seems the university has accepted this enhanced increase in Civil. Engineering intake as a matter of policy in view of the trend which, it seems, has come to stay.


* Two sections.

One of the main difficulties faced by the Civil Engineering Depairtment in the recent years has been the probler of coping with this incroased intake position without any matching increase in the staff and the equipnent facilities. All the existing facilities of staff and equipnent were geared to an intake of about - 60 strucnts $\cdot$ each -year. - In sinple terms this mean.t. . . . providing teaching, laboratory and design facilities for one moup of 50-60 students. This position has now been changed to provi ling the aforesaid training facilities to two groups of 50 students each.

This has resulted in exactly Doubling the work load on the Department without provicing the auch needed additional staff and equipment facilities. A fairly reasonable estimate of the additional work load due to the double intike is about 160 hours/ week. On the basis of acceptec noris of teaching load this additional work load comende the additional staff tabulated below:

$$
\frac{\text { Ldaitional teaching staff roquired to }}{\text { meet the doble intake }}
$$

| Designation | Additional <br> teaching load | Adaitional <br> posts |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Professor | 16 | 2 |
| Reacier | 48 | 4 |
| Lecturer | 96 | 6 |

This increased intake also requires suitable augnentation in the laboratory/cesign office facilities of the departnent.

## (b) Diversification:

The Department of Civil Engineering strongly feels that in order to cover a broad spectrum of vocational needs the undergraduate course should be broadly based. One effective and acceptable method to cater for varied interest, talents and vocational needs is to induct a range of electives at the final year level. A careful selection by the student on the basis of advisement by the Department would strengthen one of the focational streams. A student can choose three full unit courses to strengthen his base in either of the streams such as structural engineering, water resources engineering, soil mechanics and foundation engineering, public health engineering, surveying .
(c) Modernisation of equipment:

Most of the equipment installed in the laboratofries was purchased as far back as 1950. During the last 20 years the Department has been given a nonrecurring grant of only about fis.3.0 lakhs for the purchase of equipment $f$ or both the undergraduate and postgraduate programes. Lis a result most of the equipment is old and obsolete and has lost its utility. The Department urgently needs such basic equipment as listed below becase either it is not there at all or if it is there it is unserviceable:

Universal testing machine
strain measuring equipment
Vibration table
Hydraulic jacks
Loading frame
Curing chamber
Non-ciestructive testings equipment
Overhaul tank together with sump and puri sets Bean balance for wind tunnel

Elcctonic equipment for recording pressure and velocity
Large diancter permeaneter with accessorice
Triaxial shoer apparatus
Consolidation apparatus
CBR test apparatus
Plate load test apparatus
Theodolites
Level.

## (d) Additional Space:

The space entitlement of the civil engineering department is based on the recommendation of the Northern Regional Committee of the ATCTE held in Delhi in 1932 on the basis of single intake of 60 students. As pointed out earlier this intake has almost doubled in the last five years. This necessitates additional space for providing facilities connected with the students viz. class rooms, laboratories etc. presently there is a shortage of three. class roomsfor the undergraduate course. Additional space for laboratories and for the additional staff will also have to be provided.

### 1.32 PROPOSED POSTGBGUATE COURSES

(a) Proposed postgraduate courses:

The department has proposed the following two new postgraduate courses:

1. Underground structures including. ground-water hydrology
2. Oil field development.

The Masc. course on nUnderground structures" has been proposed in view of the increasing potential for expertise in this area. The work of planning, design and construction of underground structures can only be based on relevant specialised technical knowledge which is not imparted in an undergraduate programmes. The utility and omploymont potential in this area are rated to be quite high in view of tho proposals for the construction of subways in metropolitan cities, frequent positioning of power houses and water reservoirs below the ground level. Groundwater Hydrology, in view of its importance, has been included in the course structure to broaden its vocational applicability as well as to make full use of tho existing resources and to further strengthen this area in the doparimont.

The MaSc. course on noil Field Development" has been proposed, again keeping in view the need for the essentially specialised techrical knowhow as well as the National need being felt due to a quick growth of oil exploration efforts. Further, this course hitches up very well with the proposals for the ostablisment of a contra of chuncal Engineering and Petroleum Technology in the Faculty with the assistance of the Government of Uam. This course also makes full joint use of the three fairly developed areas in the Department viz. structural engineering, hydraulics and surveying.
(b) Additional staff, Laboratory equipment,
library and building facilities:
The additional staff (one professor, one Reader and two technical assistants) required for each postgraduate course is based on the wellmestablished practice of tho University Grants Commission. Minimum possible laboratory equipment for the proposed postgreduato courses has been included in the Phase I and Phase II programed of the financial estimates

The space provided to the Civil Engineering Dopertaent is entirely based on the requirement of the undergraduate course with an intake of 60 students. Additional space has not bean provided evan for the two existing postgraduate courses. This has created considerable difficulties in the provision of class rooms for the existing postgraduate courses ind for stiff. Presently pi stgraduate classes are hor in the laboratories and atleast ten staff members have no accommodation of any kind.

### 1.33 Research end Development:

The growth of research in the Department during the last ten years has been quite satisfactory. In structural engineering, research is being carried cut by several research groups and the area presently under investigation are:
(i) stress distribution in joints;
(ii) Stress distribution in anchorage blocks
(iii) structural analysis of slabs and shear
(iv) Deformation and failure mechanism of concrete - a material and structures oriented approach;
(v) Accelerated tosting of concrete and study of mix design approaches in Indian conditions including those for light weight concrete.

In hydraulics, research groups are carrying out work in

## the following topics:

(i) Flow through alluvial, open and expanding channels
(ii) Flow through porous media
(isi) Sodimentetion in reservcirs
(iv) study of drag and lift - forces on various hydraulic nodels
(v) Effect of veriables on the coefficient of pameability
(vi) Laws of governing flow through circular pipes of different curvature.

The soil machanics research werk is being carried out on the beheviour of anchor plates buried in sand.

This rosurch activity is being carried out with considerable difficulty dus to lack of suitable equipment. These efforts will bo suitably strengthened if the additional equipment listed for various laboretori $s$ is made available.

The dopartmont is also very koon to establish an adoquately furpishod. stress anelysis laboratory heving an intor-disciplinery charactor. such a laboretory will bo arr oxcellont. and. n. vory . . . useful base for carrying out research in the different areas and sections of the Givil Enginecring disciplino.

With the edcition of this now equipnent the colleborative development and consultancy work will also recoive an impetus.

## SMMARI OF CBJ RCTI VES

The department's immdiate objuctives are:-
i) additional staff, laboratory sind space fecilities to cope with the Double Intake at undergraduate level;
ii) diversificction of undergraducte courses to cater for varied talent and to broaden vocationel applicability;
iii) modernisation of Inbcratory oquipment in order to consolidate undergraduate and postgraduate courses and to strungthen resoarch in the department;
iv) establishinnt of an adequately fumished stress anclysis laboratory;
v) adaitional postgraduate courses which provido espociclisod technical knowhow in the context of Noticnal neods.
vi) strengthening cf library focilities;
vii) minirum possiblo additionel space for double intake, posterroducte courses and staff roons.
2.1 Finoncis1 Estimetes fcr Phose-I programes

4-Mon-recurring
$I-$ Building

| Testing floor for structures |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| leb. $100 \times 50 \mathrm{ft}_{*}$ |  |
| Cost of construction © Rs: $40 /-$ | 5000 ft |
| per sft. |  |

II - Founcrent
i) Fydraulics Inboratory

5,00,000
ii) Structures laboratory
iiii) Structural dynanics laboratory
1,90,000
80,000
iv) Concreto laboratory

1,20,000
v) Stress analysis laboratory

3,20,000
vi) Survey Inboratory
vii) Scil mechonics \& highways lab。
viii) Public hoalth engg, laboratory
ix) Civil Engineoring yarrl

1,50,000
1,50,000
40,000
x) Design and drawing section

40,000
30,000
III m Furniture
20,000
IV - Library
Total of $I$, II, III \& IV

| 20,000 |
| ---: |
| $1,25,000$ |
| $19,65,000$. |

R-Recurring
I = Staff
i) Tuaching

| Professor | 2 | $1500-2500$ | 72,000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Reeder | 4 | $1200-1900$ | $-1,08,000$ |
|  |  |  | $1,80,000$ |
|  |  | $3,60,000$ |  |

ii) Non-tenching

| Sanior Tech. isstt. 2 | $550-900$ | 25,320 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Technical isstt. | 2 | $425-700$ | 19,728 |

138 Ncn-teaching contd.

| Draftgrien | 1 | 330-560 | 16,020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tubowell cperator | 1 | 260.600 | 5,340 |
| Plunber | 1 | 250-400 | 5,840 |
| Library clars | 1 | 330-560 | 16,020 |
| Leb, Asstt. | 3 | 210-270 | 12,960 |
| Helper to Meson | 1 | 196-232 | 3,850 |
|  |  |  | 1,05,578 |
|  |  | Scy | 1,05,600 |
| Itamintenance |  |  | 20,000 |
| III - Lijbrary |  |  | 22,000 |
| Exp nditure for I <br> for che your |  |  | 42,000 |

Totel of non-re vurring and rocurring oxpencifturo for fherso I

Rs 24, 72, 600
2.2 Finncial estimato for Phase II programe

## 4- Non-recurwing

Equipment

| Hydrauiics lebcratory | $4,30,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Structuree leboratory | $1,40,000$ |
| Ccneroto lebcratcry | $1,10,000$ |
| Stress analysis laboratory | $2,80,000$ |
| Survey laboratory | $1,50,000$ |
| Scil mechenics \& highways lab. | 40,000 |
|  | $-2,00,000$ |

B-RGcurring
$I=\operatorname{staff}$
T=aching


Department of Mechanical Ingineering Z.H. College of Engineering \& Technology, EMU, Aligarh.

## BRIEF OUTLINE:

The development of Mechanical Engineering imparts Institution at Postgraduate and Undergraduate levels for B.Sc.Engg. (Mechanical) and $M_{s}$ Sc.ingg. degrees in the following disciplines.

```
B.&c.Engg. (Mechanical)
M,Gc. Ingg*(Heat Power).
M.Sc.Engg,(Industrial Engg&& Design).
```

Post-Graduate course was introduced in the year 1966 in Heat Fower Engineering with a total intake of 6 students. In the year 1971 another course in Industrial Engg. and Design was started and the total intake capacity of the two streams (Heat Power and Inductrial Engg. and Design) was enhanced to 21.

Till late sixties the departmental active ties were mainly concerned with the instructions and laboratory works for undergraduate courses, fifer the introduction of Post-Graduate course the departmont tried to reorganise its existing laboratories and other facilities through the meagre financial aids received from time to time 。 However, no organised effort could be undertaken for consolidation of the existing laboratories and instructional facilities due to the paucity of funds. The laboratory equipments, engines, instr instruments earlier meant for under-graduate instructions were some how or the other supplemented and remodelled for use of $P_{9} G$, experimentation also. It is hightime for a suitable grant for the modernisation of laboratories to enable the department to come at par with other National Institutions of advanced studies and research in the field of Mechanical Engineering.

## Existing Staff:

The present strength of the teaching ctarf is detailed below:
Professors ..... 5
Readers ..... 9
Lecturers ..... 29
Associate Lecturers ..... 1

$$
\text { contd.... } 2
$$

## RESEARCH ACTIVITES

The major areas in which research is being carried out are Laminar and turbulent boundary layer studies, I.G. Engines, Fluid Mechanics, Machine To Is and Metal Cutting, Human factors Engineering, Vibrations and tribology.

Four students are working for Fh.D. in the following areas:

1. I. Co Engines.
2. Tribology.
3. Boundary Layer Studies.

TEACHING AND RESEARCH FACILITESS.
Most of the a laboratory equipments and facilities have become old and obsolete and need immediate replacements.

## SEMINAR LIBRARY:

Departmental Seminar was organised in 1966. At present there are 1200 volumes on various topics connected with the Post-Graduate courses. Currently department subscribes to some 36 National and International Journals. Due to lack of space and storing facility, it is felt that the students could not avail the serninar facilities fully. Extension of seminar Library building and procure mint of old volumes of journals is being proposed herewith.

## PROJECTS UNDERTAKEN:

In view of the national policy the department has undertaken a programme for Inculcating amongst the students a first hand experience in various Industrial operations. This is to employmont schemes of Government of India, Mechanical Engineering students take active interest in such project works and a number of them have ben n benifitted by starting their own ventures in the near vicinity.

The projects listed give the line in which the department is paying much stress in order to make the self-employment scheme a success.

$$
\text { contd..... } 3
$$

## 1. I.C.ENGINF IABOTAATORY

Most of the present equipments are old and obsolete. Therefore it is necessary to replace these equipments. Further it is also necessary to modernise the laboratory in view of the research activities in this area both for M. Sc. and Fh.D. level. The research work at present in progress is greatly handicapped for want of some pre-essential measuring equipments.

## 2. HEAT TRANSFER IABORATORY

There is no separate laboratory for neat transfer studies. Though there are some facilities under different laboratories. In view of the importance of the subject it is proposed to have a separate well.equipped laboratory. This will proviae experimental facilities to undergraduate and postgraduate students in a better way and will also enhance the experimental research in this area.

## 3. STEAM LABORATORY

The simple vertical boiler meant for the study of properties of steam, teat transfer and running of small steam engines, is very old. The running and maintenance cost of this boiler is very high and therefore its immediate replacement is not only desirable but absolutely essential.

## 4. THERMAL TURBOMACHINE L BORA TORY

It is not possible to carry out experimental studies of thermal turbomachines in our present laboratories. Therefore, a separate ? laboratory for the studies connected with turbomachines has been proposed.

This laboratory can be main fully utilised both by undergraduate and post-graduate level and will improve the quality of teaching and research. Some of the teaching staff members have already been sponsored for research in this area and will join the department after a short period and therefore they ne will need this facility to continue their research activities in this area.

5TH FIVE YEAR PLAN PROPOSALS (IST PRTORITY)
DEP MRTMENI OF MECFANICAL ENGIN.IRRING, Z.H.ENGINESRING COLIECE, AMU, ALIGARH

|  | Consolidation of Existing Facilities |  |  |  |  | Development of new facilities |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non-Recurring | necurring \& Maintenance. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Suppor- } \\ & \text { ting } \\ & \text { Staff } \end{aligned}$ | Total <br> for <br> 2 <br> years. | Total | Non-recurring |  | Supporting Staff. | Total for 2 $\qquad$ | Total |
| I. THERMAL SCIENCE | $\frac{1}{\left(p_{\mathrm{c}}\right)}$ | $\frac{2}{\left(R_{s}\right)}$ | $\frac{3{ }^{2}}{(\mathrm{Rs})}$ | $\frac{L_{0}}{(\mathrm{Rs})}$ | $\overline{5 \cdot \dot{(R s})}$ | $\overline{\left(\sigma_{i}\right)}$ | $\frac{7 .}{(\mathrm{Rs})}$ | $(\mathrm{Rs})$ | $\frac{9 r}{(\mathrm{Rs})^{2}}$ | $\frac{10_{s}}{(\mathrm{Rs})^{2}}$ |
| (i) $1.6 \cdots \cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| (i) I.C.Engines | 1,55,000 | 5,000 | - | 10,000 | 1,65,000 | - | -. | - | - | - |
| (ii) Steam Laboratory | 73,000 | 5,000 | - | 10,000 - | 83,000 | - | - - | -- |  | - |
| (iii) Heat Transfer Lab. | - | - | - | - | - | 1,13,000 | 5,000 | $9 ; 000$ | 22,000 | 1,35,000 |
| (iv) Refrigeration and $A / C$ Lab. | 63,000 | 5,000 | - | 10,000 | 73,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| (v) Terrmal Turbo M/C | - | - | - | - | - | 1,50,000 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 22,000 | 1,72,000 |
| (vi) Thermodynamics and Properties. | - | - | - | - | - | 75,000 | 5,200 | - | 10,000 | 85,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3,21,000 |  |  |  |  | 3,92,000 |

II. INDUSTRIAL \& PRODUCTION

| (i) M/c Tool \& Metal Cutting. | 57,000 | "5,000 | 8,400 | 26,800 | 83,800 | 1,93,000 | - | - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii)Metal Forming Lab. | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | 6,000 | 22,000 | 2,15,000 |
| (iii) Metrology | - | - | - | - | - | 2,95,000 | 2,000 | 11,000 | 26,000 | 3,21,000 |




I. THERMAL SCIEIVCE

| (i) I.C.Engines Lab. | 3,50,000 |  |  | - | 12,000 | 24,000 | 3,74,000 | - | - | - - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) Thermel Turbo M/c. | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,20,000 | - | 3,000 | 6,000 | 1,26,000 |
| (iii) Thermodynamics Prop. |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | 15,000 | - | 11,4000 | 22,800 | 37,800 |

II. INDUSTRIAL \& PRODUCTION:
(i) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{c}$ Tool \& Metal
Cutting.


(iv) Work Measurement $I_{b}$ Lab. $55,000 \quad$ - $\quad$ -
(v) Human Factors Engg. - - - - $\quad$ -


II Priority Total: $\quad 6,54,000+8,74,400=15,28,400$

The present equipment in most of our laboratories is quite old and obsolete. It is, therefore, proposed not only to replace the old equipment but also to modernise the laboratories. we feel greatly handicapped the research and development work which is so essential for our postgraduate studies. Therefore a separate design and development cell has been proposed. It will greatly help the experimental research work. Further some development programme connected with our research work have also been proposed. The extension of the seminar facility has also been included.

## UNIVERSITY POLYTECHNIC

ALIGARH MUSLIM $\operatorname{CNIVERSITY}$
ALIGARH

ABSTRACT OF REVISED REQUIREMENTS AT A GLANCE OF THE UNIVERSITY POLYTECHNIC, AMU, ALIGaRH UNDER THE FIFTH FIVE YEAR PIN.
A. CONSOLIDATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES

- Rs.8,07,750/-
(a) Building
Rs.1,86,750

1. Additional space for
existing library -
( $2,501 \mathrm{sq}$ 。ft. \& ©

- Rs .50/- per $\cdot$ sq. ft) -1;25,000
- see for details
p.8-9 of the plan.

2. Additions to existing

Workshop (Toilet
Block/Office, W/Shop.

-For details see page 9 of the plan.
3. Ramp for Work on

Automobile - L. ©.) 5,000
(see page 8 of the plan).
4. Coal shed for storing coal ( $515 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. © Rs. 16/per sq. ft). $\quad \dot{8}, 200$
5. Development of land adjoining Workshops and Lab. ( $L_{2} \mathrm{~S}$.)
(See page 9).
Total: $\overline{1,86,7,50}$

| 20,000 |
| ---: |
| $1,86,750$ | .

( (b) Equipment
) (For details see page $12-14$ ).

1. For Labs. of Civil Eng. Sec .
58,000

- 

.
(Rs)
,

$$
\text { (wee page } 9 \text { ) }
$$

Total

$$
\cdots
$$

## (148)

2. For Labs. of Mech.Enge. sec. 22,000
3. For Labs, of Elect. Ing. Sec. 34,000
4. Tools/Measuring instrumont for Workshop-(for details see "IV-Workshop" 37,000. on page 14 of the plan).
5. Liectronic stencil cutting Machine Gestetner complete with steel table for the printing of teaching material including drawings and diam-grams-One No.

$$
\text { Total: } \quad 1,75,000
$$

(c) Racks of Library

Rs. 25,000
(d) Furniture for New Labs. and Wlorkshop/Staff Room/ Assembly Hall of University Polytechnic/Depar

Rs. 50,000 Replacement of existing worm-out furniture.
(e) STAFF EMENITTES

Water evaporative cooler for Staff Room.

Rs. 4,000 Rs. 4,000
(f) STUDENTS AMENITTES

1. Water Cooler for Univ. Poly. 2 Nos. Rs. 10,000 Rs. $1,51,000$
2. Water evaporative coolers for Library at Univ. Poly. 2 Nos.

Rs. 8,000
3. Bus $1 \frac{1}{2}$ Ton capacity-One No. Rs. $1,25,000$
4. Maintenance of bus(recurring) - for regaining 2 yrs . of plan.

Rs. 8,000

$$
\overline{R_{s} 1,51,000}
$$

(g) Maintenance Expenditure. (see page 10-11)

Rs. 2, 16,000
Additional maintenance grant at Rs.150/- each for 720 students of the University Polytechnic for remaining 2 years of the plan.


Ba -MODERNISATION OF EXISTIVG FACILITTES
Rs. 1, 30,300
(a) Jopmimulation.Centre for Civil. . Engr. Students.

1. Cost of equipment/non-consumable building materials/ building and fencing- (nonrecurring).
2. Cost of staff for 2 years
(recurring).
Rs. 4,800
(For details see trppendix I)
(b) Job-Simulation Centre for

Elect, Eng g. St indents:

1. Cost of equipment.... (UP "State

Electricity Board has
kindly promised to supply
free of cost materials needed for running the Centre from their junk stores)
2. Building \& Fencing.

Rs. 052,000
3. Cost of staff for 2 years (recurring).

Rs. 4,000

Total: $\quad P_{s o} 1,30,000$
(For details see appendix -II)
C. DEVELOPMENT OF C FACULTY

Rs. $10,05,228$
(a) STAFF (for details see pages 10(a) and 10(b) of the plan).
(1) Readers: 2 Nos. Scale of pay - Rs.1200-1900 Rs.5,02,200
(i) Reader Mech.Engg.Sec.-2 Nos. - Ms. 1, 11,600 (For 2 yrs of plan period inclu-
(ii) Reader Civil Engg.Sec..-3Nos. Rs. $1,67,400$
(iii) Reader Elect.Engg.Sec.-2 Nos. Rs. 1, 11,600
(iv) Reader Applied Sc.Sec.-2 Nos. Rs. 1, 11,600

Total of (1): Rs ,5,02,200 9 Nos.
(2) Lesturersumes Senate of pay -rps 700. 1600

Rs $2,48,400$
(i) Mech.EnggoSection-1 No. - Rs. 41,400
(For 2 yrs, of plan
(ii )Civil Eng. sec . - 2 Nos. Rs. 82,800
period including
(iji)Elect,Engg.Sec.-1 Nos.. . . . .Rs. .41,400 .
(iv )Applied Sc. sec. 2 Nos. Rs. 82,800
Total of (2) 6 Nos. Rs. $2,48,400$
(3) Provision for training placement (See page 10) Rs. $1,80,000$
(i) Lecturers as training rescrvoes 3 Nos-sicale of pay Rs. 700 - Rs. $1,24,200$
1600 (for 2 yrs. of remaining plan period including allowandes).
(ii) Training and Placement Officer

One No. - scale of pay
Rs. 1200-1900 (for 2 yrs of Rs. 55,800
remaining plan period
including allowances).
Total of (3)

$$
\text { Rs. } 1,80,000
$$

(4 )Ministerial \& Subordinate Staff: (see p.10(b) Rs. 74, 628 (For 2 yrs . of plan period including allowances).


## GIRLS' POLYTECHNIC



Tin. $\mathrm{E}: \mathrm{a}$
The Girls' Polytechnic was established in 1966, as an adjunct to the University Polytechnic, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh.

## Courses offered:

The following three Diploma Courses are offered. These are open only to the women.

1. 3-Year Diploma Course in Electronics Engineering.
2. 3-Year Diploma Course in Costume Design and Dress making.
3. 2 -Year diploma course in Office assistantship and Secretarial Practice.

## Present intake:

The University Grants Commission has approved an intake of 20 for each course desiring the University to explore the possibility of increasing the intake to 60 students in each course by utilising fully the facilities made available.

Minimum qualifications.

1. For Electronics Pass at High School Examination Engr. Course. : with Maths and Science as two of the subjects.
2. For Costume Design and Dress Making

Pass at the High School Exam. with drawing/Fine bLurts/
Domestic Science as one of the subjects.
3. For Office tissistantship and Secretarial

Pass at the High School Exam. with good marks in English language.

Physical facilities: (LIrcady a proved by the Govt. of India for courses mentioned above).

Nonrecurring (Instructional)


8

RECURRING
Staff sanctioned category -wise.
Readers 3
Lecturers 7 .
Associate Lecturers 8
Instructors 6
Studio Assistants 3
Skilled Assistants 2
Draftsman $\quad 1$
Total: $3 \overline{0}$

Facilities created by the institution against the sanction mentioned under Physical facilities.

Non-recurring (Instructional)

| Building | Grants fully utilised |
| :--- | :--- |
| Equipment | Grants utilised almost in full |

Furniture
-do-
Library
-do-
Recurring (Staff)
Appointments on all the sanctioned posts have made excepting the three posts of Readers.

ABSTR $\angle$ CT OF REVISED REGUIREMNTS AT A GLANCE OF THE WOMENIS POLYTECHNIC, ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH, UNDER THE FIFTH FIVE YF\&R PLAN.
A. CONSOLIDATION OF EXISTING EACIETTES:
(a) BUILDING

Rs. 1,45,500
(b) EQUIPIENT FOR ELECTRONICS ENGG. COURSE- (FOR DETAILS SEE PAGE 4 64,500 of th OF THE PLAN).
(c) FURNITURE FOR STAFF ROOM AND ASSEMBLY HALL. 10,000
(d) STAFF ATENITIES

1. Water evaporative cooler for staff room - 1 No. 4,000
(e) STUDENTS AMENITIES
2. Water cooler - 1 No. 5,000
3. Water evaporative cooler for Library - 1 No. 4,000
(f) ADDITIONAL MAINTENANCE EXPEN. DITURE FOR THE 3 COURSES AT THE WOMEN IS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE REMAINING 2 YFARS OF THE PIAN. 58,000 (For details see page 3 or the Plan of the Women's Polytechnic).

$$
\text { Total: } \quad 1,45,500
$$

B. MODERNISATION OE EXISTING FACILITIES

Rs. 21,000
(a) Modern equipment for the Costume Design Course.

10,000
(b) Modern equipment for OfficeAssistantship \& Secretarial Practice Course "GESTETNER DUPLICATING MACHINE MODEL -32".

11,000

Rs.
nil
C. DEVELOPMENT OF FACULTY

Ni 1
D. EXPANSION - NEW COURSES:

GRAND TOTAL OF $A+B+C+D$ with the following breakdown:-
4. CONSOLIDATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES
B. MODERNISATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES
C. DEVELOPMENT OF FACULTY.
D. EXPANSION - NEW COURSES

## Total:

Rs.1,45,500.
Rs. 21,000
Rs. ${ }^{n}$ nil
Rs. nil

Rs. 1,66,500

PHYOICS SECTION
Z.H. COLLEGE OF ENG. \& TECH. A.M.U.? ALIGARH

SUMMARY OF


FIFTH FIVE YEAR PLAN PROPOSALS


B: Recurring: (for two years)
i. Salaries \& Allowances: $\quad 74,000.00 \quad$ I
ii. Contirigercy
iii. Lab. Expenses:

Total: $\begin{array}{r}1,000.00 \\ \frac{10,000.00}{85,000.00} \\ \hline\end{array} \quad I$
Grand Total:
A. Nonrecurring

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,48,500.00 \\
88,000.00 \\
\hline 3,33,500.00
\end{array}
$$

Approx 3.34 lass.
(Tausif H. Naqvi)
97.0

ZAKIR HUSAII COLLEGe OF EIMGIEERIIG A TECHNOLOGY AM. JIG: AR

1. Abstract of proposals for the Fifth Five Year Plane. (FIRST PRIORITY):
2. Consolidation of Semi-Micro Analysis. 20,000
3. Consolidation of Materials Science Lab. 1,53,600
4. Consolidation of the Existing courses in chemistry.

48,340
4. Replacement of Obsolete Equipment

25,000
5. Repairing of repairable equipment

10,000
6. Preparation of eight wooden cubicles for teaching staff and their furnishing

10,000
7. Repairs of Labs ard some minor alterations in the section.

31,400
8. Office
9. Contingency
10. Laboratory expenses
11. Staff

Total:

2. Abstract of proposals for the Fifth Five Year Plan SECOND PRIORITY


MiTHS-V YEsiR PLiN PROPOSIIS
PROPOSALS FOR CORSOLIDATIOI: OF THE EXISTIIG FACILITIES IN THE MITHEMATICS SECTION OF THE ZH COLLEGE OF THG MEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, AMU DURING THE $V$ PLAN PERIOD, WE GIVE HEREUI DER THE ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE ENVISGGED。

ESTIMATFD EXPEMDITURE

Nion-Recurrirg

1. IBM Punching Machines( $t_{\text {wo }}$ ) 90,000
2. Electronic Calculators (two) 5,000
3. Staff Cubicles(Four)
4. Tutorial Rooms(four)
5. Bocks arid Journals
6. Reader-I

7: Lecturer-1
8. Tutorial Assistant-1
9. Stationery

Totals

| 50,000 |
| :---: |
| - |
| - |
| B 2,24800 |

Recurring Expenditure for two years -

$$
=43,616 \times 2=\quad \mathrm{Rs}_{2} 87,232
$$

The foliowing is the priorities break up of both the recurrirg and nori-recurring experditure as detailed FIRST PRIORTTY

## Recurring

i) Machines $=95,000$


EGUND PRIORTTY
on-Recurrirg.
Books: Ri. 39,000
icconmodatiol $\frac{\text { Es } 14.400}{53.400}$

MAND TOTALS:
i) Maintenarice $=$ RS, 4,000
ii)Staff 24,515
iii)Stationery $=\quad . \quad 2000$ for one year $\frac{30,615}{}$ for two years = $30,516 x 2=61,232$

Recurring_Staff:13,000
(Ieot. in Statistics) 13,000
for one year 13,000 for two years
$13,000 \times 2=26,000$

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Priority II

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Rs. } \quad 53,400(\mathrm{NR}) \\
& \text { RS. } \frac{26,000(R)}{79.400}
\end{aligned}
$$

Nett experciiture $=\mathrm{Rs}_{\mathbf{0}} 2,70,432$ (I)

Proposals for the purchase of $60 \%$ equipment for the Workshop ZH College of Engr. \& Tech., against the allotted grant to the Workshop out of the UGS Grant of Rs. 2, 50,000=00 under the Fifth Five Year Plan under P.E.C. letter No.D-1272 dated 21.7.76.


PROPOSAS FOR THE PURCHASE OF $40 \%$ EQUIPMELT FOR THE WORKSHOP ZHH COLLEGE OF EIVGG \& TECH.? LGAINST THE ALLOTLED GRAIT TO THE WORKSHOP OUT OF THE UGC GRAIT OF Rs. 2,50,000 under the FIFTH liIVE YEiRS PLaIF: UEDER PEC IETTER NO.D.-1272 DATED 21.7.1976


CHEMISTRY SECTION
ZAKIR FUSAIN COLLEGe OF BIGINERTIG \& TECHNOLOGY A. M. ITIG: RH

1. Abstract of proposafefor the Fifth Five Year Plan
(FIRST PRIORITY)
PROPOSALS

NOM-RECURRING RECURRING

1. Consolidation of Semi-Micro Analysis.

20,000
2. Consolidation of Materials Science Lab. 1,53,600
3. Consolit, ation of the Existing courses in chemistry.

48,340
4. Replacement of Obsolete Equipment

25,000
5. Repairing of repairable equipment

10,000
6. Preparation of eight wooden cubicles for teaching staff and their furnishing

10,000.
7. Repairs of Labs arid some minor alterations in the section.

31,400
8. Office
9. Contingency

10: Laboratory expenses
11. Staff

Total:


GRAND TOTAL
$4.50,760$
2. Abstract of proposals for the Fifth Five Year Plan SECOND PRIORITY


Miths-V YEiR PLidy PROPOS.IIS
PROPOSALS FOR COISOLIDATION OF THE EXISTILG FACILITIES IN THE
 MUTHEMATICS SECTION OF THE ZH COLLLGE OF EIGGIFERRING AND TECHNOLOGY, AMU DURING THE V PLAN PERIOD, WE GIVE HEREU DER THE ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE ENVISAGED。

## ESTIM, TFD EXPEMITURE

Non-Recurring

1. IBM Punching Mach $\left\llcorner\right.$ nes( $t_{w o}$ ) 90,000
2. Electronic Calculators(two) 5,000
3. Staff Cubicles(Four) 76,800
4. Tutorial Rooms(four)
5. Books and Jourinals .. 50,000
6. Reader-I
7. Lecturer-1
8. Tutorial Assistant-1
9. Stationery

- Totals
- 

$\overline{-}$
$\frac{-}{2 \cos 800}$

Recurririg
4,000
(maintenance)

$$
\begin{array}{r}
18,616 \\
13,000 \\
6,000 \\
-8,600 \\
\hline 43,615 \quad 0 \times 2 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

"Recurring Expenditure for two years -

$$
=43,676 \mathrm{x} 2=\quad \text { Rs. } 87,232
$$

The following is the prioritios break up of both the recurrirg and non-recurring experditure as detailed
FIRST PRIORITY
Non-Recurring

## Recurring

i) Machines $=95,000$
i) Accommociation43,200

$$
\text { i) Maintenayce }=\text { B, } \quad 4,000
$$



SECOND PREORTTY
don-Recurrirg

| Booles: | Rs. 39,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| commodatiol. | is 4,400 |
|  | 52.400 |

Recurring Staff:13,000

| (Iect. in |
| :--- |
| Statistics) 13,000 |
| for one year $\quad 13,000$ |
| for two years |
| $13,000 \times 2 \quad=\quad 25,000$ |

BZND TOTALS:


WORKSHOP
Proposals for the purchase of $60 \%$ equipment for the Workshop ZH College of Engr. \& Tech., against the allotted grant to the Workshop out of the UGG Grant of RS. $2,50,000=00$ under the Fifth Five Year Plan under P.E.C. letter No.D-1272 dated 21.7.76.


PROPOSES FOR THE PURCHASE OF $40 \%$ EQUIPMENT FOR THE WORKSHOP dH COLLEGE OF EIVGG \& TACH.? GINS THE ALLOTLED GRANT TO THE WORKSHOP OUT OF THE UGC GRANT OF Rs. 2,50,000 under the PIFTH HIVE YE IRS PLAIF. UED PR PEC LETTER NO.D.-1272 DATED 21.7.1976
D. No. Name of Equipments No: Estimated cost
2. EQUIPMENT

1. Power Hacksaw Machine
2. Spray Pairtilig Machine
$11,900=00$
3. Precission Lathe

15,000
4. Slotting Machine

55,000
5. Typewriter Godrej 41,000
4,000
6. Packing, Forwarding, Rly-Freigint Insurance, Octroi \& Cartage etc.

12,700
B. BUILDING

1. Bus Garage Automobile Whop

Total:


ABSTRACT
$\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. fr e Priv. } \\ & \text { including adios grant of iss, } 40,000=00\end{aligned} \quad 3,7,400=00$
2. Ind priority $40 \%$ of Rs. $6,19,000=00 \quad 2,47,600=00$ equipment \& Building $\begin{gathered}\text { Total } \\ \text { Rs. }\end{gathered} \frac{6,47,600=00}{6,19,000=00}$

There is an English Section in the Engineering College which has not been provided funds for the purchase of furniture, teaching aid materials etc. This Section badly stands in need of one type writer, book shelves, tables, one dozen chairs etc. etc. id sum of Rs. $10,000 /$ - is needed to equip this Section.

## Geology Section.

This Section also needs to be fully equipped ard the minimum requirements of funds will be Rs. $20,000 /$ - during the next two years of the Fifth Five Year Plan Period.

Contingency, Principal's Office: Recurring
To meet the day to day expenditure on the new activities of the college and to cover up the unforeseen expenses it is necessary that a sum of Rs. $20,000 /-$ for two years be provided during the remaining part of the 5 th five year plan.

## Requirement of staff

- 

The present strength of adniyiistrative, ministerial, and. subordinate staff in Principal's and Dean's offices is the same which was 15 years back while due to extension of the College, the work and responsibilities have considerably increased. The activities of the college will increase further by the opening of the Chemical'Engineering Course, Petroleum Eng g. Course,B.E. Courses, Electronics Engg. Course etc. etc. Besides, the work rely ting to the thegional Committee of the Industrial Liaison Board attached to the Eriglneering College has further increased the volume of this office work. The present staff will not be able to cope up with the increased work be cause of their pre-occupations with the existing work. It is, therefore, necessary that the strength of the staff be raised. Besides this the Chairman of the Northern Regional Committee which visited this college in 1974 had remarked that all those who had completed five years of satisfactory service or had reached at the top of the grade in the respective order should be assessed for promotion by appropriate Committee, whose services are found satisfactory should be promoted to the next cadre. The lower positions from which they were promoted will be held in abeyance. Such a procedure should be adopted also for supporting staff, technical and administrative staff. The person concerned who is holding this post for the last more than ten years and whose work and conduct is extremely satisfactory fully justify his promotion to next cadre. At present there is no post in the next cadre. Hence upgradation of the existing post has been suggested. Ir view of the recommendations of the chairman of the Northern Regional Committee it is proposed that the existing post of Administrative Assistant in the scale of Rs. 700-1300 plus allowances be upgraded in the prescribed scale of Rs. 1100-1600. There is every justification that this post should be redesignated as administrative Officer on the lines of similar posts in Delhi University and other Engg. Colleges.

This would involve only a small experditure for the remairing two years of the Pifth Five Year Plan. i sum of Rs. 13,000/-for two years has been provided for this purpose.

Similarly a post of lecturer held by the incurbant for over terl years is also proposed to be upgracied to Readers scale of pay. Ithe expenditure will be Ro, 14,500/-

## CiRETAKER

There is a post of Caretaker ir the College ir scale of Bs. 425-700. The importance of this post needs no emphasis. The person holding this post has also to look after the lawn and gardens etc.etc. of the college which are spread ir vast areas. It is considered essential that the scale of this post be revised to Rs, 650-960.
The expenditule for the remaining two years of the Fuf th Five Year Plan due to revision of the scale will be Rs.9,000/-.

## Humanities and Social Sciences

Engazin is being taught to I year \& II yoar B.Sc. Engineering studerts during the first 3 semesters. Two lecturers have been catering to the needs of about 200 students, with the result that tutorials and continuous interral assesiment, which reauired more teachers, has not been as effective as is necessary for any foreign language teaching. It requires creation of the post of a lecturer in English and upgradation of one of the existing lecturership to Readership in Erglish. The latter needs to be given priority as in the absence of ariy senior post in the subject, the two lecturers in Eiglish who have been working for more than 12 jears have mo incertive. To orgainise the teaching of 留glish as well as other foreigii languages on sound scientific lines we propose to have a larguage laboratory of about 15 booths.

Besides English, we give 3 courses in various subjects of social sciefces to our stuaents. The college hai ro teaching staff to teach the se subjects to the stuvents. The services of some teachers are requisitioied from respective departments. This arrangemert has not proved to be a successful one.

It has beer therefore dec $\perp$ ded to create two lecturerships in social sciences.

It is also proposed to create a section of Humanities in the college on the patterir of our selections in Physics, Chemistry and Maths. This will be a composite section, comprising English and other laxguages e.g. Arabic and Persian and Social Scierces. The academic Council has taken a dectsiois in this regard and necessary ordinances are being framed. The following will be the minimun requirement of staff etc.

## for two years

1) Upgrading of the post of Lecturer in

English to Reader in English
2) Three lecturers(1 in Eng.\& 2 in Social Sciences)
3) Runring \& Mairtenance of Humarities Section Larguage Lab.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ps. } 14,500 /- \\
& \text { Rs }_{2} 1,24,000 /- \\
& R_{s} \quad 20,000 /- \\
& \text { Rs. }^{2} \quad 20,000 /-
\end{aligned}
$$

Proposals for Fifth Five Year Plan arranged in order of priority and irclucied in the First Phase.

1. Construction of carryover building projects from 21,55,000 previous plan.
2. Construction of 4 classrooms of theatre type and their furnishing-40x30' each 1200 soft. i.e. 4800 sq.ft. at the rate of ks. 60 per sq. ft. $2,88,000$
*. Furnishing
60,000
3. Store-rocm Principal's Office 1200 sg.ft. @ Rs,60/- 72,000 per sa.ft.
4. Cyclostyling $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{m}$ Prucipal's Office 20x20'
5. College bus, mini bus and staff car

24,000 Recurring per arum for 2 drivers, 2 cleaners, petrol, oil, lubricants, mairterarce ard repairs at $10 \%$ of capital expenditure

74,000
Garrage for bus, mirin bus and staff car 1100 sq. ft. 66,000
6. Class-rom. furnstive for existing classes 1200 students at kis.80/-per sq.ft.

96,000
7. Equipment needed for Principal's Office-latest models of typewriters, with scientific ard mathematical keys, calculating machines, racks, almirahs, airconditioners or cooling arrangement, tables, chars, rotating shelves etc.

20,000
8. Requirement of Eriglish Section-fumiture, teaching aid materials etc., typewriter, book sw elk shelves, tables, chairs etc.

10,000
9. Geology Section-Equipment, furniture etc

20,000
10. Contingencies for Principal's office (Orly a sum of $50 ; 000$ Rs, 13,000 is being provided for the last 13 years for this office. During this period the cost of living index has show a very high increase and the prices of almost all commodities as well as railway fares etc. have increased atleast 4 or 5 times, Further, the members of the staff are generally sent to other institutions to attend seminars, summer schools and distinguished academicians are invited from other institutions to deliver lecture.
11. Revision of grade or upgradation of certain posts:
i) The Principal should be the member $r$ of the Department in the field of his specialization. He should either be paid $20 \%$ allowance or his scale of pay be revised keeping in view his seniority and experience. Prior to 1973 the scale of pay of this post was $1800-200+211$ winces when the scale of pay of Professor was Rs. 1100-1500. As no revision of scale of this post has taken place so far, it seems justified to give the present incumbent an allowance at Rs. 1500-2500. If somehow this proposition could not push through
the scale of Principal be revised to Rs, 2500-100-3000 arch the Principal be redesigrated as Director. He should, however, continue to be the Professor anil member of the Department in his field of specialisation.

The proposals will involve a very small amount of Rs. 3,000 per antrum if the post is upagraned in the scale of pis. 2500-3000 per annam because the present incumbent. is already getting Ps, 2250 plus allowances. The total expenditure for two years of the plan period would be

Rs. 6,000
ii) There is a post of diministrative assistant in the scale of Rs. 700-4300 in the Principal's office. This post is in existence for the last about 15 years. There is no avenue of promotion on this post in the college. The Chairmari of the Northern Regional Committee who visited this college in 74! had recommended that all those who had completed 5 years of satisfactory service or had reached at the top of the grade in the respective area, should be assessed for promotion and whose services are found satisfactory should be promoted to the next cadre. This xecommenuation was equally .
applicable for supporting, techical and administrative staff. The present incumbent is holding this post for about 12 years and his work ard conduct has been extremely satisfactory. bt present there is no post il the next cadre hence upgracation of the existing post in the. scale of Rs, 1100-1600, which is the next higher grade is strongly recommenced. This post be redesignated as Administrative Officer on the lines of similar posts in the Delhi University. This will involve only a small expenditure for the remaining two years of the Fifth Plan Rs. 13,000
iii) Care-Takér. here is a post of Care-Taker ir i the college and the person holding this post has multiferrous cuties in the college. He looks after the entire college builuirigs, stock of furniture, land and gardens, sanitary arrangements etc.etw. The college
is zixcose spread in a huge arica. Upgradation of this post in the scale of is. $650-960$ is recommended. The expend itire for the two years will be
iv) Record Keeper. There is no post of Record Keeper in the college. Hence there is full justification for creation of a post of Record Keeper in the scale of hs. 550-900. The expenditure for the two years will be

Rs. 20,000
v) Cyclostyling Operator. There is no such post in the college, For the present a peon looks after this work. It is necessary to create a post in the scale of Rs. 250-400. The expenditure for the two years will be
vi) Technioiart For day-to-day repair work in the offices of the college, a technician is essentially needed. At present the re is no such post. Creation of this post in the scale of Rs. 425-700 will involve an expenditure for the two years

Rs. 21,000/-
End. on staff $\mathrm{L}^{\prime}$ otal=Rs. 74, 400/-
12. Firefighting equipments. There is roo arrangement for the equipmerits in the college which is most essential . Rs. $10,000 /-$
13. Ting, College Library: This library caters to the need of about icj students and 150 staff members. It is looked after by. a teacher. in honorary caproity. aid a skeleton staff sanctioned some 15 yrs. ago. It has 30,000 books and subscribing to 240 journals. The detailed proposals are attained herewith. Rs. 3, 71,000/-
$14 \%$ Training and Placement Cell"and Consultancy Services. There is yo such cell. In these clays of industrialization and when the college has switched over to industrially oriented courses in engineering, it is highly necessary that provision for this purpose be made. The requirement of funds is:

Non-recurring (furniture, office equipment library books ara related literature) Recurring(T.is. \& D.A. ard Contingencies R. 30,000 Rs-
15. Students amenities :"There is at present no place for organizing students amenities. For this purpose space will also be needed but ir case the required proposal for space is sanctioned, some space for this purpose may be provided from the same. The other expenditure will be

Rs. 30,000
16. Humanities and Social Sciences Section: Detailed proposals are enclosed. Rs. 1, 78,500
17. Chemical Frigireering Dept. Based on the recommendations of the last visiting committee, a sum of Rus is needed

| Recurring: | $3,18,000$ <br> Nor-Recurring: <br> Total: |
| :---: | :---: | Second Phase


| Recurring:1. Ole mks for examination cell <br> Training and Placement Cell <br> for 2 years. | 44,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Asst. Workshop Supdt. |  |
| 3. Projector Operator |  |



## HOSTEL FACILITIES

At present accommodation is provided to engineering students in different hostels of the university in which students from different faculties also reside. It is felt that the students of pre-final and final year engineering be provided separate rooms, if a hostel with 200 rooms, common room, dinning room, warden's residence, kitchen, pantry etc. etc, is constructed, it will greatly improve the efficiency of the engineering students as well as provide better facilities and convenience to them.

The approximate expenditure per room
will be Rs .5000x $200=$
Ps. $10,00,000$
Another sum of Rs. 150 per room for furnishing will be $150 \times 200=$

SUMMARISED STATEMENT OF FACILITIES IN COLIEGE
IIIBRARY, Z.H. COILIEGE OF RNGG. \& TECHNOLOGY, ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY?AIIG:RH AID ITS REQUIREMENTS

1. No. of Books and Periodicals:
2. Mo. of users
3. Opering hours


Total 13 hours in 2 shifts
4. Recurring Grant for books and periocicals: Rs. $70,000 /-$
5. Non-Recurring Grant: Sanctioned by UGC urider Fifth Five Year Plan........ College Rs.5,84,000/-

Polytechnic $1,42,000 \%$
Total: Rs. 8.26 Jacs
Grart utilised since. Jar. 19.77......
-Rs. 2, 94, 771.84
6. Space................a, Required reo sq, meter
b, Existirg 310 sq.fieter
c, Sarictioned by UGG $470 \mathrm{sq} . m e t e r$
No grant is reeded
7. Staff

$$
\text { .Existing Prof. Asstt. } \begin{array}{ll}
\text { Peni-Frof. } & 1 \\
\text { Sib.Clerk } & \\
\text { Lr.II } & 1 \\
\text { Grtendants } & 5 \\
\text { Atotal.... } & 9 N_{0} .
\end{array}
$$

Immediate aditional Requirement.

|  | Liorariar ${ }_{\text {dso }}$ | 700-1300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Asstt.Librarian | 650-950 |
| 6 | Prof. Asstt. | 4.25-700 |
| 1 | Lib, Clerk | 260-400 |
| 2 | Iib. Attendarits | 290-2\% |
| 1 |  |  |

1,34,000/-per pecr. Total for 2 years $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{s}} 2,68,000 / \ldots$. The above includes staff for Book Bank services.
8. Furniture

$$
\text { .Requirement. ........ . Rs. } 1,03,000 / \ldots
$$

(As per details given in the revised proposals 3,71,000

SUMMARISED STATEMENT OF F\&CILITIES IN COLIEGE LTBR, $1 R Y$, Z.H. COLLICE OF RRGG. \& TECHNOLOGY, ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY?AIIG.ARH AND ITD REQUIREMENTS

1. No. of Books and Periodicels:
2. No. of users

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { a } & \text { Iif brary } & 28,100 \text { nos. } \\
\text { b } & \text { Book Bark } & 14,400 \text { nos. } \\
& \text { Total..... } & 42,500 \text { nos. } \\
& & 1,500 \text { Ns. } \\
& & 9 \text { a.m.to } 10 \text { p.m. } .
\end{array}
$$

3. Opering hours.....

Total 13 hours in 2 shifts
4. Recurrirg Grant for books and periodicals: Rs. 70,000/-
5. Non-Recurring Grant: Sanctioned by UGC
urder Fifth Five Year Plan........ College $k s .5,84,000 /-$
Folytechnic 1,42,000/-
Total: Rs. 8.26 Jacs
Grant utilised since Jar. 1977.....
Rs. 2,94, 171.84
6. Space.................a, Required 780 sq.meter
b , Existirıg 310 sq .fieter
c, Sanctioned by UGC 470 sg .meter
No grant is needed
7. Staff ...............Existing Prof. Asstt, 2

Semi-Prof. 1
Lib.Clerk
Gr.II 1
Attendants 5
Total.... 9 Nos.
Immediate additional Requirement.
1 Tiorariar Rs. 700-1300
6 Asstt.Librarian 650-950
6 Prof. Asstt. 4.25-700
1 Lib,Clerk 260-400
2 Lib. Attendarits 240-2\%0
Total:
$1,34,000 /$ - per year. $T_{C}$ tal for 2 years $P_{s} 2,68,000 /$. The above includes statif for Book Bank services.
8. Furaiture

Requiremerit. .........Rs. 1,03,000/-
( 4 s per details given in the revised proposals $3,71,000$

Appendix -III
Druse Schedule

The following course schedule is proposed assuming each. year consisting of two terms. Periods per week are shown under two column. The first column refers to lecture hours ad the second to contact hours in respect of tutorial aid sessionals.

FIRST YE, ${ }^{\text {R }}$



$\mathrm{Hu} \quad$ Humanities（Psychology）
Ma Mathernatics I

Kommon Fluid Mechanics
ECE Basic Electrorics
ME Engg．Science Lab．
ChE Chemical Ergg．Drawing
Ch ．Physical Ergg．rawirig
Ch－Physical Chem。Iab．
ECE Electronics Iab． N．C．C．／N．S．S．

| ME | Applied The |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ma | Probability \＆ |
| ME | Machine Compone |
| ECE | Computing \＆ |
| Che | Chem Engg．Stoich |
| ChE | Chem．Engg．Equip |
| ME | Heat magjues |
| ME | Machine Deg．iga NGC／TSS |

## Fourth Year

HU Economics
Ch Org．Chemistry
ChE Unit Operation I
（Fluid Mech，and Mixing）
ChE Unit Operation II （Heat Transfer）
ChE Urit Operation III
（Mech．Operations）
ChE Process Equip．Desigra－I
ChE Unit Operri．Iab．I
Ch Organic Chem．Lab． N．C．C．／I．S．S．

ChE Irorg。 Tech．
ChE Chen．Engg．Termo．
ChE Fueld Tech．
ChE Mathematical Method in Chem．Engg．
ChE Unit Oper．Iab．II
ChE Fueld Tech．Lab．
ChE Process Equipm。Deslgit－II
ChE Process Dyriamics \＆Control Exexta NCC／WSS


Chis Reaction Engg.
ChE Instrumentatior \& Process Cortrol Lab.
ME
ChE

Che Iiffusional Operat.ons-II
Ch
Transport Pheromeria Project Engg.
ChE Computer Me thous in Chem. Engg.
ChE Process Equipnent. Desigil IV
$\mathrm{ChE} \quad$ Computer Me thous ir Chen. Eng
ChE Process Equipment. Desigit-IV
Elective
Elective .
Thesis

Viva-Voce Thesis
Electives
diry one

1. Petroleum Te chnology
2. Systems Eingg.
3. Nuclear Engg.
4. Biochemical Engg.
5. Fertiliser Techrology

## Apperdix-IV

## Space reoutrements

1. General
2. $\frac{\mathrm{Class}}{\text { Rooms }}$

|  | Sq. M. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Head of the Deptt. | 20 |
| Oifice | 30 |
| Confe ence \& Seminar rooms | 50 |
| Departinental Library | 50 |
| Toilets | 30 |
|  | 180 |
| Lecture Hall(Gallary) | 100 |
| Class rooms(2x50) | 100 |
| Tutorial rooms(2x15) | 30 |
| Drawing \& Lesigi Hall | 120 |

3. Laboratories etc.
Filuid flow, Heat trarisfer,
Filuid flow, Heat trarisfer,
mass transifer, Mechajical.
mass transifer, Mechajical.
Operations, Chem. Reaction
Operations, Chem. Reaction
Erggg.s Instrumentation \&
Erggg.s Instrumentation \&
Frueers Gontroi, nechrical
Frueers Gontroi, nechrical
\& Instrumental Analysis
\& Instrumental Analysis
Lab. 1,500
Lab. 1,500
Department Workshup 150
Department Workshup 150
Staff rooms 150
Staff rooms 150
Utilities \& services(steam,
Utilities \& services(steam,
compressed air, gas, etc.) 100
compressed air, gas, etc.) 100
Stores(chemicals,glass-
Stores(chemicals,glass-
ware, raw materials, pipes
ware, raw materials, pipes
\& fittings, instruments,
\& fittings, instruments,
waste maierials) 200
waste maierials) 200
2.100
2.100
Total: 2630 sq.m.
Total: 2630 sq.m.
Acd 30% for walls 880 "
Acd 30% for walls 880 "
passages
passages
Total: }\quad3510\textrm{sqq.m. = 3,500 sq.m.
Total: }\quad3510\textrm{sqq.m. = 3,500 sq.m.
4. Faculty
a) Professor \& Head of the Dept.
b) Professor
$\xrightarrow{\text { Non }}$
c) Readers
d) Lecturers

## 2. Supporting Staff

i) Foreman
ii) Clerks and typists

1
iii) Stenographer

iv) Tech. Asst $\dagger$, Mechanics
(including Draftsman, Electrician and Boiler Attendant). 10
v) Lab. helpers

Total:


## CONE IDENTAL

UNIVEFS ITY GFANTS COMISSION

## Meeting:

Dated:19th December,

```
Item No. 12 To consider the report of the Visiting
    Committee appointed by the University
    Grants Commission to examine the
        proposal of Aligarh Muslim University
        for staff for the library.
```

The University Grants Commission at its meeting heid" on'18th Aprill, 1977 (Item No: 13)-considered the . report of che committee ccnstituted by the Commission to examine the proposals of the University for adaitional staff and desired that the matter may be brought up before the Conmission after the information required by the Committee is made available by the Aligarh Muslin University and considered by it. A copy of Ttem No. 13 alongwith its enclosures is attached (Annexure-I) ${ }^{*}$ :

In pursuance of the above decision, the information furnished by the Librarian, Aligarh Muslim University was sent to the members of the committee and they were requested to review and the position and indicate specific recowmendations regarding the additional staff proposed by the University for its library. The Committee has submitted its supplementary report which is attached AnnexuranI@ The main recommendations made by the committee are indicated below:-
a) Some of the departnental libraries may be merged into a inter-disciolinary unit, The existing manpower could then be fruitfully utilised for introducing services like S.D.I., and other documentation services.
b) Multiple collections of old editions of textbooks could be weeded out. The University may take steps to formulate a weeding out policy.
c) If a controlled open-acess system is introduced in the text-book section, the staff required to man the section could be reduced.
d) An 'assembly line' planning in the processing section, would increase the output of work even with the present quantum of staff.
(e) The posts of One Curator (Dy. Librarian), 1 Deputy Librarian, 5 Assistant, Librarians-cumDocumentation officers, 5 Professional Assistants, One Computer Progranmer-cum-Analysist, Two Punchers may be approved.

With the addition of the above staff, some of the professional staff would be relieved of their work and can be utilised at the new service point the Librarian plans to introduce.

5 percent of the University Grants Commission Development grant may be utilised for additional work on adhoc basis during the plan period for acquisition and processing of books. This facility may be availed of to supplement the staff, the library already has in addition to the recommendations made by the committee.

The details of posts, asked for by the University, recommended by the committee and already approved by the University Grants Commission are given below :-

| 1. Deputy Librarian | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2. Assist nt Librarian* | 11 | 5 | 3 |
| 3. Professional Assistant | 10 | 5 | - |
| 4. Foreman Binder | 1 | - | - |
| 5. Personal Assistant (Sr.) | 1 | - | - |
| 6. Tooling Assistant | 2 | - | - |
| 7. Stenographer | 1 | - | - |
| 8. Clerk Grade I | 10 | - | - |
| 9. Clerk Grade II | 5 | - | - |
| 10. Attendant | 5 | - | - |
| 11. Daftri | 1 |  | - |
| 12. Computer Programmer-cum | - | - |  |
| 13. System Analysist. | - | 2 | - |
| 14. Curator in the grade of | - | - |  |
|  | (Deputy Librarian) | - | 1 |

The matter is placed before the Commission for consideration.
*Assistant Librarians-cium-Doctmentation Officers.

$$
\Delta S(D-2 b) / D S(D-2)
$$

## -•••

Copy of Note No. 13 placed before the Commission " on 18th fpril, 1977.
:To consider the report of the visiting committee appointed by the University Grants Commission to examine the proposal of Aligarh MusIim University for staff for the Library.

The University Grants Commission at its meeting held on 19th July, 1976(Item No. 19) considered the proposal of the Alighar Muslim University for additional staff for the library The Connission agreed that pending the detailed examination of the proposal with the help of a Committee, the University may be assisted to provide for a post of Deputy Librarian and 3 Assistant Librarians.

In pursuance of the above decision, a Committee consisting of : (1) Professor B. Andersen, Head of Library Science Department, University of Bombay, Bombay, and (2) Shri N.N. Fidwani, Librarian, Rajasthan University, Jaipur was constituted by the Commission to examine the proposal of the University for additional Library staff. The committee visited the University on 14th December, 1976. Shri P.I. Chopra, Assistant Secretary, University Grants Commission accompanied the Comittee. The report of the Committee is attached (Appendix-I), The main recommendations made by the committee are indicated be low :-
a) Some of the departmental libraries may be merged into a Inter-disciplinary unit. The existing manpower could then be fruitfully utilised for introducing services like S.D.I., and other documentation services.
b) Multiple collections of old editions of tex-books could be weeded out. The University my take steps to formulate a weecing out policy.
c) If a controlled open-acess system is introduced in the text-book section, the staff required to man the section could be reduced.
d) An'assembly line: planning in the processing section, An'assembly line planning in the processing section,
would increase the output of work even with the present quantim of staff.
e) The following additional staff may be approved.
i) One curator in the grade of Deputy Librarian with a Master s Degree in persian and or Arabic languages, with knowledge of Archival maintenance \& Iibrary Science as desirable.
ii. 1 Deputy Librarian.
iii. 5 Assistant Librarians-cum-Documentation Officers. One post be reserved for Hindi and Sanskrit section $n$ of the Library.
iv 5 Professional Assistants.
The above posts are inclusive of whatever posts that have already been sanctioned by the commission on ad-hoc basis pending if the subudssion of the present repp
ii. The supporting administrative staff at lower level may be provided ii justification exists.

The details of Library staff required by the Aligarh Muslim University and staff in position are given in mppendix.II

The recommendations made by the Library Committee - for Aligarh Muslim University "are placed before the • • Commission for consideration.

## knpendix I

 COMMITTEE LAPPOINTED BY THE UNIVERSITY GRLNTS COMISSION.
\&s agreed upon previously we, the members of the Aligarh Muslim University Library Cowitfee spend one full day, Decr.14, 1976 at the Aligarh Muslim University Library. We arrived at aligarh on the previous evening and were received by the Dy. Librarian since the Librarian was out of station.

Since the Librarian was due only at 10.30 a.a, on the 14 th we began with an observation tour of. the Library. This was fjllowed by discussion with the Iibrarian and his colleagues. Lfter lunch we net the Vice-Chancellor and visited some of the Departuent Libraries followed by further discussion with Library staff right upto about 7 p.m.

The Comittee had made a special request to the Librarian to provde some specific information \& data and we were assured that the sane would be provided within a fortnight. MOre than three months have elapsed and inspite $0^{*}$ of reminders both by the members of the committee and the University Grants commisstion Assistant Secretary, Mr: Chopra, the information asked for has not been received. The Comittee wishes to place on record its thanks for the kindness and courtesy extended to them by the authorities of the University.

We enclose herewith our observations \& recommendations.

## Enclosure

1) Proliferation of departmental libraries: This has resulted in (a) additional service points, (b) duplication of books and (c) duplication of periodicals. Some of these departmental libraries could be conveniently merged into a inter disciplinary unit, thereby the existing manpower could be fruitfully utilised for introducing services like S.I.I., and other documentationservices.
2) Multiple collection, of old editions of textbooks have just cluttered the stacks with dead stock materials and thereby increasing the maintenance work. These could be weeded out. The University may take steps to formulate a weeding out policy.
3) The text-Book sections do not function on the open-acess policy at present. If a controlled openaccess system is introduced in these sections, the staff required to man these sections could be reduced.
4) We are of the opinion that an'assembly line planning in the processing section, would increase the output of work even with the present quantum of staff.

## RECOIEIDLTIONS:

In view of the rich collection of manuscripts, rare paintings etc., a post under the designation of 'Curator' is recommended in the grade of a Dy. Librarian. The Curator should be an expert with a Master's degree in Persian and or Arabic languages. Knowledge of Archival maintenance and Library Science may be deemed as desirable.

We also recommend the following additional professional staff:
(a) Deputy Librarian - One
(b) Assistant Librarian-cum

Documentation Officers. - Five
(c) (One of these posts may be reserved foo Hindi \& Sanskrit Section of the library)
(c) Professional Assistants. Five

$$
(a),(b) \&(c)
$$

Note: The above posts are inclusive of whatever posts that have already been sanctioned by the Commission on ad-hoc basis pending the submission of the present report.
(d) The supporting administrative staff may be provided if justification exists.

## hppendix II

Note on Item No． 19 placed before the Commission on 17tj July，1976．


To consider the proposal of the Aligarh Muslim
University for additional staff for the Library Unirersity for additional staff for the Library．

$$
x=\operatorname{xxx} \quad \operatorname{xxx} \quad \mathrm{xx}
$$

The details of the staff requred by the University＇are as under ：－

| Post | Scale | No of Existing posts | No of additionaz required： |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

1．Deputy $\begin{gathered}\text { Frs．700－50－1250 } \\ \text { Librarian．（Pre－revised gracie）}\end{gathered}$
2．Inssistant Rs．400－40－950 5 i1
Librarian．（Pre－revised grade）
3．Professional Rs．250－15－400 1510
\＆ssistant．（Pre－revised grade）
4．Foreman Ks．550－25－750EB－30－900－ 1
Binder（Proposed grade）
5．Personal Rs．650－30－740－35－880－EB－40．960－ 1 Assistant（Proposed grade）
（Senior）
6．Tolling Rs．330－10－380－EB－13－500－EB－15－－ 2 Assistant 560 （Proposed grade）

7．Stenograー Rs：330－10－380－EB－1デ－500－EB－15－－ 1 pher 560 （Revised grade）

8．Clerk Gr Fs．330－10－380－EB－12－500－EB－15－ 2210 Grade－I． 560 （Revised grade）

9．Clerk Rs．260－6－290－EB－．j－326－ 10 5
Grade．II．$\quad 8-366-E B-8-390-10.400$ （Revised grade）
10．Attendant Rs．260－6－326－EB－8－350 32

5 （Fievised grade）

11．Daftri Rs．210－4－250－EB－＇5－270
$\frac{-}{85} \quad \frac{1}{50}$

Existing posts do not include posts of one Deputy Librarian
3．Eusistant Librarian approved pending committee visit．

SUPPIEMENTARY REPOET OF THE ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY 181
LIBRARY COMMITTEE AOPOINTED BY THE UNIVERSITY GRANTS C OMMISSION.

We invite your attention to the U.G.C.is letter
D.O. No.F.21-1/76 (D-2b) dated the 5 th July 1977.

We have carefully gone through the documents submitted by the Librarian, Maulana Azad Library, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh(U.P.) received through the Commission and we have to make the following recommendations as a aupplement to our Observations \& Recommendations dated 28th March, 1977.

- $\uparrow$. We are glad'to know that Computer facilities'are available on the campus and that the Library will have access to it. In view of this we recommend the following staff for the Computer Unit of the Library:
(a) Computer programer-cum-System analysist - One
(b) Puncher (to punch electrically the cards)- Two

2. Arising out of the above, some of the professional staff would be relieved of their work and they can be utilised at the new service points the Librarian plans to introduce.

We presume that 5 percent of the U.G.C. Development Grant caı be utilised for additional staff on an adhoc basis during the plan period for acquisition \& processing of books. This facility may be availed of to supplement the staff the Library already has in addition to the recommendations made by this Committee,

## CONFIDTNYTAL

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

Meeting:
Dated : 19th December, 1977.

Item No. 13 To consider a proposal of Shivaji University, Kolhapur, for additional grants during fth Plan.

The Commission on the recommendations of a Visiting Committee accepted various proposals of Shivaji University for implementation during, fth plan and acred to provide a total amount of Rs. 68.86 lakhs. Later on, a proposal of the Shivaji University for the establishment of the Department of education at a cost of I's. $4 ; 01,000 /$ - was approved by the Commission. The total amount earmarked for this university during Fifth Plan is Rs. 100 lakhs... A statement indicating the action -taken by the thrive situ against the various proboscis approved by the Commission is enclosed in the Lnnexure-I.* It may be seen from the statement that the University has already taken positive steps towards implementation of the approval already conveyed and utilised major portion. of the grant approved for purchase of books and equipment. The University has now requested to sanction additional rant for purchase of books and equipment and extension of library and 20010 y building and building for Geography and staffquarters including shifting of priority of the aforesaid building projects. A comparative statement of the amount approved by the thiversity Grants Commission and additional requirement is given below :-

I. Books \& Journals

| 1) Science | $5,56,000$ | $2,00,000$ | Additional <br> amount is <br> required to <br> meet the needs <br> of increasing <br> strength of |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ii) Humanities | $3,63,000$ | $1,00,000$ | students. |

p.t.o.

## II. Equipment

| i) Botany | $2,55,000$ | $1,00,000$.. Additional |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| amount is |  |  |  |
| ii) Physics | $4,00,000$ | $3,50,000$ | required to <br> meet the nee |
| iii) Zoology | $2,45,000$ | $1,00,000$ of indre easing |  |

The University has requested for the building grants as recommended by the Visiting Committee in II \& III priority and an additional amount of R. B.OC lakh's for library extension.
III. Building:


The University has also requested to sanction staff equipment', books and journals for starting, of the new departments/sections of statistics, Marathi, Commerce and Biochemistry. A sum of Rs. 61,800 (UGC share.) is "also' recurred for starting of degree course in Journalism. The position of the requirement on account of the new: departments/sections is indicated below:-

Statistical

Staff
1 Reader'; 2 Lecturers
Equipment
Books

Rs. $39,000 /-$ for one year
lis: $1,50,000 /-$
is. $1,40,000 /-$
Rs. 3,29,000

Marathi:
Staff: l Prof., 1 Reader, Ps. 52,000/- for one year 2 Lecturers.
Equipment
Books

| Rs. | $10,000 /-$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rs. | $75,000 /-$ |
| Rs. $\quad 1,37,000 /-$ |  |

Commerce:
Staff: 1 Prof., 1 Reade::
Ps. $52,000 /-$ for one year
2 Lecturers
Equipment
Library books
Building


## Bio-Chemistry:

Staff: 1 Prof., 1 Reader,


Degree Course in
Journalism
Staff: l Reader, 2 Lecturers 1 Tech. Asstt.
Equipment
Books
contingency

| R. | $46,000 /-$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ri. | $10,000 /-$ |
| Rs. | $10,000 /-$ |
| Rs. | $5,000 /-$ |
| Rs. | $71,000 /-$ |

The Shivaji University has also sent a proposal for financial assistance for the establishment of Anthropoloaical Museuri. The museum will be in direct
control of the Department of Sociology, Shivaji University. The University has informed that the above museum will be special ty e of folk museum which does not exist in any University of the Maharashtra State. In the initial stage the University will require the following assistance to equip the section of the museum:

Non-recurring Ps . 30,000/-
Recurring Rs. 20,000/
Summary of the additional financial requirement:

Books \& Journal
Ecuipment
Building
New Departments
Museum

Rs. $3,00,000$
Rs. $5,60,000$
Pis. 3,00,000
Rs. $13,86,000$
3.5. 50,000
$-\cdots . \cdot \dot{-} \cdot$.
is. $25,96,000$

In this connection a copy each of the letters received from the University bering No. SU/STAT/F.101,' 610 and No. SU/STAT/F.101/1050 dated lith April, 1977

The matter is -placed before Commission for consideration.

Spill-over Scheme: [s. 3,09,246-97
(Reference UGC
Ann-exure-I
attached to UGC
letter No.F.6-1/:
76(D-4a) dated
25.3 .76 .

2 Basic grants:

Ps. 5,00,000-00 (Ecuip.) -io- II

+ Rs. 3,00,000-00 (Library)
:

3 Schemes reciommended by the visiting comnittee and accepted by.the UGC
$\begin{gathered}\text { Rs. } 33,40,000-00 \\ \text { (UGC . share) }\end{gathered} \quad-$ do- III

All the Schemes referred to under spil-over schemes (i.c. finnexure-I) have been completed and the required completion (excent women's Hostel) documents have also been furnished to the Commission.

The grants sanctioned under this scheme have been fully utilised by the concerned departments.
i) Allocation for Equipment:

The University has incurred the expenditure under the scheme as under:

| Department | Grant actually <br> sanctioned by <br> the UGC including <br> basic. grant | Expenditure <br> incurred <br> lincluding orders <br> placedl. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 Chemistry | $3,00,000 /-$ | $2,15,616 /-$ |
| 2 Eotany | $2,15,000 /-$ | $1,92,803 /-$ |
| 3 Physics | $3,50,000 /-$ | $3,49,486 /-$ |
| 4 Ge ography | $40,000 /-$ | $28,622 /-$ |
| 5 Zoology | $2,10,000 /-$ | $1,45,812 /-$ |
| 6 Economics | $10,000 /-$ | $9,607 /-$ |
| 7 Mcthematics | $25,000 /-$ | $9,964 /-$ |

PTO
extensions are quite essential. The justitications $\because$.r. received in-this behalf from the Heads of the concerned Departments are attached separately wherever necessary. I am to further say that the grant of Rs.. $50,000 /$ - made

In addition to above the Commission has sanctioned the grant of fis. 8,00,000/- for central workshop and the orders are being placed very shortly.
ii) Allocation for Books:

The University has incurred the expenditure urider the scheme as under:-

iii) Allocation for Buildings:

1) The extension to Chemistry
2) The extencion to Botany
3) The extension to Zoology
4) Sonstruction of Mathematics
5) Animal House

6 Humanities
7) Teacher's Hostel
8) Central Work-shop Building:
9) Botanical Garden:

The plans and estimates have been finalised and would be sent to the Commission for approval very soon.

The UGC has approved the plans and estimates recently and the work is being taken in hand very soon.
-do-

iv) cthers:
i) English Language Laboratory: The order for
material for Rs. 95000 is beirrg placed with the concerved company
ii) Visiting Professorship:

The allocation of Pi. 50,000/- sanctione by the UGC has been destributed among the postgraduate departments and nearabout Rs. 5.000/- have been operit actually. The remaining amount wouls be spent by 31.3.78 positively.

Additional posts sanctioned by the J.G.C. (Reference annexure-IV attached to U.G.C. letter No.F.6-1/ 76 (D-4a) dated 25.3.1976)
aut of twenty one posts the State Government has not cleared the following posts as yet:-

| 1) | Botany | 2 Readers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2) | Mathemetics | 1 Reader |
| 3) | Politics | 1 Lecturer |
| ) | Economics | 1 Lecturer |

Therefore the remaining sixteen posts were advertised and also the interviews were held.

The Selection Conimittee has selected the candidates for the following posts approved by the UGC under fifth plan as under:-

1) Zoology
Prof. one
2) Geography Prof. one

Zifth Plan Junior Research Fellowships - 20 Reference UGC Annexura-IV, letter iNo.F. 6-1/ 16(D-4a) dated 25.3.1s76).
keference Annexure-V: letter No.F. 6-1/76(D.4a) dated 25.3.1976).
a) It is essential to set up in each State an Inter-University Coordination body so as to make the best use of facilities and expertisc available for co-ordinated development of the academic programmes in the State. This Inter-Universit y Coordinatién body may consist of the Vice-Chancellors of the different Universities and representatives of the State Government. A representative of the UGC may be associated with it.
3) Mathematics Prof one
4) Sociology Lectiver one
It has been further decided by the
Selection Comnittee that the remaining
approved posts VVth Plan)may be re-advertised
agein as no candidates were found suritabled
to them. The posts of o Reader sanctioned
for Physics is frill-up from the existion
staff.

During the year 1976-77 nine fellowships were awarded (five Science + four Humanities and Sociai zaiencocs). The Uaiversity proposes to allot six to seven fellowships during 1977-78 and the remeining fellowships would be awarded during the year 1978-79.

The University is placing this issue for consideration before the J.B.V.C. of Maharashtra State.
b) Each University may set up a Planning Board which would engage itself in a continuous review of the implementation of the various academic programmes in the University and also suggest measures to be taken to make those programmes relevant to the local needs. It may also suggest or constitute a separate comnittee to suggest measurcs to be tal:en for coordinating the development of higher ec'ucetion in the affiliated colleges of the universities.
7) General Observations anc Reconmendations:
i) The teaching lnad oi the university teachers is generally $4-6$ periods per week. In some cases, the senior teacher takes only one period in a weck and the rest of the time is spent on acminstrative work and in guiding research work etc. Lecturers also do not generally take more then 6 perinds per wec. . The Comuittec feels that tho Jniversity should recast the timetable in such a wey* that there is fair distribution between teaching and other responsibilities of the teachers.
ii) The Shivaji Unıversity being an affiliating-cum-residential University can maintain-raise standards only if the standards of teaching at the degree level are improved. It has 61 affiliated colleges, but the leadership recuire to be provided to the colleges by the university depertments requires to be ajven greater stress and importance. There should be interchange in a way that the university teachers go to the collecos occasionally and college teachers come to the university for exchange of ideas through discussions etc.

The issue is under consideration.

We arc trying to maintain the workload prescribed by the University for its teacl

The suggestion: is under act consideration.

ANEXURE-II to TEem No. 13

Copy of letter No. SU/STAT/F.101/610 dated lith April, 1977 from the Registrar, Shivaji University, Kolhapur, addressed to The Secretary, UbG.C.

Sub: Submission of proposals for additional grant under Fifth Five Year Plan (1974-75 to 1978-79).

Ref: Your D.O. No.F. 27-7/73 (CP) dated Eth January, 1977-from Secretary, UGC to Vice-Chancellor.

I am directed by the Vice-Chancellor to express our thanks for the letter noted above and the opportunity to forward our proposals in the light of the recommencations of the visiting committee: I am glad to state that the position of expenditure against the allocations made so far is quite good and most of the grants on books
equipment been sancially ised.The. ?rsity and journals $\langle$ is confident to utilise the balance by bOth September, 1977 positively.

In submitting the proposals now the Commission may observe slight change in. some cases than the recommendations of the visiting committee. This has happen only because of existing essential requirements of the concerned departments. In each case, where necessary, the justifictions received from the concerned departments are appended separately.

As regards the building constructions I am to state that the visiting committee was kind enough to recommend the grants for construction of (i) staff quarters and (ii) Geography Department building. It had also recommended the grants for extension of (i) Library Building and (ii) Department of Zoology Building. However, the Commission has not sanctioned any amount on the said constructions except on extension of Zoology Building. Even for this extension of Commission has not sanctioned the grant in full as recommended by the visiting committed. All these constructions/ extensions are quite essential. The justifications received in this behalf from the Heads of the concerned Departments are attached separately wherever necessary.
I am to further say that the grant of Rs. $50,000 /-$ made available for Botanical Garden is not sufficient and therefore the request of Head of Botany Department as justified in the enclosed note for additional grant of R. 50,000/-may please be considered.

As regards the staff the UGC has not sanctioned one Research Assistant each for Department of Botany and Zoology. As recommended by the visiting committee
the above staff may also be, sanctioned. The Head of the Botany Department has asked for additional posts of 1 Reader and 1 Lecturer for the specialisation referred to in the enclosed justification note- सlis request may also please be considered symathetically (pl. see Appendix-IV).
$\because$. The Commission was kind enough to sanction the grant of n. 50,000/- for Language Laboratory on $50: 50$ sharing basis. Accórdingly the State Govt. has also sanctioned its matching share of Ris. 50,000/-under the scheme. However, I am to point out to you that according to the proposal submitted under the said scheme the grant was asked fir eequipment, Air-conditioning, sound proofing etc. and not for, building construction as presumed by the Commission while compiling the Annexure-III attached with its letter No.F. 6-1/76(D.4a) dated 25th March, 1976 Taking into consideration the State Government share the. total grant of. Rs. $1,00,000 /-$ is made available under the scheme. However, in setting-up the Language Laboratory this amount is quite inadequate to the University. I, therefore, request you to sanction an additional share. . of Ps. 50,000/ - on $50: 50 \cdot$ sharing basis' to "fulfil the requirement under the scheme.

The detailed statement showing the factual position on books, equipment and building and the grants asked for under the scheme is appended herewith.

I am, thereforc, directed to request you to sanction the grants as asked for by the University.

Statement showing the grants recommended by the Visiting Conmittee, grants actually sanctioned by the UGC. Actual expenditure including orders placed, grants required to be released by the UGC on the rocommendations of the visiting committee and arants actually asked fir by us now.



## Ahpondu: I <br> SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR <br> DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

Proposal for additional fund for equipment for Physics Department to be considered by U.G.C.-V Plan.

1) Department and the Physics Department,

University.

Shivaji University, Kolhapur.
2) Allocation Position:

Basic.
I \& II Priority III Priority
Rs. 1,50,000

Rs. 3,50,000 (at present bring regarded inclusive of basic grants).
3) Present position regarding utilisation of the grant:

Actual expenditure incurred so far.
Ps. $2,48,206-17$. $\quad$ Rs. $51,936-28$

Orders placed .
but not materialised

PS. 49,257-00

Thus according to the present interpretation all the amount of Ps. 3,50,000/- is committed and our requirements during the: next two years need to be considered afresh. Because with the amount of Rs. 50,000/in the III priority we will not be able to meet any requirements:
4) Additional requirements for the equipment:
i) Honeywell temperature controller $50, \frac{\mathrm{Rs} .}{000}$ and programmer.
ii) Pyrotube heating element crystal growth furnace (Metals research). 1,00,000
iii) Electron beam zone melting equipment for zone refining and crystal growth (Metals

- research) $\cdots \quad 2,00,000$
iv) Capacitance bridge (Marconi)

| 50,000 |
| :---: |

5) Justification of the additional demand:
i) The department is pulling on with the meagre grants from UGC and has received a paltry sum of less than two lakhs from the University during its existence for 12 years.: Therefore, i" has not been possible to : : establish optimum working conditions even in the realms of solid state physics and materials science, leaving aside the capital intensive branch of nuclear physics. We have made a start in the direction of crystal growth and have established some infra-structure for this area of ' activity. If we get the above-mentioned equipment, we shall be in a position to undertake an up-tp-date training programme and the researches that may be of interest. to the agencies like CSII, AEC, NCST etc.
ii) The annual salary bill of the department is 4 lakhs. and it seems odd to. receive an amount of only Rs. 4, 00,000 for equipment for the capital intensive. - subject like physics for five years. It is the responsibility of the policy makers to provide us the working conditions and avoid the loss to the public exchequer. To take care of the circularity of the argument, $i t$ must be pointed out here that the workers in the department certainly seem to be aware of their responsibility of carrying out work that is relevant.
. iii) Some times, it is argued that we in India seem to desire to work on pushbutton experiments, which is farfetched in the context E Of the conditions in India. While it is agreed that physicists have to exert ingenuity in fabricating the designing their own experiments, it is also true that no meaningful experiment can be planned in Physics without certain degree of sophistication. Therefore, it is painful to point : out here that, as per the definition of sophisticated equipment ie. costing more than 1 lakh rupees there is no sophisticated measurement technique available in the department at present.

## APPENDIX -II

## Department. of Botany <br> Proposal for additional funds for equipment

The department wants additional grant of Rs. 1,00,000/- for equipment. This is because the departments specialises in radioactive work and wants to purchase liquid Scintillation counter from Electronic

Corporation of India. The major field: of research of the department is path of carbon in photosynthesis and for this the above equipment is essential.

## APPENDIX -III

## Department of Geography

Proposal for separate building for Geography Department Vth Plan.
i) At present the Department of Geography is housed in the Humanities Building althrough it belongs to the Science Faculty. The U.G.C. Visiting Committee has realised the limitation imposed on development due to the present situation. Hence it recommended a separate building.
ii) Presently Geography is a major-Post-graduate department of the University and has over one hundred students. It has to have separate laboratories (AirPhoto Interpretation Lab. Cartographic Lab. and a Geography Museum) for itself. The costly material and equipment is also to be properly stored. The secret maps of the S.O.I. arc also in the possession of the Department.
iii) There is a certain research going on and the Department has plans for its further development.

All these can be followed well if the Department has fits own separate building, as it will not only give a separate entity to the Department, but also plan for further development. Considering all these aspects a separate building for the Department is a must.

## APPENDIX -IV

## Department of Library

Proposal for additional grants for extension to Libra Building.

The University Library during the last de cade has been able to acquire a sizable collection of books and back-volumes of about one lakh through purchases and
donations and in the years to como on an average 8-10 thousan: books will be added to the collection every year. At present, the collection of books is accommodated on the ground floor and part of tho basement of the Library Wing (Stack Rom No. I \& II). To shelve property the growing collection of books and the periodicals section which is housed temporarily in the basement (Stack Room No. II) will have to be shifted to a new convenient and suitable place. There is absolutely no room now to house the periodicals section and to display the cur rent numbers of journals.

The University, ibrary receives approximately 720 learned journals and a large collection of back-volumes to meet the increasing demand of research community. Hence an additional areas has to be made available to house periodicals section iss. for display of current issues of journals and for sitting accommodation. The present library building was completed in 19\%7. During the last 10 years, the number of students; staff members and book. collection have grown considerably as.por the details in the accompanying statement. The existing space i's quite inadequate for the growing library needs. It is, therefore, proposed to extend the Ind floor of the South, wing and the rear side of. the entrance he lat and: the expenditure. in this behalf may be in the neighbourhood of hs...10 lakhs.

I would like to bring to your kind notice that the U.G.C. visiting committed having been convinced of the dire necessity of the extension, had recommended a grant of Rs. 4 lakhs for this purpose, but unfortunately nothing is sanctioned by the UGC in its final approval of the 5 th F.Y.P. programme.

I would therefore, request you to move the UGC to make available of about 10 lakhs for extension of the library build

## Appendix-V

Department of zoology.
UGC grants for Building Construction - Vt Plan.
The building of Zoology Department as provided today is tremendou-sly small and most inadequate. It was meant for about 32 MaSc . students, $4 / 5 \mathrm{Ph}$. D. students, (working in a research room of the size of $20^{\prime \prime} \times 20^{\circ}$ ) and 3 staff members. In recent years we have $64 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{Sc}$. students

25 Ph. D. students, $8 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{Sc}$. research students and 11 staff mombers ( +2 staff mombers to be appointed this year).

We have only threc staff rooms for eleven teachers (two teachers will be added shortly) and one research room ( $20^{\prime} \times 20^{\prime}$ ) for $25^{\prime} \mathrm{Ph} . \mathrm{D} .+8 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{Sc}$. research students. There is considerable pressure on the department for further admission to Ph.D. Cliasses and to Mi. Sc. (partly by papcrs and partly by Research). Further, the .
necessary space for preparation rooms for laboratories retiring rooms for lower staff and those for students are not provided. It is no wonder that the building is woefully insufficient.

We in Zoology Department have tried to utilize every nook and corner of our building. Thus this department is using tho museum as. a tea room, ladies. retiring room as an animal house; Boys' retiring room as a laboratory, the landing place as the office, the projection room as a laboratory and staff room and a tin shed as a room for storing preserved animals.

The above mentioned two point clearly show that Zoology Department has been sanctioned inadequate grants espocially in comparision to other Departments though this department is doing extensive research work, no way less than other departmerts.

In these circumstances, I would like the U.G.C. to appreciate our difficulties and provide my department the necessary funds (Is. 50,000 + Govt. matching grant) for extension of my department building suitably so that my difficulties will at,least be partly solved.

All the difficultics due to insufficient space could be overcome to some extent if a south wing consisting of a ground floor is built parallel to the present north wing (see accompanying map). It would be 100 ft . long and $35-40 \mathrm{ft}$. broad. By the presence of a corrider, 5 ft . wide, the floor would be divided into two portions, north portion, $18-20 \mathrm{ft}$. wide, and a south portion, $12-15 \mathrm{ft}$. widc. South portion will house to rooms ( $12-15 \mathrm{ft}$. long and 10 ft . wide) while there will be five rooms (Laboratories) ( $18-20 \mathrm{ft}$. wide and 20 ft . long) which will be barcly sufficient for 13 staff members and 25-30 Ph.D. students. This will provide a total area of 4000 sq . ft. at a cos.t. of about Rs. 2,00,000 at the flat rate of Rs. 50/- per sq. ft.

With the provision of this north wing, more rooms will be available in the present south wing for laboratories (one for Endocrinology and one for Marine Biology), preparation rooms and retiring rooms for students and lower staff.

Finally I must point out that the visiting committee on the basis of on-the-spot-study had appreciated our difficulties and recommended a grant of Rs. 1,00,000/(plus. Rs. 1,00,000/- matching grant from the state Govt.) I therefore, urge. the UGC to give a most sympathetic consideration to these minimum needs of our department and sanction the additional grant of Ais. 50,000/- (plus a state Govt. matching grant of Rs. 50,000/-.).

## APPENDIX - VI

- Department of. Bot any.

Proposal for Botanical Garden
The Department has been sanctioned ps. 50,000/- . for the Botanical Garden. This amount will be utilised for the construction of glass house and hence no money is available for the development of Botanical Garden. It is essential to have additional sum of RS. $50,000 /-$ for the development of the garden

## Proposal for Teaching Posts

The Department is at present having four specialisations. It is essential to have for each subject one reader. The total sanctioned strength is 3 and hence one more reader is asked. The departmont wants to start interdisciplinary subject like Microbiology and hence one more lecturer is asked for. These teaching posts are essential for the development of the department.

Copy of letter No. SU/Stat/F.101/1050 dated isth July, 1977 from the Registrar, Shivaji University, Kolhapur. addressed to Dr. S.P. Gupta, Deputy Secretary, U.G.C.

Sub: Development schemes to be taken up during the remaining Fifth Five Year Plan Period-
Ref: Discussion with Dr. "S.P." Guptia on $24 / 25$ th May, 1977.

The University Grants Commission had allocated an amount of Rs. 100 lakh for this university for the . Fifth Five Year Plan Period. The Commission has só far sanctioned the development proposals to the tune of Ps. 57,36,500/- both on recurring and non-recurring scheme. This figure also includes the Department of Education. Your visit during last week of May, 1977 was most useful and particularly valuable in the context of utilising the balance amount from the above allocation by us. As per the Expert guidance given by you the university has recasted the promosals for new Departments to be started with on top priority basis. As agreed to these Departments are (i), Statistics, (ii) Marathi, (iii) Commerce, (iv) Bio-Chemistry.

I give below a brief note for each Department:
i) Statistics :- As agreed to in the discussion between the Vice-Chancellor and the Chairman, U.G.C. on 28.1. 1976 the proposal for the said nonar tment has bee $n$ suitably modified to give instructions in M.Sc. course in Statistics through the Department of Mathematics. The total UGC share for this purpose would Rs. $3,2 \mathrm{Q}, 300 / \mathrm{H}$. A copy of the detailed proposal is enclosed.
ii) Marathi:- Marathi language is the regional language both for State $\dot{f}$ Marashtra and also of this University area. Moreover, the University has also provided facilities for writing answer books in Marathi in various examinations. The total UGC share for starting of Marathi Department is PR. $1,32,300 \%$. A copy of the - detailed proposal is appended herewith.
iii) Commerce:-
iv) Bio-

Chemistry:-

The original proposal submitted to the UGC was for starting the Departmont of Business Adminstration and Commerce. In the light of the discussion with you it is now proposed to start the Department of Commerce only. The total UGC share for this Department will be Rs. 3,92,300/-. A copy of detailed proposal is enclosed herewith.

As discussed with you it is now proposed to start BioChemistry as one of the wing of the existing Chemistry Departmeni of this University. The proposal is perepared accordingly and the University will require the total amount of if. 4,54,800/- as U.G.C. share. A, copy of the proposal is appended herewith.

In addition to above the University desires to seek UGC's assistance on following. tidy additional schemes. The detailed proposals are appended herewith. .
i) Additional space required

```
UGC share
    fs.
\(1,00,000.00\)
```

for the Botany Department:
ii) Assistance for starting of

Degree course in Journalism.

$$
61,800.00
$$

$$
\text { Tot } 1 \ldots \quad 1,61,800.00
$$

Thus the efforts have been made to accommodate the Department proposals of this University within the UGC share of Rs. 100 lakhs sanctioned for the Fifth Plan Period. The position demands at this stage is as under:-
i) The proposal already sanctioned including Department of Education.
ii) Proposals for additional. grants submitted vide this . . 20,84,000.00 office letter No. SU/STAT/ F. 101/610 dated 11.4 .1977 as per UGC letter No.F. 27-1/ 73(CP) dated 8:1.197 (copy enclosed).
iii) The proposal for new Department etc. as above.

## Tot al

Kindly therefore, move the Commission to accord the sanction at an very early date.

SCHEME FOR TEACHING M.A./M.Sc, COURSE IN STATISTICS UNIER THE AUSPICES OR THE POST-GPADUATE DEPARTRENT OF MATHEMATICS, IN THE VTII FIVE YEAR PLAN.
.........
Necessity:- Shivaji University was founded in the year 1962. Post-graduate Department of Mathematics in Shivaji Úniversity was started in 1964. So far there is no post-graduate Department of Statistics in Shivaji University, nor is the subject taught in any affiliated colleges at the post-graduate level. However, at present the subject of Statistics is taught at the B.SC. (Principal) level and at the B.A. (Siecial) level in two of the affillated colleges and. this year 1977, 17 students have passed the B.Sc./B.A. examination with Statistics as Principal/Special subject. These stuc'ents have pressed the authorities of Shivaji University to provide immediately facilities for teaching of Statistics for the M.A.M.Sc. course, since they find it difficult to get admission to M.A./M.Sc. statistics course in other universities. Moreover it involves financial hardship as well as difficulties in :getting residential accommodation, even for those few studerits of Shivaji Unive-rsity who succeed in getting admission to M.A./M.Sc. Statistics Courses in other universities. As such it is proposed to start M.A./ M. Se. course in Statistics under the auspices of the Deptt. of Mathematics as a prelude to a full-fledged post-graduate department of Statistics during the Vth Five Year Plan.

In addition to teaching of Statistics as a Principal/ Special subject. It is also taught as a subsidiary/ general level subject in the B.Sc./B.A. course in 16 colleges affiliated to Shivaji University and the total number of these students is about 135. Several of these students, especially those who have taken principal/ special Mathematics are very keen to join the M.A./ M.Sc. course in Statistics. It may also be mentioned here' that compulsory/optional papers in Statistics are taught in the Faculties of Social Sciences, Commerce and Engineering Faculties in Shivaji University. Further two compulsory and two optional papers in Statistics are also provided in the M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics course in S!ivaji University. Considering all this, there is an urgent need to start a post-graduate course of Statistics in Shivaji University admitting about

25 students every year. It may be emphasized here that Shivaji University is now the only University in Maharashtra State without facilities for teaching Statistics at the M.A./M. Sc. level. Aware of this deficiency, recently the Shivaji University took steps to frame syllabi for the full-fledged M.A./M. Sc. courses in Statistics in the hope of starting a post-graduate course in statistics.

We give below the requirements for starting a post. graduate course in Statistics.

1 Staff: Since the proposed M.i./M. Sc. courses in Statistics consist of four semesters with four theory papers and one practical in every semester. (ie. in all 16 theory papers and four practicals), and since in addition some optional papers are also provided in the third-and fourth semesters, it will be necessary to appoint the following teaching staff:
i) One Reader in Statistics; (ii) Two Lecturers in .Statistiç.•

Estimates for staff:


2 Accommodation : Two pepartinents will be located in the proposed building of Department of Mathematics at this stage.
3 Equipment: .. Approximate cost Ps. 1,51,000/-
4. Books, Journals and Statistical
Tables: Approximate cost Ri. $1,40,000 /-$ Total Estimates (UGC share)

| Staff | Rs. 29,300 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Equipments | Rs. $1,51,000$ |
| Books | Rs. $1,40,000$ |
|  | Total |
|  | Rs. $3,20,000$ |

Proposal for opening the Department of Marathi in Shivaji University during the Vth Plan Period.

Need and Justification for opening the Department:

In : :establishing Shivaji University in South Maharashtra one of the major tasks set for the University was a systematic and in-depth study of Maratha History and Marathi language and literature. The Department of Marathi could not be opened so far for various reasons. However, without any further delay the department should be opened now. There is a persistent demand to start the department. The number of students offering Marathi at Graduate and Post-graduate level is ever increasing as can be seen from the figures given below:-

| B.A.(Special) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Marathi | 635 | 668 | 822 |
| MiA. |  |  |  |
| Marathi | 203 | 291 | 490 |

Marathi being the State language and also the medium of instructions in schools and colleges. Its propogation and study is a felt need of the region.

South Maharashtra (the jurisdiction of Shivaji University) which has a long and distinguished tradition of Marathi Literature. Persons such as Ramdas, Nukteshwar and Morepant belong to this part of Maharashtra and they had alunicue position in the history of Marathi literature. This entire region is neglected so far by scholars. A large number of valuable manuscripts can be: collected from this region. If a department of Marathi is opened in the Unive r sity, all the scattered and neglected manuscripts could be provided with a home and scholars would have easy access to them. The area being a border area, between Maharashtra and Karnatak is rich in folk-lore and folk literature. $h$ comparative studytwould help in the study of linguistics and also of the culture of the State.

There is also a long tradition of bardic poetry (Shahiri poetry) in this area. Pam Joshi of Solapur and many others like him contributed to Marathi poetry. The Department can take up the study of these poets in a systematic manner.

The Department can undertake study of various cults like Nath, Datta, Varkari Nagesh and Ramdas, Kolhapur is called Dakshine Kashi, besides the entire area is having good many ancient temples. Over the centuries, considerable literature has grew n in the form of invocation of various deities 'Stotras' devotional songs etc. There is a possibility of discovery of a large number of old increptions which are likely to throw light on the growth and development of Marathi language. The department can make, a study: of this also.

The region has distinctive dilects and Kannada and Marathi come in close contact with each other in this border area. This has led to a number of interesting linguistic and cultural phenomena. The department can do a good deal of research and field work in this area.

Taking into account all these facts, it is proposed that Shivaji University should open Department of Marathi. The Department may comprise of the following:-

Stuff:


Total amount required as is. $1,32,300 /$ -
(UGC share)


## SHIVGII UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

The proposal for starting $D_{\text {epartment }}$ of commerce during the 5th Plan Period.

In Shivaji University area, there are 51 colleges educating students in Commerce. Diring the last 4 years the number of students passing the first degree in Commerce has increased from 1650 to 27ll. In every district the number of industries is increasing at a rapid rato. To give an example in 1960, in Kolhapur District there wer in all 201 industrial units of which 5 were large scale and 5 wore medium scale. Their investment amounted to Rs. 8.09 crores and annual production was worth Fs. 11.87 crores. They provided employment to almost 12,000 persons. As in 1972 the total number of industrial unit increased to 686 of which 12 wert large scale and 15 were medium scale. Investment increased to Rs. 37.14 crores and production to Rs. 76.38 crores. They employed more than 53,000 persons. The growth in trade has been from lis. 18.38 crores (1971) to Rs. 24.64 crores (1975).

There appeirs to be an.increasirg tendency among the students to take post-graduate degree so as to satisfy the demand from the increasing trade and commerce for specialised job. This would be evident from the number of students taking the M.Com. degree. The industrial and trading units also find it suitable and profitable to appoint the right person in the right job so as to take more work in less time.

Therefore the committee $f$ eels that there is a craving need for establishing a Department of Commerce in the University.

The rapid developmen: of the region has brought up a number of problems bofore the enterpreheneurial class. It is necessary that the university undertakes research in these problems and provicles solution to them so that the economic activities in the region may thrive.

51 Commerce College functioning in this area with about 3,000 students taking their first degree in Commerce would provide a continuous and sufficient flow of students for various courses that are contemplated to be started in the department.

The Comitice proposes that there should be a fullfledged Department of Commerce established in the

University with the provision for the following courses:
1 Master of Commerce
2 Diploma in Co-operative Management.
3 Diploma in Marketing Management
4 Diploma in Taxation

- Diploma in Secretarial Pratice.

Of these the first would be of two years duration and the remaining 4 being of one years duration can be conducted at alternate years so as to ensuremaximum and continuous utilisation of Physical as well as teaching facilities in the department. There can be an exhaustive list of research projects that can be undertaken. To suggest a few:
i.) The working of Co-operative Sugar Factories and Co-operative Textile. Mills in the region.
ii) Spread and success of Co-oporative Movement.
iii) Changing patterns of a Management in shall scale . . industries in the region.

With these activities to be undertaken by the Department the committee feels that the department should be as far as possible sulf-sufficient in respect of teaching staff. At present there are only 2 research guides in the university area in this faculty. The staff pattern suggested below considers the needs of the provision of research guides to the students.

The committee suggested the following staff:


The nature of the courses to be conducted in this department being professional, the Committee feels that more emphasis be given on building up a good and upto date library with as many journals as possible from within the country and also from outside. Therefore, an amount of in. $75, \mathrm{COO} /-$ should be proper for the purchase of books and journals.

These courses do not need much equipment. Even then considering the importance of the visual aids and availability of film strips on these subjects, the Committee feels that a $15 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{M}$. projector would be very much necessary. The proposal for establishing a commerce museum may also be considered. The initial expenditure would' not be more than R. $20,000 /-$.

Such a well thought out project does need a good building to house the department. The committee suggests that a small building of an area of about $10,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. would be enough to accommodate the department and the departmental library with 2 seminar halls and some lecture and tutorial rooms and facilities for the lecturing classes. The approximate expenditure would be Rs. 5,00,000.

The financial implications of the suggestions can be put as below:-

> UGC share
> IS:

| 1 | Library Books | $75,000 /-$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 2 | Equipment | $20,000 /-$ |
| 3 | Building | $2,50,000 /-$ |
| 4 | Staff | $47,300 /-$ |
|  |  | $\ldots, 92,300$ |

The estimates given above are a minimum necessity for starting a Department of Commerce in the university.

PROPOSAL FOR STARTING BIOCHEMISTRY AS ONE OF THE SPECIALIZED BRANCH OF CHEMISTRY IN THE SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR DURING VTH PLAN PERIOD FRi JUNE, 1978

1) Need and justifications for the starting of the Department:-
he explosive development of biochemistry and the remarkable advances in biochemical knowledge and expertise have resulted in an ever widening field of interest and endeavour for the biochemist. Problems cover vast and diverse areas closely linked with other biological sciences.

In the field of agriculture, the bit chemistry is. concerned with the fundamental biochemistry of plants and animals anci with the application of findings to various agricultural problems. Interests range from the study of soils, insecticides, plant and animal nutrition and disease to repining of fruits and the preservation of animal and plant products. In the related area of environmental biochemistry the biochemist may study for example, marine and freshwater organisms, aspects of pollution and the treatment of industrial waste products.

Biochemistry in industry is very diverse depending, of course, on the nature of the industry. About half the industrial biochemists are found in industries and sub'stantial numbers are in industries producing good, drinks and agricultural chemicals. It is worth noting that interchange between industrial and university biochemists in increasing at all levels and there is no really sharp distinction in the type of work carried out. However, in industry there are outlets for the more technically minded biochemists on the production side, especially in industries concerned viz. phermaceuticals,foods and other biological products.

The study of biochemistry is an intellectual challenge and a career as a biochemist is equally challenging. The opportunities for creative thinking and experimentation offered: by the numerous facts of the subject provide almost unlimited opportunities for the scientists.

Kolhapur is one of the Agricullturally and Industrially better developed town of Maharashtra. But, the development has been one sided and only engineering industry has grown
in this town. However, with the advent of Cooperative Sugar Factories, a number of distilleries have come up and now there is a good scope for the development of Sugar Bye Products ansi of the small chemical units in this area involving different biochemical processes. As mentioned earlier, with the starting of the biochemistry department, some of the problems of the agriculturists, and industrialists can be undertaken which would give them: some relief and would also encourage them in rail sing some small chemical units in this area. This would in turn may partly help in solving the present problems of employment. Kolhapur people and industrialists have approached the Head of Chemistry Department and have shown their keen interest. in starting of a Biochemistry subject which is considered to be the most-useful and applied branch of Chemistry.

The Chemistry should therefore have four branches to be a complete department viz. (i) Organic (ii) Inorganic (iii) Physical and (iv) Biochemistry.
2) Student that are likely to be available for starting the Department.

We propose to start Biochemistry subject as one of the specialization in Chemistry alongwith the existing specializations in Organic, Inorganic and Physical Chemistry at M. Sc. level. To start with about 8 students from M. Sc. part-I will be admitted to $M_{1}$ Sc. part-II Biochemistry. The number of seats in Biochemistry section may be increased in future with the increase in facilities such as stan , building, equipment etc. after a period of five years.
3) Scope and level of the Department (ide. courses to be taught, research to be taken up etc.).

Biochemistry will be taught over a period of 1 year (M .Sc. Biochemistry-Semester. III and IV) covering all the important aspects of Biochemistry. The details such as scope and the level of the courses tc be taught already been worked out joy the University Committee appointed in this conneciion'in the year 1975.
4) Staff pattern (Number of Professor, Readers, Lecturers, Teachers others).

Biochemistry teaching involves specializations and the existing teachers in the Chemistry Department may not be of any help in teaching Biochemistry courses.

Biochemistry as a vast scattered subject and in order to make a meaningful impact with limited resources a specialized area in Biochemistry like immunology, enzymes, lipids, clinical biochemistry, fermentation technology, plant biochemistry, plant or animal nutrition microbiology, etc. can be choose for research and teaching taking into consideration regional requirement and personal available.

Staff Requirement

$$
P E R I O D \quad \text { ESTIMATES }
$$


(To look after instrumentation laboratory). Total estimates for one year . Ps. 54,800/-
5) Recuirement for Library Books:

Atleast [s. 50,000/- will be required as the initial expensed for the library with a provision for journals and books.

Rs. $50,000 /-$
6). Equipments Needs:

The total equipment recuirements for Spectrophotometers, Incubators, etc. will be at least ks. 5.00 lakhs. However, in the initial stage atleast fo. 2.5 lakhs be provicled. A list of the equipment is attached separately.

Total Estimates for Equipments.... Fin. 2,50,000/-
7) Building requirements with built-up area and its cost.
i) General laboratory for N. Sc. students (2 labs). 1200 sq. ft.
ii). Instrument cum-balance room for M. Sc. students.
iii) The labor gory for staff members, research stucients and for keeping special equipments. 800 sq. ft.
iv) A lecture room
v) A of fie room cum partial laboratory for the Head of Biochemistry Section
vi) Small Store Room
vii) Specialized rooms like cold rooms, Dark Rooms, Animal House, Laboratory for handling isotopesvili to be built up in future Total estimates for Building. . . R : 2,00,000/Total Amount Required as University Grants Commission's Share:


## 1 Staff

Pis. $54,800.00$
2 Books
3 Equipment
4 Building
Pis. . $50,000.00$
lis. 2,50,000.00
Pis. $1,00,000.00$
Is. $4,54,890.00$
List of Equipment required "or the set up of Biochemistry Laboratory
-...-_-_-
1 Electrical Balance si ale Pam semimicro
2 Top Pan Balance
3 Refrigerator 3 Nos. Dep Freeze one
4. H meter

5 Spectrophotometer DU or DB
6 Cold Contrifuge
PTO
7 Colorimeters
8 Table Contrifuges
9 Incubator
10 Ovon
11 Water Distillations App.
12 Autoclave-sterilizer
13 Electrophoresis Appt.
14 Thermometer
15 Flame photometer
16 Microscopes-monocular
17 Microscopes-Binocular
18 Chromatography Glass Chambers
19 T.L.C. Sets.
20 Warburg Apt.
21 Gas Flow counter G.M. set up
22 Shaking incubator
23 Homogenizer glass
24 Waring Blender Mixer
25 Water Baths
26 Gas Cylinders
27 Paraffin baths
28 Microtomes
29 Kymographs
30 Oil baths
31 Rotary accum evaporator
32 Van Slype App.
33 Vortex Mixer
34 Magnetic Shaker Stirrer
35 High Vacum pump
36 Potation Shakers
37 Bacteriological filter
38 Density meter
39 Potentiometer
40 Tracer studies equipment.

Proposal for additional space required for Botany Department.

The Department of Botany has been given only Rs. 2,00,000/- (1 + 1) for the extension of the building in Vplan period. This can provide area of $4,000 \mathrm{sa}$. ft. It will be just adequate for the store and 4 additional laboratories for the special papers. At present there are no laboratories for these papers. The need for the research development is not met by this extension. The Department, has. 16.Fh.D. students and. 10. Teacher Fellows. working in only one Research laboratory and corridor. The department bis been asked to submit research proposal by Department of Science and Technology, The scheme involving Rs. 3,00,000/- is under consideration. ICAR is considering to give advance center in Crop Physiology in the near future. Both these schemes can give equipments and personnel but basic need of space is to be provided by the University. The problem of shortage of space has been seen in person by D.. S.P. Gupta, Deputy Secretary of the University Grants Commission, when he visited the Department on 25.5.1977. It is requested that additional sum of Rs. $2,00,000 /-\mathrm{be}$ provided by the University Grants Commission in the current plan period.

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A proposal frr U.G.C. assistance for starting
    Degree Course in Journalism (B.J.)
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ORIGIN OF THE COUFSE: For nine years, from 1968 to 1977, Shivaji University ran a one year certificate course in Journalism. 20 candidates completed this course each year, many of them to make careers in Maharashtra State. About $80 \%$ students have already been absorbed in regional language papers, state publicity department, tourism department, and in private industries in the capacity of public Relations Officer. Moreover, about 15 have gone back. to their own publications with renewed vigour and added qualifications.

Experience gained in running this course, coupled with the growing demand for its upgrading led in January, 1977 to the preparation of an outline for a new, one year course leading to a University degree to replace the existing Journalism course. In planning this course, the University authorities, sought the advice and guidance of the communications industry in general and active journalism in particular through a Syllabus Committee drawn from senior practitioners and experts in the field.

As a result, the University is now possessed of a neatly drawn course which could start functioning from July, 1977 provided the U.G.C. Considers the following proposal for additional grant with regard to Fifth Plan allotments.

Kolhapur city is having a total population of about 4 lakhs a sound background in Journalism. The Shivaji University area consists of 4 districts viz. Kolhapur, Sholapur, Sangli, Satara. Each of the centres publishes Nine, three, three and two Marathi dailies respectively. Besides, this a number of weeklies periodicals and magazines are published. Kolhapur has a highest number of dailies in regional language perhaps in the entire country. Moreover, Sangli is having All India Radio Station and Panhala (Kolhapur) is likely to be a Relay Station of T.V. Thus there is a vital scope for the growth of mass communication as such in the area.

Kolhapur is also a wellknown city for Engineering industries Cooperative factories and well developed
agricultural and industrial complex. The agriculture in Kolhapur has always shown the new high in productivity and with the development of Sugar Gan production it has achieved green revolution.

With the establishment of Shivaji University fifteen years ago these activities have achieved a new dimension. The number of literate persons, graduates have gone up. With the innovations and achievernents in all these sectors, a hunger for communication in each field is keenly felt.

By 1973, the University felt that the certificate course needs revision to meet the growing needs of the students and the sectors in which they are placed. As such the University instituted a Diploma Course in Journalism-(Dip. J), •

TLE PROGRAME: The Shivaji University Graduate programme in journalism seeks to develop dedicated professional journalists and communicators who have learned how to work under the intense pressures of the Communication industry and news profession without deserting the great traditional of seeking truth and maintaining a responsible self-critical, truly independent press in Maharashtra State.

The role of news media as a watch dog of the Nation's ideals has never been more clearly dramatised than with evonts of recent years. But that role will not be sustained if Indian Journalism is staffed by people who think little about the depth and substance of what is reported and who cannot cope with criticism or change.

In making this submission to the U.G.C. special attention has been paid to rethinking the central focus of the course and therefore the kinds of study that should contribute to it; that close attention should be given to the linkage of academic studies and practice, and that consideration should be given to the need to introduce some special science studies as a basis as well as Agricultural and Industrial journalism according to the growing need of the region.

The proposed Degree. course will be of one year duration and the medium of instruction will. be the regional language of the area, i.e. Marathi.

The University has decided to start this Degree Course as early as possible, - preferably from June, 1977 but now it would be necessary to obtain U.G.C. assistance. I am confident that the U.G.C. will contribute, its share for the purpose.

STUDENTS THAT ARE LIKELY TO BE AVAILABLE FP
STARTING THE DEPAPTLETI.
It is expected that about 100 students will seek admission for the said course. However, the university propose to admit 30 stuclents. Their selection will. be.. made as per their performance, at an aptitude tee st.

SCOPE AND LEVEL OF TEE DEPARTEE:
The Degree Course in Journalism will facilitate teaching facilities in subjects like Agricultural Journalism, Development Journalism, Radio and T.V. and Newspaper Production etc.

This will equip a student to familiarise with his duties in the field of Radio, T.V. Film, Agric. publications and Reporting.
STAFF
Period
Amount UGC share

The staff required would be as under:-

Reader
Lecturers
Technical Assistant

| One <br> Two <br> Two <br> One | $1-4-1978$ <br> to <br> $31-3-1979$ |
| :---: | :---: |

LIBRARY: The University is having a moderate collection of books on Journalism, however for the proposed Degree Course an amount of Rs. $10,000 /$ - would be required during fifth plan period. This will enable the University to equip the library up-to-date.

EQUIPNENT: It is proposed to have audio-visual aids like Tope Recorder, opidioscope etc. This will cost about Rs. $10,000 /$-.

BUIIDING: A department will be housed in the Humanities building as such no new additional building construction is required.

Thus, the total needs of the Department are as under:-

| 1 | Staff | Rs. | $36,800.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 2 | Library | Rs. | $10,000.00$ |
| 3 | Equipment | Rs. | $10,000.00$ |
| 4 | Contingency | Rs. | $5,000.00$ |
|  |  | Rs. | $61,800.00$ |

(This will be total starting, expenditure of one year)
Since there is a great demand from the student community and the public to introduce the Degree course in Journalism it is requested that the U.G.C. may kindly be moved to sanction the necessary funds and to allow the University to start -the course early.

Copy of letter No. SJ/STAT/F.101/916 dated June 17, 1977 from the Registrar, Shivaji University, Kolhapur addressed to the Secretary U. U.C.

Sub: Fifth Five Year Plan Scherne-
I am directed to invite your attention to the D.O. letter No. F. 12-19/76 (CP) dated lith March, 1977 addressed to our Vice-Chancell or by the Chairman, UGC in which it has been mentioned that the Commission urging upon the State Government to give their approval in to the Schemes recommended by the Visiting Committee.

I am, therefore, directed to inform you that the Government of Maharashtra has not sanctioned the following posts approved by the commission on the recommendations of visiting committee under the Fifth Five Year Plan Scheme.
i) Botany Department: Two posts of Readers.
ii) Politics Department: One post of Lecturer. iii) Economic Department: One post of Lecturer.

We have already approached to the Secretary, Education Department, Government of Maharashtra to sanction the above posts also as approved by the UGC however, there is no response to the said rec̣uest from the Government.

You are, therefore, requested to please insist upon our State Government to approve the above posts as asked for by the University and recommended by the visiting committee of the University Grants Commission.

## Annexure IV to Item No. 3

A. Proposal for Anthropological. Museum in the University


## 1. Name of the Museum:

Anthropological Museum (Lokjeevan Vastusangrahalaya)
2. Name of the Controlling Department of Museum

Department of sociology, Shivaji University, Kolhapurm416004

## 3. Fista lishment of the Museum:

The Department of sociology proposes to establish a new educational 瞊seum, Viz. Anthropological Museum, i.e: Iokjeevan vastusangrahalaya, on the University Campus from June, 1977.

The Museum will try to procure, through gifts or purchase all traditional articles of daily life which depict the life and culture of people in Maharashtra in general and of people from southern Maharashtra regions in particular. In the initial stages efforts would be made to equip the following sections of the Museum:

1. Feligious articles,
2. Folk Musical Iastruments,
3. Costumes of Folk Dramas,
4. Traditional Garments.
5. Traditional Ornaments,
-6. Folk Paintings,
6. Basketry,
7. Metal ware,
8. Earthen ware.
N.B. : For the purchase of these articles a minimum amount of Rs. 30,000/- per year would be required for a period of five years in the first.. instance. Hence a sanction for Rs. 1,50,000/to be spent in 5 years may please be given.
9. Utility of the Museum:

This museum will be a special cype of Felylore Musaum because such a kind of Museum does not exist in any
p.t.o.

University in the state of Maharashtra. This Museum would not. only serve as a place of special attraction both to the tourists and to common people but would also prove greatly useful to foreign and Indian research scholars in the fields of literature Anthropology and Sociology. Thus the Museum will have a bigh educational value. The rare collections of the Museum will be of immense help in preserving the traditional articles of culture not easily traceable elsewhere and in promoting research studies in future in the subjects of Marathi literature, Anthropology and sociology.:

## 5. Staff for the Museum

For a well-equipper, and specious Museum the following staff would be required:-

```
1. }\because\mathrm{ Curator 
2. Field Assisstant- 1
-3. Folk Modeler- 1
4. Photographer - 1
5. Gallary Guards - 2 or 3
6. Field Man-1
7: Clerk - cum- Typist - 1
Watchman or Peon - 1
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This type of staff pattern has been fallowed in the Folk-Iore Museum', University of Mysore, Mysore (vide the statement of the present staff (Appendix-I) of the Foklone Museum, their Grades an, the present basic pay, for reference). But for out Anthropologic il Museum in the initial stages the Head of the Sociology : Department would work as the Curator of: the Museum. Similarly, the initial work of the Museum would be carried out with the help (i) one Clerk-cum- Typist, (ii) one Fieldman, and (iii) one Peon, Hence, in the initial stages the additional services of these 3 persons of full-time basis would be required.

For this recurring type of expenditure, a sanction for recurring grants at the rate of RS. $20,000 /-$ per year may be obtained for a period of 5 years in the first instance.

## 6. Cooperation for the Museum.

In equipping the Museum, active cooperation of the people in the tegion would be soliciated by encouraging them to donate the requisite articles and curios for permanent use in the Museum. If needs be, they would be requested to sell the articles at normal prices to the museum.

Similarly, efforts would be made to secure the constant-co cooperation from various Government Departments, Universities, other Museums, and regigious and Philanthropic bodies.

Further, in equipping and running the Museum, active cooperation of the Geography, Zoology, Library and other Departments of the University would be secured.

APPENDIX -I

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\begin{gathered}
\text { FOLK } \mathrm{O} \text { I ORE MUSE } \mathrm{M} \text { SM. } \\
\text { Institute of Kannada Studies, Manasagoncotri, } \\
\text { Mysore }-6 .
\end{gathered}
$$





[^0]:    * Not enclosed.

[^1]:    * stanus ilreazuy roported under item 2(a) No. $1 / 10$ a ated 15.11.is76).

[^2]:    3. 

    I would be grateful if you will be good enough to keep be apprised of the decision of the University.

